EDITORIAL SECTION

PORTLAND TO PORTLAND

Or we might have written Salem to Salem—the intent being to announce that almost simultaneously two new mosquito control organizations, one in the far Northeast and one in the far Northwest, have

come into being.

On December 15, 1954 a group of interested persons met in Portland, Oregon to discuss the mosquito problems of Oregon and to plan for the formation of a Mosquito Control Association in that State. A committee was appointed "... to plan for the next meeting at which time a definite set of recommendations will be presented to indicate the title, purpose, and objectives of said association." Mr. Milton H. Buehler was selected to be chairman of the committee, and also to act as a representative from this group at the meeting of the American Mosquito Control Association which was held at Los Angeles on January 24-27, 1955. At that time he presented a report on the Oregon organization and described mosquito control activities in that State.

On February 2 and 3, 1955 a group of persons interested in forming a New England Mosquito Control Association met at the University of Massachusetts in Amherst. This group went even farther than the Oregon group for, in the words of Bob Armstrong, they (1) "promptly revised the territory to include New York State and adopted the name Northeastern Mosquito Control Association"; and (2) "they hammered out a Constitution and Bylaws and elected a slate of officers."

The AMCA, through Mosquito News, extends its best wishes to the two new Associations, and expresses the hope and expectation not only that through them mosquito control will be improved and extended in the territories which they cover, but also that the AMCA will be strengthened correspondingly and that through them its influence will become more widely felt.

It seems not inappropriate at this poi to mention Texas. The fact that Bea mont, Texas is almost exactly the sar distance from Portland, Oregon and Po land, Maine, may be incidental, but it significant; for Beaumont, which is to the scene of the 1956 annual meeting the AMCA, in being equidistant from t farthest reaches of organized mosqu control in this country, should certain appeal to all members as being strategica located for a national meeting. Texas now in the throes of "organizing" a Beaumont, in the Jefferson County M. quito Control District, is the hub of th activity. With an area of 900 squa miles and an appropriation of \$125,000 1954 for mosquito control, the interest this District is manifest. With such a c trict as a nucleus, the AMCA looks for ward to the formation of an association that State similar to those just formed the Northeast and Northwest. Then, w the Illinois association in the Cent States, and the older associations in No Jersey, California, Florida, Virginia a Utah, nearly every section of the count will have some local organization w which its Mosquito Control Districts c affiliate.

What may be even more important, many states which do not have integrat or centrally organized mosquito cont programs or districts, small groups a otherwise isolated or neglected mosqu control programs will have a chance become better informed, hence more eff tive; eventually to become parts of t nearest local Association, and through the influence, become members of and receithe benefits of the National Association.

To further these ends, the Region Directors of the American Mosquito Courol Association can be extremely helps by keeping in touch with the local pagrams and encouraging contacts with the pational Association.