PLANTS OF CUNNINGHAM ISLAND, OTTAWA, ONTARIO 1

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THIS SURVEY was prompted by the recovery recently, in files of a quarter century ago, of a list of plants made then on Cunningham Island.

In 1927 the new Champlain Bridge had first made possible easy access to the three islands of the Remic Rapids in the Ottawa River a few miles above the city of Ottawa. The prospect loomed that natural conditions would thus be disturbed, as was soon enough realized on the third, or Bate Island. In order to preserve some record of the existing flora a survey, all too hurried, was made of the second, known as Cunningham Island. No collections were made.

This, like its sister islands, is a low emergence above water, changing in area with the seasonal flow. It may be as little as three acres at floodtime, or as much as five acres in late summer. There are times, indeed, when it is possible to pass dry-shod between it and the adjacent islands. There is only a shallow soil over strata of Ottawa limestone, shown in a map of 1938 as Pamelia. This is exposed around the shore at low water, except at the lower end where alluvial deposits have somewhat extended the area lying above water after late spring.

The island cover may be described as deciduous woodland with an under-storey of shrubbery, the latter most pronounced at the lower end. Away from the denuded shoreline there is almost everywhere more or less of a turf and only a rather limited true woodland flora. In the interstices of rock shelving exposed at low water a surprising number of species maintain themselves. Water vegetation is limited, no doubt by the velocity of the current at flood time.

Excluding Bate Island, which has been converted to picnic use, the islands have not undergone much apparent change. Park management has kept the bottom cleared of debris and has removed trees as they became decadent. There is no evidence of undue public vandalism. Absence of hepatica, dog-tooth violet, trillium and the like, is as likely as not ecologically conditioned, since they had not earlier been observed.

1) Received for publication May 25, 1954.

Notwithstanding impressions it was felt that the existence of a 1927 list of close to 150 species, warranted a new survey to check against it. This was undertaken in 1953 with more thoroughness, and with collection of specimens throughout the summer as nearly as possible at flowering or fruiting. The area was visited weekly as a rule by the writer, except during six weeks absence when others filled the breach. Some publicity had been given earlier to the 1927 list in Field-Naturalist and Macoun Field Club circles with resulting interest of members, which is appreciated. Special thanks are due for collecting to Miss Ruth Horner, Dr. C. Frankton and Mr. Leslie Jenkins. In identification later of more critical groups valuable help was given by Dr. W.G. Dore, Mr. J.A. Calder, Dr. J.M. Gillett, Dr. B. Boivin and other members of the Division of Botany staff.

Plants ordinarily were collected in triplicate. One set is deposited in the National Herbarium (Nat.). A partial set, including a few plants not available to complete the first, is in the herbarium of the Division of Botany (DAO), and a third, incomplete, is at Carleton College, Ottawa.

The list, following, is complete of plants found on Cunningham Island by the several collectors. When collected only by others than the writer the collector is indicated; thus Jenkins, or Horner & Frankton (H. & F.). Other collections are all by the writer; often repeated by one or both of the other teams. (With L. Jenkins was sometimes associated W. Ilman, and with H. Groh often D. C. Maddox). Plants in this table not in the 1927 list are preceded by an asterisk. They form quite an imposing array. Nomenclature is according to Gray's Manual, Eighth Ed.

Plants of Cunningham Island, 1953 EQUISETACEAE

EQUISETUM ARVENSE L. Common Horsetail

Sparingly on shores.

*E. PALUSTRE L. Marsh Horsetail Jenkins specimen in DAO.

OSMUNDACEAE

*OSMUNDA REGALIS L. Royal Fern Under cover of thicket at lower end.

POLYPODIACEAE

ONOCLEA SENSIBILIS L. Sensitive Fern Shores.

*ANTHYRIUM FILIX-FEMINA (L.) ROTH Lady Fern

Moist soil under shrubbery. Jenkins specimen in DAO.

PINACEAE

THUJA OCCIDENTALIS L. White Cedar A few in main area.

ZOSTERACEAE

*POTAMOGETON GRAMINEUS L. Pondweed
In water at a few locations.

HYDROCHARITACEAE

*ELODEA CANADENSIS MICHX. Waterweed

Jenkins specimen, DAO.

GRAMINEAE

- **POA COMPRESSA** L. Canada Bluegrass Frequent in main area.
- P. PRATENSIS L. Kentucky Bluegrass Common, forming turf.
- *P. PALUSTRIS L. Fowl Meadow Grass Common in the grass cover.
- *GLYCERIA GRANDIS S. WATS. Reed Meadow Grass From near shore on low ground. Horner & Frankton.
 - DACTYLIS GLOMERATA L. Orchard Grass General in shade.
- *ERAGROSTIS POAEOIDES BEAUV. Love Grass

In shade of bridge.

*AGROPYRON REPENS (L.) BEAUV. Love Grass

Quite common.

- *ELYMUS VIRGINICUS L. Lyme Grass Common.
- *SPHENOPHOLIS INTERMEDIA RYDB.
 Wedge Grass
 Little noticed.
- *CALAMAGROSTIS CANADENSIS (MICHX.)
 NUTT. Blue Joint
 Abundant along shores.
- *AGROSTIS GIGANTEA ROTH. Black Bent A few noticed.

- *A. ALBA L. VAR. PALUSTRIS (HUDS.)
 PERS. Creeping Bent Grass
 Low shores.
- *A. SCABRA WILLD. Hair Grass Mostly near shores.
- *A. PERENNANS (WALT.) TUCKERM. Upland Bent Grass
 Abundant.
 - PHLEUM PRATENSE L. Timothy Common on main area.
- *ALOPECURUS AEQUALIS SOBOL. Foxtail
 One collection by Jenkins, DAO.
- *MUHLENBERGIA MEXICANA (L.) TRIN. f. SETIGLUMIS (S. WATS.) FERN. Dropseed

Abundant along shores.

- *SPARTINA PECTINATA LINK. Cord Grass Infrequent, at shores.
- *DIGITARIA SANGUINALIS (L.) SCOP. Crab Grass Infrequent, at shores.
- *PANICUM CAPILLARE L. Old Witch Grass Common along shores.
- *P. LANUGINOSUM ELL. Panic Grass Common. Shores.
- *SETARIA GLAUCA (L.) BEAUV. Yellow Foxtail Infrequent. Bridge area.
- *ANDROPOGON GERARDII VITMAN. Beard Grass

Occasional at lower end.

CYPERACEAE

- *CYPERUS STRIGOSUS L. Galingale
 One collection by Jenkins, DAO. More
 on Riopelle Island.
- *ELEOCHARIS CALVA TORR. (probably)
- *E. SMALLII BRITT. Spike Rush Mud at lower end.
- *E. COMPRESSA SULLIV.
 Mud at lower end.
- *FIMBRISTYLIS AUTUMNALIS (L.) R. & S.
 A colony on mud at lower end. An earlier specimen in DAO from Britannia, Ont., and one in Nat. Herb. from Quyon, Que., just outside the Ottawa District, are the nearest local collections found.
- *SCIRPUS ACUTUS MUHL. Bulrush Common on muddy lower end.
- *S. CYPERINUS (L.) KUNTH. VAR. PELIUS FERN. Wool Grass Mud at lower end.
- *S. ATROTINCTUS FERN.
 One collection by Jenkins, DAO.

*CAREX ROSEA SCHKUHR. Sedge (as also others below).

This and the others generally on main area away from shore.

- *C. CEPHALOIDEA DEWEY.
- *C. SPARGANIOIDES MUHL.
- *C. ALOPECOIDEA TUCKERM.
- *C. VULPINOIDEA MICHX. Jenkins, DAO.
- *C. TRIBULOIDES WAHLENB.
- *C. TENERA DEWEY.
- *C. LENTICULARIS MICHX.
- *C. PECKII HOWE
- *C. LANUGINOSA MICHX.
- *C. GRACILLIMA SCHWEIN. Jenkins, DAO.
- *C. ARCTATA BOOTT
- *C. SPRENGELII DEWEY
- *C. BLANDA DEWEY
- *C. VIRIDULA MICHX.
- *C. RETRORSA SCHKUHR
- *C. VESICARIA L.
- *C. sp. (Sect. LAXIFLORAE)
- *C. sp. (probably Sect. BRACTEATAE)

ARACEAE

ARISAEMA ATRORUBENS (AIT.) BLUME. Jack-in-the-Pulpit

A few in parts of main area.

JUNCACEAE

*JUNCUS NODOSUS L. Rush

Common at muddy lower end.

LILIACEAE

SMILACINA RACEMOSA (L.) DESF.

False Spikenard

A few clumps in main area.

POLYGONATUM PUBESCENS (WILLD.)

PURSH. Solomon's Seal

Frequent in main area.

SMILAX HERBACEA L. Carrion-flower Abundant, mostly in shrubbery of main

area.

IRIDACEAE

*SISYRINCHIUM MONTANUM GREENE.

Blue-eyed Grass

One collection H. & F. 33.

*S. ANGUSTIFOLIUM MILL. Blue-eyed

Grass

Common on main area.

IRIS VERSICOLOR L. Blue Flag

Rocky shores. Frequent.

SALICACEAE

*SALIX NIGRA MARSH. Black Willow

*S. SERISSIMA (BAILEY) FERN.

*S. INTERIOR ROWLEE.

*S. DISCOLOR MUHL. Pussy Willow

*S. PETIOLARIS SM.

All willows sparingly along shores.

POPULUS TREMULOIDES MICHX. Aspen Poplar

Occasional on main area.

P. BALSAMIFERA L. Balsam Poplar

A few at lower end.

MYRICACEAE

*MYRICA GALE L. Sweet Gale

Abundant at lower end in mud and into water.

JUGLANDACEAE

CARYA CORDIFORMIS (WANG.) K. KOCH.

Bitternut Hickory

Occasional on main area.

CORYLACEAE

OSTRYA VIRGINIANA (MILL.) K. KOCH.

Ironwood

Common on main area.

CARPINUS CAROLINIANA WALT. Blue

Mostly at lower end with other trees and shrubs.

*ALNUS RUGOSA (DuROI) SPRENG.

Speckled Alder

Rocky shore of lower end.

FAGACEAE

QUERCUS MACROCARPA MICHX. Mossycup Oak

Common on main area.

Q. RUBRA L. Red Oak.

Common on main area.

ULMACEAE

*ULMUS RUBRA MUHL. Slippery Elm

Rather common formerly; only hollow stumps now, with sprouts from the live circumference to provide identification.

U. AMERICANA L. American Elm

Common throughout main area.

URTICACEAE

*PILEA PUMILA (L.) GRAY. Clearweed In shade of bridge.

BOEHMERIA CYLINDRICA (L.) SW. Bog Hemp.

One collection near bridge.

POLYGONACEAE

RUMEX CRISPUS L. Curled Dock Mostly near shore.

*R. SP. A swamp dock?

POLYGONUM AVICULARE L. Knotweed In thin sod at base of trees, main area.

- *P. AMPHIBIUM L. Water Smartweed Main area and in shade of bridge.
- P. PERSICARIA L. Lady's Thumb Main area or near shore.
- P. CONVOLVULUS L. Wild Buckwheat One collection near bridge.

CHENOPODIACEAE

- *CHENOPODIUM HYBRIDUM L. VAR. GI-GANTOSPERMUM (AELLEN) ROU-LEAU. Maple-leaved Goosefoot Main area near bridge.
- C. ALBUM L. Lamb's Quarters Near bridge sparingly.
- C. CAPITATUM (L.) ASCHERS. Strawberry-blite Young leaf rosettes only, on shore at

bridge.

CARYOPHYLLACEAE

- ARENARIA LATERIFLORA L. Sandwort Main area near shore. Frequent.
- STELLARIA GRAMINEA L. Common Stitchwort

Occasional near shore.

- CERASTIUM VULGATUM L. Common Mouse-ear Chickweed Seen sparingly on main area.
- Bladder SILENE CUCUBALUS WIBEL. Campion Mostly near bridge.
- SILENE NOCTIFLORA L. Night-flowering Catchfly Occasional on main area.

RANUNCULACEAE

- *RANUNCULUS REPTANS L. Creeping Spearwort Alluvial deposits off lower end at low water.
- R. ABORTIVUS L. Small-flowered Buttercup Frequent on main area.
- R. ACRIS L. Tall Buttercup Common on main area.
- THALICTRUM POLYGAMUM MUHL. Tall Meadow-rue

Near shores occasionally.

- *ANEMONE RIPARIA FERN. Thimbleweed Frequent on main area.
- A. CANADENSIS L. Canada Anemone A few patches on main area.
- ACTAEA RUBRA (AIT.) WILLD. Baneberry

One colony on main area to west.

CRUCIFERAE

- BRASSICA KABER (D.C.) L.C. WHEELER VAR. PINNATIFIDA (STOKES) WHEELER. Wild Mustard Very little, in shade of bridge.
- ERYSIMUM CHEIRANTHOIDES L. Wormseed Mustard

Around trees near bridge.

BARBAREA VULGARIS R.BR. Cress

Occasional on main area.

*CARDAMINE PENSYLVANICA MUHL. Bitter Cress Fairly common, mostly near shores.

SAXIFRAGACEAE

RIBES AMERICANUM MILL. Wild Black Currant

Occasional on main area.

ROSACEAE

- *PYRUS SP. Apple? Immature. Main area in a few locations.
- *AMELANCHIER SANGUINEA (PURSH) D.C. Juneberry Sparingly, on main area.
- CRATAEGUS SP. Hawthorn. Immature. Occasional on main area.
- FRAGARIA VIRGINIANA DUCHESNE. Wild Strawberry Common on main area.
- F. VESCA L. VAR. AMERICANA PORTER. Woodland Strawberry Less common on main area.
- *POTENTILLA ARGENTEA L. Silvery Cinquefoil Sparingly at upper end on dry shallow
 - GEUM CANADENSE JACQ. White Avens Occasional, in shaded main area.

soil.

- *G. ALLEPICUM JACQ. VAR. STRICTUM (AIT.) FERN. Yellow Avens. Occasional on main area.
- *RUBUS ODORATUS L. Purple Flowering Raspberry Sparingly on main area.

- R. IDAEUS L. VAR. STRIGOSUS (MICHX.) MAXIM. Wild Red Raspberry Fairly common on main area.
- *R. OCCIDENTALIS L. Black Raspberry One collection so identified.
- R. SP. Immature. Blackberry
- *AGRIMONIA GRYPOSEPALA WALLR. Agrimony

A few near bridge.

- *ROSA ACICULARIS LINDL. Wild Rose Sparingly near shore.
- R. BLANDA AIT. Early Wild Rose Sparingly near shore.
- *PRUNUS PENSYLVANICA L. f. Bird (Pin)

Occasional on main area.

P. VIRGINIANA L. Choke Cherry Occasional on main area.

LEGUMINOSAE

- TRIFOLIUM REPENS L. White Clover Common on main area.
- T. HYBRIDUM L. Alsike Clover Common on main area.
- T. AGRARIUM L. Hop Clover Common on main area.
- *MELILOTUS ALBA DESR. White Sweet Clover

Occasional, especially near bridge.

- *MEDICAGO SATIVA L. Alfalfa One collection by H. & F.
- M. LUPULINA L. Black Medick Common on main area.
- VICIA CRACCA L. Tufted Vetch Occasional on main area.
- *V. AMERICANA MUHL. American Vetch One collection. Search of Nat. and DAO Herb. failed to find another Ottawa District specimen.
- *LATHYRUS PALUSTRIS L. Vetchling One collection on main area.
- *APIOS AMERICANA MEDIC. Groundnut On shores at a few points.
- AMPHICARPA BRACTEATA (L.) FERN. Hog-peanut

On shores at a few points.

OXALIDACEAE

OXALIS EUROPAEA JORD. Wood Sorrel Frequent on main area.

RUTACEAE

XANTHOXYLUM AMERICANUM MILL. Prickly Ash Abundant on parts of main area.

EUPHORBIACEAE

*MERCURIALIS ANNUA L. Three-seeded Mercury Sparingly on shore.

ANACARDIACEAE

RHUS TYPHINA L. Staghorn Sumac One location only, on main area.

RHUS RADICANS L. Poison Ivy Common on various parts of main area.

CELASTRACEAE

CELASTRUS SCANDENS L. Climbing Bittersweet

Common on main area with shrubbery.

ACERACEAE

ACER RUBRUM L. Red Maple Occasional on main area.

RHAMNACEAE

*RHAMNUS CATHARTICA L. Common Buckthorn

One specimen near each end of main

R. FRANGULA L. Alder Buckthorn On main area, forming thickets near lower end.

VITACEAE

PARTHENOCISSUS QUINQUEFOLIA (L.) PLANCH. Virginia Creeper Occasional on main area.

VITIS RIPARIA MICHX. River-bank Grape On shores with shrubbery.

TILIACEAE

TILIA AMERICANA L. Basswood Common on main area.

GUTTIFERAE

HYPERICUM PERFORATUM L. Common St. John's-wort Frequent on main area.

- *H. ELLIPTICUM HOOK. St. John's-wort Muddy lower end.
- *H. MAJUS (GRAY) BRITT. St. John'swort Muddy lower end.

VIOLACEAE

*VIOLA NEPHROPHYLLA GREENE. Stemless Blue Violet

A few colonies on main area.

*V. SEPTENTRIONALIS GREENE. Stemless Blue Violet

One location on main area, not since found.

*V. PENSYLVANICA MICHX. Smooth Yellow Violet

Abundant on main area.

*V. CONSPERSA REICHENB. Leafy Blue Violet

Occasional on main area.

ONAGRACEAE

OENOTHERA BIENNIS L. Evening Primrose

Occasional on main area.

CIRCAEA QUADRISULCATA (MAXIM.) FRANCH. & SAV. VAR. CANADENSIS (L.) HARA. Enchanter's Nightshade.

HALORAGIDACEAE

*MYRIOPHYLLUM ALTERNIFLORUM D.C.

Water Milfoil

Off-shore water.

UMBELLIFERAE

*SANICULA GREGARIA BICKN. Black Snakeroot

Occasional on main area.

OSMORHIZA CLAYTONI (MICHX.) C. B. CLARKE. Sweet Cicely
Occasional on main area.

SIUM SUAVE WALT. Water Parsnip

Abundant on shores at low water. CORNACEAE

CORNUS STOLONIFERA MICHX. Red Osier Dogwood

Common, mostly near shores.

*C. OBLIQUA RAF. Silky Dogwood A few colonies on rocky shores.

*C. RACEMOSA LAM. Racemose Dogwood On a rocky shore.

PRIMULACEAE

*LYSIMACHIA TERRESTRIS (L.) B.S.P. Yellow Loosestrife

Abundant on shores.

L. NUMMULARIA L. Moneywort

Common creeper on moister parts of
main area.

L. CILIATA L. Fringed Loosestrife Common on shores.

OLEACEAE

FRAXINUS PENNSYLVANICA MARSH.

Red Ash

One of the commoner trees on main area.

F. AMERICANA L.

White Ash.

One seen.

APOCYNACEAE

APOCYNUM SIBIRICUM JACQ. Indian Hemp

Abundant on shores.

ASCLEPIADACEAE

*ASCLEPIAS INCARNATA L. Swamp Milk-weed

One collection near shore by H. & F.

A. SYRIACA L. Common Milkweed.
Occasional on main area

BORAGINACEAE

LITHOSPERMUM OFFICINALE L. Common Gromwell

Common on main area.

LABIATAE

*SCUTELLARIA LATERIFLORA L. Mad-dog Skullcap

Along shores.

*S. PARVULA MICHX. Small Skullcap Near shores.

NEPETA CATARIA L. Catnip
A few clumps in shade of bridge.

*PRUNELLA VULGARIS L. Selfheal Occasional on main area.

*LEONURUS CARDIACA L. Motherwort A collection near bridge.

*LYCOPUS UNIFLORUS MICHX. Bugleweed

Along shore.

L. AMERICANUS MUHL. Bugleweed Common along shores.

MENTHA ARVENSIS L. VAR. VILLOSA (BENTH.) S. R. STEWART. Canada Mint Common along shores.

SOLANACEAE

*SOLANUM AMERICANUM MILL. Night-shade

A little, in shade of bridge.

SCROPHULARIACEAE

*LINARIA VULGARIS HILL. Butter and Eggs; Toadflax

Common on main area.

*MIMULUS RINGENS L. Monkey-flower
Occasional on shores.

*VERONICA SERPYLLIFOLIA L. Thymeleaved Speedwell Sparingly on main area.

*V. SCUTELLATA L. Marsh Speedwell Frequent on shore at low water.

PLANTAGINACEAE

PLANTAGO RUGELII DCNE. Rugel's Plantain

Common, especially on shores.

RUBIACEAE

- *GALIUM APARINE L. Cleavers.

 Mostly on main area near bridge.
- G. TRIFLORUM MICHX. Sweet-scented
 Bedstraw

Common on main area.

- G. PALUSTRE L. Marsh Bedstraw Moister parts of main area.
- *CEPHALANTHUS OCCIDENTALIS L. Buttonbush

Covering much of lower end of island.

CAPRIFOLIACEAE

*LONICERA TATARICA L. Tartarian Honeysuckle

Freely scattered over entire main area. In pink and white forms.

- *L. DIOICA L. Honeysuckle
 Occasional in main area.
- *VIBURNUM LENTAGO L. Nannyberry Occasional in main area.
- V. RAFINESQUIANUM SCHULTES. Downy Arrow-wood

Occasional in main area.

*V. TRILOBUM MARSH. Highbush Cranberry

A few shrubs on ledge above west shore
— also on Lower Island.

SAMBUCUS PUBENS MICHX. Red-berried Elder.

Occasional in main area.

- *LOBELIA CARDINALIS L. Cardinal-flower Frequent on shore at low water.
- *L. INFLATA L. Indian Tobacco Occasional in main area.

COMPOSITAE

EUPATORIUM MACULATUM L. Joe-Pyeweed

Abundant on shores at low water.

- *E. PERFOLIATUM L. Boneset Occasional on main area.
- E. RUGOSUM Houtt. White Snakeroot Mostly in shade of bridge.
- *SOLIDAGO CAESIA L. Blue-stem Goldenrod On main area.
- *S. SQUARROSA MUHL. Stout Ragged
 Goldenrod
 Scattered on main area.

- *S. CANADENSIS L. Canada Goldenrod On main area.
- *S. LEPIDA D.C. Goldenrod On main area.
 - S. GRAMINIFOLIA (L.) SALISB. Narrowleaved Goldenrod Occasional on main area.
- *ASTER CORDIFOLIUS L. Heart-leaved Aster

On main area.

- *A. LATERIFLORUS (L.) BRITT. Aster On main area.
- *A. ONTARIONIS WIEG. Ontario Aster Abundant on main area.
- ERIGERON PHILADELPHICUS L. Philadelphia Fleabane

Occasional on main area.

- E. ANNUUS (L.) PERS. Daisy Fleabane Sparingly on main area.
- E. CANADENSIS L. Canada Fleabane Sparingly on main area.
- ANTENNARIA PETALOIDEA FERN. Everlasting

One colony at upper end above shoreline. More on Riopelle Island.

*AMBROSIA ARTEMISIIFOLIA L. Common Ragweed

A few plants only on main area near bridge.

- *BIDENS VULGATA GREENE. Beggar-ticks
 A few plants beneath bridge.
- *GALINSOGA CILIATA (RAF.) BLAKE A few plants beneath bridge.
- ACHILLEA MILLEFOLIUM L. Common Yarrow

Common on main area.

CHRYSANTHEMUM LEUCANTHEMUM L. VAR. PINNATIFIDUM LECOQ. & LA-MOTTE. Ox-eye Daisy
Sparingly, mostly near bridge.

Sparingly, mostly hear pringe.

ARTEMISIA VULGARIS L. Common Mugwort

A few plants, mostly near bridge.

ARCTIUM MINUS (HILL) BERNH. Common Burdock

A few plants, mostly near bridge.

CIRSIUM VULGARE (SAVI) TENORE.
Bull Thistle

A few in leaf-rosette stage only. On shore at bridge.

C. ARVENSE (L.) SCOP. Canada Thistle Occasional.

TARAXACUM OFFICINALE WEBER. Common Dandelion

Common on main area.

SONCHUS ASPER (L.) HILL. Spiny Annual Sow Thistle
Sparingly near bridge.

LACTUCA SCARIOLA L. Prickly Lettuce Only in disturbed bridge area.

*HIERACIUM FLORENTINUM ALL. King Devil

Common at upper end of main area.

Plants on Adjacent Riopelle and Lower Island (here so named) and not seen on Cunningham Island

EQUISITUM FLUVIATILE L. Pipes Lower Island.

DRYOPTERIS THELYPTERIS (L.) GRAY VAR. PUBESCENS (LAWSON) NAKAI Marsh Fern.
Riopelle Island.

PINUS STROBUS L. White Pine Riopelle Island.

TYPHA LATIFOLIA L. Cat-tail Riopelle Island.

POTAMOGETON SPIRILLUS TUCKERM.
Pondweed
Riopelle Island.

SAGITTARIA LATIFOLIA WILLD. f. GRA-CILIS (PURSH) ROBINSON Riopelle Island.

POPULUS DELTOIDES MARSH. Cottonwood Riopelle Island.

BETULA PAPYRIFERA Marsh. White Birch Riopelle Island.

LYTHRUM SALICARIA L. Purple Loosestrife

Lower Island.

EPILOBIUM GLANDULOSUM LEHM. VAR.

ADENOCAULON (HAUSSK.) FERN.

Riopelle Island. In crevice of bridge wall.

CONVOLVULUS SEPIUM L. Wild Morningglory

Lower Island.

CHELONE GLABRA L. Turtlehead Riopelle Island.

TRIOSTEUM AURANTIACUM BICKN. Feverwort

Riopelle Island. In 1927 reported on Cunningham Island.

HELENIUM AUTUMNALE L. Sneezeweed Lower Island.

Plants of Cunningham Island, 1927. Occurrence not substantiated in 1953.

BOTRYCHIUM SP. Grape Fern.

TAXUS CANADENSIS MARSH. Ground Hemlock.

BROMUS SP. Brome Grass.

Chickweed.

URTICA PROCERA MUHL. Slender Nettle.
RUMEX ACETOSELLA L. Sheep Sorrel.
ATRIPLEX SP. Orach.

STELLARIA MEDIA (L) CYRILL. Common

THALICTRUM DIOICUM L. Early Meadow-

MENISPERMUM CANADENSE L. Canada Moonseed.

CORYDALIS AUREA WILLD. Golden Corydalis.

FUMARIA OFFICINALIS L. Common Fumitory

SISYMBRIUM OFFICINALIS (L.) SCOP. Hedge Mustard.

CAPSELLA BURSA-PASTORIS (L.) MEDIC. Shepherd's Purse.

PENTHORUM SEDOIDES L. Ditch Stone-crop.

POTENTILLA NORVEGICA L. Rough Cinquefoil.

TRIFOLIUM PRATENSE L. Red Clover.

DESMODIUM SP. Tick Trefoil.

IMPATIENS CAPENSIS MEERB. Spotted Touch-me-not.

VIOLA CANADENSIS L. Canada Violet.

EPILOBIUM ANGUSTIFOLIUM L. Fire weed.

LAPPULA SP. Bluebur.

VERBASCUM THAPSUS L. Common Mullein.

PLANTAGO MAJOR L. Common Plantain.
TRIOSTEUM AURANTIACUM BICKN.

Feverwort.

SYMPHORICARPUS ALBUS (L.) BLAKE. Snowberry.

ANAPHALIS MARGARITACEA (L.)
BENTH. VAR. INTERCEDENS HARA.
Pearly Everlasting.

SENECIO SP. Ragwort.

TARAXACUM ERYTHROSPERMUM ANDRZ. Red-seeded Dandelion.

PRENANTHES SP. Rattlesnake-root.

The second list, plants seen only on adjacent islands, is reasonably supplementary to the main list since absence from it can be little more than fortuitous. For plants occurring on each, as the majority do, there are differences of incidence but not such as to suggest dissimilar ecology.

The third list is of plants recorded in 1927 but not again found on Cunningham Island. They may be casualties of the interval as, for instance, Corydalis and Fumaria, which have also failed to be found where they had been known on the mainland nearby. Triosteum may have been on both islands formerly. With more careful separation from the species found Common Plantain and Red-seeded Dandelion could perhaps have been shown still present. Misidentifications cannot be ruled out entirely and seem a probability in the case of Melilotus which had been listed before, no doubt without benefit of flowers, as the yellow species.

Summary

Plants distinguished (with a few exceptions) to the species — 232, as against 140 in 1927.

Plants seen on the two adjacent islands only would, if included, bring the total to 246.

More critical collection of some genera, i.e. Salix, Rubus and among the grasses and sedges, could very well extend the list, and is a challenge to workers in such groups.

Plants in the 1927 list not again accounted for number 30. This, together with the lengthened list of 1953 indicates, undoubtedly, some actual losses and gains of species but it would not be easy to say how much, particularly of gain, in view of unequal closeness of survey at the two dates.

One of the interesting outcomes of the project is its demonstration of how extensive an association of plants is possible on so few acres.

A rough breakdown of the flora to its main habitats is about as follows:

Main dry area of island	55%
Rocky shoreline	23%
Sediment of lower end	11%
Modified environs of bridge	8%
Water off-shore	3%

It appears that trees and shrubs, in similar number of species, form nearly one fifth of the list. Grasses and sedges, also about equally divided, form another fifth. Compositae to the number of 30, are somewhat short of one fifth. Thus these three groups alone comprise more than half of all species.

BIRD OBSERVATIONS FROM SOUTHERN KEEWATIN AND THE INTERIOR OF NORTHERN MANITOBA 1

Farley M. Mowat and Andrew H. Lawrie Toronto, Ont.

DURING the years 1947 to 1949 the authors spent a substantial period in the interior of southern and central Keewatin District and in adjacent areas of northern Manitoba. The bird observations made during these years are presented here as a contribution to the rather meagre knowledge of the avifauna of these regions.

During 1947, observations were made by Mowat in the vicinity of Nueltin Lake; on the Thlewiaza River; and on th canoe routes from Nueltin Lake south to Brochet on Reindeer Lake. During 1948, both authors worked together at Nueltin Lake and in the vicinity of Angikuni Lake, while Lawrie spent some time alone at Nueltin in late autumn, and Mowat spent a similar length of time alone at Brochet. In 1949, Lawrie, accompanied by D. Peterson, made observations at Beverly Lake, Nueltin Lake and Baker Lake. Table 1 gives a chronological chart showing the locations of the observers for specific dates.

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