CONSERVATION OF THE NAMES CULEX STIGMATOSOMA AND CULEX THRIAMBUS

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ABSTRACT. As a result of action by the International Commission on Zoological Nomenclature, the name *Culex peus* Speiser is suppressed and never to be used as a valid name, and the names *Culex stigmatosoma* Dyar and *Culex thriambus* Dyar are conserved for the western banded foul-water mosquito and the related southwestern U.S. species, respectively.

Culex stigmatosoma, a western U.S. species known as the "banded foul-water mosquito" and its close relative, Cx. thriambus, have had a complex and unstable nomenclatural history. Dyar (1907) originally described Cx. stigmatosoma from specimens collected in Pasadena, California. However, earlier, Adams (1903) had described a Culex species from Oak Creek Canyon, Arizona as Cx. affinis. A year later, Speiser (1904) replaced this name with Cx. peus because the name Cx. affinis was preoccupied by Cx. affinis Stephens (1825). Speiser selected "peus" as the Greek equivalent of the Latin "affinis." Stone (1958) compared the types of Cx. stigmatosoma and Cx. peus, concluded that they were conspecific, and placed Cx. stigmatosoma in synonymy with Cx. peus. The name Cx. peus subsequently came into general usage among mosquito workers, although the name was almost universally mispronounced (Eldridge 1979). This usage continued for 30 years until Strickman (1988) reexamined the type of Cx. peus and concluded that it was not conspecific with Cx. stigmatosoma, but rather with a related species known as Cx. thriambus. This latter species had been described by Dyar (1921) from specimens collected in Kerrville, Texas. As a consequence of this discovery, Strickman (1988) synonymized Cx. thriambus with Cx. peus, and restored Cx. stigmatosoma as a valid name. This action was entirely correct from a taxonomic standpoint, but would have had the very unsatisfactory effect of transferring a name (Cx. peus) from a species which had born it for 30 years (Cx. stigmatosoma) to an entirely different species from the same region of the United States (Cx. thriambus). Under these circumstances it would be nearly impossible to know which species was being referred to in published literature unless authors carefully explained each individual usage. Taxonomic confusion would still exist for pre-1988 usage.

To avoid this confusion and to stabilize the names of these 2 species, Eldridge and Harbach (1989) petitioned the International Commission on Zoological Nomenclature to use its plenary powers to suppress the specific name peus and to conserve the specific names stigmatosoma and thriambus. Members of the Commission voted in December 1990 to take the requested action (International Commission on Zoological Nomenclature 1991). As a result of this ruling, the specific name peus is a totally suppressed name never to be used for a species of Culex. It has been placed on the Official Index of Rejected and Invalid Specific Names in Zoology. Culex stigmatosoma is now the valid name for the banded foul-water mosquito, and the name Cx. thriambus continues to be the valid name for its southwestern relative. The latter 2 names have been placed on the Official List of Specific Names in Zoology.

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