

C.S.
Correspondence.

Botanical Museum,
Oxford St.,
Cambridge, Mass.,

May 25, 1929.

Dear Mr. Lankester;

Your always interesting

specimens (dried plants and bottled
flowers) sent via the United Fruit
Co.; arrived ^{last} Saturday ^{May 18}, and
their careful examination took up
most of this week. At P

At Prof Ames' request, I am
herewith sending you our hearty
thanks and the determinations.

No. 1244. *Oncidium* sp. nov. This is a
very interesting plant allied to *O.
bracteatum* Rchb.f. or Warsz., but
with striking floral differences.
For its description, however, we
need a complete vegetative
specimen i.e. pseudobulbs, leaves
& peduncle.

1231. *Pleurothallis velutina* Rchb.

- 1140 *Epidendrum fragrans* Sw.
1233 *Pleurothallis costaricensis* Rbf.
1235 *Habenaria monorchis* R.f.
1234 *Miltonia Endresii* Nichols.
1238 *Cochliopsis hyacinthina* R.f.
1236 *Habenaria alata* Hook
1230 *Trichopilia maculata* R.f.
(luxuriant plant)
1243 *Corymborkis flava* (Sw.) D. Ktze.
1245 *Trizeuxis falcatata* Lindl.
(Commonly green-flowered)
or yellow-
1220. *Epidendrum mirabile* A. & S. med.
(based on an Alfaro collection from
San Ignacio de Aserrí)
1219 (photos 88 & 88a), very good) *Epiden-*
drum pergamentum Rchb.f. (large fls.)
1221 *Epid.* *equitantifolium* Ames.
1222 *Camariolum minus* Schltr. (not
Maxillaria microphyton Schltr.) This
species has the rigidly attached lip of
Omnithidium and should be placed
there if this genus is upheld.
1223. *Cryptocentrum calcaratum* Schltr.
928 + 1109. *Sobralia* sp. nov. Thank you

1132 *Miltonia stenoglossa* Schltr

(fl that is distinct from *M. lewisii*
(Lindl) Polyc)

1218 a *Hedysarum oppositifolium* R.f. (not
H. bidentata Lindl.: note large basal
2-lobed calyxes)

1239 x *Epidendrum reflexum* A.S.

(based on Valaria 61, from Arenal)

We have no specimen, so cannot
you send ^{us} a complete one?

1240 x *Epidendrum bilobatum* Ames

577. *Pleurothallis testacea* folia Lindl
(a perfect match)

Pair of bottled *Pleurothallis* fls:
both represent *P. cardiothallis* R.f.;
(*P. palliolata* has far different petals
& lip).

Cynorkis flower: on further study
it appears much larger than your dried
specimen previously sent, and seems
preferable to *C. ventricosum* Bateman.
Lycaste flower, (called macrophylla)
differs from ^{the} typical *L. macrophylla*

for completing the specimen. For purpose
of description, what is the height of
this plant - extremes? What are the
extreme measurements of leaves? The
height of the specimen sent (to base
of plant) is 28 cm. ^{up} to ^{the} apex of flower;

the leaves 7.2 - 12 cm. long.

1226 *Sobralia macrantha* Lindl.

(For surer diagnosis a flower in
formalin as well as typical leaf
measurements are needed)

1227 *Epid. pumilum* Rolfe

1229 " *subviolascens* Schltr. ex char.

(Our first specimen of this plant which
appears to be a good species)

1217 (photo 86, good) *Epid. trianthum* Schltr.
ex char. (Our first specimen of this
plant which Schltr described as 3-fld
+ 3-bladed)

1225. *Epid. Schumannianum* Schltr.

(Thanks)

1224 *Eriopsis Wercklei* Schltr.

1228 *Maxillaria denostachys* R.f.

(Fls white instead of yellow as cited
(in the description))

from Peru, but is doubtless the
var. *Desboisiana* Cogn. (*Chronique
Orchidacrae*,^{vol} 1, p. 4.) with dotted petal
& lip.

The non-orchids enclosed I send,
as Prof. Ames directs, ^{after fumigating,} to Dr. Standley,
of the Field Museum, Chicago.

I am yours very respectfully

C.S.

assistant to Prof. Ames.

In one of your ~~former~~ letters to
Prof. Ames you ask the reason for
the specific name "luctuosa" (*Phalaenopsis l.*). It signifies sorrowful,
doubtless in allusion to the
dark purple flowers of the type.
Also you ask why *prinosa* (*Phalaenopsis prinosa*). It signifies primrose
or glaucous, in reference to the
outer surface of the sepals.



Schweinfurth, Charles. 1929. "Schweinfurth, Charles May 25, 1929 [to C.H. Lankester]." *Oakes Ames Orchid Herbarium correspondence files*

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