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United States Department of the Interior, Oscar L. Chapman, Secretary
Fish and Wildlife Service, Albert M. Day, Director

Wildlife Leaflet 327

Washington 25, D. C.

May 1950

BIRDS PROTECTED BY FEDERAL LAW

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Office of the Director

THE CONVENTIONS

The Convention between the United States and Great Britain for the protection of migratory birds in the United States and Canada was signed at Washington, D. C., on August 16, 1916. The plenipotentiaries signing this document were American Secretary of State Robert Lansing, and British Ambassador Cecil Spring Rice. Ratifications of the two countries were exchanged on December 7, and the Convention was proclaimed by President Wilson on December 8, 1916.

To give effect to this Convention, Congress passed the Migratory Bird Treaty Act which was approved on July 3, 1918. The constitutionality of the Treaty and of this Act was upheld by the Supreme Court in a decision rendered on April 19, 1920. An Act of the Canadian Parliament approved August 29, 1917 gave full effect to the Convention in Canada and this was upheld by the Supreme Court of Prince Edward Island at the Michaelmas term in 1920.

1/ As a member of the Committee on Classification and Nomenclature of the American Ornithologists' Union, the author has had access to the material collected by that agency. Also in an effort to assure the greatest possible accuracy, the list has been examined by Dr. Clarence Cottam, Assistant Director, and by Dr. John W. Aldrich, Chief, Section of Distribution and Migration of Birds. The legal questions involved have been checked by Donald J. Chaney, Chief Counsel.

The Convention between the United States of America and the United Mexican States for the protection of migratory birds and game mammals was signed at Mexico City on February 7, 1936, the plenipotentiaries being Ambassador Josephus Daniels and Mexican General Eduardo Hay. This Convention was duly ratified by the participating countries and the ratifications were exchanged in Washington, D. C. on March 15, 1937. It was proclaimed by President Roosevelt on the same day. To cover the additional provisions of this Convention, the Migratory Bird Treaty Act was amended by an Act of Congress approved on June 20, 1936.

Article I of the Convention with Great Britain provides that: "The high contracting powers declare that the migratory birds included in the terms of this convention shall be as follows:

1. Migratory game birds:

(a) Anatidae or waterfowl, including brant, wild ducks, geese, and swans.

(b) Gruidae or cranes, including little brown, sandhill and whooping cranes.

(c) Rallidae or rails, including coots, gallinules, and sora and other rails.

(d) Limicolae or shorebirds, including avocets, curlews, dowitchers, godwits, knots, oyster catchers, phalaropes, plovers, sandpipers, snipe, stilts, surf birds, turnstones, willet, woodcock, and yellowlegs.

(e) Columbidae or pigeons, including doves and wild pigeons.

2. Migratory insectivorous birds: Bobolinks, catbirds, chickadees, cuckoos, flickers, flycatchers, grosbeaks, humming birds, kinglets, martins, meadowlarks, nighthawks or bull-bats, nut-hatches, orioles, robins, shrikes, swallows, swifts, tanagers, titmice, thrushes, vireos, warblers, wax-wings, whippoorwills, woodpeckers, and wrens, and all other perching birds which feed entirely or chiefly on insects.

3. Other migratory nongame birds: Auks, auklets, bitterns, fulmars, gannets, grebes, guillemots, gulls, herons, jaegers, loons, murre, petrels, puffins, shearwaters, and terns."

On the basis of this pronouncement the Secretary of Agriculture adopted regulations which were approved by the President. These provided open seasons, bag limits, and other features to govern the hunting of some of the game species, and to regulate the taking, for any purpose, of the migratory insectivorous and other nongame birds. In connection with this last, a list was prepared of the species considered as coming under the protection of the Federal law.

This list, known as "Report of Migratory Birds and Their Eggs Taken for Scientific Purposes" (Form 3-430a), is well known to the holders of scientific collecting permits, who each year use it in reporting to the Service the specimens of the various species that they have taken and exchanged.

Article IV of the Convention with Mexico states that: "The high contracting parties declare that for the purpose of the present convention the following birds shall be considered migratory:

Migratory game birds:

- Familia Anatidae
- Familia Gruidae
- Familia Rallidae
- Familia Charadriidae
- Familia Scolopacidae
- Familia Recurvirostridae
- Familia Phalaropodidae
- Familia Columbidae

Migratory nongame birds (Cont.):

- Familia Hirundinidae
- Familia Paridae
- Familia Certhiidae
- Familia Troglodytidae
- Familia Turdidae
- Familia Mimidae
- Familia Sylviidae
- Familia Motacillidae
- Familia Bombycillidae
- Familia Ptilogonatidae
- Familia Laniidae
- Familia Vireonidae
- Familia Compsothlypidae
- Familia Icteridae
- Familia Thraupidae
- Familia Fringillidae

Migratory nongame birds:

- Familia Cuculidae
- Familia Caprimulgidae
- Familia Micropodidae
- Familia Trochilidae
- Familia Picidae
- Familia Tyrannidae
- Familia Alaudidae

1/ Under the provisions of the Reorganization Act of April 3, 1939 and Reorganization Plan No. II, of May 9, 1939, the Bureau of Biological Survey, of the Department of Agriculture, and the Bureau of Fisheries, of the Department of Commerce, were transferred to the Department of the Interior, effective July 1, 1939. This had the effect of transferring to the Secretary of the Interior, wildlife functions that were formerly those of the Secretary of Agriculture. Under the provisions of Reorganization Plan No. III, of April 2, 1940, the two bureaus were consolidated to form the Fish and Wildlife Service.

Others which the Presidents of the United States of America and the United Mexican States may determine by common agreement."

Following ratification of this later Convention the list of protected birds underwent a major revision with the addition of many species that were thus brought under Federal administration. The language of the first part of Article IV of the Mexican Convention should be carefully noted since it clearly indicates that any species (or one of its subspecies) that is a member of one of the named Families and that is found in both Mexico and the United States, is under the protection of the Migratory Bird Treaty Act. The question as to whether it is migratory in fact is immaterial. This view was upheld in a Federal Court decision rendered at Brunswick, Georgia on March 14, 1949 in the cases of several hunters who were accused of hunting Clapper Rails by a method that is prohibited under the Federal Regulations.

OTHER FEDERAL LAWS PROTECTING OTHER BIRDS

In 1924 Congress passed "An Act to establish an Alaska Game Commission" (approved January 13, 1925). This law provides wildlife protection in the Territory of Alaska in a manner similar to that provided by the laws of the several States. Both game and nongame birds are defined, the former including those named in the Migratory Bird Treaty Act and in addition, the several species of grouse and ptarmigan, while the nongame species include: "All wild birds except game birds."

Section 9 of this Act authorizes and directs the Secretary of the Interior to adopt regulations that will govern the taking of "game animals, fur animals, game birds, nongame birds, and nests and eggs of birds, and game fishes" in Alaska. Under the regulations currently in force no protection is accorded crows, hawks, owls, eagles, ravens, magpies, and cormorants, and their nests and eggs.

The birds of prey, although (with very few exceptions) well deserving the protection of the Federal Government, are not mentioned in either of the two action conventions currently in effect. As a result, the Bald Eagle, adopted in 1782 by the Continental Congress as our national symbol, has been subjected to unwarranted persecution and charges of predation upon livestock and other human interests. To accord this bird its proper status, Congress passed the Protection of the Bald Eagle Act which was approved on June 8, 1940. This Act specifically excepts the Bald Eagles in Alaska from protection.

LIST OF PROTECTED SPECIES

Knowledge of the distribution and migration of American birds has continued to advance. Also, as the birds themselves have increased or decreased in numbers - frequently because of man-made changes in their habitats - their ranges have been expanded or restricted. For example, the Laughing Gull was not included in the original list as it was not then found in Canada. It has, however, been steadily extending its range to the northward and at least two breeding colonies are now known to be flourishing in the Province of Nova Scotia. This also is true of the Tufted Titmouse which is now found regularly in the southern part of eastern Canada.

On the basis of a critical study of the ranges of all North American birds coming within the scope of the two Conventions and of Federal Court decisions in support thereof, a revised list of the species now considered as under the protection of the Migratory Bird Treaty Act, has been prepared. When a species is named, it includes all of its subspecies or geographic races.

Included in this list are the additional species that are protected only in Alaska. These are so designated by an asterisk (*).

The names used are chiefly those that have been accepted by the Committee on Classification and Nomenclature of the American Ornithologists' Union and which will appear in the fifth edition of the Check-List of North American Birds. Where important changes have been made in the common names, the old name (A.O.U. Check-List, 1931 ed.) is given in parenthesis.

The list is here presented for the information and guidance of all those concerned:

<u>A.O.U. No.</u>	<u>Common Name</u>	<u>A.O.U. No.</u>	<u>Common Name</u>
<u>Loons:</u>		<u>Albatrosses:</u>	
7	Common Loon	*81	Black-footed Albatross
8	Yellow-billed Loon	*82	Short-tailed Albatross
10	Arctic Loon (Pacific)		
11	Red-throated Loon	<u>Petrels and Shearwaters:</u>	
<u>Grebes:</u>		96	Slender-billed Shearwater
		95	Sooty Shearwater
2	Red-necked Grebe (Holboell's)	93	Black-vented Shearwater
3	Horned Grebe	95.1	Pale-footed Shearwater
4	Eared Grebe	91	Pink-footed Shearwater
1	Western Grebe	89	Greater Shearwater
6	Pied-billed Grebe	88	Cinereous Shearwater (Cory's)

<u>A.O.U. No.</u>	<u>Common Name</u>	<u>A.O.U. No.</u>	<u>Common Name</u>
<u>Petrels and Shearwaters (cont.)</u>		<u>Ducks (cont.)</u>	
96.2	New Zealand Shearwater	135	Gadwall
*99	Scaled Petrel	143	Pintail
*98.3	Cook's Petrel	138	European Teal
86	Fulmar (Atlantic and Pacific)	139	Green-winged Teal
105	Fork-tailed Petrel	140	Blue-winged Teal
106	Leach's Petrel	141	Cinnamon Teal
109	Wilson's Petrel	136	European Widgeon
		137	American Widgeon
	<u>Gannets:</u>	142	Shoveler
		144	Wood Duck
117	Gannet	146	Redhead
	<u>Hérons:</u>	150	Ring-necked Duck
		147	Canvasback
194	Great Blue Heron	148	Greater Scaup
196	Egret (American)	149	Lesser Scaup
197	Snowy Egret	151	American Goldeneye
200	Little Blue Heron	152	Barrow's Goldeneye
201	Green Heron	153	Bufflehead
202	Black-crowned Night Heron	154	Old-squaw
190	American Bittern	155	Harlequin Duck
191	Least Bittern	157	Steller's Eider
		159	Common Eider (Northern, American, etc.)
	<u>Geese and Swans:</u>	162	King Eider
		*158	Spectacled Eider
180	Whistling Swan	165	White-winged Scoter
181	Trumpeter Swan	166	Surf Scoter
172	Canada Goose	163	Common Scoter
173-4	Brant (American and Black)	167	Ruddy Duck
175	Barnacle Goose	168	Masked Duck
176	Emperor Goose	131	Hooded Merganser
171	White-fronted Goose	129	American Merganser
169	Snow Goose	130	Red-breasted Merganser
169.1	Blue Goose		<u>Eagles:</u>
170	Ross's Goose	352	Bald Eagle
	<u>Ducks:</u>		<u>Grouse and Ptarmigan:</u>
177	Black-bellied Tree Duck		
178	Fulvous Tree Duck	*297	Blue Grouse (Sooty and Sitka)
132	Mallard		
133.1	Mexican Duck (New Mexican)	*298	Spruce Grouse (Alaska and Valdez)
133	Black Duck		
134	Mottled Duck (Florida and Louisiana)	*299	Franklin's Grouse
		*300	Ruffed Grouse

A.O.U. No. Common Name

Grouse and Ptarmigan (cont.):

- *301 Willow Ptarmigan (Alaska,
Alexander's, etc.)
*302 Rock Ptarmigan (Nelson's,
Kellogg's, etc.)
*304 White-tailed Ptarmigan
*308 Sharp-tailed Grouse

Cranes:

- 204 Whooping Crane
205 Sandhill Crane (Little
Brown and Florida)

Rails and Gallinules:

- 208 King Rail
210 Clapper Rail
212 Virginia Rail
214 Sora
215 Yellow Rail
216 Black Rail
218 Purple Gallinule
219 Florida Gallinule
221 American Coot

Shorebirds:

- 286 American Oystercatcher
287 Black Oystercatcher
274 Ringed Plover (Semipalmated)
277 Piping Plover
278 Snowy Plover
280 Thick-billed Plover (Wilson's)
273 Killdeer
281 Mountain Plover
272 American Golden Plover
(Atlantic and Pacific)
270 Black-bellied Plover
282 Surfbird
283 Turnstone (Ruddy)
284 Black Turnstone
228 American Woodcock
230 Common Snipe (Wilson's)
264 Long-billed Curlew
265 Whimbrel (Hudsonian Curlew)

A.O.U. No. Common Name

Shorebirds (cont.):

- *268 Bristle-thighed Curlew
266 Eskimo Curlew
261 Upland Plover
263 Spotted Sandpiper
256 Solitary Sandpiper
259 Wandering Tattler
258 Willet
254 Greater Yellow-legs
255 Lesser Yellowlegs
234 American Knot
235 Purple Sandpiper
235a-d Rock Sandpiper (Aleutian)
238 Sharp-tailed Sandpiper
239 Pectoral Sandpiper
240 White-rumped Sandpiper
241 Baird's Sandpiper
242 Least Sandpiper
*242.2 Rufous-necked Sandpiper
244 Curlew Sandpiper
243 Dunlin (Red-backed Sandpiper)
231 Dowitcher
233 Stilt Sandpiper
246 Semipalmated Sandpiper
247 Western Sandpiper
262 Buff-breasted Sandpiper
249 Marbled Godwit
*250 Pacific Bar-tailed Godwit
251 Hudsonian Godwit
248 Sanderling
225 American Avocet
226 Black-necked Stilt
222 Red Phalarope
224 Wilson's Phalarope
223 Northern Phalarope

Skuas and Jaegers:

- 36 Pomarine Jaeger
37 Parasitic Jaeger
38 Long-tailed Jaeger
35 Northern Skua

Gulls:

- 42 Glaucous Gull

A.O.U. No. Common Name

Gulls (cont.):

43	Iceland Gull
44	Glaucous-winged Gull
47	Great Black-backed Gull
*48	Slaty-backed Gull
49	Western Gull
51	Herring Gull
53	California Gull
54	Ring-billed Gull
55	Short-billed Common Gull
58	Laughing Gull
59	Franklin's Gull
60	Bonaparte's Gull
57	Heerman's Gull
39	Ivory Gull
40	Kittiwake (Atlantic and Pacific)
*41	Red-legged Kittiwake
*61	Ross's Gull
62	Sabine's Gull

Terns:

63	Gull-billed Tern
69	Forster's Tern
70	Common Tern
71	Arctic Tern
72	Roseate Tern
*73	Aleutian Tern
74	Least Tern
67	Sandwich Tern (Cabot's)
64	Caspian Tern
77	American Black Tern

Auks:

32	Razor-bill
30	Murre (Atlantic, California, etc.)
31	Thick-billed Murre (Brunnich's)
34	Dovekie
27	Black Guillemot
29	Pigeon Guillemot
23	Marbled Murrelet
*24	Kittlitz's Murrelet
21	Ancient Murrelet

A.O.U. No. Common Name

Auks (cont.):

16	Cassin's Auklet
17	Parakeet Auklet
*18	Crested Auklet
20	Least Auklet
*19	Whiskered Auklet
15	Rhinoceros Auklet
13	Atlantic Puffin
14	Horned Puffin
12	Tufted Puffin

Pigeons and Doves:

314	White-crowned Pigeon
312	Band-tailed Pigeon
313	Red-billed Pigeon
317	Zenaida Dove
319	White-winged Dove
316	Mourning Dove
320	Ground Dove
321	Inca Dove
318	White-fronted Dove
322.1	Quail Dove (Ruddy)

Cuckoos:

386a	Mangrove Cuckoo (Maynard's)
387	Yellow-billed Cuckoo
388	Black-billed Cuckoo
385	Roadrunner
383	Smooth-billed Ani
384	Groove-billed Ani

Goatsuckers:

416	Chuck-will's-widow
417	Whip-poor-will
418	Poor-will
419	Parakee (Merrill's)
420	Common Nighthawk (Eastern, Western, etc.)
421	Lesser Nighthawk (Texas)

A.O.U. No. Common Name

Swifts:

422 Black Swift
423 Chimney Swift
424 Vaux's Swift
425 White-throated Swift

Hummingbirds:

437 Lucifer Hummingbird
428 Ruby-throated Hummingbird
429 Black-chinned Hummingbird
430 Costa's Hummingbird
431 Anna's Hummingbird
432 Broad-tailed Hummingbird
433 Rufous Hummingbird
434 Allen's Hummingbird
435 Heloise's Hummingbird
436 Calliope Hummingbird
426 Rivoli's Hummingbird
427 Blue-throated Hummingbird
439 Buff-bellied Hummingbird
440.1 White-eared Hummingbird
441 Broad-billed Hummingbird

Kingfishers:

*390 Belted Kingfisher

Woodpeckers:

412 Yellow-shafted Flicker
 (Northern and Southern)
413 Red-shafted Flicker
414 Gilded Flicker
405 Pileated Woodpecker
409 Red-bellied Woodpecker
410 Golden-fronted Woodpecker
411 Gila Woodpecker
406 Red-headed Woodpecker
407 Acorn Woodpecker (Ant-
 eating, California, etc.)
408 Lewis's Woodpecker
402 Sapsucker (Yellow-bellied,
 Red-naped, etc.)
401 Williamson's Sapsucker
393 Hairy Woodpecker
394 Downy Woodpecker

A.O.U. No. Common Name

Woodpeckers (cont.):

396 Ladder-backed Woodpecker
 (Texas, Cactus, etc.)
397 Nuttall's Woodpecker
398 Arizona Woodpecker
399 White-headed Woodpecker
400 Arctic Three-toed Wood-
 pecker

401 American Three-toed
 Woodpecker

Flycatchers:

444 Eastern Kingbird
445 Gray Kingbird
446 Tropical Kingbird (Couch's)
447 Western Kingbird (Arkansas)
448 Cassin's Kingbird
442 Fork-tailed Flycatcher
443 Scissor-tailed Flycatcher
449 Kiskadee Flycatcher (Derby)
451 Sulphur-bellied Flycatcher
452 Crested Flycatcher (Northern
 and Southern)
453 Lesser Crested Flycatcher
 (Arizona and Mexican)
454 Ash-throated Flycatcher
455a Olivaceous Flycatcher
456 Eastern Phoebe
458 Black Phoebe
457 Say's Phoebe
463 Yellow-bellied Flycatcher
465 Acadian Flycatcher
466 Traill's Flycatcher (Little
 and Alder)
467 Least Flycatcher
468 Hammond's Flycatcher
469 Wright's Flycatcher
469.1 Gray Flycatcher
464 Yellow-green Flycatcher
 (Western)
470a Buff-breasted Flycatcher
460 Coues's Flycatcher
461 Eastern Wood Pewee
462 Western Wood Pewee
459 Olive-sided Flycatcher
471 Vermilion Flycatcher
472 Beardless Flycatcher

A.O.U. No. Common Name

Larks:

474 Horned Lark

Swallows:

615 Violet-green Swallow
614 Tree Swallow
616 Bank Swallow
617 Rough-winged Swallow
613 Barn Swallow
612 Cliff Swallow
612.1 Cave Swallow (Cuban and
 Coahuila Cliff)
611 Purple Martin
611.2 Gray-breasted Martin

Titmice:

735 Black-capped Chickadee
737 Mexican Chickadee
738 Mountain Chickadee
739 Gray-headed Chickadee
 (Alaska)
740 Boreal Chickadee (Hudsonian,
 Acadian, etc.)
741 Chestnut-backed Chickadee
731 Tufted Titmouse
732 Black-crested Titmouse
733 Plain Titmouse
734 Bridled Titmouse
746 Verdin
743 Bushtit (Coast, California,
 etc.)
745 Black-eared Bushtit (Lloyd's)

Nuthatches:

727 White-breasted Nuthatch
728 Red-breasted Nuthatch
730 Pygmy Nuthatch

Creepers:

726 Brown Creeper

Dippers:

*701 Dipper

A.O.U. No. Common Name

Wrens:

721 House Wren
721.1 Brown-throated Wren
722 Winter Wren
719 Bewick's Wren
718 Carolina Wren
713 Cactus Wren
725 Marsh Wren (Long-billed)
724 Sedge Wren (Short-billed Marsh)
717 Canon Wren
715 Rock Wren

Mockingbirds and Thrashers:

703 Mockingbird
704 Catbird
705 Brown Thrasher
706 Long-billed Thrasher (Sennett's)
708 Bendire's Thrasher
707 Curve-billed Thrasher
710 California Thrasher
711 Leconte's Thrasher
712 Crissal Thrasher
702 Sage Thrasher

Thrushes:

761 Robin
763 Varied Thrush
755 Wood Thrush
759 Hermit Thrush
758 Swainson's Thrush (Olive-
 backed, Russet-backed, etc.)
757 Gray-cheeked Thrush
756 Veery
766 Bluebird (Eastern, etc.)
767 Chestnut-backed Bluebird
768 Mountain Bluebird
765 Wheatear
*764 Bluethroat
754 Townsend's Solitaire

Willow Warblers, Kinglets, and Gnat-
catchers:

*747 Arctic Willow Warbler
 (Kennicott's)

A.O.U. No.	Common Name	A.O.U. No.	Common Name
<u>Willow Warblers, Kinglets and Gnatcatchers (cont.):</u>		<u>Warblers (cont.):</u>	
751	Gnatcatcher (Blue-gray, etc.)	642	Golden-winged Warbler
752	Black-tailed Gnatcatcher (Plumbeous)	641	Blue-winged Warbler
748	Golden-crowned Kinglet	647	Tennessee Warbler
749	Ruby-crowned Kinglet	646	Orange-crowned Warbler
		645	Chestnut-crowned Warbler (Nashville and Calaveras)
<u>Wagtails and Pipits:</u>		644	Virginia's Warbler
*696	Yellow Wagtail (Alaska)	647.1	Colima Warbler
697	Water Pipit (American)	643	Lucy's Warbler
700	Sprague's Pipit	648	Parula Warbler
		649	Olive-backed Warbler (Sennett's)
		651	Olive Warbler
	<u>Waxwings:</u>	652	Yellow Warbler
618	Greater Waxwing (Bohemian)	657	Magnolia Warbler
619	Cedar Waxwing	650	Cape May Warbler
		654	Black-throated Blue Warbler
	<u>Phainopeplas:</u>	655	Myrtle Warbler
620	Phainopepla	656	Audubon's Warbler
		665	Black-throated Gray Warbler
	<u>Shrikes:</u>	668	Townsend's Warbler
621	Gray Shrike (Northern)	667	Black-throated Green Warbler
622	Loggerhead Shrike	666	Golden-cheeked Warbler
		669	Hermit Warbler
		658	Cerulean Warbler
	<u>Vireos:</u>	662	Blackburnian Warbler
630	Black-capped Vireo	663	Yellow-throated Warbler
631	White-eyed Vireo	664	Grace's Warbler
632	Hutton's Vireo	659	Chestnut-sided Warbler
633	Bell's Vireo	660	Bay-breasted Warbler
634	Gray Vireo	661	Blackpoll Warbler
628	Yellow-throated Vireo	671	Pine Warbler
629	Solitary Vireo (Blue-headed, etc.)	670	Kirtland's Warbler
624	Red-eyed Vireo	673	Prairie Warbler
626	Philadelphia Vireo	672	Palm Warbler
627	Warbling Vireo	674	Ovenbird
		675	Waterthrush (Northern, Grinnell's)
	<u>Warblers:</u>	676	Louisiana Waterthrush
636	Black and White Warbler	677	Kentucky Warbler
637	Prothonotary Warbler	678	Connecticut Warbler
638	Swainson's Warbler	679	Mourning Warbler
639	Worm-eating Warbler	680	MacGillivray's Warbler
		681	Common Yellowthroat (Maryland, etc.)
		682.1	Ground Chat (Rio Grande Yellowthroat)
		683	Yellow-breasted Chat
		690	Red-faced Warbler
		684	Hooded Warbler

<u>A.O.U. No.</u>	<u>Common Name</u>	<u>A.O.U. No.</u>	<u>Common Name</u>
<u>Warblers (cont.):</u>		<u>Grosbeaks, Finches, Sparrows, and Buntings (cont.):</u>	
685	Pileolated Warbler (Wilson's)	599	Lazuli Bunting
686	Canada Warbler	600	Varied Bunting
687	Redstart (American)	601	Painted Bunting
688	Painted Redstart	604	Dickcissel
<u>Meadowlarks, Orioles and Blackbirds:</u>		514	Evening Grosbeak
494	Bobolink	517	Purple Finch
501	Meadowlark (Eastern, Southern, etc.)	518	Cassin's Purple Finch
501.1	Western Meadowlark	519	House Finch
497	Yellow-headed Blackbird	602	Seed-eater
498	Red-winged Blackbird	515	Pine Grosbeak
500	Tri-colored Red-winged Blackbird	*523	Rosy Finch
506	Orchard Oriole	*527a	Hoary Redpoll
503	Black-headed Oriole (Audubon's)	*528	Mealy Redpoll (Common)
505	Hooded Oriole (Sennetts and Arizona)	533	Pine Siskin
504	Scott's Oriole	529	American Goldfinch
507	Baltimore Oriole	530	Lesser Goldfinch (Arkansas)
508	Bullock's Oriole	531	Lawrence's Goldfinch
509	Rusty Blackbird	521	Crossbill (Red, Bendire's, etc.)
510	Brewer's Blackbird	*522	White-winged Crossbill
513	Boat-tailed Grackle	586	Olive Sparrow (Texas)
511	Grackle (Bronzed, Purple, etc.)	592.1	Green-tailed Towhee
495	Cowbird (Eastern, Nevada, etc.)	588	Spotted Towhee (Arctic, Spurred, etc.)
496	Bronzed Cowbird	591	Brown Towhee
<u>Tanagers:</u>		592	Abert's Towhee
607	Western Tanager	605	Lark Bunting
608	Scarlet Tanager	542	Savannah Sparrow
609	Hepatic Tanager	546	Grasshopper Sparrow
610	Summer Tanager	545	Baird's Sparrow
<u>Grosbeaks, Finches, Sparrows and Buntings:</u>		540	Vesper Sparrow
593	Cardinal	552	Lark Sparrow
594	Pyrrhuloxia	579	Rufous-winged Sparrow
595	Rose-breasted Grosbeak	580	Rufous-crowned Sparrow
596	Black-headed Grosbeak	576	Botteri's Sparrow
597	Blue Grosbeak	578	Cassin's Sparrow
598	Indigo Bunting	573	Black-throated Sparrow
		574	Sage Sparrow (Bell's)
		567	Slate-colored Junco
		567a	Oregon Junco (Oregon, Shufeldt's, etc.)
		570b	Gray-headed Junco
		570	Arizona Junco (Red-backed and Arizona)
		*559	Tree Sparrow
		560	Chipping Sparrow
		561	Clay-colored Sparrow

A.O.U. No. Common Name

A.O.U. No. Common Name

Grosbeaks, Finches, Sparrows and
Buntings (cont.):

562	Brewer's Sparrow	584	Swamp Sparrow
563	Field Sparrow	581	Song Sparrow
564	Worthen's Sparrow	539	McCown's Longspur
565	Black-chinned Sparrow	*536	Lapland Longspur
554	White-crowned Sparrow	*537	Smith's Longspur
557	Golden-crowned Sparrow	538	Chestnut-collared Longspur
558	White-throated Sparrow	*534	Eastern Snow Bunting
585	Fox Sparrow	*535	McKay's Snow Bunting
583	Lincoln's Sparrow		

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Common Name		A.O.U. No.
Swamp Sparrow		585
Song Sparrow		586
McCown's Longspur		587
Lapland Longspur		588
Smith's Longspur		589
Chesnut-colored Longspur		590
Eastern Snow Bunting		591
McKay's Snow Bunting		592