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FALL
1931

J. H. Hale

McIntosh Red Apple.

WE Sell only trees we grow. Fine vigorous specimens that "take hold" quickly in new locations.

Harrisons
NURSERIES, INC.

Nurserymen
Orchardists
BERLIN, MARYLAND

HARRISONS' NURSERIES, Inc.

5,000 Acres Devoted to Nurseries and Orchards

What the Successful Fruit Grower Must Have

Trees That are True to Name. The intelligent buyer of fruit trees realizes that every possible element of risk in purchasing stock true to name must be eliminated to assure him that his investment, the expense incurred in preparing the soil and caring for an orchard over a period of years until it becomes of bearing age, may be well made and of the sure-fire variety.

Productive Trees. He must be assured not only that his trees will be true to name, but that, when they reach bearing age, they will produce a maximum crop every year, and give him the largest yield per acre possible under existing soil and climatic conditions.

Healthy Stock. He must be absolutely assured that all stock purchased will be clean and healthy, and thoroughly inspected by conscientious, expert authorities, to avoid a large future loss for disease-stricken trees.

How Harrison Nursery Stock Meets These Needs

Everything is Grown Under Our Personal Supervision. Our forty-seven years' experience as successful growers have taught us that it does not pay to allow others

A Sectional View of Our Large Montmorency, Two-year, Budded, Sour Cherry Trees. Photographed July 9, 1931.

to grow stock on contract for us. The entire 5000-acre nurseries and orchards are Harrison owned, Harrison supervised. This enables us to eliminate possibility of error in variety, or lack of quality, in the stock we place at the disposal of our customers.

We Insure the Continued High Quality of Our Stock. Our fruit trees are propagated only from bearing orchards, and the buds cut only from the most consistently heavy-bearing trees included in those orchards. This is an enormous improvement over the old nursery method of cutting the buds from young trees in the nursery rows, which have never borne, and then to certify as to the correctness of the name of each tree. By this method, **possible chance of propagating stock untrue-to name is eliminated.** The bearing orchard, **PRODUCING FRUIT**, is the only method by which we determine the varieties from which the buds are taken.

Forty-seven Years' Experience. Harrisons' Nurseries, for forty-seven years have carefully studied the proper methods for propagation. If we did not think our method far superior to shipping certified trees, depending on outside opinion for trueness to name of the varieties we produce, we would not have successfully supplied the orchardists of this country with a dependable stock that has stood the test of time over such a long period.

Our Responsibility to You. We realize the responsibility that is built around an organization catering to the fruit trade and your selection of our varieties is the warranty that whatever varieties you select are the true strain that you desire, and under no circumstances would we attempt to substitute.

The Facilities of a Large Organization are at Your Disposal. Our extensive fruit farms are operated with an organization of over five hundred people in this particular branch. Shipments are made to all parts of this country and Europe, and the success we have attained in this field is the background on which we are successfully propagating quality trees that continue to give satisfaction to our thousands of patrons all over the world.

Harrisons' Original Strain Elberta Peach Orchard, Planted in 1899, Still Bearing Large Crops of Delicious Fruit. Photographed July 9, 1931.

Harrison Grown Peach Trees

BUDS CUT FROM BEARING commercial orchards of superior strains. Harrison Peach trees are favorably known in every state in the Union. Many of the largest and finest Peach orchards in America are planted with Harrison-grown trees. We have been growing Peach trees for forty-seven years.

Highest Quality at Most Attractive Prices NOTE OUR NEW LOW PRICES

	1 to 9 trees	10 to 29 trees	30 to 299 trees	300 to 599 trees	600 to 3000 trees
1 to 2 ft. ...	\$0.15	\$0.12	\$0.10	\$0.08	\$0.07 each
2 to 3 ft. ...	.22	.17	.15	.12	.10 each
3 to 4 ft. ...	.30	.25	.20	.17	.14 each
4 to 5 ft. ...	.35	.30	.25	.22	.18 each
5 to 6 ft. ...	.40	.35	.30	.27	.24 each

See reduced prices for 600 to 3000 trees. Over 3000 trees, write for special prices. Can be assorted Peaches, Apples, Cherries, Pears, Plums or other fruit trees.

List of Peach Varieties:

Alexander. Very early, white, medium to large, greenish white, with deep red flesh. Vigorous and productive.

Beer's Smock. Late, yellow, freestone, large, oval, skin orange-yellow mottled with red; high flavor.

BELLE OF GEORGIA (Belle). Midseason, white, freestone, large size, and most attractive in color and shape, with a light red cheek; flesh white, firm and delicious; extra fine flavor and generally considered as the highest flavored Peach grown. Trees grow quickly and shapely, are hardy and bear bumper crops annually; one of the heaviest consistent commercial bearers. One of the best long-distance shippers. Its highly attractive coloring with large size and wonderful carrying qualities and unusual pleasing flavor have won Belle of Georgia the national reputation of being the best white Peach. Packs well in the standard six-gallon carriers, also bushels and half bushels. Always brings the highest market prices during its season. Our Belle of Georgia are propagated from the original strain; the buds being selected and sent us by a relative of the late Mr. L. A. Rumph of Marshallville, Georgia, who was the originator of this famous variety.

Berk's Favorite. Late, white, freestone; new variety.

Barnard. Midseason; yellow; freestone; juicy, rich, very productive.

Elberta.

BRACKETT. Medium late, ripens about a week later than Elberta, and fruit similar to Elberta, but of better flavor. Yellow, freestone, large size and highly flavored. The best commercial or family Peach to plant so as to extend the period of ripening in which the Elberta is so popular. Brackett is a good shipper and brings the highest prices, always selling at the same high prices with Elberta and often from 25 cents to 50 cents per carrier or bushel higher, especially on the New York City and Boston markets. Brackett will grow in any section where Elberta will thrive. You will never regret planting Brackett in your commercial or home orchard.

Captain Ede. Midseason; yellow, freestone; large.

Cumberland. Early; white, semi-freestone; new variety.

CARMAN. Early, white, semi-freestone, medium size, being a remarkably attractive and luscious Peach, oval-shaped, yellowish white with bright red cheek; flesh creamy white, spicy and good flavor. Tree is very hardy, strong grower and the heaviest producer of the early varieties, also a sure cropper. Carman stands shipping so well that it reaches the market in prime condition which with its handsome appearance causes it to bring satisfactory prices.

CHAMPION. Early midseason. White, freestone, very large, creamy white with red cheek, sweet, juicy; very high flavor, good shipper when properly grown; its fault, if anything, is that it is too tender. Reason why Champion has lost its past commercial importance is that it will not carry satisfactorily under refrigeration in cars for four to seven days, but as a home garden or a roadside Peach, it is one of the best. Tree is hardy, large grower and productive.

CRAWFORD'S EARLY. Midseason; yellow, freestone, large size, juicy, sweet flavored, highly prized for canning. Tree strong grower and prolific bearer. One of the old-time commercial varieties, which has been extensively planted in years past but now mainly a home market fruit.

CRAWFORD LATE. Late, yellow, freestone, superb in size and shape; splendid yellow, with broad dark red cheek; flesh deep yellow, juicy and melting, rich, winy flavor. One of the best late sorts. Tree vigorous, hardy and sure bearing, coming at a time when the midseason Peaches are over, this variety is eagerly bought up for canning and preserving, and brings highest prices. Being such a remarkably good shipper, it reaches the market in first class condition. An old commercial favorite.

Belle of Georgia.

Elberta

THE WORLD'S GREATEST AND BEST MONEY-MAKING PEACH

Midseason, yellow, freestone. Fruit is large to extra large; golden yellow, with brilliant shades of red; firm, juicy, rich, sweet and good flavor. Elberta has the greatest international reputation of any Peach. It has been the standard for all other Peaches almost since the date of its introduction. The coloring of Elberta is practically perfect. The rich, yellow skin is almost entirely covered with dark red blush upon the sunny side. This attractive appearance and the uniform large size serve to sell it almost on sight.

The Best Commercial Variety

Tree is vigorous, very hardy, sturdy, thrives in widely different localities. Elberta is harder in bud than most varieties, and is a uniform prolific bearer. You can always depend on Elberta for a sure cropper.

Elberta is the Best Long-Distance Shipper

The large fruit, being uniform in size and shape, along with its high attractive red color and firmness, also its ability to stand shipments of three thousand or more miles under refrigeration in cars for two or three weeks before being consumed, but with stamina enough to still look its best, has won Elberta the reputation of being a Peach without a peer and the variety which is always in favor and strong demand with the buying public, therefore demanding the highest possible market prices. Elberta is by far the best canning Peach.

Harrisons' 31-year-old Elberta commercial orchard is the oldest in America. America's oldest commercial Peach orchard of approximately two thousand trees produced a large crop of United States number one grade Elberta last August, and this orchard has never missed a heavy crop. Several thousand of our customers in every peach-growing section of the Union tell us that we have by far the finest, the best, the most uniform and most profitable strain of Elbertas in America. The buds from which our 31-year-old Elberta orchard was propagated were cut in person by our late Senator Orlando Harrison while visiting the late Samuel H. Rumph of Marshallville, Georgia, the originator of Elberta, from the original, and brought in person by the Senator and budded in our nurseries.

There are many different types of Elberta, and the "Best Strain" is the cheapest and most profitable in the long-time investment.

Recommend planting fifty to seventy-five per cent of your commercial orchard to Elberta.

Plant Harrisons' Superior Strain of Elberta and reap the huge gold profits.

EARLY ELBERTA. Early midseason, ripens about a week to ten days earlier than Elberta; yellow, freestone, large, somewhat similar to Elberta, but a trifle better flavor. Its earliness is its most attractive feature and is being planted more or less in commercial orchards. Excellent home orchard Peach.

EARLY ROSE. Very early, white, cling, small to medium size, red blush, sweet flavor. Tree is an average grower, but a very prolific bearer. Georgia growers made astoundingly huge profits from Early Rose during 1929, packing mostly in round half-bushel baskets and six-gallon carriers; consequently this variety is being heavily planted in Georgia.

Eclipse. Early, yellow, freestone, new variety.

Engle's Mammoth (Engle). Late, yellow, freestone, large, resembles Crawford Late.

Fitzgerald. Late, yellow, freestone, large, good.

Fox Seedling (Fox). Late, white, freestone, large; white with whole side red, melting, sweet, high quality and high flavor. Good for roadside market and canning.

Frances. Late, yellow, freestone, medium to large size; good quality.

Greensboro. Medium early, white, freestone, extra large for such an early Peach, and one of the handsomest, being a rich, yellowish white, with crimson cheek; flesh is white, exceedingly tender and of fine quality. Being somewhat tender, it requires extra care and quick shipments, preferable for nearby markets.

Gold Drop. Late, yellow, freestone, medium size, fine flavor, heavy bearer, very hardy. Generally planted in Michigan.

GOLDEN JUBILEE. Early, yellow, freestone, ripening four or five days ahead of Carman. Very attractive Peach of good size and fair quality. It withstands shipment better than most early varieties. This Peach has attracted much attention in New Jersey where it was originated by the New Jersey Experiment station. Where an early yellow freestone peach is desired we would recommend planting this variety. Our strain is the original, buds being cut from bearing trees in New Jersey.

HILEY (Hiley Belle). Early, white, freestone, medium size, highly red colored, very firm, being an exceedingly handsome creamy white peach with a delightful red cheek; flesh is white, fine texture, aromatic, very juicy and of the highest flavor. Tree is strong grower, very healthy and a marvelously heavy bearer. Being an excellent shipper, with the stamina to withstand very long hauls under refrigeration, together with its beautiful, most appetizing appearance, and being easily attractively packed in six-gallon carriers, bushels and half-bushels, along with its recent high reputation and favor with the buying public, has made Hiley a strong contender as the highest general averaged priced peach. One of our customers who bought several thousand Hiley trees from us a few years ago picked from this orchard during 1929 over 80 cars of Hiley peaches, being properly sprayed, thoroughly cultivated and with ample fertilizer, this insuring only high quality, machine graded, packed ring-faced in round half-bushel baskets, United States Number One grade, Government Inspected, were shipped during early summer of 1929, and the general average on all cars of Hiley being more than \$1,100 net cash per refrigerator car f. o. b. Fort Valley, Georgia. This same customer, who made the largest profit in his entire peach career, bought approximately 15,000 peach trees from us again in December, 1929, consisting of a large percentage of Hiley. Many of our varieties are propagated direct from the original strain, and Hiley being no exception, as our late Mr. George A. Harrison cut the buds from the orchard of Mr. Eugene Hiley of Marshall-

Brackett,

PEACHES—Continued.

ville, Georgia, the originator of Hiley, then known as Early Belle, and later as Hiley Early Belle, now known as Hiley. Our Messrs. Harrison have frequently visited Georgia and also cut buds from trees being propagated direct from the original strain of Hiley from the famous Hiley orchards of Rumph Brothers of Marshallville, Georgia. Add Harrison's Strain of Hiley to your commercial plantings for real profit.

J. H. HALE (Hale). Midseason, yellow, freestone, extra large, round, beautiful red coloring, firm, and of the highest quality and enticing flavor. Ripens about two or three days prior to Elberta. Hales are too large to properly pack in six-gallon carriers, but they make the most attractive and commanding appearance when packed ring-faced in bushel and half-bushel baskets. Hale quickly made a national reputation and is a strong competitor of Elberta, being just about as good a shipper as Elberta on long hauls. Prices on Hale and Elberta, with a large national crop, are about the same, but on a short crop year Hales usually sell from 25c to 50c, and sometimes 75c more per bushel on the largest wholesale markets. Our Hales are propagated direct from the original strain, the buds being selected and cut by our late Senator Orlando Harrison and his son, Mr. G. Hale Harrison, in person, with the late Honorable J. H. Hale of South Glastonbury, Conn., the originator of the J. H. Hale, who at that time was the "Peach King of America," owning large commercial orchards at South Glastonbury, Conn., and Fort Valley, Ga. Tree is somewhat dwarf, a moderate grower, and should be planted on the richest, best, well drained peach soil available. Hale needs more cultivation and fertilization than most varieties. To aid large crops, suggest planting Belle of Georgia or Hiley or Elberta along with J. H. Hale to insure the proper cross-pollination.

Plant Harrisons' Strain of Hale for Fancy Trade Hill's Chili. Late, yellow, freestone, medium size, hardy.

Iron Mountain. Late, white, freestone, large. Generally planted in New Jersey.

Kalamazoo. Midseason, yellow, freestone, golden yellow color with pink blush, fine quality. Popular in Michigan.

KRUMMEL'S (Krummel's Late October). Very late, yellow, freestone, extra large, round, deep yellow with a blush of carmine on the sunny side—fine flavor. Good shipper, and ripens so late in the season that it has no real competition on the market, generally bringing satisfactory prices. If you desire a real late peach, of good quality, then there is none better than Krummel's.

Lemon Free. Medium late, yellow, freestone, large, lemon-shaped and lemon-colored with pink blush, excellent quality. Fine for canning.

Krummel's Late October.

Lemon Cling. Medium late, yellow, cling, large, lemon-shaped; deep yellow and brownish red, very good quality. Tree vigorous, highly productive, regular bearer.

MAMIE ROSS. Early, white, freestone, large, white covered with a beautiful delicate carmine-red blush; firm, juicy, good quality, excellent shipper, being the largest size early peach, ranging about a third larger in size than Carman. Popular on the markets where known, especially New York City, sells at a premium over any other variety ripening at the same time, generally at very satisfactory prices. Mamie Ross is being planted in preference to Carman, ripens two or three days later than Carman, but is far superior.

Matthews Beauty. Midseason, yellow, freestone, good flavor.

Mayflower. Very early, white, cling, small size with red all over. Limited planting in Southern Georgia.

Slappyey.

Shippers' Late Red.

Muir. Midseason, yellow, freestone, large, sweet, excellent for drying and canning. Popular in California.

Mountain Rose. Midseason, white, freestone, large, round, white with much red in several shades, juicy, rich, tender, sweet. Old-time favorite.

New Prolific. Midseason, yellow, freestone, large, productive.

Niagara. Midseason, yellow, freestone, large with beautiful red cheek, making it one of the most attractive.

Old Mixon Free. Midseason, white, freestone, large with bright red cheek, tender, rich, excellent flavor.

Phillips Cling. Late, yellow, cling, large, with bright red tinge, excellent flavor. Best late canning peach.

RAY. Midseason, white, freestone, large, most attractive red blush of delicate shade, juicy, delicious, tender and excellent flavor. Trees are exceedingly strong growers, shapely and symmetrical, a regular bearer of big crops and generally considered as the heaviest, most consistent cropper known. Plant Ray for nearby markets and roadside stands, as its fine, attractive appearance and high flavor sell it on sight.

Red Bird Cling (Early Wheeler). Very early, white, cling, extra large with a bright red blush, poor flavor, but an excellent shipper. Beautiful peach.

ROCHESTER. Early, midseason, yellow, freestone, large, covered with mottled red blush; flesh yellow stained with red at pit, very good quality, prolific bearer. One of the best early midseason yellow freestone peaches for nearby markets, and highly desirable for canning. Our buds came direct from the original tree from Mr. A. H. Heberle of Rochester, New York, the originator. Popular in Western New York and Michigan.

Salberta. Late, yellow, freestone, large, being a satisfactory cross between Elberta and Salwey, Salberta inherited the size, quality and productiveness of Elberta, and inherited the lateness in season of Salwey, making a fine combination for a profitable late peach. This new variety is being planted commercially more or less in Ohio and Michigan.

SALWEY. Late, yellow, freestone, large, beautifully mottled with red and a brownish red cheek; the flesh is yellow, firm, rich, juicy and sugary, and particularly fine for canning and preserving. Generally grown in the mountain districts, good shipper, desirable for the fancy trade.

SHIPPERS' LATE RED. Late, yellow, freestone, large, round, bulkier than Elberta, with an attractive red coloring which is catchy to the eye. Flesh is yellow, juicy, sweet and pleasing flavor. Trees are very hardy, good growers, bears young, sure cropper, and prolific bearer. Promising new late commercial variety and excellent home sort.

SLAPPEY. Early midseason, yellow, freestone, medium to large size, beautifully red colored, rich, juicy and extra good flavor. Good commercial variety for nearby markets and one of the best early yellow freestone peaches.

SOUTH HAVEN. Early yellow, freestone, large, roundish, uniform size, deep yellow with a red cheek, delicious flavor. Ripens about fifteen to eighteen days ahead of Elberta. Tree very hardy, good grower and a consistent, heavy bearer. A most promising early yellow freestone peach for the commercial orchards. Suggest you plant South Haven in a limited way to compare with other standard varieties.

Triumph. Very early, yellow, semi-freestone, medium to large size, dark red coloring, excellent shipper. Generally planted in the colder sections of the North.

WHITE HEATH CLING (Heath). Late white, sometimes called Mammoth Heath Cling, extra large, round, with red blush, flesh is firm, white, exceedingly juicy, and ripens fully to the pit. Favorite for canning and pickling. Be sure to include in your family orchard.

Wilma. Midseason, yellow, freestone, large, good red color, somewhat similar to its parent, Elberta.

Yellow St. John. Early, yellow, freestone, medium size, one of the earliest of the Crawford types, handsome and delicious flavor. Tree is hardy, vigorous, heavy bearer. Generally grown in Michigan.

White Heath Cling.

Harrison-Grown Apple Trees

Harrison-grown apple trees are budded direct from bearing commercial orchards of superior strains on French-grown Whole Root apple seedlings. Harrisons' trees will bear sooner and bear heavier than the average trees all of their lives. Our favorable soil and climate enables us to produce larger, smoother and better quality trees than can be grown in the average nursery sections.

Highest Quality at Most Attractive Prices

PRICES FOR APPLE TREES

	1 to 9 trees	10 to 29 trees	30 to 299 trees	300 to 599 trees	600 to 3000 trees
1 to 2 ft.	\$0.20	\$0.17	\$0.15	\$0.13	\$0.10 each
2 to 3 ft.	.30	.25	.20	.18	.15 each
3 to 4 ft.	.35	.30	.25	.22	.20 each
4 to 5 ft.	.40	.35	.30	.27	.25 each
5 to 6 ft.	.60	.50	.40	.35	.32 each

BUDS CUT FROM BEARING COMMERCIAL ORCHARDS BUDED ON FRENCH ROOTS

See reduced prices for 600 to 3000 trees. Over 3000 trees, write for special prices. Can be assorted Apples, Peaches, Cherries, Pears, Plums or other fruit trees.

List of Apple Varieties

Albamarle Pippin. See Yellow Newtown for description.

American Golden Russet. Fall, sometimes called Sheep-Nose. Medium size, round; greenish russet or bronze.

BALDWIN. Winter, large, round, bright red, crisp, juicy and rich; good late keeper, esteemed as an eating apple and for cooking. Quick and large grower; yields big crops. A wonderful shipper, standing long distances very successfully. The best northern apple for packing in barrels, fine cold storage apple, strong demand for carload shipments of Baldwins to European and South American markets. Brings high prices on foreign markets; also popular on the New England and Northern States markets. Grows to perfection in New England, New York, Pennsylvania, Michigan and Canada, but should not be planted South of the Mason-Dixon line. Baldwin is the leading commercial variety in the Northern States.

Harrisons' Red Delicious.

Grimes Golden.

Ben Davis. Winter, fine looking, large, round; yellow with red stripes; flesh white, juicy, sub-acid, coarse. Good for cooking, but on account of poor flavor not desirable for fresh eating. Finest keeper known. Can be kept in cold storage until July. Excellent shipper, usually packed in barrels. Best known export apple, always in good demand by European, South American and Asiatic buyers; highest prices. Grow Ben Davis on a commercial scale for export trade. Tree is a rapid grower, healthy, vigorous, bears at an early age, heavy cropper and a sure bearer.

Benoni. Summer, orange-yellow—lively red, productive.

CORTLAND. Fall, a promising new variety resulting from cross pollenization of McIntosh Red and Ben Davis, and inheriting the good qualities of each parent. Beautiful red apple, approximately the same size and fine flavor of the McIntosh, but ripens about three weeks or a month later. Good keeper. Our buds were cut direct from the bearing Cortland in a prominent orchard at Kinderhook, New York.

DUCHESS (Duchess of Oldenburg). Summer. Medium size, red striped, flesh white, juicy and good flavor. Unusually heavy bearer, very dependable cropper. You can depend on the Duchess to yield apples you can sell for good prices. Trees are natural dwarf growers and make fine fillers; require small root and branch space. Very hardy, and can be successfully grown in the Southern States as well as the cold climates of Minnesota, Montana and Canada.

Early Harvest. Summer, very early, not a good keeper; fruit medium size pale yellow, tender, juicy, sub-acid. Fine for home orchard because of its merit as a cooking and desert fruit. Tree is a vigorous grower and bears early and regularly.

Early McIntosh. Summer, red, attractive, good size; flesh white, fine, tender, juicy and fine flavor, being similar to McIntosh Red. Tree vigorous, hardy, healthy and productive.

Ensee. Winter, dull red, suggesting its Rome Beauty strain in size and shape; crisp, tender, yellow flesh and good flavor.

McIntosh Red.

Fameuse (Snow). Fall, medium size to large; deep red; flesh snowy white, fair flavor, sells for good prices on local markets, but not recommended for shipping. Most popular in Canada.

HARRISONS' RED DELICIOUS. An improved Delicious in color. Retains all the vigor and productivity of the Red Delicious but colors up weeks earlier than the ordinary strain. The color is a dark red without stripes. Earlier coloring enables the fruit to be picked earlier while it is firm, enabling it to keep better. This is our first season in offering this new apple and we would advise that you place your orders early as our stock is limited. 5c per tree extra.

DELICIOUS. Late fall or early winter—of peculiar and distinctive shape; brilliant dark red, flesh fine grained, juicy, crisp and melting, flavor sweet, with a slight acid taste, with a delightful aroma, very highest quality. Excellent for eating, and the most popular fruit stand apple. Packs well in boxes and bushels, always bringing high prices on the leading markets, and in strong demand by the best trade. Being a good shipper, along with its high red color and fine flavor, has placed the Delicious among the topnotchers. Tree is hardy, vigorous grower and a good, dependable cropper when properly pollinized. Suggest planting Grimes Golden and Jonathan as pollinizers with Delicious.

CANO (Black Ben). Winter, a handsome, large apple of perfect shape, with a smooth, glossy, brilliant deep red skin; flesh is white, slightly tinged with yellow, firm, rather coarse, crisp, mild sub-acid, fair flavor. Cano is one of the most popular export apples, being bought by South American trade at a premium in prices to others. Excellent keeper, standing long shipments as well as any other variety, usually packed in barrels. Tree is a strong, vigorous grower, with somewhat drooping branches, and comes into bearing young, producing regular and abundant crops. A sure money-maker for the export trade.

Gravenstein. Fall, extra large, perfect in form and handsome in coloring—orange-yellow overlaid with broken stripes of light and dark red; flesh is yellowish, firm, crisp, tender, juicy, fine flavor. Good for cooking, extra vigorous tree, comes into bearing rather early and bears profuse crops regularly. Grown most extensively in California and commands good prices.

GRIMES GOLDEN (Grimes). Fall, medium sized, golden yellow, tender, rich, aromatic, sub-acid, delicious, possibly the best flavored apple known, and a good keeper. No better variety exists for eating raw or for cooking. Tree is very hardy and one of the heaviest bearers known, producing extra large crops annually. Excellent variety for a filler, as it comes into bearing very early. Grimes Golden is the best pollinizer known, especially for Stayman Winesap, Delicious, Paragon or Mammoth Black Twig, Winesap, McIntosh and others. Be sure to include Grimes Golden in your orchard. When all factors are considered, Grimes Golden is the best, highest flavored, longest keeper and most profitable yellow apple grown. Numerous experiments and observations on the study of cross-pollinization were conducted by Dr. E. C. Auchter, horticulturist, University of Maryland, now with the U. S. Department of Agriculture, in our several large bearing commercial apple orchards at Berlin.

Hubbardston (Hubbardston None-Such). Winter, large, red striped, strong grower, bears well every year.

JONATHAN. Early winter, medium to large; brilliant red, juicy, fine grained, tender, mild, sub-acid, and very highly flavored. Late keeper and an excellent shipper. Tree long lived, but comes into bearing very young and produces big crops every year. Popular bushel and box variety, demanding highest prices on account of its attractive red appearance and fine flavor. Fine variety for a pollinizer.

King (King of Tompkins County). Fall, extra large, very red, with a tint of yellow, flesh yellow, crisp, juicy, sub-acid, good quality. Tree slow grower and not a big producer. Generally planted in New York.

King David. Fall, a beautiful deep dark red apple, resembling Jonathan as to size and shape, but not quite as good flavor. Splendid shipper and keeper. Tree hardy, and comes into bearing young.

Liveland Raspberry. Summer, large, waxy white, marbled with crimson, flesh white stained with red, tender, poor quality. Tree vigorous, early bearer.

Lowry. Winter, beautiful mahogany red, good, medium size, round oval shape, nearly sweet, mild sub-acid; excellent flavor, good shipper, long keeper, and sells at fancy prices in export as well as domestic markets. New popular commercial variety in Virginia.

Jonathan.

APPLES—Continued.

McINTOSH RED. Fall, but an early winter variety in New York, Michigan and New England States. An exceedingly valuable, hardy, attractive apple; medium large size; nearly covered with red. Flesh white, fine, tender, juicy, sub-acid and refreshing, and generally considered as the highest and best flavored apple grown; splendid appearance, which sells it on sight. Demand always exceeds the supply of McIntosh Red, and commands the highest prices of any apple on the leading American markets. The best box and bushel apple grown, and a good shipper. McIntosh Red is a Canadian apple, keeps long, but is mellow and good to use from the time it is picked and if kept in cold storage until the next crop comes. Tree is exceedingly hardy, vigorous, a very prolific bearer, consistent bumper crop producer, a sure annual cropper—comes into fruiting early. This splendid apple can be grown from Nova Scotia to North Carolina. Growers in New York, New England, Michigan and Canada have long grown McIntosh Red for big profits. Ask any experienced apple grower, if you are not acquainted with the McIntosh Red, and he will praise it as highly as we do. Visit our own bearing commercial orchards of McIntosh Red at Berlin. Plant this variety for the big gold profits.

Maiden's Blush. Early fall, one of the most beautiful; pale lemon with crimson cheek; flesh white, tender and crisp. Tree vigorous and good bearer.

MAMMOTH BLACK TWIG (Paragon). Winter, extra large in size and round; skin smooth, yellowish, covered with deep red, the general effect being dark red; flesh tender, tinged with yellow, crisp, sub-acid, aromatic, fine flavor, of excellent quality in every way. Very long keeper of great value. An important commercial variety in the East and a good money maker. Tree is vigorous and healthy, yields big crops every year, but it is necessary to plant Delicious or Jonathan as a pollinizer.

NERO. Winter; here is an apple possessing great merit which has received far too little attention from planters of Eastern orchards. Deep red, with handsome shading; medium large size; of good quality and excellent flavor; one of the longest keepers, one of the best cold storage apples. Apples are graded and packed easily; do not show bruises and hold up well in storage, sell for good prices on the markets. Trees are hardy, extra strong growers, healthy and very productive, as well as sure croppers.

NORTHERN SPY. Winter. Large, bright scarlet-red, with yellow markings. Flesh juicy, rich, crisp, tender, aromatic and highly flavored. Tree a strong, erect grower, very healthy, extremely hardy, and free producer. Blossoms are produced late in the spring, thus escaping frosts. Trees are slow in coming into bearing, but the quality of the fruit

Red
Rome
Beauty.

largely overbalances this difficulty. Popular old commercial variety in the Northern States, and brings good prices on the Eastern markets. Should not be planted South of Southern Pennsylvania. Northern Spy is one of the best varieties on which to top bud or top graft certain weaker growing varieties.

Northwestern Greening. Fall. Large, round, greenish yellow; juicy, firm, good quality; splendid keeper; ships well. Attractive apple when packed in bushels, demands good prices, excellent baking apple. Should not be planted extensively, because crops are not so certain, due to blossoming early. Trees are extremely hardy, vigorous, bear very young.

Paragon. For description see Mammoth Black Twig.

Red Pearmain. Winter, medium size, yellowish striped with light and dark red, sub-acid, good flavor.

Red Gravenstein. Fall. This red sport is more attractive than Gravenstein. It differs from Gravenstein only in the solid dark red fruit.

Red Astrachan. Summer. Medium size, yellow with dark red patches; flesh decidedly acid and juicy; excellent for cooking, satisfactory for home plantings, but on account of its poor shipping qualities and irregular bearing not advisable for commercial orchards. Tree very hardy, vigorous and a very heavy bearer every other year.

RED ROME BEAUTY. An improved Rome Beauty, identical in vigor and production, color of fruit much darker and solid red, producing a higher percentage of fancy apples than the ordinary strain of Rome Beauty. This strain will eventually replace the ordinary Rome Beauty, because of its improved coloring characteristics. We advise commercial plantings.

ROME BEAUTY. Winter. Large, round; mottled and striped in different shades of red; flavor and quality way above the average; appearance and size are its valuable points; always in strong demand and brings highest prices. Keeps in good condition till May and June. With an established reputation due to real merit, Rome Beauty is a variety Eastern orchardists should plant largely. Good, hardy, strong grower; blooms late; bears heavily every year; is adapted to a wide range of soils, elevations and conditions. Reliability, due to being frost-proof, strong growing, sure bearing, unusual demand, with high prices on the leading markets, especially from the chain stores, make it a favorite with the grower. Fine quality and long keeping for use and for handling make it popular with consumers and dealers. Most attractive when packed in boxes and bushels.

Rome Beauty.

Stayman Winesap.

Roxbury Russet. Winter. Large, firm, moderately tender, juicy, sub-acid, good flavor. Skin almost smooth, but covered with greenish to yellowish brown russet; long keeper. Most popular russet apple, tree hardy, strong grower, and a prolific bearer.

Red June (Carolina Red June). Summer. Medium size, conical, dark red, juicy, fairly good flavor, very productive.

RHODE ISLAND GREENING. Mid-winter. Large, greenish yellow, flesh crisp, juicy, quite acid, firm, fine grained, tender, and of very fine flavor and quality. This large and superior Northern winter apple is famous, and is highly prized for eating and cooking; also valuable commercial variety, an excellent keeper, and a popular barrel apple; always brings good prices. Generally planted in New England, New York, Michigan and Canada, but not advisable to plant south of the Mason-Dixon Line.

Smokehouse. Fall. Large apple of super-fine flavor, excellent for eating, yellowish green mottled with dull red and with many russet dots; flesh firm, crisp, juicy and aromatic. Tree large, vigorous and reliably productive.

STARK. Winter. Long keeper and a reliable commercial sort. Fruit large, round, greenish yellow, with red stripes; flesh yellow, crisp and mildly acid; valuable as a keeper. Excellent baking apple, and always sought by the larger baking concerns and hotels; brings premium prices. A good variety for the commercial orchard because the tree is hardy, thrifty, healthy, one of the strongest growers, a regular bearer; very productive. Desirable trees to top work other sorts on.

Starr. Summer. Large, attractive, with bright yellowish, smooth skin; sometimes marked with a faint blush and numerous russet dots; flesh yellow, fine, very tender, crisp, juicy, aromatic and of extra fine quality, bringing highest prices. Recommended to those with nearby markets, but a poor long distance shipper. Popular in Southern New Jersey.

STAYMAN WINESAP (Stayman). Winter. Medium large to large; green and yellow, almost hidden by deep, dark red stripes; flesh yellow, not in the least mealy; plenty of juice; firm, tender, rich, sub-acid, aromatic, quality the best and finest. Splendid late keeper, but mellows for use in the fall. Tree a quick and large grower; bears young, often producing a barrel to a tree when five years old. Necessary to plant Grimes Golden along with Stayman for proper cross-pollinization; bears every year; crops uniformly heavy. Stayman is now planted in nearly all the new orchards in the East, to a large extent. One of the most popular apples grown, and demand far exceeds the supply, always bringing highest prices on the large markets; also popular roadside market variety.

Sweet Bough. Summer. Large, pale yellow; tender, sweet. **Twenty Ounce.** Winter. Very large, yellow striped with red; fine quality; good keeper.

Wolf River. Winter. Exceedingly large, handsome, bright yellow, skin mottled and blushed with deep red and broad stripes of bright carmine; fair quality, long keeper, and excellent for cooking.

Summer Rambo. Summer. Large yellowish green, splashed with red, crisp and tender. Very good.

Winter Rambo. Winter. Medium size, greenish yellow color, thick skin.

WILLIAMS EARLY RED. Summer. Medium to large size, bright, rich red; flesh is crisp, tender, juicy and sub-acid; good quality. Its bright, attractive red coloring, with satisfactory size and firmness, makes the Williams Early Red the most popular summer variety grown, and always in strong demand with exceedingly high prices. It is ready for market just about the time people are growing hungry for new apples and are willing to pay a handsome premium for real fruit. Fine for a filler or permanent tree, being hardy, and can be successfully grown in New England States and Canada. All commercial orchards should include Williams Early Red.

Nero.

York Imperial.

APPLES—Continued.

Wilson Red June. Summer. Fairly large, red; good quality. Popular in New Jersey.

Wagener. Winter. A superior large apple of beautiful bright red; fine texture, high flavor and excellent quality. Tree bears early, and is a reliable cropper.

Winter Banana. Winter. Extra large, golden yellow, and beautifully shaded with bright crimson red; firm, fine grained, rich, sub-acid. The name suggests the high flavor. Tree thrives nearly everywhere. Should be packed in bushels or boxes and sold soon after picking.

WINESAP. Sometimes called Old Winesap and Virginia Winesap; medium size, oblong, smooth, and a fine dark red—one of the best red colored apples grown; flesh yellow, crisp, tender, very juicy, aromatic, firm and excellent flavor. Very long keeper and considered the best cold storage variety, keeping until July. A strong grower; comes into bearing early and is remarkable for its regular and abundant crops. Grimes should be planted with Winesap for proper pollinization. Winesap has the reputation, being a leader for many years; the name is familiar to everyone. Best box apple grown, which has made it famous in Oregon and Washington; also a wonderful bushel and barrel apple, being extensively grown in Virginia for export and domestic trade. Supply of Winesap is always limited, with heavy demand from the fancy markets, causing Winesap to be one of the highest average priced apples commercially grown.

WEALTHY. Fall. Medium to large size; round; almost solid red; flesh white or a little stained; tender, crisp, juicy, fine grained, aromatic and very good flavor. Relative good keeper. One of the most profitable commercial apples. Tree is very hardy, withstanding unusually cold climates, vigorous, fruits at early age, bears regular and abundant crops. Tree somewhat dwarf, making a fine filler.

Yellow Newtown or Albemarle Pippin. Winter. Large, round, or a little lop-sided, ribbed and somewhat irregular, long keeper. Tree a slow grower and light bearer in poor soils, but right soil and care bring a world-beater when it will thrive, but no good at all in soils and under conditions not adapted to its exacting requirements. Famous in section around Crozet, Va., and sections of Oregon and Washington. Wonderful box apple, and always brings highest prices.

YORK IMPERIAL. Winter. Medium to large size, round, irregular, greenish yellow overlaid with bright red; flesh tender, firm, crisp, and high flavor; wonderful keeper; can be kept in cold storage until June. Tree is a vigorous grower, strong and healthy; an unusually heavy bearer. Other varieties may fail to set fruit and suffer from off years, but York

Imperial, with proper cultural methods, will bear consistently from year to year. York Imperial is the most popular winter variety for cooking; also good for eating; has a national reputation as a strong leader, and favorable demand with average good prices. York Imperial is a wonderful apple for packing in bushels for the domestic trade; is possibly the largest and best selling variety packed in barrels for the export trade, especially European and South American markets. Its long keeping, long distance shipping qualities, attractive color, and being a heavy cropper established York Imperial the leading commercial apple for Southern Pennsylvania, Maryland, West Virginia and Virginia, and generally considered as the best average money maker.

Yellow Bellflower. Winter. Large, yellow, good flavor.

YELLOW TRANSPARENT. Early summer. Medium to large; cream and yellow, tender, juicy, sub-acid, fragrant, good flavor. Tree is very hardy, healthy, somewhat of a dwarf grower, bears very young, fine as a filler, and one of the few varieties that grow and bear bumper crops in Canada as well as Georgia. Yellow Transparent is the first commercial apple on the markets, and ripens when the demand for summer apples is extra strong; consequently it always brings the best prices. There is no competition on the large markets from other varieties, therefore Yellow Transparent is eagerly sought, especially by baking companies and hotels, as it is the best summer cooking apple, with a normal limited supply. The prices are usually the highest of any variety grown. Plant Yellow Transparent and reap your share of the handsome profits.

Crab Apples

Florence. Summer. Carmine-red, very hardy.

Hyslop. Deep crimson, large size, sub-acid and of good quality. Fine for all kinds of preserving, canning, etc., and good to eat fresh. Tree handsome.

Martha. Bright yellow, shaded with red; flavor tart but mild.

TRANSCENDENT. Yellow striped with red; good for eating fresh and fine for preserving. Best of all crab apples. Tree large; quick grower.

Whitney. Largest crab apple; smooth, glossy, green, splashed with red; good bearer.

Yellow Transparent.

Harrison-Grown Pear Trees

Buds cut from bearing commercial orchards of superior strains, budded on Blight Resistant Pear Seedlings. We specialize in big, strong, vigorous rooted trees that grow and produce marvelously heavy crops. Quality and price which will please.

PRICES OF PEAR TREES

	1 to 9 trees	10 to 29 trees	30 to 299 trees	300 to 599 trees	600 to 3000 trees
1 to 2 ft.	\$0.30	\$0.25	\$0.20	\$0.15	\$0.13 each
2 to 3 ft.	.35	.30	.25	.20	.18 each
3 to 4 ft.	.40	.35	.30	.25	.22 each
4 to 5 ft.	.50	.40	.35	.30	.27 each
5 to 6 ft.	.60	.50	.40	.35	.32 each

See reduced prices for 600 to 3000 trees. Over 3000 trees, write for special prices. Can be assorted Pears, Apples, Peaches, Plums, Cherries or other fruit trees.

List of Pear Varieties

Anjou (Buerre d'Anjou). Late fall. Being one of the best known, most popular and profitable late pears. Large, green in color, somewhat yellow when ripe, buttery, melting, rich, vinous, good flavor. Tree vigorous, hardy, prolific bearer.

Beurre Bosc (Bosc). Winter. Large size, fine quality, brings highest market prices.

CLAPP'S FAVORITE (Clapp). Summer. Very large, long, lemon-yellow with brown dots; richly flushed with russet-red on sunny side; fine texture, melting, buttery, juicy, with a rich, sweet, delicate, vinous flavor. Thrives where other varieties fail. Tree hardy and very productive.

Duchess (Duchesse d'Angouleme). Fall. Very large, dull greenish yellow, spotted russet, flesh white, rich, buttery, juicy; excellent flavor. Tree somewhat dwarf, but a most dependable bearer. Profitable commercial pear.

KIEFFER. Fall. Large, handsome appearance, rich, golden yellow, sometimes tinted red on the sunny side; poor flavor; bears largest, most consistent bumper crops. Wonderful keeper and an astounding long distance shipper. Best variety grown for export trade; generally packed in barrels. Leading variety grown commercially for Eastern canneries. Tree hardy, very strong grower, bears at an early age, producing phenomenal crops. Kieffer is a money maker.

BARTLETT. Summer. Large, rich golden yellow, with a light red blush when ripe; buttery, juicy, melting, with a very rich, pleasing flavor. Bartlett is without a peer, having won an international reputation as the best and the most profitable commercial pear and also the finest home orchard variety. Bartlett pears, when properly grown and packed in boxes, bushels and half-bushel baskets, are most attractive, and find a steady, ready demand with highest prices on the markets. Excellent for fresh eating and unsurpassed for canning. An old favorite.

Garber. Fall. Extra large, even larger than Kieffer; poor flavor, but excellent for canning. Tree is hardy, strong grower; bears at early age; producing large crops. Garber is good pollinizer for Kieffer as well as other varieties.

Lawrence. Winter. Medium to large; golden yellow, with brown dots, melting; pleasant, aromatic; good quality. Unsurpassed as a winter variety.

SECKEL. Fall. A beautiful and delicious little pear, known everywhere and an old-time favorite; skin yellowish brown with deep brownish red cheek; flesh very fine grained, sweet; one of the richest and highest flavored pears grown. Tree rather dwarf, slow, but stout and erect, bears prolific crops.

Sheldon. Fall, medium size, flesh slightly coarse, melting, juicy, vinous flavor.

Worden-Seckel. Fall. A seedling of Seckel, equal in quality and productiveness, but decidedly superior in size, color and form.

Ideal Bartlett Pear Trees for the Commercial Orchard.

Bartlett Pear.

Harrison-Grown Cherry Trees

Budded from bearing commercial orchards of superior strains. All cherries are budded on French grown, whole root seedlings, which, in our most favorable soil, form a large, fibrous, well proportioned root system, which is exceedingly important for the proper growth of cherries. Highest quality at most attractive prices.

Plant cherry trees in the fall or early spring.

PRICES OF SOUR CHERRIES

	1 to 9 trees	10 to 29 trees	30 to 299 trees	300 to 599 trees	600 to 2000 trees
1 to 2 ft.	\$0.40	\$0.35	\$0.30	\$0.25	\$0.20 each
2 to 3 ft.	.45	.40	.35	.30	.25 each
3 to 4 ft.	.50	.45	.40	.35	.30 each
4 to 5 ft.	.60	.50	.45	.40	.35 each
5 to 6 ft.	.70	.60	.50	.45	.40 each

See reduced prices for 600 to 2000 trees. Over 2000 trees, write for special prices. Can be assorted Cherries, Apples, Peaches, Pears, Plums or other fruit trees.

List of Sour Cherry Varieties

Dyehouse. Very early summer, ripening ten days prior to Early Richmond; medium size, sour, good keeper, fine quality, heavy bearer. Popular for pies and especially for canning. Tree is remarkable for its hardiness.

EARLY RICHMOND. Early summer. Very sour, medium size, bright red, being one of the most valuable and popular cherries, unsurpassed for cooking purposes. A good old variety which yields such marvelously heavy crops. Tree is the most hardy of all cherries, being uninjured by the coldest winters; slender in growth, with a roundish, spreading head, being a sure cropper and very productive.

English Morello. Midseason. Fruit sour, large, elongated, almost blackish red when fully ripe; very rich, acid, juicy and good. Splendid pie cherry, and demanded by fruit juice manufacturers. Tree is very hardy, medium size, but exceedingly productive.

May Duke. Very early. Sour, large, red, juicy, rich, its acidity pleasantly tempered to the advantage of sensitive teeth; superior quality, very productive. An old-time favorite.

Large Montmorency.

MONTMORENCY (Large Montmorency). Midseason, sour, large, round and red, slightly acid; flesh is very tender and of unusually good quality, being by far the best variety of sour cherries grown. The best shipper of all sour, which with its wonderful carrying ability for long distance shipments, along with its handsome, appetizing appearance and large size, has made Montmorency in a class by itself, always commanding the highest market prices, either on the city markets or from the commercial canneries. Montmorency is famous in Wisconsin, Michigan, New York and West Virginia for canneries.

Sweet Cherries for the Home Orchard

PRICES OF SWEET CHERRIES

	1 to 9 trees	10 to 29 trees	30 to 299 trees	300 to 599 trees
3 to 4 ft.	\$0.60	\$0.50	\$0.45	\$0.40 each
4 to 5 ft.	.70	.60	.50	.45 each
5 to 6 ft.	.80	.70	.60	.55 each

BLACK TARTARIAN. Very large, sweet, purplish black color, juicy, rich flavor, heavy bearer and most profitable sweet variety grown.

Governor Wood. Large, light yellow, marked with red, sweet flavor.

Lambert. Extra large, sweet, jet black, high flavor, enormous crops, good shipper. Popular commercial variety.

Napoleon (Royal Anne). Large, pale yellow with bright red cheek, sweet excellent flavor, prolific bearer. Famous canning variety of the Pacific Coast.

Schmidt (Schmidt's Bigarreau). Large, sweet, deep black, tender, fine flavor.

Windsor. Large, sweet, almost black, fine quality. Valuable late variety.

Yellow Spanish. Large, sweet, yellow with red tinge. One of the most beautiful and popular of the light colored cherries. Heavy bearer.

Black Tartarian.

Shropshire Damson Plums.

Harrison-Grown Plum Trees

	1 to 9 trees	10 to 29 trees	30 to 299 trees	300 to 599 trees
1 to 2 ft.	\$0.30	\$0.25	\$0.20	\$0.15 each
2 to 3 ft.	.35	.30	.25	.20 each
3 to 4 ft.	.40	.35	.30	.25 each
4 to 5 ft.	.50	.40	.35	.30 each
5 to 6 ft.	.60	.50	.40	.35 each

ABUNDANCE. Early, large, lemon-yellow, hardy, productive.

Bradshaw. Midseason, large, dark violet-red, juicy, excellent flavor, desirable for canning.

BURBANK. Midseason, large cherry-red, high quality, very productive. Popular commercial variety.

German Prune. Late, large, dark purple, sweet. Good for canning and drying.

Italian Prune (Fellenberg). Late, medium size, dark purple, delicious. Fine for drying.

RED JUNE. Very early, medium size, deep vermilion-red, good.

SHROPSHIRE DAMSON. Late, medium size, dark purple, very productive. The best for preserving. The popular old-fashioned Damson variety.

Wickson. Late, very large, deep maroon red covered with white bloom, flesh firm, meaty, yellow, rich, aromatic, cling.

Harrison-Grown Apricot Trees

	1 to 9 trees	10 to 29 trees	30 to 299 trees
2 to 3 ft.	\$0.40	\$0.35	\$0.30 each
3 to 4 ft.	.60	.50	.40 each
4 to 5 ft.	.80	.70	.60 each

Alexander. Early, prolific, freestone, orange with red blush, Russian variety. Hardy where peaches cannot be grown.

Early Golden. Small, pale orange, juicy and sweet. It is a hardy, prolific bearer; ripens first of July.

Moorpark. Summer. Early, yellow with red cheek, juicy, sweet, rich, freestone. Very productive; a European variety.

Superb. Medium size, light salmon-colored fruit. Hardy.

Quince Trees

	1 to 9 trees	10 to 29 trees
2 to 3 ft.	\$0.50	\$0.40 each
3 to 4 ft.	.70	.60 each
4 to 5 ft.	.90	.80 each

Champion. Late, very large, fine quality, long keeper.

ORANGE. Late, large, bright yellow, excellent flavor, productive, and rarely fails to produce a crop. Best canning variety. Popular Wayne County (New York) strain.

Nectarines

The Nectarine resembles a peach, but it has smooth skin. The melting juicy texture of the Nectarine and its delicious flavor furnishes one of the most delightful fruits in early autumn.

	Each
2 to 3 ft.	\$0.40
3 to 4 ft.	.50
4 to 5 ft.	.60

Red Roman. Greenish yellow, red cheek, flesh golden.

Boston. Bright yellow, red cheek; flesh yellow.

Blackberries

EARLY HARVEST. Black, very early, excellent quality, good size, ripens 10 days to two weeks before any other. Favorite commercial berry in Middle Atlantic States. Sells at fancy prices.

ELDORADO. Berries of enormous size, shiny jet-black, sweet, pleasing flavor, very productive, excellent shipper. Vines are strong, vigorous, and withstand the cold northwestern winters without injury. Best commercial variety and a wonderful money maker.

Mersereau. Brilliant black, late, very large berries, extra good quality. Heavy producer, extra strong grower.

25 plants	100 plants	250 plants	500 plants	1000 plants
\$1.75	\$5.00	\$10.00	\$19.00	\$35.00

Currants

Fay. Red, midseason, large berries; good flavor. Excellent for jams, jellies and preserves.

WILDER. Red, late, extra large, juicy berries, high quality. Best commercial or home variety grown.

	Each
1 to 9 plants	\$0.25
10 to 29 plants	.20
30 to 300 plants	.15

Gooseberries

Downing. Large, handsome, pale green, good quality for table and cooking. Strong grower.

HOUGHTON. Round, medium size, pale red, sweet, very good flavor, very productive.

	Each
1 to 9 plants	\$0.25
10 to 29 plants	.20
30 to 300 plants	.15

Cuthbert Raspberry.

Harrison-Grown Grape Vines

Grapes are one of the most productive fruits we have. They can be grown in small spaces and trained up over buildings or fences. For commercial planting they should be planted in rows eight feet apart and the rows eight feet apart. Grapes are easily grown and earn the growers large profits. We are listing only the varieties that have been proved as the best in commercial vineyards and home gardens.

Agawam. Large dark red or brown berries, thick skin, aromatic flavor. The vine is a strong rank grower, hardy and productive. Ripens with Concord.

Catawba. Large bunches of dark red berries, flesh pulpy with rich vinous flavor. Best quality for table use. Late.

CONCORD. The most popular grape grown. It adapts itself to varying conditions and is grown in most every state of the Union. Large compact bunches of dark purplish black berries. The berries are covered with a rich bloom, skin is tender, but is sufficiently firm to carry to distant markets; flesh is juicy, sweet and tender. Vine is a vigorous grower, hardy and very productive. Midseason, old reliable commercial variety. Best money maker.

Delaware. Bunches medium size, full of large red berries, which are sweet and of extra good quality. Late.

MOORE'S EARLY. Extremely dark purple, almost black. Bunches medium size, but berries are large. Flavor and quality are very much like Concord but ripens much earlier.

Niagara. The best of the standard, light colored grapes. Bunches of large greenish white berries, changing to a pale yellow color when fully ripe. Ripens about the same time as Concord or a little earlier.

Worden. Large bunches of black colored berries, very highly flavored and of large size, excellent for table use. Ripens five to ten days earlier than Concord.

TWO-YEAR GRAPE VINES

	1 to 9	10 to 29	30 to 299	300 to 599	600 to 3000
Agawam	\$0.30	\$0.25	\$0.20		
Concord	.15	.12	.10	.08	.06
Catawba	.30	.25	.20		
Delaware	.30	.25	.20		
Moore's Early ...	.25	.20	.15	.12	.10
Niagara	.30	.25	.20	.15	.12
Worden	.30	.25	.20		

We recommend two-year Grape vines for the best results, but will quote on one-year vines upon request.

Raspberries

CUTHBERT. Crimson-red, large conical berries, very hardy, strong grower, prolific bearer, late excellent shipper. Leading commercial variety.

CUMBERLAND. Black, large, firm fruit, very heavy bearer, midseason, good shipper. Leading black commercial variety.

Plum Farmer. Black, large, thick meated berries, strong grower, prolific bearer, early.

ST. REGIS (Ranere). Red, large berries, everbearing, fruit commences to ripen with the earliest and continues on the young canes until October and sometimes later. Attractive berries, firm, very prolific bearer, excellent shipper. One of the best money making berries commercially.

PRICES ON ALL VARIETIES OF RASPBERRIES, EXCEPT LATHAM

25 plants	100 plants	250 plants	500 plants	1000 plants
\$2.00	\$4.80	\$8.70	\$16.00	\$30.00

LATHAM. Red, large, round, firm berries, very hardy even in Canada, very productive, rich color, attractive fine flavor, late. Heavy producer, even yields, crops larger than the old reliable Cuthbert. Strong grower, mosaic-free, considered the healthiest variety grown. This variety is equally adapted to warm as well as cold climates. Best raspberry grown.

25 plants	100 plants	250 plants	500 plants	1000 plants
\$3.00	\$7.00	\$13.00	\$24.00	\$45.00

Asparagus

Plant asparagus in your home garden as there is nothing from the garden that is so much appreciated as the tender tips and fresh stalks of asparagus.

Plant asparagus by the acre as it is a good paying commercial crop.

PALMETTO. Ten days to two weeks earlier than most other varieties. The stalks vary from dark to light green, are very large and of exceptionally good quality. The most extensively planted and the old reliable commercial variety. A real money maker.

WASHINGTON. A new pedigreed rust resistant asparagus. A standard commercial and home garden variety, being noted for its large size, vigor, productiveness, tenderness, high quality and rust-resistance. Martha Washington and Washington is the same variety. The Coker's Pedigreed Strain.

TWO-YEAR NUMBER ONE GRADE

50c per 10 crowns; \$2.00 per 100 crowns; \$6.00 per 500 crowns; \$10.00 per 1,000 crowns; 2,000 to 5,000 at \$9.00 per 1,000 crowns; 5,000 to 10,000 at \$8.00 per 1,000 crowns.

MARY WASHINGTON. The latest introduction of pedigreed strains, being rust resistant and proven by test to be the best commercial and home garden variety. A very strong grower, early season, producing extra large, green color, rich, tender stalks, unusually heavy producer, an excellent shipper and commanding the highest market prices. Originated by J. B. Norton of U. S. Dept. of Agriculture. Our supply is grown from the original pedigreed strain, being selected direct by J. B. Norton and Coker's of S. C.

TWO-YEAR NUMBER ONE GRADE

60c per 10 crowns; \$2.50 per 100 crowns; \$7.00 per 500 crowns; \$12.00 per 1,000 crowns; 2,000 to 5,000 at \$11.00 per 1,000 crowns; 5,000 to 10,000 crowns at \$10.00 per 1,000 crowns.

We recommend two-year asparagus for the best results, but will quote on one-year crowns upon request.

Highest quality asparagus at lowest possible prices.

Strawberries

SPRING SHIPMENTS ONLY

Our Strawberry plants are outstanding as heavy yielders. The plants are strong, healthy, and vigorous, producing fine luscious fruit. Write for varieties and prices.

Evergreens, Trees, Shrubs, Roses, Etc. for the Garden Beautiful

Every home that is built needs a finishing touch in the way of flowers, shrubs or trees. These give the final touch to the outside appearance of the grounds surrounding the home.

You Will Enjoy Creating an Outdoor Living Room

The vogue for beauty, outside the home, as well as within, is upon us—and this new vogue finds its most charming expression in the modern outdoor living room.

This new fashion results from more than the public's consciousness of "back-yard" barrenness. It is the home owner's own solution to the problem of how to get the most value out of his property. And the most enjoyment out of living. The charm of evergreens, flowering plants and trees, tastefully arranged to create a veritable living room outdoors is irresistible; and the prospect of planting a place outdoors which is attractive, livable, and comfortable—where the whole family can find countless hours of enjoyable pleasure.

Harrisons' Superior Ornamentals

Nowhere in the country are the lands more fertile or productive than on the Eastern Shore of Maryland, where ideal climatic conditions and location near the Atlantic ocean insure hardiness, strong root development, so necessary for transplanting to new locations.

Trained Organization

The reputation of the Harrisons' Nurseries goes back to 1884 and our organization is comprised of men who have been in our employ all their lives, followed by their sons, and other young men who are coming up through the years, and properly trained in the propagation of plant life.

Fall is a Good Time to Plant

The stock becomes established and root development commences to grow long before the winter's frost and snow has left the ground.

Buy in 1931

With one of the finest growing seasons and prices lower than in years, landscape architects and garden lovers are taking advantage of the "America Beautiful" spirit by purchasing their planting material now.

Save a Year and Plant This Fall for Next Summer's Flowers

Shade Trees

With thousands of shapely Shade Trees to select from, it has been our pleasure to have had the privilege of furnishing trees that are found growing in the streets and home grounds in almost any city, and along the highways of many states.

Evergreens

Besides having a reputation of growing the finest fruit trees in the country, we also dominate in the production of the finest specimens of Evergreens that are grown. Our large expanse of Evergreens, finds a ready market in the landscape field in furnishing dignified beauty to the country, city, and suburban homes in America.

Evergreens Reasonably Priced

You pay no more for Harrisons' super-grade Evergreens, all of which are selected individually as to shape and foliage, than you do for second grade stock, that is dug up in the nursery row, regardless of the development.

American Arbor-Vitae.

Evergreens

Truly the aristocrats of freedom, lending year around beauty to your home surroundings. We have an unusual assortment this season of evergreens in green, blue and silver, which make the most attractive combination for planting as a foundation planting in groups or as specimen trees.

Without doubt we produce the finest evergreens in the country and to those who enjoy fine specimens for the home grounds suggest that you select your varieties from our fine specimens now growing in our nurseries.

All our evergreens are balled and burlapped in the fertile soil in which they are grown, thereby assuring healthy and vigorous growth for all time.

Freight is the Most Satisfactory Way to
Ship Evergreens

Arbor-Vitae

American Arbor-Vitae (*Thuja occidentalis*). Probably no evergreen is more admired than the American Arbor-Vitae, with its beautifully carved foliage of deep green, its graceful, refined habits and its artistic shape. These features make it indispensable in the home foundation groups and in the lawn and garden plantings. This evergreen is easy to transplant and grows under adverse weather conditions.

	Each
1 to 1½ ft.	\$0.75
2 to 3 ft.	1.75
4 to 5 ft.	4.00

Berckman's Golden Arbor-Vitae (*Biota aurea nana*).

This evergreen is the best golden form grown. The clear, golden yellow color is very rich and striking and makes a delightful contrast when planted with other evergreens. It is a dwarf growing form and is very ornamental when planted in a foundation group.

	Each
9 to 12 in.	\$1.10
15 to 18 in.	2.25

Chinese Arbor-Vitae (*Biota orientalis*). An attractive, upright evergreen, rapid grower with bright green foliage. When young it is compact and rather pyramidal in form, as it becomes older assumes the habit of a rather loose growing Red Cedar. Very useful to use for screening purposes because of its rapid growth.

	Each
1 to 1½ ft.	\$0.75
2 to 3 ft.	1.75
4 to 5 ft.	4.00

See how we grow bushy, symmetrical Pyramidal
Arbor-Vitae specimens.

Berckman's Golden Arbor-Vitae.

Compact Parsons Arbor-Vitae (*Thuja occidentalis compacta*). Natural compact, globe-shaped, dark green foliage. The ideal low growing plant for massing against the taller evergreens in foundation plantings.

	Each
9 to 12 in.	\$0.75
15 to 18 in.	1.50
21 to 24 in.	2.50

Ellwanger's or Tom Thumb Arbor-Vitae (*Thuja occidentalis ellwangeriana*). A low, broad, pyramidal form of evergreen with slender branches and feathery foliage.

	Each
12 to 15 in.	\$1.00
1½ to 2 ft.	2.25

George Peabody Arbor-Vitae (*Thuja occidentalis lutea*). A beautiful variety, the gold marking diffusing more deeply into the foliage than in any other tall growing evergreens. Fine as a specimen or to produce color contrast with other evergreens.

	Each
1 to 1½ ft.	\$1.50

Pyramidal Arbor-Vitae (*Thuja occidentalis pyramidalis*). A really beautiful evergreen that should be included in every planting. It grows tall and narrow, requires no trimming and retains its bright green color throughout the whole year. A pair of them placed at the entrance or at the corner of a home makes a superb showing. Our Pyramidal Arbor-Vitae are grown with extreme care and each one is a specimen.

	Each
1 to 1½ ft.	\$1.25
2 to 3 ft.	2.25
4 to 5 ft.	5.00

Siberian Arbor-Vitae (*Thuja occidentalis sibirica*). Dark green color, broadly pyramidal, very hardy and holds green color during the winter.

	Each
2 to 2½ ft.	\$3.00

Savin Juniper.

Cedars

Indian Cedar (*Cedrus deodara*). Feathery blue-green foliage, graceful drooping branches, tall growing. Ideal to use as a specimen in the corners of lawns.

	Each
2 to 3 ft.	\$3.00
4 to 5 ft.	6.00

Fir

Balsam Fir (*Abies balsamea*). A very erect, regular, pyramidal tree assuming a conical shape even when young. Dark green foliage. Should be planted in the open space, as it eventually grows into a large tree.

	Each
2 to 3 ft.	\$3.75

Hemlock

Canadian Hemlock (*Tsuga canadensis*). An elegant pyramidal tree with drooping branches and delicate dark green foliage. Excellent for lawn purposes, also suited for hedges.

	Each
1½ to 2 ft.	\$2.50
2 to 3 ft.	3.50

Irish Junipers.

Swedish Juniper (*Juniperus communis suecica*). Tall, columnar habit, dense, fairly broad foliage, drooping tips. Resembles the Irish Juniper, but is somewhat slower growing and lighter in color.

	Each
1 to 1½ ft.	\$1.25
2 to 3 ft.	2.50

Virginia Blue Cedar. Broadly conical form and beautiful glaucous blue foliage make it one of the choicest evergreens.

	Each
2 to 3 ft.	\$3.25

Pines

Mugho Dwarf Pine (*Pinus montana mughus*). A picturesque dwarf Pine that forms a bushy, compact ball growing as broad as it does tall, seldom reaching a height of 4 feet. Foliage is dark, rich green; needles long and stiff.

	Each
12 to 15 in.	\$2.50

Junipers

Andorra Juniper (*Juniperus communis depressa plumosa*). A low spreading Juniper of an unusually good color. During spring and summer it is a bright green, turning to a rich purple-bronze color in fall and winter. Unusually good for planting along slopes and places where grass will not grow.

	Each
15 to 18 in. spread	\$2.00
1½ to 2 ft. spread	3.00

Golden Spreading Juniper (*Juniperus communis aurea*). Low spreading habit, bright golden foliage in the spring and summer. Useful for adding color in a foundation planting.

	Each
1 to 1½ ft. spread	\$2.00

Irish Juniper (*Juniperus communis hibernica*). Forms a narrow and dense column, compact, bluish green foliage. Most attractive when planted around the foundation of a home, at corners and entrances. Widely used in formal gardens.

	Each
1 to 1½ ft.	\$0.90
1½ to 2 ft.	1.50

Pfitzer's Juniper (*Juniperus chinensis pfitzeriana*). The most popular of all spreading evergreens. Its peculiarly graceful, distinctive manner, plus an unusually hardy nature makes it particularly fascinating and desirable for foundation planting.

	Each
1 to 1½ ft. spread	\$2.00

Red Cedar (*Juniperus virginiana*). A well known American tree, with fine dense foliage, varying in habit and color, the majority being formal and bluntly conical. Ideal for planting on each side of an entrance.

	Each
3 to 4 ft.	\$3.00
5 to 6 ft.	6.00

Savin Juniper (*Juniperus sabina*). Handsome, dark green foliage, spreading branches forming irregular vase-shaped bush. One of the most attractive spreading evergreens grown. The ideal plant to use for low foundation plantings. Can be kept trimmed to any desired height.

	Each
1 to 1½ ft. spread	\$1.75
2 to 3 ft. spread	3.00

Spiny Greek Juniper (*Juniperus excelsa stricta*). A tall grower of upright columnar habit and bluish green foliage. The growth is so slow that the tree is well adapted for foundation plantings and other situations requiring dwarf trees.

	Each
12 to 15 in.	\$2.00
1½ to 2 ft.	3.00

Andorra Juniper.

Japanese Plume-like Retinospora—*Retinospora Plumosa*.

EVERGREENS—Continued.

Retinospora - Chamaecyparis

Japanese Plume-like Retinospora (*Retinospora plumosa*). A handsome evergreen from Japan, with feathery, light green foliage, more beautiful than a fern. Excellent for foundation plantings, can be kept pruned to any desired height.

	Each
1 to 1½ ft.	\$1.25
2 to 3 ft.	2.50
4 to 5 ft.	6.00

Japanese Golden Plume-like Retinospora (*Retinospora plumosa aurea*). Golden yellow color throughout the summer; compact habit of growth, similar to the Japanese Plume-like Retinospora except in color. Makes an ideal background plant in foundation planting.

	Each
1 to 1½ ft.	\$1.25
2 to 3 ft.	2.50
4 to 5 ft.	6.00

Japanese Sawara Retinospora (*Retinospora pisifera*). Light green, lacy-like foliage, bluish beneath. Quick grower, loosely pyramidal.

	Each
1 to 1½ ft.	\$1.75
3 to 4 ft.	3.50

Japanese Golden Sawara Retinospora (*Retinospora pisifera aurea*). Habit of growth like the Sawara Retinospora but its color is bright golden.

	Each
1 to 1½ ft.	\$1.25
2 to 3 ft.	2.50
4 to 5 ft.	6.00

Japanese Hinoki Retinospora (*Retinospora obtusa*). Compact, pyramidal form, slightly drooping tips, beautiful dark green, flat foliage.

	Each
1 to 1½ ft.	\$1.25
2 to 3 ft.	2.50
4 to 5 ft.	6.00

Japanese Sulphur-Tinted Retinospora (*Retinospora plumosa sulphurea*). Light yellow tips with feathery, silver-blue background. Dwarf grower, suitable for planting in front of taller evergreens.

	Each
1 to 1½ ft. spread	\$2.50

Japanese Thread-like Retinospora (*Retinospora filifera*). Has long, stringy droopy branches, bright green foliage; slow grower, very attractive.

	Each
1½ to 2 ft.	\$3.00

Veitch's Japanese Retinospora (*Retinospora squarrosa veitchii*). Foliage silvery blue, feathery and dense, giving a soft woolly appearance. Broad pyramidal outline, can be kept to any height by trimming. One of the best Retinosporas.

	Each
1 to 1½ ft.	\$1.25
1½ to 2 ft.	2.00

Spruces

Douglas Spruce (*Pseudotsuga douglasii*). Very hardy, dark bluish green color. Conical form with spreading branches; eventually grows into a large tree. One of America's oldest and best enduring trees.

	Each
4 to 5 ft.	\$7.00

Norway Spruce (*Picea excelsa*). A lofty, noble tree of open, pyramidal habit. Very popular and effective in evergreen groups and one of the best evergreens for hedges. Its color is normally a good, rich, dark green, but when the new spring growth lights up the branches, the tips are silver-blue. Norway Spruce is the variety most commonly used for Christmas Trees.

	Each
1 to 1½ ft.	\$0.90
1½ to 2 ft.	1.25
2 to 3 ft.	2.00

Norway Spruce.

Yews

Irish Yew (*Taxus baccata hibernica*). This evergreen is the aristocratic member of the Yew family. It grows tall and narrow with stout, crowded branches and spirally arranged leaves which are dark green in color. This Yew is very scarce, but everyone that sees it is enthusiastic about it. Formerly it was imported from Europe, but after all importations were discontinued by the Federal Government, American nurserymen were unable to supply their customers. Fortunately, we had some specimen plants in our nurseries from which we were able to propagate. 9 to 12 inches from pots, \$1.00 each; 3 for \$2.50; 5 for \$4.00; 10 for \$7.00.

Japanese Spreading Yew (*Taxus cuspidata*). The beautiful Yew of moderate, bushy growth, the upright spreading branches densely clothed with short leaves of dull green. Hardiest of all Yews, grows in semi-shady locations.

Each	
1 to 1½ ft. spread	\$2.25
1½ to 2 ft. spread	4.00

Spreading English Yew (*Taxus baccata repandens*). Low spreading, dwarf grower, with dark, glossy green foliage.

Each	
1 to 1½ ft. spread	\$2.25
1½ to 2 ft. spread	4.00

Upright English Yew (*Taxus baccata capitata*). Upright grower, dense green foliage, makes a most attractive specimen plant when fully matured.

Each	
1 to 1½ ft.	\$2.00
1½ to 2 ft.	3.75

Japanese Spreading Yew—*Taxus Cuspidata*.

Broad-Leaved Evergreens

Boxwood.

Harrison-Grown Boxwood

Possibly no other evergreen shrub has been so much used for marking the boundaries of formal gardens, to outline flower beds, for low hedges, and for other ornamental purposes. The plants will adapt themselves to almost any situation and climate, and by judicious pruning can be trained to many forms. We believe that our stock of boxwood this year is considerably above the average, being possibly the highest quality available throughout the Union. The plants have been properly cultivated and transplanted, and are therefore in just the condition to grow rapidly when transplanted to your grounds. We are one of America's largest growers of boxwood. Boxwood will be properly dug, balled and burlapped, except customer advising otherwise.

Boxwood (*Buxus sempervirens*). Handsome shrub of dense, compact growth. Leaves evergreen, quite small, deep glossy green. An ideal plant, more extensively used for shaping in various forms than possibly any other evergreen.

	1 to 9 plants	10 to 29 plants	30 to 300 plants
8 to 10 in.	\$0.60	\$0.55	\$0.50 each
10 to 12 in.	.80	.70	.60 each
12 to 15 in.	1.00	.90	.80 each
15 to 18 in.	1.50	1.35	1.20 each
18 to 21 in.	2.25	2.00	1.75 each

Dwarf English Boxwood (*Buxus sempervirens suffruticosa*). A widely known and popular dwarf form, evergreen foliage, small, deep green and dense. Suitable for very low hedges and edgings.

	1 to 9 plants	10 to 29 plants	30 to 300 plants
4 to 6 in.	\$0.40	\$0.35	\$0.30 each
6 to 8 in.	.60	.55	.50 each

Tree Boxwood (*Buxus sempervirens arborescens*). Hardy, quickest growing, upright variety of boxwood. Larger leaves being loose growing; pyramidal shape.

	Each
15 to 18 in.	\$1.00
1½ to 2 ft.	1.50

Euonymus Japonica.

BROAD-LEAVED EVERGREENS—Continued.**Hardy Azaleas**

Azalea amoena. A dense, dwarf growing shrub with slender branches and semi-double flowers of a bright, rosy purple color. Blooms in early spring and retains its foliage all year.

	Each
6 to 8 in.	\$1.00
8 to 10 in.	1.25
12 to 15 in.	2.00

Azalea hinodegiri. Broad, spreading habit, very bright carmine-pink flowers in spring. Beautiful evergreen foliage, one of the most striking colored flowers of any plant grown. The plant is literally covered up with blooms during the spring time. Ideal plant for adding color in front of evergreen planting.

	Each
6 to 8 in.	\$1.25
8 to 10 in.	1.50
12 to 15 in.	2.50

Euonymus

Green Euonymus (*Euonymus japonica*). Green, glossy, evergreen foliage, upright grower. Thrives under adverse soil conditions. Ideal for planting at seashores.

	Each
1 to 1½ ft.	\$1.00
2 to 3 ft.	2.50

Goldspot Euonymus (*Euonymus japonica aureovariegatus*). Resembles the green Euonymus, except its leaves are variegated with golden color, also it is a slightly more columnar grower.

	Each
1 to 1½ ft.	\$1.25
2 to 3 ft.	2.75

Laurels

English Cherry Laurel (*Laurocerasus officinalis*). A valuable shrub of great vigor, beautiful broad, shining, rich evergreen foliage. Not hardy in the North.

	Each
1 to 1½ ft.	\$1.25
2 to 3 ft.	3.00

Mountain Laurel (*Kalmia latifolia*). Most effective in June, when the clusters of pink flowers open. Good foliage, likes shady locations.

	Each
2 to 3 ft.	\$1.50

Rhododendrons

Catawba Rhododendron (*Rhododendron catawbiense*). Late spring; blooms of rose-lavender color.

	Each
9 to 12 in.	\$0.75

Rosebay Rhododendron (*Rhododendron maximum*). Beautiful, lavish white to blush pink blooms. Large handsome foliage. Most popular Rhododendron.

	Each
9 to 12 in.	\$0.75

Other Leading Varieties

BUSH ARBUTUS (*Abelia grandiflora*). One of our most beautiful, popular and satisfactory Broad-Leaved Evergreens. The graceful, drooping stems and branches are covered with dark, glossy leaves, which in winter assume a metallic sheen. From the middle of June until frost this plant produces an immense quantity of tubular-shaped white flowers tinged with pink, about an inch long, which are borne in clusters. For single specimen, for groups or for a hedge, we cannot too strongly recommend this plant.

	Each
1 to 1½ ft.	\$0.75
1½ to 2 ft.	1.00

JAPANESE HOLLY (*Ilex crenata*). A much-branched evergreen shrub, with oval, crenate leaves. Makes a splendid specimen.

	Each
1 to 1½ ft.	\$2.00

LIGUSTRUM LUCIDUM. Large, thick, shiny dark green leaves; white flowers, black berries in winter. Will thrive in shady locations.

	Each
1 to 1½ ft.	\$1.50
2 to 3 ft.	2.50

SOUTHERN MAGNOLIA (*Magnolia grandiflora*). Greatest of all Southern ornamental trees. Large, glossy leaves, handsome white flowers.

	Each
1½ to 2 ft.	\$2.50
4 to 5 ft.	4.50

YUCCA or ADAM'S NEEDLE. Broad, sword-like evergreen foliage; tall creamy white flowers during July.

	Each
Field-grown extra heavy clumps	\$1.00

Bush Arbutus—Abelia Grandiflora.

Trees for Shade and Beauty

To appreciate the value of trees, one has only to compare the comfort and beauty of suburban avenues on hot summer days, with the barrenness and glare of downtown city streets. For the street or a specimen planted in the home grounds they perform a real service to man in the beauty they furnish, and protect him from the rays of the summer sun.

SHADE TREES OUR SPECIALTY

We have undoubtedly more Shade Trees in saleable sizes, growing in our nursery now, than any other nursery in the country. All our specimen trees are carefully selected before digging, and can be shipped either by freight or express to any destination.

We can only give you a brief outline of the many varieties we carry, as the space here does not permit detailed descriptions. The Harrisons' Nurseries assures you of supplying only our super-grades in all varieties, and we accept your orders with the full realization that satisfaction is our guarantee.

Maples

Norway Maples (*Acer platanoides*). Typical maple leaves, large and bright green, fading to gold in the fall. Trunk and branches are sturdy and strong, lending an effect of ruggedness. Branches and foliage are thick and compact. It is the most popular and best known shade tree.

	Each	10
5 to 6 ft.	\$1.25	\$10.00
6 to 8 ft.	1.75	15.00
8 to 10 ft.	2.50	22.50

Schwedler's Red-Leaved Maple (*Acer platanoides schwedleri*). Very similar to the Norway Maple, except in spring the leaves are purple and crimson, in summer months dark green, and when fall comes the leaves change to a brown-reddish color.

	Each
6 to 8 ft.	\$2.50

Japanese Blood Leaf Maple (*Acer palmatum atropurpureum*). Very dwarf, graceful red foliage. Best color in sunny locations.

	Each
15 to 18 in.	\$3.00

Japanese Blood Leaf Maple.

Norway Maple.

Silver Maple (*Acer dasycarpum*). The name comes from the color of its leaves; on the underside of them they are bright silvered color; on top light green, and in the fall the leaves fade to pale yellow. Growth is faster than that of any other shade tree. Makes splendid, quick shade.

	Each	10	100
6 to 8 ft.	\$0.70	\$6.00	\$50.00
8 to 10 ft.	.90	8.00	70.00
10 to 12 ft.	1.35	12.50	110.00

Elms

American Elm (*Ulmus americana*). A noble native tree of great size, wide spreading, gracefully curving branches, growing up in a form like the outline of long-stemmed flowers in a tall vase. The handsomest American tree for lawns, avenues and parks.

	Each	10	100
6 to 8 ft.	\$1.00	\$ 9.00	\$ 80.00
8 to 10 ft.	1.50	13.50	120.00
10 to 12 ft.	2.50	22.50	200.00

Moline Elm. Grows into a dense conical specimen.

	Each
6 to 8 ft.	\$2.00

Chinese Elm (*Ulmus pumila*). This tree is of recent introduction in this country. It is a very rapid grower, typical elm-like foliage, adaptable to most every kind of soil and condition. It develops into a splendid shade tree, its vigorous growth making it very desirable where quick shade is desired. Order early as our stock on this variety is somewhat limited.

	Each	10
6 to 8 ft.	\$1.75	\$15.00
8 to 10 ft.	2.50	22.50

Oaks

Pin Oak (*Quercus palustris*). The daintiest and most graceful of the oaks, with deeply cut, bright, fresh green foliage; beautiful autumn effect. A very graceful tree for the lawn and fine for streets or roadsides.

	Each	10
6 to 8 ft.	\$3.00	\$27.50
8 to 10 ft.	4.00	37.50
10 to 12 ft.	6.00	55.00

ORNAMENTAL TREES—Continued.

Planes

Oriental Plane (*Platanus orientalis*). A rapid, upright, clean growing tree, long lived, beautiful dense foliage. It is very hardy and not affected by insects. The bark peels off the trunk and branches in autumn, leaving the whole tree of creamy white color in winter. It is the ideal tree for planting on lawns, avenues and parks. Rapid grower.

	Each	10	100
6 to 8 ft.	\$1.00	\$9.00	\$80.00
8 to 10 ft.	1.50	12.50	120.00
10 to 12 ft.	2.50	22.50	200.00

American Plane or Sycamore (*Platanus occidentalis*). A very rapid growing tree for yard and street planting. The bark is grayish green and peels off during the winter. Not as desirable as the Oriental Plane but is a much more rapid grower.

	Each	10	100
6 to 8 ft.	\$1.00	\$9.00	\$80.00
8 to 10 ft.	1.50	12.50	120.00

Willows

Babylonian Weeping Willow (*Salix babylonica*). A rapid growing, hardy tree, thriving in any moist soil. The willows are valuable and interesting subjects on account of their graceful aspect.

	Each	10
6 to 8 ft.	\$1.25	\$11.00

Golden Bark Weeping Willow. Similar in habit and growth to the Babylonian Weeping Willow, except the bark is of a golden color, making a showy effect in the winter time.

	Each	10
6 to 8 ft.	\$1.25	\$11.00
8 to 10 ft.	1.50	13.50

Pussy Willow (*Salix discolor*). Shrub-like tree with furry catkins in early spring.

	Each	10
2 to 3 ft.	\$0.35	\$3.00

Oriental Plane Street Planting.

Poplars

Lombardy Poplar (*Populus nigra italica*). A tall, spire-like tree used for screens and formal plantings. It is fast growing, distinctly ornamental and beautiful.

	Each	10	100
6 to 8 ft.	\$0.70	\$6.00	\$50.90
8 to 10 ft.	.90	8.00	70.00
10 to 12 ft.	1.30	12.00	110.00

Other Shade and Ornamental Trees

CATALPA BUNGEI or **UMBRELLA TREE**. Umbrella-shaped heads without pruning. Hardy, have large, glossy green leaves; usually planted in pairs on opposite sides of an entrance or walks.

	Each	10
5 to 6 ft., 2-yr. heads	\$1.25	\$11.00
6 to 7 ft., 2-yr. heads	1.50	13.50

CUT LEAF WEeping BIRCH (*Betula pendula gracilis*). Graceful, drooping habit, silver-white bark.

	Each
5 to 6 ft.	\$3.00

EUROPEAN LINDEN (*Tilia platyphyllos*). Pyramidal in form; its abundant foliage forms a dense shade; flowers fragrant.

	Each
6 to 8 ft.	\$2.00
8 to 10 ft.	3.00

EUROPEAN MOUNTAIN ASH (*Sorbus aucuparia*). Valuable for a small lawn; orange-scarlet berries.

	Each
4 to 5 ft.	\$0.75

MAIDEN HAIR TREE or **GINKGO** (*Ginkgo biloba*). A tall and very hardy tree, with horizontal branches.

	Each
6 to 8 ft.	\$2.50

SWEET GUM (*Liquidambar styraciflua*). A shapely tree with slender, corky-ridged branches. Leaves are bright green and lustrous; in autumn they change to a pleasing tone of crimson color.

	Each
6 to 8 ft.	\$2.00
8 to 10 ft.	3.00

TEAS' WEEPING MULBERRY. Long, sweeping branches that droop and touch the ground; very attractive.

	Each
4 to 6 ft. stems, 2-yr. heads	\$3.00

Can supply larger sizes in the various varieties of shade trees. Write for special prices.

Lombardy Poplar.

Nut Trees Are Ornamental and Profitable

BUTTERNUT (<i>Juglans cinerea</i>). Large nut, with a sweet, nutritious kernel.	Each	10
2 to 3 ft.	\$1.50	\$13.50
AMERICAN SWEET CHESTNUT (<i>Castanea dentata</i>). Large tree when matured; nut of good quality; prolific bearer.	Each	10
2 to 3 ft.	\$1.50	\$13.50
SCHLEY PECAN . Medium to large nuts; oblong, thin shell, rich flavor. Good grower. The best pecan grown.	Each	10
2 to 3 ft.	\$2.50	\$22.50

BLACK WALNUT (*Juglans nigra*). Rapid grower, spreading branches, large, delicious nuts, prolific bearer.

	1 to 9	10 to 29
	trees	trees
5 to 6 ft.	\$3.00	\$2.75 each

ENGLISH WALNUT (*Juglans regia*). Thin shelled, large, delicious nuts, producing heavy crops and demanding good prices. Most popular walnut grown.

	Each	10
2 to 3 ft.	\$1.50	\$13.50

Flowering Ornamental Trees

Harrison Grown

Garden lovers everywhere are yearly enjoying the beauty and colorful bloom of our selected flowering trees. As a specimen on the lawn or planted in groups to shield an unsightly view, there is nothing quite so enjoyable as planting a few of these trees.

FLOWERING ALMOND . Showy double flowers in spring; makes a beautiful specimen when in bloom. We can supply it in either pink or white color.	Each	
1½ to 2 ft.	\$0.50	
2 to 3 ft.		.70

Flowering Crab Apples

Rounded, compact, small trees, largely used in lawn groups and high shrub borders. They are noted for their profuse early bloom of varying colors, their dense glossy handsome foliage, and their ornamental fruits.

Atrosanguinea. Single red flowers, fading to pink, early bloomer.

Bechtel's. The only genuine double-flowered Crab, when in bloom appears to be covered with delicate pink, perfectly double small roses of delicious fragrance.

Eleyi. Purple to red foliage, wine-colored bloom. The best red leaf sort.

Floribunda. A large shrub or small tree with spreading habit. Early pink bloom, yellow fruit slightly tinted red.

Floribunda Purpurea. One of the best, purple foliage and flowers, dark purple fruit. An exceedingly showy variety.

Niedzwetzkyana. Purple foliage, bark tinged with red. Extra large deep pink flowers. Purple fruits.

Scheideckeri. Extremely free flowering, double pink flowers, yellow fruits.

Siberian. Single white fragrant bloom, upright grower.

PRICES OF FLOWERING CRABS

	Each
2 to 3 ft.	\$0.50
3 to 4 ft.	.75
4 to 5 ft.	1.25

A collection consisting of one each of the above eight varieties, 3 to 4 ft. size for \$5.00. Catalog price if bought separate, \$6.00.

JAPANESE DOUBLE FLOWERING CHERRY. A profusion of double white blooms in early spring.

Each	
4 to 5 ft.	\$1.75
5 to 6 ft.	2.25

JUDAS TREE or REDBUD (*Cercis canadensis*). Rich, rosy pink flowers in early spring. Effective with evergreens.

	Each
2 to 3 ft.	\$0.75
3 to 4 ft.	1.00
4 to 5 ft.	1.50

FLOWERING PEACH. Very beautiful, large, double blooms in the spring time. The ideal low-priced flowering tree. We can supply the flowering peach in three colors—white, red or pink.

	Each
2 to 3 ft.	\$0.40
3 to 4 ft.	.50
4 to 5 ft.	.60
5 to 6 ft.	.75

DOUBLE FLOWERING PLUM (*Prunus triloba plena*). A very hardy and vigorous growing flowering tree. Early in the spring before the leaves appear it is entirely enveloped in a fleecy cloud of double pinkish flowers. Foliage is delicate, making the shrub attractive even after the flowers have disappeared.

	Each
2 to 3 ft.	\$0.50
3 to 4 ft.	.75

PURPLE-LEAVED PLUM (*Prunus pissardi*). One of the most desirable purple-leaved trees. Holds color throughout summer; a fine specimen for bringing color into a shrubby border.

PURPLE-LEAVED OTHELLO PLUM. Upright grower, foliage brilliant reddish purple, holding its color throughout season. Prolific bearer, with crimson fruit producing ornamental effect.

PRICES ON BOTH VARIETIES PURPLE-LEAVED PLUMS

	Each
2 to 3 ft.	\$0.50
3 to 4 ft.	.75
4 to 5 ft.	1.00
5 to 6 ft.	1.25

Blossoms of Bechtel's Crab.

Flowering Shrubs

Hardy (Harrison Grown)

Any house without its setting of shrubbery or flowers is unattractive, and any house, no matter how unattractive it may be, can be made attractive and pleasing with a proper planting. Many people forego the pleasure of a beautiful exterior because it is so expensive that they cannot afford the layout. This year probably offers the best opportunity to purchase shrubs at low prices. Make your selection from the varieties offered in this catalog, the cost of which is so little in comparison to the floral beauty and satisfaction you will enjoy.

All our shrubs are strong two-year field specimens, and grown under the ideal conditions surrounding the eastern state of Maryland.

Plant This Fall and Save a Year

ALTHEA or ROSE OF SHARON (*Hibiscus syriacus*).

A tall shrub with upright or slightly spreading branches. The double and single flowers are formed in varying colors. We can supply double red, double white, double pink, double purple, semi-double white with crimson center.

	1 to 9 Plants	10 to 29 Plants
1½ to 2 ft.	\$0.35	\$0.30 each
2 to 3 ft.	.50	.40 each

AFRICAN TAMARISK. Feathery, gray-green foliage; effective near water. Thrives at seashore.

	Each
1½ to 2 ft.	\$0.40
2 to 3 ft.	.50
3 to 4 ft.	.60

BEAUTY BUSH (*Kolkwitzia amabilis*). Pink tubular flowers, heavy bloomer, hardy; the best new shrub introduced in many years.

	Each
1½ to 2 ft.	\$1.00

BUTTERFLY BUSH (*Buddleia magnifica*). Bushes grow from 3 to 4 feet tall and are crowned with long racemes of lilac-colored flowers in midsummer. Its honeyed fragrance attracts the butterflies. Tops die back during winter.

	Each
2-yr. plants	\$0.30

Crepe Myrtle.

CREPE MYRTLE (*Lagerstroemia indica*). Small, green, glossy leaves; very beautiful showy flowers during midsummer to fall; noticeable object in any landscape. Not hardy north of Mason-Dixon line, but most popular Southern shrub. Pink and red varieties.

	Each
1½ to 2 ft.	\$1.50
2 to 3 ft.	2.00

Deutzias

Handsome flowered shrubs of low and medium height for the garden or border. The flowers may be cut for house decorations in early summer.

Pride of Rochester. Double white flowers, which are slightly tinged with rose; appear in mid-June.

	Each
1½ to 2 ft.	\$0.30
2 to 3 ft.	.40
3 to 4 ft.	.50

Slender Deutzia (*Deutzia gracilis*). Dwarf grower; white flowers cover the entire plant. For base planting and edging.

	Each
12 to 15 in.	\$0.40
15 to 18 in.	.50

Dogwoods

Strong growing shrubs, attractive for their wealth of flowers as well as abundant berries, leaf coloring in summer and fall, and their bright colored branches in winter.

Golden Twig Dogwood (*Cornus stolonifera flaviramea*). Dwarf grower; branches are golden in color; most attractive in winter.

	Each
1 to 1½ ft.	\$0.40
1½ to 2 ft.	.50

Red Branched or Coral Dogwood (*Cornus alba sibirica*). Bright red bark, white flowers, blue fruit; rapid grower; beautiful winter effect.

	Each
1½ to 2 ft.	\$0.30
2 to 3 ft.	.40
3 to 4 ft.	.55

Red Flowering Dogwood (*Cornus florida rubra*). One of the most popular small ornamental trees. Handsome red flowers in early spring. Makes an attractive lawn specimen.

	Each
1½ to 2 ft.	\$2.50

White Flowering Dogwood (*Cornus florida*). One of the native spring flowering small trees, with white flowers and bright red berries in fall.

	Each
2 to 3 ft.	\$0.75
3 to 4 ft.	1.00
4 to 5 ft.	1.25

GLOBE FLOWER (*Kerria japonica fl. pl.*). Brilliant double yellow flowers borne on extremely vigorous growing plants.

	Each
1½ to 2 ft.	\$0.75

Forsythia

Golden Bell (*Forsythia*). Vigorous, upright grower; profusion of yellow flowers in early spring. One of our best early blooming shrubs.

	Each
1½ to 2 ft.	\$0.30
2 to 3 ft.	.40
3 to 4 ft.	.50

Golden Bell, Weeping (*Forsythia suspensa*). Very long, curving branches, superbly adapted to covering arches and trellises; yellow flowers in early spring.

	Each
1½ to 2 ft.	\$0.40
2 to 3 ft.	.50

Pink or Blue Hydrangea—Hydrangea Otaksa.

GOLDEN CHAIN (*Laburnum vulgare*). A tall shrub or small tree with yellow flowers in drooping racemes.

	Each
2 to 3 ft.	\$1.00
3 to 4 ft.	1.50
4 to 5 ft.	2.00

Bush Honeysuckles

The upright honeysuckles have pretty bright flowers, and later show berries throughout the fall. Should be used in shrub groups.

Fragrant Honeysuckle (*Lonicera fragrantissima*). Fragrant white flowers, sometimes bursting into bloom in January. Holds green leaves into winter.

	Each
1½ to 2 ft.	\$0.40

Japanese Bush Honeysuckle (*Lonicera morrowi*). Early white flowers, followed by red berries.

	Each
1½ to 2 ft.	\$0.35

Tartarian Honeysuckle (*Lonicera tatarica*). Very attractive in blossom, producing an abundance of flowers followed by red fruit. Endures partial shade. We offer pink and white varieties.

	Each
1½ to 2 ft.	\$0.40
2 to 3 ft.	.50

Hydrangeas

Among the best and most popular shrubs; valuable for their wealth of late summer blooms. Thrives at seashores as well as other locations.

Hydrangea Pee Gee (*Hydrangea paniculata grandiflora*). Large flowers; first snowy white, then pink, changing to reddish bronze in the fall. Blooms from middle of summer until fall. Best selling variety of hydrangeas grown.

	Each
1½ to 2 ft.	\$0.40
2 to 3 ft.	.50

Hills of Snow (*Hydrangea arborescens grandiflora*). Huge, dense balls of small white flowers in June and July. Endures partial shade.

	Each
1½ to 2 ft.	\$0.40
2 to 3 ft.	.50

Pink or Blue Hydrangea (*Hydrangea otaksa*). Old favorite southern hydrangea. When winters are severe we suggest heeling in. Large balls of pink or blue flowers; very attractive large leaves. Color depends on acidity of soil.

	Each
2-yr. field grown	\$0.75

INDIAN CURRANT or CORALBERRY (*Symphoricarpos vulgaris*). Dwarf; coral-red berries until late winter; thrives in shade.

	Each
1½ to 2 ft.	\$0.35

JAPANESE QUINCE (*Cydonia japonica*). Scarlet flowers in April and May. No doubt one of the most attractive spring blooming shrubs.

	Each
1½ to 2 ft.	\$0.40
2 to 3 ft.	.60

Lilacs

Common Lilac (*Syringa vulgaris*). Old-fashioned variety so familiar in old gardens. We can furnish in either purple or white colors.

	Each
1½ to 2 ft.	\$0.50

Persian Lilac (*Syringa persica*). A tall growing shrub with slender branches; blooms in May and June. We offer two colors, white and purple.

	Each
1 to 1½ ft.	\$0.50
1½ to 2 ft.	.65

French Hybrid Lilacs

These named lilacs are marvels of beauty and elegance, far superior to the older varieties. The following varieties are considered to be the very best of their respective colors:

Charles X. Single, purplish red flowers.

Hugo Koster. Purple flowers, best one of all purple lilacs.

Ludwig Spaeth. Single, very rich dark purplish red.

Marie Legraye. Single, best type of white lilac.

Michael Buchner. Dwarf, double, beautiful trusses of pale lilac color.

Mme. Lemoine. Double, pure white.

President Grevy. Double, bright blue.

	1 to 9 Shrubs	10 to 29 Shrubs
1 to 1½ ft.	\$0.60	\$0.55 each
1½ to 2 ft.	.75	.70 each

Hybrid Double Lilac.

SHRUBS—Continued.

Villosa Lilac. Fragrant purplish white blooms; valuable for its lateness of bloom.	Each
1 to 1½ ft.	\$0.50
1½ to 2 ft.	.65

Mock Orange

Garland or Sweet Mock Orange (<i>Philadelphus coronarius</i>). Of upright habit, and produces in June a wealth of white fragrant flowers.	Each
1½ to 2 ft.	\$0.40
2 to 3 ft.	.50
3 to 4 ft.	.65
Virginal Mock Orange. Magnificent variety, sweetly fragrant, semi-double, white flowers.	Each
1½ to 2 ft.	\$0.60

SCOTCH BROOM (<i>Cytisus scoparius</i>). Thin, green branches, yellow flowers; very attractive.	Each
1½ to 2 ft.	\$0.40
2 to 3 ft.	.50
3 to 4 ft.	.75

Snowballs

Common Snowball (*Viburnum opulus sterile*). The old-fashioned snowball; large globular clusters of snow-white flowers in May and June; makes a very attractive shrub.

1½ to 2 ft.	Each \$0.50
Fragrant Snowball (<i>Viburnum carlesii</i>). The fragrant, spicy flowers are borne in May and June. Buds before opening are an attractive pink, developing to pure white flowers.	Each
12 to 15 in.	\$1.75

Japanese Snowball (<i>Viburnum tomentosum plicatum</i>). This is one of the most attractive shrubs grown. Its pure white blossoms, with heavy dark leaves, make it show up remarkably well when planted as a specimen or in a shrub group.	Each
1½ to 2 ft.	\$0.75

SNOWBERRY (<i>Symphoricarpos racemosus</i>). A slender branched, upright growing shrub, with small pink flowers, followed by showy, pure white berries, which cling to the branches during fall and winter.	Each
1½ to 2 ft.	\$0.40

SWEET SCENTED SHRUB or CAROLINA ALLSPICE (<i>Calycanthus floridus</i>). Reddish brown flowers, spicy, fragrant. June to September.	Each
1½ to 2 ft.	\$0.60

Spireas

Anthony Waterer Spirea. Dwarf grower; bright pink flowers in June and July. Very valuable for edging in front of other shrubbery.	Each
1 to 1½ ft.	\$0.40

Spirea Van Houttei.

Pink Weigela—Weigela Rosea.

Billardi Spirea. Long spikes of rose-pink flowers in mid-summer.	Each
1½ to 2 ft.	\$0.40
2 to 3 ft.	.50

Thunberg's Spirea (<i>Spirea thunbergi</i>). White flowers in early spring, against a background of feathery yellowish green foliage. Most attractive.	Each
1½ to 2 ft.	\$0.50

Van Houttei Spirea. The most popular shrub. It is valuable as specimen in groups, in border planting and for hedges. The branches are slender, drooping, covered with white flowers in April or early May. It grows six to eight feet, and is unsurpassed in gracefulness and beauty.	Each
1½ to 2 ft.	10
2 to 3 ft.	\$0.25 \$2.00
	.35 3.00

SMOKE TREE or PURPLE FRINGE (<i>Rhus cotinus</i>). The blooms have a peculiar fluffy aspect, and because of the color, which is pale purple, they give the whole tree the appearance of a cloud of smoke.	Each
1½ to 2 ft.	\$0.99

Weigelas

Beautiful shrubs that bloom in June and July. The flowers are produced in so great profusion that they almost entirely hide the foliage. They are very desirable for border or for grouping, and as specimen plants for the lawn.

Eva Rathke Weigela. Very attractive deep carmine-red flowers, making a very showy shrub.	Each
1½ to 2 ft.	\$0.40
2 to 3 ft.	.50

Pink Weigela (<i>Weigela rosea</i>). The most popular weigela sold today. Its delicate, pink, bell-shaped flowers are borne in great profusion along arching branches.	Each
1½ to 2 ft.	\$0.25
2 to 3 ft.	.40
3 to 4 ft.	.50

WHITE KERRIA or JETBEAD (<i>Rhodotypos kerrioides</i>). Single white flowers in the spring, followed by shining, black-colored berries.	Each
1½ to 2 ft.	\$0.60

Hedge Plants

HARRISON-GROWN HEDGE PLANTS FOR UTILITY AND BEAUTY

Many people do not realize the value of an attractive hedge and how it will increase the worth of their grounds. A hedge of any of the selected plants listed here will add dollars to the value of your home and make its appearance more charming.

GOLDEN VARIEGATED PRIVET (*Ligustrum ovalifolium variegatus*). Very similar to California Privet, except the leaves are variegated with golden color. Most attractive.

	Each	10
1 to 1½ ft.	\$0.50	\$4.00

JAPANESE PRIVET (*Ligustrum japonicum*). Beautiful evergreen shrub, dense symmetrical outline. Creamy white flowers, followed by purplish berries.

	Each	10
2 to 3 ft.	\$0.50	\$4.00
3 to 4 ft.	.75	6.50

JAPANESE BARBERRY (*Berberis thunbergii*). Best low, dense hedge plant grown. Its abundant, small, light green leaves, which turn to rich colors in autumn, and its wealth of scarlet berries make it very attractive. Extremely hardy, and requires but little pruning. Ornamental and graceful the whole year.

	1 to 9 plants	10 to 29 plants	30 to 299 plants	300 to 3000 plants
12 to 15 in.	\$0.16	\$0.12	\$0.10	\$0.08
15 to 18 in.	.20	.16	.13	.10
1½ to 2 ft.	.25	.20	.16	.13

RED-LEAVED BARBERRY (*Berberis thunbergii atropurpurea*). A new variety; bright, reddish purple foliage. Should be planted in sun for best color.

	1 to 9 plants	10 to 29 plants	30 to 299 plants
9 to 12 in.	\$0.32	\$0.28	\$0.24
12 to 15 in.	.40	.35	.30
15 to 18 in.	.50	.45	.40

CALIFORNIA PRIVET (*Ligustrum ovalifolium*). The best of all hardy hedge plants. Can be easily kept at any height desired; has glossy, deep green leaves, and holds them until late fall. Its strong, quick, upright growth makes it useful for screening out unsightly objects.

	1 to 9 plants	10 to 29 plants	30 to 299 plants	300 to 3000 plants
8 to 12 in.	\$0.05	\$0.04	\$0.03	\$0.02 each
1 to 1½ ft.	.06	.05	.04	.03 each
1½ to 2 ft.	.08	.07	.05	.04 each
2 to 3 ft.	.12	.10	.07	.05 each
3 to 4 ft.	.20	.15	.11	.08 each

California Privet Hedge.

Vines for Creeping and Climbing

Ornamental vines provide shade for porches, pergolas, arbors. As screens they contribute privacy. As wall coverings they lend a dignified homelike permanent atmosphere to a place, and screen unsightly places that mar the beauty surrounding your home.

We strongly recommend planting the varieties below this fall, thereby saving one season's growth.

BOSTON OR JAPANESE IVY (*Ampelopsis veitchii*). A popular climber, clinging firmly to brick, stone or other material. Deep, glossy, green ivy-shaped foliage which turns to cream and gold color in autumn.

	Each	10
Strong 2-year plants	\$0.55	\$5.00

HYBRID CLEMATIS

These are improved clematis of the large flowering type. Every home should have some.

Henry Clematis. Large, waxy, pure white flowers.

Jackmani Clematis. Large, velvet, purple blooms in June and July.

Mme. Edouard Andre Clematis. Large flowers of unusual red color.

	Each	10
Strong 2-year plants	\$1.00	\$9.00

SWEET AUTUMN CLEMATIS (*Clematis Paniculata*). A splendid climber for covering porches and trellises. Flowers snowy white; produces in immense quantities during late summer and autumn.

	Each	10
Strong 2-year plants	\$0.50	\$4.50

CHINESE WISTERIA. A rampant growing, clinging vine. Flowers in large drooping clusters during May and June. We offer two colors—white or blue.

	Each	10
Strong 2-year plants	\$0.60	\$5.50

DUTCHMAN'S PIPE (*Aristolochia siphon*). Large heart-shaped leaves and quaint pipe-shaped green flowers.

	Each	10
Strong 2-year plants	\$0.75	

ENGLISH IVY (*Hedera helix*). The most popular evergreen vine; large, deep green glossy foliage. Excellent for covering walls. Useful for shady locations.

	Each	10
Strong 2-year plants	\$0.50	\$4.50

HALL'S JAPANESE HONEYSUCKLE. Dark, glossy green foliage; fragrant flowers from July to fall.

	Each	10
Strong 2-year plants	\$0.40	\$3.50

JAPANESE SPURGE (*Pachysandra terminalis*). Valuable evergreen ground cover. Will endure complete shade; very useful for planting under trees and other places where grass will not grow.

	Each	10
Strong plants	\$0.25	\$2.00

WINTER JASMINE (*Jasminum nudiflorum*). Yellow blooms in early spring; makes a very showy plant for planting on slopes or against fences.

	Each	10
Strong 3-year plants	\$0.50	\$4.50

WINTER CREEPER (*Euonymus radicans*). Very desirable evergreen vine for covering banks and walls.

	Each	10
Strong 2-year plants	\$0.50	\$4.50

English Ivy.

Festiva Maxima.

Peonies

The Peony is a noble flower rivaling the rose in brilliancy of color and perfection of bloom. The items listed below are especially selected for their gorgeous colorings and type of beauty.

We strongly recommend planting this fall for flowers next summer.

Alexander Dumas. Crown type; early. Brilliant pink crown interspersed with white, salmon and chamois, creamy white collar, very floriferous.

Aurore. Lilac white flowers, semi-rose type. Late bloomer.

Avalanche. Pure snow white, with a few delicate pencillings of carmine on edge of central petals. Fragrant.

Baroness Schroeder. Very large globular rose type. Flesh white, fading to milk white; fragrant. Tall, strong grower; free bloomer. One of the finest peonies. 65c each.

Delachei. Very large cup-shaped bloom, dark velvety crimson-purple, extra fine late variety.

Duc de Wellington. Late midseason bomb type, white with sulphur center.

Duchesse de Nemours. Large and full, very fine form. Best commercial white, uniquely tinged with sulphur.

Edulis Superba. Very large bloom of perfect shape, fine brilliant pink shaded violet, intermixed with narrow whitish petals.

Felix Crousse. A very superior red. Large and globular, a typical bomb. Brilliant ruby-red; sweet fragrance. Strong vigorous grower and a free bloomer. Should be in every garden.

Festiva Maxima. Probably the most popular white peony ever introduced. An enormous bloom; snow white shading to cream at base with occasional red tip on center petals. Delightfully fragrant.

Germaine Bigot. Very large, medium compact, flat crown type. Pale lilac-rose, center prominently flecked crimson. Strong erect grower. Midseason.

Jeanne d'Arc. Large crown type flower, with guards and center soft pink, and a collar of intermingled petals of pink-salmon and yellow color that makes a beautiful effect. Midseason.

La Perle. A truly fine peony. The flowers are very large, globular, compact rose type. The broad outer petals are delicate lilac-white, the center petals a flecked crimson. Very fragrant. Late midseason. 75c each.

La Rosiere. A beautiful midseason white of distinct form. Large semi-double, white petals surrounding a disc-like center of bright golden yellow stamens.

Madame Ducl. Large globular light mauve-rose with silvery reflex; fragrant. Strong grower, free bloomer. 50c each.

Madame de Verneville. Beautiful formed flower, very broad sulphur-white guard petals, very compact center, delicate rosy white touched carmine; a grand variety.

Madame Geissler. Very large imbricated bloom, glossy silvery pink, edged white, deliciously fragrant. A superb variety. 60c each.

Marechal Vaillant. One of the largest red varieties. Late bloomer.

Marguerite Gerard. Pink flowers changing to creamy white, central petals minutely flecked dark carmine. A free bloomer in late midseason. 50c each.

Monsieur Dupont. Large flat semi-rose type flower. The well-formed cup-shaped bloom is cream white, with the center petals conspicuously splashed crimson. Vigorous free bloomer, midseason. 50c each.

Marie Lemoine. Dwarf, extra late, and very choice in the bud. Wonderful flower of large, very compact rose form. Flower is pure white shading to cream color with carmine stripes on occasional petals; fragrant.

Philomele. Crown type. Medium size. Center violet-rose with amber-yellow anemone center changing to cream; fragrant, midseason. 60c each.

President Roosevelt. A desirable peony with a distinct shade of brilliant dark red medium size bloom. Midseason.

Sarah Bernhardt. A prize winner everywhere. Large double, full blooms of a melting apple-blossom pink, lightly tipped with silver; sweetly fragrant. One of the largest and finest pink peonies grown. Late midseason bloomer. \$1.00 each.

Umbellata Rosca. Earliest light pink, fragrant and fine. Strong and vigorous growth, free bloomer. 60c each.

Prices on strong 3- to 5-eye divisions on above peonies unless otherwise noted: 40c each; 10 for \$3.50; 100 for \$30.00. Mixed color peonies, 35c each; 10 for \$3.00; 100 for \$25.00.

Hardy Perennials

BLEEDING HEART (*Dicentra spectabilis*). In the springtime it produces a mass of rose-colored flowers in drooping spikes. Each \$0.50
Price

CHRYSANTHEMUM. Begins to bloom as the first signs of winter come. We offer three separate colors—white, pink and yellow. Each 10
Price

DELPHINIUM or LARKSPUR. Bears mammoth spikes of sky blue flowers; a most attractive plant for the flower garden. Each 10
Price

HOLLYHOCKS. This perennial is a universal favorite everywhere; flowering spikes filled with massive flowers. We offer the following double flowered types—pink, white, yellow, and red. Each 10
Price

IRIS. A mass of bloom in May and June. We offer the following varieties:

Azure. Blue. Each 10
Helge. Yellow, with pearl shadings. Each 10
Mrs. Alan Gray. Lavender-pink. Each 10
Nibelungen. Violet-purple. Each 10
Patrocle. Dark reddish violet. Each 10
Price

PHLOX. Unsurpassed for its vivid colored flowers. Blooms in July and August. We offer three colors—pink, blue and white. Each 10
Price

RED HOT POKER or TRITOMA. Blooms freely from August to October; glowing orange-colored spikes three to four feet high. Each 10
Price

HARRISONS' NURSERIES

BERLIN, MARYLAND

NOTE—This space for name and postoffice address of purchaser without reference to destination of shipment. If Mrs., kindly use husband's initials or given name, as **Mrs. John Smith.**

Name_____

Street and No. }
P. O. Box or }
Rural Route No. }

Post Office _____

County _____ State _____

MONEY BACK in the event that any nursery stock sold by us should prove untrue to name under which it is sold, we hereby agree on proper proof of such untruthness to name, to replace the original order or to refund the purchase price. Except for such liability, and in respect to all nursery stock sold by us, we give no warranty, expressed or implied, as to description, quality, productiveness or any other matter.—HARRISONS' NURSERIES, Inc.

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Hardy Field-Grown Roses

Everblooming Hybrid Teas

Duchess of Wellington. Long, tapering bud; very large, fragrant, saffron-yellow flower.

Etoile de France. Vivid crimson, with darker shadings.

Kaiserin Auguste Victoria. Soft, pearly white color, shading to cream. Most popular white rose.

Los Angeles. Luminous, flame-pink color; washed with gold at the base; fragrant.

Mme. Butterfly. A harmony of bright pink, apricot and gold.

Mme. Edouard Herriot. Long-pointed, deep, coral-red buds, changing to a pleasing orange-pink color.

Mrs. Aaron Ward. Pointed buds of a rich yellow color, changing to a creamy yellow color after opening.

Radiance. Large, fragrant, long-stemmed, brilliant rose-pink flowers; most popular pink rose in America.

Red Radiance. Identical with Radiance, except flowers are of a deep red color.

Souv. de Claudius Pernet. Long-pointed buds; large, full flowers of a most striking sunflower yellow.

Souv. de Claudius Pernet.

PRICES ON ALL VARIETIES OF FIELD-GROWN, TWO-YEAR BUDDED, FIRST CLASS EVERBLOOMING HYBRID TEA ROSES

75c each \$6.50 per 10 \$55.00 per 100

Hybrid Perpetual or June Roses

Frau Karl Druschki. Finest pure white rose of its type; large, very double blooms in June.

Magna Charta. Large flowers of rose-carmine.

Mrs. John Laing. Soft pink, beautiful form, fragrant.

Ulrich Brunner. Bright cherry red; large and full. One of the best.

PRICES ON ALL VARIETIES OF FIELD-GROWN, TWO-YEAR BUDDED, FIRST CLASS HYBRID PERPETUAL ROSES

70c each \$6.00 per 10 \$50.00 per 100

Climbing and Rambler Roses

American Pillar. Large clusters of single rosy pink flowers, with yellow shadings.

Baby Rambler. Dwarf grower; clusters of crimson flowers.

Climbing American Beauty. Large, rosy crimson blooms. One of the best climbing roses.

Dorothy Perkins. Full, double, shell-pink flowers in large clusters; very attractive.

Dr. W. Van Fleet. Light, shell-pink to silver flesh-color blooms; double.

Gardenia. Small yellow buds opening to creamy white; very fragrant.

Mary Wallace. Semi-double, rose-pink blooms; salmon at base of petals; most attractive.

Paul's Scarlet Climber. Large, intense scarlet-colored blooms; freely produced.

PRICES ON ALL VARIETIES OF FIELD-GROWN, TWO-YEAR BUDDED OR OWN ROOT, FIRST CLASS CLIMBING AND RAMBLER ROSES

65c each \$5.50 per 10 \$45.00 per 100

Our Liberal Guarantee

once should there be any error and the same will be promptly corrected. Also notify the transportation company should stock appear to have been damaged in transit. We do not guarantee continued growth. A tree, shrub or plant is a living organism—it breathes, drinks and feeds and is liable to attacks of disease and insects after being transplanted to the customer's grounds. Our selling prices are very low and we cannot guarantee growth or be responsible for the nursery stock after delivery to our customers in good condition.—HARRISONS' NURSERIES, Inc.

Non-Warranty

In the event that any nursery stock sold by us should prove untrue to name under which it is sold, we hereby agree, on proper proof of such untruthfulness to name, to replace the original order or to refund the purchase price. Except for such liability, and in respect to all nursery stock sold by us, we give no warranty, expressed or implied, as to description, quality, productiveness or any other matter.—HARRISONS' NURSERIES, Inc.

TERMS: F. O. B. Berlin, Worcester County, Maryland

We Allow 5% Discount for Cash With Order or Prior to Date of Shipment.

OTHERWISE TERMS NET.

Door-Step Planting

Evergreens dignify the doorway entrance and at the same time establish a feeling of warmth and welcome so desirable at the entrance

For the correct way to plant Evergreens select according to numbers indicated.

A crayon drawing showing the correct way to plant Evergreens at a door-step entrance.

No. 1.
American Arbor-Vitae,
Pyramidal Arbor-Vitae,
Chinese Arbor-Vitae,
Irish Juniper.

No. 2.
Pfitzer's Juniper,
Savin Juniper,
Japanese Spreading Yew.

No. 3.
Mugho Pine,
Compact Parson's Arbor-Vitae,
Berkman's Golden Arbor-Vitae.

The Permanent Glory of HARRISONS' EVERGREENS

THERE is nothing that can quite take the place of evergreens. In summer their dignified grandeur adds serenity to the riot of colors in other vegetation and in the snowy winter their cheerful freshness gives one a comforting promise in the bleak landscape that spring will come.

Savin Juniper.

Evergreen foundation plantings are justly popular. Their beauty is year-round and small care is necessary after once established. Deciduous shrubs may be used with them to give contrast.