Material examined: 1 ♀, Rest house site, 26.ii.1999, coll. A.K. Hazra and A.K. Sanyal.

Diagnosis: Antenna and palpus brown; cell R5 narrowly open; abdomen yellowish with black bands posteriorly on terga 1 and 2, and with a median longitudinal black stripe.

Distribution: Southern West Bengal, Assam, Arunachal Pradesh, Bihar, Kerala, Manipur and Uttar Pradesh.

Family: Tachinidae Subfamily: Tachininae

15. Thelaira macropus (Wiedemann)

1830. Dexia macropus Wiedemann, Aussereur. Zweiflugel. Ins., 2: 375.

Material examined: 1 ♂, Rest house site, 28.vii.1998, coll. B. Mitra.

Diagnosis: Medium size (body 11.5-15.0 mm, wing 9.0-16.5 mm). Black subdorsum and sides of abdomen from near base to middle T₄ yellow. Face wider than frons; epistome not raised; vibrissae bifurcated at epistomal margin; facial ridge with a few hairs close to vibrissae; arista plumose; orbitals not differentiated; scutellum with a pair of discal and three pairs of marginal setae, of which the apicals are raised, cruciate and slightly shorter than subapicals; 3+3

Ac, 3+3 dc and 1+3 ia setae; R more than half way to apex and R₄₊₅ upto r-m setulose. Abdomen with T₁₊₂ excavate nearly to its hind margin; segments T₁₊₂ and T₃ each with a pair of median marginal setae, segments T₃ and T₄ each with a pair of median discal setae.

Distribution: West Bengal, Assam, Himachal Pradesh and Kashmir.

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January 8, 2001

B. MITRA
P. PARUI
D. BANERJEE
Il Survey of India

Zoological Survey of India 'M' Block, 535, New Alipore, Kolkata 700 053, West Bengal, India.

33. NEW LARVAL FOOD PLANT OF THE BLUE TIGER BUTTERFLY *TIRUMALA LIMNIACE* (CRAMER), LEPIDOPTERA: DANAIDAE

While studying butterflies near the Botanical Garden of the Government College campus, Madappally, Vatakara, Kerala from October to November 1999, I came across a plant on which I observed a large number of small eggs and larvae of a butterfly. Rearing the larvae to maturity, I identified the butterfly as *Tirumala limniace* (Cramer). The plant was later identified as *Cosmostigma racemosa* (Asclepiadaceae). According to Wynter-Blyth (1957), the food plants of *T. limniace* are *Dregea volubilis*, *Calotropis gigantea*, *Marsdenia tenacissima*, *Hoya carnosa*, *Tylophora indica* and *Asclepias*

curassavica (all Asclepiadaceae). Thus, Cosmostigma racemosa is a new larval food plant for Tirumala limniace.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

I thank Dr. A.K. Pradeep, Dept. of Botany, University of Calicut for identifying the host plant.

July 26, 2000

VINAYAN P. NAIR 3/IV College Quarters, P.O. Madappally College, Vatakara, Kerala 673 102, India.

MISCELLANEOUS NOTES

REFERENCE

WYNTER-BLYTH, M.A. (1957): Butterflies of the Indian Region. Bombay Natural History Society, Bombay.

34. NEW LARVAL FOOD PLANT OF THE GRASS DEMON UDASPES FOLUS CRAMER AND THE RESTRICTED DEMON NOTOCRYPTA CURVIFASCIA FELDER & FELDER, LEPIDOPTERA: HESPERIIDAE

While studying the butterfly fauna near the Botanical Garden of the Government College Campus, Madappally, Vatakara, Kerala, in October-November 1999 and August-October 2000, I recorded a new larval food plant for the larvae of the Grass Demon *Udaspes folus* Cram. and Restricted Demon *Notocrypta curvifascia* Felder & Felder, Lepidoptera.

Udaspes folus and Notocrypta curvifascia larvae were found to feed on the leaves of Alpinia calcarata Rosc. (Zingiberaceae). The recorded food plants of Grass Demon are Curcuma domestica, C. aromatica, C. amada, C. caesia, C. zedoaria, C. decipiens, C. angustifolia, Zingiber officinale, Hedychium coronarium, Elettaria cardamomum, Aframomum melegueta (all Zingiberaceae), Maranta arundinacea (Marantaceae) and *Tigridia pavonia* (Iridaceae) Seitz (in Sevastopulo, 1973) noted Fagraea racemosa (Loganiaceae) and Kershaw (in Abraham et al, 1975) noted Alpinia nutans Rosc., (in Hong Kong) as the food plant of the Grass Demon. According to Mackinnon (in Wynter-Blyth 1957), it also feeds on grasses.

Restricted Demon larva has been recorded to feed on Kaempferia rotunda, Zingiber purpureum (=Z. cassumunar) and Curcuma decipiens (all Zingiberaceae). Wynter-Blyth (1957) does not mention Alpinia calcarata Rosc., occurrence and successful rearing of Grass Demon Udaspes folus Cram., and Restricted Demon Notocrypta curvifascia Felder & Felder on Alpinia calcarata confirms it as a new larval food plant for both the species.

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September 25, 2001 VINAYAN. P. NAIR
3/IV College Quarters,
P.O. Madappally College,
Vatakara, Kozhikode District,
Kerala 673 102,
India.

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WYNTER-BLYTH, M.A. (1957): Butterflies of the Indian Region. Bombay Natural History Society, Bombay.

35. BIODIVERSITY OF MANTIDS, INSECTA: MANTODEA, IN PUNE (WESTERN GHATS) WITH NOTES ON OTHER REGIONS OF MAHARASHTRA

Accelerating rates of biodiversity loss and signing of international agreements, such as the Convention on Biological Diversity (CBD) and

Agenda 21, have called for the world's biodiversity to be inventoried and monitored. Such inventories provide the basic information



Nair, Vinayan P. 2002. "New Larval Food Plant of the Blue Tiger Butterfly Tirumala Limniace (Cramer), Lepidoptera: Danaidae." *The journal of the Bombay Natural History Society* 99, 347–348.

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