#### REFERENCES CITED

BISCHOFF, G., and ZIEGLER, W. 1957. Die Conodontenchronologie des Mitteldevons und des tiefsten Oberdevons: Abh. hess. L.-Amt Bodenforsch. 22: 136

BRYANT, W. L. 1921. The Genesee conodonts: Buffalo Soc. Nat. Hist. Bull. 13 (2): 59

HUDDLE, J. W. 1934. Conodonts from the New Albany Shale of Indiana: Bull. Am. Paleontology 21 (72): 136

KLAPPER, G., LINDSTRÖM, M., and ZIEGLER, W. 1967. *Polygnathus* Hinde, 1879 (Conodonta): proposed designation of a type-species under the plenary powers. Z.N.(S.) 1796. *Bull. zool. Nomenclature* 24 (4): 239–242.

MÜLLER, K. J., and CLARK, D. L. 1967. Polygnathus dubius Hinde, 1879 (Conodonta): proposed designation of a neotype under the plenary powers. Bull. zool. Nomenclature 24 (4): 242-243

SABROSKY, C. W. 1968. Comment on the type-species of the conodont genus Polygnathus. Bull. zool. Nomenclature 24 (6): 328

STAUFFER, C. R. 1938. Conodonts of the Olentangy Shale. Jour. Paleont. 12 (5): 411-443

ZIEGLER, W., KLAPPER, G., and LINDSTRÖM, M. 1964. The validity of the name *Polygnathus* ((Conodonta) Devonian and Lower Carboniferous). *Jour. Paleont.* 38 (2): 421-423

# COMMENT ON THE PROPOSED SUPPRESSION OF ATTUS OBSCURUS TACZANOWSKI, 1872. Z.N.(S.) 1770 (see volume 23, page 255)

By J. Proszyński and W. Staręga (Institute of Zoology, Polish Academy of Sciences, Warsaw, Poland)

According to Dr. Galiano's motion the senior synonym, obscurus—in two combinations—has been quoted twice by Taczanowski himself and then twice in two catalogues: Petrunkevitch, 1911 (Bull. Amer. Mus. nat. Hist. 29: 648) and Bonnet, 1956 (Bibliographia Araneorum 2: 1884). To that we can add a third quotation, apparently overlooked by Dr. M. E. Galiano: Roewer, 1954 (Katalog der Araneae 2: 1181) as well as a fourth: Caporiacco, 1948 (Proc. zool. Soc. London 118: 723)—a description of a female specimen referred to as Akela obscura.

So there are three recent quotations of the senior synonym—in 1948, 1954 and 1956—two of which are in authoritative catalogues, universally considered as basic works for recent arachnology, and one is a description. Therefore the specific name obscurus Taczanowski, 1872, used in consecutive combinations as Attus obscurus, Evophrys obscurus (or obscura), Akela obscura, cannot be considered as a nomen oblitum

It is not possible to claim that the junior synonym Cyrene bulbosa Cambridge, 1901, and its other combinations has been more commonly used because Dr. M. E. Galiano can refer to 6 quotations only (including two in her own papers and two in catalogues, one of which is already 57 years old).

We therefore propose that the Commission reject Dr. Galiano's motion and retain the specific name *obscurus* Taczanowski, 1872, a valid name for the species which should now be referred to as *Freya obscura* (Taczanowski, 1872).



Proszynski, J and Starega, W. 1969. "Comment on the proposed suppression of Attus obscurus Taczanowski, 1872. Z.N.(S)1770." *The Bulletin of zoological nomenclature* 26, 9. <a href="https://doi.org/10.5962/bhl.part.9846">https://doi.org/10.5962/bhl.part.9846</a>.

View This Item Online: <a href="https://www.biodiversitylibrary.org/item/44468">https://www.biodiversitylibrary.org/item/44468</a>

**DOI:** <a href="https://doi.org/10.5962/bhl.part.9846">https://doi.org/10.5962/bhl.part.9846</a>

Permalink: <a href="https://www.biodiversitylibrary.org/partpdf/9846">https://www.biodiversitylibrary.org/partpdf/9846</a>

### **Holding Institution**

Natural History Museum Library, London

### Sponsored by

Natural History Museum Library, London

## **Copyright & Reuse**

Copyright Status: In copyright. Digitized with the permission of the rights holder.

Rights Holder: International Commission on Zoological Nomenclature

License: <a href="http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc-sa/3.0/">http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc-sa/3.0/</a>

Rights: <a href="https://biodiversitylibrary.org/permissions">https://biodiversitylibrary.org/permissions</a>

This document was created from content at the **Biodiversity Heritage Library**, the world's largest open access digital library for biodiversity literature and archives. Visit BHL at https://www.biodiversitylibrary.org.