

Campanula ^{*Exigua*} *githopsisæ*, n. sp. Annual, 2 to 5-inches high, branching divergently, or rarely simple; the stems often angular by decurrent ridges from the bases of the leaves; the entire plant, or often only the base, somewhat retrorsely hispidulous: leaves sessile, 2 or 3 lines long, linear-lanceolate or broader, sometimes obovate, entire or a few with coarse teeth: flowers erect, terminating the slender branches, or on rather stout bractless peduncles: calyx-lobes equaling the tube of the campanulate corolla or shorter, becoming connivent; the tube in fruit distinctly 10-ribbed and constricted above the middle forming a somewhat ovoid capsule which ~~shakes~~ is dehiscent ~~by~~ at the constriction by three holes: corolla light blue, 3 to 5 lines long, the acute lobes shorter than the tube: filaments shorter than the anthers, abruptly expanding near the middle into a broad ciliolate base: style not surpassing the corolla, stigmas 3, expanding after the corolla withers: seeds oblong, smooth and shining.— Collected by the writer on the very summit of Monte Diablo, June 14, 1886.

Volney Rattan.

The first
by
C. Meller
Linen

A new
Gymnophyllum -



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Rattan, Volney. 1837. "Rattan, Volney undated description [1886]." *Asa Gray correspondence*

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