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ESTABLISHED 1889.

F. W. BOLGIANO,
 1900. ...Seedsman... 1900.

HAS WON CONFIDENCE FOR ELEVEN YEARS.

BOLGIANO'S
PRIZE TAKER TOMATO.

Our True Stock of this TOMATO SEED is Best for the WASHINGTON MARKET.

PRIZE TAKER TOMATO.

TRULY THE BEST.
 HANDSOME IN COLOR.
 MOST PRODUCTIVE.
 FREE FROM BLIGHT.
 A FINE SHIPPER.
 WEIGHS HEAVY.
 IT WILL KEEP.
 BEAUTIFUL WHEN SLICED.
 EXCELLENT FLAVOR.
 LARGE FAULTLESS FRUIT.
 BRINGS MOST MONEY.

Packets5 and 10 cents.
 Ounce.....15 cents.
 2 ounces.....25 cents.
 1/4 pound.....40 cents.
 Pound.....\$1.25

AGENT FOR
ARMOUR & COMPANY'S
... FERTILIZERS ...

I have now been handling ARMOUR & CO.'S (of Chicago) goods for over five years. We have given them a thorough trial and believe that they are the best goods now offered. They make high grade Animal Matter Fertilizer.

From their immense slaughtering house at Chicago, you will appreciate their facilities for having good material.

Their Fertilizers are high grade. Trucking goods and the analysis I have ordered in are of the highest quality.

F. W. BOLGIANO,
 935 B Street, N. W., 1339 14th Street, N. W.,
 WASHINGTON, D. C.
 TELEPHONE 896.
 SPECIAL QUOTATIONS BY LETTER FOR LARGE ORDERS ON APPLICATION.

ASPARAGUS - Spargel.

One Ounce to Fifty Feet of Drill. Four Pounds to Acre.

ASPARAGUS.

✓ **Columbia Mammoth White** — A new variety, producing white stalks of large size and finest quality. A valuable introduction. Two-year old roots, per 100 by mail, \$1.25; \$2.50 for 500 roots; \$4.50 per 1000 roots.

✓ **Conover's Colossal** — A well-known standard variety. Two-year-old roots, 60c. per 100 — by mail, 90c.; \$3.50 per 1000 roots.

✓ **New Palmetto** — Is very early, large yielding, and very regular and even in its growth. Average bunches contain 15 shoots, measuring thirteen and one-half inches in circumference, and weight two pounds. It is equally well adapted for all sections. Its quality is unequalled. Two-year-old roots, per 100, \$1.00; by mail, \$1.25. Per 1000 roots, \$3.50.

✓ **Donald's Elmira Asparagus Roots**. Two-year-old, per 100, \$1.00; by mail, \$1.30. Per 1000 roots, \$4.50.

Culture of Asparagus Roots.

No effort put forth in the garden will bring more pleasure and satisfaction than an established asparagus bed, if it is thoroughly prepared according to the following directions: A bed 20 feet by 50 feet, set with two-year-old roots, will last for years and furnish abundance of asparagus for any family.

Send by mail, if you cannot get to see us.

We will send you Seeds that have been saved with great care.

You will be pleased with the crops and satisfied with our prices.

When Best to Order.

We are fully equipped for filling orders, and fully supplied with Fresh Seeds. Order at once, so that you can have your Seed on hand ready to start planting your crops at the proper time without any delay.

Be Sure to Sign Your Name and Address.

If by boat or railroad, say distinctly which boat or railroad to ship by, and if freight has to be prepaid, add this amount of money to your order to prevent delay.

SPECIAL. If to go by Express, add 8c. per lb. in small quantities.

In large quantities, by prepaying expressage, we get the advantage of the regular merchandise rate to your express office, *less 20 per cent.*, which insures quick transportation at a small cost to the customer.

Two-Bushel Cotton Seamless Bags, 15c. each.

One bushel, 10c. each. Onion Sets Bags, holding two bushels (not strong enough for Peas and Beans), 5c. each.

This Catalogue Contains Order Sheet and an Envelope directed to us.

Upon the Order Sheet we hope you will send us a trial order, that we may convince you of the merits of our Seed.

Address all letters

F. W. BOLGIANO,

935 B STREET, N. W.,

1339 14TH STREET,

TELEPHONE 896.

WASHINGTON, D. C.

DWARF OR SNAP BEANS.

Add 15 cents per quart extra if to be sent by mail.
One quart to 100 feet of drill; two bushels to the acre.

Price of Beans subject to fluctuation without notice. Latest quotations on application.

GREEN POD BUSH BEANS.

"Earliest" Red Valentine Beans.—The best bean for winter and early spring planting. It is fully ten days' earlier than the ordinary Red Valentine. This is the favorite sort for growers who supply the early markets. It is usually ready to pick in thirty-five days from time of planting. They stand shipment perfectly. Canners use them for their packing because they are stringless, always tender and have beautiful round pods— $\frac{1}{2}$ Pint, 10c. Pint, 15c. Quart, 25c. Gallon, \$1.00. Peck, \$1.75. Bushel, \$6.50.

Refugee Extra Early Round Green Pod.—It differs from the ordinary Refugee, or 1000 to 1, being from three to four weeks earlier in maturing. Has a beautiful round pod of a delicate green color, which makes a perfect bean for canners and for shipping purposes. It is tender, stringless and always bears an abundant crop— $\frac{1}{2}$ Pint, 10c. Pint, 15c. Quart, 25c. Gallon, \$1.00. Peck, \$1.75. Bushel, \$7.00.

Stringless Green Pod (Burpee's).—This variety is positively stringless and remains tender and crisp longer after maturity than any other variety. The pods are of pale green, long and straight, perfectly round and meaty, maturing with the earliest of the green-pod varieties—Pkt., 10c. Pint, 20c. Quart, 35c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Peck, \$1.25. Peck, \$2.00. Bushel, \$8.00.

Dwarf Horticultural.—Dwarf Horticultural, or Dwarf Cherry, a splendid bean for use on the table as a snap bean or for winter use. It is large, meaty and meets the requirements of the markets, the table and shippers— $\frac{1}{2}$ Pint, 10c. Pint, 20c. Quart, 30c. Gallon, \$1.00. Peck, \$1.75. Bushel, \$6.00.

Speckled Horticultural or Cherry Pole.—Very productive; equally good in the green state or when shelled— $\frac{1}{2}$ Pint, 10c. Pint, 15c. Quart, 30c.

White Navy Beans.—Pint, 10c. Quart, 20c. Gallon, 30c. Peck, 50c. Bushel, \$2.00.

Yellow Six-Week.—A most delicate and early Bean. None better. Has green pods— $\frac{1}{2}$ Pint, 10c. Pint, 15c. Quart, 25c. Peck, \$2.00. Bushel, \$8.00.

YELLOW POD BUSH BEANS.

New Davis Kidney Wax.—A new, rustless, productive wax podded bean. Vigorous, bearing near the centre many clusters of pods, often extending over the foliage. Every pod is long, white and handsome, there being fewer short and misshaped pods than in other sorts. When young the pods are brittle, crisp and tender. Dry beans are kidney-shaped, white and fine for baking. The variety is so hardy and productive that it is one of the best of all for field culture. Unequalled for canners' use; a boom to the market gardener and a gratification to the amateur— $\frac{1}{2}$ Pint, 10c. Pint, 15c. Quart, 25c. Gallon, \$1.00. Peck, \$1.50. Bushel, \$6.00.

Currie's Rust Proof Wax Bean.—Market gardeners and truckers are loud with their praise of this most wonderful bean. It is the earliest bush bean grown; very productive; pods long, flat, tender and of fine quality. Excellent shipper— $\frac{1}{2}$ Pint, 10c. Pint, 15c. Quart, 25c. Gallon, 75c. Peck, \$1.75. Bushel, \$7.00.

Golden-Eyed Wax.—This is an early and vigorous-growing variety, yielding a great profusion of tender pods of a beautiful waxy appearance. The vine grows about one and a half feet high, holding the pods well off the ground, thus keeping them clean and attractive. It is singularly free from blight and rust. The pods are flat and large— $\frac{1}{2}$ Pint, 10c. Pint, 15c. Quart, 25c. Peck, \$1.25. Bushel, \$5.00.

Extra Early Refuge Wax Bean.—Produces an enormous crop of pods of a clear, transparent color. It remains tender longer than any other wax sort, and is practically ever-bearing— $\frac{1}{2}$ Pint, 10c. Pint, 15c. Quart, 25c. Gallon, 75c. Peck, \$1.25. Bushel, \$5.00.

Improved Prolific Black Wax.—Pods are creamy yellow, tender and productive. The most popular wax bean— $\frac{1}{2}$ Pint, 10c. Pint, 15c. Quart, 25c. Gallon, \$1.00. Peck, \$1.75. Bushel, \$6.00.

WARDWELL'S KIDNEY WAX.

This variety is very hardy, and both pod and plants are more robust than usual for a wax bean. The shape of the beans is distinct from all other wax varieties, being of a perfect kidney shape. It produces a heavy crop of purely wax pods, which are very long, flat, showy and not liable to rust or blister. Very early— $\frac{1}{2}$ Pint, 10c. Pint, 15c. Quart, 25c. Peck, \$1.75. Bushel, \$7.00.

Culture of Beans.—Dwarf beans may not be safely planted until the middle of April, owing to late frost, but may be planted thereafter, as desired, until the middle of August. Select high, rich soil, make drill two feet apart drop beans along the rows and cover with earth. Hoe often and keep earth to the stems.

LARGE BUSH LIMA BEAN.

PARTICULARLY FINE THIS SEASON.

Is an immense yielder, each bush bearing from fifty to two hundred of the handsome large pods, well filled with very large beans, which are identical in size and luscious flavor to the well-known large Pole Limas. By the introduction of this most valuable novelty, the largest and best Lima Beans can now be raised in quantity at small cost, without the expense and labor attached to the use of poles— $\frac{1}{2}$ Pint, 10c. Pint, 15c. Quart, 25c. Gallon, \$1.00. Peck, \$1.75. Bushel, \$7.00.

Dreer's Bush Large Lima Bean.—This remarkable bush bean produces pods in great abundance, 185 having been counted on a single plant. It requires no poles or stakes. The beans grow close together, three, four and sometimes five in a pod, and very thick, sweet and succulent. It ripens fully ten days earlier than any of the Pole Limas— $\frac{1}{2}$ Pint, 10c. Pint, 15c. Quart, 25c. Gallon, \$1.00. Peck, \$2.00. Bushel, \$8.00.

POLE LIMA.

One quart to 150 hills; 10 to 12 quarts to the acre.

Add 15 cents per quart on Lima Beans if to be sent by mail.

Large Lima.—Large white bean, very tender; used without shell; equally good in winter, if soaked ten hours before cooking— $\frac{1}{2}$ Pint, 10c. Pint, 15c. Quart 25c. Gallon, \$1.00. Peck, \$1.75. Bushel, \$6.00.

Ford's Mammoth Extra Large Lima Bean.—Its pods are large in size, containing from 5 to 8 mammoth beans. In quality they are unsurpassed, and excel other varieties for productiveness— $\frac{1}{2}$ Pint, 10c. Pint, 15c. Quart, 25c. Gallon, \$1.00. Peck, \$1.75. Bushel, \$7.00.

King of Garden Lima Beans.—Outrivals all other Pole Lima Beans. Its vine has a luxuriant growth, which abounds with enormous pods, often from five to eight inches long, and filled frequently with five or six perfect beans to a pod. These beans, in their green state, are quite large and luscious, but when dry shrink to the ordinary size. It is large, early, prolific and unequalled in quality— $\frac{1}{2}$ Pint, 10c. Pint, 15c. Quart, 25c. Gallon, \$1.00. Peck, \$1.75. Bushel, \$6.00.

Dreer's Improved Pole Lima.—The distinctive features of this are early maturity, large yield and extra quality. The bean itself is thick and round, rather than oval shaped, as most other Limas are— $\frac{1}{2}$ Pint, 10c. Pint, 15c. Quart, 25c. Gallon, \$1.00. Peck, \$1.75. Bushel, \$6.00.

Culture of Pole Lima.—Choose light soil and make small hills three feet apart, having previously spaded deeply and fertilized. Plant long poles two feet deep in the centre of the hills. Allow six beans to each hill, covering them barely beneath the surface, their eyes downward. Do not allow more than three to climb a pole, but remove extra plants to hills where less than three have sprouted. The Lima Bean is very delicate, and often fails to sprout from slight causes; they should not be planted until the ground is warm.

First and last, I have used Seed from your house over fifty years, and have always found them No. "one." W. F. LIPPITT, West Virginia

BEETS.

Our beet seed is grown from **SELECTED TRANS-PLANTED ROOTS** and has given truckers and market gardeners, who appreciate a high standard of perfection, the utmost satisfaction. One ounce will sow fifty feet of soil, 5 to 6 pounds for an acre. The soil best suited for beet culture is that which is rather light and well enriched. Sow in drills 1 foot apart and 1 inch deep as early as the ground can be worked; when the plants are large enough thin out to stand 6 inches apart in rows; continue sowing for a succession as late as the middle of August. Keep well cultivated.

CROSBY'S IMPROVED EGYPTIAN BEET.

Crosby Extra Early.—A very superior strain of blood-red Egyptian, carefully selected for years by Mr. Crosby, a noted market gardener, whose aim was to secure a perfect forcing variety. The results obtained were handsome form, good size, few small tops, very small tap root, fine quality, and above all, quick, rapid growth. The shape is very desirable, not quite so flat as the ordinary Egyptian, nor so round as the Eclipse. Best shape for packing and shipping. Takes on its turnip shape and looks well even in the early stages of its growth, on which account it is preferred. This is a decided advantage to those who force for real early market, and especially for a market where beets are sold in bunches. Once used it is *preferred to all others* for forcing in frames or for first sowing outside—Packets, 5c and 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 15c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Pound, 25c. Pound, 40c.

Extra Early Flat Egyptian.—A famous variety for either market or private gardens; is from ten to twelve days earlier than the old blood turnip. The roots are large in size and of a rich, deep crimson color. From the smallness of the tops of the Egyptian at least one-fourth more can be grown on the same space than any other variety—Packets 5c. and 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 15c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Pound, 20c. 1 Pound, 30c.

Early Market Beet.—This is very early, and makes a large, marketable beet sooner than many other sorts begin to bulb. When cut it has a beautiful red color, which makes it attractive at the table. It is very shapely in form, good size for market purposes, and retains all its tenderness. It pleases everybody, sells well everywhere, hence continually grows more and more in favor—Packet, 5c. Ounce, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 15c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Pound, 25c. Pound, 40c.

Bolignano's Early Blood Red Turnip Beet.—Handsome in shape, early deep red color, and gives satisfaction to the most practical and experienced growers—Packets, 5c. and 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 15c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Pound, 25c. 1 Pound, 40c.

**BOLIGNANO'S
EXTRA EARLY ECLIPSE BEET.**

The remarkable demand and the ever increasing popularity of this beet would compel us, if we had not from our own tests passed judgment upon it, to rank it among the most valuable varieties we have for either market or private gardens. It was introduced from Germany as a selection or hybrid from the famous Egyptian. It is remarkable for its very rapid growth, the perfection of its form—which is globular—of its beautiful crimson flesh and for its dwarf foliage. The roots are of a bright glossy red, very fine grained and of a delicious flavor. Packet, 5c. Ounce, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound 15c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Pound, 20c. 1 Pound, 35c.

Lentz's Extra Early Blood Turnip.—We recommend it as containing all the valuable essentials of an early beet. It is nearly as early as the Egyptian, but larger and of better quality, of fine, dark red color, tender and sweet at all times, whether old or young. It has a very small top, and will produce a crop in *six weeks from time of planting* the seed. It is very productive and a good keeper. Always tender. Packet, 5c. Ounce, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 15c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Pound, 20c. 1 Pound, 30c.

Early Large Egyptian.—None better for an early or general crop than the large Egyptian; handsome shape, and does not crack open. This crop commands a good market all the season through. Packets, 5c. and 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 15c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Pound, 25c. 1 Pound, 40c.

EDMAND'S BLOOD TURNIP BEET.

This is the most thoroughly fixed and uniform in type. The flesh is deep blood red in color, and exceedingly sweet and tender in quality. It is round and smooth in shape and of good market size. It does not grow over large, where room is permitted, as many kinds are apt to do, therefore needs not to be thinned so much as most varieties. It grows a small top, and but a single tap root, which fact commends itself to the gardener's attention who grows beets for bunching purposes.

Packets, 5c. and 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 15c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Pound, 25c. Pound, 40c.

SPECIAL STOCKS.— F. W. BOLGIANO'S CABBAGE SEEDS.

For sureness of crops, for trueness of kinds, for solidity and uniformity of heads, we challenge the world. Crops from our seed bespeak their own praise in the field. We thank our many customers for their voluntary testimonials of praise and satisfaction.

CULTURE OF CABBAGE.

One oz. will produce about 2500 plants; quantity to transplant for 1 acre 1-4 lb.

For very early use sow in January or February in hot-beds; put out when the plants are strong enough into other hot-beds; or sow in cold frames in March; transplant when danger from killing frosts is passed to the open ground, in rows, 2 feet apart and 18 inches in the row. For a succession sow in the open ground the last of March or early in April. The autumn and winter varieties sow in April or early in May, in shallow drills, 8 or 4 inches apart; transplant early in July, in rows, 2½ feet apart, and 2 feet in the row. Cabbage succeeds best in a fresh, rich soil, well manured, and deeply dug or plowed. The late plants are subject to attacks of the cabbage-fly, which destroys them as fast as they appear above ground. To preserve the plant sprinkle them with wood-ashes, air-slack lime, plaster, slug-shot or tobacco-dust early in the morning while the plants are wet with dew.

NEW LARGE OR CHARLESTON WAKEFIELD, TRUE AMERICAN GROWN.

It is about five days later than early Jersey Wakefield, the heads are fully one-half larger and quite solid. It is very compact in growth and can easily be planted in rows 2 feet apart and 20 inches in the rows. One great advantage, it does not burst open when ripe, like many other early sorts, and consequently can be left standing on the ground a long while without injury until a favorable opportunity for cutting—Packets, 5c. and 10c. Ounce, 25. 2 Ounces, 50. ½ Pound, 90c. Pound, \$3.50.

NEW QUEEN VICTORIA CABBAGE, TRUE AMERICAN GROWN.

A splendid type of the very large early cabbage, suitable for the most ambitious cabbage growers. Owing to its large frame it is often cut before maturity and outsells the smaller sorts, and is marketed at the same time. If left to fully mature its heads become perfectly solid. It continuously grows in favor—Packet, 10c. Ounce, 25c. ½ Pound, 90c. Pound, \$3.50.

Early Winnigstadt—(The Prussian Prize Stock).—The popularity of the Winnigstadt Cabbage in all sections of the world is proverbial, but there is a great difference in the quality of the stocks. Some will produce heads of twice the size of others; the finest is grown in Northern Prussia; it is from this section that this famous stock was introduced a few years since, which has become very popular with our market gardeners, and especially so with the Germans; it is invaluable—Packets 5c. and 10c. Ounce, 15c. ½ Pound, 50c. Pound, \$1.50.

EXTRA EARLY EXPRESS CABBAGE. SUITABLE FOR MARKET GARDENERS FOR VERY EARLY CROPS.

This is the *Best Extra Early Cabbage*. It is earlier than Wakefield, and perfectly solid. Growers use it for *very early shipments*, to secure the first prices of the season, when cabbage often brings the highest prices. Most all very early cabbages make soft heads, but this makes solid heads—Packets, 5c. and 10c. Ounce, 25c. 2 Ounces, 50c. ½ Pound, 90c. Pound, \$3.50.

MANGEL-WURZEL BEETS FOR CATTLE FOOD.

Four Pounds to the Acre.

Giant Mangel-Wurzel.—*The Heaviest Cropping and Best Long Mangel*. This mammoth variety grows to an immense size, single roots weighing 20 to 30 pounds each, and always of *very fine texture and good quality*. It is remarkable for the broad shoulder and massive shape of the root by which a great

weight is obtained without coarseness. In England it has produced from *sixty to seventy-five tons* of roots per acre—Packets, 5c. and 10c. ½ Pound, 15c. Pound, 30c. 5 Pounds for \$1.00.

Golden Tankard Yellow-Fleshed Mangel.—This distinct variety is a most important addition to our list of roots for stock feeding, as it contains less water and more sugar than any other Mangel. A special feature is the rich, deep yellow color of the flesh, nutritious and milk producing qualities. In England, where it is considered indispensable for dairy farming, large dairy farmers state that they are not only able to obtain a higher price per gallon for milk from cows fed on this Mangel, but also that the cows are in much better condition—Packets, 5c. and 10c. ½ Pound, 15c. Pound, 30c. 5 Pounds for \$1.00.

Improved Sugar Beets for Making Sugar.—Is a very large growing sort; used also for feeding stock. Recommended as hardy and very productive, yielding thirty-five to forty tons to the acre, and containing a greater percentage of sugar.—Packets, 5c. and 10c. ½ Pound, 15c. Pound, 30c. 5 Pounds, \$1.00.

Culture Cattle Beets.—They should be sown from April to June in drills 2 feet apart, and afterwards thinned out to stand 1 foot apart in the rows. Keep well cultivated, and you will have an abundant crop of roots for winter use.

SPECIAL STOCKS.**Bolgiano's Selected Jersey Wakefield Cabbage. True American Grown.**

This is the most popular very early cabbage with market gardeners all over the country. It is grown in vast quantities for shipment to Northern cities. Unequalled for size, solidity, earliness, uniformity and trueness, is the universal verdict of cabbage growers. Our stock of Wakefield is the earliest in cultivation. Every cabbage grower should use our Wakefield.

Bolgiano's Early Large York.—This is a very valuable early variety, and follows the Express and Etampes in heading. The heads are round, heart-shaped and very firm. Its dwarf growth will permit them being planted closely together, say in rows one foot apart, and eight inches from plant to plant—Packets, 5c. and 10c. Ounce, 15c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 50c. 1 Pound, \$1.50.

Early French Ox-Heart.—This variety succeeds the Large York in heading, producing a medium-sized solid head, and is considered one of the best varieties—Packets, 5c. and 10c. Ounce, 15c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 50c. 1 Pound, \$1.50.

Bolgiano's New Early Cabbage, True American Grown.—This is the finest large very early cabbage. Forms solid, compact heads, and the leaves grow close to the head, thus allowing many more cabbages to be grown on the acre than any other sort. Its earliness is one of its remarkable features. *This cabbage is said to be worm-proof by leading growers*—Packets, 5c. and 10c. Ounce, 20c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 60c. 1 Pound, \$2.00.

All Head Early Cabbage, True American Grown.—For uniformity, reliability of heading, size, earliness and quality it is very superior

BOLGIANO'S NEW EARLY.

Its heads grow so compact and free from spreading leaves that fully 1000 more heads can be obtained to the acre—Packets 5c. and 10c. Ounce, 15c. 2 Ounces, 25c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 60c. Pound, \$2.00.

Bolgiano's Early Flat Dutch Cabbage, True American Grown.—Stands the tests of long experience. No early cabbage is truer or surer. It was the favorite with the best gardeners of the past generation and produces crops equal to any of the new sorts of recent introduction. The heads are large and solid and certainly matures very early—just behind the Select Jersey Wakefield, and may be marketed at the same time with the Wakefield. In every respect it is a cabbage worthy of cultivation. We are proud of our stock of Early Flat Dutch Cabbage—Packets, 5c. and 10c. Ounce, 15c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 50c. Pound, \$2.00.

Sure Head Cabbage (Pedigree Stock), True American Grown.—Produces large, round, flattened heads that are all head with few outer leaves, and it is always sure to head very uniform, firm, and weighs from 10 to 15 pounds each. Splendid shipper and of an excellent quality—Packet, 5c. and 10c. Ounce, 15c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 50c. Pound, \$2.00.

Brussels Sprouts Cabbages.—A species of the cabbage family which produces miniature heads from the sides of the stalk. These heads are a great delicacy, boiled in the same way as cauliflower. The seed should be sown about the middle of May, in a seed bed, and the plants afterwards set in rows 2 feet or more apart, and cultivated like cabbage. This vegetable does not require extremely high cultivation, however. It is ready for use late in autumn, after the early frosts—Packets 5c. and 10c. Ounce, 20c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 75c. Pound, \$2.50.

BOLGIANO'S EARLY FLAT DUTCH.

EXTRA LARGE FLAT DUTCH CABBAGE.

Market Gardeners'

Choicest Stock.

True American Grown.

The Extra Flat Dutch Cabbage fits a long felt want of our cabbage growers. They anxiously looked for a variety which included large size, solidity, uniformity, good keeping qualities and *quick development*, so that by planting later than was necessary with the old Flat Dutch they could avoid the cabbage worm and yet mature their crop. Hence the Extra Flat Dutch quickly became a favorite, and growers find it has all the good qualities of a valuable late crop and matures in three weeks less time than the Late Flat Dutch—Packets, 5c and 10c. Ounce, 20c. 2 Ounces, 35c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 60c. Pound, \$2.00.

SPECIAL STOCKS. NEW EARLY SUCCESSION CABBAGE SEED, TRUE AMERICAN GROWN.

A wonderful cabbage for solidity, productiveness, and fine large heads. Matures early, has handsome color and fine quality. A true sure header, for early or late crop, and uniform throughout the entire field. We never sent out a cabbage which gave more satisfaction than this did. Packets, 5c. and 10c. Ounce, 20c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 75c. Pound, \$2.50.

Armager or Danish Bald-Head Cabbage.—This most excellent cabbage attracts the admiration of the best cabbage growers. It is very solid and outweighs any other cabbage of equal size and brings tip-top market prices. In form the head is round with flattened top, is a good keeper, first-class shipper and sells everywhere. Try it. Packets, 5c. and 10c. Ounce, 20c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 60c. Pound, \$2.00.

HENDERSON'S EARLY SUMMER CABBAGE SEED, TRUE AMERICAN GROWN.

In size, form, solidity and earliness this is truly a model cabbage. It heads just after our Jersey Wakefield, and commands the highest market prices. It matures at all seasons. Market gardeners say our Early Summer Cabbage is the truest they ever cultivated.

We advise those who have never used it to give it a trial—Packets, 5c. and 10c. Ounce, 15c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 60c. Pound, \$2.00.

BOLGIANO'S EARLY DRUMHEAD CABBAGE SEED, TRUE AMERICAN GROWN.

This popular variety follows the Early Summer in heading and is one of the most valuable varieties grown. It is ready for marketing two to three weeks earlier than the Late Drumheads, forms large solid rounded heads weighing on an average from 15 to 25 pounds each; as a market variety it is really indispensable, especially for the South, as it withstands the heat remarkably well—Packets, 5c. and 10c. Ounce, 15c. 2 Ounces, 25c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 50c. Pound, \$1.50.

SPECIAL STOCKS.

BOLGIANO'S IMPROVED SAVOY CABBAGE, TRUE AMERICAN GROWN.

This forms a very large solid head and the leaves are splendidly curled. Our stock of Savoy is unrivaled. It is unequalled for size and beauty and gives unqualified satisfaction wherever known. Should be grown everywhere—Packets, 5c. and 10c. Ounce, 15c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 50c. Pound, \$1.50.

Bolgiano's Superior Stock Large Late Drum Head Cabbage.—This splendid cabbage produces enormous heads, and is an all-head cabbage having few outer leaves, on which account it can be grown closer together. It is fine grained and has very solid and hard heads. Its good keeping quality makes it a first-class sort to carry over winter or for long distance shipping—Packets, 5c. and 10c. Ounce, 15c. 2 Ounces, 25c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 50c. Pound, \$1.50.

PREMIUM FLAT DUTCH, TRUE AMERICAN GROWN.

This is the favorite and standard of our old truckers and much improved by careful selections. It has long been the favorite sort for cold slaw and sour krout, and thousands of acres are cultivated annually to supply this demand. It matures just before severe frosts and keeps perfectly over winter. No new cabbage supersedes our select stock of the old Flat Dutch—Packets, 5c. and 10c. Ounce, 15c. 2 Ounces, 25c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 50c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Pound, 80c. Pound, \$1.50.

Mammoth Dutch Red Cabbage is the largest red cabbage and heads very solid, and is deep, red color to the very centre. No cabbage is better for boiling or for slaw, and its beautiful red color specially fits it for pickling—Packets, 5c. and 10c. Ounce, 20c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 60c. 1 Pound, \$2.00.

The Lupton Cabbage is a splendid late sort, heading after the second early sorts and sooner than the late Flat Dutch. It is particularly uniform in size and shape, holds its dark green color better than the late sorts. In all respects it is a superior late crop cabbage and is grown by many large growers of winter cabbage. *It is one of the best keepers we have* and comes out in the spring bright and fresh.—Packets, 5c. and 10c. Ounce, 25c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 75c. Pound, \$2.50.

THE FAMOUS NEW EARLY SPRING CABBAGE.

(Henderson's.)

It matures early as Jersey Wakefield and has a flat hard head with few outer leaves. Ounce, 20c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 75c. Pound, \$2.50.

NEW EARLY SPRING CABBAGE.

CAULIFLOWER.—Blumen=kole.

Early Snow Ball.—Best kind in cultivation. Dwarf, large heads and very early. Annually our sales have increased on this excellent cauliflower, and gardeners who use our stock like it better than any cauliflower they have ever tried, and found their crops very remunerative. Many who thought cauliflower of difficult culture now consider a crop as certain and as easily cultivated as other crops. Any locality could largely increase its acreage of cauliflower and find ready sale at profitable prices. Packets, 25c., 50c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Ounce, \$1.00. Per Ounce, \$2.00.

Extra Early Dwarf Erfurt (Extra Selected).—

Remarkable for reliability in heading. Very dwarf, with solid pure white heads of superior quality. If planted the first of March, heads nine to twelve inches in diameter will be ready in June—Packets, 5c., 10c., 25c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Ounce, 50c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Ounce, \$1.00. Ounce, \$1.50.

PRIDE OF MARKET CARROT.

Culture of Cauliflower.—Sow the seed in a hot-bed in January or February, and when the plants are large enough transplant three inches apart in boxes or in other hot-beds until time to plant out. If hardened off they are seldom injured by planting out, as early as the ground can be properly prepared, 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ feet apart each way. Keep them well hoed, and bring the earth gradually up to their stems, watering freely in dry weather, and especially when they begin to head. The cauliflower succeeds best when planted in frames at the close of winter and brought to maturity before the summer heat sets in. The late varieties mature in the autumn, and are sown and managed similar to winter cabbage.

CARROTS.**Gelbe-Ruben.**

One ounce will sow 100 feet of drill, 3 to 4 pounds for an acre.

Pride of the Market Carrot.—This beautiful medium-size, pointed root carrot is just what gardeners want for an early crop. In color, earliness, size, form and shape it excels all other sorts, and of course sells itself. Every person who had it last year wants it again this season, and others should be quick to cultivate a crop of such beautiful carrots—Packet, 5c. Ounce, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 20c. Pound, 75c.

Early Rubicon Carrot is a Half Long Orange Stump Rooted Carrot of a beautiful deep red orange color. It is earlier than Danver's, about the same length, but heavier and thicker at the shoulder, making it more productive. The leaves are also shorter, fewer and finer. It is a wonderfully heavy cropper, producing 30 to 40 tons to the acre under good culture—Packet, 5c. Ounce, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 20c. Pound, 75c.

Culture of Carrots.—Carrots to grow to perfection, require a deep, rich, sandy loam, well pulverized and deeply cultivated. For an early crop sow in May and June in drills about 1 foot apart, thinning out to 4 inches in the row; sow for winter crop in June and July. It is very important to tread the rows firmly after sowing seed.

IMPROVED LONG ORANGE CARROT

CARROTS.

HALF LONG CARROT.

Long Orange Improved.—One of the most desirable for either garden or field culture. It grows to a large size, fair specimens averaging 12 inches in length and 3 inches in diameter at the top. All who have cattle should raise a surplus of this carrot for feeding milch cows during winter. It increases the flow of milk, and imparts to the butter a rich golden color. It is more largely used than any other variety by market gardeners—Packets, 5c. and 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 15c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Pound, 30c. 1 Pound, 50c.

Half Long Orange.—A handsome, cylindrical-shaped carrot of good size. It is of rich, dark orange color, grows to a large size, is smooth and the flesh very close in texture, with little core. It is a first-class carrot for all soils, and it is claimed that under good cultivation it will yield the greatest weight per acre, with the smallest length of root of any now grown—Packets, 5c. and 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 15c. Pound, 60c.

Early Scarlet Horn.—This has always been the general favorite for an early crop. It is of a bright orange color, of delicate flavor. Owing to the shortness of the root it will grow in less depth of soil than other variety. The seed which we grow has a very great reputation among market gardeners for its beautiful color and form—Packets, 5c. and 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 15c. 1 Pound, 55c.

Danvers.—A new variety, of decided merit, rich in color, and handsome shape and stump-rooted—Packets, 5c. and 10c. 2 Ounces, 15c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 20c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Pound, 30c. 1 Pound, 50c.

Early Half-Long Scarlet Chantenay.—Is as early, as the Early Horn; but of twice its size, with broad shoulders and the root tapering abruptly at the ends—Packet, 5c. 1 Ounce, 10c. 2 Ounces, 15c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 20c. 1 Pound, 60c.

Early Half Long Nantes.—A fine intermediate carrot—Packet, 5c. 1 Ounce, 10c. 2 Ounces, 15c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 20c. 1 Pound, 60c.

Early Ox-Heart.—A French variety of recent introduction, which is a decided acquisition. It is intermediate between Half Long and Horn varieties and is perfectly distinct; the shape is nearly oval and color and quality all that can be desired—Packets, 5c. and 10c. 2 Ounces, 15c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 20c. 1 Pound, 60c.

CELERY.—Cellerie.

One Ounce will Produce about 3000 Plants.

Culture of Celery.—Sow the last of March or early in April, in an open border, in rich mellow ground, in shallow drills, watering freely in dry weather. By rolling or pressing in the seed the result will be more satisfactory than when only covered. Cut the tops off once or twice before planting out, to make them stocky. When the plants are 5 or 6 inches high, transplant the dwarf varieties 3 feet and the taller sorts 4 feet between the rows; plant 6 inches apart in the rows. Cultivate well, and when large enough blanch by earthing up. The first operation is that of "handling," generally done the beginning of September; after the soil has been drawn up with the hoe, it is drawn closer around each plant by the hand to keep the leaves firm in an upright position and prevent spreading. When the plants have become "set" in an upright position, and the celery is wanted for early use, they should be "banked." This is done by throwing the soil up as close to the plants as possible with a plow and finishing it with a spade, bringing the earth up nearly to the tops of the plants. The method employed now for protecting is by covering the tops of the banks with waterproof felt paper.

BOLGIANO'S GOLDEN HEART CELERY

Is the Market Gardeners' Favorite Celery.

This is the old standard sort which has satisfied gardeners these many years. It is crisp, solid, handsome and most excellent flavor, with a beautiful golden heart. It holds its own against all the new sorts and is more largely used than ever. And its merit will continue its great popularity with experienced growers—Packets, 5c. and 10c. Ounce, 15c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 40c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Pound, 75c. 1 Pound \$1.50.

BOLGIANO'S GOLDEN HEART CELERY.

French Golden Self-Blanching Celery (True Stock).

OUR NEW "VICTORY CELERY."

We so name this grand celery because it truly stands victorious over all. It has a greater amount of heart, is heavier, stouter and thicker than all its rivals. It is the most economical celery yet introduced, every particle being solid, crisp and of a delicious nutty flavor. Its beautiful, large, full golden heart and compact growth make it an ornament hard to surpass. It is a remarkable keeper, maintaining its firmness as late as May. Critical market gardeners have pronounced it to be of the finest quality, best keeper and most salable celery they have ever raised. It is ready for market by December—Packets, 5c. and 10c. Ounce, 15c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 50c. Pound, \$1.50.

NEW PERLE LE GRAND CELERY.

Experienced celery growers are surprised at the size and excellence of this celery. It is no longer on probation, for successive splendid crops prove its superiority. This season its size and quality have astounded old gardeners. It keeps in perfect condition over winter and after other sorts are gone. Its large, full, golden heart and rich, nutty flavor leaves a pleasant taste behind. It is customary with seedsmen to charge high prices for such excellent productions, but we prefer to send them out at low prices to introduce them widely and quickly—Packets, 5c. and 10c. Ounce, 20c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 50c. Pound, \$1.50.

Louisiana, Feb. 6th, '99.
Your cabbage seed did very well. I will get all of my seed from you.
Yours truly, CHAS. ESTEVES.

I am highly pleased with your B. B. tomato. Their superiority over other kinds is the talk of our town.
MORGAN MITCHELL, Balto. Co., Md.

I have used your seed for four years on the Manatee river, Florida. I found them as good a variety as I ever used.
C. G. BARNES, Alabama.

Your FAMOUS B. B. are the finest TOMATO I ever grew.
S. W. JACKSON, Florida.

FRENCH GOLDEN SELF-BLANCHING CELERY.

This is the best celery in cultivation for market gardeners. Since its introduction, in 1884, it has been steadily increasing in sales, until now it is the main early celery raised by market gardeners in the vicinity of Baltimore. The beautiful appearance of the plant, with its close habit, compact growth and straight, vigorous stalks, is faithfully shown in the illustration. The ribs are perfectly solid, crisp, brittle and of delicious flavor when blanched with earth; but when the blanching is done with boards it is apt to be more stringy. It is self-blanching to a very remarkable degree, for without banking up or any covering whatever, even the outer ribs become a handsome, fresh, yellowish white color. The heart is large and solid and of a beautiful, rich, golden yellow color. No variety can surpass it, indeed equal the French Golden—Packets, 5c. and 10c. Ounce, 25c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, \$1.00. $\frac{1}{2}$ Pound, \$1.75. Pound, \$3.50.

Paris Golden Self-Blanching Celery.—An American selection from the celebrated French Golden Self-Blanching largely used by market gardeners—Packets, 5c. and 10c. Ounce, 15c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 60c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Pound, \$1.00. Pound, \$2.00.

Your stock of French Golden Self-Blanching Celery was the largest and finest on the market. It brought the best prices. I send you *three stalks* which speak for themselves.

PETER GARLAND,
District of Columbia.

OUR NEW "VICTORY CELERY."

GIANT PASCAL CELERY.**A GIANT IN SIZE, WITH PURE GOLDEN HEART.** **GIANT PASCAL CELERY.—New French Stock.**

This is a selection from the Golden Self-Blanching and adds to the good quality of its parents' superior keeping qualities. The stalks are very large, thick, solid, crisp and a rich, nutty flavor, free from any taste of bitterness. It blanches very easily and quickly and retains its freshness a long time after being marketed. The heart is a golden yellow, very full and attractive in appearance—Packet, 10c. Ounce, 15c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 40c. Pound, \$1.25.

GIANT GOLDEN HEART CELERY.

An experienced gardener found in his dwarf Golden Heart a few plants of larger growth. These were set aside and careful selection made for several years, resulting in the Giant Golden Heart, which excels for large size, solidity and keeping quality—Packets, 5c. and 10c. Ounce, 15c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 40c. Pound, \$1.25.

NEW WINTER QUEEN CELERY.
(Pedigree Stock.)

Is beautiful in appearance, of close habit and compact growth and blanches to a beautiful cream white. Ribs perfectly solid, crisp and of a delicious, nutty flavor—Packets, 5c. and 10c. Ounce, 15c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 60c. Pound, \$1.50.

Boston Market.—A variety grown almost exclusively by the Boston market gardeners. It has the peculiarity of forming many stalks by its branching habit. Is solid, crisp and desirable—Packet, 10c. Ounce, 15c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 40c. Pound, \$1.50.

White Plume.—This famous variety, which is of an entirely distinct type of this popular vegetable, should be grown only for fall and early winter use—Packet, 10c. Ounce, 15c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 50c. Pound, \$1.50.

Pink Plume.—Beautiful, ornamental, solid and retains its flavor longer than the white sorts. It has given satisfaction—Packets, 5c. and 10c. Ounce, 25c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 65c. Pound, \$2.00.

Perfection Heartwell.—Magnificent, large, golden yellow heart, of very superior quality, excellent winter market sort—Packets, 5c. and 10c. Ounce, 15c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 40c. Pound, \$1.25.

CELERIAC.—Knoll=Cellerie.

New Large, Smooth Prague.—A new and quite distinct sort, the roots being very smooth, large and round. The roots may be cooked and sliced and eaten with vinegar—Packets, 5c. and 10c. Ounce, 15c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 50c. 1 Pound, \$1.50.

CORN SALAD, OR FETTICUS.

One ounce will sow about eighteen square feet, and six pounds will sow one acre.

Broad Leaved (Large Seeded).—A delicious salad, used during the winter and spring months as a substitute for lettuce, and is also cooked and used like spinach. Sow in spring in drills one foot apart. It will mature in six weeks. For early spring use sow in September and winter over like spinach—Packet, 5c. Ounce, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 15c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Pound, 25c. Pound, 40c. 5 Pounds, \$1.50.

FIELD CORN.—Feld=Korn.**MASTODON EARLY DENT CORN.**

It is the largest eared early Dent Corn and the largest grain of any early Dent Corn. It grows strong, rank, quick, and makes the finest appearing shelled corn of them all, being purely Dent, of two shades of white and yellow—Pint, 10c. Quart, 15c. Gallon, 30c. Peck, 50c. Bushel, \$1.25.

"HICKORY KING" WHITE CORN.

This white field corn has the *largest grains*, with the *smallest cob*, of any white corn. So large are the grains and so small the cob, that on an ear broken in half, a single grain will almost completely cover the cob section. Of strong growth, the stalks take a firm hold in the ground and stand upright, resisting severe storms. It yields splendid crops on light soil, and is undoubtedly the best and most productive white field corn for the South—Pint, 10c. Quart, 15c. Gallon, 30c. Peck, 50c. Bushel, \$1.25.

Iowa Gold Mine.—A selected strain, ripening only a few days later than the Pride of the North. Ears of good size and symmetrical. Color a bright, golden yellow. Grain very deep. Cob small, drying out quickly when ripe. From 70 pounds of ears 60 to 62 pounds of shelled corn may be obtained, of highest market quality—Pint, 10c. Quart, 15c. Gallon, 30c. Peck, 50c. Bushel, \$1.25.

Maryland White Corn.—This very handsome corn is the favorite of old farmers who like a big grain on a small cob. The grain is pure white, with good sized ear, having ten rows to the cob. Used for general crop—Pint, 10c. Quart, 15c. Gallon, 30c. Peck, 50c. Bushel, \$1.25.

Mammoth Golden Beauty Corn.—New variety; has the largest ears of any 100-day corn. It outyields any and all other corn. The increased yield repays the cost of the seed many times over. Growers should make sure of getting the largest yield and most handsome grain to meet the competition of the times and secure the highest prices. Ears usually average from nine to twelve inches long and from twenty to thirty rows on the cob, some of the stalks bearing three to five ears. Then why use your poor stock any longer? It attracts a great deal of attention—Pint, 10c. Quart, 15c. Gallon, 30c. Peck, 50c. Bushel, \$1.25.

Improved Early Leaming Corn.—The Leaming is the earliest Yellow Dent Corn in cultivation, ripening in from ninety to one hundred days from the time of planting, its extreme earliness, productiveness and fine quality has made it very popular with the farmers, and especially with those in the localities where the seasons are short. It produces from sixty-five to ninety bushels to the acre, in accordance with the quality of the soil. The ears and grains are of medium size—Per Pint, 10c. Quart, 15c. Peck, 50c. Bushel, \$1.50. 5 Bushels at \$1.40. 10 Bushels at \$1.30.

CORN.—Korn.

Add 10 cents per quart if to go by mail. One quart to 200 hills. Eight to ten quarts to the acre.

Culture of Corn.—The Sweet or Sugar varieties, being liable to rot in cold or wet ground, should not be planted before May, or until the ground has become warm; for a succession continue planting every two weeks until the middle of July, in rich, well-manured ground, in hills three feet apart each way, covering about half an inch, and thin out to three plants to a hill. The extra early varieties can be planted 18 inches in the row and 2½ feet between the rows.

Gillespie's First Early Neck Corn.—Gillespie's Extra Early Neck Corn is the first in the market, and often brings large prices because it has the market all to itself. It matures very quick, but has an additional advantage—this corn does not rot when planted early, hence gets a long start on tender sorts—Ear, 5c. Dozen, 25c. Pint, 10c. Quart, 15c. Gallon, 30c. Peck, 50c. Bushel, \$1.60.

Adam's Extra Early.—A splendid early variety, largely grown for early market—Ear, 5c. Dozen, 25c. Pint, 10c. Quart, 15c. Bushel, \$1.60.

Second Early Adam's Corn.—Ears all larger and later than Adam's Extra Early—Ear, 5c. Dozen, 25c. Pint, 10c. Quart, 15c. Bushel, \$1.60.

Imitation or Burlington Hybrid is a cross between Adam's Extra Early and a large eared, productive variety of sugar corn. Its great market value can be readily seen from the fact that it is as early as the Adam's, with an ear fully as large as Stowell's Evergreen, and more productive than either, producing equal to the most prolific field corn, it having frequently produced over one hundred bushels to the acre grown for a field crop. Although not legitimately a sugar corn, yet the husks, blades and ear in a green state exactly resembles the sugar varieties, and it sells readily in the market as a sweet or sugar corn—Dozen, 25c. Pint, 10c. Quart, 15c. Gallon, 30c. Peck, 60c. Bushel, \$2.00.

Red Cob 90-Day Corn.—This corn meets a felt want of the market gardener, because it suits the retail market sales for a tall corn, and when fully mature makes a first class crop corn for feeding to stock. The ear is large and handsome, and suits for an early crop or for a late crop, because it matures in ninety days. This makes it always a safe and profitable crop—Pint, 10c. Quart, 15c. Gallon, 30c. Peck, 50c. Bushel, \$1.50. Dozen, 25c. Per hundred, \$1.50.

Black Mexican Sugar.—The most tender and sweetest of the sugar varieties—Ear, 5c. Pint, 10c. Quart, 20c.

Crosby's Early Corn.—The most desirable early Sugar Corn for market gardeners—Ear, 5c. Dozen, 40c. Pint, 10c. Quart, 20c.

Early Minnesota.—The standard Early Sweet Corn; ripens a little earlier than Crosby's. Ears of good size, sweet and well flavored—Dozen, 40c. Pint, 10c. Quart, 20c. Gallon, 40c. Peck, 75c. Bushel, \$2.00.

Stabler's Extra Early.—A new variety, of larger size than usual for the early kinds. It is remarkable for sweetness and earliness. A desirable canning variety—Dozen, 40c. Pint, 10c. Quart, 20c. Gallon, 40c. Peck, 75c. Bushel, \$2.00.

Perry's Hybrid Sweet Corn.—A very fine early variety, fully as early as the Minnesota and ears much larger, each containing from twelve to fourteen rows of kernels, well filled to the end. The grains are very large and pure white, but the cob is red—Pint, 10c. Quart, 20c. Gallon, 40c. Peck, 75c. Bushel, \$2.00.

Potter's Excelsior or Squantum Corn.—It ripens early, has large twelve rowed ears and deep grains. It is remarkably sweet and peculiarly succulent and tender—Pint, 10c. Quart, 20c. Gallon, 40c. Peck, 75c. Bushel, \$2.00.

Stowell's Evergreen Sugar.—This is not only the most celebrated, but the most popular of all varieties, although not an early sort. It is, without any exception, the best for table use of the entire lot, although quite late. Some may observe they have tried it and find it not equal to the ordinary sugar. To such we say you have not had the pure stock, as no variety degenerates so quickly, without the grower is exceedingly careful. We have very frequently observed samples sent out by some seed establishments as Stowell's Evergreen that were composed of several varieties, caused by being grown in the vicinity—Pint, 10c. Quart, 20c. Gallon, 40c. Peck, 75c. Bushel, \$2.25. Per dozen, 40c. Per hundred, \$2.50.

New Early Champion Sweet Corn.—New Champion is the largest and best early corn we know of. It ripens a little earlier than Crosby's Extra Early, with an ear larger than Concord; in fact, many of the ears grow fully as large as Evergreen. It is ten and twelve rowed, and pure white in color. Its earliness and large size will certainly make it one of the most desirable for market or home use—Pint, 15c. Quart, 25c. Gallon, 60c. Peck, \$1.00. Bushel, \$3.00.

Kendel's Early Giant Sweet Corn.—We find it possesses great merit. It is very early, being fit for use in sixty days from planting. The ears are large, 8 to 10 inches in length, the majority having 12 rows to a cob. Kernels pure white, very sweet and tender. It is also a most productive variety, and will prove a valuable acquisition to every home or market gardener who plants it—Pint, 15c. Quart, 25c. Gallon, 60c. Peck, \$1.20. Bushel, \$3.00.

Mammoth White Cory Sweet Corn.—A decided improvement over both the popular White and Red Cory, producing large ears, from 7 to 8 inches long, and a real improvement over all other extra early sorts. The ears are twelve rowed, fully twice the size of the old Cory, white cobbled and covered with very large white grains of extra quality. No other sweet corn will find ready sale in a market which is supplied with Mammoth White Cory, and the gardener or farmer who wishes to get the cream of the trade should make his plantings of this splendid new sort—Pint, 10c. Quart, 20c. Gallon, 60c. Peck, 90c. Bushel, \$3.00.

Early Mammoth Sugar Corn.—The market gardener's favorite. Two weeks earlier than Late Mammoth. Sweet, delicate flavor, producing a large ear and a small sized cob, which fills out to the end perfectly—Pint, 10c. Quart, 15c. Gallon, 40c. Peck, 75c. Bushel, \$2.25. Per dozen, 40c. Per hundred, \$2.50.

Large Late Mammoth Sugar Corn.—The largest of all the sugar varieties, producing perfect ears of immense size, having from twelve to sixteen rows. A fine market variety, and follows the New England eight-rowed Sugar in ripening. Sweet and delicious—Pint, 10c. Quart, 15c. Gallon, 40c. Peck, 75c. Bushel, \$2.25. Per dozen, 45c. Per hundred, \$2.50.

Country Gentlemen's Sweet Corn.—The deep, shoe peg kernels are placed irregularly, but compactly, upon the cob. It is very prolific, generally bearing three to five ears to the stalk, and matures a little before Stowell's Evergreen, being sweeter and more sugary to the taste even than that well-known standard of quality—Pint, 10c. Quart, 20c. Gallon, 40c. Peck, 75c. Bushel, \$2.25.

RICE POP CORN FOR POPPING,**OR SEED.**

A very handsome variety. Ears short; kernels long, pointed; very prolific. No variety of pop corn is superior to this for popping—5 cents per pound, shelled; by mail, 14c. pound.

Three pounds shelled Pop Corn and Popper, 25c.

CUCUMBER.—Gurken.

One Ounce to Fifty Hills.

Two Pounds to the Acre.

Culture of Cucumber.—For very early cucumbers, sow the first of April in a hot-bed, upon pieces of sod (grass-side down), so that they can be readily transplanted to the open ground, in rich soil, when danger of frost is over, or protect by hand glasses. For early use, plant if the weather has become settled and warm in hills about 4 feet apart each way; thin out to 4 of the strongest plants to each hill after all danger from insects is over; they succeed best in a warm, moist, rich, loamy soil; continue planting at intervals for a succession. The cucumbers should be gathered when large enough for use, whether required or not; if left to ripen, it destroys their productiveness. For pickles, plant from June until the middle of July.

ARLINGTON WHITE SPINE CUCUMBER.

HANDSOME SHAPE. RICH, DARK GREEN COLOR. ALWAYS RELIABLE.

Arlington White Spine Cucumber.—This most excellent new cucumber should be cultivated by every grower. It is a week earlier than other early sorts, more productive, clear, dark, rich, attractive green, and holds its deep green color longer than any other. Desirable size, handsome shape and all runs uniform. Good shipper, and sells for highest prices. For the home garden, for the market and for shipping it is the best selection—Packet, 5c. Ounce, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 15c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Pound, 20c. Pound, 40c. 10 Pounds, \$3.50.

Thorburn Commercial Pickle.—A new and valuable sort of the White-Spine type, retaining its dark green color long after pickling—Price, Packet, 5c. Ounce, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 20c. Pound, 50c.

Extra Early Evergreen Cucumber.—In our trial grounds it proved earlier than all other sorts, and made cucumbers of faultless size and form and retained its dark green color. It is very prolific. We have no hesitation in recommending this sort to our most particular growers—Packet, 5c. Ounce, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 15c. Pound, 40c.

Half-Long Cucumber (Private Stock).—For pickles a cucumber of medium length, nicely proportioned, is always preferred for home use and at pickling houses. If the pickle suits the eye as to size and symmetry it finds ready sale. Our Half-long is such a cucumber. It is remarkably productive and holds its deep color—Packet, 5c. Ounce, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 15c. Pound, 40c.

Livingston's Evergreen.—This new variety is proving of great value. It is very hardy and probably the most prolific of all varieties. In addition to being so wonderfully prolific it is very early, and the cucumbers retain their beautiful green color longer than any other sort. It is one of the very best varieties for slicing, as it is very crisp and of good quality, and as it produces fruits of medium size it is likely to be of much value for pickling purposes—Packet, 5c. Ounce, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 15c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Pound, 20c. Pound, 40c.

Improved Long Green.—The standard all around variety. It makes an excellent fruit for slicing. Quality crisp and delicious. The smaller fruits are used for pickling and the larger ones can be allowed to ripen for preserving—Packet, 5c. and 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 15c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Pound, 20c. Pound, 40c.

BOLGIANO'S IMPROVED JERSEY PICKLE.

Improved Jersey Pickle.—Because of its size and beautiful deep green color this has become the preferred kind with pickle growers and packers. It is medium in length, very shapely, prolific and holds its color—Packet, 5c. Ounce, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 15c. Pound, 30c.

☞ Add 8c. per pound on Cucumber Seed if to go by mail. ☞

BOLGIANO'S IMPROVED EXTRA EARLY WHITE SPINE CUCUMBER.

Healthy Vines. Tremendous Cropper. Never Fails.

Improved Extra Early White Spine Cucumber.—As the earliest, most productive market variety it has no equal. It produces cucumbers of the finest form and most salable size for shipping purposes. It is of a dark green color, and a favorite with large truckers and gardeners—Packet, 5c. Ounce, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 15c. Pound, 40c.

New Excelsior Long Green Cucumber.—It is a model for size, form and beauty. It holds its deep green color, and is an abundant cropper. For table use and for pickles it is most suitable. This sort runs so uniform that the cucumbers look as if they had all been selected—Packet, 5c. Ounce, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 15c. Pound, 40c.

NEW EXCELSIOR LONG GREEN CUCUMBER.

**LARGE, OVAL,
DARK, GLOSSY,
PURPLE,
THORNLESS
EGG PLANT.**

Eierfrucht.

Large, Oval, Dark, Glossy, Purple, Thornless Egg Plant.—In shape, color and size this egg plant is perfection. Its rich, glossy, dark purple color, its beautiful form and large size makes it most attractive for the markets and for shipping. Experienced gardeners discard all other sorts, giving this decided preference. It is earlier than other sorts, and outsells all other varieties—Packets, 5c. and 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Ounce, 15c. Ounce, 25c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 75c. Pound, \$2.50.

Large New York Improved Spineless Egg Plant—Packets, 5c. and 10c. Ounce, 25c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 75c. Pound, \$2.50.

New Jersey Improved Large Smooth Egg Plant—Packets, 5c. and 10c. Ounce, 25c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 75c. Pound, \$2.50.

ONE OUNCE EGG PLANT SEED WILL PRODUCE 500 PLANTS.

ENDIVE.—Endivien.

One ounce will sow 150 feet of row.

Green Curled.—*Self-Blanching.*—The best in cultivation. Much more beautiful and ornamental than the old sort—Packets, 5c. and 10c. Ounce, 20c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 40c. Pound, \$1.25.

Endive is one of the best salads for fall and winter use. Sow for an early supply about the middle of April. As it is used mostly in the fall months, the main sowings are made in June and July. Plant one foot apart each way. When the plant has attained its full size gather up the leaves and tie them by their tips in a conical form. This excludes the light and air from the inner leaves until blanched.

GREEN CURLED SELF-BLANCHING ENDIVE.

KALE—Blatter-Kohl.

1½ to 2 pounds to the acre.

One ounce will sow 200 feet drill.

Culture of Kale.—Kales are more hardy than cabbage and make excellent greens for winter and spring use, being improved by frost. Sow from May to June and cultivate the same as cabbage.

✓ **Extra Dwarf Green Curled Scotch or Norfolk Kale.**—This is one of the best kales for spring sowing in the North, and is the principal sort grown in the South for Northern markets. It is hardy, and will remain over winter in any place where the temperature does not go below zero. The habit is very dwarf and spreading, and will rarely exceed eighteen inches in height. The leaves are of a bright green color, beautifully curled, and produced in great abundance—Packet, 5c. Ounce, 10c. ¼ Pound, 15c. Pound, 40c.

✓ **New Very Curly Long Standing Kale.** A beautiful curled and crimped sort, of strong, vigorous habit, perfectly hardy, bright green color, and very attractive in appearance. It is superior to all other sorts, and will stand longer without shooting to seed than any other variety—Packet, 5c. Ounce, 10c. ¼ Pound, 15c. ½ Pound, 25c. Pound, 40c.

✓ **Curled German Kale.**—Hardy. Stands the frost of our severest winters, grows rapidly, dwarf habit, and is beautifully curled. Thousands of acres are sown in this section to supply the markets—Packets, 5c. and 10c. ¼ Pound, 15c. ½ Pound, 20c. Pound, 30c.

✓ **Tall Green Curled Scotch.**—A favorite with Northern market gardeners, growing about two feet in height, and hardier than the Extra Dwarf Green Curled Scotch, being improved by frost. Leaves green and beautifully curled and wrinkled—Packet, 5c. Ounce, 10c. ¼ Pound, 15c. Pound, 40c.

MUSTARD SEED.

✓ **Southern Giant Curled.**—An improved variety, much esteemed in the South. Very succulent, pungent and of sweet flavor. Frequently sown in the fall in the South—Packet, 5c. Ounce, 10c. ¼ Pound, 15c. ½ Pound, 25c. Pound, 40c.

BORE COLE, or KALE.

• Spargel Kohl.

This is a most beautiful kale. About Baltimore it is sown in May, and transplanted like cabbage to stand over winter. Around Norfolk it is grown largely broadcast, like the German kale, for early shipment. It is most desirable, and will continue to grow in favor—Packet, 5c. Ounce, 10c. ¼ Pound, 20c. Pound, 60c.

IMPROVED KOHL-RABI.

Kohl-Rabi.

1½ pounds to the acre.

✓ **Improved Kohl-Rabi.**—Has always been a favorite with the European gardener, and is gradually gaining great popularity in this country. When young and tender, and properly prepared for the table, it is almost equal to cauliflower. Besides, it is a certain crop, requiring no more care or cultivation than a crop of cabbage. For an early crop sow in a hot-bed early in spring, and treat the same as directions given for early cabbage. For a fall crop sow in June—Packets, 5c. and 10c. Ounce, 15c. ¼ Pound, 40c. ½ Pound, 75c. Pound, \$1.50.

EXTRA LARGE LEEK.—Lauch.

1 ounce to sow a drill of 100 feet.

✓ **Extra Large Leek.**—It is the best. This mammoth leek is not to be compared with the old kinds. It grows so much larger and very handsome. Take the extra large, as the old sorts are not worth garden room. Packets, 5c. and 10c. Ounce, 15c. ¼ Pound, 40c. Pound, \$1.25.

Culture of Leek.—The leek is very hardy, of easy culture, and succeeds best in a light rich soil. Sow early in April, in drills 1 foot apart and 1 inch deep. When the plants are 6 to 8 inches high, transplant in a deep rich soil, in rows 12 inches apart and 6 inches in the rows, as deep as possible, so that the neck may be covered and blanched; draw the earth to them as they grow. The seed may also be sown in August or September, and the young plants transplanted in the spring.

Bolgiano's Celebrated Big Head Lettuce.—16 ounces to 1 big head of lettuce is only a fair average head, some have weighed $1\frac{1}{4}$ pounds and over. Its beautiful form and color attracts the attention of expert growers. It forms a compact head, has no core, but a tender golden heart. As a shipper it is unexcelled, commands the very best prices, demand always exceeds the supply. It resists the cold, withstands the summer heat, always crisp, has a mild flavor; when open it becomes a table ornament, in fact in this sort the trucker has found for the first time a PERFECT LETTUCE—Packets, 5c. and 10c. Ounce, 15c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 50c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Pound, 80c. 1 Pound, \$1.50.

New Golden Queen Lettuce.—A very remarkable new lettuce, which withstands hot summer heat without becoming bitter or running to seed, and produces cabbage like heads of large size and superior quality. Outside it is a pale green, and inside holds a large crisp heart of cream ye low color and delicious buttery flavor. It is the result of continuous careful selections, and shows how intelligent attention improves the lettuce. The most careful growers give particular praise, and consider it first-class in all respects. It will please you—Packets, 5c. and 10c. Ounce, 15c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 50c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Pound, 80c. 1 Pound, \$1.50.

Trionon White Cos Lettuce.—This favorite of the Paris table excels all other lettuce in crispness, tenderness and flavor, particular its own, and unapproached by any other lettuce. The heads are tall and conical. When blanched, the leaves become stiff like stalks of celery, and snowy white, and may be eaten like celery. Hence it is known as the celery lettuce. It stands long distance shipment, and is used in all the markets. Suitable for spring and autumn sowing. You should try it—Packets, 5c. and 10c. Ounce, 15c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 40c. 1 Pound, \$1.00.

Boston Market, or Tennis Ball Lettuce.—This variety is used specially for greenhouse and hot-bed culture, because it can be planted very close. It grows very compact, fair size, heads slightly tinged with red on edge of leaves—Packets, 5c. and 10c. Ounce, 15c. 2 Ounces, 25c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 40c. 1 Pound, \$1.50.

Defiance.—This we consider one of the very best lettuces. It is of fine quality, crisp and tender, and remains in prime condition a long time before going to seed. As a summer variety it has already become a standard sort—Packets, 5c. and 10c. Ounce, 15c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 40c. 1 Pound, \$1.00.

Bolgiano's Oak Leaf Lettuce.—Is most remarkable for resisting the summer's heat. It makes a first-class head, and retains its marketable condition long after other sorts become worthless. For the summer season at the North and for the warmer climate at the South it is especially desirable—Packets, 5c. and 10c. Ounce, 15c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 40c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Pound, 60c. 1 Pound, \$1.00.

Big Boston Lettuce.—Identical in color, shape and general appearance with famous Boston Market Lettuce, but is double the size. It is about one week later in maturing, but its solidity and greater size head make it a very valuable sort. Suitable either for forcing in cold frames or open ground planting. The Big Boston is wanted by market gardeners and truckers, because it always produces large, solid, salable heads, and because it heads up well at all seasons of the year, and is of crisp, tender quality—Packets, 5c. and 10c. Ounce, 20c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 65c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Pound, \$1.00. 1 Pound, \$2.00.

California Cream Butter Lettuce.—Is a lettuce of much merit. It meets the expectations of expert gardeners and shippers who have no use for any except the best. Outside leaves are a medium green color, inside is folded a solid head of rich, creamy yellow color. It is considered by the largest growers one of the best in cultivation—Ounce, 15c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 40c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Pound, 60c. 1 Pound, \$1.00.

Royal Cabbage Lettuce.—Is a famous sort of the very best qualities for fall and winter use. It stands the severest winter equal to cabbage, and heads under glass to the satisfaction of the largest growers. It has won favor in the Southern States, where it has long been regarded as a reliable sort. It forms a good size head with a buttery white compact heart—Packets, 5c. and 10c. Ounce, 15c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 50c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Pound, 80c. 1 Pound, \$1.50.

LETTUCE.—*Lattich.* 1 ounce to 1,000 plants. 2 pounds to the acre.

Culture of Lettuce.—Sow the seed in hot-beds in February or March, and transplant into a sheltering border with a southern exposure. For successive crops sowing may be made in the open ground as early as the spring opens, and continuing until July. Always thin out well, or the plants will not be strong. When wanted as a cut salad, sow the seed thickly in rows or broadcast.

BOLGIANO'S WHITE LOAF LETTUCE.

Bolgiano's White Loaf Lettuce.—Gilt edge stock for careful growers. The best of all. Has large, solid heads, suitable for frames or out-door. The most experienced truckers pronounce our White Loaf Lettuce the best they ever grew. Lettuce in frames and out-door is a most important item with our large truckers. To suit their purpose a lettuce must form a reliable head, be crisp, with pleasant flavor. These qualities they find in our White Loaf, which is used in large quantities for fall and spring sowing, and makes a paying crop—Packets, 5c. and 10c. Ounce, 15c. 2 Ounces, 25c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 40c. 1 Pound, \$1.50.

Bolgiano's Black Seed Summer Lettuce.—A perfect heading out-door lettuce, especially during our dry, hot summer, because it is long standing and always tender and pleasant to the taste. It spontaneously heads from the start, the heads growing larger as the plant matures. It does equally well for forcing under glass in hot-beds, cold frames, greenhouses and for outside cultivation—Packets, 5c. and 10c. Ounce, 15c. 2 Ounces, 25c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 50c. 1 Pound, \$1.50.

Perfected Salamander Lettuce.—One of the best for summer use, forming good size, compact heads. Color—light green on the outside and white inside. It will remain longer in head and stand a greater amount of heat without burning or running to seed than any other variety. In the Southern States it is invaluable. We recommend it to all—Packets, 5c. and 10c. Ounce, 15c. 2 Ounces, 25c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 40c. 1 Pound, \$1.50.

Early Curled Simpson Lettuce.—Heads are a yellowish green, are compact mass of curly leaves, very tender—Packets, 5c. and 10c. Ounce, 15c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 40c. 1 Pound, \$1.50.

Hanson Lettuce, Improved.—Heads are green outside and white within. Grows to a large, solid, crisp, tender, sweet head, and very long standing, with fringed, curly leaves—Packets, 5c. and 10c. Ounce, 15c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 40c. 1 Pound, \$1.50.

Bolgiano's White Forcing Lettuce.—This stock was secured from one of the leading market gardeners in Washington. It has given entire satisfaction wherever used. Making a compact solid head; comes early, has a fine light color, and is tender and crisp. I recommend this to all growers of hot-bed and green-house lettuce.—Ounce, 20c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 60c. 1 Pound, \$2.00.

Bolgiano's New Early Spring Lettuce.—In the early spring months this splendid lettuce does its best, producing large, cabbage-like heads, which are uniform in size, tender, crisp, and sell for the highest prices in the market. Although a new variety, it has already had a favorable introduction, and won approval from our best lettuce growers.—Packets, 5c. and 10c. Ounce, 15c. 2 Ounces, 25c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 40c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Pound, 60c. 1 Pound, \$1.00.

FAMOUS NEW EARLY SPRING LETTUCE.

ROCKY FORD MUSKMELON.—*Reliable Stock Direct from the Growers.*—Unsurpassed in luscious flavor; always brings the highest price on the market; most desirable size; ideal for dessert; a healthy, vigorous grower; exceedingly prolific. No muskmelon ever introduced has had such widespread popularity and been a source of so much profitable realizing as this grand melon. The stock of seed has never yet been equal to the demand, and as the past season cut short the seed crop very materially, we are sure the seed of this famous money maker will very early be consumed, and we advise all our patrons to secure their supply immediately from us. The ground color of the skin is, when ripe, of a rich greenish gold. The netting is very prominent and is light in color, which makes the outer appearance very attractive. The flesh is very deep, ripening clear to the rind, and it has an exceedingly small seed cavity. It is very sweet and luscious in flavor, and is entirely devoid of any stringy character. Our seed was specially grown for us by a careful grower at Rocky Ford, and is the best type of the genuine Rocky Ford Muskmelon—Packet, 5c. Ounce, 15c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 20c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Pound, 30c. 1 Pound, 50c. 5 Pounds, \$2.00.

MUSKMELONS OR CANTALoupES.

One ounce will plant about 50 hills. 2 to 3 lbs. in hills per acre.

Melons thrive best in a light, rich soil. Plant early in May, when the ground has become warm and dry, in hills 6 feet apart each way for muskmelons, 8 feet for watermelons. Previous to sowing the seed, mix a few shovelfuls of well-rotted manure in each hill, and plant in each 12 to 15 seeds; after all danger of the bugs is over, thin out to 3 plants per hill. When about 1 foot long, pinch off the tips to make them branch, as it strengthens the growth of the vines, and makes the fruit mature earlier. Give plenty of water, and feed liquid manure occasionally. A few hills, for early use, may be had by sowing on pieces of sod in a hot-bed, and when warm enough transplant to open ground.

“Paul Rose.”—This sort is a cross between the old Netted Gem and Osage (or Miller's Cream) and combines in a remarkable degree the good qualities of both. In our trials last season we found it to be worthy of an extended cultivation. Its value is primarily as a shipping variety, as the fruit grows very uniformly, and of an attractive and useful size for packing. It is a very heavy cropper, the vines are very healthy and robust, ripening an enormous number of fruits. The flesh is salmon colored, very deep and of fine melting character with thin tough rind and small seed cavity. The flavor is excellent, very sweet and rich—Packet, 5c. Ounce, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 20c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Pound, 30c. Pound, 50c.

PAUL ROSE MUSKMELON

Improved Oblong Netted Gem.—One of the earliest varieties, generally coming into the markets right after Jenny Lind. Our stock is unsurpassed in purity and is selected to an oval type which has proved of great advantage. It is very uniform in size, beautifully netted, flesh deep, fairly solid, but deliciously melting in character. The color of flesh is rich green. It is very productive, and a grand sort for general early use—Packet, 5c. Ounce, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 15c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Pound, 25c. Pound, 50c.

Anne Arundel Green Flesh Deeply Netted Muskmelon.—Have long been famous for their beauty, their size and their flavor. Shippers are glad to get them at the highest market prices and in our market they satisfy the most particular buyers—Packets, 5c. and 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 15c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Pound, 20c. Pound, 50c.

Emerald Gem.—A choice melon for home use. Size medium, of fine appearance. Flesh juicy and delicious—Packet, 5c. Ounce, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 15c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Pound, 25c. Pound, 50c.

Improved Jenny Lind.—An extra early green-flesh melon and one of the sweetest flavor. Fruits small, globular, oval, a little flattened, ribbed and covered with shallow netting. One of the best small melons for hotel and restaurant use—Packet, 5c. Ounce, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 15c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Pound, 25c. Pound, 40c.

The New “Tip Top” Muskmelon ought to be planted by every gardener. It always pleases. The testimony of all who use Tip Top is that every

melon produced, whether big or little, early or late, is a good one; sweet, juicy, finest flavor, firm (but not hard) fleshed, and eatable to the outside coating. Its appearance on the market is very attractive—sells on sight. Gardeners tell us that their customers soon learn to pick them out, and will have no other kind. The fruit is of large size, nearly round, evenly ribbed and moderately netted. It is also, perhaps, the most productive melon known. Ounce, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 20c. Pound, 50c.

Extra Early Round Netted Gem Muskmelon.—This melon continuously grows more and more into favor with growers, shippers and buyers. The true stock is globe shape, uniform size and weighs about 1 to 1 $\frac{1}{4}$ pounds each. The meat is thick and light green in color, and always has a fine luscious flavor. It is very prolific and is grown extensively for Northern markets, where it commands satisfactory prices. Our stock is very select and we have a large quantity to meet the demands—Packet, 5c. Ounce, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 15c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Pound, 25c. Pound, 40c. 5 Pounds, \$1.50.

Extra Early Hackensack.—A thorough trial of this cantaloupe has proven it to be ten days' earlier than all the netted melons; weight from 4 to 10 pounds each, and delicious flavor—Packets, 5c. and 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 15c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Pound, 25c. Pound, 40c.

For Nutmeg Muskmelon, see next page.

BOLGIANO'S SUPERIOR MUSHROOM SPAWN.

Mushrooms produce a most profitable crop, when successfully grown, and the American market is the best in the world for this most delicious of foods. Although “Mushroom Growing” is one of the simplest and most money making of industries, it is comparatively unknown in most localities. We shall be pleased to mail free to all purchasers of spawn our leaflet on “Mushroom Culture” if requested.

The spawn we offer is made specially for us three or four times each season, and is always fresh and in proper condition for planting.

English.—Pound, 10c. 100 Pounds, \$8.00. (If by mail add 8c. per pound for postage) 15c. per Brick.

French.—The French is in much more concentrated form than the English and should be given a trial by those who may not have used it, as nowhere do they grow finer mushrooms than in France—in boxes of 2 Pounds, 70c. 10 Pounds, \$2.50. (If by mail add 8c. per pound to pay postage.)

BOLGIANO'S BALTIMORE NUTMEG MUSKMELON OR CANTALOUPE.

IF YOU WANT PEDIGREE STOCK SEND TO HEADQUARTERS FOR YOUR SEED.

A first-class melon; has size, form, beauty and rich in flavor. Why grow a poor crop when a small outlay for good seed will assure a splendid crop of choicest fruit, which will command the highest prices and ready sales? Our seed this year is from the best crop we ever grew, and with our seed your crop may be equally as good. The best of all for market purposes. Our seed is from the finest stock known, and has always given satisfaction. North, South, East and West are now sending for Baltimore Nutmeg, and the uniform testimony awards it unequalled excellence—Packet, 5c. Ounce, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 15c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Pound, 20c. Pound, 40c.

I bought from you some Baltimore Nutmeg, Cantaloupe seeds which gave splendid satisfaction. I have tried many high-priced melons, but none so good as yours.

R. S. CAMERON, Va.

WATERMELON.—Wasser-Melone.

Four to Five Pounds to the Acre.

1 Acre for Thirty Hills.

Culture same as for Muskmelon.

Blue Gem Watermelon.—The Blue Gem is a luscious addition to the melon family. Growers and shippers welcomed it because of its sweet flavor, large and uniform size. No melon sold for better prices nor gave more general satisfaction the past season. Such was the demand for Blue Gem seed the supply of seed was exhausted early in spring. When growers, shippers and consumers agree in favor of the excellence as they do with the Blue Gem there cannot be any mistake about its merits—Packet, 5c. Ounce, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 20c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Pound, 30c. Pound, 50c. 5 Pounds, \$2.00. 10 Pounds, \$3.50.

Gray Monarch or Long White Icing.—This distinct melon is without a doubt one of the largest of all, frequently attaining a weight of seventy pounds and over. The skin is mottled gray color, shape long, flesh bright crimson and of sweet, delicious flavor. It is also a fine shipper, carrying well long distances and bringing very high prices—Packets, 5c. and 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 15c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Pound, 25c. Pound 40c.

Southern Rattlesnake.—Has gained great popularity throughout the entire country for its large size and fine shipping qualities; shape oblong, of light green color and beautifully mottled and striped with a light shade; flesh scarlet, rind thin, very solid and both sweet and delicious; stands transit well—Packet, 5c. Ounce, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 15c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Pound, 25c. Pound, 40c.

Cuban Queen.—A large variety, weighing 80 pounds and upwards. The rind is marked with regular stripes of light and dark green. It is a very showy variety of fair quality—Packet, 5c. Ounce, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 15c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Pound, 25c. Pound, 40c.

Triumph Watermelon.—This new melon, as a market sort and for shipment, is the best we have ever introduced. It is very prolific, very early and of uniformly large size. It is a cross between the Duke Jones and Kolb Gem; has the fine, handsome appearance of the former and the fine shipping qualities of the latter. The rind, like the Duke Jones, is of dark green color, the seed exactly the same color as those of the Kolb Gem. The average size of the melon is very large. Our stock of this seed is very limited. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 20c. Pound, 60c.

Kolb's Gem Watermelon.—Our stock is from headquarters. This is one of the largest, most prolific, best shipping and keeping melons ever introduced. So popular did it become that we were unable to fill all our orders in the past three years. The rind is very thin, but tough; flesh bright red and flavor excellent. In our long experience we have never known any melon to introduce itself so quickly to growers and shippers. After another year's trial it is more valued than ever—Packet, 5c. Ounce, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 15c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Pound, 20c. Pound, 30c.

New Dixie Watermelon.—Soon became a favorite because of its own merits. It has a large size, handsome form, dark green rind, with beautiful striping; its flesh is scarlet, melting and very sweet. It is very productive and one of the best table melons ever introduced—Packet, 5c. Ounce, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 15c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Pound, 20c. Pound, 30c.

Improved Florida Favorite.—This excellent variety is a remarkable heavy yielder and one of the finest table melons ever grown. It is two weeks earlier than Kolb's Gem or Gypsy; of medium size, covered with light and dark green stripes, alternately; flesh deep red, delicious, sweet, very firm and crisp. Its earliness and excellent quality are bound to make it popular with those who plant for their own use and prefer quality to enormous size—Packet, 5c. Ounce, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 15c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Pound, 25c. Pound, 40c.

WHITE SILVER SKIN ONION.

ONE OUNCE ONION SEED WILL SOW HUNDRED FEET DRILL. SIX POUNDS TO ACRE.

NEW 1899 CROP BERMUDA ONION SEED.
True Teneriff Grown. **IMPROVED WHITE BERMUDA ONION.**

These varieties are not only the most popular, but the most salable of all foreign varieties, and one that is grown more extensively in the South than any other sort. The Improved is a selection of the old Red Bermuda, but possesses much finer qualities, and is far more productive. It is oval in shape, of a pure white color, quite early, very solid, does not skin in transportation, and keeps better than any other foreign variety. It is also of a mild and delicate flavor. Like the Italian varieties, it produces full grown onions from seed the same season. In the South, seed sown in the fall will produce fine large onions for market in early spring—Packets, 5c. and 10c. Ounce, 20c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 60c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Pound, \$1.15. Pound, \$2.25.

IMPROVED RED BERMUDA ONION.

Improved Red Bermuda. In shape and size similar to the white, differing only in color, and is a most desirable sort—Packets, 5c. and 10c. Ounce, 15c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 60c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Pound, \$1.10. Pound, \$2.00.

This famous onion retains its great popularity. Its delicate and mild flavor, its shapely form and size, and its pure white color makes it a most desirable variety for the table, for the market and for shipping. Onion sets are extensively grown from this sort, and from these sets full grown onions are grown as early as June and July. The onion sets and large onions are used for pickling purposes because of their clean, white silver color—Packet, 5c. Ounce, 20c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 60c. Pound, \$2.00.

Danvers Fine Yellow.—Is the same shape as the White Silver Skin Color, brownish yellow; bulbs quite flat and of good size. This is the variety grown for sets, thousands of bushels of which are annually shipped from this market to different parts of the United States. They are more hardier than the whites, and keep better through the winter. In the Southern States they can be planted in autumn and will continue growing the entire winter. Packets, 5c. and 10c. Ounce, 15c. 2 Ounces, 25c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 40c. Pound, \$1.25. 5 Pounds, \$5.00.

Mammoth Prize-Taker Onion.—This onion is seen at fruit stands in the fall, and is the largest and handsomest onion in cultivation, and can be grown full size from seed. It keeps well, has white flesh and mild, delicate flavor—Packets, 5c. and 10c. Ounce, 15c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 50c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Pound, 75c. Pound, \$1.50.

Large Red Wethersfield.—It is a beautiful, globe-shaped and rich, purplish crimson color, making it extremely desirable. It always commands a good price in the market. It is a good keeper and of excellent quality—Packet 5c. Ounce, 10c. 2 Ounces, 15c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 40c. Pound, \$1.50.

Culture.—For sets, sow the seed as early as possible in the spring, very thickly, in drills. As soon as the tops die off in summer, remove them to a dry, airy place, and early in the following spring replant by placing the sets in shallow drills 12 inches apart, and about 4 inches apart in the drills; the onions obtained by this process are of a large size early in the season. They may also be grown to full size during the first season by sowing thinly in drills 1 foot apart, and about $\frac{1}{4}$ inch deep, in March or early in April, in strong land, well manured, and thinning them out to stand 3 or 4 inches apart in the drills. They delight in a strong, rich, deep, loamy soil, and succeed well if grown successive years on the same ground. By sowing onion seed in frames in February or March and transplanting in April, onions of immense size can be obtained. For this purpose Red and White Bermuda and Prize-Taker succeed best.

FOR PRICE ON ONION SETS, SEE PAGE 41.

PARSLEY.

MARKET GARDENERS' BEST TRIPLE CURLED PARSLEY.—Petersilie.

One ounce will sow 100 feet of drill. Six pounds to the acre.

The best points yet obtained in parsley have certainly been reached in this sort. The plant is of a very robust and free growth, and is greatly improved by severe cutting. The leaves are large and beautifully curled and of a very dark green. *It stands the heat, drought and cold better* and will yield double that of any other sort. The whole appearance of the plant is very handsome and it certainly is "*the Parsley for either the market or family garden*"—Packets, 5c. and 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 15c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Pound, 25c. Pound, 50c

Culture.—Used for garnishing and seasoning soups, meats, etc. Succeeds best in a mellow, rich soil. Sow thickly early in April in rows 1 foot apart and $\frac{1}{2}$ inch deep; thin out the plants to stand 6 inches apart in the rows. The seed is slow of germination, taking from three to four weeks to make its appearance, and often failing to come up in dry weather. To assist its coming up quicker soak the seed a few hours in warm water, or sprout in damp earth, and sow when it swells or bursts. For winter use protect in a frame or light cellar.

PARSNIP.—Pastinake.

One ounce will sow 200 feet of drill. 5 to 6 pounds for an acre.

Hollow Crown Sugar Parsnip.—Is the best bred and hand-somest parsnip; it is half long, wedge shaped, hollow crowned and very broad at the shoulders, easily taken out of the ground and producing more tons to the acre than the longer and thin varieties—Packets, 5c. and 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 15c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Pound, 25c. Pound, 40c.

Culture.—Sow as early in the spring as the weather will admit, in drills 15 inches apart and $\frac{1}{2}$ inch deep, in a rich, deep soil; thin out to 6 inches apart in the rows. The quality of the roots is improved by leaving them in the ground over winter for spring use. Secure enough in pits or cellars for immediate needs. Valuable for feeding stock, as well as for table use.

GREEN OKRA.—Okra, oder Gumbo.

TEN POUNDS TO THE ACRE.

Dwarf Green Prolific Okra or Gumbo.—This vegetable is too little grown, as its green pods impart a fine flavor and consistency to soups and stews, besides being very palatable when stewed and served as a dish of asparagus. The pods can be easily dried for winter. It is universally used throughout the South and is *as easily raised as a weed in the North*. So delicious is the flavor, that when once used it will be grown every year in Northern as well as Southern gardens—Packet, 5c. Ounce, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 15c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Pound, 25c. Pound, 40c.

WHITE VELVET OKRA.

This distinct and beautiful new okra was originated in Georgia. The pods are much longer than those of any other sort, perfectly smooth, never prickly round, not ridged or square as in other okras—Packet, 5c. Ounce, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 15c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Pound, 25c. Pound, 40c.

I like your seed better than any that I have tried; I have always found them good.

CHARLES H. W. COLLINS, Florida.

Your B. B. are the best I ever raised. Your Stowell's Evergreen Corn can't be beat.

MR. C. MULLHAUSEN, Baltimore, Md.

I am satisfied and well pleased with the seed I have been getting from you.

S. U. RICHARDS, Florida.

PUMPKIN.—Kurbis.

Two pounds to the acre. Hills 8 feet apart.

Potato.—The finest variety for table use—Packet, 5c. and 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 15c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Pound, 25c. Pound, 40c.

Connecticut Field or Large Yellow.—The common field variety so largely grown amongst corn. Excellent for stock feeding—Per Pound, 10c. 10 Pounds, 90c. 25 Pounds, \$2.00. Pint, 15c. Quart, 20c. Gallon, 50c. Peck, 75c. Bushel, \$2.50.

Small Sugar.—A very handsome little pumpkin, with deep orange-colored skin, and flesh of unusually fine sugary flavor; fine grained, very productive and keeps well—Packet, 5c. Ounce, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 20c. Pound, 50c.

Large Sweet Cheese.—A most popular variety. Fruit flattened, skin mottled light green and yellow, changing to rich cream color as it matures. Flesh yellow, thick, tender, very nutritious and of excellent quality; a most productive variety—Packet, 5c. Ounce, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 20c. Pound, 50c.

DWARF GREEN OKRA.

BOLGIANO'S EXTRA EARLY TRIUMPH PEAS.—Erbesen.

Prices on all kinds of Peas in quantity subject to advance without notice. Add 15c. per quart extra if to be sent by mail.

One quart will plant 100 feet of drill.
One and one-half bushels to the acre.

The earliest of all; uniform and productive. The success of our Extra Early Triumph Peas has been surprising. It has distanced every other early pea. Large truckers have found it to be the best variety, and our large stocks have never been equal to the demand for them. Every progressive grower should have them—Pint, 10c. Quart, 15c. Gallon, 40c. Peck, 70c. Bushel, \$2.75.

Extra Early Alaska Peas.—The earliest of all smooth green peas, having the best color when shelled and the best quality when cooked. The dark green color of the pods makes it extremely desirable, as it can be carried long distances without losing color, which quality, combined with its earliness and uniformity of ripening, make it one of the best extra early peas for truckers and market gardeners—Pint, 10c. Quart, 15c. Gallon, 50c. Peck, 90c. Bushel, \$3.25. Sealed or unsealed stock.

Rural New Yorker.—Seed white, slightly dented, of vigorous habit. Pods of fine shade; contains from six to nine peas of fine quality; prolific, extra early, uniform in growth and ripening; height, 2½ feet—Pint 10c. Quart, 15c. Gallon, 40c. Peck, 70c. Bushel, \$2.75.

First and Best.—One of the early varieties, about 2 feet high—Pint, 10c. Quart, 15c. Gallon, 40c. Peck, 70c. Bushel, \$2.75. 10 Bushels at \$2.75.

Kentish Invicta.—An extra early pea, with greenish hue. One of the best for canning and market—Pint, 10c. Quart, 20c. Peck, \$1.00. Bushel, \$3.75.

Extra Early Nonpareil Pea.—This market gardener's pea is first in market and very true type. It is used by many of our Southern customers with much satisfaction. The entire crop can be had in a single picking, and its beautiful green pod retains its color in freshness longer than any other sort. It is an abundant cropper and the pods good sized. It suits long distance shipment, and we recommend it to gardeners who grow for early markets—Pint, 10c. Quart, 20c. Gallon, 50c. Peck, \$1.00. Bushel, \$3.75. 10 Bushels at \$3.50.

Extra Early Morning Star Pea.—Has been ready for picking in 42 days from date of planting, which makes it the earliest pea in cultivation. It withstands severest changes of weather; pods are perfect and filled, and the entire crop may be gathered for the earliest shipments. Many of our largest customers use this pea, and it gives them satisfaction—Pint, 10c. Quart, 20c. Gallon, 50c. Peck, 75c. Bushel, \$3.00. 10 Bushels at \$2.75.

First in the Market Pea.—Is suitable for those who grow largely for early shipment, because its pods mature in seven weeks from planting, and the entire crop may be gathered at one time. The plant is short and very prolific—Pint, 10c. Quart, 20c. Gallon, 50c. Peck, 75c. Bushel, \$3.00. 10 Bushels at \$2.75.

Tom Thumb.—A favorite with many on account of its dwarf habit. Is very productive, and produces pods of good size. The peas are sweet and tender—Pint, 10c. Quart, 20c. Peck, \$1.00. Bushel, \$4.00.

Improved New Giant Podded Marrowfat or Sugar Pea.—This is the gardener's favorite for second crop peas. Its luxurious growth and abundant large and handsome pods reward cultivation, and are used in immense quantities by our canners around Baltimore. Thousands of acres are

annually planted with this crop—Pint, 10c. Quart, 15c. Gallon, 40c. Peck, 75c. Bushel, \$2.50.

French Canner Pea.—Long used by French canners for their celebrated brands of canned peas. Now used largely in this country as a market pea and for canning purposes. The vine grows 3½ feet, abounding with large pods filled with peas almost the size of the Extra Early sorts, and the crop comes in bearing as a second crop—Pint, 10c. Quart, 15c. Gallon, 30c. Peck, 75c. Bush, \$2.50. 10 Bush. at \$2.25.

New Dwarf Giant Podded Prolific Green Marrow Pea.—This new pea, giant podded, has given satisfaction to all who have planted it the past three seasons. It grows about two feet high, and bears enormous, handsome pods 7 to 8 inches in length, filled with large, deliciously flavored deep green peas from top to bottom. They require no support, owing to their fine, dwarf, stocky habit. We know of no pea from which so large a bulk of produce can be obtained from a given number of vines. It is much hardier than either the Telephone or Stratagem, and can be planted much earlier. It matures about ten days later than our famous Extra Early, making a valuable second early as well as our finest late pea—Pint, 10c. Quart, 20c. Gallon, 50c. Peck, 90c. Bushel, \$3.50.

Culture.—Peas mature earliest in a light, rich soil. For general crop a rich deep loam, or inclining to clay, is the best. When grown in gardens sow in double rows 6 to 8 inches apart; the rows 2 to 4 feet apart, the tall ones requiring brush. Commence sowing the extra early varieties as early as the ground can be worked in February or March; continue for a succession every two weeks until June, then discontinuing until the middle of August, when a good crop may be secured by sowing the extra early and early sorts for fall use. They should be kept clean and earthed up twice during the growth. The wrinkled varieties are not as hardy as the small round sorts, and if planted early should have a dry soil, or they are liable to rot in the ground; they are, however, the sweetest and best-flavored varieties. The dwarf varieties are best suited for small gardens or for forcing; planted in rows 1 foot apart.

WRITE ME FOR SPECIAL PRICES IN LARGE QUANTITIES.

MAIN CROP WRINKLED PEAS.

AMERICAN CHAMPION PEAS.

Prices on all kinds of Peas subject to advance without notice. It will be to your advantage to see us before you buy.

American Champion.—The number of testimonials we received favorable to the American Champion Pea only confirms the high opinion we had formed of it in our trials. It is one of the largest of peas, enormously productive, and its flavor and quality closely approach that of the well known Champion of England. The pods are produced in pairs, and are well filled. Each pod contains from 9 to 12 large, fine peas. It is of blanching habit, and should be sown thinly. Height, 4½ feet—Pint, 10c. Quart, 20c. Gallon, 50c. Peck, 90c. Bushel, \$3.50.

Improved Hero Pea is wonderfully prolific, having very large pods filled with peas of most excellent quality and delicious flavor. No pea ever pleased our customers better. The vine grows 2½ feet. For quality and quantity no pea surpasses this. Market gardeners find it a profitable crop for market purposes, because of its large, handsome pods so abundantly produced, and because it is such a choice table pea—Pint, 10c. Quart, 20c. Gallon, 40c. Peck, 85c. Bushel, \$3.25.

Heroine Pea has many very desirable qualities which ranks it the equal of our best wrinkled peas. A second early sort grows 2½ feet high, has strong and vigorous vines, laden with an abundance of large, handsome pods filled with peas of most luscious quality—Pint, 10c. Quart, 20c. Gallon, 50c. Peck, 90c. Bushel, \$3.50.

Shropshire Hero.—A splendid wrinkled marrow, very prolific, exceedingly luscious; height, 2½ feet—Pint, 10c. Quart, 20c. Peck, 90c. Bushel, \$3.50.

Telephone.—A wrinkled variety of very robust habit and a great bearer. A single vine produces from 18' to 20' unusually long, well-filled pods of largest size, containing 10 to 11 peas, often forming a double row. It is very productive, of fine flavor and an excellent table variety; height about 4 feet—Pint, 10c. Quart, 20c. Gallon, 40c. Peck, \$1.00. Bushel, \$3.50.

Duke of Albany.—Grows 4 feet high; pods are borne in great profusion, of a dark green color, and filled with from 8 to 10 large, fine flavored peas—Pint, 10c. Quart, 20c. Gallon, 50c. Peck, \$1.00. Bushel, \$3.75.

Telegraph or Long Island Mammoth.—A strong grower, produces large pods, containing 10 to 12 large peas in each. Peas when cooked are of a deep green color, and of very fine flavor—Pint, 10c. Quart, 20c. Peck, 60c. Bushel, \$1.00. Bushel, \$3.50.

Improved Stratagem.—The pods are of immense size and uniformly filled with very large dark green peas of the finest quality. All the good qualities of the old Stratagem are highly developed, and it is superior to the stock now generally sold as Stratagem. Vine medium height, but very stocky, with very broad light green leaves and bearing an abundance of large, handsome pods—Pint, 10c. Quart, 20c. Peck, 60c. Bushel, \$1.00. Bushel, \$4.00.

Gardeners' Favorite.—A medium early wrinkled variety, used and recommended by experienced truckers. Grows 2½ to 3 feet high—Pint, 10c. Quart, 20c. Peck, 50c. Bushel, \$3.00.

New Juno Pea.—Enormously productive, superb flavor. Vine grows 2 feet high, laden with large deep green pods, containing from 7 to 9 peas, which preserve their tenderness and superb flavor long after they are young—Pint, 10c. Quart, 20c. Gallon, 50c. Peck, 90c. Bushel, \$3.50.

Champion of England.—*Wrinkled.*—A green wrinkled variety, famous for its delicious flavor. Consider it one of the finest varieties for family use, and will follow any of the second early varieties in ripening—Pint, 10c. Quart, 20c. Gallon, 50c. Peck, 75c. Bushel, \$2.75.

Bliss' Everbearing.—A variety maturing soon after the Gems, and continuing a long time in bearing. Vines stout, about 18 inches high, bearing at the top six to ten broad pods. If these are removed as they mature, and the season and soil are favorable, the plant will throw out from the axil of each leaf branches bearing pods, which will mature in succession, thus prolonging the season. The large wrinkled peas cook very quickly, are tender, of superior flavor, and preferred by many to any other sort—Pint, 10c. Quart, 20c. Gallon, 40c. Peck, 85c. Bushel, \$3.25.

Extra Early Wrinkled Peas.

Nott's Excelsior Pea.—The very best short vine, Wrinkled Extra Early Pea. Vines are more vigorous and taller than the American Wonder, and the pods are one-third larger, containing often 6 to 8 large peas, closely compacted together, and for sweetness and quality it has no superior—Pint, 10c. Quart, 20c. Gallon, 60c. Peck, \$1.25. Bushel, \$4.00.

Premium Gem.—This variety is nearly as early as the American Wonder, and the vine is decidedly larger, growing to a height of from 12 to 15 inches, and bearing an immense crop of pods, which are larger and invariably well filled with peas of best quality. The dry peas are green, large wrinkled, often flattened—Pint, 10c. Quart, 20c. Gallon, 50c. Peck, 90c. Bushel, \$3.75.

American Wonder.—This variety stands unrivaled in point of productiveness, flavor and quality, and is without exception the earliest wrinkled pea in cultivation. It is of dwarf and robust habit, growing from 10 to 15 inches high, and produces a profusion of good sized and well filled pods of the finest flavor. Dry peas, medium size, wrinkled and flattened, pale green. Requires liberal fertilizing—Pint, 10c. Quart, 20c. Gallon, 60c. Peck, \$1.15. Bushel, \$4.25.

PEAS, EDIBLE, PODDED OR SUGAR.

Melting Sugar.—Grows to the height of 5 feet, bears a profusion of large, broad pods, which are so brittle that they snap without any string. It should be used in much the same way as a Wax Bean. The pods when cooked are very sweet and tender—Pint, 10c. Quart, 25c. Peck, 90c. Bushel, \$1.50.

WRITE ME FOR SPECIAL PRICES IN LARGE QUANTITIES.

PEPPERS.—Pfeffer.

OUNCE TO ONE THOUSAND PLANTS.

Peppers are indispensable as a seasoning for soups and meats. The large varieties are mainly used for this purpose and pickling. The mild, sweet varieties, like Sweet Mountain, Bull Nose and Ruby King, are used for Mangoes, while the small fruited sorts are the best for sauces. Sow in hot-beds in March or April, or on a warm sheltered border in May, and when the season is favorable, transplant in rows 2 feet apart and 18 inches in the row, in good, rich, mellow ground.

BOLGIANO'S MAMMOTH RUBY KING. BELL OR BULL NOSE
PEPPER.

RUBY KING PEPPER.

Ruby King Pepper.—Since first introduced this magnificent variety has so gained in popular favor that it is now recognized as the best and most profitable mild red pepper for market or family use. Every one who has seen our crops has been enthusiastic in praise of the beautiful plants crowded with the large, handsome fruits of a bright ruby red color. The peppers ordinarily grow $4\frac{1}{2}$ to 6 inches long by $3\frac{1}{4}$ to $4\frac{1}{4}$ inches through. Added to their beautiful color when ripe is the fact that they are remarkably mild and pleasant to the taste; in this respect unequalled by any other red pepper. We cannot too strongly recommend the Ruby King—so mild and pleasant in their flavor they can even be sliced and eaten with pepper and vinegar, like tomatoes or cucumbers, and makes a very pleasant and appetizing salad, while for stuffing and pepper hash no other variety can equal them—Packets, 5c. and 10c. Ounce, 25c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 60c. Pound, \$2.00. Free by mail.

Bell or Bull Nose.—Produces a very large sized pepper which is highly esteemed for pickling, the skin being thicker than any of the other varieties—Packets, 5c. and 10c. Ounce, 20c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 50c. Pound, \$1.50.

Sweet Mountain.—Plants very vigorous and productive, growing upright, with moderately large leaves. Fruit very large, often 8 inches or more in length by 2 in diameter, very smooth and handsome, being when unripe of a bright, deep green color, entirely free from any purple tinge, and when matured of a rich red. Flesh very thick, sweet and mild flavored. Well suited to use as a stuffed pickle—Packets, 5c. and 10c. Ounce, 20c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 50c. Pound, \$1.50.

Red Chili.—They are pointed like the cayenne, but not so long nor so thick, and are exceedingly pungent when ripe. Requires a long warm season. The plants should be started quite early in hot-bed—Packets, 5c. and 10c. Ounce, 20c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 50c. Pound, \$2.00.

Long Red Cayenne.—A long, red variety, very hot and is generally used for seasoning soups—Packets, 5c. and 10c. Ounce, 20c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 40c. Pound, \$1.50.

Red Cherry.—A small, round variety, of dwarf habit and rich scarlet color. Used for seasoning and pickling—Packets, 5c. and 10c. Ounce, 20c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 60c. Pound, \$2.00.

Rhubarb.—Rhubarb—Very familiarly known as the Pie Plant. The foot stalk is the portion that is used, and is the first article of the season from the garden; cultivated to a great extent and is indispensable wherever it is known. Sow the seed early in the spring, in rows one foot apart, on rich ground; the second year after planting they can be removed, in autumn, to the permanent spot allotted to them; plant the roots two feet apart each way, in ground that is well enriched, at least two feet deep. Sow seed in spring—Packet, 10c. Ounce, 20c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 50c. Pound, \$1.50. Roots, 75c. per dozen; \$3.00 per 100.

WINTER RADISHES.—Rettich.

White Chinese or California Mammoth Radish.—Is as solid and juicy as an apple, pure white flesh and delicious flavor—a very choice variety. Should be sown in June and July, and is ready for use when 3 inches long, and continues to grow till it is 6 inches long. A first-class winter radish and always attracts favorable appreciation at the table or on the market stall—Packet, 5c. Ounce, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 15c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Pound, 25c. Pound, 50c.

New Winter Radish Osaka.—Papers, 5c. oz., 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 25c. lb., 80c

Large White Spanish Winter.—Papers, 5c. oz., 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 15c. lb., 50c

Round Black Spanish Winter.—Papers, 5c. oz., 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 15c. lb., 50c

Round White Spanish.—Papers, 5c. oz., 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 15c. lb., 50c

Long Black Spanish.—Papers, 5c. oz., 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 15c. lb., 50c

Winter Chinese Rose.—Papers, 5c. oz., 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 15c. lb., 40c

New Celestial or White Chinese. | Papers, 5c. oz., 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 20c. lb., 75c

No. 2 SCARLET GLOBE RADISH.

Bolignano's No. 2 Scarlet Globe Radish. Is the best in every way. It is handsome in form and color, a beautiful oval and rich scarlet. The amount of its foliage is small compared with other varieties, and small for the size of the radish. The peculiar merit of this variety as a forcing radish is that it will bear the heat requisite for forcing without becoming pithy or spongy. The flesh is tender, juicy and mild. It is equally as good for open garden culture as for forcing, and, therefore, it commends itself equally to the amateur and market gardener. Packet, 5c. Ounce, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Pound, 20c. 1 Pound, 60c.

French Breakfast Radish.—Quick growth mild and tender, good for forcing—Packets, 5c. and 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Pound, 15c. 1 Pound, 50c.

SCARLET TURNIP WHITE TIP RADISH.

BOLGIANO'S SCARLET No. 1 GLOBE RADISH.

Excels all other stocks for rich color, shapely form and quick growth. It has a rich scarlet color, faultless shape, and matures in twenty days. It looks beautiful on the market stall, and outsells all other sorts. It needs no recommendation to those who have already used it, and others should try it on their frames or outdoor early in the spring—Packet, 5c. Ounce, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Pound, 20c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Pound, 30c. 1 Pound, 60c.

Scarlet Olive Shaped Radish.—This radish olive shaped has a distinct, bright scarlet color. The whole crop maturing at one time, makes it very desirable. It is among the best shippers. Packets, 5c. and 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Pound, 15c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Pound, 25c. 1 Pound, 50c.

Your Strasburg Radish turned out right size, right shape and pure white. If you want reliable seed get them from F. W. Bolignano.

A. NEETZKE,
Maryland.

NEW GLASS RADISH.

New Glass Radish.—Quick growth, small top, bright color.—The best forcing radish. This brilliant uniform radish is not so large as the Long Scarlet Radish, but is similar in form, and holds its size without losing its nice proportions. It is slow to run to seed. Market gardeners find it satisfies the market demand, and sells better than other long radishes—Packet, 5c. Ounce 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Pound, 15c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Pound, 25c. Pound, 40c. Plant at once and see what a good radish it is. For sale only in our own sealed packages.

SCARLET TURNIP WHITE TIP RADISH.

Nature almost exhausted itself in making this beautiful radish to ornament the private table and embellish the market stall. It has been brought to our market in two weeks after planting, and always is a very early crop for frames and for open ground culture. Some gardeners use it in 100-pound lots. It is annually grown more and more, and in demand everywhere—Packet, 5c. Ounce, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Pound, 15c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Pound, 25c. 1 Pound, 40c.

Culture of Radish.—Radishes thrive best in a light, rich, mellow soil, and to bring out their mild qualities they must make a quick and tender growth. Sow for very early use in hot-beds during the winter and early spring, or later on in sheltered borders, in well-manured, deeply dug and finely raked soil; if not well stimulated into a rapid growth, they become fibrous and tough; sow in drills 10 inches apart, and thin to 2 inches in the rows. Sow at intervals of two or three weeks until September for a succession. Sow winter varieties in July and August. Like the turnip, they make the best growth in autumn, and must be taken out before severe frost, and stored away in a cool cellar in sand, or a pit, where they will keep tender and crisp all winter; before using put in cold water, which adds to their freshness.

BOLGIANO'S SELECT EARLY LONG SCARLET RADISH.

Six ounces seed will plant 100 yard row. Eight to 12 pounds to the acre

Grown from selected transplanted roots.

Selected Early Long Scarlet.—This improved strain of Long Scarlet Radish is regarded by our most extensive market gardeners to be the finest stock they ever grew; for earliness, brilliancy of color and shortness of top it cannot be surpassed, and is the most profitable one to grow for an early crop—Packet, 5c. Ounce, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 15c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Pound, 20c. Pound, 30c. 10 Pounds, \$2.50.

Cincinnati Market.—This fine strain of the Long Scarlet Short Top Radish has been selected for 30 years. The tops are so small that the radishes may stand touching each other in the rows. They grow perfectly straight and smooth, and from 6 to 7 inches in length and the flesh crisp and brittle and of delightfully pungent flavor. Equally as good for the open ground—Packet, 5c. Ounce, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 15c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Pound, 20c. Pound, 30c.

Chartier.—Long red radish with a white tip. Beautiful for bunching—Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 15c. Pound, 50c.

New White Strasburg Radish.

This variety is now the most popular summer radish grown. Of handsome oblong shape, tapering beautifully to a point. Both skin and flesh are pure white, almost transparent, very tender and of a delightful pungent taste. It can be pulled five weeks from time of sowing the seed, yet it will continue to grow without losing its fine quality and remains in a tender condition longer than any other summer sort. There is much cheap and spurious seed being offered. Produce your stock direct from us—and have it reliable—Packet, 5c. Ounce, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 15c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Pound, 25c. Pound, 40c.

Large White Radish.

Bolgiano's New Snow White Turnip Radish.—It has short tops, rapid growth, perfect turnip shape, extra fine quality and stands a long time before getting pithy; remaining solid and juicy for a long time after full grown. Will succeed either under glass or in open ground—Packet, 5c. Ounce, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 15c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Pound, 25c. Pound, 50c.

Bolgiano's Large White Radish.—This picture truly represents this most beautiful radish, which has been the market gardeners' favorite many years. In size, shape, quality, color and attractiveness it has all the points of a good radish for the table, for market and for shipping—Packet, 5c. Ounce, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 15c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Pound, 20c. Pound, 40c.

Stuttgart.—Pure white, round radish for spring and summer use—Packets, 5c. and 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 15c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Pound, 25c. Pound, 40c.

Chinese Rose Summer Radish.—Has become very popular with our market gardeners as a summer radish. It stands the hot, dry weather without becoming pithy or shooting to seed. It is very ornamental and sells well—Packet, 5c. Ounce, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 15c. Pound, 50c.

Golden Globe Summer.—Of globular forms and bright yellow color. A splendid addition to the radish family. Should be found in every garden—Packets, 5c. and 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 15c. Pound, 50c.

SPINACH.

One ounce for 100 feet of drill; 10 to 12 pounds in drills for an acre.

This is an important market gardener's crop, of easy culture. For spring and summer use, sow either broadcast or in drills, 1 foot apart and 1 inch deep, as early as the ground can be worked, and every two weeks for a succession. For winter and early spring use, sow in September, in well-manured ground; cover with straw on the approach of severe cold weather. The ground cannot be too rich; the stronger the ground the more delicate and succulent will be the leaves.

New Victoria Spinach.—The foliage is heavy, the broad, dark green leaves are of the finest quality. It is in prime condition from two weeks to three weeks after all other varieties of spinach have run to seed—Packet, 5c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Pound, 15c. Pound, 25c. 10 Pounds, \$2.00.

Long-Standing (Enkhuizen).—The leaves are large, thick, fleshy, and crumpled, fully equal in quality to the Savoy-leaved—Per Packet, 5c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 15c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Pound, 20c. Pound, 25c. 10 Pounds, \$2.00.

Your Long-Standing Spinach was far superior to any long-standing I have ever grown or seen. The leaves were curled like the Savoy Spinach and a beautiful dark green color.

JNO. T. GRACE, Baltimore County, Md.

NEW IMPROVED CURLED LONG-STANDING SPINACH.

The most valuable for spring sowing. Its long-standing quality makes it absolutely the best for that purpose. The foliage is a very attractive, heavy dark green curled leaves, of the true Savoy appearance, and of the finest quality. It will stand from two to three weeks after all other varieties of Spinach have shot to seed. It can be planted all spring and summer with surety of making a crop. Last spring the demand far exceeded our supply—Packet, 5c. Ounce, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 15c. 1 Pound, 20c. 5 Pounds, 75c.

TRUE BLOOMSDALE CURLED SAVOY SPINACH.

True Bloomsdale Curled Savoy Spinach.—15 pounds to the acre.—Many thousands of acres find profitable employment in growing spinach, and no crop pays better. Our stock Curled Savoy Spinach was the truest and most beautiful in the market. Its growth is rapid, the leaf is properly curled, which gives it a very attractive appearance, and causes it to measure better than other sorts, and makes it the favorite with the largest growers—Packet, 5c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound 10c. Pound, 15c.

CHICAGO WARTYED HUBBARD SQUASH.

This form of the Hubbard is a great favorite with many marketmen, as it is very striking in appearance, and having been selected for years from exceptionally large specimens, it crops heavily. The warty knobs draw general attention, and it will generally sell in the market better than those having smooth shells. We do not think it of as good quality as the smooth shelled sort, and the greater hardness of the shell is more apparent than real. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 15c. Pound, 50c.

Early White Bush Squash. **Boston Marrow Squash.** **Winter Crookneck Squash.**

Early White Bush Scalloped or Patty Pan.—Early White Bush Scalloped or Patty Pan Squash is the earliest and grown almost exclusively for the first crop. The rind is hard texture, which makes it suitable for shipping, and it is exclusively grown at the South for that purpose—Packets, 5c. and 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 15c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Pound, 20c. 1 Pound, 40c.

Summer Crookneck, Early.—Fine flavor, a desirable table sort—Packets, 5c. and 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 15c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Pound, 25c. 1 Pound, 50c. 10 Pounds, \$3.00.

Winter Crookneck.—Flesh red, fine flavor, largely grown for winter use—Packets, 5c. and 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 15c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Pound, 25c. 1 Pound, 50c.

Hubbard.—A desirable sort, suitable for winter use—Packets, 5c. and 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 15c. Pound, 50c.

Boston Marrow.—A splendid winter squash of good keeping qualities. Flesh bright orange, fine grain and unsurpassed. It is oval-shaped and thin skin of bright orange color. For pies it is equal to the best pumpkins—Packet, 5c. Ounce, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 15c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Pound, 25c. Pound, 40c.

Early Prolific Orange Marrow.—A comparatively new fall or winter variety. It is shaped somewhat like the Boston Marrow, but it is a decided improvement on it, being much earlier and more productive. These characteristics will commend this variety to market gardeners, while its brilliant orange red color and fine keeping and cooking qualities make it popular with the consumer. The rind is very hard, but thin, and the flesh deep, fine grained and of delicate quality—Packet, 5c. Ounce, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 15c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Pound, 25c. Pound, 40c.

SALSIFY OR OYSTER PLANT.—Bocksbart.

SANDWICH MAMMOTH WHITE.—A new, improved Salsify. Double the size of any other sort, superior in quality, pure white color, very meaty and fine flavor. Market gardeners use it exclusively. Packets, 5c. and 10c. Quarter pound, 25c. Pound, 80c.

F. W. BOLGIANO'S TOMATO SEED PRODUCE THE BEST TOMATOES THAT GROW.

AND GREATER CARE THAN EVER HAS BEEN EXERCISED IN THE PRODUCTION OF THESE SEED.

One Ounce to 1500 Plants. Six or Eight Ounces to the Acre.

The reputation of our Tomato Seeds, spreading far and near, is not the result of accident. Almost entire counties and large canning interests have long depended on us for the fruit they grow and pack; where none but the best could satisfy. Our stock of tomato is superb, the result of many years' skillful selection. The demand has steadily grown, until our utmost resources are taxed to supply this large trade. Our Tomato Seed is saved from the first fruit of the crop, and saved from crops grown especially for seed purposes. Not a bushel of the fruit is sold or used for canning or any other purposes other than for saving our own seed. The following are the best tomatoes to plant to meet the early markets:

BOLGIANO'S BEST TOMATO.

THE GREAT B. B. TOMATO.

Bolgiano's Celebrated Great B. B. Tomato is unequalled. It has every good quality pertaining to the tomato, and avoids all faults of other sorts. The smoothest, the most solid, the heaviest and the most handsome tomato ever grown. It suits gardeners, canners and shippers, who are delighted with its faultless fruit, which meets their wants in every particular. The B. B. is as solid as an apple, has no core, and the flavor is excellent. It weighs more pounds per bushel than any other sort, which proves its solidity; has a beautiful red color outside and inside, and the fruit is quite large. There is no need of a single field of poor tomatoes in America, when 50 cents sent by mail will buy enough seeds to supply plants for one acre. It is used successfully for both early and late crops, and always sells at the highest prices—Packets, 5c. and 10c. Ounce, 15c. 2 Ounces, 25c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 50c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Pound, 80c. Pound, \$1.50.

BOLGIANO'S PRIZE-TAKER TOMATO.

This is the most beautiful of all tomatoes; very early. If picked while yet green it ripens gradually into a rich, glossy crimson color, and this makes it the best shipper for early markets. It is smooth, solid, large and heavy, and holds the size from its first till the last of the crop. A plateful of this handsome fruit will ornament any table. Superior for market, canning and shipping—Packets, 5c. and 10c. Ounce, 15c. 2 Ounces, 25c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 40c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Pound, 75c. Pound, \$1.50.

NEW FREEDOM TOMATO.

Is, without doubt, the best extra early tomato ever placed into the trucker's hands. It is robust in plant; a prolific bearer. Fruit grows in clusters, are bright scarlet, and unlike most so-called earliest varieties (which after the first picking are usually small fruited) this variety even increases in size up to its last picking. This last feature is a very valuable one to the trucker. It also has a very tough skin, and flesh is very firm, making it the best shipper of the extra early varieties—Packet, 10c. Ounce, 25c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 75c. Pound, \$2.50.

PRIZE-TAKER TOMATO.

LIVINGSTON'S BEAUTY TOMATO.

We wish to call special attention to our stock of this tomato. It has been bred to such perfection that it is the best all-around variety for the market gardener. The plant is robust, and yields enormous crops of perfectly shaped fruits during the entire season. It is almost round, solid and meaty; the color is deep purple and is not affected by extremes in temperature, and the tough skin makes it an ideal shipper—Packets, 5c. and 10c. Ounce, 15c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 40c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Pound, 75c. Pound, \$1.50.

NEW CENTURY TOMATO.

We are living in an age of wonderful possibilities—all are striving their utmost to produce something excelling any previous effort of his fellow-man. The untiring efforts we have persistently made to bring forth something of all-absorbing importance and value to the truckers and growers all over America has been crowned this year by the perfecting of Our Wonderful "New Century Tomato." Try it, and it will give you pleasure to tell your friends the "New Century" is here, and how delighted you are with it. This tomato will outyield all others. It will carry for two weeks without

hurting its beauty; will attract attention and pay you; it will not crack; is perfectly free from blight, and is of fine, large, handsome size from first picking until last tomato is taken from the vine. It far surpasses your greatest expectations—Packets, 5c. and 10c. Ounce, 25c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 75c. Pound, \$2.00.

✓ **Livingston's New Stone Tomato.**—A large, perfectly smooth tomato, with bright scarlet color. One of the best new varieties—Packets, 5c. and 10c. Ounce, 15c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 50c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Pound, 80c. Pound, \$1.50.

✓ **Livingston's New Favorite Tomato.**—An excellent new tomato, large, round, smooth, red and solid—Packet, 10c. Ounce, 20c. 2 Ounces, 25c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 40c. Pound, \$1.25.

✓ **Paragon Tomatoes.**—Paragon, large size; solid, fleshy deep red color; vigorous growth; holds its size up to the last picking, and is an abundant bearer—Packets, 5c. and 10c. Ounce 15c. 2 Ounces, 25c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 40c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Pound, 65c. Pound, \$1.25.

✓ **Extra Climax Tomatoes.**—It has earned deserved reputation for earliness, solidity, large size and keeping quality. The vines are robust and healthy, and laden with abundance of choice, marketable fruit which has the color of the Acme. Many of our best customers have annually used it for ten years past, and they like it more and more. It has all the good points of a first-class tomato—Packets 5c. and 10c. Ounce, 15c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 40c. Pound, \$1.25.

✓ **New Matchless Tomato.**—Matchless Tomato deserves its name because of its distinct and excellent qualities. From the time it ripens its first fruit until frosts in fall stop the yield, its vigorous and healthy vines are actually crowded and laden with beautiful fruit of largest size and solidity. It is a first-class shipper, and sells for the best prices in the market—Packets, 5c. and 10c. Ounce, 15c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 50c. Pound, \$1.75.

✓ **Improved Acme.**—Very early, of medium size, perfectly smooth, very solid, and a great bearer. Crimson color, with pinkish cast—Packet, 10c. Ounce, 15c. 2 Ounces, 25c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 40c. Pound, \$1.25.

✓ **World's Fair Tomato.**—This is one of the heavier solid fruited, large tomato of good quality. Our stock is distinctly superior to most of that offered under this name, being more uniform, better colored and larger—Packets, 5c. and 10c. Ounce, 20c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 50c. Pound, \$1.50.

✓ BOLGIANO'S CELEBRATED NEW QUEEN TOMATO.

This very beautiful tomato, introduced by us, is now used all over the country. It is large, smooth and handsome red color. For canning, market purposes and shipping it has taken the lead wherever grown. It is our constant pride to improve this matchless tomato, and it continues to lead all old and new sorts. Send to headquarters and get pedigree seed—Packets, 5c. and 10c. Ounce, 15c. 2 Ounces, 25c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 40c. Pound, \$1.25.

Culture of Tomato.—Seed may be started in hot-bed in March, or sufficient plants for family use can be grown in pots or boxes indoors with very little trouble. Be particular to give plants the benefit of the fresh air and sun whenever judicious, for the purpose of hardening them, and cover with mats when necessary to prevent them from frosting. The two extremes of heat and cold are equally injurious. It is customary with the best gardeners to remove the plants from the hot beds to the cold frames, allowing a distance of several inches between the plants. In May select and prepare the soil, and set the plants three feet apart each way. Hoe and draw earth to the stems. When the plants crowd the fruit will be small. Have the soil very rich. For general crop, sow from the middle of April or during May in the open air, selecting good soil in a location much exposed to the sun and sheltered by a hill, fence or woods on the north.

RED TOP, WHITE GLOBE TURNIP.

Red Top, White Globe Turnip.—Our stock is the perfection of turnips. It has small tops, but large, well-formed, handsome roots. In our markets the past fall it brought double the price of other stocks, and was always preferred by buyers and shippers—Packet, 5c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 10c. Pound, 25c.

Southern Seven-Top Turnip.—This, the hardest of all sorts, may be left standing in the open ground during winter. In the Southern States it yields in the spring abundant foliage for boiling with cured meats, and is only desirable for this purpose—Packet, 5c. Ounce, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 15c. Pound, 30c.

New American Marjoram, Sweet.—A perennial plant, but not hardy enough to endure the winter of the North. The young tender tops are used green for flavoring, or they may be dried for winter use. Sow in drills as early as possible, and thin out the plants to ten inches—Packets, 5c. and 10c. Ounce, 20c.

Sweet Basil.—A hardy annual from the East Indies. The seed and stem are used for flavoring soups and sauces, having the flavor of cloves—Packets, 5c. and 10c. Ounce, 20c. Pound, \$1.25.

Sage.—A hardy perennial possessing some medicinal properties, but cultivated principally for use as a condiment, it being used more extensively than any other herb for flavoring and dressing. Sow early in the spring (4 to 5 pounds to the acre in drills) on very rich ground, cultivate often and thin the plants to 16 inches apart. Cut the leaves and tender shoots just as the plant is coming into flower and dry quickly in the shade. The plants will survive the winter and may be divided. If this is done they will give a second crop superior in quality.—Packets, 5c and 10c. Ounce, 20c. Pound, \$2.00.

TURNIP.—Stekrebe.

One and a-half to two pounds to the acre.

Our turnips are grown from our own stocks and by the most expert farmers. They are true to shape and true in color. We sent out tons of seeds last year, which produced satisfactory and paying crops everywhere; while stocks from other sources failed to bulb, and grew only to abundant tops. We are growing the same superior stocks, and careful gardeners should take pains to get them for their own use.

I am much pleased with your seed. They are all you claim for them, and I was not disappointed.
F. E. GROGAN,
Georgia.

RED OR PURPLE TOP WHITE FLAT TURNIP.

Red or Purple Top White Flat Turnip.—Our stock is perfect in form and size, and has small tops, with large handsome roots, and matures very early—Packet, 5c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 10c. Pound, 25c.

Yellow Globe.—Yellow Globe is a wonderful cropper, and keeps far into the following year. It begins to bulb at the very start, and forms large size roots and small tops—Packet, 5c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 10c. Pound, 30c.

White Flat.—Pure white, flat, strap-leaf turnip—Early and fine. Packet, 5c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 10c. Pound, 30c.

Early Flat Dutch.—An early, white, flat turnip, medium size. Excellent for early spring sowing—Packet, 5c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 10c. Pound, 30c.

White Egg.—Oval or egg shape, handsome and sweet; flesh firm and sound grained; thin and perfectly smooth skin of snowy whiteness—Packet, 5c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 15c. Pound, 40c.

Yellow Aberdeen.—Hardy, good-keeping turnip, very productive—Packet, 5c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 10c. Pound, 30c.

Add 8c. per pound on Turnip Seed if sent by mail.

NEW EXTRA EARLY SUMMER PURPLE TOP TURNIP.

This is the most desirable turnip for early planting. Tops are very small, strap leaf and grows erect. Roots are small and flat, skin purple to pure white below, flesh clear white; it is a beauty. Ounce, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 15c. 1 Pound, 50c.

HERBS.—Krauter.

Mammoth Dill.—Our Mammoth Dill grows much larger than the old sorts, and is in every way superior and preferable—Packets, 5c. and 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 20c. Pound, 75c.

Lavender.—The leaves of this plant are used for seasoning and the flowers for perfumery. When seed is sown it should be planted when the apple is in bloom—Packets, 5c. and 10c. Ounce, 20c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 50c. Pound, \$1.50.

Broad Leaf English Thyme.—This herb is perennial, and is both a medicinal and culinary plant. The young leaves and tops are used for soups, dressing and sauce. A tea is made of the leaves, which is a great remedy in nervous headache. Sow as early as the ground will permit. Packets, 5c. and 10c. Ounce, 25c. Pound, \$3.00.

Summer Savory.—A hardy annual, the dried stems, leaves and flowers of which are extensively used for flavoring, particularly in dressings and soups. Culture the same as that of sweet marjoram. Packets, 5c. and 10c. Ounce, 15c. Pound, \$1.00.

Culture.—Select light, rich soil and lay off in shallow drills one foot apart, along which sprinkle the seed and cover slightly. Do not let the plants stand closer than two or three inches.

IMPROVED PURPLE TOP RUTA BAGA.

Ruta Baga is sown in June and July. Our ruta-baga is very select, and yields enormous crops of handsome, large, solid yellow-flesh turnips. It is grown very largely for cattle food, and keeps over winter till spring in good condition. Get our splendid stock, and the crops will satisfy and remunerate you. It is also used as a table vegetable because of its sweetness—Packet, 5c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Pound, 10c. Pound, 25c.

Culture of Turnips.—They do best in highly enriched, light, sandy or gravelly soils. Commence sowing the earliest varieties in April in drills from twelve or fifteen inches apart, and thin out early to six or nine inches in the rows. For a succession sow at intervals of a fortnight until the last week in July, from which time until the end of August sowings may be made for the fall and main crop. Turnips may be preserved until spring by cutting off the tops about one inch from the bulb, storing in a cellar or cool shed during winter, covering the roots with dry sand. They should be harvested before severe frosts set in, for though comparatively hardy, few of the varieties will survive winters of the Northern States in the open ground.

White Dutch Clover.—The best variety for lawns, as it forms a close herbage, and remains green throughout the season; it also affords excellent food for bees. We offer highest grades of seed only—Per pound, 25c. By mail, 33c. per pound.

Write for Special Prices on

CLOVER AND GRASS SEEDS IN QUANTITIES.

Bolgiano's Re-cleaned Red Clover Seed.

—We call special attention to the superior quality of Bolgiano's Re-cleaned Red Clover Seed, which will be found superior to the samples generally handled by the trade. *Special prices on application.* There is not sufficient care exercised by the planter or farmer in the selection of this, the most valuable of all grass seeds. Many sow it without even examining whether or not it contains more seeds of weeds than of clover, and such may frequently wonder where all the daisies, docks, thistles and other weeds that infest their farms spring from. Weeds will always make their appearance fast enough without sowing them, and to guard against this, sow no grass seed unless you examine it either with a sharp eye or a magnifying glass. No farmer should ever allow a weed to run to seed on his farm. Cut them down or pull them out; weeds cannot stand such harsh treatment long, and a season or two of this kind of warfare will give you a clean farm and more money in your pocket. Lowest market price.

Timothy.—This grass is most commonly cultivated for hay, and for that purpose probably surpasses all other grasses in cultivation. It makes the best hay for horses and market on the entire list, and, being early grass, is well adapted for spring grazing. It is a perennial and if the meadow is kept in good fertility by surface dressing it will bear crops indefinitely.

Orchard Grass.—This is a well known and valuable grass, either for hay or pasture. It succeeds well on most soils, but does best on loamy or moderately stiff soils, but not very wet. It comes early in the spring, and continues well into winter. It is of quick growth, and relished by stock, especially when young, and bears close grazing. It makes excellent hay, and does well mixed and grown with red clover, which ripens at the same time. It should be cut when in blossom, as the hay is injured if the seed ripens. It can be sown in the spring or fall, either with grain or alone. Sow two bushels per acre if by itself; or one bushel orchard grass and ten pounds of clover make a fine mixture—Per pound, 15c.

Fancy Cleaned Kentucky Blue Grass Seed—Suits almost any soil. It makes a compact turf, retains its verdure during the hottest summers and makes its most luxuriant growth in spring and autumn, and is indispensable as a pasture grass. At first it is a little tardy about starting, but is always a reliable and satisfactory grass. Fancy Kentucky Blue Grass Seed is clean of weeds and chaff and should have first preference. When the Fancy Kentucky Blue Grass Seed is used by itself sow twenty pounds to the acre; when sown with timothy use twelve pound Fancy Kentucky Blue Grass and ten pounds timothy—Pound, 15c. Bushel, 14 lbs., \$1.50.

Red Top, or Herd's Grass.—An excellent grass, indigenous to most soils, and does well on either uplands or lowlands. It is hardy and yields about a ton and a half per acre of fine hay of excellent quality. The stalks are weak and leaves fine. It starts to grow rather late and is suitable to grow with timothy, as it flowers at the same time, and is adapted to the same kind of soil, though it will thrive in wetter land than timothy. It is a good grazing grass and can be pastured during most of the year. After being cut it yields good grazing and when it gets established will exterminate most other grasses. Sow twelve pounds per acre of the fancy clean seed. The fancy clean seed is much the best and most satisfactory to sow. When sown with timothy, sow six pounds of the fancy clean seed and eight pounds timothy per acre. Sow in the spring or fall—Price, fancy clean seed, 20c. per pound. 10 pounds, \$1.50.

SWEET PEAS.

Sweet Peas in variety and diversity of colors. Exquisite, prolific bloom, and mignonette fragrance. Now stand front among climbing vines. They deserve and abundantly repay any attention given to them. Plant them early and the colors will be more decided and the flowers more abundant.

Finest mixture of all the following magnificent varieties. 2c. paper; 12 papers by mail 25c.; ounce, 5c.; 2 ounces, 10c.; quarter pound, 15c.; half pound, 25c.; pound, 40c. By mail add 8c. per pound.

SPECIAL PRICES IN LARGE QUANTITIES.

	Ounce. CTS.	$\frac{1}{2}$ Lb. CTS.	Lb. CTS.
Apple Blossom. Rosy pink.....	5	15	40
Aurora. Flaked salmon.....	5	15	40
Alice Eckford. Rich cream, tinted white wings.....	5	15	40
Blanche Burpee. Large, pure white.....	5	15	40
Blushing Beauty. Pink finish.....	5	15	40
Blanche Ferry. Rosy pink, standard white.....	5	15	40
Boreatlon. Deep maroon.....	5	15	40
Countess of Powis. Primrose, veined with violet rose.....	5	15	40
Captivation. Beautiful light magenta claret color.....	5	15	40
Coquette. Deep primrose, shaded fawn.....	5	15	40
Dorothy Tennant. Deep rosy mauve.....	5	15	40
Emily Eckford. Standard, light reddish mauve, wings true blue.....	5	15	40
Emily Henderson. White, blooms early and profuse.....	5	15	40
Gray Friar. Beautiful watered purple, shaded white.....	5	15	40
Her Majesty. Large hooded, rose color on white ground.....	5	15	40
Lady Nina Balfour. Mauve bluish.....	5	15	40
Lady Penzance. Standard orange, pink; wings deep pure pink.....	5	15	40
Lottie Eckford. White ground, suffused with lavender blue.....	5	15	40
Lovely. Shell pink, exquisite color.....	5	15	40
Mrs. Gladstone. Lovely soft pink.....	5	15	40
Modesty. Delicate pink.....	5	15	40
Mrs. Eckford. Beautifully shaded, primrose yellow.....	5	15	40
Miss Hunt. Standard pale carmine, salmon.....	5	15	40
Monarch (Waverly). Deep bronze maroon and dark blue.....	5	15	40
Oriental. Rich orange salmon.....	5	15	40
Prima Donna. Light bluish pink.....	5	15	40
Primrose. Pale primrose yellow.....	5	15	40
Queen Victoria. Large expanded soft yellow, overlaid with soft yellow.....	5	15	40
Salopian. Wings large, curved, deep veined, red tinged with rose.....	5	15	40
Senator. Chocolate brown.....	5	15	40
Stella Morse. Has a fascinating shade of deep cream changing to a delicate primrose.....	5	15	40
Venus. Salmon buff.....	5	15	40

Ounce. CTS.	$\frac{1}{2}$ Lb. CTS.	Lb. CTS.
5	15	40
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MISCELLANEOUS GOODS.

PLOW LINES.	ROPE.
WELL BUCKETS.	WELL CHAINS.
MARKET BASKETS.	BERRY BOXES.
COLLAR PADS.	CELERY BRUSHES.
SINGLE AND DOUBLE TREES.	WATERING CANS.
POTATO SCALES.	AXES AND HELVES.
LANTERNS.

**I HAVE SECURED THE AGENCY
FOR THE
Largest Grower of Seed Potatoes in Maine.
AND AM THE
LARGEST HANDLER OF
... SEED POTATOES ...
IN THE SOUTH.**

I AM PREPARED

To give Prices by the Car or Barrel at Lowest Market Price—for
Pure Seed Stock.

CALL AND SEE

my Samples before buying. My sales last year doubled all previous
records. I Guarantee all my Seed Potatoes direct from

Aroostock County, Maine.

**Houlton Rose, Early Norther, Beauty Hebron,
Pride of North, New Queen.
ALL THE LEADING VARIETIES.**

THE SOUTH BEND CHILLED PLOWS

ARE STANDARD THROUGHOUT THE WORLD.

The chilled metal of which our plows are made is superior to any material ever used by any plow manufacturer. This metal is made under our own letters patent, and has no equal for wear and scouring. By our process we entirely changed the nature of the iron, making it in texture as fine as the finest steel, upsetting the grain, throwing it endwise through the mouldboard, landside or share, making the wear come the same as the wear across the end of a plank, instead of lengthwise of the grain, as with all other material used by other makers. Many other plow makers advertise chilled plows, but they are a delusion and a snare and not worthy of a place among respectable manufacturers.

R. 4-F PLOW.

In placing these plows in the hands of my trade, I do so knowing that I make no mistake. For eight years these plows have been selling in other sections of the country, and they have given entire satisfaction.

THEIR PRINCIPAL FEATURES:

HIGH MOULDBOARD—Preventing clogging, and cleaning furrow perfectly in the loosest land.
EASY TURN TO MOULD—So that sod, let be it ever so stiff, can be laid bottom side up and never break.
IT WILL RUN ALONE when properly adjusted. Fine finish and perfect workmanship, with scouring qualities unexcelled.

ALL SHARES OF SAME NUMBER on regular series interchange with "F" series. Made in all sizes, right and left hand.

ALL PLOWS are made with either Wood or Steel Beams.

SHARES made for all kinds and conditions of soil.

KENTUCKY PONY PLOW.

This is the best made and lightest plow on the market. For general use I recommend it. It is all steel and the repair parts fit perfectly.

F. W. BOLGIANO,

935 B STREET, N. W.,

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WASHINGTON, D. C.

"PLANET JR." TOOLS FOR 1900.

Space will not permit our showing and describing all of the "Planet Jr." tools, but we will send a fully illustrated catalogue, **free for the asking**, to any who desire it. Great improvements have been made for 1900.

No. 2 Drill Seeder. Price, \$7.75.

This tool is known and used the world over, and, excepting our hill and drill seeders, is the most perfect drill known. It holds two and a half quarts, and sows in an even, regular stream, whether there is much or little in the hopper. The machine is extremely simple: has no agitators, belts or gearing, and will not injure any seed.

"PLANET JR." No. 3

Hill Dropping Seed Drill

Price, \$11.00.

This seeder is the latest and most perfect development of the hand seed drill. It sows evenly in drills, and also drops in hills, at 4, 6, 8, 12 or 24 inches apart. It is thrown out of gear instantly by moving a convenient lever; or, the flow of seed is stopped by pushing down the feed rod. No time is lost; no seed is wasted. The hopper holds two and a half quarts; 15-inch driving wheel, with broad face, which makes the drill run easily, even when full. The accurate hill-dropping drill, which gives a regular stand of plants with the least seed; saves its cost over and over in seed alone. We guarantee this drill to be more accurate than any other made, and to give satisfaction in every respect.

"PLANET JR." NO. 9 HORSE HOE AND CULTIVATOR.

Price, \$9.00.

Probably no other cultivating machine is so widely known as the "Planet Jr." Combined Horse Hoe and Cultivator, for it is in use throughout the civilized world. It is so strongly built as to withstand incredible strain, yet it is light and easy to handle.

NO. 12 DOUBLE WHEEL HOE, CULTIVATOR AND PLOW.

Price, \$7.25.

This perfected wheel hoe is invaluable for use in all small crops. Its variety of work is almost incredible. Changes and adjustments of the tools are made with the greatest quickness. It has 11-inch wheels, which can be set at four different distances apart; the frame is malleable, with ample room for tool adjustment, and can be set at three different heights. The handles are adjustable at any height.

NO. 13 DOUBLE WHEEL HOE. PRICE, \$4.75.

This tool is the No. 12, with 6-inch hoes only, these being the tools that are most generally useful. Any or all of the other tools shown with No. 12 may be added at any time, and are sure to fit.

NO. 17 SINGLE WHEEL HOE, CULTIVATOR AND PLOW.

Price, \$4.75.

"PLANET JR." NO. 25 COMBINED HILL AND DRILL SEEDER AND DOUBLE WHEEL HOE. PRICE, \$14.00.

This new combined machine is intended for a class of gardeners who have a large enough acreage in crops for a double wheel hoe to be used to good advantage, and yet prefer not to buy a separate wheel hoe. Holds 2½ quarts.

As a drill it will sow in drills or hills, 4, 6, 8, 12 or 24 inches apart, and has an automatic device for throwing out of gear, and a new combined cut-off and seed index. It is thoroughly substantial and accurate in sowing all kinds of garden seeds in either hills or drills.

As a Wheel Hoe it is identical with the "Planet Jr." No. 12 Double Wheel Hoe, the very best machine on the market. The change from drill to wheel hoe takes but a moment, and the entire combination is one we can heartily recommend and guarantee satisfactory.

This Justly Celebrated Wagon . . .

IS THE RECOGNIZED STANDARD ALL OVER THE WORLD.

For nearly sixty years Henry Mitchell superintended the construction of the MITCHELL WAGON. His motto always was "The Best." The result of his efforts has been the establishment of a wagon complete and perfect and the high standard so gained will always be maintained by the Company.

The process of wagon building is an art which can only be attained by long years of practical experience and business application, and care in every detail is one of the essential features of a successful wagon that perfect satisfaction may be guaranteed to every purchaser; this guaranty is given to every purchaser of the Mitchell, and a well deserved pride is felt in the ownership of a Mitchell wagon, because a man knows when he has one of these wagons he gets his money's worth and can depend on the wagon doing his work always and under all circumstances. It has therefore come to be known and recognized as the MONARCH OF THE ROAD.

BECAUSE—Competent men are employed whose whole duty is to inspect stock and select the best; everything that is not up to the highest grade being rejected. The stock is cut at the proper season of the year and piled under sheds until thoroughly seasoned before using.

BECAUSE—The different parts are formed by machines of the latest patterns, many of them being of peculiar device, designed by Mitchell & Lewis Co. These parts are then put together by skilled workmen who have been educated in the business.

BECAUSE—The Thimble Skeins are made from our own patterns, and are much heavier than any other in use. They fit the arm of the axle like a kid glove on a lady's hand.

BECAUSE—THE HUBS ARE DODGE MORTISED, which makes a stronger wheel than any other kind. The boxes are pressed into the Hubs without the use of either hammer or wedges.

BECAUSE—The Wagons are more completely and thoroughly ironed than any other.

BECAUSE—The PATENT REACH BOX ALLOWS the reach to pass through between the hind axle and bolster, without weakening either. This is used only on the Mitchell Wagon.

BECAUSE—ANY FARMER OR TEAMSTER BUYING a Mitchell Wagon gets more for his money and will be better satisfied than with any other Wagon.

BECAUSE—THE MITCHELL WAGON IS THE STRONGEST, most durable, best finished, best proportioned and LIGHTEST RUNNING WAGON.

NOW—If you want a Wagon at all, you want the best. You cannot afford to buy anything else. Remember that first-class stock and good labor cost more than poor stock and cheap labor, and don't buy a Wagon simply because it is cheap, it will cost you more in the end.

Hot-Bed Mats . . .

. . . Made of Rattan,

ARE WARM, LAST FOR YEARS,

AND DO NOT ABSORB WATER.

\$1.50 Each.

Whips,

Blankets,

Storm

Covers,

—A7—

Low Prices.

Buggy Harness,

\$8.00, \$9.00, \$10.00, \$13.00, \$15.00.

Single Wagon Harness,

\$10.00, \$12.00, \$18.00, \$22.50, \$24.00.

Double Wagon Harness,

- - - - \$20.00, \$25.00.

CURRY COMBS, BRUSHES AND STABLE SUPPLIES.

Long Handle Forks.

Price—40c.,
50c., 60c. and
70c.

Manure Forks.

Price—60c., 70c.,
90c. and \$1.10.

These forks are
the best on the mar-
ket.

Spading Forks.

PRICE—
75c. and
85c.

Garden Rakes.

PRICE—
20c., 25c.,
30c., 40c.,
50c., 60c.

Garden Hoes.

PRICE—25c.,
30c., 35c., 40c.,
50c. All steel.

Long Handle Shovels.

Short Handle Shovels.

PRICE — 65c., 95c.
Ames, \$1.10.

Short Handle Scoops.

PRICE — 90 c.
and \$1.00.

Long and Short Handle Spades.

PRICE — 75c. and
90c. Ames, \$1.15.

Potato Hooks.

PRICE —
50c., 60c.
and 75c.

Garden Wheel Barrows.

PRICE — \$3.00 and \$3.50.

SCYTHES AND SNATHS AT LOW PRICES.

Up-to-Date Bug Exterminators.

A HIGH AUTHORITY ESTIMATES THAT \$300,000,000 WORTH OF CROPS ARE DESTROYED IN THE UNITED STATES EACH YEAR BY BUGS, WORMS AND FUNGI. Only a small part of this loss would occur if some safe, cheap, simple and effective machine were available to apply the remedies.

Who does not hate the job of killing the bugs by any of the old methods? And just think of the loads of water required. Contrast these old methods with the new. These BUG EXTERMINATORS weigh only one pound, and one pound more when ready for use. You put your Paris Green up in papers, like the doctors do their powders, one-half teaspoonful in each, and take a dozen powders and a bucket of water to the field, and you have ammunition enough to kill the bugs on a couple of acres of potatoes. You do the work at a moderate walk. Only one shot at each hill, and the whole plant, stalk, stems and the upper and lower sides of the leaves are treated in such a perfect manner as to kill every bug, WHILE IT IS IMPOSSIBLE TO INJURE THE FOLIAGE. The people who have used these Exterminators in the past saved their crops, because the work was so light and done so quickly that there was no excuse for neglecting the job. Killing the bugs is not one of the easiest jobs on the farm. Don't put off getting a machine until your crop is half ruined. Begin early. With these BUG EXTERMINATORS you can kill the hard-shell potato bugs as readily as the soft ones. By beginning early you save the trouble of killing millions later, and all the vitality of your crop is saved. These machines are manufactured under J. A. Everitt's patents, and combine some features not possessed by other similar machines that have been put upon the market, and which makes them superior to all others.

To an up-to-date farmer it is unnecessary to say anything about the value of spraying. He knows. There are many farmers, however, who plant and cultivate and let their crops take their chances as regards injurious insects. It is even more important that they be destroyed than that the plants be cultivated. At the Vermont Experiment Station the sprayed vines of potatoes yielded at the rate of 291 bushels per acre, while the unsprayed vines yielded at the rate of 99½ bushels per acre! A difference of 191½ bushels per acre! Then surely it pays to spray potatoes, and what is true of this crop is also true of other crops, especially fruits. Sprayed fruit yields more and sells better.

Up-to-Date Bug Exterminator. 50c. Each. 5 for \$2.00.

I AM A LARGE GROWER OF ONION . . . SETS,

Present Prices Only, Which Are Subject to
Advance Without Notice.

PER ROUNDING
BUS. MEASURED
32 LBS. BUSHEL.

Yellow Danvers.....	\$1.75	\$2.25
White Silverskin.....	2.25	2.80
White Pearl.....	2.75	3.25
Red Bermuda.....	2.50	3.00
Red Wethersfield.....	2.50	3.00

Onion Set Bags, 5 cts. each; Crates, 1 bush., 10 cts., 2 bush. 15 cts.
Where sets have to be shipped long distances, I advise shipping
in crates. Railroads require freight on sets and all perishable
merchandise to be prepaid.

ONION SETS ARE SOLD STRICTLY FOR CASH.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Dibbles, 30c. each; \$3.00 per dozen.
Whale Oil Soap, 10c. a cake. By mail, 15c.
Grafting Wax— $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 10c.; $\frac{1}{2}$ pound, 15c. Pound packages, 30c. By
mail, 8c per pound additional.
Trowels, 10c.
Weeding Hooks, 5c.

LAWN FERTILIZER.

A Fertilizer Giving Vigor, Strength and Color to Grass and Plants.

The danger arising from the use of barn-yard manure on lawns has caused a demand for a fertilizer containing plant food the same as stable manure, and yet free from obnoxious seeds. There are many advantages from the use of a fertilizer over barn-yard manure. In the first place, in the use of the fertilizer there is no danger of an importation of seeds, the growth of sorrel, weeds, etc. The question is so thoroughly understood and appreciated by those having beautiful lawns, which they desire to feed and not injure, that further comment is unnecessary. Package, 10c. 5 Pounds, 25c. 10 Pounds, 45c. 25 Pounds, \$1.00.

PLAIN CANARY, CANARY & RAPE, OR MIXED

BIRD SEED.

—ALSO—

Sunflower Seed

FOR PARROTS AND CHICKENS.

Both thoroughly cleaned.

7c. Per Pound. 4 Pounds, 25c.

25 Pounds, \$1.25.

*For the convenience of customers, we
put in sealed packages, our best
Bird Seed, mixed in proper propor-
tions, and thus protect owners
of valuable Birds from liabil-
ity of purchasing spoiled
or fermented seeds.*

F. W. BOLGIANO,

935 B Street,

Washington, D. C.

I HANDLE

NITRATE OF SODA,

SULPHATE AND MURIATE OF POTASH.

KAINIT AND SOUTH CAROLINA ROCK.

I am prepared to give low prices on these goods, and invite you to get my figures before buying. Some people mix their own fertilizers with good results. I am headquarters for Tankage.

BOLGIANO'S SEED STORE,

935 B STREET, N. W.,

WASHINGTON, D. C.

ESTABLISHED 1889.

F. W. BOLGIANO'S 1900 NATIONAL CAPITOL GROUNDS 1900 LAWN GRASS.

One Pound, 25c. 25 Pounds, \$4.50. It Never Fails to Give Satisfaction.

Having made the selection of Fine Lawn Grasses a specialty for many years, we are enabled to offer an article superior in all respects, and acknowledged by all who have used it to be the best.

Celebrated from Florida to Maine for its
Quick Growth.

Deep Velvet Green Color and Wonderful Endurance Through Hot, Dry Spells.

DIRECTIONS FOR SEEDING A LAWN.

Grass is Nature's Carpet, and when a lawn is composed of suitable grasses, compactly covering the entire surface, it becomes a surpassing pleasure and ornamentation. The eye never tires of the delicate evergreen so restful to the sight. Lawns should be sown with blended grasses, which will hold their green through the hot, dry summer, and not lose color during the "freezes" of winter. A first-class lawn will continue indefinitely its beautiful, velvet surface, and can be kept in perennial freshness by an annual top dressing of fertilizer or manure. A level surface is preferred for lawns to avoid washes at the time of severe freshets, but a gentle incline may be desirable and is certainly beautiful. Springtime and autumn are the favorite seasons for making lawns, but any time from early spring to fall will do, unless a severe protracted drought prevails. Spade deeply, make the ground fine, smooth and mellow; then rake the soil and sow the seed. If a rain occurs simultaneously with the seed sowing, it will cover the seed enough; but if dry, the soil should be pressed with the back of a spade or rolled with a light roller. A suitable fertilizer should be incorporated with the soil when the lawn is being prepared, and bone is preferred because its fertilizing quality is gradually imparted to the soil, and its effect is lasting. A top dressing at any time imparts new thrift to the sod. Be careful to sow the seed regularly and evenly over the entire surface, otherwise bare spaces will disfigure the lawn; but when this happens rake over the bare places and sow seed there. Be liberal in the use of seed when making a lawn, for, if done rightly, a young, healthy, beautiful, velvet green sod will soon delight the eye and reward all labor and expense.

One pound Bolgiano's Recleaned Lawn Grass Seed will go as far as four quarts grass seed sold by the measure. Add 7 cents per pound on Lawn Grass if to go by mail.

F. W. BOLGIANO,
935 B Street, N. W., 1339 14th Street, N. W. WASHINGTON, D. C.
TELEPHONE 896.