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NEW AND UP TO DATE.

SUPPLEMENT TO

J. VAN LINDLEY'S CATALOGUE

For 1898 and Spring of 1899.

Pomona Hill Nurseries

POMONA, N. C.

Great Leading Specialties

FOR THE COMING SEASON:

THE NEW PEACHES,
Eureka, Carman and Matthews Beauty,

THE "BIG 4" JAPANESE PLUMS,
Red June, Abundance, Burbank and Chabot, the Leaders for Market,

ORIENTAL PEARS,
Give Fruit in abundance, Keiffer is the Leader, followed by LeConte, Garber and Golden Russet.

THE CHINESE STRAIN OF PEACHES
Are the Leaders.

OLD BUT NOT OUT OF DATE.
MR. J. VAN. LINDLEY,
Pomona Hill Nurseries,
Pomona, N. C.

DEAR SIR: It gives me pleasure to add my opinion to the many you will doubtless have in regard to the Greensboro Peach.

As Chairman of the Fruit Grower’s Meeting at Southern Pines, N. C., on the 20th of June, I had occasion to examine the specimens you there presented, grown in the more elevated and colder sections about Greensboro. The fruit shown was in about the same stage of ripening as the Alexanders from the same section, both being dead ripe and soft. The sight of those large and luscious Peaches, as large and fine as Old Mixon Free, ripe with the earliest, was a revelation to me in Peaches. As I told you at the time I do not think I would have given that Peach out to the trade until I had gotten a large orchard into bearing ahead of the rest. I do not see how it is possible for the Greensboro to fail to become the standard of excellence among extra early peaches.

Yours truly,

W. F. MASSEY,
Prof. of Horticulture, N. C. A. & M. College.
HEALTHY STOCK. TRUE TO NAME.

PREFACE.

POMONA HILL NURSERIES,

POMONA, N. C., January 1st, 1898.

TO MY MANY PATRONS:

I greet you again with my best wishes and many thanks for your continued patronage. The records of this office for the past year show that more nursery stock has been shipped by these nurseries than in any year of its history, having received and shipped over 20,000 orders during the year. So I feel the people appreciate my constant care and vigilance in getting together the cream of new fruits suited to the Southland. Our efforts to keep these nurseries up to the highest standard as to varieties, healthy stock, true to name, are unceasing, and from the number of orders which we get the people have found it out.

In this supplement I bring forward for 1898 the most valuable peaches, we think, yet introduced. Although surprising, it is with pleasure we note the great improvements in peaches, the queen of fruit for the South. The Chinese Seedling Peaches are springing up all over the United States, and are all proving hardy and great bearers. They are revolutionizing the Peach, like the Japan Plums are the European plums. Most of the list of peaches in this supplement are of the Chinese class, as are also Sneed and Greensboro. They are fully proven in most sections of the country.

NEW FRUITS OF SPECIAL NOTE.

Improvement is the order of the day in all lines of trade in this fast age of our American history, but in nothing has there been more rapid strides than in fruits, especially during the last few years in the South. In this supplement you will find a list of choice and rare fruits just brought out, also a few older varieties which I have added again to my list, as they are wanted in some sections.

THE SAN JOSE SCALE AND OTHER TREE DISEASES.

On account of the importation of fruit trees to our State from sections infested with San Jose scale this terrible tree pest has appeared in several sections of North Carolina. But it has never appeared in these nurseries, and no complaint has been received. To become thoroughly posted, and to avoid all possible danger, I visited some of the infested orchards and brought samples here so as to acquaint my foreman and all my nursery force with it. So we are on the watch, and it can never get a start in our grounds. To further protect my nursery against disease I have arranged with the North Carolina Experimental Station for the State Entomologist to examine my nursery carefully every six months and to give me a renewal certificate each time.

NO YELLOWS. NO SCALE
No. 1.  certificate of examination of nursery stock.

To Whom it May Concern:

This is to Certify, That on the 17th and 18th days of September, 1897, the nursery grounds of J. Van Lindley, at Pomona, N. C., were personally inspected by me; that the growing stock gave no indication of any species of insects designated as dangerous pests by this Commission, and was apparently healthy in every respect. This certificate does not extend to a longer period than six months from date of examination.

(Signed) W. F. MASSEY,
State Botanist and Entomologist.

Approved for the Commission.

W. A. WITHERS,
Chairman.

APPLES.

Star Apple.—Originated in New Jersey. The largest early apple known, measuring 10 to 12 inches in circumference. Color, yellowish pale green; quality, pleasant sub-acid; a very superior cooking, and a very good eating apple. An annual bearer. Its great size and early bearing qualities make it one of the most valuable for market. Season in North Carolina, June 20th to J y 20th. Price 50c. each.
Bismarck.—This is one of the great German apples, of dwarfish habit. A young and prolific bearer, often bearing at one year of age from graft. Introduced from New Zealand to Germany and has been successfully tested throughout Europe as well as the United States and Canada, and wherever grown it has shown astonishing revelation, not only in high quality, but in hardiness, and especially in earliness in fruiting. Where grown in pots it makes quite an ornament for decorative purposes. Fruit brilliant color, very handsome, large, tender, pleasant sub-acid and of a distinct and most delicious flavor. A fine desert and cooking apple. 1 year old trees, 1½ to 2 feet, $1.00 each.

Scotch Red.—Originated in an old Scotch settlement, where it sprang up from an accidental seed in a briar thicket on the farm of Mr. P. P. McRae, in Robeson county, N. C. Medium size; dark red color, and shape is exactly like the old Carolina Red June. It is a rich, fine qualified sweet apple. Season, late September and October. A very beautiful and valuable sweet autumn apple. As a table ornament no finer show can be had. Price 50cts. each.

Red Hub.—Originated in an old pine field on farm of J. Hub Frazier, in Forsyth county, N. C. It is a large, fine, summer apple, blushed and striped with red; juicy and fine in quality. One of the best July apples, far superior to Old Summer Queen. Price 50cts. each.

Gordon Seedling.—From Gates county, N. C. Medium to large, oblate; red with white specks. Season, late fall; very popular in Eastern North Carolina. Price 25cts. each.

Baldwin.—An old northern winter apple. One of the leading northern and western apples. Succeeds well in Western North Carolina, and other similar sections. As this apple is generally well known a further description is not deemed necessary. Price 25cts. each.

Winter Sweet Paradise.—Medium; yellow; good bearer and fine quality. Popular in many sections. Price 25cts. each.

Farthing’s No Bloom.—A novelty in the fruit line. A medium sized striped apple of good quality from Watauga county, N. C. Produces its fruit without showing its bloom, hence its name. An annual bearer and never gets killed by frost. Price 75cts. each.
PEACHES.

The Coming New Peach.

Carman. The great Texas seedling. Originated and introduced by J. W. Stubenraugh, of Texas, of which he says to me under date of June, 1897, in size it is large, measuring from 8 to 10 inches in circumference. Color, creamy white or pale yellow, covered for the most part with a deep blush. Free stone. Ripens with Early Rivers. Free from rot; hardy in bud. Has never failed to bear good crops since the first in 1893, (making six successive crops, including this one,) when other varieties failed that year and in 1893, also in 1894 when nearly all peaches were a failure it bore a full crop, and this, year, 1897, two thirds of a full crop while others are more or less a failure.

In a card dated June 14, 1897, he says, "Will ship you box Carman peaches tomorrow per express as requested." I received same, about one peck, on 16th in perfect condition, (they appeared to have been full ripe when picked) except some were bruised on account of not being packed close enough, but there were no signs of decay after their long journey in a tight box, and were as large and fine looking as the average Elberta; quality good to best; freestone; excelling any peach ripening at that time. I had some of them ten days after perfectly sound. Price 50c. each.

What Others Say.

SHERMAN, TEXAS, June, 16, 1897.

Dear Sir:—Carman is all right. Stubenraugh shipped me a box to-day, they are 9 inches circumference. Fine color. Ripe to seed, no worms, no rot. Early Rivers not ripe; Mamie Rose green. I am well pleased with Carman.

Yours truly, J. S. KERR.

A FRUIT GROWER IN GEORGIA SAYS: AUGUST 12, 1897.

I had the pleasure of examining several very fine specimens of a new variety of peaches exhibited to me by you on the 19th day of June, 1897. These I understand to be the Carman, and I can say that they were a revelation to me. Their size was far superior to that of any variety of peach I ever saw ripe at that season, being equal to the average Elberta. They were sound, highly colored and most attractive in appearance, having yellow and red skin with reddish white flesh of rich vinous flavor. I am convinced that the orchardists who first market these peaches in considerable quantities will reap golden harvest.

Very respectfully,

H. A. MATHEWS.

Rural New Yorker of N. Y., June 24, 1894, says (than which there is no better authority,) Carman peaches reached this office from Texas in first-class condition, and while fully ripe, kept for 24 hours longer, when they were eaten. In quality it was found to be first-class, having a decided aroma, characteristic of the northern Chinese type of peaches to which it belongs. In this as well as in general appearances, it outranks any and everything in the line of peaches, seen on the New York market.

In June, 1896, the Rural New Yorker has the following: Again J. W. Stubenraugh sends us a box of Carman peaches, shipped June 26 and reached this office July 1st. Every peach was ripe and perfectly sound. There was upward of 50 peaches in the box. They were beautifully colored and of excellent quality for so early a peach.

This year 1897, the Rural New Yorker says: On June 14, Mr. Stubenraugh, of Texas, shipped us a box containing one peck or more of the Carman peaches. The box was received on June 19, each peach was wrapped in a piece of newspaper, they were not closely packed so that several peaches were bruised, but not one showed the least sign of decay. The largest of them measured 9½ inches in circumference around and 10 inches the long Ray. Just about half of the peach
Peaches--Continued.

is striped and mottled with crimson, the rest being a light buff color. If such peaches could be sent to this or any other northern city in large quantities so early (we have as yet seen nothing to equal them in size and quality) we should suppose that the producer would be amply compensated.

Mr. Stubenaughter writes: For the fourth time I take pleasure in sending you samples of your namesake—the new peach, Carman. We are having too much rain for quality to be the highest, but still they hold their own in being the best of anything in the peach line we have. It is a grand sight to see these trees laden with this beautiful fruit while around them trees have little or nothing on.

What J. H. Hale, the great peach grower, says of the Carman: In this new hardy, rot-proof peach, ripening at same time as Early Rivers and yet almost as large and fine as Elberta itself, we have a peach of great market value. A large reddish peach with pale yellow skin, red blush on sunny side, white flesh, tender and melting, rich, sweet and superior flavor. By far the finest peach ripening ahead of Mountain Rose, and any man who fails to plant the Carman will soon learn his mistake. A big early yellow skinned peach of high quality is sure to be in great demand. Don't miss the Carman.

Carman.—The latest and best acquisition to the list of Peaches. On receiving a plate of this peach I thought it was entirely too large, so wrote the originator, a large fruit grower in Limestone county, Texas, in regard to same. His letters are so convincing that they will satisfy all lovers of fruit that the Carman is the most valuable peach yet introduced. Read his letters:

Mr. J. Van Lindley, Pomona, N. C.,

Dear Sir:—Upon returning home after several days absence I found your letter of the 4th inst. awaiting me. In reply will state if the Carman peach proves anything like as valuable with you as it does with us you have undoubtedly a grand peach. The plate you send, although somewhat overdrawn from fair average specimens, is in other ways a good representation of the Carman. It is a perfect freestone when fully ripe, as much so as “Miss Lolo.” The tree shows close kinship to the Elberta, it being a model of a tree. If it has any shortcomings at all they have never developed here.

Very truly yours,

J. W. Stubenaughter.

December 13th, 1897.

Second letter of January 3rd, 1898:

Mr. J. Van Lindley, Pomona, N. C.,

Dear Sir:—Your favor of some days since came duly to hand. I fully appreciate your desire in wanting to make sure of having the genuine Carman before offering it for sale. The parties you say you got it from got a lot of buds of me in the summer of 1896, and of course could furnish you. The Carman has a very large bloom, the leaves are the same as Elberta, glands being uniform.

Very truly yours, &c.,

J. W. Stubenaughter.

My idea in writing the originator of the Carman was to be sure I had the genuine, as I got my start of same from parties who had bought buds from him, and from Mr. Stubenaughter's letters above it will be seen I am offering only the genuine stock.

Eureka.—Originated in Northern Louisiana; was exhibited by L. T. Saunders & Son at the annual meeting of the National Association of Nurserymen at St. Louis, Mo., June 9th and 10th, 1897. They had a small crate there which made a fine show About the size and shape of Early Rivers, but a free stone of fine quality. The leading nurserymen present gave the Messrs. Saunders large orders for buds, thus showing their appreciation of the worth of the peach. The following is the description of the peach taken from Mr. Saunders' catalogue: “Eureka. Yes, I have found it. A China cling-seedling; and the best
Peaches—Continued.

early semi-cling ever introduced. Medium size; oblong creamy white with red blush; tender and juicy, and when fully ripe, clear seed or freestone. Very delicious flavor. Ripe last of June. Price 50cts each.

Bishop. —Large; crimson; white flesh; clear free stone. Valuable market sort; sure bearer and prolific. Ripens early in June—about three days later than Hynes’ Surprise. Price 25cts each.

Husted’s Early. —Large size, greenish white, nearly covered with dark red; clear free stone; flesh white, melting, juicy, good; very hardy and prolific. Ripens June 25th to July 5th, with the old Early Tillottson. Price 25cts each.

Early Rose. —A new seedling of Old Mixon Free; resembles it very much in size, color and quality. Ripens just previous to Mountain Rose, about July 10th. Very hardy and one of the best of its season. Price 50cts each.

Mamie Ross. —The finest early cling yet introduced. Ripens three or four days after Early Rivers. It is a Chinese Cling seedling, which it much resembles and is almost as large. White, nearly covered with delicate carmine flesh white; juicy and good quality. Very prolific and valuable. Price 25cts each.

Alice Haupt. —Originated by Capt. Haupt, of Texas, from a seed of Chinese Cling. A large cling, beautiful creamy skin, and white flesh; delicious; very hardy; a sure bearer. Ripe middle of July. Price 25cts each.

Family Favorite. —Large, white flesh, red cheek; free stone, sure bearer, prolific; seedling of Chinese Cling. This peach is making a most favorable record wherever known. Season, middle of July in North Carolina. Price 25cts each.


New Prolific. —A new peach from Michigan; very large, prolific; of finest quality, ripening latter part of July; yellow, with a blush; rich, juicy, fine quality; one of the greatest market varieties. Price 25cts each.

Reeves Favorite. —An old variety often called for. It is a large yellow free stone, with a fine red cheek; flesh yellow, red at stone; juicy, melting with a good vinous flavor. Ripe latter part of July. Price 25cts each.

Stonewall Jackson Cling. —A seedling of Chinese Cling, which it resembles very closely, but being so hardy and prolific it bears five times as much fruit. Ripens at same season of its parent. Price 25cts each.

Fitzgerald. —New. From Canada; fruited in Michigan. It is one of the hardiest peaches, both in bloom and tree; very prolific; large size, thick, solid flesh, seed very small, quality one of the best. It’s beautiful yellow color, shaded with red, makes it one of the most attractive peaches. Will be a leading market fruit when it becomes fully known. Ripens middle to last of July. Price 25cts each.

Everbearing Peach. —Described as follows by the introducer: One of the most remarkable peaches. The original tree, now nine years old, has produced fruit during six consecutive years. The first ripening begins the first of July, with successive crops until early September. Fruit of first ripening is about two inches in diameter. Skin creamy white, marked with light purple; flesh white, with red veins near the skin, very juicy, vinous and excellent flavor; quality very good to best: freestone of the Indian Blood type. Berckman’s Catalogue. Price, large sized tree one-year-olds, or June buds, 75cts each.

Bokara No. 3. —Of Asiatic origin. Extremely hardy in Northern and Western States. Ripens in Iowa middle of August, in North Carolina early in July. Fruit large, yellow with red cheek; tough skin; flesh firm, and of fine quality; a freestone; a splendid keeper and shipper. Price 50 cents.

Emma. —Large golden yellow; red cheek, yellow flesh; fine grain, juicy, fine flavor; freestone, prolific, good shipper; a very attractive market fruit. Season, middle of August. Of the Chinese Cling family. Price 25 cents each.

Hill’s Chili. —Medium, large; dull
THE NEW CLIMBING ROSE

"Empress of China"

A TRUE EMPRESS IN THE REALM OF FLOWERS.

Blooms Early, Late and All the Season.

Perfectly Hardy. Unequaled in Vigor of Growth.

The Most Perpetual Blooming Climber Now Known.

One-Half Natural Size.

One Year Outdoor Grown 50 Cents Each.


POMONA HILL NURSERIES,

POMONA, N. C.
THE VALUABLE NEW CLIMBING ROSE

"Empress of China,"

A True Empress in the Realm of Flowers.

This valuable new variety has been thoroughly tested for several years and is guaranteed to be of great worth. Its distinctive quality is its habit of true perpetual blooming, which is possessed by no other climbing rose in anywhere near the same degree. It commences to flower about the first week in May in the latitude of New York, and from that time, except under some especially trying circumstances, such as a protracted drouth, it will bloom continuously till late in the fall.

Hardiness and Vigorous Growth.—It is perfectly hardy, having withstood a cold of sixteen degrees below zero entirely unprotected and without injury. In vigor of growth, it is unsurpassed. Under only ordinary circumstances, it will make shoots from six to eight feet long in a single season.

The Blossom.—The flowers are small, but very delicate, waxy and fragrant, and are borne profusely. The bud is of especially pretty form, being pointed, very shapely, and of just the right size for the button-hole. The open flower is nearly double, and has much the appearance of a Tea Rose. The color is a soft dark red in the bud, and changes as the flower opens and grows older to a lighter red or pink, like an apple blossom.

The first plant in this country, and the one from which our stock was originally obtained, is growing near New York city, and covers nearly the entire front of a good sized house.

The variety was originally brought from China to the island of Cuba, and from there the plant mentioned above was brought to this country, where it proves perfectly adapted to the colder climate.

The owner of this plant writes about it as follows:—"The Rose for the past week has been a perfect show and attracts the attention of people in the street, who stop to admire it and will exclaim, 'Look at that Rose! Isn't it a beauty! ' There are hundreds of blossoms on it at one time. * * * It showed its first bloom this year May 6th." In another letter, he writes: "On the 6th of December, when the thermometer stood at twenty-six degrees and the ground was partially covered with snow, this plant showed a number of buds and blossoms."

Think of that! From May 6th to December 6th. Showed blossoms seven entire months out of the twelve, and that in a cold climate. This is distinctively the Rose for Amateurs, as it needs very slight attention and no protection whatever.

We feel that we can with perfect confidence promise thorough satisfaction to all purchasers of this valuable new rose.
Peaches—Continued.

Gary's Hold-on.—Large, yellow freestone. Similar to Smock, but a week later. 25 cents each.

West's October Peach.—This is the peach that some of the Georgia fruit growers are making a great furor over. I have seen and eaten the peach. It is of large size, yellow with red blush; flesh yellow, quality fine; freestone of the Crawford's late type; ripe about middle of September. Stock scarce for 1898. Price 75 cents each any sized tree, one-year-old or June buds.

A NEW PEACH.

Georgia, the Home of the Elberta, has given us another Peach of Equal if not Greater Merit.

The Matthews Beauty

(SOUTHERN BEAUTY.) (RANDOLPH.)

Originally called "Southern Beauty," then changed to "Randolph," now called "Matthews Beauty," Originated in the garden of Mr. Matthews, of Cuthbert, Ga. See testimonials.

This new peach is considered the greatest acquisition of any peach ever originated in Georgia, except Elberta, and as it ripens two weeks later and being better in quality and larger size than Elberta, it extends the season of fine market peaches at least two weeks, and this alone will forever hold for it one of the leading places as a great standard market variety. My stock is pure and genuine, and as proof of the same see true copy of Mr. Rawls' letter printed herewith, which was written me at the time he expressed me the six trees; also Mr. Kernodle's letter. Price 50 cents each.

(Copy.)

TALLASSEE, Ala., June 10th, 1897.

Mr. J. Van. Lindley, Pomona, N. C.,

DEAR SIR:—Your favor of the 7th to hand and noted. In 1894, while selling nursery stock in the Cuthbert, Ga., section, I boarded with Mr. Matthews, who had a new seedling peach in his garden, then in fruit, and called "Southern Beauty" at that time. One Mr. J. M. Rawls had grown some young trees from buds of the original tree in Mr. Matthews' garden, and as I saw it was destined to become one of the leading peaches I arranged with Mr. Rawls to send you one-half dozen of the young trees in exchange for one-half dozen Sneed Peach trees, so there is no doubt at all but what you have the genuine "Southern Beauty," now called Matthews' Beauty. The trees were propagated from the old original tree, and those sent you were of the first lot propagated. This peach is one of the finest I ever saw, ripening about the middle of August. It is of large size and most excellent quality.

Yours truly,

J. A. KERNODLE.

(Copy.)

CUTHBERT, Ga., Feb. 26, 1895.

Mr. J. Van. Lindley, Pomona, N. C.,

DEAR SIR:—I send you by this days' express six "Southern Beauty" peach trees which I consider of very fine quality. They ripen 15th August here, there I
Supplement to J. Van Lindley’s Descriptive Catalogue.

Suppose later, say 25th August. This peach has been propagated here—it is nowhere else that I ever heard of. Came from one seedling tree in the garden of J. G. Matthews, of this place. Fine flavor; extra large, freestone, yellow flesh and skin. Have seen some of them weigh over a pound—17 ounces.

I present you these and assure you that it is an extra peach and a new peach to horticulturists.

Plant them and you will discover all is true that I have said.

Very respectfully,

J. M. Rawls.


Matthews Beauty peach, from J. G. Matthews, Cuthbert, Ga., of the Smock strain, quality best; large, vinous, juicy, maturity August 5th to 15th; color yellow, with a few red streaks; free.

L. A. Berckmans, H. N. Starnes,
J. C. Miller, L. A. Rumph,
J. H. Watkins, Committee.

Georgia Experiment Station.

Experiment Station, Ga., June 3rd, 1897.

Dear Sir:—I was very much pleased with your new peach, “Matthews’ Beauty,” specimens of which I saw and tasted at the Horticultural exhibit in Griffin last year. I consider it a handsomer and much more highly flavored fruit than “Elberta.”

Very truly,

R. J. Redding,
Director.

Agricultural Experiment Station,
Abum, Ala., June 4, 1897.

Dear Sir:—Replying to your favor of June 1st, I remember your new peach very well, as I saw it exhibited at Griffin last summer. It impressed me as having all the requisites for a successful market peach, and its season of ripening, following Elberta, would make it particularly desirable for the Middle and Southern fruit section. Of course I can say nothing of the fruitfulness or vigor of the tree.

Yours truly,

F. S. Earle,
Horticulturist and Mycologist.

The Dean Pear.

A very large pear that has been bearing regularly near Oak Ridge, Guilford county, N. C., for more than forty years. In appearance it resembles both Bartlett and Duchesse, as large as Duchesse and better in quality; ripens between Bartlett and Duchesse, making it a very valuable pear, and of good quality. Price $1.00 each.

Cherries.

Luellen.—A late, large, dark red cherry from California. Price 60cts. each.

Hoke.—A Duke variety, originated in Pennsylvania. Large, roundish heart shaped; dark purplish red, skin thick, tough, resisting rot in wet weather; small stone; flavor, sub-acid, sprightly; quality best; ripe last of May. Price 50cts. each.

Osthime.—A new Russian variety of the Morello class. Price 50cts. each.
NEW PLUMS.
Chickasaw or Wild Goose Group.

Kelley.—Originated in South Carolina; introduced by R. Bates, Jackson, Aiken county, S. C.; a leading farmer and fruit grower. He describes it as medium in size; color, yellow; quality good; a prolific bearer, ripening in May, thus being the earliest plum ever introduced. Price $1.00 each.

Yellow Wild Goose.—This grand new plum was also introduced by Mr. R. Bates, of South Carolina, and described by him as follows: “Large, equal in size to the old Wild Goose and ripening at same time. The original tree rarely misses a crop. The tree is known to be at least sixty-three years old and is in perfect health and bearing condition. Quality better than Wild Goose.” For more than twenty years I have been searching for a plum of the above description, of a hardy nature like the Wild Goose, and I believe I have at last found it, and this is the first time it has been offered to the public. 75 cts. each.

Tennant Prince.—An Oregon seedling of European class, very large blue plum and a prolific bearer. Price $1.00 each.

NEW JAPAN PLUMS.
I have not fully tested the following, but all are fine so far as tested. Price 75 cents each.

Hale, White Kelsey,
Mikado, Shoro,
Moro, Normond.

Yeddo, Excelsior,

After experimenting with Japan Plums for six years budded on Peach root and on Marianna Plum root, planted side by side, I find those budded on Peach stock are the largest, more thrifty and have produced the best corps. So I have commenced growing them on Peach stock and can recommend them. I also have them on Plum stock, and can furnish them either way. In ordering, if you want them on Plum, so state, otherwise they will be furnished on Peach stock, as I am convinced that satisfaction will be given that way. Even Wild Goose Plums do better on Peach roots than on Plum roots, so says Mr. Jones, of Georgia, a gentleman of about seventy years, and a fruit grower of established reputation.

Ligustrum Amurense.
(Amoor River Privet.)

The best evergreen hedge plant; holds its bright green color both summer and winter. Somewhat of a dwarfish nature, but in a few years makes a splendid evergreen hedge which is an ornament to any place, great or small. It is one of the most popular ornamental hedge plants south. Has stood cold of 20 degrees below zero without injury. The California Privet is a much better grower and in the summer and autumn has more beautiful foliage, but during the winter its leaves become dingy red and by mid-winter, sheds badly, though far South it holds its leaves in good condition through the winter. Either makes a good hedge. Where a hedge is wanted to stay green all winter, plant the Amoor River Privet. Strong single plants, 25cts. each. Prices will be made per 1000 on application.

SHADE TREES &c.

Lombard Poplar.—7 to 8 feet, 75cts. each.
Cottonwood.—Similar in appearance when young to Carolina Poplar. 7 to 8 feet, 75cts. each.
Scotch Pine.—Makes a fine, dark green, rugged, stately tree. 3 to 4 feet, $1.00.
FLOWERING SHRUBS.

American Holly.—Nursery grown stock, 3 years old, 75cts. each.

Spirea Anthony Waterer.—A new crimson-flowered variety, one of the most beautiful of dwarf, flowering shrubs. It makes a low, compact bush, 15 to 18 inches high, and is covered the whole growing season with large numbers of deep crimson flowers. Perfectly hardy it makes a fine, compact plant for low clumps or for bedding purposes, and also makes a fine pot plant for house decoration. One year old plants, 60 cts. each.

The Bengoume Apricot.—Blooms extremely early, hence it rarely fruits. The blooms are large and very showy and beautiful. When kept trimmed in a shrub-like shape it is a thing of beauty. Blooms in early spring before any other plant. In very favorable locations it will occasionally fruit. Every lover of flowers should have this tree. Price 75cts. each.

NEW ROSES.

President Carnot Rose.—This new French Tea Rose is a strong, clean, healthy grower, bronzy green foliange, and large elegant shaped buds. Flowers large, of exquisite shape, with heavy, thick, shell-like petals. Buds long and pointed, on long stiff stems. Color, delicate rose flesh, shaded a trifle deeper at center. The softest pink of all. A prunus boomer. 1 year, out-door grown, $1.00 each.

Earl of Duffreing, (H. P.)—Rich, brilliant velvety crimson. Large, full, fine form and fragrant. 50 cts. each.

Alfred Colcomb, (H. P.)—Carmine crimson; large, full, fine globular form. 50 cts. each.

Ulrich Bruener, (H. P.)—Bright crimson, large, well formed, a splendid rose. 50 cts. each.

Coquet des Lyon, (H. P.)—White, tinged, with yellow, making it a beauty. 50 cts each.

Waltham Climber.—Dark red; one of the best autumn bloomers. 50 cts. each.

The New Rose—“Yellow Rambler.”—This new rose is a seedling of the Japanese Polyantha, Sarmantosa. It blooms after the same manner of Crimson Rambler, in large trusses, often as many as 120 to 150 blooms in a cluster. The flowers are very sweet and fragrant, and last three to four weeks without fading. It is a very vigorous grower, making shoots 6 to 10 feet in one season, as the plant becomes well established. This rose will be very scarce for a year or two. Price, strong one year old plants, $1.00 each.

TREE ROSES.

Stock Limited.

Tree Roses are varieties of the best blooming roses budded on strong Wild Rose stocks imported from Europe and, known as Rosa Canina. The best hardy blooming roses only are budded, and are from three to six feet high. The fine running Roses are also worked in the same manner, which makes a fine show in lawns or cemeteries. They bloom the first year after planting.
The cut represents a running Rose, such as Crimson Rambler. The fine everbloomers and Teas make a fine show and do well on these stocks. When planted they should be staked so as to hold their heavy tops up. On account of their height and heavy tops, they lean badly if not properly staked for a year or two. We do not furnish this class of roses in named varieties. When ordering give colors wanted and order will be filled as near as possible to what is ordered.

3 to 4 feet, $2.00 each for 1 variety on each stalk.
4 to 6 feet, $2.50 each for 1 variety on each stalk.
8 to 4 feet, $2.50 each for 2 varieties on each stalk.
4 to 6 feet, $3.00 each for 2 varieties on each stalk.
RETAIL PRICE LIST.
1898 and Spring 1899.

Apples—See description, pages 7 to 13, and Supplement.
General Varieties, 4 to 6 feet, 2 and 3 years old...........................................$ .25
Early Colton, Red Hub, Star and Scotch Red.......................................................... .50
Red June and Yellow Transparent, 3 to 4 feet............................................................ .25
Red June and Yellow Transparent, 4 to 6 feet............................................................ .50
Bismarck, 1½ to 2 feet........................................................................................................1.00
Farthing’s No Bloom........................................................................................................... .70
Ornamental and Preserving Crabs......................................................................................50

Peaches—See pages 14 to 19, and Supplement.
General Varieties, 3 to 5 feet, 1 year old.................................................................. .25
Carman, Eureka, Matthews or Southern Beauty, Early Rose and Bokara.................................. .50
Everbearing and West’s October...................................................................................... .75
Dwarf and Ornamental Peach.......................................................................................... .50

Pears—See pages 20 to 22.
General Standard Varieties, 4 to 6 feet, except noted below........................................ .75
Dwarfs................................................................................................................................. .60
Koonce, Crisco, Dean, Lucy Duke and Alice Payne, Standard and Dwarf...............................1.00
Lincoln Coreless, Standard and Dwarf........................................................................... 1.50

Cherries—See page 23.
Hearts and Bigarreaux, nice trees, 1 and 2 years old, 4 to 6 feet............................... .60
Dukes and Morellos, nice trees, 1 and 2 years old, 3 to 4 feet........................................... .50

Plums—See pages 24 to 27.
European Type, 4 to 6 feet............................................................................................. .75
Chickasaw and Native Varieties (except Wild Goose).................................................... .75
Wild Goose......................................................................................................................... .50
Oriental Varieties (except those named below).............................................................. .50
Wickson.................................................................................................................................. .75
Kelley and Tennant Prune................................................................................................. 1.00

Japanese Persimons—(See page 28) 2 to 3 feet, finely rooted......................................... 1.00

Apricots—See page 27.
American and European Varieties.................................................................................. .50
Japan Varieties.................................................................................................................... .75

Nectarines—See page 28................................................................................................... .50

Mulberries—See page 28 (except New American). .......................................................... .35
New American..................................................................................................................... .50

Quinces—See page 29 (except Meech’s). ......................................................................... .50
Meech’s................................................................................................................................. .75

Figs—See page 29............................................................................................................. .50

Grapes—See pages 30 to 31.
General Varieties, well rooted......................................................................................... .25
Ulster Prolific, Empire State, Early Victor, and Jefferson.................................................. .50
Lutie, Eaton, Moyer, Woodruff’s, and Moore’s Diamond.................................................. .50
Green Mountain.................................................................................................................. .75
MUSCADINE CLASS—Scuppernong and Meisch.............................................................. .50
James..................................................................................................................................... .75

Strawberries—See page 32..............................................................................................$2.50 per 100
Raspberries—See page 33. ........................................ 1.50 per doz
    Japan Wineberry ........................................... 3.00 “ “
Currants—See page 33 (except Fay’s). .......................... .50
    Fay’s ....................................................... .40
Gooseberries—See page 34 ........................................ .25
Blackberries—See page 34 ........................................ $2.00 per doz
Lucretia Dewberry ............................................ 1.50 “ “
Asparagus—See page 34 ........................................... 2.00 “ 100
Rhubarb, or Pie Plant—See page 34 .............................. .40
Nut Trees—See page 35.
    English Walnut, 2 to 3 feet ................................ 1.00
    Japan Walnut, 2 years, 4 to 5 feet ......................... 1.50
    American Chestnut, 3 to 5 feet ........................... .75
    Spanish Chestnut, 4 to 5 feet ............................ 1.00
    Japan Mammoth Chestnut, 2 to 3 feet ..................... 1.50
    Almonds, 4 to 6 feet ...................................... .50
    Filberts’s English Cob Varieties, 2 years ................. .75
    Pecans, 2 years, transplanted ............................. .75
Shade Trees—See page 35.
    Silver Maple, 7 to 8 feet .................................... .75
    Silver Maple, 12 to 14 ft., 10 ft. to first limbs .......... 2.50
    Sugar Maple, 6 to 7 feet ................................... 1.00
    Carolina Poplar, 7 to 8 feet .............................. 1.00
    Cottonwood, 7 to 8 feet .................................... 1.00
    Lombard Poplar, 7 to 8 feet ............................... 1.00
    Horse Chestnut, 5 feet ...................................... 1.00
    Kilmarnock Weeping Willow ................................ 1.50
    Umbrella (Texas) 3 feet ..................................... .75
    Amoor River and California Privet, 2 feet ................ .25
    Japan Varnish Tree, 3 feet ................................ 2.00
Evergreens—See page 36.
    Scotch Pine, 3 to 4 feet. Stocky ........................... 1.00
    American Arborvitae, 3 to 4 feet. Stocky ................ 75
    Balsam Fir, 18 inches to 2 feet ............................ 1.00
    Silver Fir, 2 feet .......................................... 1.00
    Norway Spruce, 18 inches to 2 feet ....................... 1.00
    Hemlock Spruce, 2 feet ..................................... 1.00
    Irish Juniper, 18 inches to 2 feet ........................ 1.00
    Magnolia Grandiflora ...................................... 1 ft. 75cts., 2 ft. $1.50, 3 ft. 2.25
    Golden Arborvitae, 18 inches. Stocky ........................ 1.50
    Globe Arborvitae, 18 inches to 2 feet ..................... 1.50
    Tom Thumb, 2 to 3 feet .................................... 1.00
    Dwarf Box .................................................. .25
    Tree Box ................................................... .75
    Euonymus, Hardy, broad-leaved Evergreen .................. .50
    Camellia Japonica. From greenhouse. 10 to 12 inches .... 2.00
    American Holly and Mahonia Aquifolium (Flowering Holly) .75
Ornamental and Flowering Shrubs and Vines—(See pages 36-37) ... .60
Roses—See pages 38 to 40.
    Open-ground grown (except those named below) ............ .50
    Golden Gate, Waban, Climbing Perle and American Beauty .75
    Yellow Rambler and President Carnot ........................ 1.00
    Tuberose Bulbs—The Pearl .................................. .20