Case 3103

Orsodacne Latreille, 1802 (Insecta, Coleoptera): proposed conservation by the designation of *Chrysomela cerasi* Linnaeus, 1758 as the type species

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Abstract. The purpose of this application is to conserve the long understanding and usage of the generic name *Orsodacne* Latreille, 1802 for a holarctic group of leaf beetles (family CHRYSOMELIDAE). The genus was originally based on a single species of uncertain identity but in 1810 Latreille himself designated *Chrysomela cerasi* Linnaeus, 1758 as the type. This species has been treated as the type since that date. Species of *Orsodacne* are pests on cultivated plants.

Keywords. Nomenclature; taxonomy; Coleoptera; CHRYSOMELIDAE; Orsodacne; Lema; Orsodacne cerasi; leaf beetles; plant pests.

1. The genus Orsodacne was introduced by Latreille (1802, p. 223) with the single included species 'Lema ruficollis Fabricius'. In 1787 Fabricius (p. 88) had described a species Crioceris ruficollis from 'Cajennae'; this was subsequently placed in his new genus Lema by Fabricius (1798, p. 91) and is still currently known as Lema ruficollis. However, Latreille did not indicate that his new genus was South American.

2. Later Latreille (1804, p. 349) gave a more complete description of Orsodacne, mentioning the same distinguishing characters. He included in the genus two species from France, called Orsodacna (sic) chlorotica (i.e. Crioceris chlorotica Olivier, 1791) and Orsodacna (sic) humeralis Latreille, 1804. These two nominal species have been included in Orsodacne since 1804 (see, for example, Clavareau, 1913), the former listed as a synonym of O. cerasi (Linnaeus, 1758), the latter as a synonym of O. lineola (Panzer, 1795), which is a junior primary homonym that must be replaced by Latreille's name humeralis. Latreille (1804) also gave as a synonym of O. chlorotica the name Crioceris fulvicollis Fabricius, 1792 (p. 5), which has subsequently been listed in the synonymy of O. cerasi. The question arises whether fulvicollis was the species that Latreille had meant two years earlier when he mentioned 'ruficollis'.

3. Still later, in a work that has been considered to contain the first designations of type species for insect genera, Latreille himself (1810, p. 431) designated the European species 'Crioceris cerasi Fab.' (i.e. Chrysomela cerasi Linnaeus, 1758, p. 376) as the type of Orsodacne. This species has consistently been treated as the type of the genus.

4. Under the Code Crioceris ruficollis (now Lema ruficollis) is the type species of Orsodacne by original monotypy. Yet since 1804 a different use of Orsodacne has been stable, as shown by the following recently-published representative works in which the name has appeared: Lindroth (Ed., 1960), Arnett (1960–1962), Gressitt &

Kimoto (1961), Gurjeva & Kryzhanovskij (Eds., 1965), Brakman (1966), Mann & Crowson (1981), Seeno & Wilcox (1982), Gruev & Tomov (1984), Lucht (1987), Suzuki (1988), Medvedev & Dubeshko (1992), Jolivet & Hawkeswood (1995), Hansen (1996) and Pileckis & Monsevicius (1997). The genus *Orsodacne* is not large, but some of the species have been reported as damaging cultivated plants, and furthermore the genus is the base of the family-group name ORSODACNIDAE Thomson, 1859 (p. 154). Generally this taxon has been treated as a subfamily within CHRYSOMELIDAE; Böving & Craighead (1931, p. 63) elevated it to full family rank and this has lately been followed by Lawrence & Newton (1995).

5. Recognition of *Crioceris ruficollis* Fabricius, 1787, which has been placed in *Lema* since Fabricius's (1798) description of the genus, as the type species of *Orsodacne* Latreille, 1802 would render the name *Orsodacne* a junior subjective synonym of *Lema*. A new name would be needed for *Orsodacne* as currently understood, a change that would cause considerable confusion. The name *Lema* Fabricius, 1798 relates to a large worldwide genus of leaf beetles (family CHRYSOMELIDAE, subfamily CRIOCERINAE) with many pests on several important cultivated plants; the type of the genus is the European *Chrysomela cyanella* Linnaeus, 1758, of which *L. puncticollis* (Curtis, 1830) is a junior synonym. I propose that *Chrysomela cerasi* Linnaeus, 1758 be designated as the type species of *Orsodacne* Latreille, 1802, in accord with Latreille's own (1810) designation.

6. The International Commission on Zoological Nomenclature is accordingly asked:

- to use its plenary power to set aside all previous fixations of type species for the nominal genus Orsodacne Latreille, 1802 and to designate Chrysomela cerasi Linnaeus, 1758 as the type species;
- (2) to place on the Official List of Generic Names in Zoology the name Orsodacne Latreille, 1802 (gender: feminine), type species by designation under the plenary power in (1) above Chrysomela cerasi Linnaeus, 1758;
- (3) to place on the Official List of Specific Names in Zoology the name *cerasi* Linnaeus, 1758, as published in the binomen *Chrysomela cerasi* (specific name of the type species of *Orsodacne* Latreille, 1802).

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