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NEW RECORD FOR *Aedes fulvus pallens* IN MISSOURI

FRANCIS A. MALONEY¹

USA Environmental Hygiene Agency,
Regional Division-West, Fitzsimons
Army Medical Center,
Denver, Colorado 80240

Aedes fulvus pallens Ross, 1943, has been collected in New Jersey light traps, CDC miniature light traps, truck traps, and biting collections (Harden and Poolson 1969). This mos-

¹ The opinions or assertions contained herein are the private views of the author and are not to be construed as reflecting the views of the Department of the Army or the Department of Defense.

quito is reportedly a fierce biter (Carpenter et al. 1946). *Ae. fulvus pallens* has been reported in the following states: Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Illinois, Indiana, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, and Virginia (Carpenter and LaCasse, 1955; Carpenter, 1968, 1970, 1974).

On 5 August 1977, *Ae. fulvus pallens* was collected (CDC miniature light trap baited with dry ice) near Happy Hollow Picnic Area about 50 m from the Big Piney River, Fort Leonard Wood, Missouri, by Danny E. Wilder, Preventive Medicine Specialist, Health and Environment Activity, Fort Leonard Wood, Missouri. Happy Hollow Picnic Area, a low area subject to flooding, has knee high vegetation and is heavily wooded (maple, cottonwood, oak, and papaw trees). During the trapping period (4:00 p.m. to 9:00 a.m.) temperature and humidity ranged between 23°C-34°C and 35-81%, respectively.

This record, new to Missouri, constitutes the most northwesterly distribution of the species. Identifications made by this Agency as *Ae. fulvus pallens* were confirmed by T. V. Gaffigan, Medical Entomology Project, US National Museum of Natural History (USNM), Smithsonian Institution, Washington, D.C., to whom we are indebted. The specimen is deposited in the USNM.

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