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6267. *Albion*
1892.

SPRING PRICE LIST

—OF—

Fruit*and*Ornamental*Trees,

STRAWBERRY and RASPBERRY PLANTS,

GRAPE VINES,

—AND—

CHOICE SEED POTATOES.

Fairview Nurseries & Fruit Farm,

NEW PHILADELPHIA, OHIO,

DANIEL WYSS, Proprietor.

INTERESTING TO PURCHASERS.

Our Plants—We take special pride in growing and sending out plants of the very best quality, and *guarantee* them to be *true to name*, and to reach the purchaser in good order, when sent by mail or express.

Should there ever be any room for complaint, the purchaser should notify us immediately on receipt of goods, when we will cheerfully make all satisfactory. Determined to please, we hope to count each patron a permanent customer.

Packing—We make no charge for boxes, baskets, or packing, take special pains to pack in such a manner that plants shall reach their destination in good condition, and, at the same time, make packages as light as possible, in order to avoid large transportation charges. On orders less than \$1.00 by freight or express we charge 25 cents for packing.

Shipping—Our shipping facilities are good. We send plants by mail when so desired; but always advise sending by express, as larger and finer plants can be sent in this way, and we usually find room to add a few *extras*, which customers seldom refuse.

Remittances—Money sent in any of the following ways is at our risk: Post-office order, draft on New York, registered letter, or postage stamps for sums less than one dollar.

Terms—Cash with order, unless parties are well known to us.

Prices—The prices in this list are, we think, as reasonable as *reliable* plants of the first quality can be produced. Our experience has been that *so-called* cheap plants are of questionable purity, and dear at any price. Six plants may be ordered at rates per dozen, 50 at 100 rates, and 500 at 1000 rates.

FRUIT DEPARTMENT.

APPLES.

The first fruit, both in importance and general culture, is the Apple. Its period, unlike that of other fruits, extends nearly or quite through the year.

By planting judicious selections of Summer, Autumn, and Winter sorts, a constant succession can be easily obtained of this indispensable fruit for family use. There is no farm crop which, on the average, will produce one-fourth as much income per acre as will a good apple orchard.

As fruit has become cheaper on account of the increased supply, a large and

constantly increasing European export has sprung up which affords highly remunerative prices for the best selected specimens of our orchards, while the process of Evaporation of fruit has become a recognized auxiliary to the horticulture of the land. With the immense consumption by this process of evaporation, it may be doubted if apple orcharding will ever in any season be less than highly remunerative. All the surplus of orchards, all windfalls and defective specimens can at once be gathered and sold at a fair price to the evaporating establishments which now exist in almost every town in all fruit growing sections.

If apples are planted at the rate of fifty trees per acre, rows of peach trees can be planted between the apples, which, growing more quickly than the apple trees soon protect them from the winds, and thus are a great benefit to them.

After eight or ten years of productiveness, as the space is needed for apples, the peach trees may be removed, leaving the orchard better for the protection, and at the same time having yielded the planter a large return for his trouble.

Varieties of Special Merit.

Great interest is now manifested in what are known as Russian and Iron Clad Apples—varieties sufficiently hardy to stand the extreme climate of the North and North-west and yet possessing the merits in quality and size of the standard sorts of a more temperate region. So great has been the development in this direction, and so numerous and valuable have the kinds become that the complaint is no longer valid that good fruit cannot be produced in the far North or North-west. We mention as among the best and most prominent sorts, the following: 5 to 6 ft. \$1.50 per dozen, \$9.00 per hundred.

Tetofsky—A Russian apple, profitable for market growing; bears extremely early, usually the second year after transplanting, and bears every year; hardy as a crab, fruit good size, yellow, beautifully striped with red, juicy, pleasant, acid, aromatic. July and Aug.

Duchess of Oldenburg—Russian, medium to large size; skin yellow, streaked with red, and somewhat blushed, sometimes with a faint blue bloom, flesh juicy and good, with a rich subacid flavor, productive. September.

Hyde's King—Large to very large, yellowish green, good quality, a remarkable keeper. Keeps the year round.

Mann—New. An upright grower, forming a round head; fruit medium to large, roundish oblate, skin deep yellow when fully ripe, with sometimes a shade of brownish red where exposed; flesh yellowish, juicy, mild, pleasant, sub-acid; good to very good. Will keep as long as Roxbury Russet. May to June.

Stark—Grown in Ohio, and valued as a long keeper, a profitable market fruit. Fruit large roundish, skin greenish yellow, shaded and striped with light and dark red nearly over the whole surface, and thickly sprinkled with light brown dots; flesh yellowish, moderately juicy, mild, sub-acid. January to May.

Walbridge—A new early variety, very desirable for extreme cold sections, having stood uninjured in Minnesota, where all but most hardy varieties have failed. Fruit medium size, handsome, striped with red; quality good, productive. March to June.

Wealthy—A new variety from Minnesota; healthy, hardy and very productive. Fruit medium, oblate, skin smooth, whitish yellow, shaded with deep red in the sun, splashed and spotted in the shade. Flesh white, fine, tender, juicy, lively, sub-acid, very good. December to February.

Wolf River—A new and beautiful fruit of the very largest size. Originated near Wolf River, Wis., and may well be classed among the iron-clads. Skin greenish yellow, shaded with crimson; flesh white, juicy, tender, with a peculiar, pleasant, mild, sub-acid flavor.

Tree a strong, stout grower, and a great bearer. January and February.

✓ **Yellow Transparent (Russian Transparent)**—A very early Russian apple, of good quality, and decided merits; size medium, color when ripe pale yellow, sprightly. sub-acid, great bearer. July.

The following leading varieties are kept in stock: Early Harvest, Red June, Western Beauty, Chenango Strawberry, Fall Pippin, Munson Sweet, Pumpkin Sweet, Orange Sweet, Rambo, Twenty ounce, Bullock's Pippin, Baldwin, Ben Davis, Grimes Golden, King, Northern Spy, Rome Beauty, Peck's Pleasant, Wells, Rox Russet, Ohio Nonsuch, and others.

PEARS.

5 to 6 feet 30 cents. \$3.50 per dozen. \$25.00 per hundred.

The cultivation of this noble fruit is extending as its value is appreciated. the range of varieties is such that, like apples, they can be had in good eating condition from August until early spring. The Pear, like most things highly desirable and valuable, cannot be had without attention, labor and skill. The relative price of the Apple and Pear being about as one to ten, show at the same time the superior value of the latter, and the greater skill required to bring it to perfection.

One of the most important points in the management of Pears, is to gather them at the proper time. Summer Pears should be gathered at least ten days before they are ripe, and Autumn Pears at least a fortnight. Winter varieties, if they will hang so long, may be left until the leaves begin to fall.

At the present time the demand is for choice fruit, and should have the best kind of cultivation; the fruit should be thinned so as not to over-produce. Care should be need in selecting for market only the best specimens and with such effort and system on the part of the grower, they will yield a satisfactory profit.

The Pear succeeds in most soils, but does best on a rather heavy loam. Budded on its own stock, it makes a standard tree, and on the French or Angers Quince, a dwarf, the former being best adapted to large permanent orchards, the latter for yards and gardens.

SUMMER.

✓ **Bartlett**—Large size, with often a beautiful blush next the sun; buttery, very juicy and high flavored, bears early and abundantly, very popular. August and September.

✓ **Clapp's Favorite**—Very large; yellowish green to full yellow when ripe, marbled with dull red in the sun, and covered with small russet specks, vinous, melting and rich. Aug.

✓ **Lawson, or Comet**—New; the tree is a vigorous, upright grower, productive. bears young and early in the season; foliage clean and healthy, yellow, flushed with the most beautiful crimson; flesh juicy a firm good shipper, and a saleable and valuable market variety. August. 35 cents.

AUTUMN.

✓ **Belle Luerative (Fondante d'Automme)**—A fine, large pear, yellowish green, slightly russetted, melting and delicious, productive. One of the best Autumn pears. Sept. and Oct.

✓ **Buerre Clairgeau**—Large, skin yellow, inclined to fawn, shaded with orange and crimson, covered with russet dots, flesh yellow, buttery, juicy, somewhat granular, with a sugary perfumed, vinous flavor. October and November.

✓ **Buerre Hardy**—A pear of good size, cinnamon russet, melting and fine. Tree a good bearer. One of the finest pears. October.

✓ **Buerre Bose**—A large fine pear, russetty yellow, slightly brownish red in the sun; flesh white, melting, juicy, sweet, perfumed, productive. September and October.

✓ **Buerre Biel**—Large, dull yellow, dotted; sugary, rich and delicious. Oct. and Dec.

✓ **Buerre d'Anjou**—Large, greenish, sprinkled with russet, sometimes shaded with dull crimson, flesh whitish, buttery, melting, with a high, rich, vinous, excellent flavor; very

- productive. Succeeds well on the quince; should be in every orchard, Oct. to Jan.
- Duchess Angouleme**—Very large, dull greenish yellow, streaked and spotted with russet, flesh white, buttery and very juicy, with a rich and very excellent flavor; on young standard trees the fruit is variable, but on the quince, to which stock this variety seems well adapted, it is always fine; a general favorite. October and November.
- Memish Beauty**—Large, beautiful, juicy, melting, rich and fine; good bearer, hardy everywhere. September and October.
- Garber's Hybrid**—Tree very vigorous, healthy and productive, fruit medium sized, pyriform, light yellow, with a distinct quince-like flavor, valuable for canning. September.
- Idaho**—Size large, nearly globular, obtusely ribbed; color light rich yellow, surface covered with many small dots; cavity very deep and narrow, and strongly furrowed, stem small, calyx closed; flesh white, fine grained, buttery, melting and rich. September and October. 75 cents.
- Kieffer's Hybrid**—Raised from seed of the Chinese Sand Pear, accidentally crossed with the Bartlett or some other kind grown near it. Tree has large, dark green, glossy leaves, and is of itself very ornamental; is an early and very prolific bearer. The fruit is of good quality, wonderfully showy, and valuable for the table and market. It never rots at the core, and is as nearly blight-proof as is possible for any pear to be. Oct. & Nov.
- Louise Bonne de Jersey**—Rather large, greenish yellow, with a bright red cheek, juicy, buttery and melting, excellent; very productive. September and October.
- S Eckel**—Small; skin rich yellowish brown when fully ripe, with a deep brownish red cheek; flesh very fine grained, sweet, exceedingly juicy, melting, buttery; the richest and highest flavored pear known. September and October.
- Lawrence**—Rather large, yellow, covered with brown dots; flesh whitish, slightly granular, somewhat buttery, with a very rich aromatic flavor, unsurpassed among the early Winter pears; succeeds well on the quince; ripens with little care, should be in every orchard; tree healthy, hardy and productive. November and December.
- Winter Melis**—Medium size, yellowish green and russet, fine grained, melting, rich and delicious, one of the best Winter pears, very productive. December.

PEACHES.

3½ to 4½ feet. \$1.50 per dozen, \$9.00 per hundred.

The Peach Tree requires a well drained, moderately rich soil—a warm, sandy loam is probably the best. In order to preserve the continued healthy growth of the trees and the fine quality of the fruit, the trees should have the shoots and branches shortened every year, so as to preserve a round, vigorous head with plenty of young wood; and the land should not be seeded to grass, but kept in constant cultivation.

The following have been selected after an examination of more than one hundred different sorts in bearing, the best only being chosen. They furnish a succession for about two months, commencing the early part of August.

- Alexander**—Very early, of good size, good in quality, freestone. July.
- Amsden**—Very early, color red, flesh white, with a delicious flavor. July.
- Crawford's Early**—Fruit very large, skin yellow, with fine red cheek; flesh yellow, juicy, sweet and excellent. Wonderfully productive and hardy. Last of August.
- Crawford's Late**—Large size, skin yellow, productive. One of the finest late sorts. Last of September.
- Foster**—Large, deep orange red, flesh yellow, very rich and juicy. Last of August.
- Garfield**—Flesh yellow, very rich and juicy, very attractive. Middle of September.
- Lord Palmerston**—Very large, flesh firm, melting, very juicy and rich. September.
- Mountain Rose**—Large, red, flesh white, juicy, rich and excellent: one of the best early Peaches, ripening first of August.

- ✓ **Salway**—Fruit large, flesh firm, juicy, rich and sugary. First of October.
- ✓ **Sener**—Large, yellow, with deep red cheek; yellow flesh. First of October.
- ✓ **Wager**—Very large, yellow, juicy, and of fine flavor. Last of August.
- ✓ **Wheatland**—Thirty-nine peaches weighed 18 pounds. Was awarded the first prize for size, quality and beauty, at the New York State Fair. First to middle of September.
- ✓ **Beer's Snock**—Large size, yellow flesh. September and October.
- ✓ **Bilyeu's Late**—A large white freestone peach, with a beautiful red cheek. Middle of Sept.
- ✓ **Chair's Choice**—Very large, deep yellow with red cheek, flesh very firm. September.
- ✓ **Chinese Ling**—Fruit large, skin transparent cream color, flesh creamy white, very juicy and melting, with a rich, agreeable flavor. Last of July.
- ✓ **Globe**—A rapid vigorous grower and an enormous bearer; fruit very large, globular in form, flesh firm, juicy, yellow, shaded with reddish crimson towards the pit or stone: quality good, very rich and luscious. September and October.
- ✓ **Ward's Late Free**—Medium to large: yellowish white, with a red cheek in the sun, flesh nearly white, juicy and good, valuable for late preserving. First of October.
- ✓ **Wonderful**—Originated in New Jersey. Large to very large, uniform in shape and size, color rich golden yellow, overspread with carmine and crimson. Flesh yellow, high flavored and firm, bright red at the pit, which is small and parts freely from the flesh. Ripe in October, and keeps well.
- ✓ Other choice varieties in stock, viz Early Canada, Early York, Hales Early, Morris White, Steadley, Stump the World, Columbia, Lemon Free, Reeve's Favorite, Old Mixon, Mary's Choice, Richmond, Schumaker, and others.

PLUMS.

4 to 5 feet, 30 cents. \$3.00 per dozen. \$24.00 per hundred.

✓ Leading varieties, such as Bradshaw, Coe's Golden, Duane's Purple, Green Gage, Guili, German Prune, Lombard, McLaughlin, Weaver, Washington, Mariana, Simoni, &c.

CHERRIES.

4 to 6 feet, 20 cents. \$2.25 per dozen. \$18.00 per hundred.

The Cherry tree universally requires a dry soil, and is naturally a hardy tree, succeeding in the lightest soil or dryest situations. The Heart and Bigarreau varieties are of rapid growth, with large glossy leaves, forming fine, pyramid-shaped heads, and producing large crops of luscious fruit; are well adapted for planting along the streets, or in yards as shade trees. They are profitably grown for market. Many trees produce from five to six bushels per tree. The fruit brings in market, one year with another, \$2 to \$3 per bu.

✓ Heart and Bigarreau Cherries, sweet—Black Eagle, Black Tartarian, Early Purple, Governor Wood, Elton, Napoleon, Rockport, Windsor, &c.

✓ Sour Cherries—Dyehouse, Empress Eugene, Early Richmond, Late Duke, May Duke, Olivet, &c.

QUINCES.

3½ to 4½ feet, 25 cents. \$2.50 per dozen.

The Quince is attracting attention as a market fruit. The tree is hardy, and compact in growth, requires but little space, productive, gives regular crops, and comes early into bearing. The fruit is much sought after for canning for winter use. When put up in the proportion of about one quart of quinces to four of other fruit, it imparts to them a most delicious flavor. It flourishes in any good garden soil, which should be kept mellow and well enriched. Prune off all the dead and surplus branches, and thin out the fruit if bearing too freely.

✓ Apple or Orange—Large, roundish; bright golden yellow; cooks tender and is of very excellent flavor. Valuable for preserves or flavoring, very productive, the most popular and extensively cultivated variety. October.

Champion—A variety originated in Connecticut. The tree is a prolific and constant bearer; fruit averaging larger than the Orange, more oval in shape, quality equally fine and a longer keeper. October and November.

GRAPES.

2 year old vines.

The vine comes quickly into bearing, yielding fruit usually the second year after planting; requires but little space, and when properly trained is an ornament to the yard, garden or vineyard. The soil for the Grape should be dry; when not naturally so, should be drained. It should be deeply worked and well manured, always bearing in mind that it is an essential point to secure a warm, sunny exposure.

Brighton—It gives the best of satisfaction. Bunches large, berries of medium size, dark red; flesh sweet, tender, and of the highest quality. Early. 7 cents.

Concord—A popular variety where the choice kinds fail to ripen; universally healthy, vigorous and productive, juicy and sweet. Bunch large, early. 6 cents.

Delaware—One of the finest grapes, light red, flesh very juicy, exceedingly sweet, spicy and delicious flavor. Very hardy and productive. 12 cents.

Eaton—Black; bunch and berry of the very largest size, juicy, with tender pulp, vine very vigorous, healthy and productive. 50 cents.

Empire State—Bunches large, from six to ten inches long, shouldered, color white, covered with a thick white bloom; flesh tender, juicy, rich, sweet and sprightly. 15 cents.

Ives—Probably a seedling of the Isabella; hardy and productive, but with a tough, acid center.

Leader—White; will dry into raisins, quality good, very hardy and productive. 40 cents.

Mayer—Red, vine hardy, healthy and productive; ripens very early, sweet as soon as colored, skin thin but tough, pulp tender, rich and juicy. 60 cents.

Moore's Early—A seedling of Concord, combining great vigor, health and productiveness; ten days earlier than Hartford. In quality, hardly to be distinguished from Concord. Bunch large, berries very large, black. 15 cents.

Niagara—The vine is a remarkably strong grower and very hardy; bunches very large and uniform, and very compact, quality good, very little pulp, melting and sweet; ripens with the Concord, white. 10 cents.

Pocklington—Strong grower, never mildews, is a light golden yellow, clear, juicy and sweet to the centre, with little or no pulp; bunch very large, sometimes shouldered, berries round and very large and thickly set. 12 cents.

Vergennes—Free from mildew, very productive, clusters large, berries large, holding firmly to the stems; color light amber; rich and delicious, flesh meaty and tender. Ripens early, and is an excellent late keeper. 15 cents.

Warden—A seedling of Concord, which it greatly resembles in appearance and flavor, but the berries are larger. The fruit is said to be better flavored, and to ripen several days earlier. 10 cents.

Per dozen, 10 per cent off. Per hundred, 15 per cent off.

Improved Dwarf Juneberry.

The Juneberry is one of the most valuable berries. The wood is hard and firm, and endures the extremes of climate without injury. Its leaves are a dark, glossy green.

The plant propagates from suckers. The flowers appear about the same time as those of the apple. The fruit is borne in clusters, like the currant, and ripens in June. Its size equals the Wild Gooseberry, shape round, color reddish purple at first and becomes a bluish black when fully ripened. Its flavor approaches the Huckleberry, a mild, very rich sub-acid. Perfectly hardy, not being injured by wet, cold or dry weather, and needs no special treatment. 15 cents. \$1.50 per dozen.

RASPBERRIES.

Thompson's Early Prolific—This variety again was ahead of all others this year, in point of earliness and good quality. It was the earliest ripe raspberry in the neighborhood.

Every fruit grower knows the necessity of having a red raspberry that will come on with good picking, just as the strawberry season is ending. It is extremely hardy, very productive, healthy foliage, and withstands heat and drouth better than any other variety.

40 cents per dozen, \$1.00 per 100, \$8.00 per 1000.

Golden Queen—We know of few more attractive dishes than that made by this beautiful fruit. This has proved with us the most hardy, productive and valuable of the yellow varieties. It is next to the Brinkle Orange in quality; beautiful, translucent amber color and exceptionally firm. The canes are of the strongest growth, exceeding in vigor the Cuthbert, hardier, and owing to its greater vigor, succeeded better at the South and in California. Its productiveness is simply marvelous; ripens in mid-season. It is the most valuable raspberry for the amateur, and no home garden is complete without it. Its beauty, size and quality make it indispensable for table use. It remains in bearing longer than any other variety we fruited. 40cts per doz., 75cts per 100, \$6.00 per 1000.

STRAWBERRIES.

First of the Small Fruits in the month of June comes the beautiful, wholesome and appetizing Strawberry. The profits which result from its cultivation, when properly conducted, are enough to satisfy the highest expectations. On account of limited space, only a few of the best new varieties are described.

Enhance—No variety has ever been produced possessing so many points of merit and such remarkable characteristics. It is a general purpose berry, and can be grown for a fancy or high priced market, for home use, for canning, for pleasure, or for profit.

The plant is a vigorous and healthy grower, with dark green foliage; it sets an abundance of well proportioned runners which easily take root. It is a beautiful grower; its flower is perfect. The quality is good, being slightly acid, but not sour. Its berries are of the largest size, and being very firm and of a bright crimson color, makes them very attractive and salable. Its firmness aids in its keeping qualities both before and after being picked. There is no berry now in existence that excels it in firmness of pulp, hence it is the best shipping berry extant. The most remarkable characteristic however, and one which needs to be emphasized, is that this variety has proven itself to be proof against late spring frosts.

Edgar Queen—This is no doubt a berry that will become very popular, on account of its large size, productiveness and fine quality. It is a firm berry, of a beautiful bright red color. It is a massive grower, its roots strike deep into the earth, withstand drought well. Do not fail to plant Edgar Queen.

Beder Wood—This is a very desirable early berry for either home use or near market. There is no defect in the plant, or its manner of growth. It is in every way healthy and vigorous, and an enormous bearer—perhaps equal to any of the pistillate sort in this respect. Its blossom is perfect; and those who are seeking for a good bisexual variety, to plant with Warfield, Haverland, and Bubach, may find in this what they desire. The berry is of large size, roundish, of regular form, light scarlet, and of good quality. It continues in bearing a long time, which will make it desirable for home use.

Shaw—A fine large berry of excellent quality. Plant very robust, a good fertilizer for most pistillate varieties.

Lady Rusk—This is the ideal large, firm, oblong berry, good quality, very productive, often when plants are not crowded, they will produce 30 to 60 berries each; all ripen and hold out in size till last of season. This variety proves of great value to us, early and the best of shippers.

Staymen's No. 1—A grand berry if grown on rich soil, extraordinarily productive, sells for fancy prices. Being a very rank, robust grower and producing its berries on strong fruit stems. A profitable berry with us, of fine shape and quite firm.

PRICES.

Dozen and 100 orders prepaid, mailed,

	doz	hund	thous
Enhance.....b.....	50	\$2 50	\$20
Lovett's Early.....b.....	50		
Governor Hoard.....b.....	50	4 00	
Woolverton.....b.....	50	4 00	
Edgar Queen.....p.....	40	2 00	15
Shuster's Gem.....p.....	1 00		
Beder Wood.....b.....	40	2 00	15
Yale.....b.....	50		
Parker Earle.....b.....	75	3 00	
Shaw.....b.....	75	2 00	
Oregon Everbearing.....b.....	75		
Alabama.....b.....	50	2 00	
Stevens.....b.....	50	2 00	
Great Pacific.....p.....	50	2 00	
Tippecanoe.....b.....	50		
Burt Seedling.....b.....	50		
Bubach No. 5.....p.....	35	1 00	
Crescent.....p.....	35	75	
Cumberland.....b.....	35	1 00	
Crawford.....b.....	35	1 50	
Daisy.....b.....	35	1 50	
Eureka.....p.....	35	1 00	
Glendale.....b.....	35		
Gandy.....b.....	35	1 00	
Gypsy.....p.....	35	1 00	
Haverland.....p.....	35	1 00	
Hoffman.....b.....	35	1 00	
Jessie.....b.....	35		
Lady Rusk.....p.....	35	1 00	
Lida.....p.....	35	1 00	
Logan.....b.....	35		
May King.....b.....	35	1 00	
Mrs. Cleveland.....p.....	35	1 00	
Michael's Early.....b.....	35	75	
Stamen's No 1.....p.....	35	1 00	
Viola.....b.....	35	1 00	
Warfield.....p.....	35	1 00	
Wilson.....b.....	35	1 00	

Varieties marked p are pistillate, those marked b have bisexual or perfect blossoms.

Choice Seed Potatoes.

The following varieties of potatoes have been selected, and grown, by us, from the large number of varieties that have been offered by leading growers. In so doing, we aimed to secure a list of potatoes that would be the most profitable; and at the same time possess other requisite qualities of first class potatoes.

Empire State—This is a roundish, oblong variety, smooth white skin, flesh snow white, medium early, excellent quality, and enormously productive. They grow to a good size, not overly large, and have the desired advantage of no small potatoes in a hill. The vines are strong and healthy, and have never shown any signs of rot or decay. We recommend them as one of the most valuable market varieties.

Monroe Seedling—First offered in 1889. Has proved one of the best of its type. Rapid, vigorous growth, fine appearance, large, smooth, white tubers, rendering it so valuable that it has become very popular. Medium late, heavy yielder, of the White Star class.

Clark's No. 1—A potato of sterling quality. It is similar in appearance to the Early Rose; indeed, it is hard to distinguish the two varieties. Clark's No. 1 is earlier and will yield

from one-third to one-half more than the Rose. The tubers are large, of excellent quality, beautiful in appearance and fit to dig very early and sell quickly in any market.

Early Maine—Of the Rose type. A yielder of fine early potatoes above the average in size. A number one early in every way.

New Queen—Long, round or oval, skin light flesh color, more or less tinted with light rose, considerably russetted, especially toward the seed end; eyes quite numerous, full and prominent. Medium to large size. This is conceded to be one of the very best early varieties.

Summit—A medium early seedling of the Rose class. We tried it last season and think it out-yielded almost all. Is good size, fine quality, few small ones, fine keeper, and will plant it next season.

Potentate—Introduced from Wisconsin, of the Pearl type, uniform size, large, round and very few small ones, white, few eyes, remains solid until July, longer than any other variety we know of. They are beauties; will sell themselves in any market.

Can count on them for a large, solid, potato.

Improved Mammoth Pearl—This is the old Pearl we all know, which has been our standby in the past. The improvement has been the selection for five or six years of typical tubers of most productive hills. This careful selection by a Michigan party seems to have renewed vigor, and the few we have are fine.

The Victor—This is a standard variety planted by many for its good size and quality. Considered one of the best for late spring use. It retains its flavor and good taste until new potatoes are ready to dig.

Lee's Favorite—Is extremely early, being a week or more earlier than Beauty of Hebron, and two weeks earlier than Early Rose. It is of the very best quality: the purest flavor of all; cooks as white as flour, either baked or boiled. It is the most productive early kind, and will produce a large crop on ordinary farm soil with common cultivation. Large size, smooth and handsome, light flesh color, shading to pink about the eyes, which are nearly even with the surface.

Nevada White—This is a very fine, white, medium late potato, smooth, nearly round, somewhat oblong, of extra quality, large size, and very productive.

Early Sunrise—If we had but one potato to plant, Sunrise would be the one, it being so early, so remarkable fine in appearance, so delicate and rich in flavor, so heavy a yielder, cooking evenly and floury, and selling like "hot cakes" in any market.

The following five varieties were Salzer's choice collection : spring, 1891.

THE GOVERNOR RUSK—This is a seedling named and introduced by us in 1890, and one of unusual promise, both as to yield and quality. We have tested same carefully for three years, and feel assured that there is no larger cropper, no better medium late potato grown. The size is medium to large, varying in soils, and running from roundish oblong to long, the latter size predominating. Its points of excellence are many: 1st, it's a healthy, vigorous variety. 2nd, enormous yielder. 3rd, good keeper. 4th, excellent for market purposes. 5th, fine table quality, cooking mealy and white.

SALZER'S IRON CLAD—Absolutely the finest white potato grown. This is strong you say, but not half strong enough you will think after testing this sterling variety. It is a late snow white, oblong to long potato, of remarkable, yes wonderful productiveness. It cooks white, is of excellent flavor, has few eyes making it one of the very best potatoes for house use, and, by all odds, one of the quickest selling potatoes in the market. Its beautiful appearance always commands for it a high price.

THE NEW ROSE—This originated from the Old Rose, a potato that has probably had a larger sale and enjoyed a wider distribution than any other variety in America. We consider it a decided improvement over the Old Rose, and, in addition, it has all the vigor, productiveness and hardiness of a new variety.

JUNE EATING—It is extremely early, oblong in size, large in form, white in color, and cooks and bakes to perfection. It will yield a greater amount of perfect tubers than most any early variety known. It will bear fine potatoes in June, hence the name.

HALO OF DAKOTA—This is a seedling of that splendid early potato Beauty of Hebron. Skin smooth, slightly tinged with pink, and retains, in a large measure, the shape, growth and style of its parent. My manager says. It's a grand seedling, fully 8 days ahead of its parent in ripening; fully $\frac{1}{2}$ more productive, strong vigorous in growth, splendid as a cooker and keeper.

Price List of Potatoes.

(By freight or Express.)

	1 pk	2 pk	1 bu	1 bbl
Empire State	35c	60c	\$1 00	\$2 75
Monroe Seedling	35	60	1 00	2 75
Clark's No. 2	35	60	1 00	2 75
Summit	35	65	1 15	3 00
Lee's Favorite	35	60	1 00	2 75
Potentate	40	70	1 25	3 25
Nevada White	30	50	85	2 25
Mammoth Pearl	30	50	80	2 15
Early Maine	30	50	75	2 00
Early Sunrise	30	50	75	2 00
New Queen	30	50	75	2 00
Victor	30	50	75	2 00
Governor Rusk	35	60	1 00	2 75
Halo of Dakota	35	60	1 00	2 75
Salzer's Iron Clad	35	60	1 00	
New Rose	30	50	80	2 15
June Eating	30	50	80	2 15

Ornamental Trees.

European Mountain Ash	8 to 10 feet, \$2.00 per doz.
Rock or Sugar Maple	6 to 8 feet, 2.50 per doz. \$18. per hund.
Silver Maple	5 to 6 feet, 1.50 per doz. 10. per hund.
same	6 to 8 feet, 2.00 per doz. 12. per hund.
same	8 to 10 feet, 3.00 per doz. 20. per hund.
same	10 to 12 feet, 3.75 per doz. 30. per hund.
Ash, white, green, and black,	6 to 8 feet, 1.50 per doz. 12. per hund.
Norway Maple	6 to 8 feet, 5.00 per doz.
Catalpa, Tea's Japan,	4 to 5 feet, 1.75 per doz.

Evergreens.

Arbor Vitæ American,	2 to 2½ feet, \$2.50 per doz.
same	8 to 12 inches, 1.50 per doz. \$10. per hund.
Juniper Irish,	2 to 3 feet, 30 cts. each, 3.50 per doz.
same	3 to 4 feet, 50 cts. each, 5.00 per doz.
Fir Silver, American Balsam,	2 to 3 feet, 2.25 per doz.
Norway Spruce Best Evergreen,	1½ to 2 feet, 2.50 per doz. 15. per hund.
same	2 to 3 feet, 3.00 per doz. 20. per hund.
same	3 to 4 feet, 3.50 per doz. 22. per hund.

Camelias.

2 to 2½ feet, \$1.25 each, \$12. per dozen.
1½ to 2 feet, 1.00 each, 8. per dozen.

Hydrangea P. Grandiflora is one of the finest hardy shrubs for yard or cemetery planting. Begins to bloom here, about August first, and lasts until frost appears.

50 cents each, prepaid by mail, 6 plants for \$2.
The Yucca Plant is one of the finest of all for lawn or cemeteries. Almost every body that sees it in bloom orders one of these beautiful flowering plants. It is not a tree nor a shrub, but a hardy evergreen plant. It looks pretty at any time of the year. Flowers pure white, large bell shaped, on high, stout stems. Single plants produce over 100 blossoms. By mail, 35cts each, express, not prepaid, 6 plants for 1.75.

☞ We would be pleased if the parties receiving this catalogue would send us the names of a few of their friends who are interested in small fruits, and we will send them one also.

Spray Your Trees and Vines.

We have arrangement with the manufacturer of the following spraying machines whereby we can supply our customers with any outfit in this line at the lowest prices.

We know the value of spraying, hence we procured the best machine on the market the one used by ourselves.

EXCELSIOR KNAPSACK SPRAYER

Especially adapted to prevent rot, mildew, and other diseases in vineyards; potato leaf-blight and rot, leaf-blight and rust in strawberries, raspberries, and blackberries; for extermination of insects effecting cabbage, melons, cucumbers, vines, currants, gooseberries, etc.; should also be used as a preventive of leaf-blight in nurseries.

This machine consists of a copper reservoir holding about five gallons. The pump being made entirely of brass and copper can neither rust nor corrode. There is a large air-chamber inside of the reservoir which will keep up the pressure, and continue to discharge the spray for nearly one minute after the operator stops pumping.

A brass pipe 15 inches in length, with a stop-cock, is furnished with each machine, including the celebrated Vermorel Nozzle, so highly recommended by the Department of Agriculture and leading entomologists in all parts of the United States.

This nozzle brings the liquid out in shape of a fine mist-like spray.

Price, Complete, \$14.00.

EXCELSIOR SPRAYER.

This outfit is attached to an ordinary barrel, placed on a cart or sled. It supplies the spraying nozzle and keeps the liquid stirred up in the barrel. One hundred trees per hour can be sprayed with this outfit.

This pump is fitted with eight feet of hose and the Improved Orchard Nozzle. Three feet of return hose is attached, with which is connected a discharge pipe, so that at every stroke of the pump a small part of the liquid is redischarged into tank near bottom of suction-pipe, which keeps the poison and water well mixed, which is very essential so as not to burn the foliage. This outfit is also furnished with a fine strainer at bottom of suction pipe, which effectually prevents leaves or dirt from getting into pump or nozzles.

Price of outfit complete [without barrel] \$12.

DANIEL WYSS, New Philadelphia, O.

The best Fence Machine in the world.
R. J. AULTMAN, prop'r & manuf'r,
Shanesville, O.

BEES.

I have for sale a very fine Strain of Bees, in the

Common Sense Hive.

This is without a doubt the best all purpose hive ever made.

Parties who are desirous of having a good quality of Bees, and the

Common Sense Hive, will please write for prices, &c. to

DANIEL WYSS,

New Philadelphia, O.