15.xi.1990

There are not sufficient resident entomologists to cater for all these gaps because of the low population. Can I urge visiting entomologists to spread more widely and having done so to let the museums in the area have a list of their records for furthering local knowledge?

References

- King, J.J.F.X. (1876). Lepidoptera in Cameron, P. (Ed.) Notes on and list of the fauna and flora of the west of Scotland; 29.
- Campbell, J.L., (1956). Isle of Canna, collecting notes, summer and autumn, 1956. Entomologist's Rec. J. Var. 68: 295-7.

- , (1970). Macrolepidopterae Cannae, the butterflies and moths of Canna. Entomologist's Rec. J. Var. 82: 293.

Coxey, S. (1969). Lepidoptera from Arran (Exhibit at indoor meeting). Ann. Reports and Proc. Lancs & Cheshire Entom. Society, 1964-7. 14.

Haggett, G.M. (1968). Larvae of the British Lepidoptera not figured by Buckler. Proc. Trans. Brit. ent. nat. Hist. Soc. 1: 57-109.

- Hancock, E.G. (1982). The Northern Rustic in Lancashire. Entomologist's Rec. J. Var. 94: 233-5.
- Heath, J. et.al (1979). The moths and butterflies of Great Britain and Ireland, 9: 156.
- Harrison, J.W. Heslop (1946). Noteworthy lepidoptera from the Isle of Rhum. Entomologist, 79: 147.

Dalglish, A.A. & Ord, G.W. (1901). Macrolepidoptera in Elliott, et. al. (Eds) Fauna, flora and geology of the Clyde area: 227.

Leech, M.J. (1964). The Isle of Arran, 1964. Entomologist's Rec. J. Var. 76: 229-230.

Steel, W.O. & Woodroffe, G.E. (1969). The entomology of the Isle of Rhum NNR. *Trans. Soc. Brit. Ent.*, **18**(6): 122.

Wormell, P. (Ed.) (1982). The entomology of the Isle of Rhum NNR. Biol. J. Linn. Soc., 18: 343.

Dystebenna stephensi (Staint) (Lep.: Cosmopterigidae) in N.W. Kent

(v.c.16)

Michael Chalmers-Hunt told me that the late L.T. Ford used to find *stephensi* on a large old oak tree near Bexley Village in Kent, about 40 - 50 years ago. During the 1970s I lived at Bexley in a house previously owned by L.T. Ford's son Richard and I remembered that almost opposite the house stood, all alone, a very old oak tree, perhaps 500 or more years old.

I wondered if this was the tree on which Ford had found *stephensi* so on 22nd July 1990 I resolved to find out. Arriving at the tree I soon found *stephensi* in very fresh condition. In all I counted 19 specimens sitting in the chinks in the bark on the shady side of the tree, plus a good many more caught in spiders' webs.

It was a great satisfaction to find that this elusive species is still present as a strong colony on the tree which, I am now certain, Ford obtained it nearly half a century ago.— D. O'KEEFFE, 50 Hazlemere Road, Petts Wood, Kent BR5 1PD.

286



1990. "Dystebenna stephensi (Staint) (Lep.: Cosmopterigidae) in N.W. Kent (v.c. 16)." *The entomologist's record and journal of variation* 102, 286–286.

View This Item Online: <u>https://www.biodiversitylibrary.org/item/94967</u> Permalink: <u>https://www.biodiversitylibrary.org/partpdf/197295</u>

Holding Institution Harvard University, Museum of Comparative Zoology, Ernst Mayr Library

Sponsored by Harvard University, Museum of Comparative Zoology, Ernst Mayr Library

Copyright & Reuse

Copyright Status: In copyright. Digitized with the permission of the rights holder. Rights Holder: Amateur Entomologists' Society License: <u>http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc-sa/3.0/</u> Rights: <u>https://biodiversitylibrary.org/permissions</u>

This document was created from content at the **Biodiversity Heritage Library**, the world's largest open access digital library for biodiversity literature and archives. Visit BHL at https://www.biodiversitylibrary.org.