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### 20. ADDENDA TO THE AMPHIBIAN FAUNA OF INDIA

Recently Inger and Datta published [J. Bombay nat. Hist. Soc., 83 (Supplement) Centenary issue (1886-1986)] "An overview of the amphibian fauna of India". We have noted that 13 valid species of Indian amphibians

(Anura) have not been incorporated in the list. In order to make the list up to date, the names of the species including type localities and their known occurrence in the Indian States are given below.

Taxonomic list	Type locality	Records in Indian States
ANURA		Control of the state of the sta
PELOBATIDAE		
1 Megophrys kempii	Upper Rotung	Arunachal Pradesh
(Annandale, 1912)	Arunachal Pradesh	(Annandale, 1912)
BUFONIDAE:		
2 Bufo sulphureus	Satara district,	Maharashtra
Grandison & Daniel, 1964	Maharashtra	(Grandison & Daniel, 1964)
RANIDAE:		
3 Nyctibatrachus pygmaeus	Anamalai Hills	Tamil Nadu
(Gunther, 1875)		(Gunther, 1875)
4 Nannobatrachus	Anamalai Hills	Tamil Nadu
annamallaiensis		(Myers, 1942)
Myers, 1942		
5 Micrixalus herrei	Kallar	Kerala,
Myers, 1942		(Myers, 1942)
6 Rana bhagmandlensis	Coorg	Karnataka
Rao, 1922		(Rao, 1922)
7 Rana erythraea	Java	Assam (Boulenger, 1920),
(Schlegel, 1837)		Orissa (Mohanti-Hejmadi, 1974),
		Meghalaya, Mizoram
		(Chanda, 1986)
8 Rana kuhlii Tschudi,	Java	Assam (Boulenger, 1920)
1838		
9 Rana nigrovittata	Burma	Assam (Boulenger, 1920)
(Blyth, 1855)		e beseit tys jotsky hiko dukkomus ts
10 Rana sinchalensis	Darjeeling	West Bengal
Chanda, 1986		(Chanda, 1986)
RHACOPHORIDAE:		1.1.0.1.1
11 Philautus argus	Arunachal Pradesh	Arunachal Pradesh
(Annandale, 1912)	Y2 1 1	(Annandale, 1912)
12 Philautus longicrus	Kempholey	Karnataka (Rao, 1937)
Rao, 1937	Vermahalay	Karnataka (Rao, 1937)
13 Philautus montanus	Kempholey	Kaillataka (Kau, 1931)
Rao, 1937		

Remarks on Nos. 12, 13

It may be noted that Rao [1937, Proc. Indian Acad. Sci., B (6)], described longicrus (p. 414) and montanus (p. 415) from Karnanataka but both these specific names are preoccupied by P. longicrus (Boulenger, 1894) and P. montanus (Taylor, 1920). However, as the type material of Rao (op. cit.) deposited in the Central College, Bangalore are

reported to have been lost and as the type localities of Boulenger's (op. cit.) and Taylor's (op. cit.) are in Philippines, it is difficult to ascertain whether the Indian specimens belong to the same species as those from Philippines. It is also impossible provide a new name for Rao's (op. cit.) species at this stage till topotypes could be collected and compared with the Philippine material.

ZOOLOGICAL SURVEY OF INDIA, 27, J. L. NEHRU ROAD, CALCUTTA - 700 016, November 19, 1987. S. K. CHANDA A. K. GHOSH

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# 21. A NOTE ON THE MORPHOMETRY OF RHACOPHORUS MALABARICUS. THE MALABAR GLIDING FROG

On June, 1987, I had an opportunity to go to Goa for collecting frogs, especially the Malabar gliding frog. With the help of the forest department, I reached the moist deci-

duous forest near Volpoi town, at about 6.30 p.m. The monsoon season had already started and there was a good rain. I knew the habitat of the frogs and there was no difficulty in



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