# 12. A CHECKLIST OF ANTS OF THIRUNELLI IN WAYANAD, KERALA

K.A. KARMALY<sup>1,3</sup>, S. SUMESH<sup>1,4</sup>, T.P. RABEESH<sup>1,5</sup>AND LAMBERT KISHORE<sup>2</sup>

- <sup>1</sup>Department of Zoology, St. Xavier's College for Women Aluva, Kerala 683 101, India.
- <sup>2</sup>Department of Zoology, Malabar Christian College, Calicut, Kerala 673 100, India. Email: lambert3698@rediffmail.com
- 3Email ID: dr.karmaly@gmail.com
- <sup>4</sup>Email ID: sumeshsdas@gmail.com
- <sup>5</sup>Email ID: rabeeshtp@gmail.com

#### Introduction

Wayanad is in the north-east of Kerala, India. Study sites are located at Thirunelli (11°27'-15°58' N; 75°47'-70°27' E) in Wayanad region, southern part of Western Ghats. Biogeographically, Wayanad region of Western Ghats is a transitional zone between the moist-deciduous and drydeciduous forests, harbouring many restricted habitats, endemic species, as well as disjunctive populations of species that are found in moist deciduous, evergreen and drydeciduous forests (WWF 2001).

Thirunelli forests spread over an area of 20.55 sq. km and occur at an elevation of c. 900 m and above. The distance from the mean sea level and forest cover creates a salubrious climate in the region. Generally the year is divided into four seasons; cold (10 °C), and hot (35 °C) weather, South-West and North-East monsoon. The average rainfall is 2,200 mm per year. Climate of Wayanad are characteristic of the Western Ghats and the flora and fauna are showing very rich biodiversity.

The present study attempts to record the ant fauna in deciduous and shola forests at Thirunelli in Wayanad. The ants collected from different parts of Thirunelli were identified using taxonomic keys.

#### Methodology

The collection of ants is made by random sampling methods with sweep net, brush method and all out search method. The collected specimens were processed, preserved in 70% ethanol and prepared in the laboratory for systematic studies. The specimens were mounted on a rectangular card of 20 mm x 10 mm and pinned with Asta insect pins of 38 mm x 0.53 mm of No.3. Observations were made using High-performance, Modular Stereozoom microscope with a 40x magnification. Ants were identified using identification key by Bolton (Bolton 1994) and Fauna of British India (Bingham 1903).

#### **Observation and Result**

Considering the study of distribution of ants in Thirunelli-Wayanad area, 39 ants were found (Table 1) belonging to six subfamiles (Bolton 1994).

In Dolichoderinae, five species were found: *Tapinoma* melanocephalum melanocephalum (Fabricius), *Tapinoma* 

indicum indicum (Forel), which are common in these areas and present in the litter floor of all forest vegetation of Thirunelli-Wayanad region, *Technomyrmex albipes albipes* (Smith) was commonly found in all vegetation, and *Technomyrmex bicolor bicolor Emery and Technomyrmex elatior* Forel were rare.

Subfamilies Aenictinae and Dorylinae with three species was the least dominant: in Aenictinae, *Aenictus ambiguus* Shuck, *Aenictus westwoodi* Forel, were mostly found in western India and in Dorylinae, *Dorylus orientalis* Westwood, common in southern India.

Thirteen species of ant belong to Subfamily Formicinae, the dominant family in Thirunelli. Anoplolepis gracilipes (Smith), found throughout the region, Oecophylla smaragdina (Fabricius), Camponotus angusticollis angusticollis (Jerdon), Camponotus compressus (Fabricius), Camponotus parius Emery, Camponotus sericeus sericeus (Fabricius) were common in this area, Camponotus misturus fornaronis Forel and Camponotus radiatus Forel were rare in this region, Polyrhachis illaudata illudata Walker and Polyrhachis punctillata punctillata Roger are the first report from Wayanad region, and Polyrhachis convexa Roger is the first report from the Indian subcontinent; Roger (1863 a) reported this species from Sri Lanka. Lepisiota opaca opaca a less dominant group was also found from this region.

Subfamily Myrmicinae showed 14 ant species. Myrmicaria brunnea Saunders, Solenopsis geminata (Fabricius) were common in the study area. The other non-endemic species – Cardiocondyla parvinoda Forel, Cardiocondyla wroughtoni Forel, Crematogaster ebenina Forel, Monomorium wroughtoni Forel, Pheidole spathifera Forel, Pheidologeton affinis affinis (Jerdon), Tetramorium smithi (Mayr), and Tetramorium wroughtoni (Forel); Leptothorax rothneyi Forel, Myrmicaria Saunders sp., Strumigenys smythiesi Forel, and Carebara wroughtonii (Forel) – were the rare species found from this area.

Five species of subfamily Ponerinae were collected, Cryptopone sp. is the first report for Wayanad region. Diacamma rugosum sculptum (Jerdon), Diacamma scalpratum (Smith), Leptogenys ocellifera (Roger), and Odontomachus haematodes (Linnaeus) were commonly encountered in the study area.

Table 1: Checklist of Ants of Thirunelli in Wayanad

	Subfamily: Dol	ichoderinae	
Genus	species	Synonym	Habitat
Tapinoma	melanocephalum melanocephalum (Fab., 1793)	Tapinoma australe Santschi, 1928 Tapinoma australis Santschi, F. 1928 Tapinoma familaris Smith, F. 1860 Tapinoma nana Jerdon, 1851 Tapinoma pellucida Smith, F. 1857	Moist grass
(Muthenga, Thi	Kerala: Alappuzha (Muthukulam), Kannur (Aralam runelli), Malappuram (Calicut University Campus, I cut (Madappally, Devagiri), Idukki (Marayoor, Mathik	Mampad College Campus), Ernakulam (E	olghaty, Tripunithura
Tapinoma	indicum indicum (Forel, 1895)		Moist grass
	Kerala: Thiruvananthapuram (Neyyar), Palakkad (Para enga, Thirunelli), Kannur (Aralam farm), Malappura		i (Meenuli, Thekkady)
Technomyrmex	albipes albipes (Smith, 1861)	Technomyrmex albitarse (Mots., 1863) Technomyrmex nigrum (Mayr, 1862) Technomyrmex rufescens Santschi 1928 Technomyrmex vitiensis Mann, 1921	Moist grass
	Kerala: Wayanad (Muthenga, Thirunelli), Kollam (The Sanctuary).	nenmala), Alappuzha (Muthukulam), Ernak	ulam (Aluva), Thrissu
Technomyrmex	bicolor bicolor Emery, 1893	5.400 (Sec. 1997)	Moist grass
	Kerala: Alappuzha (Muthukulam), Ernakulam (Aluva), anad (Muthenga, Thirunelli).	Calicut (Anakampoyil, Madappally), Malappu	ram (Calicut University
Technomyrmex	elatior Forel, 1902		Moist grass
Distribution in	Kerala: Wayanad (Thirunelli).		
	Subfamily: A	enictinae	
Aenictus	ambiguus Shuck, 1840	N-	Subterranean
Distribution in	Kerala: Wayanad (Thirunelli), Kottayam (Pala).		
Aenictus	westwoodi Forel, 1901	-	Subterranean
Distribution in	Kerala: Wayanad (Thirunelli).		
	Subfamily: I	Dorylinae	
Dorylus	orientalis Westwood, 1835	Dorylus curtisii (Shuckard, 1840) Dorylus longicornis Shuckard, 1840 Dorylus obertheri (Emery, 1881)	Subterranean
Distribution in	Kerala: Wayanad (Thirunelli, Muthenga), Idukki (Ku	ttikanam), Palakkad (Nelliyampathy).	
	Subfamily: F	ormicinae	
Anoplolepis	gracilipes (Smith, 1857)	Anoplolepis longipes (Jerdon, 1851) Anoplolepis trifaciata (Smith, 1858)	Everywhere
Wildlife Sanctua	<b>Kerala</b> : Thiruvananthapuram (Vithura, Peppara), Ko ary), Ernakulam, Calicut, Idukki (Thekkady), Kannur akad, Wayanad (Muthenga, Thirunelli).		
Camponotus	angusticollis angusticollis (Jerdon, 1851)	Camponotus ardens (Smith, 1858) Camponotus impetuosa (Smith, 1858)	Leaves/Soil

University Campus, Kohinoor, Manjeri, Nilambur), Calicut (Anakampoyil), Wayanad (Thirunelli).

Genus	species	Synonym	Habitat
Camponotus	compressus (Fabricius, 1787)	Camponotus callida (Smith, 1858) Camponotus indefessa (Sykes, 1835) Camponotus quadrilaterus Roger, J. 1863	Leaves
Sanctuary), Pal		eyyar, Karyavattom, CTCRI Campus), Kollam, Thrissukulam), Idukki (Meenuli, Thekkady), Wayanad (Mutheng	
Camponotus	misturus fornaronis Forel 1892		Everywhere
	Kerala: Idukki (Thekkady), Ernakulam (Ko cut (Mampad), Wayanad (Thirunelli, Muthe	chi, Edappally, Aluva), Malapuram (Calicut University enga), Thrissur (Vellanikara).	Campus, Madappally
Camponotus	parius Emery, 1889	-	Everywhere
Aluva), Thrissur		eppara), Kollam (Thenmala), Idukki, Kottayam, Erna ), Palakkad (Kottekkad), Malapuram, Calicut, Kannur, k	
Camponotus	sericeus sericeus (Fabricius, 1798)	Camponotus aurulent (Latreille, 1802) Camponotus obtusa (Smith, 1858) Camponotus pyrrhocephala (Mots., 1863)	Grassy field
Idukki, Allepey,		TCRI Campus, Peppara), Kollam (Thenmala), Kottaya Kodungallor), Palakkad, Malapuram (Kohinoor, Calicu yanad (Muthenga, Thirunelli).	
Camponotus	radiatus Forel, 1892		Leaves
Distribution in	Kerala: Malappuram (Kohinoor), Wayana	d (Thirunelli).	
Lepisiota	opaca opaca (Forel, 1892)		Leaves
Distribution in	Kerala: Ernakulam (Aluva), Malappuram	(Kohinoor, Calicut University Campus), Wayanad (Mu	thenga, Thirunelli).
Oecophylla	smaragdina (Fabricius, 1775)	Oecophylla macra (Guérin, 1831) Oecophylla virescens (Fabricius, 1775 Oecophylla viridis (Kirby, 1819) Oecophylla zonata (Guérin, 1838)	Trees
Distribution in	Kerala: Wayanad (Thirunelli), throughout	Kerala.	
Polyrhachis	convexa Roger, 1863		Leaves
Distribution in	$\textbf{Kerala} \hbox{: Wayanad (Muthenga, Thirunelli)}.$		
Polyrhachis	illaudata illudata Walker, 1859	Polyrhachis duodentata Donisthorpe, 1942 Polyrhachis mayri Roger, 1863 Polyrhachis latispinosa Donisthorpe, 1942	Leaves
Distribution in	Kerala: Wayanad (Muthenga, Thirunelli, \	/ythiri).	
Polyrhachis	punctillata punctillata Roger, 1863		Leaves
Distribution in	Kerala: Wayanad (Muthenga, Thirunelli),	Thiruvananthapuram (Vithura), Thrissur (Chimmnoy \	Wildlife Sanctuary).
		family: Myrmicinae	
Cardiocondyla	parvinoda Forel, 1902		Soil
	Kerala: Wayanad (Thirunelli).		0011
Cardiocondyla	wroughtonii (Forel, 1890)	Cardiocondyla bimaculata Wheeler, 1929	Soil
Cardiocondyia	wroagmoriii (Foret, 1890)	Cardiocondyla bimaculata Wheelel, 1929 Cardiocondyla emeryi chlorotica Menozzi, 1930 Cardiocondyla hawaiensis Forel, 1899 Cardiocondyla longispina Karavaiev, 1935 Cardiocondyla quadraticeps Forel, 1912	3011
Distribution in	Kerala: Wayanad (Thirunelli), Palakkad (S	Silent Valley National Park).	
C	ebenina Forel, 1902	716-1	Trees
Crematogaster	000111110111111111111111111111111111111		

Table 1: Checklist of Ants of Thirunelli in Wayanad (contd.)

Genus	species	Synonym	Habitat
Leptothorax	rothneyi Forel, 1902		Trees
	Kerala: Wayanad (Thirunelli), Palakad	d (Nelliyampathy).	eleck and
Monomorium	wroughtoni Forel, 1902		Soil
Distribution in	Kerala: Wayanad (Thirunelli).		
Myrmicaria	brunnea Saunders, 1842		Soil
	Kerala: Wayanad (Thirunelli), through	out Kerala.	-91
Myrmicaria Sau	nders, 1842 sp.		Soil
	Kerala: Wayanad (Thirunelli).		
Pheidole	spathifera Forel, 1902	AND THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER	Soil
	Kerala: Wayanad (Thirunelli), Calicut	(Madappally).	
Pheidologeton	affinis affinis (Jerdon, 1851)	Pheidologeton australis Forel, 1915	Soil
Theidologeton	anins anins (octaon, 1001)	Pheidologeton bellicosa (Smith, 1858)	Con
		Pheidologeton calida (Smith, 1863)	
		Pheidologeton laboriosa (Smith, 1861)	
		Pheidologeton mjobergi Forel, 1918	
Distribution in	Kerala: Wayanad (Thirunelli), Malapp	uram (Mampad).	
Solenopsis	geminata (Fabricius, 1804)	Solenopsis bahiaensis Santschi, 1925	Soil
2 J.C.I.Opolo	g(- do	Solenopsis cephalotes Smith, 1859	<del>-</del> - "
		Solenopsis clypeata (Smith, 1858)	
		Solenopsis coloradensis (Buckley, 1867)	
		Solenopsis diabola Wheeler, 1908	
*		Solenopsis drewseni (Mayr, 1861)	
		Solenopsis eduardi Forel, 1912	
		Solenopsis galapageia Wheeler, 1919	
		Solenopsis geminata medusa Mann, 1916	
		Solenopsis glaber (Smith, 1862)	
		Solenopsis innota Santschi, 1915	
		Solenopsis laboriosus (Smith, 1860)	
		Solenopsis laevissima (Smith, 1860b) Solenopsis lincecumii (Buckley, 1867)	
		Solenopsis mandibularis Westwood, 1840	
		Solenopsis mellea (Smith, 1859)	
		Solenopsis nigra Forel, 1908	
		Solenopsis paleata Lund, 1831	
		Solenopsis perversa Santschi, 1925	
		Solenopsis polita (Smith, 1862)	
		Solenopsis rufa (Jerdon, 1851)	
		Solenopsis saxicola (Buckley, 1867)	
Distribution in	Kerala: Thrissur (KAU Campus), Cali	cut (Madappaly, Devagiri), Wayanad (Thirunelli), Kollar	m (Thenmala).
Carebara	wroughtonii (Forel, 1902)		Soil
Distribution in	Kerala: Wayanad (Thirunelli).		
Strumigenys	smythiesii Forel, 1902		Soil
Distribution in	Kerala: Wayanad (Thirunelli).		
Tetramorium	wroughtoni Forel, 1902		Under Stones
	Kerala: Calicut (Mampad), Wayanad	(Thirunelli).	
			Under Ctense
Tetramorium	smithi Mayr, 1879	Tetramorium kanariense Forel, 1902 Tetramorium laevinode, Forel, 1902	Under Stones
Distribution in	Kerala: Wayanad (Thirunelli), Calicut		
	Toraia. Wayanau (Timunelli), Oalicut		
		Subfamily: Ponerinae	
Cryptopone Em	ery, 1893 sp.		Soil
	Kerala: Wayanad (Thirunelli).		

Table 1: Checklist of Ants of Thirunelli in Wayanad (contd.)

Genus	species	Synonym	Habitat
Diacamma	rugosum sculptum (Jerdon, 1851)		Soil
Distribution in	Kerala: Kollam (Thenmala), Thrissur (C	himmnoy Wildlife Sanctuary, KAU Campus), Wayana	ad (Thirunelli).
Diacamma	scalpratum (Smith, 1858)	Diacamma compressum Mayr, 1879	Soil
Distribution in	Kerala: Kollam (Thenmala), Calicut (Ma	mpad), Wayanad (Thirunelli).	
Leptogenys	ocellifera (Roger, 1861)	planete for the confl. (Manual ATA Successful)	Soil
Distribution in	Kerala: Kollam (Thenmala), Wayanad (	Thirunelli), Malappuram (Madappally).	
Odontomachus	haematodes (Linnaeus, 1758)	Odontomachus hirsutiusculus Smith, 1858 Odontomachus maxillosa (De Geer, 1773) Odontomachus pallipes Crawley, 1916	Soil

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# 13. FIRST REPORT ON THE OCCURRENCE OF AN ECONOMICALLY IMPORTANT SPIRAL NEMATODE *HELICOTYLENCHUS MULTICINCTUS* COBB. FROM GOA

I.K. PAI1 AND H.S. GAUR2

<sup>1</sup>Department of Zoology, Goa University, Goa 403 206, India. Email: ikpai@unigoa.ac.in

<sup>2</sup>Division of Nematology, Indian Agricultural Research Institute, New Delhi 110 012, India. Email: hsg\_nema@iari.res.in

Nematodes constitute the largest and diverse group of metazoans on earth. Four of every five metazoans are nematodes. Of the estimated 5,00,000 species of nematodes, only c. 25,000 are known till date (Walia and Bajaj 2003). They may feed on bacteria, algae, fungi and may also be parasitic on plants and animals.

Among nematodes, spiral nematode *Helicotylenchus multicinctus* Cobb. is a well-known plant parasitic nematode causing severe damage to banana plantation. There are reports on the role of *H. multicinctus* on banana by Baghel and Edwards (1977) and Rajendran *et al.* (1979). Goa produces a large quantity of bananas; however, *H. multicinctus* has

not been recorded so far.

Soil samples were collected at a depth of 15-30 cm from a banana plantation in Canacona, Goa. Nematodes were extracted using Cobb's decanting and sieving technique (Cobb 1904, 1913). Based on the studies of morphological characters, the nematode was identified as *Helicotylenchus multicinctus*.

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