Vespa germanica.

1.45°

, \* 1×

## Vespa germanica F. in India.

## By P. Cameron.

In Mr. Rothney's collection of Hymenoptera from the Khasia Hills, Assam, I find a single example of Vespa germanica F. The species is very widely distributed, being found all over Europe, in North and Western Asia and in North America; but it has not hitherto been recorded from India, although Saussure gives, inter alia, its distribution "en Syrie, aux Indes Orientales" (cf. Études sur la Famille des Vespides, 11, 120 and André, Species d. Hymén. 11, 595). The Khasia specimen has the upper spot on the clypeus distinctly defined, the lower two being indistinct; and the frontal spot is united to the yellow on the eye incision. The specimen agrees very closely with a Scotch one in my collection. The yellow marks on the thorax are larger than usual.

## The probable "hosts" of Ammobates carinatus Morawitz and Phiarus melectoides Smith.

The host of Ammobates carinatus Morawitz is said by Friese to be unknown (see Apid. Europ. 1 p. 120). I found it this year in abundance at Canet near Perpignan (South France) in a strong colony of Eucera trivittata Brullé. I took about 20 specimens of the parasite, unluckily all  $\mathcal{J}\mathcal{J}$ , and feel no doubt whatever that their host was the above named Eucera.

Friese says also (l. c. p. 138) of the splendid Phiarus melectoides Smith: "Wirth unbekannt." Its host is, I believe, Meliturga caudata Perez. 1 found a great many males of the latter species on the hills above Barcelona, hanging in the air (like Syrphidae) over holes which the less abundant females were provisioning with Genista pollen. Close to these holes on six different occasions I caught a specimen of the Phiarus, three of each sex in all. I cannot say that I saw a Phiarus actually enter any of the holes, but 1 did not give them a chance, as I caught (or tried to catch) all that I saw directly they alighted. But I am practically certain that they were haunting the burrows of the Meliturga, and my friend Senor Antiga of Barcelona tells me that he is of the same opinion, in which I am further confirmed by the statement in Friese (p. 136) that the other Phiarus - abdominalis Eversm. - is parasitic on Meliturga clavicornis Ltr.

F. D. Morice, Woking.



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