A NEW SPECIES OF EUPATORIASTRUM (ASTERACEAE-EUPATORIEAE) FROM OAXACA MEXICO

B.L. Turner

Department of Botany, Univ. of Texas, Austin TX 78713

The genus <u>Eupatoriastrum</u> is currently under investigation by the present author. In preparation of a revisional treament of the group the following species is described. I am grateful to Dr. M. C. Johnston for the Latin diagnosis.

EUPATORIASTRUM CHLOROSTYLUM B.L. Turner, sp. nov.

<u>Eupatoriastrum angulifolium</u> accedens sed foliis trilobatis, capitulis magnioribus, ramis stylorum viridibus, setis pappi ad apicem expansis, etc.

Erect perennial herbs to 2 m high with pendulous branches. Stems terete, striate, glabrous, hollow at maturity. Leaves opposite, petiolate, 15-30 cm long, 10-18 cm wide; petioles 3-7 cm long, glabrous; blades with 3 major lobes, the sinuses 6-8 cm deep, the primary lobes with 2-3 lesser lobes, the margins denticulate to somewhat serrate, glabrous on both surfaces. Heads 6-7 in axillary or terminal(?) corymbose cymes, the ultimate peduncles puberulent, 1-3 cm long. Involucye hemispheric 7-8 mm high, 12-14 mm across, 4-5 seriate, imbricate; bracts ovate to obovate with mostly rounded apices, glabrous or nearly so. Receptacle convex, chaffy, ca 3 mm across. Pales numerous, linear-oblanceolate, 6-7 mm long, the appendages fimbrilliate. Florets numerous; corollas "verdes" (probably the extended styles, the corollas probably yellowish), tubular, ca 4 mm long, glabrous, the lobes ca 0.5 mm long. Achenes (immature) ca 2 mm long, glabrous; pappus of ca 30 fragile ciliate, bristles ca 4 mm long, the apices somewhat expanded.

HOLOTYPE: MEXICO. Oaxaca: Mpio. Candelaria Loxicha. Terraceria nueva a Pluma Hidalgo, 1 km al E de la carretera Pochutla-Oaxaca, 43 km al N de Pochutla. Suelo arenoso, de granito descompuesto; 1000 m, 13 Nov 1979, Koch, Fryxell & Wendt 79527 (holotype TEX; isotypes MEXU, to be distributed).

Euptoriastrum chlorostylum is seemingly most closely related to E. awgulifolium (B.L. Rob.) K. & R., but is readily distinguished by its lobed leaves; larger, axillary heads; pappus bristles with expanded apices; etc. It is a remarkably distinct species what with its Ficus-like leaves and green style branches. The species was collected along the margin of a tropical semideciduous forest and is from a region where several well-marked endemics occur.



Turner, B. L. 1986. "A new species of Eupatoriastrum (Asteraceae-Eupatorieae) from Oaxaca Mexico." *Phytologia* 59(5), 323.

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