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ANNALS, APR 95

WHOLESALE PRICE-LIST, 1895.

THOMPSON'S SONS,

RIO VISTA, VIRGINIA.

TENNESSEE PROLIFIC.

We would be pleased if the parties receiving this Catalogue would send us the names of a few of their friends who are interested in Small Fruits, and we will send them one also.

Many will receive this Catalogue without ordering it. Some friend, doubtless, was interested in your welfare, and sent us your name, that you might know where to purchase good plants cheap.

Be Sure and Plant Our BIG SIX.

CATALOGUE AND PRICE-LIST.

A great many nurserymen and fruit-growers have wondered how it is our introductions have always met with such great success. The only reason we can give is that we are very careful about introducing any new novelties, for we know the consequences attending a failure. We generally know more about new fruits than we tell our customers; consequently they generally turn out better than the public usually expect. This is the reason we always give satisfaction. We are always liberal with our count, and always try and send the best plants we have of the different varieties. There is a vast difference in the size of different varieties of plants. Some varieties are very small. This you will all find upon your own land after trial.

Many, when they get this Catalogue, will notice we have moved from our old quarters (Lakewood, Ohio), and wonder why. We will try and tell you. Some eleven years ago we took a trip to Richmond, Va., in February, and the weather was so nice that lots of farmers were sowing their oats, planting potatoes, &c. The land seemed to work so much easier than our Ohio land, and the price of land and labor so much cheaper, with better prices for fruit and truck, and being much nearer New York, Washington, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and other large cities, we could see the advantages we would have over the North. So after we returned home and not finding any work doing in Ohio, and the thermometer ten (10) degrees below zero, it made us so discontented that we concluded to sell out and buy near Richmond, for we liked it better than any other place, and the people were so good to us, although perfect strangers. We felt sure Richmond, being the most historical city in the United States, and the capital of the State, was bound to grow. Therefore, in the spring of 1890, we made arrangements with parties here to grow a lot of stock for us, for we were bound to sell out and move. We settled here November 4, 1890, so as to be ready to go to work planting in the spring. All the stock we have are young beds; besides, none of this land has ever had strawberries or small fruits growing on it, and hence none of the insects that are so often found in land used for fruits for years can be found. Our plants are, therefore, of much more value.

Another advantage we have here is that we can do all our planting in the fall, so that when spring comes we can give all our attention to shipping, which is a big help to our customers. We can dig plants nearly every day in the year fresh from the ground, while in Ohio we had to carry a great many varieties in the cellar and cold frames, so as to be able to fill orders for the South, California, &c. Then, with cheaper help, and the land being more easily worked, we can dig better plants and with nicer roots. Still another advantage we have is the long spring or open weather before the hot weather comes, besides being in a more central location for shipping North, East, South, or West, for our business covers the entire United States. While we have a long season of open weather in the spring, our season is but about two weeks earlier than in Ohio, but that two weeks is just the cream of the business, for it gives us fully two months longer in the spring to ship plants. Our plants are always ready to dig, except when, like every other section, we have a few days of rainy weather, when it does not do to tramp land to dig plants. This cannot be avoided. We feel safe in saying it makes no difference where you live in the United States, we can send plants to reach you in good order. We take greater pains to please our customers, and the thousands of testimonials we have show it. It is an old saying: *"I don't care what you can buy plants for, I am going to send my order to the Cleveland Nursery Company; then I know what I am getting."*

As this Catalogue goes to press, we have over twice as much stock sold as we ever had before at this season of the year. Our old customers follow us, besides hundreds of new ones. This is why our business more than doubles itself every year.

INTRODUCERS OF NEW FRUITS.

We are the most successful introducers of new small fruits in the United States; hence it shows we are the most careful. It is our aim not to introduce any new fruits but what will be a benefit to the public. Therefore, it is necessary that all who want something good should buy from headquarters, in order to be sure they are getting what they buy.

We are too well known to need any recommendation, our business increasing more than double every year.

To parties living long distances from express offices it may often be a great convenience to receive Raspberry, Blackberry, Currant, and Gooseberry Plants by mail. If so, let them add 20 cents to the price per dozen, 40 cents to the price per 50, and 75 cents to the price per 100. Of course larger and better plants can be sent by express better than by mail.

Large and mixed orders, and all plants at a thousand rate, go by express. *We make no charge for packing.*

FREIGHT AND EXPRESS CHARGES ARE IN ALL CASES PAID BY THE PURCHASER, EXCEPT WHERE NOTED.

That our prices are more moderate than many in the trade is due to the fact that we do business in small fruits on a large scale. We are willing, moreover, to conform our prices to other honorable dealers, and will not be undersold by any first-class nursery. We think we can do as well by those desiring to purchase as any one, and therefore invite correspondence.

We ship from Richmond, Va., and can ship by seven different railroads and steamboats, so we are sure of getting low rates by so much competition. We are situated three miles from the boundary line of Richmond, Va., five miles from the post-office.

DIRECTIONS FOR SENDING MONEY.

Money can be sent in New York drafts, registered letters, postal notes, and post-office orders, but where post-office orders are sent, have the postmaster make them payable at Richmond, Va.

Please telegraph us at Richmond, Va.

OUR BIG 6 COLLECTION.

After another year of trial, we are convinced that this collection of strawberries is the finest ever offered. As a great many are offering the best, you no doubt have been troubled to know which to believe. We have tried nearly every variety grown, and have decided that not more than one in ten of our present varieties is worth growing. You will—as well as every one else in the United States and Canada—want the best. We say, for your guidance, that for the earlier, most productive, plant Rio, Cyclone, and *No Name*. They have made us more money than any others. But you say you want nothing but the best. We will say that THE BEST strawberry yet introduced, taking into consideration earliness, large size, productiveness, long season, and good grower, we must put down *No Name*. We have one party who wants to plant of this variety alone, as soon as we can let him have the plants at reasonable prices, 100,000; and one dozen of either of our BIG 6, with good care, planted this spring, will make you from 1,000 to 2,000 plants.

Now, you say, what about prices? We will say we have reduced the prices for spring, so that we will send you by mail, postage paid, 12 plants each of the following varieties: Rio, Cyclone, Tennessee Prolific (genuine—this is very important), Ivanhoe, and either Belle or Aroma. We give you the choice of either. While Belle has made a wonderful record in some sections, it has not done so well in others. We have not yet heard of one fault in Aroma. Its value is like Belle—one of the latest—but it is a better shape; very even, very large, and a most excellent shipping variety. *No Name* we give you free, and the prices for the fall of 1894 and the spring of 1895 are only \$4 for 12 of each six varieties. And we will say to any one who think they have a better berry than our *No Name*, all things considered, after trial, we will give you one hundred dollars for one dozen plants. In fact, one hundred dollars would not be accepted for one single plant of *No Name* if we had not a supply. Remember, that to get *No Name* free you must buy the other varieties; or, send \$2.50 for one dozen of *No Name*. We don't care whether you are an amateur or a commercial grower, the sooner you can get a stock of *No Name* the sooner will your success come in strawberry culture. Some of them are fully as large as the Sharpless, but they ripen up even, and the berry is very firm. They continue the large size to the last picking. In fact, this berry was a surprise to all who saw it. There is no berry to compare with it. It is a most beautiful one to fertilize Bubich No. 5, or any other large berry. While we fruited this year over 200 varieties, there was always a fight when we reached *No Name*, as everybody wanted to pick them.

OUR FREE OFFER OF STRAWBERRIES.

A few customers, noticing our advertisement of strawberries given away free, write this way: "I notice your ad. of free strawberries. Send the plants along," &c., without inquiring the way to get them. Of course no one is advertising their business and giving away their best goods without consideration some way. Our sales of the BIG 6 last spring were far beyond our expectations, and even as early as the middle of March our 42-page catalogue was gone and we had more orders than we could fill. But we have a large supply this year, and as we have reduced our prices one-half, to enable every one to plant nothing but the best, our sales will no doubt be ten times more than those of 1894. Remember, our BIG 6 all have a perfect blossom.

OUR CHANGE.

After many years of toil the old man must step to one side, so as to give the young men a chance. With this issue for 1895 I desire to state to my many friends and customers that the Cleveland Nursery Co., managed by myself for the past twelve years, will pass out of existence, having built up one of the largest plant business in the United States. My sons, who have been thoroughly trained up in the business all their lives, will, with their young energy, be my successors. With all my experience, and what they have gained themselves, they know just what everybody wants, and I know they will be honest with every one; and you can place your orders with them with the utmost confidence that you have always had. I will give them all the assistance in their busy season I can. I must not forget to be thankful to my many friends and customers, who have been the cause of our great success. I am

Truly yours,

M. T. THOMPSON, SR.

STRAWBERRIES.

We desire to first call your attention to the three best early strawberries we know of—viz., Rio, Cyclone, and *No Name*. These are not only early, but will stand shipping. It is the early bird that catches the worm. The time to be selling strawberries is when your neighbors have none. We have made more money on these berries than any we have raised, owing to their earliness. Read what others say. It may be of more value to you than what we may say.

Rio.

RIO.—This being the earliest and most beautiful, has been well tried now North and South, and seems to succeed everywhere we have heard of. It is wonderfully productive, and ripens up evenly. Once in awhile the larger ones are fan-shaped, with a beautiful green double calyx. It is the best shipper. Its beautiful bright scarlet color makes it a favorite with all. It not only has color, but quality. Space will not allow us to say much on this berry this fall; but we give you a few testimonials. There is hardly an agricultural journal published but what has had someone speak well of Rio. M. A. Thayer, the most prominent fruit grower of Wisconsin, cuts it short and good for 1894, as follows:

"*Rio*.—Early, dark, large, good quality, fine, productive, large calyx, attractive. This is after four years' trial."

C. P. Bauer, of Judsonia, Ark., says:

"*Rio*.—This, too, is the *Rural New Yorker's* choice as first early. Is a medium grower and runner. Berry a fine dark crimson, and a very good shipper. It is second early here. [It is the same here—Michel's Early two or three days ahead.] But one acre with us will have more berries than five of Michel's Early."

Prof. W. F. Massey, of the North Carolina Experimental Station, says—May 14, 1894 (this was after the big freeze in March):

"We can say now that Rio is a first-class berry and early."

OFFICE OF THE YORK PENNSYLVANIA, YORK, PA., April 23, 1894.

Cleveland Nursery Company: March 10th last I received from you twelve Rio plants. They were grand. The 25th of March (fifteen days from planting) there was a fully developed blossom. The mercury went down to twenty degrees for two mornings, followed by a two-days' snow of twenty-six inches. Three blossoms were open. They froze, but the same plants pushed out dozens of buds, and to-day (April 23d) I have six strawberries as large as peas, and fifteen or twenty blossoms. Pulled off sixty buds from eight of the plants to prevent overbearing the first season, and left fifty on for fruiting. There is no telling how many more buds will develop. The Rio is an enormous bearer [we know it], and will ripen earlier than any strawberry in the locality. It is a remarkable strawberry, with a great future in store for it. It is highly prized. Too much praise cannot be awarded the Rio.

D. A. FREY, Editor.

OHIO EXPERIMENTAL STATION, WOOSTER, O., December 12, 1893.

Cleveland Nursery Company: Yours of recent date just received, but as I am about to start to institute will not be able to answer until I return and look at the records. We had your Belle and Rio, but am sorry to say we did not move them, as both were promising.

PROF. W. J. GREEN, Horticulturist.

[In explanation of the above we would say, that the Ohio Experimental Station was until last year at Columbus, O., but as you will see was recently moved to its present location.]

SPARTA, WIS., July 16, 1893.

Cleveland Nursery Company: We have fruited Rio (Thompson's No. 9) two years, and find it a very valuable berry. It is prolific, bright color, fine flavor, fair size, and a good shipper. We are slow to adopt new varieties, but will largely increase this berry next season. The more I see of Rio the better I like it.

M. A. THAYER, President Wis. Hort. Society.

From the experimental grounds of *American Farm and Horticulturist*, January number, 1893, by the side of over 200 varieties :

Rio.—This is a very early strawberry ; very productive, with a very beautiful color, being a bright glossy red, with a double calyx. It is a seedling of Sharpless. It is handsome ; once in awhile fan-shaped, but ripens all over alike, and is of excellent quality, and will no doubt make a good shipping berry. Taking it all in all, it was the most profitable early berry we raised here this year, being on a moist, sandy soil. The blossom is perfect, with plenty of pollen, and should make a good fertilizer for Warfield No. 2. The foliage is grand, very much resembling Haverland in this respect.

We clip the following from the *Rural New Yorker*, July 29, 1893 :

"June 5.—*Rio*. Received April 27, 1892, from Cleveland Nursery Company, Rio Vista, Va. First ripe berries picked this date. It is nearly the earliest variety of our collection, and for the earliest, the berries are the largest and best quality. Scarlet, medium firm, high quality, broadly ovate, somewhat fan-shaped now and then, but not coxcombed. Bisexual. As a first early berry this is well worthy of trial, because of its size, shape, quality, and color. The quality is excellent. We know of no better quality in so early a berry. Color, bright, glossy scarlet ; calyx leafy. We discard Michel and Racester (Beder Wood) and choose *Rio* and ——— in their places. There is but a day or so difference as to the main crop in ripening, and they bear large berries of good quality. A berry is no longer valuable because of earliness alone. It must have size and quality."

June 8th or 9th.—*Rio* still bright scarlet, glossy, in full bearing. Broadly heart shape ; firm ; no neck ; large, leafy calyx ; good quality.

NEW YORK EXPERIMENTAL STATION, GENEVA, N. Y., June 23, 1893.

Cleveland Nursery Company : In reply to yours of the 20th, would say *Rio* is medium size, good stem, and good foliage. Does not form runners so abundantly as some varieties. The fruit is good and firm. PETER COLLIER, Director.

EXPERIMENTAL STATION, BATON ROUGE, LA., May 16, 1893.

Cleveland Nursery Company : *Rio* was the second in earliness (it bore ripe fruit March 4th) out of a list of about 80 varieties. It is still bearing. An extended test will be made next year. F. H. BURNETT, Horticulturist.

WAUPACA COUNTY, WIS., July 11, 1892.

Cleveland Nursery Company : *Rio* is a good early berry ; good size.

FRED. A. HARDEN.

HANCOCK COUNTY, ILL., June 23, 1892.

Cleveland Nursery Company : Yours of the 16th at hand, and in reply would say, it rained entirely throughout the strawberry season, and nothing did well but *Rio*, the first best in my collection, being large, handsome, and productive.

A. C. HAMMOND, Sec'y Ill. State Hort. Society.

BUREAU COUNTY, ILL., August 15, 1892.

M. T. Thompson : This year *Rio* was quite satisfactory, giving us a nice lot of very fine berries, considering the season and circumstances. We wish to give it further trial, as it is certainly quite promising.

ARTHUR BRYANT.

Rio.—This has done remarkably well this year ; its earliness, firmness, color, and productiveness, we think, will make it valuable ; it is an excellent shipper ; it is of good size and very handsome, with clean, healthy foliage ; we tried to count the number of berries on some of the old plants, but it seemed impossible ; once in awhile it stools like Parker Earle. This berry, "Cyclone," and "No Name" made us more dollars than any others.—*Southern Planter*, August number, 1894.

WHITE COUNTY, ARK.

Rio.—This will be a grand shipping berry when better known. Fine color ; firm and very productive ; wants strong land ; fair size and good flavor ; firm ; staminate ; an acquisition.

J. C. BAUER, in *Southern Planter*.

SOUTH HAVEN, MICH., June 27, 1892.

Cleveland Nursery Company : Your *Rio* did tolerably well here last season.

T. T. LYON.

The *Rural New Yorker*, in commenting on new varieties in its issue of March 3, 1894, says:

"'Rio' has been tried at the rural grounds and found to be one of the *very best* of the first early varieties. Large; good quality; productive, and firm enough for market."

HAMILTON COUNTY, OHIO, June 1, 1891.

M. T. Thompson: I write to let you know how Rio strawberry has done, which you sent me on trial. The foliage has maintained perfect health and vigor throughout. Very much like Crescent and Ivanhoe. In vigor of growth only medium, but may make plants enough; blossom perfect, and sets an enormous amount of fruit, which is large enough, handsome, and will rank in quality very good. If it will perfect all the fruit it sets, like Crescent, you will possibly have a valuable variety. Our season here is so dry I think the strawberry crop will fall 50 to 60 per cent. this season.

G. W. TROWBRIDGE.

HAMILTON COUNTY, OHIO, June 5, 1892.

M. T. Thompson: I have been eating some berries from Rio, and find them *very good*—nearly best. There are still plenty of green berries on the vines.

G. W. TROWBRIDGE.

LOUISIANA STATE EXPERIMENTAL STATION, December 14, 1893.

Sirs: In reply to yours of recent date, would say Rio is one of the most promising strawberries at the station. Its record for 1893 is as follows: First bloom, December 28, 1892; first fruit, March 4, 1893. The severe freeze killed the first fruit. The first picking, March 18th; the best picking, April 20th, and the last berries ripened June 6th. From its shape, size, and texture, I would say it would stand shipment well; its texture is firm and flavor pronounced.

F. H. BURNETT, Horticulturist.

[Surely the above shows that if the first blossoms were killed, Rio, like the busy bee, goes right on making another crop.]

ROCK COUNTY, WIS., December 22, 1893.

Friend Thompson: I am sorry we had not Rio in a new bed last year. The first year's fruiting it did remarkably well, and *gave much promise* both as to earliness and productiveness. The second year we gave it a manure mulch that had so much grass seed in it that we almost lost it. * * *

GEORGE J. KELLOGG.

HARDIN COUNTY, OHIO, July 12, 1892.

M. T. Thompson: Rio is the nicest grower, with a perfect, healthy foliage. My plants bore a fair crop of fruit of good quality and large size. * * *

J. E. MERTZ.

UTAH EXPERIMENTAL STATION, July 5, 1891.

Cleveland Nursery Company: I would say in regard to Rio strawberry, it is very promising. The berries are of good size and good quality.

E. S. RICHMAN, Horticulturist.

OHIO EXPERIMENTAL STATION, July 19, 1892.

M. T. Thompson: Your Rio is a strong, healthy grower; the berries are quite beautiful and attractive. It seems quite promising. The Thompson raspberry continues to do well, and pleases us very much because of its earliness, beauty, and firmness.

W. J. GREEN, Horticulturist.

MICHIGAN EXPERIMENTAL STATION, July 15, 1891.

Cleveland Nursery Company: Rio plants very promising; strong and healthy leaves, and stalks rather large, bright green, becoming dark; fruit medium to large, quite firm, and of excellent quality; highly productive; season medium. A very promising sort. Certainly the best of the Thompson seedlings.

Prof. L. R. TAFT.

EXPERIMENTAL STATION, BERKLEY, CAL., May 20, 1893.

Cleveland Nursery Company: Your plants of Rio are fine strawberries, and doing well here.

E. KELLNER, Foreman Experimental Station.

DARKE COUNTY, OHIO.

Rio is very promising among the newer varieties. Moderately vigorous in growth; blooms abundantly; sets a very large amount of fruit, and requires a very moist season or situation to wholly perfect the crop; quality very good; season a few days later than Michel.

GEORGE TOWNSEND.

CYCLONE.

CYCLONE.—This berry was originated by E. W. Cruse, of Leavenworth county, Kan., who sent the same here four years ago for trial. The first year it fruited the ground was liberally covered with berries. One of the earliest. A beautiful bright color, with healthy foliage and the berry firm. Mr. Cruse wrote us at the time he sent it that it was a Cyclone, and that it would clean the others out. Well, we must say the past three years it has fruited here, and is a grand one. The foliage and growth of the plant reminds us very much of the Haverland. It has a long season. It is an excellent one to fertilize Haverland, as the color of the fruit is similar, also the shape. The past year we have heard nothing but praise of Cyclone. It and Rio and No Name are three of the most valuable early berries in cultivation. It seems to suit all soils and sections.

Mr. E. B. Stevenson, of Ontario, Canada, says:

"Cyclone.—Good grower; no rust; very productive; medium in size; good quality. Well worth trying."

Mr. C. P. Bauer, of White county, Ark., says:

"Cyclone.—Here is an acquisition. No more Crescent will be planted when this is seen. Immensely productive; second early, and a grand fertilizer for Bubach No. 5."

Report of the Ohio Experimental Station for 1894:

"Cyclone (perfect).—A new variety, grown three seasons at the Ohio Experimental station, but not generally disseminated. The plant and fruit resemble the Haverland, but the berries are rather broader and shorter; having perfect flowers and being similar to Haverland and Crescent it can be recommended for planting with these varieties. It is quite early, and yet continues long in bearing, and holds up in size quite well to the last. It should be given a trial generally."

The following is what the *American Farm and Horticulturist* says:

"Cyclone.—This was sent us in the spring of 1891, on trial, from the originator, E. W. Cruse, of Leavenworth county, Kan. It has a perfect blossom, very early fruit, of good size, seems firm, and in productiveness was just immense. We think if our readers could have seen it in fruit they would have exclaimed, 'This is good enough for me.' From this year's experience we put this down as one of the most promising new seedlings we have fruited. The foliage of this berry also resembles the Haverland."

The following is what Dr. J. Stayman says for the season of 1893, which was a bad one for Kansas:

"The Cyclone is a strong grower; large, conical, handsome, early berry; very productive. It was somewhat injured by frost, but produced a fair crop. This we regard at one of the best, as early as Beder Wood, and much larger and finer."

We would say this berry, while being sold at half regular rates, is a prize.

"Cyclone.—This is the third year it has fruited here; its earliness, productiveness, and long season places it in our standard varieties. (This is the report of the Ohio Experiment Station for 1894.) Cyclone is good to plant with Haverland and Crescent, as it is early, yet continues long in bearing; it is very promising; we have nothing yet to take back of what has been said in these columns of this variety."—*Southern Planter*.

"Cyclone.—Bisexual; fairly good grower, graded seventy-five per cent. on stand; among first earlies; fruit medium to large, rather long and some necked; ripens evenly, light red color, firm and good quality. Gives good promise; fruited one year."—*Virginia Experimental Station*.

"Cyclone.—This will take the place of Crescent for productiveness; a firmer berry and good plant maker. Growers will not go amiss in trying this."—J. C. Bauer, Ark., in *Southern Planter*.

OUR BIG SIX FREE.

NO NAME.

NO NAME.—This berry we are not selling. When they came to be ready for picking the past season, we found we had but few of the plants replanted; and we really were surprised to see such large, fine, early, and firm berries, and long season; wonderfully productive. We had heard much of the berry, and found it just what the parties claimed—a wonderful berry. We took up every plant we could get right after fruiting, and, with extra care and our beautiful season, we have a nice lot of plants now. As we have not given it a name, and the name it was sent us under has been changed, we have decided to give them away to all our customers who buy our other five varieties of equal amounts. If 100 of each of the other varieties, you get 100 *No Name free*; if only one dozen of each, you get one dozen *No Name free*; if only half dozen of each, the same. Now, we are all a peculiar class of people, and two or three who have written for our catalogue have said they don't see where we are giving away any strawberries, as if what we said was not so. Well, if they cannot read this grand offer, we are too far away to read it for them. And if you cannot see what we offer *free*, we have decided to let you have one dozen of these plants for \$2 50, and 100 for \$15. As we have said, these plants are not for sale, but simply to show you we are giving the plants away free, in 6, 12, or 100 lots; and we will further say that if we had not these plants and knew how good they were, we would be pleased to pay \$10 per dozen for them, if we could not get them for less. They are really worth to those who have not got them all we ask for the entire *Big Six*.

Let us just say, these plants are our own growing on our own grounds, and are fine plants, true to name, we warrant, and are packed in the most careful manner. Like all other varieties, some plants are a little larger than others, and we can send them to any part of the United States in good order. So don't be afraid to buy wherever you be.

The above is what we said last year. After another year of trial we must say we think more of *No Name* than ever. We had them this year in one and two-year-

old beds. They are simply grand. We grew them beside of Sharpless, and on the average through the season they were much larger. They ripen up even and continue large berries even to the last picking. In productiveness of bushels of large, firm berries, we have not their equal, nor up to this have we seen it.

You all want the berry that will make you the most money. We don't care if you are a commercial grower or an amateur you need the above three varieties. But *No Name*, we claim from our own experience, is the best of all. It is large, firm, early, and productive. We will willingly pay \$100 for one dozen plants of any new variety as good; in fact, \$100 would not be accepted for one single plant if we had not got a stock. *No Name is what makes our Big 6, and this we give free to all that buy our other five varieties.*

No Name.—Much has been said and written upon which is the best strawberry, but from our experience the past two years, we should say that, taking into consideration earliness, large size, productiveness, firmness, and long season, this is the best berry we have yet seen, whilst it is not perfection, it is the nearest to it of any strawberry we have grown; it holds its size well to the last picking, and some of the berries are of enormous size; we predict for this berry a great future as soon as the plants can be sold at a reasonable price; whilst we do not recommend paying big prices for plants, yet it does keep people from planting a large piece of some worthless new variety; one dozen of this variety, well cared for, can easily be made to make 1,000 plants in one season, or even more, and if half of these plants are taken up and re-set, and the other half left for fruit, you will then see how the berry suits you; it seems, from all we can hear, to be a success North and South.

—*Southern Planter, August number.*

BELLE.

likely that I can spare 100 by October, if the season is favorable, which it has not been so far. We have had a long time of dry, hot weather, but it is raining now. I should want at least \$100 for one hundred of the 51 from any one else, but I guess they won't cost you anything."

Of course, you understand these were sent a year or two previous to Mr. Crawford for trial, but you see he is willing to pay us back. It is a very late berry, and for quality we consider it the best.

The following is what L. B. Pierce, of Summit county, Ohio, writes, who also has had some on trial: "July 9, 1893.—To-day I picked one pint of Belle strawberries off from a row 75 feet long. We picked our last strawberries for market on the 3d, and on the 5th it took two hours to gather three quarts for tea from an acre of eighteen varieties. Gandy and Kentucky furnished the most at that date. From this and last year's experience I consider Belle the latest of all strawberries. It is a bright, beautiful color, and excellent flavor."

This variety has been most highly spoken of through the press. We wish some of you could have seen the berries we picked this year from spring-set plants. They would have astonished you. In fact, they were the largest we ever saw on spring-set plants except Edith.

BLUFFTON, MO., December 11, 1892.
Friend Thompson : Belle is a dandy here.

SAMUEL MILLER.

CLINTON, N. Y., June 21, 1891.

Friend Thompson : I was this month making a report of strawberries, and in it say that of all new berries introduced (or to be introduced) since Bubach I am quite safe in preferring Belle (Thompson's 51). It is a wonderfully fine affair.

E. P. POWELL.

[We noticed a few words a short time ago in *American Garden* that friend Powell says Belle beats the world for long berries.]

EXPERIMENTAL STATION, BERKELEY, CAL., May 30, 1893.

Cleveland Nursery Co. : Your plants of Belle are fine strawberries, and are doing well here.

E. KELLNER,

Foreman Experimental Station.

EXPERIMENTAL STATION, RALEIGH, N. C., May 17, 1893.

Cleveland Nursery Company : The strawberry Belle has fruited well this year, and this is about my opinion :

Belle fully as early as Michel's Early, solid, and of good flavor ; berries very long and large. Its chief fault is in making so many misshaped, coxcombed berries. They are sometimes immense. We weighed one that weighed over 1½ ounces.

PROF. W. F. MASSEY.

MICHIGAN EXPERIMENTAL STATION, June 21, 1891.

Cleveland Nursery Company : Would say your (No. 51) Belle is vigorous, but of only medium size plant ; leaves rather thick, wrinkled ; fruit stalks of medium length, but strong ; berries large, slightly necked, long conical ; color, light crimson ; quite firm and productive ; season medium.

PROF. L. R. TAFT.

NEW YORK EXPERIMENTAL STATION, GENEVA, N. Y., June 23, 1893.

Cleveland Nursery Company : I reply to yours of the 20th, would say, Belle, medium to very large ; foliage good, but not quite so vigorous as Rio ; good stem ; berry of good quality and firm.

PETER COLLIER, *Director*.

SUMMIT COUNTY, OHIO, June 23, 1891.

Friend Thompson : The (No. 51) Belle is very fine. It attracts great attention on account of its size, length, color, flavor, and productiveness.

This is a report of Belle Mathew Crawford got from a friend in Massachusetts for 1894. So our friends can see that while we ourselves this year do not speak as highly of this grand berry as we would like, it has so fine a record that we doubt if it has ever been equalled. If it has, we shall be pleased to hear of it :

"In the spring of 1893 I sent a seedling on trial to a friend in Massachusetts. He picked ripe berries from it for thirty-two consecutive days, and each day he made a print of the best specimen by cutting it in two, from the stem to the point, and placing one of the halves on paper for a few moments. The average length of the thirty-two berries was 2½ inches. Only twice in the thirty-two days did he fail to get berries two inches or more in length. Let us hear from others.

M. CRAWFORD."

We have not space to say more on Belle, except that we have decided, in this collection, that if parties so desire, we will send them an equal number of the Aroma in place of the Belle ; or, if they would like to try half Belle and half Aroma, we will accommodate them.

AMERICAN AGRICULTURIST, New York, April 25, 1894.

Dear Sirs : The plants arrived in excellent condition, and were of as good quality as I have ever seen. If this is the style in which you supply all your customers, you certainly deserve an unbounded patronage.

F. M. HEXOMER, Editor.

MT. HOLLY, N. J., April 21, 1894.

Dear Sir : Plants at hand in first-class condition. Not often I get such fine plants with such good roots. I bought 500 of a nurseryman, and I will say there are more roots on one of yours than there was on one dozen of his. I get stuck bad sometimes.

JAMES LIPPENCOTT, JR.

INDEPENDENCE, MO., January 20, 1895.

The plants received last in the spring. All grew nicely. I never saw strawberry plants so full of berries and blossoms as the ones you sent me. I would like very much to have your report on these varieties.

Yours, &c,

J. A. PFEFFER.

IVANHOE (PERFECT BLOSSOM).

The above berry was originated by George W. Trowbridge, of Hamilton county, Ohio, and is a seedling of that beautiful berry, "Prince of Berries." We have fruited it now for four years, and would say it is of large size, very firm, and an excellent shipper; beautiful color, and of the finest flavor; foliage healthy. It is nearer the ideal strawberry than has yet been reached, taking into consideration all its good qualities. It is a splendid one to fertilize Haverland. In manner of growth and plant almost every one would think Ivanhoe was Haverland. It has the most perfect blossom of any variety, and there is nothing to fertilize imperfect varieties better coming at the same time. The foliage is grand.

HAMILTON COUNTY, OHIO, April 12, 1894.

I have both fruited the Ivanhoe strawberry on my grounds and seen it fruiting on the grounds of the originator, and can testify it is in my opinion worthy of general trial by reason of its being perfectly healthy in plant, with large, showy, perfect blossom. Fruit large and abundant; handsome color and form; good in quality.

F. PENTLAND.

Below is what was said by the Ohio Experiment Station in their report for August, 1890 :

*"Ivanhoe (perfect).—*Originated by Mr. G. W. Trowbridge, of Hamilton county. It is considered by some, who are familiar with it, as superior to the Haverland. It does not make as strong a growth here as the Haverland, nor is it so productive, but the berries present a finer appearance, being more highly colored, and are better in quality. Having perfect blossoms, it may be valuable on that account. On the whole, it is a promising variety, and is deserving of extended trial."

Ivanhoe.—This is one of the most beautiful berries we have; firm, excellent flavor, and good shipper; it combines all the qualities that are needed in a strawberry; it is a fine variety to fertilize the Haverland.—*Southern Planter, Aug. 1894.*

Ivanhoe is the standard with me for a general purpose berry. Quality good to very good; plant healthy and vigorous in growth; blooms abundantly, a very perfect flower, with pollen of strong fertilizing proclivities; berry medium to large; perfect form and good color, and calculated to please the eye; it lacks a little in solidity and firmness; it is worthy of general trial.—*Report of 1894, by George W. Townsend, Darke county, Ohio.*

Popular Gardening said, in the June number of 1890: "Ivanhoe shows healthy foliage; fruit of largest size and good quality."

Popular Gardening said, in the August number of 1890: "Ivanhoe.—Fruit large throughout; firm; of fair, not high, quality; foliage large and healthy; productive and promising."

New York Experiment Station, in annual report for 1889, says: "Ivanhoe wintered well; growth vigorous, many runners; foliage light green, free from rust; prolific; medium season; fruit round, slightly pointed; bright scarlet; very showy; large to very large; firm; quality No. 1.

New York Experiment Station, in October (1890) report, says: "Ivanhoe.—Of vigorous growth; produces runners freely, and is free from blight; the fruits, which are produced in abundance, are obtuse conical; bright showy scarlet; from large to very large; firm, and of the best quality. I consider it a fine garden berry. Season early."

CUYAHOGA FALLS, OHIO, June 22, 1889.

Mr. George W. Trowbridge:

Dear Sir,—I am well pleased with the Ivanhoe. It is one of the few new sorts that I can conscientiously recommend. As soon as it is offered for sale I shall want a stock.

Yours very truly,

M. CRAWFORD.

TENNESSEE PROLIFIC STRAWBERRY.

(See illustration on front cover of this Catalogue.) This is a berry that everybody wants.

It is a seedling of Sharpless and Crescent, showing the parentage of both. The fruit is large, handsome, and as productive as Haverland, and far superior in every way. It ripens up evenly, and the cut shows the shape of nearly all the berries.

We have seen this in fruit for three years, besides over two hundred other varieties, and we think it is a berry everybody will like. It is a great plant-maker, with beautiful, healthy foliage and perfect blossoms.

Cleveland Nursery Company: I can endorse all you say, and more, of the Tennessee Prolific strawberry. I have seen it in fruit, picked and eaten them, and I never saw a finer nor as fine a strawberry in my life.—*J. F. Jackson, editor Southern Planter, Richmond, Va.*

After another year's trial we are more than pleased with this variety—for it really turns out a better shipper than we expected. It has been shipped largely to Pittsburgh and Washington the past season, with excellent results.

The following is what E. B. Stevenson, of Ontario, Canada, says, after planting this year :

"Tennessee Prolific.—A good, strong grower; healthy; no rust; very prolific; well named; berry bright, good looking, and good size. Well worth trying."

OHIO EXPERIMENTAL STATION, July 13 1894.

M. T. Thompson : I think well of Tennessee Prolific from what I have seen of it from plants set last fall.

W. J. GREEN, Horticulturist.

Tennessee Prolific.—This has done remarkably well here this year ; it is a wonderfully productive, handsome berry, and worth having.—*Southern Planter, August, 1894*.

Prof. William B. Alwood, of the Virginia Experimental Station, in his report for 1894 of nearly 150 varieties, has this to say of Tennessee Prolific :

"*Tennessee (Tennessee Prolific)*.—Bisexual ; one of the very best growers and most prolific bloomers grown here. It is apt to fill the row too full of plants, and should be cut out unsparingly. Medium early ; fruit even and medium in size ; bright red color ; fairly firm ; flattened, and marked in most cases with furrow on both sides running from calyx nearly or quite to the tip. I consider this the most promising perfect-flowered variety tested, and commend it. The strawberry of the future must have a perfect blossom:

This concludes our six varieties (all perfect blossom) called the Big 6. No Name is given free when the entire collection is taken either in lots of 6 each, by mail, postage paid, \$2 ; 12 of each, by mail, postage paid, \$4 ; or 100 each, by mail or express, charges paid by us, for \$15. This puts 600 strawberry plants within the reach of every one, and if well taken care of will make you from 50 to 100,000 plants for next season's planting. You cannot afford to grow worthless varieties when you can get such a bargain as this. The old firm last year had sold all their plants by the middle of March, and thousands of applications were refused before the season was half gone. Don't you be too late. Send your orders at once. This offer cannot be duplicated in the United States. If you cannot send the full amount, send half with your order and the other half when you want the plants sent. You will observe that we offer to give you *Aroma* in place of *Belle*, if so ordered, or half of each if you wish to try them all. We have seen *Tennessee Prolific* advertised by some who we know have not a plant of the genuine on their place. These plants are our own, and sent you fresh. It is a waste of time and money to buy cheap plants that are worthless, as hundreds of our customers have done before they began buying from us. We can send, and do send, in perfect order to California, Washington, Oregon, and Canada. Hear what two or three customers say :

ST. VINCENT DE PAUL, CANADA, April 10, 1894.

Gents : Your plants were received in prime order (1,000 cabbage by express).

ED. McKENNY.

READ THIS OFTEN.

BATTERSON & COMPANY, General Commission Merchants,

169 Scott Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

Agents for Florida Fruit and Vegetable Growers' Association.

Twenty-six Years' Experience. Responsible. Reliable and Prompt.

To Fruit and Produce Shippers :

Desiring our share of your consignments, and not having time to spare to leave our business here, we take this method of respectfully soliciting your favors.

Although, perhaps, unnecessary to say much with regard to the Responsibility, Reliability, and Promptness of our house, the same being already so well established, we would remind you of these additional facts—viz. : Our long and active experience certainly is a great advantage to our consignors. We know our trade thoroughly, we know the demand and supply, the sources and outlets of our market so well that we have no fears but by the constant and personal attention to every shipment, small or large, we can and do secure the best possible results obtainable in Buffalo. However, we (with all others) have yet much to learn, but with able assistance, and an excellent system of doing business, we are content to risk our reputation, as well as our chances of pleasing you. We have the best system of bookkeeping we know of, and give that feature our strict attention. Another feature of our house, and which we look upon as the most vital to all shippers, is that we account for every shipper's consignment precisely as sold.

Refer to Third National Bank, Buffalo, N. Y., or First National Bank, St. Augustine, Fla.

We would say, we never found prompter men in our lives.—*Cleveland Nursery Company*.

EDITH—THE LARGEST BERRY GROWN.

✓ **OUR NEW BERRY EDITH (P.)**—Most Productive Large Berry in Cultivation.—This is a seedling originated five years ago by M. T. Thompson, of Lakewood, Ohio. The first season it was planted from the seed-bed it made but five plants,

EDITH.

and these five plants each bore one of the finest clusters of berries ever seen—so large and firm. Ripened up even. Excellent quality, and, for so large a berry, very firm. In bringing out this new berry it is with entire confidence that it will be wanted. Only just a few of these plants have been allowed to get out even on trial. The berry is not only large, but is very productive. The plant is very small, the leaf large and round. You will notice some berries are all plant and no fruit, but Edith puts in her work making fruit. You have heard of large berries, so have we, and have seen lots of them, but none as large as Edith. We will only give you a few testimonials:

BLUFFTON, Mo., July, 1894.

Edith.—This is the largest strawberry on my place this year. Moderately productive; rather soft; quality fair; well worth having for its great size. Circumference, $7\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{1}{4}$ inches.—*Samuel Miller, in Fruit Grower, Cobden, Ill.*

HINGHAM, MASS., August 16, 1894.

Friend Thompson: I fruited one or two plants of "Edith" and Richmond, and was much pleased with them, but especially with Edith. The fruit was very large, bright, glossy red, and fine flavored. The plant is small, but very vigorous and healthy.

F. W. ROGERS.

FARM JOURNAL, PHILADELPHIA, PA., May 26, 1893.

Cleveland Nursery Co.: I have your esteemed favor of May 25th, also the Edith strawberries. They are certainly very fine. Our berries are only just well set here.

WILMER ATKINSON.

RAY COUNTY, Mo., September 20, 1894.

Gents: The Edith is a grand berry: large, productive, and firm. I like it splendidly.

W. A. HUNTSMAN.

Owing to the low and unprincipled acts of some parties in the plant business, we shall not sell any of these plants except on these conditions: With the distinct understanding that no one who buys them can sell them before June 1, 1898, nor give them away, nor exchange them for other plants or anything else; nor let any of them get out of their possession under a five hundred-dollar forfeiture to Messrs. Thompson & Sons. And in consideration of the above we will sell them at \$2 for 12 plants. No larger quantities sold to any one.

Edith.—This is the largest berry we had this year. The plant is small; it does not seem possible for so large berries to grow on them, but it seems to put its work into making fruit and not plants, like some other varieties; it is very productive. Judge Samuel Miller, of Bluffton, Mo., writes the following: Edith.—This is the largest strawberry on my place this year; moderately productive, rather soft, quality fair; well worth having for its great size; circumference, $7\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{1}{4}$ inches.—*Southern Planter.*

HONEY.—A seedling from California; it is prolific, and is everbearing nearly the entire season there. The berries are a very bright red, of small size and of the honey flavor. We picked berries from our plants for two months this fall. This is the first season it fruited with us. The plants are small, after the nature of the wild ones.

THE BISEL STRAWBERRY.

This new berry will be looked forward to with great interest. Its originator was D. L. Bisel, of Marion county, Illinois, and the following is what he says:

This new berry, that has attracted the attention of growers and all others who have seen them, is now being offered for the first time. It is pronounced by the leading horticulturists and all others that have seen the fruit to be a fine berry, well suited for marketing. Points that are essential in making a good variety are hardness, healthiness, and productiveness, with solidity sufficient to place it in good condition on the market. Bisel does not only possess these points, but is one of the most hardy, if not the most hardy, of the strawberry family. In quality it surpasses any known kind. It is not only the best berry, but the most profitable for the commercial grower to plant; also a good family variety.

The Bisel matures all of its fruit of good size, and continues to fruit very late, although it matures the bulk of its fruit as early as the Crescent variety. The last berries being nearly as large as the first. It being an enormous producer and a long season in maturing all of its fruit, gives it a chance to mature its full crop of good size, which alone makes it extremely valuable. Its beautiful color and large uniform sized fruit gives it a ready sale in any market. Fancy Bisel berries were quoted in Chicago circulars 50 cents per case above all other Illinois berries, on the 15th of June, 1893. I have grown the Bisel three years for distant marketing, and have received nearly double the price on other berries. I have a life experience in growing the strawberry, and can say I never saw a strawberry that suits me in every way as this seedling. I have given it a thorough test under common culture, and can say it is a wonderful berry, and if it proves as good away from its homes, it is sure to become famous. I feel that I can't praise it too high.

I ask all to do their best that can possibly come to our County Horticultural Society strawberry exhibit, wherever it will be held, and do all you can to excel this seedling. I have great confidence in this berry, and here ask any originator to show large lots of berries that average so uniform in size and shape as the Bisel.

DESCRIPTION.

The Bisel is a seedling of the Wilson propagated in 1887. Blossoms are pistillate. Plants healthy, vigorous growers and abundant plant-makers. They have long, fine-matted roots, which enable them to stand severe droughts. The fruit is very large, luscious, and firm. Color, a deep glossy red with a double calyx. Very productive. Season same as the Crescent, but continues to fruit later, and very uniform in shape and size. The fruit is held from the ground by large fruit trusses, but is protected from frosts by its large foliage.

BISEL.

Read what Fruit Journals and Other Papers say about the Bisel on Exhibition at Marion County, June 4, 1892.

The Bisel is the name of a new seedling strawberry originated by Mr. Dan. Bisel. "It is a beauty," "the finest I ever saw," were the exclamations heard from all sides. In fact, the Bisel took the cake as well as the premium—*Odin Journal*, June 8, 1892.

EFFINGHAM, ILL., June 15, 1891.

A new berry grown by Daniel Bisel, of Marion county, attracted as much attention as any that was there. If it proves to be a good cropper and shapper, it undoubtedly has a great future. It is a very large berry, very luscious and very firm. It may hereafter divide the honors with the Warfield, and growers may hereafter hear something of it—*Orchard Fruits*.

CHAMPAIGN EXPERIMENTAL STATION, April 7, 1893.

MR. D. L. BISEL: My Dear Sir,—Strawberry plants received, and shall have proper care. I must say that we have never received healthier, finer-looking plants from any one in the five years the station has been running. Yours very truly, G. W. McCLURE.

SALEM, ILL., June 9, 1892.

Marion county and Sandoval already has a State reputation and a great pride in the fact that the Warfield is so well known, and at this meeting it was proven that Marion county now comes to the front with another berry that will soon gain a wide reputation—the Bisel. Mr Bisel, son of L. M. Bisel, one of Marion county's fruit men, has been experimenting two years or more on a new seedling berry which at this meeting received first premium as best new seedling. The berry, which is a beautiful, even-sized berry, was pronounced by all who know anything about the matter to be a fine berry, well suited for marketing. Marion county is covered all over with glory, and all the people out there are proud of Dan for his grand work, and being quite a young man, we predict, as does Nurseryman Mendenhall and fruit men of the community, a good fortune for young Mr. Bisel from his worthy work. Already the best hotels in Chicago have the Warfield on their bills of fare, and now, if the Bisel reaches the same fame, Marion county ought to be proud, as she surely is. Young Mr. Bisel has enough of his berries this year to ship, and is receiving double the price of other berries. Next year he will have a good many berries for sale, besides, by that time, he will realize a small fortune from the sale of plants.—Marion County Republican.

MARION COUNTY, ILL., June 15, 1892.

Our table was supplied last week by six boxes of the now famous Bisel strawberry, which was pronounced excellent by all who partook of them. MRS. BELLE C. JOHNSON.

MARION COUNTY, ILL., June 1, 1893.

MR. D. L. BISEL: Dear Sir,—Your quart of berries were received in good condition, and growers that have seen the fruit are anxious to get some of the plants.

Yours truly, JOHN ZICK.

HORTICULTURIST SOCIETY OF MARION COUNTY,

December 14, 1893.

To whom it may concern: I take pleasure in calling your attention to "Bisel's" new seedling strawberry exhibited at our summer meetings for the last two seasons. With such a vigorous plant and abundant bearer of choice, large fruit he ought to make a fortune.
J. G. VAUGHAN, President.

MARION COUNTY, ILL., May 28, 1892.

This summer Mr. Bisel brought to my store a quart of his new seedling strawberry, Bisel, with instructions to set them aside and test their keeping quality. I set them in my show case, and left them in my show case and left them one week. Growers examined them and pronounced it a fine berry, well suited for marketing. At the end of the week Mr. Bisel took the berries away in as good condition as when I placed them in the show case. It still retained its beautiful color.
L. A. NICHOLS.

MARION COUNTY, ILL., June 6, 1892.

We picked strawberries for Mr. Bisel on the above date, and can say that we never picked in a finer patch. We picked 17 twenty-four quart cases in four hours, of as fine fruit as we have ever seen.

MRS. VAN TURNER,
NETTIE WEBSTER,
E. F. BISEL.

Price of plants: One dozen, 50 cents; 100, \$2; 1,000, \$10.

KENT COUNTY, DEL., December 22, 1892.

Cleveland Nursery Company: We have read carefully your description of the different circulars you have sent us, and feel confident that if the *Big Six* should, upon testing, prove as valuable as some of the new varieties of berries you have introduced, they will prove a great acquisition to berry growers.
MESSRS. STAYMAKER & SON.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY, MD., December 15, 1892.

Cleveland Nursery Company: Have you anything to fertilize the Haverland as beautiful in color, shape, and size as that world-renowned variety? You may well feel proud as the introducers.

EMERY DEATERLY.

Friend Deaterly, if you could only see the Tennessee Prolific here you would exclaim, *Found at last!* It is a beauty.

LA SALLE COUNTY, ILL., December 1, 1893.

The 500 Elberta peach-trees bought of you last spring all lived but two, and made a remarkable growth for June-budded. I want you to enter my order for 300 more, to be sent April 1st, if prices are no higher.
JOHN H. HINDSLEY.

MUSKINGHAM.—It is a very fine, healthy grower. Much has been said of this berry. Our plants are very fine. Messrs. Slaymaker & Son say: "This is another new sort that pleases us very much, having been thoroughly tested before it was introduced. Compared with Crescent, it has exceeded it in quarts and nearly doubled it in net returns. Compared with Bubach No. 5, it is firmer, higher in color, more uniformly shaped, ripens with it, and almost equals it in average size. It yields as many berries as Gandy, having borne abundantly through almost the entire season. A most noble berry, that is highest prized by those who have fruited it the longest, and should have a place in every plantation of berries."

AUSTRALIAN EVERBEARING.—This is the first season we have grown this berry. The plants have a beautiful foliage, and we hope to see something good in the berry.

MARSHALL STRAWBERRY.

The following is what the originator says of this berry: "*Three thousand* baskets of berries picked on one-third acre last year. The berries are very large size, fourteen filling a basket. Color, very dark crimson throughout; fine flavor and fine grain, and good keeper, which commends it for garden or market purposes; plants very vigorous; stands 20 to 22 inches high; blossom perfect; foliage sufficient to protect blossoms from frost. I will sell a limited amount of plants at \$10 per dozen."

This was in the spring of 1893. We bought some of the above at the price

MARSHALL.

named. We find the Marshall a great plant maker here, and in order to get as many of our customers to try this berry as possible, we have decided to let them have them for 50 cents per dozen; \$3 per 100.

We heard much of this berry before it was brought out. The originator asked a wonderful price for the original stock, and was offered a wonderful price, but refused. The prices ran into thousands of dollars, we are informed. The illustration is said by the originator to be the exact size of the berry.

Plymouth County, Mass., February 7, 1893. Dear Sir,—I am pleased to inform the public that the Marshall strawberry, the property of Mr. Marshall Ewell, Plymouth county, Mass., is a great wonder. It is the largest, handsomest berry I ever saw. A very dark rich red running through the same; the vines are enormous, standing 20 inches or more high, and covered with large, rich, dark-red berries. I went over his strawberry bed in picking time, and can honestly say I never saw such a sight. Off of about

one-third of an acre he picked 3,000 boxes of berries. Now, don't let price stop you, but send in your orders this spring, and you will get the largest and handsomest strawberry you ever saw. James L. Rogers.

I wish to give my testimony in favor of the Marshall strawberry, which I think superior to any I have ever seen. They grow to a very large size, fourteen often filling a box. Very dark red in color, extending through the berry, which is very unusual. The plants are of luxuriant growth and of a hardy nature. W. A. Phillips, Plymouth county, Mass.

Among the new varieties at the exhibition was the Marshall, a seedling grown by M. F. Ewell, of large size, good form, dark color, and good quality; a promising, new, and distinct variety. It received two first and three second prizes. (Copied from annual report Mass. Horticultural Society.)

This is to certify that the strawberry vines offered for sale by Marshall Ewell I believe to be all that he represents them to be. I have seen the vines and used the berries, and believe them to be the best berry ever put on the market. Granville D. Damon

Plymouth County, Mass., February 16, 1893. I visited the strawberry garden of Mr. Marshall Ewell, in Plymouth county, several times last summer. I never saw strawberry plants more thrifty and prolific than those of his new seedling, the Marshall strawberry. I saw the fruit as it was being picked and prepared for market. In size and beauty of form and color they exceeded anything I had before seen. The flavor appeared to me to be superior. So far as I can judge, it is a berry of very great promise. H. A. Oakman.

Plymouth County, February 20, 1893. Mr. Marshall F. Ewell: Dear Sir,—Yours of this date in regard to the Marshall strawberry is at hand, and in reply will say that they are the best flavored, darkest in color, and largest of any berries we have ever had on our table, and, in my opinion, are of great value. Yours truly, E. W. Hall.

Plymouth County. Mr. M. Ewell: Dear Sir,—Yours new Marshall strawberry is the largest and best colored berry I have ever seen. As a carrier and keeper have never seen a berry that will compare with your Marshall berry. Yours truly, E. E. Henderson.

Plymouth County, Mass., February 7, 1893. I recommend the Marshall strawberry with pleasure. It beats them all. I found it to be the largest, finest flavored, and best colored berry to be obtained last season. Arthur L. Power.

Plymouth County, Mass., February, 1893. This is to certify that I have used the Marshall strawberry the past season, and I can say that they are the best flavored berry I have ever used, the largest, and hold their color all through. C. W. Sparrell.

THE PRINCETON CHIEF.

This is what the originators say: Will pay \$5 for one plant of any strawberry that will excel the Princeton Chief.

After having carefully tested the Princeton Chief side by side with leading varieties for six years, we unhesitatingly pronounce the Chief one of the most delicious, sweet flavored, and finest-looking berries out. We have such confidence in the Princeton Chief that we make the offer of \$5 for a single plant, payable to anyone who will send us a variety that shall surpass the Chief.

1. The Princeton Chief is a rank grower, with a large dark-green foliage leaf, stalks long and erect, free from rust.

2. The Chief is a great plant producer; single plants produced from forty to fifty plants from July 20th to September 20th, in 1892.

3. Has an abundance of long roots that go deep into the soil, thus enduring extremes of heat and cold, and never suffers in dry seasons, making them vigorous and hardy.

4. Will grow on any soil, rich or poor; heavy clay or light black soil will do for the Chief. Price, per dozen, 50 cents; 100, \$1.25; 1000, \$10.

Gents: Be kind enough to send us by express 100 plants each of the Great American and Stayman's No. 1 strawberries. We send to you because we understand we can get them true to name.

NEW YORK,
PETER HENDERSON & Co.

VAN DEMAN STRAWBERRY.

This berry we introduced in the spring of 1892, and it is the only berry ever introduced with the bad as well as good reports. Although we have to our utmost insisted on all berries and other fruits being introduced in the same manner, accompanied by the reports of our experimental stations, we have failed in them all but this one; and, after all, the trouble was taken to introduce a berry honestly. The originator claims that one of the principal professors of one of our experimental stations went out and sold, in open market, plants of this variety which were sent only on trial, and thereby he was defrauded. It is a warning to all originators of new fruits, to be sure when you send any on trial you are not caught as was Mr. Bauer, the originator of this berry. We have a lot of nice plants we will sell at the following prices; One dozen, 50 cents; one hundred, by mail, \$1; one thousand, by express, \$5.

AROMA.

AROMA.—This new berry has attracted considerable attention from strawberry growers, as well as shippers. It was originated by E. W. Cruse, of Leavenworth county, Kansas. We have fruited it now three years. We have a limited number of plants we care to spare this year. This is what the originator says this year: "Aroma was picked this season after hard, beating rains, shipped nearly 1,000 miles, and arrived in good condition. It is the latest, firmest, and largest berry in cultivation. We copy the following from the *American Farm and Horticulturist* of July, 1893, by Dr. J. Stayman:

"Aroma—strong, healthy plant; very large, handsome, firm berry, that will ship anywhere and bring a fancy price (brought this season \$5 per case) and will, any season, bring a dollar a case more than Warfield. It was not injured by frost or drought. The best

late berry we have. It does not produce so many berries to the plant, but they are all so large and very fine that they will bring a fancy price." We make the price of these plants only one dollar per dozen, five dollars per one hundred, by mail, postage paid.

Our plants are fine. No doubt, as soon as this berry gets known, Gandy's Pride as a late berry will be lost.

Aroma.—This has done remarkably well; it is not the most productive, but it is a strong grower, healthy foliage, and the berries are large and of even size; its firmness, size, shape, lateness, shipping qualities, will no doubt make it a standard variety; it is a fancy berry; it has fruited here now three years.—*Southern Planter*, October number, 1894.

This is what E. B. Stevenson, of Ontario, Canada, says:

"Aroma.—Good grower; fine flavor and color; large, round berry; no rust; productive; late."

This is what H. L. Pake, of Zanesville, Ohio, to whom we sent some plants last year for trial, says:

"Aroma.—Well, I guess it has come to stay, if it keeps on as it has started. The berry is very large, of good shape, color, and flavor; as late as Gandy. It is nip and tuck between them. It is like picking up good sized potatoes. Very promising."

The price of plants is \$1 for 12, \$5 for 100.

You will notice that you can get this berry in place of Belle with our **BIG 6** collection.

Aroma.—(S.) M. Crawford says: "Companion of the Cyclone, and the better of the two for my soil. The plant shows no weakness of any kind. The fruit is very large, roundish, conical, rarely misshapen, glossy red, of excellent quality, and produced in abundance.

REPORT OF THE OHIO EXPERIMENTAL STATION FOR 1894.

Aroma (perfect).—Berries large, usually conical, but often irregular in outline; color light red; moderately firm; quality good. The plants are very vigorous, healthy, and moderately productive. Although not productive as to number of berries, in quality it will probably rank high among late sorts. As a late variety it is very promising both for home use and for market, and will probably supersede the Gandy. It is rated as firm by some, but it does not seem to possess that quality here. For near market, especially where fancy berries are in demand, it seems to have valuable qualities. Almost the entire crop would grade as first-class, there being very few berries under one inch in diameter. It has fruited on the station grounds three years, both in Columbus and Wooster, which may be regarded as a fairly conclusive trial, especially since the results have been practically the same in each case. It can be confidently recommended as worthy of trial. The following are among the most promising of the new varieties for 1894: Aroma, Brandywine, Cyclone, Ivanhoe, Marshall, Princeton Chief, Princess, and Muskingham. The following are among the doubtful and poor ones: Auburn, Banquet, Early Bird, Gov. Hoard, Jay Gould, Lanah, Maple City, Southard, Smeltzer's Early, Swindle, Shuckless, Tucker, Williams, Eclipse, Gillespie, Michel's Early, Meeks' Early, Regina.

SPLENDID.—Fruit smooth; bright red color. It is firm, a good keeper, and has a perfect blossom. It begins to ripen with second picking of Crescent, and holds out large berries much later; makes plants freely; plant is healthy and free from rust. In market, Splendid brought 10 cents per quart when Warfield and Crescent brought 8½ cents. Splendid yielded 8,000 quarts per acre, when Crescent and Warfield only produced from 3,000 to 5,000 quarts per acre. Truth is "stronger than fiction." In sending out the Splendid I simply describe it as it appears where it originated, believing, when known, its merits will win. I do not indulge in a multitude of superlatives, such as "most remarkable," "most promising," "largest," "handsomest," "unsurpassed," etc., but state exact facts ascertained from count, measurement, observation, and comparison, so that those who have not known it may get a fair idea of its characteristics.—*Originator.*

SPLENDID.

side of the following kinds, which were gave 1½ quarts, Princess ½ quart, Earle 2 quart, the same picking.

"June 23d, Splendid gave from one-fourth square rod 4 quarts, and same picking Bubach gave from the adjoining rows 3 quarts from one-fourth square rod."

Splendid.—This is another of the new berries that has merit. Not only being enormously productive, but is one of the finest. Will ship in perfect order a thousand miles. The originator the past season sent us a sample of these berries from Illinois by mail, which were two days *en route*, and they appeared as fresh as if just picked.

M. Crawford says: "I have fruited it twice, and can offer it to my customers with great confidence. The plant is a healthy, luxuriant grower, sends out many runners, and bears abundantly. The fruit is large and far above the average in quality and appearance. It is desirable for either market or home use."

George J. Kellogg, of Janesville, Wis., July, 1893, of *American Farm and Horticulturist*:

"*Splendid (on trial).*—July 3d, one-fourth square rod gave 4 quarts along- on the same amount of ground: Wood 4 quarts, Bubach ½ quart, Captain Jack 1

In order that every one of our customers may have a supply of this berry for 1896, we make the price within the reach of all: 1 dozen, 40 cents; 100, \$2; 1,000, \$15. Plant all you can—this berry will be wanted.

Splendid tells for itself; in every way a desirable one.—*S. Miller.*

In my experience of fifteen years of fruit growing I have never seen such a prospect for fruit as I saw on the Splendid strawberry bed.—*R. W. McIlmoyl.*

The ladies who have canned the Splendid tell me that they got two quart cans more per crate than from other sorts.—*W. H. Shepard.*

It has made a very fine growth here and looks promising; it is a good grower, with healthy foliage.

PRINCESS.—We need say but little of this berry. We have thoroughly tried it for years. It is a beauty, and a fancy berry, and one that every person wants. We are always sorry, every season, that we sold so many plants and never have had enough to plant ourselves.

Five years ago we offered the originator a large price for the stock of plants, but we could not agree. He wanted what we thought was too much, but no doubt we would have done well to have taken them. This is what the originator says:

"When I exhibited the Princess strawberry the first time there were fifteen new seedlings competing for the first prize. The Princess took it without a question, and was then and there named the 'Early Princess' by the horticultural society.

Since that time I have left it wholly to others, not being present myself at any of the many exhibitions except La Cross, Wisconsin, last summer, and it invariably took the first prize. It has yielded with me one quart to the square foot, or 43,560 quarts to an acre, equal to 1,361½ bushels.

PRINCESS.

JOHN C. KRAMER.

Price of plants: one dozen, 30 cents; one hundred, \$1.50, by mail.

PHILLIPS' SEEDLING.

PHILLIPS' SEEDLING.—A grand fertilizer for Bubach No. 5 and Haverland. This is a berry that pleases us very much, and should be tried by every one. Its large size and firmness make it a favorite with us. In growth of plants it is like Bubach No. 5, but more productive, larger, and firmer. Messrs. Slaymaker & Son say: "This new variety shows such remarkable qualities that we place it first on our list as being the most promising of any variety fruiting in our beds last year." It is a seedling of Sharpless, has had a fair test at the experimental stations, and may be described as a large, glossy, dark-red berry, without any tendency to green tips. Productive as Bubach, with which it will succeed very well as a fertilizer, if it does not entirely supersede it as a market berry. Our plants are very fine, and must not be compared with cheap plants sold by many other growers. Price of this berry we regard very low—one dozen, 30 cents; one hundred, \$1; 1,000, \$4.

SADIE.—This is still a wonderfully productive variety of a beautiful color, shape, and excellent flavor. It is a great runner, and if runners are not kept cut off, as the old saying is, it will run itself to death. Very early.

STIRLING.—We have not fruited this berry yet, but we hear many good reports, and particularly from T. B. Terry, of Hudson, Ohio. Our plants are very nice.

EUREKA.—It is useless for us to say much for this berry. It is well known nearly everywhere, and we have much to be proud of as its introducer. It is one of our latest, and a good berry to fertilize it is Parker Earle; their season is about the same. We never saw this berry do as well as the past season. We had one cluster with five large berries on it, all ripe at once, beside others. It has one fault, that of making too many plants; the runners should be clipped off. We sent a few quarts of this berry and Parker Earle, selected, to a few of our friends, and such praise you never heard. We sent them especially to ladies, and they were more than delighted. One lady saved hers until the next day to take to a sick friend, and the sight of them at once seemed to improve her.

EUREKA.

ONA.—Originated by F. M. Kilbourne, of Minnesota; same section as Princess. This is what the originator says: "It is a seedling of the Crescent, fertilized by Sharpless; pistillate; color, light scarlet; fruit large and regular in shape and very sweet. Compared with other varieties, it is fully as large as Jessie and Bubach No. 5, and twice as prolific."

ONA.

NEW WHATCOM, WASH., March 21, 1893.
The strawberry plants reached me yesterday. I do not know how long they were on the way; your postal stated you sent them February 20th. In that case they were in the mail just thirty days. The plants seemed in excellent condition, as moist and fresh appearing as if they had been packed a day or two.
G. H. PADEN.

CHESTER COUNTY, PA., August 26, 1893.
I am willing to risk the Tennessee Prolific on your representation, as I have confidence in you and want you to keep me posted in reliable kinds.
JACOB DINGER.

BEVERLEY.—This is said to be a very remarkable berry: large, firm, and productive; well worthy of trial. It was wonderful the amount of fruit we picked from this berry this year; firm and handsome. We had confidence in it, and have a fine lot of plants.

SWINDLE.—This is said to be very late berry. It makes very few plants; not fruited with us yet.

ENHANCE.—This is a very productive variety. We have a large stock and fine plants. These are good fertilizers for Bubach No. 5 and Haverland. They are very productive; in fact, almost too much so, if the plants are left too thick, for they are great runners.

BEDER WOOD.—For an early variety this is one of the most productive. Like the Enhance, it is best not to let too many plants stand. It is a great favorite with those who have tried it.

CRESCENT.—We still regard this good old berry as one of the best, and our plants are nice.

CRESCENT.

GREAT PACIFIC.

The following is what R. D. McGeehon, of Iowa, says of Robinson: This originated in Kansas, and it is claimed by those who have grown it several years there that it is superseding nearly every other variety there for a fertilizer for almost any of the pistillates; one grower says, after fruiting it three years he believes it to be equal to Captain Jack for shipping long distance, and one of his best berry pickers says he made more money picking it than any other; hence we must conclude the fruit was more plentiful. It is a good grower, making plenty of plants, healthy and hardy. We fruited this last season, it being about the worst fruit year we ever had. It produced a splendid crop of excellent fruit; berries all perfect, larger than Crescent, firm, handsome, of good quality; held its size to the last picking. Plant and foliage very similar to Crescent, bright and clean; no rust. *It certainly has come to stay.*

ROBINSON.

Splendid.—This has not fruited here except on fall-set plants. It showed up very fair-sized berries, and has the appearance of being an excellent shipper, which is much needed. Mr. C. H. Sumner, of Sterling, Ill., sent us samples of it, with other varieties, by mail, to test its carrying qualities, and they came through in good order. The Splendid seemed almost as fresh as when just picked from the vines. We hope it will be of value — *Southern Planter*.

AGL. EXP. STATION OF INDIANA,
Lafayette, Ind., June 14, 1894.

I find it (the Splendid) fully as productive as the Warfield and many others, and very good flavor.

J. TROOP, Horticulturist.

Splendid has done well in all respects. We think it will ship equal to Warfield. Quality of fruit above the average; size, above medium; color will make it attractive in market. In productiveness it should rank with Bubach, Warfield, and Crescent.—*George J. Kellogg & Sons.*

Parties getting out catalogues can buy any of the small electros for \$1 each. If you want large ones, name the kinds, and prices will be furnished. (Strawberries).

EDWARDS' FAVORITE.

as Bubach, are nearly round, and of a beautiful dark, rich color; has been shipped to a city thirty-six hours distant and arrived in perfect condition; firmest berry we know.

OSCAR.—From same source as Ona; with a perfect blossom, described by the originator as follows: "Color, dark crimson; shape irregular, large, very prolific; have counted seventeen berries on one stem, some of them measuring five inches in circumference; flavor good; very late, not ripening until other varieties are nearly gone."

OSTEGO.—Originated by J. M. Robinson, of Ostego county, N. Y. The following is what C. W. Graham, of Ostego county, of whom we produced our plants last spring, said: "I heard so many good things said of this berry that I procured a few hundred of the plants from the originator. I am satisfied that it is a variety well worth introducing, and will be pleased to offer it to my customers. It has been excessively grown for market for years. It is a safe one to plant for market, as it is one of the hardy, reliable kind that does well anywhere, and needs no petting. The plant is a marvel in health, vigorous growth, showing no weakness of any kind.

OSTEGO.

EDWARDS' FAVORITE.—Not fruited here yet, but we have a fine lot of plants which very much resemble the Jucunda. It is said to be very late, and an excellent shipper. The originator says the plants are very vigorous and make runners freely with a perfect blossom. The plants came into bloom several days later than Jucunda, Captain Jack, or Jessie, thus avoiding late spring frost. The foliage is ample; the leaf a deep green, never known to rust or blight; fruit stems are stout and tall. I have picked and sold berries from thirty-eight to forty days for each of the past two years.

DAYTON.—Much has been said of this berry. We have a fine lot of plants not fruited here yet.

SMITH'S SEEDLING.—This berry is very highly spoken of. The foliage and berry this year resembles very much the old Wilson, but as this is the first year of planting, we cannot say much of it. Messrs Slaymaker & Son say the berries will average nearly or quite as large

OSCAR.

It makes plenty of runners, and continues green and luxuriant through the season. The foliage is light green, very heavy; fruit stalks large and strong, keeping the fruit up well from the ground. The blossom is pistillate, and not liable to be killed by frost. Its season is medium to late, and it is a long-season berry. It is as productive and more profitable with me than Crescent. [It takes a good berry to beat the poor old Crescent, which we still regard as one of our standards, notwithstanding some people try to abuse it.] The fruit is very large, round, of a bright scarlet color; flavor most delicious; not excelled by any I have fruited. The fruit sells for better prices in market than other varieties, on account of its large size, beautiful color, and high flavor."

CLINGTO.—This is a very productive variety.

BRANDYWINE.

BRANDYWINE.—This new berry introduced this spring for the first time. It was originated by E. T. Ingram, of Ingham county, Pa. The following extracts from the *Rural New Yorker*:

“Brandywine of immense size and fine quality; quite firm and shapely for so large a berry; foliage of the largest, and healthy; entirely free of scald or blemish. The average size is as large as any ever raised and the shape more uniformly good than that of any other of the larger varieties. Color, medium red; flesh red, firm, and solid for so large a berry—none more so; quality fully as good as Sharpless and better than Bubach. Vines exceedingly prolific; foliage perfect.”

The following is from a prominent western grower:

M. CRAWFORD, ESQ.:

SPOKANE, WASH., July 24, 1894.

Dear Sir,—I have this to say of the Brandywine strawberry: I have grown it for two years in adjoining rows to Timbrell. Timbrell has been deservedly very highly praised, but Brandywine is much the better berry for market, of almost the same season; perfect, healthy foliage; a very fine variety in every way.

Yours truly, A. L. SMITH.

Mr. Kellogg, whose testimony follows, is a prominent fruit-grower and well-known writer on small fruit culture.

IONIA, MICH., July 30, 1894.

FRIEND CRAWFORD:

How comes on the Brandywine? I visited the Experimental Station at Lansing at picking-time, and you will get a booming report from it. It looked splendid, did splendid, fruit was splendid, and it is splendid.

Yours truly, R. M. KELLOGG.

The report came the next day from Professor Taft, who holds the chair of horticulture in the Agricultural College. It was as follows:

MICHIGAN AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE, July 31, 1894.

M. CRAWFORD, Cuyahoga Falls, O.:

Dear Sir,—The Brandywine fruited here this year, and was the most promising new kind tested. The plants were very strong and healthy and the fruits were much above the average in size, comparing well with Enhance. As our records show, it stood 9.4 for productiveness, 9.5 for quality, and 8.5 in firmness. Greenville stood 9.6, 8.5, and 7.5 respectively, while Enhance was 9.5, 8.5, and 9.5. You can draw your own conclusions as to the value of these sorts for home use and market. I would say that the plants of the Brandywine were more satisfactory than of either of the kinds mentioned.

Yours very truly, L. R. TAFT.

The following is from the pomologist of the United States Agricultural Department:

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 11, 1894.

MR. E. T. INGRAM, Ingham County, Pa.:

Dear Sir,—Your letter of June 8th and crate of Brandywine strawberries received June 9th, for which accept my sincere thanks. The berries were distributed among the following parties: Hon. J. Sterling Morton, Secretary of Agriculture; Hon. Donald McCuaig, Chief Clerk Department of Agriculture; Mr. William Saunders, Superintendent of Grounds and Gardens; members of the Division of Pomology; and Mr. William W. Leishear, one of the principal commission merchants of this city. All were delighted with the quality, beautiful color, and firm condition of the berry. I know of no other large berry of the same uniform size possessed of as brilliant a color and as delightful a flavor. I should be pleased to have its history, whether it was a chance seedling or an intended cross, and if the latter, what was its parentage. Samples of the foliage would be highly prized as they are needed to complete our painting of the berry.

Yours respectfully, S. B. HEIGES.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 13, 1894.

MR. E. T. INGRAM, Ingham County, Pa.:

Dear Sir,—A sample plant of the Brandywine strawberry was received this morning. The plant shows great hardiness, possesses fine foliage, and is truly wonderful in productiveness, both in size and quantity of fruit.

Yours truly, S. B. HEIGES, Pomologist.

We make the prices for this berry \$1 per 12, \$5 per 100.

THE HERSEY STRAWBERRY (Latest First-Prize Variety).—This strawberry originated at Hingham, Mass., some five years ago, it being a seedling, grown by Mr. Samuel Hersey, of that town. It attracted so much local attention that its originator soon learned that it had unusual value as a new and distinct variety, and after securing several first prizes at local exhibitions it was also awarded first prize at the Strawberry Exhibition of the Massachusetts Horticultural Society last season.

This berry contains all the good qualities desired for home use and the market. Its blossom is perfect, requiring no other variety to fertilize it. The fruit is of most excellent flavor, having the taste and aroma of the best varieties of the wild strawberry. Its form is very attractive, and its color a rich, dark red; very uniform in size and easy to hull. The vines are very strong and thrifty in appearance, also extremely hardy and very productive. Mr. Hersey says, in the *Massachusetts Ploughman*, that "under ordinary culture one thousand quarts of fruit have been grown on a plot of ground sixty feet square." (This being at the rare of over twelve thousand quarts per acre.)

The plants are now offered for sale, for the first time, by us, Mr. Hersey having heretofore carefully kept the entire stock under his control, growing the fruit for local market, where it commanded a higher price than any other variety.

Recognizing the merits of this new strawberry, we have arranged to sell them this spring—6 plants for 50 cents, 12 for \$1. 50 for \$2.50, post-paid.

E. L. Ripley, President of the Hingham Agricultural and Horticultural Society, writes as follows:

"I take great pleasure in contributing my knowledge of the value of the Hersey seedling strawberry, for the benefit of any who may be desirous of purchasing the best. It took the first premium at our annual fair in 1890, and is considered, by competent judges in our vicinity, remarkable for the excellence of its flavor and great bearing qualities."

THE BRUNETTE.—This new berry was originated by Granville Cowing, Delaware county, Ind., and is offered this spring for the first time. The originator has the following to say: "Its berries are of a dark-red color, round, and almost invariably perfect; color without any white tip; quite firm; perfect blossom; strong grower. The berries have been sold only at home, where they have invariably brought from three to five cents per quart more than best Haverland and Bubach, on account of its superior quality. Prof. J. Troop, of the Indiana Experimental Station, has placed it at the head of all varieties at that station for delicious flavor."

We copy the following from the *Indiana Farmer* for October, 1894:

"The Brunette strawberry has been tested three years at the Station, and it should find a place in every farmer's garden. It is a good grower and productive. The berry is large and dark-red, and of the very best quality; it is especially for home use or home market."

Prof. W. J. Green, of the Ohio Experimental Station, after testing it three years, expresses the following opinion of it in a letter to its originator:

"The Brunette has done finely for us this season. It is the finest berry for home use I am acquainted with. I shall plant it almost exclusively for my own family use, as we find nothing else that suits us as well."

Professor Taft, of the Michigan Experimental Station, says of it:

"Fruit large, round conical, regular; very dark crimson color; very attractive in appearance, and the plants are strong and healthy."

Space will not allow us to say more on this berry. We make the price within the reach of all—\$1 per 12, \$5 per 100, \$10 per 1,000.

MARY.—This is said to be the largest berry grown by the introducer. If it is, we will soon have some wonderfully large berries. We would advise all to try it, in a small way at least.

Cyclone.—(S) M Crawford says: "This is a healthy, luxuriant grower and a good bearer. The fruit is conical, glossy red, of good quality, and of good size."

HERSEY.

WESTON.

WESTON (P).—We are pleased to call our friends' attention to this new berry. It was originated by E. A. and E. L. Weston, of Susquehanna county, Pa. The plant is a strong, thrifty grower of the Greenville class; is especially healthy and hardy; one of the persistent, iron-clad sort, that flourish without special care. The berry is quite regular in form, of good size, and bright, attractive color, with seeds prominent. It ships well, and both appearance and quality are sufficient to win it a place in any market. It ripens in mid-season, holding out unusually well till late, and will take high rank for productiveness. The blossom is large and pistillate. The engraving is a faithful reproduction from photograph of a cluster grown last season.

One of the Best Varieties Grown Here This Season.—At the Michigan Agricultural Experiment Station, in 1893, the Weston was named as one of the best six out of eighty new varieties tested, and is reported as follows by Professors Taft and Gladden in Bulletins 100 (August, 1893) and 106 (February, 1894): "Fruit large, broad conical, somewhat ridged, bright scarlet color; flesh medium dark; productiveness 9.8, quality 8, firmness 8.5; plants very strong and healthy. *Crop held out best of any variety.*"

"MICHIGAN AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE, January 8, 1895.

Most Vigorous in the Plantation.—"Dear Sir: By an oversight Weston was not included in the planting made two years ago. In the old patch (second-year fruiting) the plants were remarkably free from blight, and the most vigorous in the plantation. We have the variety in the plant that will fruit the coming season. I regard the Weston as a very promising sort. Yours truly, H. P. GLADDEN."

Has a Great Future.—"I have fruited Weston two seasons, and I believe it has a great future. Although not of the largest size, it is of good shape, beautiful color, excellent quality, and a good shipper. From plants set this spring a few allowed to fruit gave from eight to fourteen berries of good size, and I believe it will rank with Crescent in point of productiveness. It is not a great plant-producer, but sets its plants well apart, making a matted row that will give better results in fruit than those that root thickly, like Warfield, Crescent, etc.

I. A. WOOL,"

Much Valued for its Lateness.—"I value the Weston much for its lateness. It is nearly a week later than Gandy here—continues a week longer in bearing. The plant is a good, healthy grower, without any blemish, a dark green, and remains so all the time.

JOHN LITTLE."

Price, \$2 per dozen, \$12 per hundred, post-paid.

SUNNYSIDE.—This new berry was originated by C. S. Pratt, Middlesex county, Mass. We have been much interested in this berry for the past two years, as it was fruited by the side of many we had of our own growing at the New York Experimental Station in 1892 and 1893, so are pleased to introduce it to our customers. The originator claims the following: (1) It is the latest; (2) it is very vigorous and never rusts; (3) it is immensely productive; (4) it is a most excellent shipper; (5) it is by all odds the handsomest berry we exhibited, and would be selected among a hundred varieties as the most showy berry. Better take 100 of these plants. Price: \$2 for 12; \$3 per 100. Do you want them? Hear what the New York Experimental Station says:

Sunnyside (Pistillate).—In the spring of 1892 I sent a few plants to the New York Experimental Station at Geneva. It was tested with forty other varieties, among which were *Beder Wood*, *Barton's Eclipse*, *Haverland*, and *Warfield*. The following is their report for 1893:

Sunnyside, P.—(From Chas. S. Pratt, Middlesex county, Mass.) Blossoms about with Sharpless. Season late, lasting about two weeks. Fruit medium to large, fair quality, firm, bright scarlet color. Foliage first-class; runners abundant; stem long. *In productiveness Sunnyside heads the list of the varieties fruited at the station this season.* The merits of no berry can be properly estimated from one season's trial, and the Sunnyside must be tested further and compared with standard sorts before we can decide definitely as to its merits in this locality. The indications are that it may prove worthy of introduction as a late market berry.

1894 REPORT.

Sunnyside.—This was the most productive variety on the list at this station in 1893. It was found necessary to use the ground where it stood for another purpose and therefore it was not fruited here this year. \$2 per dozen; \$8 per 100.

VICTOR HUGO.—One of the largest and most productive of the early strawberries, ripening ahead of Crescent. The plant is very satisfactory in growth and yield, and the berries are not only large and high-colored, but also firm. This desirable property, combined with its early season of ripening, makes it a very profitable market variety, and it is grown in New Jersey with much satisfaction. Early. Price: Dozen, 50 cents; 100, \$2; 1,000, \$15.

VICTOR HUGO.

ENORMOUS.—This is a new one, sent out last spring for the first time. Mr. J. C. Bubach, originator of Bubach No. 5, which is one of the best strawberries in cultivation, wrote us that as the originator of many strawberries (and that he had grown hundreds of varieties) he must confess that the Enormous is the best berry he has ever seen. We have only a few thousand plants, but will make them, while stock lasts, 75c. per 12, \$4 per 100.

MURRAY.

of this berry low, so as to enable all to give it a trial. Blossom perfect.

The following is a copy of some of the telegrams which were sent to shippers of the Lady Thompson strawberry. The writer has read these telegrams and can testify that they are genuine and were all sent during April and May, 1894:

From Porter Brothers & Co., New York: Your Lady Thompson berries sold forty to fifty, others twenty to thirty-five.

From Geo. Allison & Co., New York: Lady Thompson berries sold forty to fifty, others thirty to thirty-five.

From G. W. Jude, New York: Lady Thompson forty cents, others twenty-five to thirty.

From R. W. Dixon & Son, New York: Six Lady Thompson cases at 25 cents, others at ten cents.

From Redfield & Son, Philadelphia: Lady Thompson sold for forty cents, other varieties twenty-five to thirty-five.

From J. F. Thompson & Co., Boston: Lady Thompson sold forty-five, others thirty.

From H. A. Brady & Co., Baltimore: Lady Thompson sold forty, others twenty-seven to thirty.

Price per dozen, \$1; per 100, \$5; per 1,000, \$40. Don't be swindled by cheap plants. Buy from headquarters—get the genuine.

MURRAY.—This is one of the new varieties that is going to make its mark. Why? Because it is four or five days earlier than Michel's, double the size, and in shipping qualities leads them all. We do not care to say much about this berry, because if we did you might want more plants than we have for this year. The price of these for this spring is \$2 per 12, \$8 per 100.

THOMPSON.—Owing to our limited space we cannot say much of this berry, but if one-half of the reports are true, this is a wonderful berry. It is large, immensely productive, of large size, and handsome. We have seen many acres of this new berry, and everyone who has them speaks in the highest terms of them. The foliage is healthy, something after the nature of the Tennessee Prolific. It is said to have produced the past season 10,000 quarts per acre. We have made the price

THOMPSON.

THE NEW BERRY—CARRIE (P).

This is a seedling of Haverland that this year promises to surpass the parent in color and shipping qualities, with a little larger leaf and foliage. Should this berry continue as the present season, it will be wanted by everybody. It has a grand foliage, and the plant is remarkable; many roots were a foot long last fall. A few of them have been sent out on the most rigid restrictions—both North, East, South, and West. We will be pleased to show this berry to any of our customers this coming season in fruit if they will call and see it.

The following are the ratings of four leading varieties as given in recent reports of the Michigan Experiment Station:

	Productiveness. Quality. Firmness.				Productiveness. Quality. Firmness.		
Brandywine . . .	9.4	9.5	8.5	Greenville . . .	9.6	8.5	7.5
Enhance	9.5	8.5	9.5	Weston	9.8	8.0	8.5

EPP'NG (or YANKEE DOODLE).—Originated by George Q. Dow, of Rockingham Fruit Farm, N. H. Mr. Dow paid the originator of the Greenville strawberry \$10 for the name alone. Price: Dozen, 50 cents; 100, \$2.

MICHIGAN AGRICULTURAL EX. STATION, AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE, MICH.
REPORT ON STRAWBERRIES.

Epping (Yankee Doodle) P. plants from George Q. Dow, manager Rockingham Fruit Farm, North Epping, N. H. Plants of very strong growth; leaf stock varies in length; leaflets large, broad ovate. Color dark green, texture tough. First ripe fruits June 21st; crop at best June 24th. Fruit large to medium in size, round conical or depressed conical; bright scarlet color, flesh light. Productiveness 9; quality 8; firmness 9. Plants healthy and productive. Crop held out well. Promising as a market sort.

NOTE—This report shows a total of 26 points out of a possible 30.

The following letter was also received from Prof. L. R. Taft, of same college:

Dear Sir,—Your letter asking for report on Epping (Yankee Doodle) strawberry received. The plants were very strong, and came through the winter in good condition. They have an excellent foliage, and were free from leaf blight. Season medium. The berries were of large size, round conical in form, bright scarlet. They were quite firm, of fair quality, and among the most productive kinds grown, the crop holding out well despite the hot, dry weather at the close of the season. To judge I should say it has great promise as a market sort.

Yours,

L. R. TAFT.

Messrs. Purdy & Read, who are extensive growers of strawberries in Wisconsin, write:

Your card, giving notice of name Epping being given your new strawberry, received. This has been a year of great drought, and it has been a struggle to make anything grow, but we succeeded in growing an acre of very fine strawberries, and among the best of them all was your new Epping. We are well pleased with them, and if they continue to do so well, we shall propagate them to quite an extent, as the plant is very robust and strong.

OMEGA.

HENRY WARD BEECHER.—This is another berry by the same originator. We would say, try a few. Our Pomological Society seems to have poor success in the nomenclature of fruits, when one of the members sticks on three names.

ELEANOR.—This is another new berry introduced this spring for the first time. It is claimed to be the earliest strawberry, also wonderfully productive, etc. Price: Dozen, \$2; 100, \$10.

OMEGA.—Here we have another grand new berry. One that should be in the hands of everybody. Very large, late, and productive. We have only a small stock of plants, but will make them—12, 50 cents; 100, \$2. Try a few.

DEW.—This is said to be one of the largest berries grown. We find it very large and very handsome. Dozen, 50 cents; 100, \$3.

ESSEX COUNTY, MASS.

I have received the strawberry plants; they are fine looking ones; were in good condition.

J. L. BURNHAM.

ROCKINGHAM COUNTY, N. H.

Cleveland Nursery Company: I never had any plants live or do better than those you sent me late last spring.

GEO. F. BEEDE.

This is what we claim. Our plants live and grow, while the plants sent out by many growers die because they do not understand their business, or frequently leave it to some hired help, and plants are ruined before they leave. Our aim is to take the best possible care of plants the moment they are out of the ground. We are much more careful with plants we ship than when planting for ourselves, as parties pay for them, and that, with the additional express charges, makes them costly. We want to sell you plants, and all your neighbors, and if we send good ones we hold your trade, and you tell others. If we send poor ones we lose your trade, and you tell others. We want the best on our side.

DEPOSIT BANK OF FRANKFORT, KY, April 9, 1894.

Friend Thompson: Thanks for the promptness in which you filled my order. The plants were as fresh and moist as if they had just been dug.

H. H. WATSON, Cashier.

PRICES OF STRAWBERRIES FOR SPRING OF 1895.

In the fall some varieties are higher and some lower. It will be always safer to send a list of the different varieties wanted, in the fall. We will do the best we can. It depends upon the time you want them. By sending a list when many varieties are wanted we may be able to do a little better, according to the amount of stock on hand. This list comprises one hundred and thirty-two favorite varieties—probably the largest list of any given in the United States; but as we make the strawberry our specialty, it is necessary to carry a large stock, as some varieties do better in one section than others.

In viewing our prices, remember we send good plants, label each variety carefully, and we can reach any part of the United States and Canada safely by mail.

The past season has been, in this locality, a most remarkable one to get plants; hence our low prices—not much more than half which some nurserymen and seedmen are charging.

Our Big Six Collection.—All who buy twelve plants or one hundred plants each of Rio, Cyclone, Belle, Ivanhoe, and Tennessee Prolific, get the same amount of *No Name Free*. We prefer not to sell them, but give them away. But if anyone does not want the other five varieties they can send \$2.50 for one dozen *No Name* alone. We pay the postage in dozen and hundred lots of our Big Six. But with all other varieties, when ordered by mail, add 20 cents for postage per hundred. We pay dozen rates. Half dozen at dozen rates. Fifty at hundred rates. Five hundred at thousand rates.

	Doz.	100.	1,000.		Doz.	100.	1,000.
Accomac	\$ 30	\$2 00	\$ 5 00	Lydia (p)	\$ 50	\$1 00	\$ 5 00
Alabama	30	1 00	5 00	Manchester (p)	30	80	5 00
Atlantic	30	1 00	5 00	Mark	50	2 00	15 00
Auburn	30	1 00	5 00	Marshall	50	3 00	20 00
Australian Everbearing	1 00	5 00		Martha	40	1 50	10 00
Barton's Eclipse	30	1 00	5 00	Maxwell (fine)	50	2 00	15 00
Beder Wood (fine)	30	1 00	5 00	May King	25	60	4 00
Belle	1 00	5 00	40 00	Miami (p)	30	80	5 00
Belmont	30	1 00	5 00	Michel's Early (fine, early)	25	50	3 00
Bessie (p)	30	1 00	5 00	Middlefield (very fine)	40	1 00	5 00
Beverly	25	1 00	4 00	Mounmouth	40	1 00	8 00
Bidwell	30	1 00	4 00	Mrs. Cleveland (p)	40	1 00	8 00
Bisel	50	2 00	10 00	Mt. Vernon	30	1 00	6 00
Bomba	30	1 00	5 00	Mt. Holyoke	50	1 50	10 00
Bowman	30	1 00	5 00	Muskingham	30	1 00	8 00
Boynton	25	50	2 50	No Name*	2 50		
Bubach No. 5, (p)	30	80	4 00	Northern (p)	50	1 50	10 00
Burt, or Captain Jack	25	75	3 00	Ona (p)	50	2 00	
California	30	1 00	8 00	Oregon Everbearing	50	1 50	10 00
Charles Downing	30	1 00	5 00	Oscar	50	2 00	
Clark's Seedling (fine)	30	1 00	5 00	Osteo	50	2 00	
Clingo	50	2 00	10 00	Parker Earle (extra fine)	40	1 00	8 00
Crawford	30	1 00	5 00	Parry	30	1 00	5 00
Crescent (p)	25	50	2 00	Pearl	30	80	6 00
Crystal City	25	50	3 00	Phillips' Seedling	30	1 00	4 00
Cumberland	25	50	3 00	Piper's Seedling	40	1 50	10 00
Cyclone	50	2 50	20 00	Princess (p), extra fine	30	1 00	8 00
Daisy (p), fine	50	1 00	6 00	Princeton Chief (p)	50	1 25	8 00
Dayton	50	1 00	6 00	Puritan	40	1 50	10 00
Edwards' Favorite	50	2 00		Rio	1 00	5 00	40 00
Edgar Queen (p), fine	30	1 00	5 00	Robinson (fine)	50	2 00	15 00
Enhance (very fine)	30	50	3 00	Sadie (p), wonderfully pro- ductive	50	1 50	10 00
E. P. Roe	50	2 00	10 00	Sandoval	40	1 00	5 00
Eureka (p), v'y productive, fine	30	1 00	4 00	Saunders	40	1 00	5 00
Farnsworth	30	1 00	5 00	Seneca Queen	40	1 50	10 00
Felton	30	1 00	5 00	Sharpless	30	80	4 00
Gandy's Pride	30	75	3 00	Shuster's Gem	25	1 00	5 00
Gillespie	30	1 00	8 00	Smith's Seedling	50	1 00	5 00
Glendale	30	1 00	5 00	Standard	50	1 50	10 00
Great Pacific (p)	25	60	5 00	Stagman's No. 1 (p), extra	50	1 50	10 00
Great American	50	2 00	15 00	Stevens	30	75	5 00
Greenville	30	1 00	5 00	Stirling	50	1 00	10 00
Governor Hoard (fine)	30	1 00	6 00	Summit	40	1 50	10 00
Gypsy (p)	30	1 00	5 00	Surprise (fine)	40	1 50	10 00
Hatfield	30	1 00	5 00	Swindle	10	1 00	
Haverland (p)	30	50	3 00	Tennessee Prolific	1 00	5 00	40 00
Hoffman	25	60	3 00	Tippecanoe	30	75	5 00
Honey	50	2 00		Timbrill	40	1 25	10 00
Ivanhoe	10	2 50	20 00	Van Deman	30	1 00	5 00
Jersey Queen (p)	50	1 50	10 00	Walton	25	75	4 00
Jessie	25	60	3 00	Warfield No. 2	25	50	3 00
Lady Rusk (p)	25	60	3 00	Westbrook	30	1 00	5 00
Leader	50	1 00	8 00	Wilson	25	50	3 00
Logan	25	80	7 00	Wolverton	30	1 00	4 00
Louise	50	1 00	5 00	Wonder	50	1 50	10 00
Love's Early (very fine)	25	80	4 00	Yale (extra)	30	1 00	8 00
Luella	50	2 00	15 00				

*If taken with our BIG SIX Collection, Free.

The following are new varieties for 1895:

	Doz.	100.	1,000.		Doz.	100.	1,000.
Aroma	\$1 00	\$3 00	\$40 00	Hersey	\$1 00	\$ 5 00	
Burnett	1 00	5 00	40 00	Mary	1 00	5 00	
Brandy Wine	1 00	5 00	40 00	Murray	2 00	8 00	
Beecher (Henry W.)	1 00	5 00	40 00	Omega	50	2 00	
Dew (fine, large)	50	3 00		Sunny Side	2 00	8 00	
Eleanor	2 00	10 00		Sp'endid	40	2 00	15 00
Epping	50	2 00		Thompson	1 00	5 00	40 00
Enormous	75	4 00		Victor Hugo	50	2 00	15 00
Edith (p)	2 00			Weston	2 00	12 00	

We will send (postage paid) 12 of each of the above 18 varieties to any address in the United States for only \$15; 100 of each by express, purchaser to pay charges, except Edith, for \$50. This is a chance that cannot be duplicated by anyone, and we warrant plants all true. This is a bargain.

PRIDE.

Pride, the earliest red raspberry grown. We stand ready to give \$100 for one dozen plants of any red raspberry that will ripen its fruit side by side, same culture, one day earlier. We had no trouble the past season in selling this berry at 50 cents per quart for the first week, while Brandywine, Cuthbert, and late ones only sold for ten cents.

We desire now to call your attention to what was called Thompson's Early Pride, but owing to the shortness of the name we shall introduce it under the name of Pride. This is another of Mr. Thompson's seedlings, and in berry it much resembles the Thompson; so much so, that it takes an expert to tell the two apart. Unfortunately for Mr. Thompson, a man in his employ got a little out one day, and, knowing Mr. Thompson was greatly excited over another new early raspberry two or three days earlier, was mean enough to go and mix some other plants with these. This same man had told others he would ruin this raspberry. So by the time Mr. Thompson desired to put this berry on the market, he found his jealous enemy had mixed the plants, and it has taken three years to get them so separated that he could know that every one was true. This berry was first catalogued in 1891; but, after Mr. Thompson found out the trouble, they were withdrawn, and the genuine picked out; which was easy, for Mr. Thompson knew his own berry. Now, while we have told you these berries are almost identical, the cane is entirely different. The Thompson cane is almost smooth, while the Pride is rather hairy; so anyone seeing and knowing the difference can easily tell them apart. Now for the difference in value. The Pride is really a day or two earlier with its first berries, and comes on faster, so that it is three to four days earlier, with good pickings, than Thompson, and it ripens more of its fruit at once, which makes it of much more value; but it does better in three-year-old beds than two. It does not require such rich land, and the cane is larger and a stronger grower. We shall not offer these plants to anyone but our regular retail trade, for two or three years, and the price will be reasonable—only \$4 per dozen by mail. No other one in the trade will be allowed the privilege of buying to sell again for 1895, and no one will be able to buy but one dozen, and none less than \$4 per twelve plants. We will pack them well, as we want every one to live that you buy. But in no case will we refill an order, as it has been proven that some people are really mean enough to say their plants were all dried up when they received them, and want their order refilled, just on purpose to get an extra supply. Please bear this in mind when ordering the Pride.

We do not propose to give you many testimonials of this berry, but what we will give you are from reliable sources. If you will get the report of the Hatch Experimental Station on small fruits of 1891, you will find the following report:

PRIDE.—Firmness, 10; flavor, 9; productiveness, 8; time of blooming, May 23d; time of ripening, June 19th; vigor of cane, 6.

THOMPSON.—Firmness, 8; flavor, 9; productiveness, 7; time of blooming, May 31st; time of ripening, June 29th; vigor of cane, 5.

Just ten days' difference that year in favor of Pride. Just fancy, June 19th red raspberries ripe in Massachusetts. Now, you see that what we say about the earliness, also vigor of plant, is more than confirmed by the experimental station; and on firmness the Pride stands 10. So, whatever may be the result of the introduction of this berry, you will see we offer the same in good faith, and if it does not succeed with you as with us, please don't call it a humbug. The present price of plants will remain for 1895; after that date we have not fixed the price. We ask no one to sign any contract, but we expect everyone will be honorable enough to keep our prices for one year; after that, do as you think best.

HATCH EXPERIMENTAL STATION, AMHERST, MASS., October Report, 1893.

THOMPSON.—As hardy and early as the Hansell. It is of larger size, as good in quality, and nearly as productive, and we consider it superior to the later variety.

PRIDE.—Like the last, this variety is perfectly hardy, vigorous, and productive. In size and quality it is better than the above, and perhaps the more promising of the two for either home use or market.

FLORAL PARK, N. Y., February 25, 1892.

Cleveland Nursery Company: In reply to your enquiry regarding the fruit you sent us, would say that the Pride red raspberry has proved to be very early, and we should judge a desirable variety.

JOHN LEWIS CHILDS.

WISCONSIN EXPERIMENTAL STATION, MADISON, WIS., August 3, 1892.

Cleveland Nursery Company: Yours to hand, and would say Pride and Thompson's red raspberries were ripe June 25th, and both would have furnished a small picking by June 29th. Both these varieties are certainly early.

(Prof.) E. S. GOFF.

INDIANA EXPERIMENTAL STATION, July 3, 1891.

Cleveland Nursery Company: I am much pleased so far with Pride raspberry, which you sent for trial last year. They ripened on June 18th, two days ahead of Turner, and we are still picking some very nice fruit. It makes a very strong, healthy cane.

(Prof.) J. TROOP, Horticulturist.

AMHERST, MASS., October 14, 1893.

M. T. THOMPSON: My Dear Sir,—We have just been summing up the results of our experiments with raspberries, and find your Thompson and Pride promise to be very valuable. Another season will be required to determine their exact value for market purposes in this vicinity.

(Prof.) S. T. MAYNARD.

PRIDE.—This is without doubt the earliest red raspberry in cultivation. Our first berries this season sold for 28 cents per pint right in Richmond market. If it pays to raise raspberries it pays to plant the earliest. Price, \$4 per dozen. Last year we made the price too low (\$3). We could not supply the demand this year. Next year the price will be \$4 per 12; no larger quantities sold to any one.

THOMPSON'S (EARLY PROLIFIC) RED RASPBERRY.—We still claim this to be a wonderful raspberry. Have never known it fail to produce a full crop of berries, and it sells at the highest market price. Be sure you get none but the genuine. The demand for these plants has always exceeded our supply. Price of plants by mail, 75 cents per dozen; by express, \$2 per 100.

KING, \$5,000 RED RASPBERRY.

Report of Prof. H. E. Van Deman, pomologist, Washington, D. C. :

"From Cleveland Nursery Company, Rio Vista, Va. Round; medium size; light crimson color; droops large; few with suture very plainly marked; moderately firm, and of excellent quality. A seedling of Thompson, ripening at about the same time, but larger and more productive."

We would add, this berry the last two years looks very promising. It has a most beautiful dark foliage, and holds its color good. We sent a few berries by mail to J. T. Lovett Company, Little Silver, N. J., June 21st. This is what they say: "The berries received in good condition, which is a very unusual thing for raspberries sent by mail, proving their exceptional firmness. The King is certainly a large and handsome berry. We would like to know more of it." Mr. Samuel Miller, of Bluffton, Mo., writes that from one plant he had on trial in the fall of 1892, it bore some of the most beautiful red raspberries he had seen for years. We shall watch further developments of this berry with great interest. We have in about one acre now, and this season will give us a fair chance to see what this new-comer may do in Virginia, at least. Should it continue as it has done, it will be what every person will want. It is firm, early, large, and such a beautiful, bright scarlet that it catches the eye at sight.

JAPANESE WINEBERRY.

THE EUREKA RASPBERRY.

EUREKA RASPBERRY.

In bringing this new berry before our customers we do it with the greatest confidence. We have had parties watching this berry for some years. It has been tested now for 15 years, and this is what is claimed for it: First, large as Gregg; second, early as Palmer; third, better quality than either; fourth, will produce as much as Palmer and Gregg together. That is, one acre of Eureka will produce as many bushels as one acre of

Palmer and one acre of Gregg. This fourth claim was made by Prof. W. J. Green, of the Ohio Experimental Station, in a paper to the *Ohio Farmer*, September 6, 1894, also in a paper read before the Ohio State Horticultural Society, December 14, 1894.

Eureka.—There is nothing new to say of this. It is an all-season berry, commencing to ripen early and continuing until late, covering almost the entire season of Palmer and Gregg, yielding almost as much as the two together. It seems to me to possess about as many good points as any variety before the public.—*W. J. Green, in Ohio Farmer, January 24, 1895.*

Price, \$1 per dozen, \$5 per 100.

MAXWELL BLACKBERRY.—In Maxwell's Early we have a blackberry whose value it is difficult to over-estimate. It is as large or larger than Wilson's Early, and ripens as early as Early Harvest. Added to these qualities it is sweet, rich, and luscious, melting in the mouth—no core whatever. It ripens before strawberries are gone, and in company with Lucretia dewberry and Early Harvest blackberry, and is three times as large as the latter. The canes are exceedingly prolific, very low, stocky and strong, and free from rust, double blossom, and all other diseases. A berry so large, early, and healthy as Maxwell's Early cannot fail to meet with a warm reception by fruit-growers everywhere, and will be extensively planted as soon as its merits become known. We have fruited the variety and proved its value. Each, 10c.; 3 for 25c.; dozen, 75c.; 100, \$4; 1,000, \$35.

We desire to make you all a special offer in this collection.

12 Eureka raspberry, the best black raspberry in cultivation	\$1 00
12 Maxwell, the best blackberry	75
12 Pride R. R., the earliest red raspberry in cultivation	4 00
12 Miller red raspberry, said to be the best shipper, and ripens early	4 00

Total \$9 75

We make you the following offer: By taking the entire lot we will send you as a premium 12 Champion gooseberry, worth \$2, and 1 dozen Thompson's (Early Prolific) red raspberry. We do not wish any disrespect to any other gooseberry, but from our own experience for years we would dig out every other kind. For profit, Champion is the only gooseberry for us, if confined to but one.

AMERICAN EVERBEARING RASPBERRY.—As large as Gregg, and earlier than the earliest. The first crop equal to the Gregg, and continues all through the season. We have never been able to supply the demand. Four plants, \$1; twelve, \$2.50, by mail.

MILLER RED RASPBERRY (New.)—It is some time since a red raspberry has been introduced that was of any value, except the Thompson and the Pride. They are valuable because they are early, always sure of a crop, and always sure of bringing a big price, because there is no other raspberry in competition. We have too many late raspberries now. Even blackberries are ripe before lots of the late raspberries. We must get early berries if we want to make raspberry-growing pay. The commercial grower finds to make money he must be in early. We have not the space to say much on the raspberry; have been growing it now three years. Here is what we have to say:

Miller Red Raspberry.—Here is an instance of one of the good things of life which has been kept from the public for some years past, by a few growers who preferred to market the fruit rather than sell the plants. This berry has been fruited in this locality for some ten years past, and would probably have remained in seclusion for as many more, if it had not been brought to public notice by a few enterprising fruit men, who desired that the horticultural world should know more of its good qualities and reap some of the profits thereof. A short description only, is necessary.

The bush is a stout, healthy, vigorous grower, not quite so tall as Cuthbert, rather more stocky and dwarfish. It is well calculated to hold up the immense crops of fruit with which it loads itself. It is claimed to possess the following good qualities: (1) Ripens with the very earliest; (2) productiveness equal to any; (3) has no equal as shipper; (4) perfectly hardy; (5) quality unsurpassed; (6) attractive color. Below will be found a few testimonials from well-known horticulturists, commission men, and fruit-growers, who have seen and handled this berry:

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE,
Division of Pomology, Washington, D. C., July 3, 1894.

Dear Sir,—Your letter of July 2d, describing the Miller raspberry, received, for which, and the berries, accept my thanks. It has every appearance of being remarkably productive; in fact, your trial with it and Thompson's Early establishes its fruitfulness; it is of a beautiful color which it retains even when berries are crushed in transportation; is of good size, of remarkable firmness, and should prove a valuable addition to our list of red raspberries. In quality I consider it superior to Cuthbert.

Yours truly, S. B. HEIGES, Pomologist.

LATER (July 6th).—Since reading your letter of July 4th, I am doubly impressed with the merits of the Miller. Mr. Taylor reports as follows: "Resembles Brandywine in general appearance, but is firmer. Its earliness, firmness, productiveness, bright color, and good quality combine to make it a very promising variety for market."

Yours truly, S. B. HEIGES, Pomologist.

Prof. Taylor is Assistant U. S. Pomologist.

PRICES FOR RASPBERRIES.

The American Everbearing is doing better this year than ever, but it requires rich land. The demand for these plants is ten times more than we have.

BLACK.	Doz.	100.	1,000.	RED.	Doz.	100.	1,000.
Amer. Everbearing, 4 for \$1 . . .	\$2 50			Brandywine	\$ 50	\$1 00	\$ 8 00
Cromwell	50	1 50	10 00	Cuthbert	50	1 00	6 00
Doolittle	30	1 00	8 00	Golden Queen	50	2 00	12 00
Earheart Everbearing	1 00	5 00		Japanese Wineberry	1 00	4 00	
Eureka	1 00	5 00		Marlboro	50	1 00	8 00
Gregg	30	1 00	8 00	Miller	4 00	10 00	75 00
Lovett's, or 1,000	50	3 00		Muskingham	75	4 00	30 00
Ohio	40	1 00	8 00	Naomi	50	2 00	
Palmer	50	1 50	10 00	Pride (new)	4 00		
Progress or Pioneer	50	1 50	10 00	Shaffer's Colossal	50	1 50	12 00
Smith's Improved	50	2 00	10 00	Thompson	75	2 00	15 00
Souhegan	35	1 00	8 00	Columbian, each 50 cents	5 00	30 00	
Winona (very fine)	75	2 50	20 00

NEW BLACKBERRY, SANFORD.—Originated by Henry Merrells, of New York State. Mr. Merrells has grown this seedling with the Kittaning, Lawton, Taylor's Prolific, and other varieties, and it proved superior to them all. He also, with good culture, picked from a row of Sanfords sixty feet in length 320 quarts (ten bushels) of marketable berries that readily sold at 12 cents per quart, amounting to \$38.40. The plant is one of the most vigorous in growth, and of iron-clad hardiness. It has endured a temperature of 30 degrees below zero without injury, canes remaining alive to the tips. The lateral branches are very numerous, canes free from rust or blight, and wonderfully productive. Fruit is large, firm, and when ripe is a deep black in color. The quality is good, sweet, pleasant, possessing to a high degree the flavor of the wild berries of the woods. The season is early, ripening with the earliest varieties. Its great merits are its early ripening, enormous yield, good size, firmness, desirable color, vigorous growth, and superior hardiness. We have a few hundreds of these plants. We will make them 25c. each or 12 for \$2. This berry will no doubt become the standard B. B. for years.

BLACKBERRIES.

	Doz.	100.	1,000.		Doz.	100.	1,000.
Agawam.	\$ 50	\$1 50	\$10 00	Lucretia Dewberry	\$ 50	\$2 00	\$12 00
Ancient Briton	50	3 00	20 00	Minnewaski	50	3 00	25 00
Early Harvest	35	1 00	8 00	Snyder	35	1 00	9 00
Early King	75	4 00	30 00	Taylor	40	1 50	10 00
Eldorado, 25 cents each	2 00	12 00	100 00	Wilson's Early	40	1 50	10 00
Erie	50	2 50	20 00	Maxwell	75	4 00	35 00

GOOSEBERRIES.

	Doz.	100.	1,000.		Doz.	100.	1,000.
Champion, the best of all, 25 cents each	\$2 00	15 00		Houghton, 2 years	\$ 60	\$4 00	\$30 00
Downing, one year	60	4 00	35 00	Industry, 2 years	2 00	12 00	
Downing, 2 years	75	5 00	45 00	Smith's Improved, 1 year	75	5 00	
Houghton, 1 year	50	3 00	20 00	Smith's Improved, 2 years	1 00	6 00	

CURRANTS.

T. T. Lyon, South Haven, Michigan, says: The Crandall currant is vigorous, healthy, and productive, but it must have been propagated and sent out from more than one plant, as it varies greatly in habit, productiveness, and size of fruit. It makes a fine, pleasant, and rich sauce when cooked, but the skin is so thick and tough, even when cooked, as to prove a serious objection to its use.

PRICES.

	Doz.	100.	1,000		Doz.	100.	1,000.
Black Naples, 1 year	\$ 50	\$2 50		La Versailles, 2 years	\$ 65	\$3 50	\$25 00
Black Naples, 2 years	75	3 50		Lee's Prolific, 1 year	60	2 50	
Cherry, 1 year	50	2 50	22 00	Lee's Prolific, 2 years	75	3 50	
Cherry, 2 years	65	3 50		Victoria, 1 year	50	2 00	15 00
Crandall, 20 cents each	2 00	15 00		Victoria, 2 years	60	2 50	20 00
Fay's Prolific, 1 year	1 50	9 00		White Grape, 1 year	50	2 50	
Fay's Prolific, 2 years	2 00	12 00		White Grape, 2 years	75	3 50	
La Versailles, 1 year	50	2 50	20 00				

2,000,000 EARLY CABBAGE PLANTS.

No one has an idea of the amount of early cabbage planted in the United States, and no one has an idea how much money is lost in our Northern States by market gardeners in trying to winter them over, and the cost attached. We can raise your plants and carry them over winter for half what you can raise them for, if you will make contracts for same in September of the previous year. We sell hundreds of thousands of these plants to nurserymen and seedsmen for their trade, hence we must raise a great many plants. We raise acres of cabbage ourselves for shipping North. The reason we can raise them so cheaply is because we can leave them out all winter, and they are always ready hardened to plant. These plants will stand much cold weather, and as they are tough the little black flea does not injure them like hot-bed plants. Those parties who need from 50 to 100,000 plants should get our prices in September. We have a fine lot of plants ready at any time now at the following prices: 100, by mail, postage paid, 75 cents; 500, by express, \$1.50; 1,000, by express, \$2.50; 10,000, by express, \$20. Varieties: Wakefield and Henderson. These prices are good only whilst our stock lasts. Please state in your order whether, should we be out of either kind, we should send others in their place. These are bottom prices for spring trade.

CHARLESTON WAKEFIELD.—This is the largest early cabbage in cultivation. These plants are worth \$3 per 1,000; 10,000, \$25.

Last spring we did not have more than half enough plants, and the way orders have been coming in this fall we shall run out long before spring is over. Some ask how far we can ship. We can ship them to any part of the United States, even to Canada. Our customers say our strain of cabbage is the largest and best they ever saw. A great many want to know how much 1,000 weigh. They run all the way from 20 to 30 pounds, in 10,000 lots, 175 to 200 pounds. In this way you can find out just what your express charges are.

LA SALLE COUNTY, ILL., March 20, 1894.

Gents,—The 10,000 cabbage plants arrived all right on the 15th. We got them all out the next day. Find \$30 enclosed for 15,000 more. Send them Friday or Saturday.
GEO. METCALF.

SUMMIT COUNTY, O., April 1, 1894.

Cleveland Nursery Co.,—The 15,000 cabbage plants arrived in splendid order. It is cold here now—will have to wait a few days before I can put them out.

MELVIN H. BENTLY.

TRUCK.

No doubt many of our customers can place us in communication with parties who want early green onions, cabbage, strawberries, raspberries, spinach, kale, cucumbers, etc., and we shall be glad to have you do so. We also wish our customers would send us the names of all good honorable commission merchants in their locality, as we desire to publish their names in our next catalogue for the benefit of you all, so you may get acquainted with prices of different sections, as most of you are shippers, and oftentimes it would help you when your own markets are glutted with fruit and truck. Please don't forget this. Remember, we want no names but those you feel satisfied are all right to sell to or send on commission.

GRAPE VINES.

ONE YEAR.

NAME.	Each.	12.	100.	1,000	NAME.	Each.	12.	100.	1,000.
Agawam	10	\$ 1 00	\$ 4 00	\$30 00	Jessica	25	\$2 50	\$15 00	\$120 00
Amber	10	1 00	6 00	40 00	Jewell	50	5 00	30 00	200 00
Amber Queen	25	2 50	8 00	50 00	Lady	20	2 00	6 00	35 00
Aminia	15	1 50	5 00	30 00	Lady Washington	25	2 00	15 00	120 00
August Giant	30	3 00	7 00	50 00	Lindley	10	1 00	4 00	20 00
Bacchus	15	1 50	3 50	25 00	Leader	25	2 00	15 00	120 00
Barry	25	2 50	10 00	90 00	Marion	15	1 50	5 00	30 00
Beauty	20	2 00	9 00	80 00	Martha	10	75	3 50	25 00
Berkman's	50	4 00	15 00	125 00	Massasoit	20	2 00	6 00	40 00
Black Eagle	25	2 50	10 00	90 00	Maxatawney	20	2 00	8 00	50 00
Brighton	15	1 00	5 00	40 00	Merrimac	15	1 50	5 00	30 00
Catawba	10	1 00	3 00	18 00	Moyer	50	5 00	15 00	100 00
Centennial	40	3 50	13 00	110 00	Montefiore	20	2 00	6 00	40 00
Champion	10	90	3 00	18 00	Mo. Riesling	10	75	4 00	25 00
Clinton	10	90	2 90	18 00	Moore's Diamond	50	5 00	10 00	60 00
Coleran	1 00	10 00	75 00	400 00	Moore's Early	20	2 00	6 00	35 00
Concord	10	80	2 00	15 00	Mills	1 00	8 00	30 00	250 00
Concord Chasselas	1 00	8 00	30 00	250 00	Nectar	90	7 00	27 00	220 00
Cottage	10	1 00	3 00	20 00	Niagara	15	1 25	3 50	25 00
Cynthiana	25	2 50	10 00	65 00	Noah	15	1 25	3 50	25 00
Delaware	15	1 25	6 00	40 00	Norfolk	75	6 00	20 00	150 00
Diana	15	1 50	6 00	30 00	Northern Muscadine	20	2 00	8 00	50 00
Dracut Amber	20	2 00	6 00	30 00	Norton's Virginia	20	2 00	8 00	55 00
Duchess	15	1 50	6 00	35 00	Norwood	75	6 00	20 00	150 00
Early Victor	20	2 00	6 00	35 00	Oneida	60	5 00	16 00	110 00
Early Ohio	1 00	10 00	80 00	550 00	Oriental	50	5 00	15 00	200 00
Eaton	50	5 00	15 00	100 00	Pearl	20	2 00	8 00	50 00
El Dorado	30	3 00	13 00	110 00	Perkins	20	2 00	6 00	40 00
Elvira	10	60	2 00	18 00	Pocklington	15	1 75	3 00	20 00
Empire State	25	2 50	8 00	45 00	Poughkeepsie Red	40	3 50	20 00	170 00
Etta	20	2 00	6 00	40 00	Prentiss	20	2 00	8 00	50 00
Eumelan	50	5 00	15 00	100 00	Rebecca	60	5 00	16 00	110 00
Faith	20	2 00	7 00	50 00	Roger's Nos. 14, 28, 41, and 32	60	5 00	10 00	70 00
Geneva	50	8 00	30 00	200 00	Salem	10	1 00	3 00	25 00
Goethe	25	2 50	8 00	45 00	Telegraph	15	1 75	4 00	30 00
Green Mountain	1 00	8 00	30 00	250 00	Transparent	20	2 00	8 00	50 00
Greins Golden	20	2 50	10 00	60 00	Triumph	75	8 00	30 00	250 00
Hartford	10	1 00	4 00	20 00	Ulster Prolific	20	2 50	10 00	60 00
Hayes	25	2 25	10 00	65 00	Vergeries	10	1 00	3 00	22 00
Herbert	25	2 50	8 00	42 00	Victoria	30	6 00	20 00	150 00
Highland	30	3 00	18 00	160 00	Walter	50	5 00	30 00	200 00
Iona	10	1 00	4 00	25 00	Wildor	15	1 00	4 00	25 00
Isabella	10	75	2 50	20 00	Woodruff Red	40	3 00	10 00	75 00
Ives	10	60	2 50	16 00	Worden	10	1 00	3 00	20 00
Janesville	15	1 00	6 00	45 00	Wyoming Red	15	1 50	4 00	28 00
Jefferson	25	2 50	10 00	90 00					

Please note the above prices are for one-year old, good, strong vines. Two-year old vines are just one-third higher. That is, vines quoted at 20 cents each one year, cost 30 cents for two years. The prices of single vines and one dozen are sent free by mail; 100 and 1,000 by freight or express. Six at dozen rates, 50 at 100, and 500 at 1,000 rates. Please don't compare these prices with poor vines sold by many.

A VALUABLE NEW GRAPE.

We desire to call your attention to the Goldstein grape, which originated in Mississippi. It is claimed to be twelve to fifteen days earlier than Moore's Early. Berry large; bunches large; ripens its fruit perfectly, so that every grape may be gathered the same day; thus making it one of the most excellent table and commercial grapes yet known, and not excelled by any as a wine grape. In Mississippi it colors up nicely by the 1st to the 5th of June. Never has been known to show the least sign of rot or mildew. When other varieties grown all around both rotted and mildewed there has never been any seen on the Goldstein. It is claimed a very strong grower, two-year vines often carrying through fifteen to twenty nice large bunches. We have only a limited amount of vines of this new grape for sale this spring, but to put them within the reach of our customers, we will make the price only \$1 each, \$10 per dozen, for one-year old by mail. This grape is highly praised where known. Parties who desire to catalogue this grape next fall will advise us.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY, N. C., November 22, 1893.

The strawberry and blackberry plants have been received, and were satisfactory. I think the strawberry plants are large enough to show the character of their fruit the coming season. You were quite prompt in filling my order.

J. S. BRUCE.

ONIONS.

EGYPTIAN OR WINTER ONION.

In addition to our nursery business, we are the largest growers in this State of bunched onions, peeling every day from March until fall, and the varieties principally raised are the Egyptian and Potato onions (white and yellow). We plant them in the fall any time after the first of August. We plant in rows one foot apart and about three inches apart in the row. These are very hardy onions; will stand out all winter without injury, even growing in the winter when we have a few warm days, though they often get frozen close to the ground. In the spring they grow stronger than ever, and in from one to two weeks are large enough to eat or bunch for market. They never grow to bottoms like black seed or other sets, but to a straight onion, which is intended to eat green, and when large are good cooked when no other can be got. If once planted, they are a multiplying variety, and if thinned out, will last for years—in fact, it is the hardest matter in the world to kill them. Every person who has a farm or garden should have a supply of this onion. We sell them at 30 cents per quart by mail; 50 cents per half-peck by express; 80 cents per peck; \$2.50 per bushel—all by express or freight. Our new crop is generally ready to ship about the middle of July. We supply the trade with hundreds of bushels of these onions, and shall no doubt have a large supply ready by July 1st. The earlier they are planted the earlier they will be ready for market in the spring. It is doubtful if we are not raising more of these onions than anyone in the United States. Parties who desire ten or more bushels can get them at \$2 per bushel while stock lasts.

POTATO ONIONS.

YELLOW.—These we can send about July 1st to September 30th. Large onions, \$1.50 per bushel, \$1 per half-bushel; sets, \$3 per bushel.

WHITE.—These are a new variety, not quite so large as the yellow, but a most excellent keeper; of a pearly white; very productive—frequently ten to thirty onions from one.

This is the first time we have been able to offer these onions. They keep for months. Price, \$3 per bushel, \$1 per peck.

We want to say a word about yellow potato onions. Hundreds of people have been losers by buying cheaper onions, and, after all their pains and trouble, found they had not the genuine. We warrant our onions our own growth, and genuine.

ONIONS FOR EARLY SPRING TRADE.

We have in stock a limited quantity of the Egyptian or Winter onions. Sets now at above prices; but all must understand they are not as good as our new onion crop will be in July.

WHITE POTATO ONIONS.

We have also a limited quantity of these for spring trade. Although we always plant in the fall, they can be planted now. Owing to keeping them this year on the top of a large hay-mow the sweat from the hay turned the skin brown.

RHUBARB.

Myatt's Linnaeus.—Very large; 10 cents each; \$1 per dozen; \$6 per 100.
Horse-Radish Cuttings.—\$1 per 100; \$4 per 1,000.

The New Hardy Japanese Hydrangea.

The Finest Hardy Shrub in Cultivation.

"HYDRANGAEA PANICULATA GRANDIFLORA."

This is a grand plant, exceedingly showy and attractive, lasting in bloom for months; is perfectly hardy even in the coldest part of the United States, needs no protection of any kind, and is the finest hardy shrub in cultivation. It grows bushy and compact, 3 to 5 feet high, blooms in July, and continues in bloom three months, remaining beautiful until destroyed by frost. The flowers are pure white, afterwards changing to pink, and are immense pyramidal clusters more than a foot long and nearly as much in diameter, every shoot being terminated with one of these clusters of flowers, literally covering the plant. It creates a sensation wherever seen, and has given more sat-

isfaction than any plant we have ever sold. The immense heads of bloom are held in a slightly drooping position, making it unrivalled both for grace and beauty. For cemetery plots, for large estates, for persons with small residences, either in city or country—anywhere, everywhere—it should be planted. A customer writes: "The first year I planted Hydrangea Grandiflora it produced three heads of flowers; the second year, fifty-six; the third year, ninety-two."

SEND US \$1 FOR THREE OF THESE PLANTS; IT WILL PROVE THE BEST INVESTMENT YOU EVER MADE. Price, 40c. each; three for \$1; twelve for \$3. Postage paid and safe arrival guaranteed. Will bloom this season.

ORDER AT ONCE.—Can be planted as soon as frost is out of ground.

Please remember, these are not small plants, but large ones; and when planted about 18 inches apart and kept trimmed, they make a most beautiful hedge—a sight seldom seen. We will send by express 25 nice large plants for \$5, or 50 for only \$3. There is nothing that can be selected more beautiful for the money. They succeed, North, East, South, and West. Everybody admires them. They love plenty of water. Soap-suds is a most excellent thing to use on wash-days. It seems almost impossible to get an engraving to do them justice.

NAMES.

We will be pleased to have anyone who receives this catalogue to send us a list of names of parties who are actually interested in what we have for sale.

TOBACCO DUST.

For market gardeners, truckers, and others, who raise early cabbage, radishes, cucumbers, melons, etc. This dust we find indispensable. It is also most excellent for the cabbage maggot, for those who are troubled with this insect. We have seen cabbage look most beautiful, and all at once the warm sun would come out and the cabbage would hang down like an old bag, and upon pulling them up have found from 10 to 25 maggots at the root. In sections where this maggot exists we advise putting a good handful of the dust right around each plant, then keeping the dirt well hoed up to the cabbage. We have used from 1,000 to 2,000 pounds per acre, and have never failed to get good cabbage. It may seem expensive, but the loss of an acre of early cabbage means hundreds of dollars. Before we knew the use of tobacco dust we planted out one season a large piece of early Wakefield cabbage; paid \$6 per thousand for the plants; did not go near them for two or three days, supposed they were all right, and when we did go, found the little black flea had completely eaten them up. Upon inquiry we found that a friend of ours had purchased some tobacco dust at \$25 per ton. He said if we used that it would keep off these little rascals. We reset, and watched very carefully every day, and when the dew was on we always tried to get on our dust, and it stayed on better. But dew or no dew, when these little chaps get on, put on a little dust—a small handful will do a number of plants. When small, we advise for this purpose to use about one-fourth air-slacked lime, thoroughly mixed with the tobacco. We have used this tobacco during very dry spells, when cabbage sometimes get covered with white lice, with excellent results. Our tobacco is almost as fine as snuff, and dry. It is better to have some on hand, ready when these little fellows come. So don't put off your orders too late, as in the spring there is a demand for much more than we can furnish, and orders have to wait until we can get some from the factory.

In packages of 100 pounds, \$1; or in 1,000 or 2,000 pound lots, \$18 per ton. Tobacco stems, put up in 100-pound bales, \$1; or in ton lots, \$15. A number of our customers have clubbed together and bought in 1,000 and 2,000-pound lots, which is best. Always say how you want it—by express or freight, otherwise we send by freight from Richmond, Va.; and also say by what road, if you know. Your agent will advise you which is the most direct line from Richmond. Remember to make all post-office orders payable at Richmond. Our freight and express offices are Richmond, Va.

PARSLEY AND THYME.

These are beautiful herbs, and should be in every garden. We can send by mail one large root of thyme for 15 cents. If by express with other stock, only 5 cents. Our parsley seed is of our own growing, and is a most beautiful curly variety; just the kind for market gardeners. We mail this two ounces for 12 cents; one half pound, 35 cents; one pound for 60 cents, postage paid.

ASPARAGUS ROOTS.

	BY MAIL.		BY EXPRESS.	
	DOZEN.	100.	1,000.	
Palmetto, one-year roots	40	\$1 00	\$4 00	
Barr's Mammoth, one year	40	1 00	4 00	
Conover's Colossal	40	1 00	4 00	

TUBEROSES FOR THE LADIES.

The ladies and children all love flowers, and we have a very large supply of small tuberose bulbs that are ready to plant out in the spring as soon as it gets warm. We will send you one hundred of these small bulbs by mail, postage paid, for 50 cents, fifty for 30 cents, twenty-five for 20 cents. Planted this spring will give you a nice lot of flowering bulbs for next year, and a great many small ones, so in two years you can have a large stock for only 50 cents. They should be planted about six inches apart in the row, about two or three inches deep. Parties who desire 1,000 can have them sent by express for \$3.

OSAGE HEDGE PLANTS.

One year, \$3 per 1,000; two-year hedge plants we consider worthless.

Nitrate of Soda, Muriate of Potash, Sulphate of Potash.

We have made arrangements to furnish the above f. o. b. cars at Baltimore at the following prices :

Nitrate of soda, 100-pound lots	\$ 3 00	Muriate of potash, 1,000 pounds	\$21 25
500-pound lots	13 75	2,000 pounds	42 50
1,000-pound lots	22 50	Sulphate of potash, 100 pounds	3 00
2,000-pound lots	45 00	500 pounds	13 75
Muriate of potash, 100-pound lots	2 75	1,000 pounds	25 00
500-pound lots	12 50	2,000 pounds	50 00

PEACH TREES.

We have the three best peaches grown—viz., Elberta, Champion, and Crosby. What in the world is the use of planting so many worthless kinds when you can get the best at these prices? We will send you 3 June-budded of either kind, by mail, for 30 cents, or 12 for \$1; 100 by express for \$5. We have some larger trees, 2 to 3 feet, by express, 12 for \$1.50, 100 for \$10, 500 for \$40. Our trees grow, and these small trees are better than large ones.

The Ohio Experimental Station sent out an emergency bulletin, cautioning every one against buying trees from New Jersey and Long Island, February 1, 1895. Send and get it. But buy your trees in Virginia, where they are strong and healthy.

PLUMS.

Marriana.—A vigorous grower. We have a large stock of these plums. It is a very productive plum, and young trees can be raised from cuttings. It is considered by many to be the best stock for budding other plums on. Comes into bearing very young, and very healthy. Holds its foliage very late in the fall. Mailing size, 10 cents each; 3 for 25 cents; 100, \$4, by express. It is a very handsome tree.

Correction of Our Mailing List.

If parties receive more than one catalogue we would be pleased to have you notice wrapper, and let us know what letter is written on same—A, B, C, D, and so on, so we can tell in what book your name appears. Should any party get our catalogue who does not want same, please drop us a line and your name can be taken off our list. But please observe the letters on wrapper, so we can find name.

OGLE COUNTY, ILL., January 28, 1895.

Gents: The plants I got of you last spring did exceedingly well. *No Name* bore until July 24th, and they were large and fine for spring-set plants. I pulled all the blossoms off two or three times, and then they still bloomed and bore fruit. D. J. PIPER.

Friend Piper, we advise you to take care of *No Name*. It will be wanted, and those who have none will kick themselves. If we were confined to one berry to-day we would take *No Name*, and \$1,000 would not buy a plant if we had the entire stock in our hands to-day.

FREMONT, N. H., February 23, 1894.

Friend Thompson: Rio Vista, Va.,—I would like to try a few of the Elberta peach. How late in the spring do your peach trees start to grow? I presume we would be obliged to keep the trees in the cellar a few weeks before you could set them out. Do you think we could manage them so they would live? The trouble with northern-grown peach trees is the yellow. Nurserymen will get Tennessee pits, but use diseased buds.

Very truly yours,

GEORGE F. BEEDE.

Mr. Beede explains why the southern-grown peach is best.

ONE-HORSE PLOWS.

Every reader of this catalogue needs a one-horse plow. We have made arrangements for a large quantity of these plows at a very low price, so we can sell one for \$2, or two for \$3.50, and an extra point with each plow. You need it yourself, and the boys want one; so better buy two. Hundreds of these plows in use about here. Cheapest plow in the world. This is not a toy, but the best one-horse plow in the world for the money.

DINWIDDIE COUNTY, VA., January 1, 1895.

GENTS: Your little one-horse plows at \$2 are the best plows I ever used.

HENRY W. SMITH.

INGHAM COUNTY, MICH., June 21, 1894.

GENTS: The plows arrived all O. K., and everyone is pleased with them. Don't see how you can afford to sell them so cheap.

NELSON H. BAIRD.

SOME GRAND OFFERS FOR EVERYONE.

No. 1.—12 Timbrell, 12 Omega, 12 Phillips' Seedling, 12 Princeton Chief, for \$1. by mail ; 100 of each, by express, \$4 ; 1,000 of each for \$20, by express.

No. 2.—12 Omega, 12 Beverly, 12 Phillips' Seedling, 12 Lovett, 12 Warfield No. 2, for \$1, by mail ; 100 of each, by express, \$3 ; 1,000 of each for \$16.

No. 3.—12 Timbrell, 12 Lovett, 12 Marshall, 12 Greenville, 12 Princeton Chief, \$1 ; 100 of each by express, \$4 ; 1,000 of each, \$30.

No. 4.—12 Thompson, 12 Victor Hugo, 12 Marshall, 12 Brandywine, 12 Aroma, 12 Rio, 12 Tennessee Prolific, 12 Bisel, 12 Murray, 12 Omega, 12 Ivanhoe, 12 Splendid, 12 Cyclone, by mail, \$6 ; by express, 100 of each, \$20 ; 1,000 of each for \$100. This is one of the greatest offers ever made. Look at this fine selection.

No. 5.—1,000 Tennessee, 1,000 Rio, 1,000 Ivanhoe, 1,000 Greenville, 1,000 Bisel, 1,000 Marshall, 1,000 Timbrell, 1,000 Splendid, 1,000 Cyclone, 1,000 Princeton Chief, for \$100, with 1,000 *No Name* free.

No. 6.—5,000 Greenville, 5,000 Tennessee Prolific, 5,000 Cyclone, 5,000 Phillips' Seedling, 5,000 Bubach No. 5, 5,000 Beverly, 5,000 Princeton Chief, 1,000 Bisel, 1,000 Splendid, \$130, with 1,000 *No Name* free.

No. 7.—2,000 Timbrell, 2,000 Marshall, 2,000 Splendid, 2,000 Aroma, 2,000 Princeton Chief, 2,000 Rio, 2,000 Tennessee Prolific, 2,000 Cyclone. This fine selection for only \$150, with 2,000 *No Name* free.

No. 8.—2,000 Beverly, 2,000 Phillips' Seedling, 2,000 Lovett, 2,000 Warfield, 2,000 Gandy, 100 Splendid, 100 Rio, 100 Cyclone, 100 Ivanhoe, 100 Bisel, 100 Marshall, 100 Aroma, for \$40.

No. 9.—*We want every person to send us one order this year, if only for \$1, and see what we will send you:* 12 Timbrell, 12 Princeton Chief, 12 Greenville, 12 Splendid, 12 Marshall ; or

No. 10.—Another grand offer. 1 Champion gooseberry, 1 Japanese wineberry, 1 Miller raspberry, 1 Sanford blackberry, 1 Rocky Mountain cherry, 1 Crosby, 1 Elberta peach, and 1 Eureka raspberry—all for \$1 ; both 9 and 10 to one address for \$1.75.

No. 11.—3 Worden grape, 3 *Moore's Diamond* (the finest white grape in cultivation), 3 Niagara, 3 Clinton, 3 Jonas (a magnificent new white grape)—all for \$1. We will send collections 9, 10, and 11 to one address for \$2.60 ; and we will send them all free by mail, with the understanding that you will show them to your friends and try to send us more orders.

4 NEW GRAPES.

COLUMBIAN GRAPE

COLUMBIAN.

Claimed to be the largest grape ever placed on the market, and forms large, compact clusters. It is an excellent table grape and excels all others for jelly. Vine a strong grow-

er, free from mildew; enormously productive of handsome clusters of immense grapes; black in color; ripening medium season. 75 cents each; 3 for \$2, post-paid.

HORTIC'L DEP'T MICH'N STATE FAIR,
September, 1894.

GENTS: The grape you exhibited at our State Fair, held at Detroit, Mich., called the Columbian, is a marvellously beautiful grape. It excelled in size and beauty anything that was exhibited at our fair. I consider this

grape a wonder and a treasure to the horticultural world. It has distanced all other grapes both in size, beauty, and exquisite flavor. No man's fruit-garden will be complete without this grape.

FRANK MAYNARD, Supt. Hort. Dept.

We have a new red grape, the most beautiful grape we ever saw. We are preparing to introduce this grape more thoroughly next year. It neither rots nor mildews. Such loads of grapes we never saw on a vine. Most of the spurs have four clusters and some five. We feel confident that this is the coming red grape of the United States. It is a seedling of Delaware and Clinton; bunch and berry one-third larger than Delaware; same color; vine vigorous, healthy; been thoroughly tested North and South. We are confident of the success of this grape. We offer a few one-year-old vines at \$1 each this spring. This red and Moore's Diamond and Thompson's Early Black grape are the three best-paying grapes in our vineyard. The THOMPSON is the earliest black grape in our vineyard. None for sale. Parties who are interested can see these grapes in full bearing on our grounds next season.

FORT COLLINS, COL.,
March 4, 1892.

Mr. PENNOCK:

Dear Sir,—Yours of March 2d at hand, and in reply as to my opinion in regard to the improved Dwarf Rocky Mountain Cherry, I think it a very valuable acquisition to the small-fruit family. I have grown it for twelve years, and I find it strictly hardy and a prolific bearer. It will commence to fruit at two years old, and in size will compare favorably with the English Morello, is much sweeter, and a better sauce and table fruit.

The stock that I have is what you told me of thirteen years ago. I went up in the mountains and got the stock the next spring. Yours truly,

W. C. HART,
Superintendent Mining Department
(Northern Division) World's Fair
Commission.

Price of young trees by mail, 18 inches high, 50c. each; smaller size, three for \$1.

ROCKY MOUNTAIN CHERRY.