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• WE PROMISE WELL AND PERFORM FAITHFULLY. •

SPRING, 1885

DESCRIPTIVE
CATALOGUE

OF AMERICAN

GRAPE VINES

PRICE LIST

SMALL FRUIT PLANTS, ETC.

W. C. SCRANTON, DEL. N. Y.

GEORGE S. JOSSELYN,

• FREDONIA, N. Y. •

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THE WONDERFUL NEW CURRANT.
FAY'S PROLIFIC.
IT HAS NO EQUAL.

WHAT OTHERS SAY.

FAY'S PROLIFIC CURRANT.

A MAGNIFICENT SUCCESS.

IT HAS NO RIVAL.

THE OLD VARIETIES MUST TAKE A BACK SEAT.

GEO. S. JOSSELYN, Fredonia, N. Y.

TESTIMONIALS FROM HIGH AUTHORITY:

FAY'S PROLIFIC currant is all that was claimed for it—as large as cherry currant, berries more uniform and stems longer and less acid. We think the FAY's will take the place of cherry and LaVersalles. Ripens this season one week before the Red Dutch. —(Rural New Yorker.

WITHOUT hesitation, we say the FAY'S PROLIFIC CURRANTS we received were the finest currants ever seen in Syracuse.—[Farmer and Dairyman, Syracuse, N. Y.

FROM all we have seen of the FAY CURRANT it is a great improvement on anything we have.—(Chase Brothers, (New England Nurseries) Rochester, N. Y.

OUR FAY'S PROLIFIC plants show greater vigor than cherry or LaVersalles and weight of fruit is greatest on the FAY. All who have seen them express great surprise at the FAY.—[E. E. Hooker Nurseries, Rochester, N. Y.

I CONSIDER the FAY currant a decided advance upon any fruit of its class.—(Rev. R. A. Waterbury, Geneseo, N. Y.

WHEN I saw the FAY currant on the Fay Farm, before any plants had been sold, I formed the opinion, which has not changed—that it could not be excelled.—[T. B. Jenkins, Rochester, N. Y.

I CONSIDER FAY'S PROLIFIC the best currant I ever saw.—[David Parker, Silver Creek, N. Y.

FAY's currant fruited heavily with me this season, and was the admiration of all who saw it.—[Mrs. A. D. Topping, Bancroft, Mich.

MY FAYS have made a fine vigorous growth; from the bunches borne this year it is less acid than any other sort I have tested. I shall want more plants the coming season.—[J. G. Burrow, Fishkill, N. Y.

I CAN say the FAY currant trees I had of you are very free growers.—[W. Warren, (Worten Gardens), Isleworth, England.

FAY'S PROLIFIC has shown evidence of being all that has been claimed for it, and I am very much pleased with it.—[D. McHenry, Circleville, Ohio.

IN size and appearance FAY'S PROLIFIC surpasses all my expectations, which were large—fruit not ripe yet.—[S. E. Hall, Cherry Valley, Ill.

WE are very much pleased with the FAY currant.—[Wm. Parry, Parry, N. J.

WE think FAY'S PROLIFIC will be a great acquisition. Mr. Bronby, of Ophir, a careful small fruit grower, says it promises well with him.—[E. B. Silva, (Manager New Castle Fruit Growers' Ass'n), New Castle, Cal.

I HAVE seen FAY'S PROLIFIC in bearing for several years past; for quality and production it must stand at the head of all currants.—[G. E. Ryckman, (Lake Shore Greenhouses and Wine Cellars, Portland, N. Y.

THE FAY'S PROLIFIC bushes in our garden were loaded with magnificent fruit, and their vigorous growth compared with other kinds was apparent to all.—[American Garden.

FAY's currant is fully equal to all you have claimed for it. Bunches so large they almost resemble Delaware grapes. We shall plant ten acres of the FAYS.—[G. H. & J. H. Hale, So. Glastonbury, Conn.

WE are delighted with the fruiting of the FAY currant. For amount and size it exceeds anything else we have grown—quality as good as the best. It cannot fail to become the most popular of all currants.—[The Storrs & Harrison Co., Painesville, Ohio.

I FIND the FAY currant in every way satisfactory. It fulfills all that was promised for it, which can rarely be said of a new fruit.—[Dr. T. H. Hoskins, Newport, Vt.

THE FAY currant speaks for itself, and the cherry currant will have to take a back seat.—[C. P. Lines, New Haven, Conn.

FAY'S PROLIFIC currant is in advance of all its predecessors.—[Daniel Crossman, Mt Lebanon, N. Y.

I AM highly pleased with FAY'S PROLIFIC. Very vigorous and fruit entirely satisfactory.—[S. D. Willard, Geneva, N. Y.

FAY's currant is healthy, a vigorous grower and very productive, many of the bunches being 5½ inches long, the upper half-inch being bare, hence easily picked. The fruit is somewhat larger than the cherry currant, holding its size well to end of bunch. Less acid than the cherry and fully twice as productive.—[J. B. Rogers, in Rural New-Yorker.

I FIND the flavor of FAY'S PRO. superior, not so sour as the old varieties, and bunches longer. I think it has not been over-praised.—[O. J. Weeks, West Webster, N. Y.

I CAN say the FAY'S PROLIFIC is the strongest grower I have seen, with fruit as large as the cherry currant. I consider it a decided acquisition.—[J. T. Lovett, Little Silver, N. J.

ACCEPT our thanks for sample of FAY'S PROLIFIC. They are immense.—[Hoover & Gaines, Dayton, O.

ALL those to whom I sold FAY'S PROLIFIC are, without any exception, highly pleased with it in all respects.—[John S. Hay, Oneida, N. Y.

I AM pleased with the FAY currant, both in Western New York and in New Jersey. I consider it valuable and an acquisition.—[John S. Collins, Moorestown, N. J.

FAY'S PROLIFIC are without any exception the finest currants we ever handled in Buffalo market, selling readily for from 4 to 6c. per quart more than any other variety.—[Stickney & Canfield, (Commission merchants), Buffalo, N. Y.

TO MY FRIENDS AND CUSTOMERS.

MY trade still continues to increase, my Fall sales of 1884 being almost double of that of Fall of 1883. Thus it seems that customers are satisfied. I keep all vines in cellar over winter *with roots in fine sand*, and this way of keeping grape vines, etc., is well worth the inspection and consideration of those wishing vigorous, healthy, well-cared-for vines. To those who have never dealt with me, I would like to send an order to show you what kind of stock I am selling, the way it is packed and how it is graded. With nearly every dealer having a standard of his own for grading or no standard at all, grading has become almost a farce, and I assert that my No. 2 stock is better than that generally sold as No. 1. If not overnice, it is very easy and simple to put No. 1 labels on No. 2 vines, and there is a good deal of this kind of business being done. I am content with small margins of profit on orders, and expect this, and also to give full, generous returns for your money, but do not care for orders where the customer insists on equalizing my prices with dealers of doubtful reputation, who have perhaps neither business reputation nor qualification, nor few of the thousand and one expensive but essential conveniences and accommodations necessary to carry on a really first-class business in business-like ways.

TERMS AND PARTICULARS.

Terms *cash* with order, by New York draft or Post-office order, or American Express order on Fredonia, N. Y., which is also a foreign Money Order P. O. Registered letters at my risk. Please do not fail to plainly give name, Post-office, County, State, and when ordering give shipping directions if you wish goods sent by special route. I will accept postage stamps, 1 and 2 cent, to amount of \$5.00, other denominations to amount of 50 cents.

Please note that there is no charge for *boxing or packing* anything on this list. I **accept no orders less than \$1.00**. Grape Vines of *Grade as Represented* by mail post paid by me at single or dozen rates. Twelve or more of different varieties if desired at dozen rates, post paid by me. One hundred or more, if not over twelve different kinds, by express or freight at 100 rates. *All orders for vines and plants for more than \$10 by express or freight at 100 rates, but I cannot include trees in this offer. Five dollars (or over) worth of Grape Vines of not more than ten different kinds at 100 rates, by freight or express.*

All vines and plants (except as noted or ordered as per my charges to pay postage) will be sent by express or freight. All express and freight to be paid by the purchaser. Each variety is carefully labeled, and packing done in best manner. Six or over of a kind, vines, plants or trees, at dozen rates, fifty or over of a kind at 100 rates, five hundred or over of a kind at 1,000 rates.

Purchasers wishing plants sent C. O. D. will please enclose one-quarter the amount of bill with order. Those sending individual checks will please enclose 25 cents extra for exchange.

If you wish Strawberries sent by mail, at 100 rates, please add for postage to prices herein given, 40 cents per 100 for large plants. I will pay postage at dozen rates.

For postage on Raspberries, Blackberries, Gooseberries and Currants, except Fay's Prolific, add 20 cents per dozen, 40 cents per 50 and 75 cents per 100. *My* two year No. 1 Currants and Gooseberries are too large to be sent by mail. In case I should be out of any particular variety ordered, I will substitute another variety of equal or greater value, unless otherwise requested.

CARE OF STOCK RECEIVED FROM ME.

Should the stock appear frosty on its arrival, do not unpack, but cover it up in a cool cellar where the frost will come out very gradually. Remember it is not the *freezing* which hurts the plants, but rapid thawing with exposure to light, heat or air.

As soon as the ground will permit "heel them in" in some dry place not too cold in Winter or warm in Spring or Autumn. The process of "heeling in" is to dig a trench large enough to hold the roots, then cover the roots with earth, and in winter the tops also of vines and plants with straw or leaves.

VINES AND PLANTS AT WHOLESALE.—*Parties desiring to plant largely, please send list of what you want, and I will quote prices.*

GRAPES.

Plant Grapes in rows eight feet apart and from six to eight feet apart in the row, according to the variety being a strong or slow grower. Dig holes about ten inches deep and large enough so the roots may be spread out naturally—without one root crossing another. In dry days it is better not to have many holes dug ahead of the planting, as the earth will be moister if freshly dug. Put the finest and best earth at bottom of hole and among the roots, and the coarsest and poorest earth at top. While planting care must be taken that the roots do not become dry. To prevent this it is customary to carry them about the field in a bucket partly filled with water after roots have been shortened to ten or twelve inches in length and tops cut back to two or three buds. Always give good cultivation, and the first Autumn cut back to four or six buds and cover the vine with earth. Uncover in Spring, and after the buds start leave only the two best buds. Let two canes grow the second year; they will probably get to be some five or eight feet long; if so, cut one of them back to three buds, and the other to within four feet of the ground, to bear. This severe pruning in their early youth, together with good culture, will give them such a good send-off that they will ever after remember to bear you bountiful crops of the luscious fruit. When five or six years old, from three to five canes may be left. Remember always to cut the old wood back to within one foot of the ground, if possible, as it is the *young wood* only that bears fruit. Grape Vines may be trained against buildings, fences, or on stakes, trellises, etc. Wire trellises, about five feet high, are best for vineyards.

DESCRIPTIVE LIST.

Adirondac—A delicious grape for amateurs. Black, ripens with Hartford, bunch and berry large, best quality but unreliable in many localities.

Agavam (Rogers No. 15)—One of the most reliable of the best quality grapes. Bunches large, berries very large. Red. Ripens with or soon after Concord, and is of peculiar aromatic flavor.

Allens—Nearly white. Tender and delicate and early, with mild muscat flavor. Best quality, is liable to mildew and rot, but is worthy for amateur collections.

Alvey—Black, small. A wine grape, but not of much value.

Amber (new)—Red. Bunch large, berry medium. Sweet, juicy and of fine flavor, hardy, vigorous and very productive. Exquisite table grape, also makes a good white wine. Rather late.

Amber Queen (new)—Ripens last of August. Very healthy and of high quality and flavor. Bunch large and strong grower. Color purple.

Amenia (Rogers No. 39)—Productive, early, hardy. Black. Bunches large, healthy and compact. Very desirable for market or home use. One of the earliest good grapes.

Arnold's Hybrids—

Othello (No. 1)—Bunch and berry very large. Black, and ripens with Delaware.

Cornucopia (No. 2)—Black, bunch large, berry above medium. Doubtless the best of Arnold's Hybrids.

Autuchon (No. 5)—Greenish white, bunches long, berry medium size, ripens with Delaware.

Brant (No. 8)—Resembles Clinton in appearance, but superior in flavor when fully ripe.

Canada (No. 16)—Resembles Brant in appearance. Like all of Arnold's Hybrids it is tender and unreliable in United States, and therefore none of them are very desirable.

August Giant (new)—Black. Bunches and berries very large and somewhat oblong. Tender, rich and fine. Ripens in August.

Bacchus (new)—Black. A seedling of Clinton, extremely hardy and vigorous. Table or wine grape. Productive. Bunch and berry medium, makes a fine dark-red wine of great body.

Barry (Rogers No. 43)—Black. Bunch very large. Berry large, sweet and delicious, a very attractive grape. Vine healthy, hardy, strong grower. Season earlier than Concord.

Beauty (new)—Red, healthy, hardy, said to be better than Delaware.

Black Defiance—Black. Bunch and berries large. Late. Ripens with Catawba. Quality best.

Black Eagle—Black. Bunch and berries large, moderately compact, ripens with Concord. Quality good.

Brighton (new)—Dark red. One of the most desirable of the new grapes. Very graceful and large, clusters are more uniform than those of any other grapes we know. Ripens with Hartford.

Catawba—Red. Well known. Late, of best quality, but does not succeed in all localities.

Centennial (new)—Nearly white. Bunch medium to large. Quality best. Ripens with Concord and resembles Delaware in flavor.

Champion (OR TALMAN)—For description see Talman.

Clinton—Black. Desirable for wine or preserving. Bunch and berry small, very healthy and hardy.

Concord—The grape for the million. Bunch and berries large. Black. Fair quality. Early, but not earliest. Vine very healthy, hardy and productive. The most extensively planted and the most reliable grape in America to-day.

Concord Chasselas—Amber, ripens with Concord, tender and melting, berries large and sound.

Concord Muscat—White, bunch long, berries very large, tender and high flavor.

Cottage—Similar to Concord, but earlier and rather better quality. Black, strong and vigorous.

Creveling—Earlier than Concord. Black, sweet and juicy, quality good. Vine a fair grower, healthy and hardy.

Croton—White, bunch long, berries medium, rather tender and weak grower.

Cunningham—Southern wine grape. Berries black, small. Vigorous, late.

Cynthiana—A Southern wine grape, similar to Norton's.

Delaware—Ripens about with Concord. This is considered by many one of the best, if not the best, American grape. It does not succeed in all localities. Requires strong soil and good culture. Red, hardy, bunches and berries of medium size.

Diana—Red. Ripens soon after Concord. Bunches medium and compact. Good grower; peculiar flavor, much liked by some and disliked by others.

Dracut Amber—Red, very early and productive. Bunch and berry large. Is quite foxy—valuable for extreme north.

Dutchess (new)—Pale greenish yellow, tender, juicy, spicy, excellent quality and good keeper. Ripens soon after Concord.

Early Dawn—Black. Bunch and berry medium. Ripens before Hartford. Tender, sweet, rich and very good.

Early Victor (new)—Black. Earlier and better than Concord. Is vigorous, healthy, hardy and productive.

El Dorado (new)—White, healthy, hardy, vigorous and productive. Ripens about with Concord or a little before.

Elvira—Of more value South than at the North. White, late, very vigorous and productive, bunch and berry medium and very compact. One of the best white wine grapes at the South.

Empire State (new)—White, of best quality, very early, vigorous and hardy, and is a good keeper.

Essex (Rogers No. 41)—Black, bunch medium, size of berry very large. Tender, sweet, early, healthy and productive.

Eumelan—Black, of best quality for table or wine. Generally a poor grower and not desirable for extensive planting, but valuable for amateur culture.

Faith—One of the best Taylor Seedlings, vigorous and productive, white, juicy, sweet and early.

Francis B. Hayes (new)—White, pure native, very early, very hardy and prolific. Ripens seven to ten days before Concord.

JOSSELYN'S GRAPEVINE & SMALL FRUIT CATALOGUE

Gaertner (Rogers No. 14)—Red. Bunch and berry medium, early, healthy and excellent.

Goethe (Rogers No. 1)—Bunch large and rather loose. Berries very large, pale red. This grape as compared with other Rogers Hybrids has more individual characteristics of its own than any other. Excellent for table or for wine. Ripens with Catawba.

Grein's Golden—Light red. Tender, juicy and sweet. Is later than Concord, and desirable for table or market.

Hartford—Black. Bunch and berry large. Sweet. Earlier than Concord. Strong grower, healthy, hardy and very productive. Should be picked when ripe or berries will drop off the stem.

Herbemont—Southern wine grape, bunches large, berries small. Excellent in the South. Black, late at the North and requires protection.

Herbert (Rogers No. 44)—Black, sweet, tender, early and productive. One of the best of the Rogers.

Hermann—Black. Wine grape, a seedling of Norton's, bunch long, berry small, ripens a few days later than Norton's.

Highland (new)—Black, a strong grower, bunch and berry very large and handsome. Ripens with Catawba.

Iona—Red. A fine grape of excellent quality. Ripens between Concord and Catawba. Is subject to mildew in many localities and is not reliable for general vineyard culture.

Irving—White, rather late, strong, healthy and hardy.

Isabella—Black. Late. A well known old variety, vigorous, not entirely hardy.

Israella—Black, late, not very valuable.

Ives—Black, strong grower, productive, succeeds everywhere except in extreme north.

Janesville—Early, hardy, vigorous, strong grower, black, hardy and productive.

Jefferson (new)—Red. One of the best red grapes, a good grower, very hardy and productive. Ripens about with Concord.

Jessica (new)—White, one of the earliest, fine quality.

Lady—White, very early, bunch and berry large, is healthy, hardy, productive, and of good quality.

Lady Washington (new)—White. Vigorous and rapid grower. Bunch large to very large, flesh soft, sweet, tender, and very good, ripens soon after Concord.

Lindley (Rogers No. 9)—Red. Everything desirable as to quality for table or wine. Is a strong grower, healthy and hardy. Should be in every garden and is desirable for extensive planting.

Louisiana—Black. Without pulp, sweet and quality best. Ripens late and requires winter protection.

Marion—Black wine grape. An improvement on the Clinton. Vigorous, healthy, hardy and productive, bunch and berry medium size.

Martha—White, best known and most popular of the old white grapes, sweet, quality better than Concord, fair grower, healthy and hardy.

Mary Ann—Black, ripening before Hartford, bunch and berry medium, in quality resembling Isabella.

Massasoit (Rogers No. 3)—Red. Bunch and berries large. Without pulp, tender, sweet. Season same as Hartford, vigorous, healthy, hardy, productive, good quality. Is the earliest of the Rogers Hybrids.

Maxatawny—Pale yellow, sweet and delicious, best quality for table and wine, ripens with Catawba. Healthy, hardy and vigorous.

Merrimac (Rogers No. 19)—Black, bunch and berry very large, medium early, quality good, vigorous and productive.

Miner's Seedlings—I have not fruited any of these, and from what I can hear, do not consider them valuable, with exception of Victoria.

Missouri Riesling—A white wine grape, very hardy, healthy and productive. Ripens about 10 days after Concord.

Monroe—Black, bunches medium to large. Ripens with Hartford and is a nice table grape, berries large.

Montefiore—Red wine grape, black, bunch and berry small to medium, valuable, and ripens a few days after Concord.

Montgomery—White, fine in quality, but does not often succeed well and is not valuable.

Moore's Early (new)—Black and very valuable. Two to three weeks earlier than Concord. Bunch large, berries larger than Concord. It has taken 1st prize at Mass. Horticultural Society every year since 1872, and the \$60 prize of same society in 1877 for best new seedling. Should be in every garden.

Naomi—Green, a very fine table grape, but not very healthy.

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Niagara (new)—White, quality about like Concord. Bunch and berry large, vigorous, productive, healthy and hardy.

Noah—White, healthy, vigorous, and very productive, highly recommended for table and wine. Late.

Norfolk Muscat (new)—Good sized bunch, medium berry, color like Catawba, decided muscat flavor. Ripens before Concord.

Northern Muscadine—Red, early, sweet, but foxy, vigorous, hardy, productive, free from rot.

Norton's—Black, bunch long, berry small, ripens late, vigorous, healthy, hardy and productive.

Norwood (new)—In color resembles Concord, but berries and clusters are larger, vigorous and hardy, good keeper and very promising. Is earlier than Concord.

Oriental (new)—Resembles Catawba in flavor and color, but much larger in bunch and berry and much earlier. Vigorous and hardy.

Pearl—Pale yellow. Bunch large, berry medium. Ripens soon after Hartford and is a promising variety both for table and wine.

Perkins—Pale red, bunch and berries medium, ripens between Hartford and Concord, is vigorous, healthy, hardy and productive.

Pocklington (new)—White. Very large and showy. Vine very hardy and vigorous. Bunch and berry large, ripens about with Concord. Quality better than Concord.

Poughkeepsie Red—Is somewhat like Delaware in color and taste, but is larger in bunch and berry. Ripens with Hartford.

Prentiss (new)—Yellowish green. Bunch large, berry medium to large. Tender, sweet, melting and juicy. Good grower, very productive, hardy and best keeper. Ripens with Concord.

Rebecca—One of the best quality of any of the white grapes. Vine not very vigorous. Bunch and berry medium, very desirable for home use and market in favorable localities.

Rochester (new)—Dark purple. Ripens usually 1st week in September, bunch and berry large, sweet, rich and aromatic.

Rogers No. 2—Nearly black, bunch and berry very large, flesh tender but ripens late.

Rogers No. 5—One of the best of the Rogers, bunch medium, berry large, round, red, sweet and rich, hardy and healthy. Ripens early.

Rogers No. 8—Pale red, strong grower, hardy and productive, ripens late.

Rogers No. 13—Red. Berry large, bunch medium, good in quality.

Rogers No. 30—Light red, bunch and berry very large, flavor very fine, vigorous and healthy.

Rogers No. 33—Black, bunch and berries large, tender, sweet, early and good.

Rogers No. 34—Black. Bunch and berries large. Early, good.

Rogers No. 36—Black, early, good and vigorous.

Rogers No. 39—Black. One of the earliest, quality fine.

Requa (Rogers No. 28)—Red. Bunch large, berry medium. Tolerably vigorous, early and productive. Sweet and good.

Salem (Rogers No. 22 or 53)—Red. Bunch and berry very large. Healthy, hardy and vigorous. Early, good keeper, best quality for table or wine.

Senasqua—Black. Bunch and berry medium to large, bunch very compact, quality best. Vine healthy, but not entirely hardy.

Talman or Champion—Black. Bunch of medium size, berry large, very vigorous and productive. One of the earliest grapes, quality similar to Hartford, not of best quality, but very desirable on account of its early ripening.

Telegraph—Black. Ripens about with Hartford, bunch above medium, very compact and extremely attractive. Berry medium, very vigorous, healthy, hardy and productive.

Tokalon—Black. Bunch medium to large, vine vigorous, healthy and hardy, quality excellent. Early, but shy bearer.

Transparent—Greenish yellow. Sweet and of fine flavor, and promises to be a wine grape of excellence.

Triumph—White. Bunch and berry very large, about as late as Catawba, quality good. Succeeds well in the South.

Ulster Prolific (new)—Red. Early, of good quality, and very productive.

Union Village—Black. Remarkable for the very large size of its bunch and berry. Late. Vigorous and productive, not very hardy.

Vergennes (new)—Red. Bunch and berries large, flavor rich, very early and good keeper, and is a very promising grape.

Walter—Red. Bunch and berry medium, fruit of very best quality, subject to mildew in some localities. Early and moderately vigorous.

Wilder (Rogers No. 4)—Black. Bunch and berries large, early, hardy, healthy and productive, good keeper, profitable and excellent quality.

Wordens—Black. Bunch and berry large, fruit similar to Concord, but earlier and larger, vine vigorous grower, healthy, hardy and productive. Is becoming very popular.

Wyoming Red—One of the earliest red grapes. Bunch and berry rather small, vine healthy, hardy and moderately vigorous, sweet and desirable.

STRAWBERRIES.

All varieties are good in the right place and under the proper circumstances. Soil, climate, culture, market, etc., all have their influence and must be considered. There are some varieties which do well most anywhere. If to be cultivated with horse labor, plant in rows three and one-half to four feet apart and one foot in the row, but for hand culture, one by two feet will do. Keep them free from weeds through the summer, and cover them in early winter with spent tanbark, sawdust, potato tops, evergreen boughs, etc. Do not put it on thick enough to smother the plants, but simply to protect them from sudden and severe changes of temperature and repeated freezing and thawing. This will keep them from heaving through the winter, should the ground be of a wetish nature; it also makes them more fruitful, so that good paying crops may be grown of the choice but less productive sorts. With very prolific sorts, like Wilson's, etc., grown on very light dry soils, this mulching is sometimes not desirable, as they are apt to set more fruit than they are able to mature. Coarse mulch has to be removed in spring, but fine material may be left on to keep the ground moist.

Bidwell (new)—As large as the Sharpless, more productive than Wilson and has few rivals. Enormous bearer, of true strawberry flavor and propagates itself rapidly.

Big Bob (P)—One of the largest, a rank grower.

Capt. Jack—Very strong grower, very productive, needs strong, rich, moist ground to carry crop on.

Chas. Downing—A favorite variety for home use and market. Every one growing strawberries should give it a trial.

Crescent Seedling (P)—Very productive, good size and quality, enormous grower and bearer.

Crystal City (P)—One of the very earliest, very vigorous and crops well, but berries rather small, a fine variety for home but not for market.

Cumberland Triumph—A beautiful fruit, large, size regular, good quality, productive, light-red in color.

Early Canada—Similar to Wilson, but about two weeks earlier it is said.

James Vick—Vigorous, very firm, in productiveness equalled by no other variety, no white tips or coxcombs.

Jersey Queen—Late, large, fine, vigorous, moderate bearer.

Kentucky—One of the latest and best of the late varieties, very desirable for home use and home market.

Longfellow—Very large, late and firm. Should be in every garden.

Manchester (P)—New, and destined to be one of the most valuable. As compared with the Wilson it is one and one-half times the size, of much better flavor, far more attractive, plant is much larger and more vigorous, yield is one-half more, carries fruit higher from the ground, and is fully as firm.

Mt. Vernon—Very strong grower, fruit very large, regular and uniform, flavor fine, moderately firm, very late.

Old Iron Clad—Resembles Sharpless, rank grower, very productive.

Primo—Another splendid new variety destined to take a high position among fruit-growers for market, as well as a delicious berry for home use, has an aromatic flavor like the wild strawberry.

Red Jacket—Bright red, early, large and very productive, splendid for home use but too soft for market.

Sharpless—Doubtless the most celebrated variety and we think justly so. Fruit and foliage are immense, berries are irregular in shape. No one who plants strawberries should fail to give these a trial.

Wilson—The popular market variety. The berry for the million on account of its reliability and productiveness. It bears the same relation to other strawberries that the Concord does to other grapes.

NOTE.—Those marked (P) are pistillate "have blossoms imperfect" and should have a row of staminate variety within fifteen feet or they will produce imperfect blossoms and fruit.

RASPBERRIES.

Plant raspberries in rows six to seven feet apart and two and one-half to three feet apart in the row, and from two to five inches deep, according to the nature of the soil. Prune canes back to one and one-half or two feet from the ground, one year after planting. When new growth gets to be about two feet high, the second season, pinch the tip ends off, and when the laterals have grown a foot long, pinch again. This makes them stocky. After fruiting remove the old wood. In spring following, prune to a round-headed bush, clipping off about one-third of the wood. In this way fine crops of large fruit may be grown and the vigor of the bushes kept up. On sucker sorts, leave only four or five canes to the hill, all others must be hoed off same as weeds. In small gardens the plants may be planted three by four feet apart and the canes tied up to stakes. The canes should not be pinched until three feet high.

BLACK CAPS.

Doolittle—A standard variety, valuable and desirable for home use, market or drying.

Gregg—The largest and latest of all, very strong grower, valuable, hardy and profitable.

Mammoth Cluster—A standard variety in many localities, large and late but is now superseded by the Gregg.

Ohio—Very early and productive.

Shaffer's Colossal (new)—Late, purple, said to be "Largest in the World."

Souhegan (new)—Extremely early, said to be "Iron-clad."

Tyler (new)—One of the earliest, promises well.

RED RASPBERRIES.

Brandywine—Good size and color, a fine market variety and firm.

Clark—Very large berries, of best quality for home use but too soft for market. Not quite hardy.

Crimson Beauty (new)—One of the earliest, promises well.

Cuthbert—The most popular new late variety, hardy, very large and productive. Bush a strong grower, very desirable for home use and market.

Early Prolific—Similar to Philadelphia, but a week earlier, very vigorous and productive.

Franconia—Large size, productive, brings high price in market.

Hansell (new)—Firm, fair size, fine color, said to be the earliest raspberry known.

Herstine—Very large and productive, best quality, but too soft for distant markets.

Highland Hardy—One of the earliest, vigorous, productive, desirable for home use and market.

Lost Rubies (new)—Said by high authorities to be very vigorous and hardy. Luxuriant grower, sprouting freely. Fruit very large, round, bright-red, very firm and fruit acid.

Marlborough (new)—Strong grower and very productive. Is believed to be earliest and best.

Philadelphia—A standard variety, enormously productive, berries of good size, very hardy, very strong grower, does not sucker much.

Reliance—Seedling of and similar to Philadelphia, but berries are much larger and later, valuable for home use or market.

Thwack—Very strong grower, productive, very firm, the most valuable for distant market, hardy.

Turner—Vigorous, productive, early and hardy.

CURRANTS.

Should be planted in rows five or six feet apart and three feet in the row, and some six inches deep. In small gardens they may be put only three by four feet apart. They do not need much pruning until they get to be five or six years old, when some of the oldest canes should be cut out annually to keep the bushes open.

Black Napes—The best old black variety.

Cherry—Red. The largest of all except Fay's Prolific. Very popular in market and brings several cents more per quart than any other old variety. Although others may say that Cherry and La Versailles are one and the same, we have both varieties pure and distinct, each with its peculiar characteristics.

FAY'S PROLIFIC—This new currant has greatly exceeded all expectations of the writer who is the introducer, and who is often almost blamed by those of the trade who assert that we never claimed nearly enough for it. It is so good and succeeds so well in so many localities that not only the introducer but also the heirs of the originator have received quite a fortune from sales of the plants. Our original claim and description was:

Color red. As compared with the Cherry Currant, "*Fay's Prolific*" is *equal in size, better in flavor, much less acid and five times as prolific*, and from its peculiar stem *less expensive to pick*.

If the above description was too modest, it is at least enough to compel all other varieties of red currants to be superseded by the Fay, which seems to be a fact. That spurious Fay plants have been sold doubtless by the million is not the fault of the introducer.

La Versailles—Red, almost as large as Cherry and very prolific.

Lec's Prolific—Black.

Red Dutch—Very productive, good quality.

White Dutch—Large, sweet, fine flavor.

White Grape—Fine quality, large and productive.

BLACKBERRIES.

The blackberry is naturally a stronger bush than the raspberry, and should be planted in rows eight feet apart and three feet in the row. They should also not be pinched until three and one-half feet high, nor should they be so closely pruned in spring, otherwise their culture is the same. Where land is scarce, they may be planted three by five feet apart and tied up to stakes.

Early Cluster (new)—Vigorous, said to be hardy. Is very productive, medium to large size and of best quality.

Early Harvest (new)—Earliest, hardy, very prolific.

Kittatiny—Large, good, not quite hardy.

Snyder—Entirely hardy, very prolific, early, sweet, and can be relied on for a crop every year.

Taylor's Prolific—Seems to be entirely hardy with us, fruit large, strong, very productive, and good quality.

Wilson's Early—Very large, early and good, rather tender at the North.

Wilson, Jr. (new)—A seedling from Wilson, is larger, earlier, and more productive than its parent.

GOOSEBERRIES.

The culture of Gooseberries should be nearly the same as for Currants.

Downing's—Large, best for home use and market, pale-green in color.

Houghton Seedling—Medium size, pale-red, quite sweet and enormously productive with us.

Smith's Improved—Large, pale-yellow, excellent quality, moderately vigorous, very productive.

GENERAL NURSERY STOCK.

Please remember that prices below are for goods boxed and packed, six or over of a kind at dozen rates, fifty or over of a kind at one hundred rates.

HOW TO PLANT A TREE.

Cut off smoothly all bruised or damaged roots to the sound wood. Cut back the top and side branches in like proportion. Cut clean all small branches of Standard trees and larger branches to within two or three buds of the trunk. Dig holes large enough to admit of roots being spread out naturally, then holding the tree upright in the hole put the best and finest earth among roots. When hole is nearly filled put in a bucketful of water, then fill up the hole and press down with foot. Plant neither too deep nor too shallow, but at depth tree stood in nursery. If exposed to winds young trees should be staked and tied so they will not be chafed. Young trees should be mulched for dry weather and grass or weeds should be kept clear and ground mellow. All manure used should be on surface of ground, not among roots.

MOORE'S EARLY.

GOLDEN POCKLINGTON.

FRANCIS B. HAYES.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

This Catalogue is intended for those who desire really number one grades of vines, plants, etc., and at the same time at very low prices, lower than first-class stock can be sold for except by this method. Instead of making my Catalogue lengthy, I have made it a matter of considerable study to have about as few pages as possible, and at the same time say all really necessary on the subject. I hope that my friends will thus more easily find the information they desire. By making a few pages, I enormously reduce cost of printing, etc., and thereby put more value in every package of vines and plants sent to my customers, and I hope you will see this as strong a point as I do. I know you like the worth of your money in stock and packing rather than in *voluminous catalogues*, which customers surely pay for either in high prices for plants or in low grades of stock.

TESTIMONIALS.

The following Testimonials are a few from many :

MARION Co., Ind., March 15, 1884.

GEO. S. JOSSELYN: *Dear Sir*—I received the \$30.00 worth of grape vines and currant bushes all in fine order, and I hardly know how to thank you for sending me such fine stock. The world can't beat it.
Yours truly,

THEODORE WILSON.

COOK Co., Ill., May 29, 1884.

GEO. S. JOSSELYN: *Dear Sir*—I must say that your stock is as good as any I ever handled.
Yours truly,

D. S. HEFFRON.

CANADA, May 11, 1884.

Dear Sir: The strawberries have arrived safe. Thank you for your prompt delivery and good value. Any more orders that I or my friends have shall be sent to you.
Yours truly,

MRS. J. WALLACE.

LINN Co., Iowa, April 14, 1884.

Mr. JOSSELYN: Plants received and in the best condition, and the nicest plants I ever saw from any place at any price, and yours are much cheaper than any others I know of. Many thanks for promptness.
Yours respectfully,

MRS. S. BLODGETT.

SUFFOLK Co., N. Y., April 21, 1884.

Mr. GEO. S. JOSSELYN: *Dear Sir*—The plants received from you are in fine condition and are remarkably good specimens.
Very truly yours,

DAVID STUART.

WESTMORELAND Co., Pa., April 14, 1884.

Dear Sir: I received the Fay currants and strawberries from you all right. I never saw anything so well rooted as those currants. If they don't grow I won't blame you.
Respectfully,

C. T. REED.

WORCESTER Co., Mass., Feb. 24, 1884.

Mr. GEO. S. JOSSELYN: *Dear Sir*—Please send me per express the following list of vines. Give me as good vines as I had last year from you and I shall be well satisfied.
Yours truly,

PETER FAY.

HUNTERDON Co., Pa., Aug. 26, 1884.

Dear Sir: I ordered some grape vines from you through Geo. Achelis. They were very fine and I was much pleased with them.
Yours truly,

OAKLEY APGAR.

BUTLER Co., Ohio, Feb. 1, 1884.

GEO. S. JOSSELYN, Esq.: *Dear Sir*—As for the grape vines you sent me I never had anything in that line that did better. They had such nice roots.
Yours truly,

GEO. BARGELT.

WAPELLO Co., Iowa, Oct., 1883.

GEO. S. JOSSELYN: *Dear Sir*—The Fay plants received. Are all I could desire. I never saw such fine roots before on one-year-old plants.
Yours truly,

J. H. DUTTON.

LOUDOUN Co., Va., Oct. 13, 1883.

Dear Sir: The Iona vines you sent me, like everything else received from your establishment, were fine.
Very truly yours,

FRED. P. STANTON.

TORONTO, ONT., Canada, June 12, 1883.

GEO. S. JOSSELYN: *Dear Sir*—Grape vines came to hand and not four days since I ordered them, and your price is nearly two hundred per cent. lower than same kind and quality sold here. You are certainly prompt and reliable.
Yours truly,

G. HOOPER.

AROOSTOOK Co., Me., Nov. 19, 1883.

Dear Sir: I received the grape vines in splendid condition. You and Dr. Hoskins, of Vermont, are the only honest men I ever bought vines and plants of.
Yours truly,

JAMES HUNTER.

LACKAWANNA Co., Pa., Dec. 12, 1883.

GEO. S. JOSSELYN: *Dear Sir*—I bought some grape vines of you a few years ago and they were very fine. I have never got as good vines of any one else as of you, and I want some more just like them.
Yours truly,

GEORGE F. MILLER.

SCHUYLKILL Co., Pa., May 10, 1883.

GEO. S. JOSSELYN: *Dear Sir*—The stock has arrived and all right. I have given several orders in past year or two, and yours is the first one which has been filled to my satisfaction, which I shall remember in the future.
Yours respectfully,

GEO. W. DORNAN.

ARAPAHOE Co., Col., May 15, 1883.

Mr. JOSSELYN: Plants received in good order. When I need any more will remember you, as I received at the same time same kind and same quantity from N. J., and your plants were more than twice as large as the others.
Yours truly,

W. H. MAYERS.

JEFFERSON Co., Ohio, April 19, 1882.

Sir: The plants came in fine order and are very satisfactory.
Mrs. F. H. THORNHILL.

STEBEN Co., N. Y., April 23, 1883.

GEO. S. JOSSELYN: *Dear Sir*—I am very much pleased with your plants and the large count you gave me.
Respectfully,

L. GRATTON.

PRICE LIST FOR SPRING OF 1885.

BLACKBERRIES.

	Per Doz.	Per 100.	Per 1000.
KITTATINY	\$0.50	\$ 2.00	\$12.00
SNYDER	.50	2.00	18.00
WILSON'S EARLY	.50	2.00	12.00
EARLY HARVEST (<i>New</i>)	.75	3.00	22.00
TAYLOR'S PROLIFIC	.50	2.00	18.00
EARLY CLUSTER (<i>New</i>)	4.00	25.00	
WILSON, JR. (<i>New</i>)	3.50	25.00	

CURRENTS.

Our Currants we warrant grown through all generations from long cuttings of *well ripened wood entirely in open air*. We have no greenhouses and need none. Currants grown by forcing or artificial heat are not fruit-bearing plants, but must be poor, feeble and sickly.

	1 YEAR No. 1			2 YEARS No. 1		
	Per Doz.	Per 100.	Per 1000.	Per Doz.	Per 100.	Per 1000.
CHERRY, LA VERSAILLES	\$0.50	\$3.00	\$25.00	\$0.75	\$6.00	\$40.00
WHITE GRAPE, LEE'S PROLIFIC	.50	3.00	25.00	.75	6.00	40.00
RED DUTCH, BLACK NAPLES	.50	3.00	25.00	.75	6.00	40.00

FAY'S PROLIFIC, by mail, post-paid, No. 1 one-year, 75 cents each, \$7.50 per dozen.

FAY'S PROLIFIC, by express or freight, No. 1 two-year, \$1.00 each, \$10.00 per dozen.

FAY'S PROLIFIC, by express or freight, No. 1 one-year, \$50.00 per 100.

FAY'S PROLIFIC, by express or freight, No. 1 two-years, \$75.00 per 100.

FAY'S PROLIFIC, good plants, one-year No. 2, two-thirds the price of one-year No. 1.

Our two-year No. 1 Currant plants are too large to be sent by mail.

RASPBERRIES.

BLACK CAPS.

	Per Doz.	Per 100.	Per 1000
DOOLITTLE	\$0.40	\$1.50	\$10.00
GREGG	.50	2.00	15.00
MAMMOTH CLUSTER	.50	1.50	12.00
OHIO	.50	2.00	15.00
SHAFFER'S COLOSSAL (<i>New</i>)	.60	3.00	22.00
SOUHEGAN (<i>New</i>)	.60	3.00	20.00

RED RASPBERRIES.

	Per Doz.	Per 100.	Per 1000
BRANDYWINE	.30	1.00	7.00
CLARK	.40	1.50	10.00
CRIMSON BEAUTY (<i>New</i>)	1.50	10.00	
CUTHBERT	.40	1.50	10.00
HERSTINE	.40	1.50	12.00
LOST RUBIES (<i>New</i>)	.50	2.50	15.00
PHILADELPHIA	.30	1.00	7.00
THWACK	.40	1.00	12.00
TURNER	.25	1.00	7.00
HANSELL (<i>New</i>)	.60	4.00	30.00
MARLBORO	1.20	8.00	

JOSELYN'S PRICE LIST FOR SPRING OF 1885.

GRAPES.

WE WARRANT OUR VINES TRUE TO NAME AND GRADED AS REPRESENTED.

DESCRIPTION.	FIRST CLASS VINES.					
	ONE YEAR, No. 1.			Two YEARS, No. 1.		
	Each.	Doz.	100.	Each.	Doz.	100.
ADIRONDAC—Black, early	\$0 22	\$2 40	\$12 00	\$0 32	\$3 60	\$17 00
AGAWAM—(Rogers 15)—Red, early, reliable	12	1 32	6 00	18	1 92	8 00
ALLENS	22	2 40	12 00	32	3 60	17 00
ALVEY—Black, small wine grape	25	2 76	11 00	35	3 96	17 00
AMBER—New—Amber, sweet, fine flavor	16	1 80	7 00	20	2 16	8 00
AMBER QUEEN—New—High quality	70	7 80	35 00	1 25	12 00	65 00
ARNOLD'S 1, 2, 5, 8, 16	25	2 88	12 00	35	3 96	17 00
AUGUST GIANT—New—Black	75	8 40	50 00	...	...	...
BACCHUS—New—Black, good	30	3 36	16 00	50	5 40	24 00
BARRY (Rogers 43)—Black, very early, hardy	25	2 88	12 00	35	3 96	18 00
BEAUTY—New—Red, healthy, hardy	45	5 04	22 00	60	6 60	30 00
BLACK DEFIANCE	45	5 04	22 00	60	6 60	30 00
BLACK EAGLE	22	2 40	11 00	30	3 36	16 00
BRIGHTON—New—Dark red, very early	22	2 40	10 00	40	4 56	18 00
CATAWBA—Red, well known, late, best quality	10	1 08	5 00	15	1 56	7 00
CENTENNIAL—New—Red, best quality	75	8 40	45 00	1 25	14 40	75 00
CHAMPION (See Talman)	9	96	4 00	13	1 44	6 00
CLINTON—Black, late, hardy	8	84	3 00	11	1 08	4 00
CONCORD—Black, early, hardy	8	84	3 00	11	1 08	4 00
CONCORD CHASELARS, CONCORD MUSCAT	75	7 20	45 00	1 00	10 80	70 00
COTTAGE—Black, early, vigorous	15	1 56	7 00	20	2 16	8 00
CREVELING—Black, early, good	25	2 76	11 00	35	3 96	17 00
CROTON—Black wine grape	25	2 76	11 00	35	3 96	17 00
CUNNINGHAM—Black wine grape	45	5 04	22 00	65	7 20	32 00
CYNTHIANA—Southern wine grape	45	5 04	22 00	65	7 20	32 00
DELAWARE—Red, early, hardy	20	2 16	10 00	30	3 24	15 00
DIANA—Red, late	11	1 20	5 00	15	1 68	7 00
DRACUT AMBER—Red, very early	25	2 76	11 00	25	3 96	16 00
DUTCHESS—New—Greenish yellow, early	25	2 76	12 00	45	5 04	18 00
EARLY VICTOR—New—Very early, black, excellent	60	6 60	33 00	1 25	12 00	65 00
EARLY DAWN	60	6 60	33 00	1 25	12 00	65 00
EL DORADO—New—White	60	6 60	33 00	1 25	12 00	65 00
ELVIRA—White, late	13	1 44	6 00	20	2 16	8 00
EMPIRE STATE—New—White, best quality	2 00	18 00	150 00	3 00	30 00	250 00
EUMELAN—Black, rather early	25	2 76	11 00	35	3 96	16 00
EVA	25	2 76	11 00	35	3 96	16 00
FRANCIS B. HAYES—New—White, very early	1 25	12 00	50 00	1 75	19 20	80 00
GOETHE (Rogers 1)—Red, rather late, excellent	15	1 56	7 00	20	2 16	8 00
GREIN'S GOLDEN—Red, late	12	1 32	6 00	18	1 92	8 00
HARTFORD—Black, very early	8	84	3 00	11	1 08	5 00
HERBEMONT, HERMANN—Black, Southern wine grapes	25	2 76	11 00	35	3 96	17 00
HERBERT (Rog. 44)	25	2 88	12 00	35	3 96	18 00
HIGHLAND—New—Large, black	50	5 40	30 00	1 00	10 80	60 00
IONA—Red, late, good	11	1 20	5 00	15	1 68	7 00
IRVING—White	50	5 40	30 00	1 00	10 80	60 00
ISABELLA—Black, late	8	84	3 00	11	1 08	4 00
ISRAELLA	20	2 16	10 00	30	3 36	15 00
IVES—Black, early	8	84	3 00	11	1 08	4 00
JANESVILLE—Black, early	20	2 16	10 00	30	3 36	15 00
JEFFERSON—New—Red, early, valuable	50	5 40	25 00	90	10 20	45 00
JESSICA—New—White	1 10	12 00	65 00	...	...	...
LADY—White, very early, best quality	25	2 88	12 00	35	3 96	17 00
LADY WASHINGTON—New—White, early, excellent	45	5 04	20 00	60	6 60	25 00
LOUISIANA—Black, late	25	2 88	12 00	35	3 96	17 00
LINDLEY (Rogers 9)—Red, early, good	12	1 32	5 00	18	1 92	6 00
MARION, MARY ANN	12	1 32	5 00	18	1 92	6 00
MARTHA—White, early, good	12	1 32	6 00	18	1 92	8 00

THESE PRICES ARE FOR REALLY NO. 1 VINES AND NOT FOR SMALL VINES TO SAVE POSTAGE.

GRAPE VINES—*Continued.*

DESCRIPTION.	FIRST CLASS VINES.					
	ONE YEAR, No. 1.			TWO YEARS, No. 1.		
	Each.	Doz.	100.	Each.	Doz.	100.
MASSASOIT (Rogers 3)—Red, early, good.....	12	1 32	6 00	18	1 92	8 00
MAXATAWNEY—Pale yellow, late, good.....	25	2 76	10 00	35	3 96	15 00
MERRIMAC (Rogers 19)—Black, early.....	12	1 32	6 00	18	1 92	8 00
MINER'S SEEDLINGS.....	60	6 60	30 00	90	10 20	55 00
MISSOURI RIESLING—New—White, wine grape,	12	1 32	6 00	18	1 92	8 00
MONTROE—New—Black.....	60	6 60	30 00	90	10 20	60 00
MONTGOMERY—White.....	50	5 40	25 00	65	7 20	32 00
MOORE'S EARLY—New—Black, very early, val-						
uable.....	50	5 40	25 00	65	7 20	32 00
NAOMI—New—White.....	60	6 60	30 00	90	10 20	60 00
NIAGARA—New—White.....				2 00		
NOAH—New—Late, white,.....	12	1 32	6 00	18	1 92	8 00
NORFOLK MUSCAT.....	1 00	10 80	45 00	1 25	13 20	60 00
NORTHERN MUSCADINE—Red, early.....	35	3 60	16 00	50	5 40	24 00
NORTON'S—Black wine grape.....	25	2 76	11 00	35	3 96	17 00
NORWOOD—New—Black.....	1 00	10 80	45 00	1 25	13 20	60 00
ORIENTAL—New—Red.....	1 00	10 80	45 00	1 25	13 20	60 00
PEARL—Pale yellow.....	25	2 88	12 00	35	3 96	18 00
PERKINS—Red, early.....	15	1 56	7 00	20	2 16	9 00
POCKLINGTON—New—White, early, valuable.....	35	3 60	16 00	50	5 40	23 00
POUGHKEEPSIE RED.....	2 00	24 00	180 00			
PRENTISS—New—White, early, best quality.....	35	3 60	16 00	50	5 40	23 00
REBECCA—White, valuable.....	25	2 76	11 00	35	3 96	16 00
ROCHESTER—New—Red.....	1 25	14 40	75 00	1 60	18 00	100 00
ROGERS, Nos. 2, 5, 8, 11, 13, 14, 17, 28, 32, 33, 34, 36,						
39, 41, 44.....	25	2 76	11 00	35	3 96	17 00
SALEM (Rogers 22 or 53)—Red, early, good.....	12	1 32	6 00	18	1 92	8 00
SENASQUA—Black, early, good.....	25	2 76	10 00	35	3 96	15 00
TELEGRAPH—Black, early, good. TOKALON.....	15	1 56	7 00	20	2 16	9 00
TRANSPARENT—Greenish yellow wine grape.....	25	2 76	12 00	45	5 04	18 00
TRUMPH—New—Late, white.....	60	6 60	30 00	1 10	12 00	55 00
ULSTER PROLIFIC—New—Red.....	2 00	24 00	180 00			
VERGENNES—New—Red, early.....	60	6 60	25 00	1 00	10 80	45 00
WALTER—Red, early, good.....	75	8 40	35 00	1 25	13 20	65 00
WILDER (Rogers 4)—Black, early, sweet.....	12	1 32	6 00	18	1 92	8 00
WORDENS—Black, very early.....	20	2 16	10 00	30	3 24	15 00
WYOMING RED—Red, very early, sweet.....	40	4 20	22 00	50	5 40	32 00

We note with surprise that several firms are offering to mail one year Grape Vines at 75 cents postage for 100 one year vines, and two year vines at \$1.00 postage for 100 vines, which would be about the cost of postage on our cutts or No. 3 vines. On weighing our vines, ready for mailing, we find that 100 of our one-year No. 1 Grape Vines weigh on an average 12½ lbs., on which the postage would be \$2.00, and 100 of our two-year No. 1 vines weigh 18½ lbs., on which postage would be \$2.96. If our customers are willing to plant "cull" vines, we can generally furnish them at low prices.

GOOSEBERRIES.

	Per Doz.	Per 100.
DOWNINGS, 1 year.....	\$1.00	\$8.00
DOWNINGS, 2 years.....	1.50	10.00
HOUGHTONS, 1 year.....	1.00	4.00
HOUGHTONS, 2 years.....	1.50	6.00
SMITH'S IMPROVED, 1 year.....	1.00	8.00

We mail and express our vines and plants to every State and Territory; also to England, Scotland, Germany, France, Holland, Belgium, New Zealand, West Indies, etc. Our packing is not excelled.

JOSSELYN'S PRICE LIST FOR SPRING OF 1885.

STRAWBERRIES.

	BY MAIL, POST PAID.		EX. OR FR'T.
	Per Doz.	Per 100.	Per 1000.
Neatly tied with willows in bundles of 50, with roots straight.			
WILSON'S, CRESCENT.....	\$0.25	\$0.40	\$2.00
CHAS. DOWNING, CAPT. JACK.....	.25	.40	2.50
CRYSTAL CITY.....	.25	.40	3.00
WINDSOR CHIEF, GLENDALE.....	.25	.40	3.00
BIDWELL, SHARPLESS, KENTUCKY.....	.25	.40	3.00
LONGFELLOW, MT. VERNON, RED JACKET, PRIMO, BIG BOB.....	.30	.40	3.00
CUMBERLAND TRIUMPH.....	.30	.45	3.00
MANCHESTER, JAMES VICK.....	.25	.30	2.00
EARLY CANADA, OLD IRON-CLAD, JERSEY QUEEN.	.35	.50	3.00

APPLE TREES.

LEADING VARIETIES.

SUMMER—Red Astrachan, Early Bough, Early Harvest, Tetofsky, Duchess of Oldenburg, Early Strawberry.

AUTUMN—Bachelor's Blush, Fall Pippin, Gravenstine, Maiden's Blush, Twenty Ounce, Lowell, Autumn Strawberry.

WINTER—Baldwin, Ben Davis, Smith's Cider, Fallawater, English Russet, Red Canada, Rhode Island Greening, Roxbury Russet, Jonathan, Talman Sweet, Wagner, Pewaukee, Yellow Bellefleur, Ridge Pippin.

	Each.	Doz.	100.
STANDARD, 5 to 6 feet, first selection.....	\$0.30	\$3.00	\$20.00
STANDARD, 4 to 5 feet, first selection.....	.25	2.50	15.00
CRAB APPLES, first selection.....	.30	3.00	20.00

PEAR TREES.

LEADING VARIETIES FOR SUMMER—Bartlett, Brandywine, Clapp's Favorite, Tyson.

AUTUMN—Buffum, Belle Lucrative, Beurre Diel, Dutchess, Howell, Louise Bonne de Jersey, Onondaga, Seckel, Sheldon.

WINTER—Beurre d'Angou, Lawrence, Vicar.

	Each.	Doz.	100.
STANDARD, 5 to 7 feet, first selection.....	\$0.75	\$7.50	\$60.00
STANDARD, 4 to 5 feet, first selection.....	.60	6.00	48.00
DWARF PEARS, 2 to 3 years, first selection.....	.60	6.00	48.00

KEIFFER'S HYBRID PEAR.

Said by competent authorities to be absolutely Blight Proof.

	Each.	Doz.	100.
3 to 4 feet, branched.....	\$0.75	\$7.50	\$60.00
2 to 3 feet, branched.....	.50	5.00	50.00

	Each.	Doz.	100.
PEACHES, Standard, 1 year, 1st selection, 3 to 5 feet.....	\$0 20	\$2 00	\$15 00
CHERRIES, 4 to 6 feet, " ".....	75	7 50	50 00
PLUMS, 5 to 6 feet, " ".....	50	5 00	35 00
QUINCES, Orange, 3 to 4 feet, " ".....	40	4 00	25 00
" Raes Mammoth, 1 year, 3 feet, 1st selection.....	50	5 00	
" Champion.....	50	5 00	
APRICOTS, first class.....	40	4 00

EMPIRE STATE.