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62.61
SAN JOSE SCALE.—We have a paper from the Department of Agriculture of the State of New York certifying that our nurseries were examined on the 15th day of August, 1899, and found free from San Jose Scale and all other contagious plant diseases, etc.

Rochester Commercial Nurseries

ESTABLISHED 1830.

LITTLE & CO.'S

SEMI-ANNUAL

PRICE LIST

FALL, 1899.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF SALE.

The prices quoted in this List are expected to apply only where the specified quantities are taken, except as follows strictly: *Where the order amounts to \$10 or over, five hundred will be supplied at thousand rate; fifty at the hundred rate, and six at the dozen rate.*

PACKING—The prices quoted in this list do not include the cost of packing. In lots of 100 and up, the cost of packing amounts to about one cent per tree for fruit trees of ordinary size. Large ornamental trees, of course, cost more, and shrubs, roses, etc., much less.

TRANSPORTATION—In furnishing trees, etc., on the terms of this Price List we cannot be responsible for the accidents or delays of transportation. All articles after leaving the Nursery in good condition, are entirely at the risk of the purchaser.

GUARANTY—We honestly believe every tree which we send out to be genuine and true to label; and we are willing, and hold ourselves ready in every instance where a variety does not prove to be the correct one, to refund the purchase money or replace the trees, free of charge to our customer; but beyond this we do not hold ourselves liable for constructive damages by reason of errors.

OUR OFFICE, Greenhouses and Nurseries are situated at the corner of Culver and Clifford streets, about three miles from the center of the city. We shall be happy to welcome our friends there, and if those intending to visit us will telephone to us before leaving the city we will meet them at the eastern end of the Parsells Avenue electric car line with carriage.

TERMS CASH, except by special agreement. On account of the perishable nature of the goods, *we decline to forward any orders C. O. D.*, unless accompanied by a remittance sufficient to secure us from possible loss.

Correspondence is invited from all those who are interested in purchasing or planting trees, either in *large or small* quantities.

Address,

LITTLE & CO.,

COMMERCIAL NURSERIES,

ROCHESTER, August, 1899.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.

FRUIT TREES, VINES, ETC.

	Per doz.	Per 100.	1,000.
APPLES, Standard, consisting of leading popular varieties. (See Descriptive Catalogue.)			
“ First-class, 3 and 4 years, 5 to 7 feet....	\$2 50	\$12 00	\$100 00
“ Medium, 4 to 5 feet.....	2 00	8 00	70 00
“ Extra size, 8-10 ft., transplanted,.....	9 00		
“ New and Scarce Varieties. (Arkansas Black, Red Bietigheimer, McIntosh Red, Lady).	3 00	15 00	
“ Beauty of Bath, Peter, Walter Pease...	3 00	15 00	120 00
“ BISMARCK—2 yr. buds, $\frac{1}{2}$ to $\frac{3}{4}$ in., branched	3 00	12 00	
“ “ 2 year buds, 3 feet, on Doucin stock (Dwarfs)	4 00	15 00	
Crab—SIBERIAN, TRANSCENDENT, HYSLOP, ETC....	2 50	12 00	100 00
PEARS, Standard, consisting of leading popular varieties. (See Descriptive Catalogue.)			
“ First-class, 2 and 3 years, 5 to 6 feet....	3 00	15 00	100 00
“ Selected, extra, 6 to 7 feet.....	4 00	25 00	120 00
“ Extra size, 3 and 4 years, 7 to 8 feet....	5 00	20 00	
“ Double Extra, 8-10 ft., transplanted,....	9 00		
“ Medium, 4 to 5 feet, nice trees.....	2 50	12 00	70 00
“ “ 3 to 4 feet.....	2 00	9 00	60 00
“ GARBER, CONFERENCE.....	3 00	15 00	
Dwarf—First size, 2 and 3 years.....	2 00	10 00	80 00
“ Medium size, 2 and 3 years.....	1 50	8 00	50 00
CHERRIES, Standard—1st class	4 00	20 00	180 00
“ CENTENNIAL.....	5 00	25 00	
“ Medium.....	3 00	15 00	140 00
PLUMS—First size, 5 to 6 feet, 2 and 3 years, fine.	3 00	15 00	100 00
Medium, 4 to 5 feet, very nice trees.....	2 50	10 00	60 00
Newer Sorts—Tennant Prune, Empire, Grand Duke, Wickson	4 00	20 00	
Giant Prune, Pacific Prune.....	4 00	20 00	
Japanese Varieties, 2 years, 1st class. (<i>Abundance, Burbank and Satsuma</i>)	3 00	15 00	
PEACHES—1 year, first size, home grown.....	2 00	8 00	60 00
Second size, very nice trees.....	1 50	6 00	45 00
GLOBE, WONDERFUL, GREENSBORO, TRIUMPH, FITZGERALD	3 00	10 00	
APRICOTS—On Peach, 1 and 2 years... ..	2 50		
NECTARINES—On Peach, 1 year.....	2 50		
QUINCES, Orange—4 to 5 feet.....	2 50	10 00	70 00
“ 3 to 4 feet.....	2 00	8 00	60 00
ANGERS—3 to 4 feet, strong	1 50	6 00	40 00
BOURGEAT	4 00	15 00	
CHAMPION—4 to 5 feet, very fine.....	2 50	10 00	70 00
“ 3 to 4 feet.....	2 00	8 00	60 00
MEECH'S PROLIFIC—3 to 4 feet....	3 00	12 00	
REA'S MAMMOTH—3 to 4 feet.	4 00	15 00	
CURRENTS—2 years.....	1 50	3 00	20 00
1 year, extra strong.....	1 50	2 50	15 00
FAY'S PROLIFIC—2 years.....	2 00	3 00	25 00
GOOSEBERRIES—HOUGHTON'S SEEDLING—2 years	2 00	3 00	20 00
DOWNING.....	2 50	4 00	25 00
INDUSTRY, WHITESMITH and CROWN BOB,....	2 50	12 00	100 00
BLACKBERRIES—KITTATINNY, WILSON ETC.....	1 50	2 00	15 00
LOGAN BERRY.....	2 00	8 00	
RASPBERRIES—HERSTINE, CUTHBERT, ETC., red.....	75	1 50	10 00
GOLDEN QUEEN, BRINKLES' ORANGE, ETC., yellow...	75	2 00	15 00
DOOLITTLE, GREGG, MAMMOTH CLUSTER, ETC., black.	75	1 50	10 00
MULBERRIES—RUSSIAN, very hardy, 5 to 6 feet.....	3 00	15 00	
WHITE, 5 to 6 feet	2 00	10 00	
“ 4 to 5 feet	1 50	8 00	

	Per doz.	Per 100.	1,000.
NUTS, Chestnuts—AMERICAN, 10 to 12 feet, fine trees.....	\$ 6 00		
“ “ 8 to 9 feet.	5 00		
“ “ 7 to 8 feet.....	4 00		
“ “ 6 to 7 feet.....	3 00		
“ “ 5 to 6 feet.....	2 00		
“ SPANISH, 3 to 4 feet.....	3 00	\$15 00	
“ “ 4 to 5 feet.....	5 00	20 00	
“ “ 5 to 7 feet.....	6 00	25 00	
Black Walnuts—5 to 6 feet.....	5 00	25 00	
NUTS, Butternuts—6 to 7 feet.....	3 00	20 00	
English Walnuts—4 to 5 feet..	4 00		
Hickory—6 to 7 ft.....	4 00		
Japanese Walnuts—New, 5 to 6 feet.....	5 00		
Filberts, in assortment, 3 feet... ..	2 50	15 00	
STRAWBERRIES—Leading sorts, layer plants.....		75	5 00
HARDY GRAPE VINES—			
Agawam—2 years.....	1 50	4 50	25 00
Brighton—2 years.....	2 00	6 50	50 00
Concord—2 years.....	1 50	3 00	15 00
Delaware—2 years.....	2 00	7 00	45 00
Diamond—2 years.....	2 50	7 00	50 00
Early Ohio.....	6 00		
Empire State—2 years.....	2 50	10 00	75 00
Green Mountain—2 years.....	6 00	40 00	250 00
Hartford—2 years.....	1 50	4 50	12 00
Lindley—2 years.....	1 25	5 00	22 00
Martha—2 years.....	1 50	6 00	38 00
Moore's Early—2 years.....	2 50	9 00	60 00
Moyer—2 years.....	2 50	10 00	80 00
Niagara—2 years.....	1 50	6 00	30 00
Pocklington—2 years.....	1 50	8 00	60 00
Salem—2 years.....	1 00	4 00	25 00
Ulster Prolific—2 years.....	2 50	12 00	90 00
Vergennes—2 years.....	2 50	10 00	60 00
Worden—2 years.....	1 50	5 00	30 00
Barry, Duchess, Eumelan, Herbert, Jefferson, Jessica, Lady Washington, Massasoit, Mills, Poughkeepsie Red.....	4 50	25 00	
Catawba, Champion, Clinton, Diana, Goethe, Iona, Isabella, Lady, Merrimack, Wilder.....	3 50	15 00	
N. B.—One year vines 20% off of above rates.			
FOREIGN GRAPES—Leading sorts.....	12 00		
RHUBARB—Linnæus, and other best sorts.....	1 00	5 00	
ASPARAGUS—2 years.....		1 50	6 00

ORNAMENTAL TREES SHRUBS, ETC.

DECIDUOUS TREES.

	Per doz.	Per 100.	1,000.
AILANTHUS—GLANDULOSA, 10 to 12 feet.....	\$ 4 00	\$	\$
ALDER—CUT LEAF, 6 to 8 feet.....	4 00		
“ 8 to 10 feet, fine.....	6 00		
ALMOND—See Shrubs, page 8.			
APPLE—FLOWERING, Schiedeckeri Sanguinea, Spectabilis and Parkmanni.....	5 00		
ASH—EUROPEAN, 6 to 8 feet.....	3 00	15 00	
“ 8 to 10 feet.....	4 00	20 00	
AMERICAN WHITE, 5 to 6 feet.....	3 00	20 00	
FLOWERING (<i>Fraxinus Ornus</i>), 5 to 6 feet.....	3 00		
BEECH—PURPLE, 3 to 4 feet.....	6 00	30 00	
“ 4 to 5 feet.....	7 00	40 00	
AMERICAN, 4 to 5 feet.....	5 00	25 00	
“ 5 to 6 feet.....	6 00	30 00	
“ 8 to 10 feet.....	9 00		
EUROPEAN, 4 to 5 feet.....	2 50		
BIRCH—EUROPEAN WHITE, 7 to 8 feet, handsome.....	3 00	15 00	
“ “ 9 to 10 feet.....	4 00	20 00	

	Per doz.	Per 100.	1,000.
BIRCH —BLACK OR CHERRY BIRCH (<i>Betula Lenta</i>) 3 to 4 feet..	\$3 00	\$15 00	\$
CANOE (<i>B. Papyracea</i>), 3 feet.....	1 50		
CUT LEAF, 4 to 5 feet.....	3 00	15 00	125 00
“ 5 to 6 feet.....	5 00	20 00	
“ 7 to 8 feet, extra.....	6 00	30 00	
“ 8 to 10 feet, twice transplanted..	10 00		
PURPLE LEAF, 4 to 5 feet.....	5 00		
PYRAMIDAL (<i>Fastigiata</i>), handsome, 5 to 7 ft.....	5 00		
“ “ “ 7 to 8 ft.....	6 00		
WEeping (“Young’s” and “Elegans Pendula”), worked 5 to 6 feet high.....	9 00		
CARAGANA ARBORESCENS —PENDULA, 8 to 10 feet, grafted.....	\$1.50 each.		
CATALPA —SPECIOSA, 8 feet.....	4 00	20 00	
“ 12 to 15 feet.....	9 00		
“ 15 to 18 feet, twice transplanted, 2½ to 3 inch caliper.....	15 00		
KAEMPFERI, 4 to 5 feet.....	3 00		
CEDRELLA SINENSIS —4 to 5 feet.....	6 00		
NOTE.—A beautiful, rapid growing tree resembling in general ap- pearance the <i>Ailanthus</i> , but with none of its disagreeable odor.			
CHERRY —DOUBLE WHITE FLOWERING, 5 to 7 feet.....	3 00	20 00	
“ “ “ 4 to 5 feet.....	2 50	10 00	
DOGWOOD —(<i>Cornus Florida</i>), 3 to 4 feet.....	2 50		
“ 4 to 5 feet.....	3 00		
For other varieties of Dogwood see Shrubs, page 9.			
ELM —AMERICAN, 15 to 20 feet: twice transplanted. fine specimens.....	\$3 00 each.		
“ 18 to 20 ft., once transplanted, taller stems, well adapted for street trees.....	\$2.00 each.		
“ 12 to 14 ft., 2 to 2½ inch caliper, twice transplanted.....	9 00	50 00	
“ 10 to 12 feet.....	6 00	30 00	
“ 9 to 10 feet.....	5 00	25 00	
“ 7 to 8 feet.....	4 00	20 00	
ENGLISH, 12 to 15 feet, extra, 2 inch caliper.....	15 00		
“ 10 to 12 feet.....	5 00		
“ 7 to 8 feet.....	4 00	20 00	
SCOTCH, 6 to 8 feet.....	4 00	20 00	
“ 8 to 10 feet.....	5 00	25 00	
“ 12 to 15 feet, extra, 2 to 2½ inch caliper.....	12 00		
“ 15 to 20 feet, fine, 3 in. caliper, ..	\$3 00 each.	25 00	
PURPLE LEAF (budded), 5 to 7 feet.....	5 00	25 00	
“ 10 to 12 feet.....	8 00		
“ 12 to 15 feet, 2 to 2½ inch caliper.....	15 00		
SILVER VARIEGATED (new) 15 to 20 feet.....	\$3 00 each.		
“ “ “ 10 to 12 feet.....	8 00		
“ “ “ 8 to 10 feet.....	6 00		
“ “ “ 6 to 8 feet.....	5 00		
HUNTINGTON (budded), 15 to 20 feet.....	\$3 00 each.	25 00	
“ “ 12 to 15 feet, ..	12 00		
“ “ 10 to 12 feet, erect and fine....	10 00		
“ “ 8 to 10 feet.....	6 00	40 00	
“ “ 6 to 8 feet.....	5 00	30 00	
CAMPERDOWN, 5 to 7 feet high, 2 year heads.....	8 00	50 00	
“ 5 to 7 feet high, 1 year head.....	7 00	40 00	
FILBERT —WEeping, 8 to 10 feet.....	\$1 50 each		
GINGKO —(See <i>Salisburia</i> , page 6.)			
HICKORY —(See page 3.)			
HORNBEAM —(Fine for hedges), 4 to 5 feet.....	2 00	10 00	75 00
WEeping.....	\$2 50 each.		
HONEY LOCUST —4 to 5 feet.....	3 00		
HORSE CHESTNUT —5 to 6 feet, fine.....	2 00	10 00	
6 to 7 feet.....	2 50	15 00	
7 to 8 feet.....	3 00	20 00	
8 to 10 feet.....	7 00	35 00	
YELLOW FLOWERING (<i>Pavia</i>) 5 to 6 ft.	5 00		
RED FLOWERING, 3 to 4 feet.....	6 00	30 00	
“ “ 4 to 5 feet.....	7 00	35 00	

	Per doz.	Per 100.	1,000.
MAPLE—SCHWEDLER'S, fine, new, purple, 7 to 8 feet. . . .	\$7 00	\$50 00	\$
“ “ “ 8 to 10 feet	9 00		
“ “ “ 4 to 5 feet.	5 00	25 00	
NOTE—This is one of the finest acquisitions of late years. It should be everywhere introduced.			
CUT LEAF, WIER'S, 6 to 8 feet	4 00	20 00	
“ “ “ 8 to 10 feet	5 00	25 00	
“ “ “ 10 to 12 feet.	6 00	30 00	
“ “ “ 12 to 15 feet, fine.	12 00		
“ “ “ 15 to 20 feet, 3 inch caliper. . . .	20 00		
“ “ “ 20 to 25 feet, fine specimens 3½ to 4 inch caliper.	30 00		
JAPANESE (<i>Acer Polymorphum</i>), 2 to 3 feet.	5 00		
“ “ “ 3 to 4 feet.	8 00		
“ GINNALA, 3 to 4 feet, stocky.	4 00	25 00	
NOTE—Ginnala is the hardiest of the Japanese Maples. It comes from the Northern part of Japan, and thrives where the Polymorphum varieties die.			
MULBERRY—WEEPING, new	6 00		
“ WHITE AND RUSSIAN, 4 to 5 feet	3 00	15 00	
“ “ “ 5 to 7 feet.	3 00	15 00	
OAK—AMERICAN WHITE, 3 to 4 feet.	3 00	15 00	
“ BLACK-OAK (<i>Q. Tinctoria</i>) 3 feet.	3 00	15 00	
“ DWARF (CHINQUAPIN), 4 to 5 feet, bushy.	6 00		
“ ENGLISH (<i>Robur</i>) 4 to 5 feet.	3 00	15 00	
“ MACROCARPA, 5 to 7 feet.	5 00		
“ “ “ 4 to 6 feet.	4 00		
“ “ “ 3 to 4 feet	3 00	15 00	
“ PALUSTRIS, 4 to 5 feet.	5 00	25 00	
“ “ “ 3 to 4 feet, stocky.	3 00	15 00	
“ RUBRA, 4 to 5 feet.	5 00		
“ “ “ 3 to 4 feet.	3 00	15 00	
“ SCARLET, 3 to 4 feet.	3 00	15 00	
“ SWAMP WHITE OAK (<i>Bicolor</i>), 2 to 3 feet.	3 00	15 00	
NOTE—We would call especial attention to our collection of Oaks. They are fine and have all been transplanted.			
PAULOWNIA IMPERIALIS, 3 feet.	4 00		
PEA TREE—(<i>Caragana Arborescens</i>), WEEPING. \$2 00 each.			
PLATANUS—ORIENTALIS, 6 feet.	3 00	15 00	
“ “ “ 8 to 10 feet	5 00	25 00	
“ “ “ 12 to 15 feet	12 00		
POPLAR—LOMBARDY, 6 to 8 feet.	1 50	8 00	
“ “ “ 8 to 10 feet.	2 00		
“ “ “ 10 to 12 feet.	4 00		
“ “ “ 12 to 15 feet.	5 00	20 00	
“ BOLLEANA, new, 6 feet.	4 00	20 00	
“ CAROLINA, 6 to 8 feet.	1 50	8 00	
“ “ “ 8 to 10 feet.	2 50	10 00	
“ “ “ 10 to 12 feet.	3 00	15 00	
“ “ “ 15 to 20 feet	10 00		
“ “ “ 1 year, 3 to 4 feet whips, best size for screens.	1 00	6 00	
PRUNUS PISSARDI—4 to 5 feet.	2 00	12 00	
“ “ “ 5 to 6 feet.	2 50	15 00	
“ “ “ 4 to 6 feet	4 00	20 00	
SALISBURIA—(GINGKO), 5 to 6 feet			
SOPHORA—JAPANESE WEEPING. \$2 00 each.			
SUMACH—CUT LEAF, 2 to 3 feet.	4 00	20 00	
“ “ STAG HORN (<i>Rhus Typhina</i>)— 2 to 3 feet.	4 00	20 00	
SWEET GUM—(LIQUIDAMBER), 4 to 5 feet.	4 00	20 00	
NOTE—The most brilliantly colored of all trees in Autumn.			
THORN—DOUBLE WHITE, PINK and SCARLET, 3 to 4 feet. . . .	4 00		
“ “ “ 4 to 5 feet.	5 00		
NOTE—For other varieties of Thorns see Shrubs, page 8, under head of Crataegus.			
TULIP TREE—8 to 10 feet.	6 00		
“ “ “ 6 to 8 feet, fine.	5 00	25 00	
“ “ “ 5 to 6 feet.	4 00	20 00	
WALNUT—See page 3.			

	Per doz.	Per 100.	1,000.
WILLOW—GOLD BARK , 4 to 5 feet.....	\$ 3 00	\$15 00	\$
JAPANESE, Lavalli, 18 to 20 inches.....	1 00		
KILMARNOCK, 2 year heads, fine	2 50	10 00	
LAURIFOLIA (<i>Lucida</i>), 5 to 6 feet	3 00	15 00	
NOTE—One of the very best of the Willow family. Its foliage is very handsome, shining as brightly as the leaves of the California Privet. It is iron-clad, as regards hardiness, even standing the winters of Northern Wisconsin.			
NEW AMERICAN and ROSEMARY, grafted.....	3 00	15 00	
SILVER LEAF, 4 to 6 feet.....	3 00	15 00	
COMMON WEEPING, (<i>Babylonica</i>) 6 to 9 feet.....	3 00	15 00	
“ 9 to 12 feet.....	4 00	20 00	
“ extra size, fine specimens, 18 to 20 feet. \$3 00 each.			
WISCONSIN WEEPING, 6 to 8 feet.....	3 00	15 00	
VIRGILIA LUTEA—YELLOW WOOD , 4 to 5 feet, fine plants.	8 00		
“ 3 to 4 feet	6 00		

EVERGREENS.

ARBOR VITÆ—AMERICAN , hedge plants, 10 to 15 inches...		5 00	35 00
“ “ “ 15 to 18 inches...		6 00	45 00
“ “ “ 20 to 24 inches...	2 00	7 00	50 00
“ 2 to 2½ feet	2 00	8 00	60 00
“ 3 to 4 feet.....	3 00	12 00	70 00
NOTE—All the above are fine bushy plants, twice transplanted.			
COMPACTA, 12 to 18 inches, bushy.....	3 00	15 00	
ARBOR VITÆ — HEATH LEAVED , 12 to 18 inches.....	3 00	15 00	
“ “ 2 to 2½ feet, bushy, handsome	4 00	20 00	
HOVEY'S GOLDEN, 12 to 18 inches	2 00	9 00	75 00
“ “ 18 to 24 inches.....	2 50	12 00	
“ “ 2 to 3 feet	3 00	15 00	
“ “ 3 to 4 feet, well formed specimens, 3 times transplanted	5 00	30 00	
PYRAMIDALIS, 10 to 15 inches		6 00	45 00
“ 12 to 18 inches.....	1 00	7 00	50 00
“ 18 to 24 inches	1 50	10 00	80 00
“ 2 to 3 feet.....	2 00	12 00	100 00
“ 3 to 4 feet, fine... ..	2 50	15 00	125 00
“ 4 to 5 feet	3 00	20 00	150 00
“ 5 to 7 ft. (three times trans- planted).....	8 00		
SIBERIAN, 12 to 18 inches.....	2 50	12 00	
“ 18 to 20 inches.....	3 00	15 00	120 00
“ 2 to 3 feet.....	4 00	20 00	150 00
TOM THUMB, 18 to 24 inches, bushy.....	3 00	15 00	120 00
“ 2 to 2½ feet, bushy, extra fine.....	4 00	20 00	150 00
“ 3 feet, 3 times transplanted	6 00	30 00	
LITTLE GEM, 10 to 12 inches, bushy, very dwarf.....	5 00		
VERVAENEANA, 12 to 15 inches	2 00	10 00	
FIR—BALSAM 2 to 3 feet.....	4 00	20 00	
“ 18 to 24 inches,	3 00	15 00	
NORDMAN'S, 2 to 3 feet.....	6 00	35 00	
“ 3 to 4 feet.....	9 00		
HEMLOCK—12 to 15 inches , twice transplanted	1 50	8 00	
“ 2 to 3 feet.....	4 00		
JUNIPER—IRISH , 10 to 12 inches.....		6 00	50 00
“ 12 to 18 inches.....	2 50	12 00	
“ 18 to 24 inches.....	3 00	15 00	
“ 2 to 2½ feet, fine.....	4 00	20 00	
“ 3 to 4 feet, fine specimens	5 00		
SWEDISH, 12 to 18 inches.....	2 50	12 00	
“ 18 to 24 inches.....	3 00	15 00	
“ 2 to 2½ feet, fine	4 00	20 00	
“ 3 to 4 feet, fine specimens	5 00		
CRÆCOVA, 2 to 3 feet	5 00	25 00	
“ 3 to 4 feet.....	6 00	30 00	

	Per doz.	Per 100.	1,000.
JUNIPER—SAVIN, 15 to 18 inches, bushy.....	\$ 4 00	\$20 00	\$
“ 18 to 24 inches, fine, bushy.....	5 00	25 00	
PINE—AUSTRIAN, 2 feet, well formed.....	3 00		
DWARF (<i>Montana</i>), 18 to 24 inches, bushy, fine plants	4 00	20 00	
“ 2 to 2½ feet.....	5 00	25 00	
“ (<i>Mugho</i>), 18 to 24 inches.....	3 00	15 00	
SCOTCH, 2 to 3 feet.....	3 00	15 00	
WHITE, 18 to 24 inches.....	2 50	12 00	
“ 2 feet.....	4 00		
RED CEDAR—2 to 3 feet.....	3 00	15 00	
“ GLAUCA, 20 inches.....	5 00		
RETINISPORA—PLUMOSA AUREA, 18 to 24 inches.....	4 00	20 00	
“ 2 to 3 feet, fine.....	5 00		
“ 3 to 4 ft., 3 times transplanted.....	9 00		
RETINISPORA—FILIFERA, 18 to 24 inches.....	5 00	25 00	
“ 2½ to 3 feet.....	6 00		
PISIFERA, 1 to 1½ feet.....	4 00	25 00	
“ 2 to 2½ feet.....	6 00	35 00	
“ 3 to 4 feet.....	7 00	40 00	
“ 4 to 6 feet, 3 times transplanted.....	9 00		
SQUARROSA, 18 to 24 inches.....	5 00	25 00	
“ 2 to 3 feet.....	6 00		
“ 3 to 4 feet.....	7 00		

NOTE.—We would invite particular attention to the Retinisporas quoted above, not only on account of their cheapness but also on account of their quality. They have all been transplanted twice, and some of them three times.

SPRUCE—NORWAY, 15 to 18 inches.....	1 00	5 00
“ 18 to 24 inches.....	1 50	6 00
“ 2 to 3 feet.....	2 00	9 00
SPRUCE—NORWAY GOLDEN, 3 feet, stocky... \$1.50 each.		
“ WEEPING, 20 to 24 inches.....	9 00	
ALBA, 12 to 15 inches, transplanted.....	1 50	8 00
“ 2 to 3 feet.....	3 00	15 00
NIGRA, 15 to 18 inches, transplanted.....	3 00	15 00
“ 18 to 24 inches.....	3 50	
“ 2 to 2½ feet.....	4 00	
CONCOLOR, 15 to 20 inches, transplanted.....	7 00	
“ 20 to 24 inches.....	12 00	

NOTE.—We would call particular attention to the beauty of the Concolor Spruce. Its needles are a beautiful shade of light green and about the size of the Nordman's Fir. It is a native of the Rocky Mountains and is absolutely hardy. Never losing its leader like the Nordman's Fir.

CERULEA, 18 to 24 inches.....	4 00	20 00
ENGELMANNI, 18 to 24 inches, transplanted.....	9 00	
“ 12 to 18 “.....	6 00	
PUNGENS (Blue Spruce, <i>true</i>), 12 to 15 in., transpltd.	6 00	35 00
“ “ “ 15 to 18 in. “.....	9 00	
“ “ “ 2 to 2½ feet, “.....	15 00	
YEW—ENGLISH, 18 to 24 inches broad; fine plants.....	6 00	

SHRUBS.

NOTE.—Assortment of Shrubs, mainly of our selection, at low rates.

ARALIA JAPONICA—2 feet.....	3 00	
“ PENTAPHYLLA—3 feet, bushy.....	2 50	12 00
“ SPINOSA—2 feet.....	3 00	
ARONIA FLORIBUNDA (<i>Pyrus Arbutifolia</i>) 18 to 24 inches	3 00	15 00
AZALEA—MOLLIS, a fine assortment, named colors, 18 to 24 inches, with blossom buds....	7 00	40 00
ALMOND—FLOWERING, DOUBLE WHITE and DOUBLE PINK, 3 feet, fine.....	2 50	10 00
ALTHEA—VARIEGATED LEAF, 2 feet.....	2 50	10 00
SINGLE AND DOUBLE (20 varieties), 2 to 3 feet....	2 00	10 00
BACCHARIS HALIMIFOLIA—2 to 3 feet.....	2 00	10 00

NOTE.—A beautiful shrub. The flowers are inconspicuous but the seeds, with their pure white wings, completely cover the plant during the month of September.

	Per doz.	Per 100.	1,000.
BERBERRY—PURPLE LEAF , 18 to 24 inches	\$ 1 00	\$ 6 00	\$
“ “ 2 to 3 feet	2 00	10 00	
THUNBERG'S, 12 to 15 in., bushy	2 00	10 00	
VULGARIS, 2 to 3 feet	2 00	6 00	
BOX—TREE , 15 to 18 inches	2 00		
“ 18 to 24 inches	3 00		
CALYCANTHUS—FLORIDUS , 2 feet	2 00	8 00	
CORNUS—(DOGWOOD) , FLORIDA—See Deciduous Trees.			
AUSTRALIS, 2 to 3 feet.	3 00		
MASCULA (CORNELIAN CHERRY) 2 to 3 feet	2 50	10 00	
SANGUINEA, 3 feet	2 00	8 00	
SIBERICA ELEGANTISSIMA VARIEGATA, (white and green markings) 18 to 24 inches ...	2 50		
STOLONIFERA, 2 to 3 feet	2 50	10 00	
COTONEASTER SIMMONDSII —2 to 3 feet	3 00	15 00	
CRATÆGUS PYRACANTHA —15 to 18 inches	3 00	15 00	
CRUS GALLI—2 to 2½ feet	2 00	10 00	
CURRENT—AUREUM, FLORIBUNDA, GORDONIANUM SANGUINEUM and ALPINUM, 2 to 3 feet	2 00	8 00	
DESMODIUM PENDULIFOLIUM —20 to 24 inches	2 00		
NOTE—A purple, pea-shaped flower that blossoms in September; quite showy, and especially desirable for its season of blooming.			
DEUTZIA—CRENATA (Double white and pink) PRIDE OF ROCHESTER AND CANDIDISSIMA, 2 feet ..	2 00	6 00	
“ “ 3 to 4 feet	2 50	8 00	
GRACILIS, 18 to 20 inches	2 00	8 00	
Other sorts described in Retail Catalogue	2 00		
ELDER—GOLDEN LEAF , 2½ to 3 feet	3 00	15 00	
FERN LEAF, 2 to 3 feet	3 00	15 00	
RED BERRIED (<i>Sambucus Pubens</i>) 3 feet	3 00	15 00	
EUONYMUS—(STRAWBERRY TREE) , 3 to 4 feet	2 00	8 00	
RADICANS, 1 foot	1 50	8 00	
RADICANS VARIEGATA—1 foot ...	2 00	8 00	
FILBERT—PURPLE LEAF , 2 to 3 feet	3 00	15 00	
FORSYTHIA—VIRIDISSIMA and FORTUNEI, 2 to 3 feet	1 50	6 00	
SUSPENS, INTERMEDIA and SIEBOLDII, 2 to 3 feet	2 00	10 00	
FRINGE—PURPLE , 2 to 3 feet	2 00		
WHITE (CHIONANTHUS) 2 to 3 feet ...	3 00		
GOLDEN GLOW FLOWER —Strong	1 50	7 00	
HYDRANGEA—PANICULATA GRANDIFLORA , 2½ to 3 feet	2 00	10 00	
“ “ 18 to 24 inches ..	1 50	8 00	
OTAKSA, strong plants	3 00	15 00	
THOS. HOGG, strong plants	3 00	15 00	
RED BRANCHED	3 00	15 00	
HONEYSUCKLE—TARTARIAN , white and pink, 2 to 3 feet, FRAGRANTISSIMA, 18 to 24 inches	2 00	8 00	
MORROWI, BELLA ALBIDA, BELLA ROSEA, ALBERTI, CHRYSANTHA, 18 to 24 inches, BELLA CANDIDA, 2 to 3 feet	2 50	10 00	
NOTE.—The new varieties of upright Honeysuckle named above are among the finest shrubs of recent introduction. Besides the beauty of their flowers, their fruit, which appears in July, is extremely showy.			
KERRIA JAPONICA —2 to 3 feet	2 50	10 00	
VARIEGATA, 2 feet	2 50	10 00	
KOLREUTERIA PANICULATA —2 to 3 feet	2 00	8 00	
LESPEDeza (see Desmodium page 8).			
LILAC—COMMON PURPLE , 3 feet, fine ...	2 50	10 00	
“ WHITE, 2½ to 3½ feet	2 50	12 00	
ROTHMAGENSIS, and JOSIKEA, 2½ to 3 feet	2 50	15 00	
NEW VARIETIES—CHARLOTTENBURG, PRINCESS ALIX, DOUBLE PURPLE, GRANDIFLORA DOUBLE PINK, DOUBLE RED, PRESIDENT GREVY, LA TOUR, d'AUVERGNE, LUDWIG SPATH, PRESIDENT CARNOT, VIRGINITE, LEON SIMON; strong plants, 3 feet ...	2 00	15 00	
NOTE.—These varieties are the cream of a collection of over a hundred varieties. They are all distinct and very beautiful.			
MAHONIA—AQUIFOLIA , 15 to 18 inches, bushy	3 00	15 00	
MESPILUS —(See Crataegus.)			

	Per doz.	Per 100.	1,000.
MYRICA CERIFERA (Bayberry) 12 to 18 inches, bushy....	\$ 2 00	\$10 00	\$
Berries and leaves are delightfully fragrant.			
PRIVET — CALIFORNIA (Ovalifolium), 2 to 3 feet.....	1 50	4 00	
“ 18 to 24 inches.....	1 00	3 00	25 00
“ 12 to 15 inches.....	75	2 50	20 60
VARIEGATED, 3 feet.....	3 00		
PRUNUS — TRILOBA (Double Flowering Plum), 2 to 3 feet.....	2 00		
PISSARDI (Purple Leaf Plum), 3 to 4 feet, low-branched.....	3 00	12 00	
QUINCE — JAPAN , white, red and pink, 18 to 24 inches.....	2 00	8 00	
“ “ “ “ 2 to 3 ft., strong plants	2 50	10 00	
RHODODENDRONS —2 feet,	9 00		
SNOWBALL — COMMON , 2 to 3 feet.....	2 50	10 00	
“ 3 to 4 feet.....	3 00	15 00	
DWARF (<i>Nanum</i>) 8 to 10 inches.....	1 50		
SNOWBALL — STANDARDS , 4 to 5 feet.....	4 00		
STRAWBERRY TREE — <i>See Euonymus.</i>			
STEPHANANDRA FLEXUOSA —12 to 18 inches,...	2 00		
SNOWBERRY — RED FRUITED , 2 to 3 ft.....	2 50	8 00	
WHITE FRUITED, 18 to 24 inches.....	2 50	8 00	
SPIREA — BUMALDA , CALLOSA ALBA , CALLOSA RUBRA , THUNBERGII , 18 to 24 inches.....	2 50	8 00	
BILLARDI ALBA, BILLARDI ROSEA, DOUGLASI, OPULIFOLIA, OPULIFOLIA AUREA, PRUNIFOLIA, REEVESII, THUNBERGII, VAN HOUTTEI, 2 to 3 feet	2 00	8 00	
3 to 4 feet.....	2 50	10 00	
ARGUTA, BLUMEI, CHAMEDRIFOLIA, CONSPICUA, FLEXUOSA, HYPERICIFOLIA, LAURIFOLIA, LINDLEYANA, MACROPHYLLA, MARGUERITE, NICONDERTI, PALLASI, PUBESCENS, REVERESCENS, ROTUNDIFOLIA, 2 feet.....	3 00		
CALLOSA SUPERBA, 2 to 3 feet.....	2 50		
BLUE (<i>Caryopteris Mastacanthus</i> , 2 feet.....	1 50		
NOTE.—We would call especial attention to the newer varieties of Spireas offered above. They are all worthy of trial and they differ greatly from each other in form, flower and foliage. <i>Callosa Superba</i> is especially worthy of note. It has foliage of a rich reddish purple color, resembling that of the best Purple Beeches.			
SYRINGA — PHILADELPHUS (<i>Coronarius and Grandiflorus</i>)..	1 50	6 00	
GOLDEN LEAF (<i>Aurea</i>), 2 feet.....	2 00	10 00	
GORDONIANA, ZEYHERI, YOKOHAMA, 18 to 24 inches	2 00	8 00	
DWARF (<i>Nanus</i>), 18 to 24 inches, very bushy....	4 00	20 00	
AVALANCHE, GERBE DE NEIGE, LEMOINEII, Mt. BLANC, 2 to 3 feet.....	3 00		
NOTE.—The four varieties of Syringa quoted above are the best of the newer sorts. They promise to surpass the older varieties as much as the newer Lilacs do the older varieties of Lilacs.			
TAMARIX — AFRICANA and GALLICA , 3 to 4 feet.....	2 00	6 00	
WAX MYRTLE (<i>see Myrica</i> , page 9).			
WEIGELA — ROSEA , AMABILIS , CANDIDA , FLORIBUNDA , DESBOISII , STELTZNERI and LAVALLI , 3 feet.....	2 00	8 00	
P. DUCHARTRE (Golden Leaf, dark red flower),			
MME. LEMOINE, MME. TELLIER, 2 to 3 feet....	2 50	10 00	
VARIEGATA, 2 feet.....	1 50	8 00	
ALBA MARGINATA, EMIL GALLE, GUSTAV MALLET, MONTESQUIEU, OTHELLO, SIMMONDSII, VAN HOUTTE, VERSICOLOR, 18 to 20 in.....	2 50	12 00	
Other sorts described in Catalogue.....	2 50		

CLIMBING SHRUBS.

AKEBIA — QUINATA , strong vines.....	2 50	10 00	
AMPELOPSIS — QUINQUEFOLIA (Virginia Creeper).....	1 50	10 00	80 00
ENGELMANNI—Field grown.....	2 00	12 00	
VEITCHII—3 years (2 years in open ground), very fine....	2 50	15 00	
“ 2 years (1 year in open ground)....	2 00	10 00	
ARISTOLOCHIA — SIPHO (PIPE VINE).....	3 00		
BIGNONIA — RADICANS (TRUMPET CREEPER).....	1 50	8 00	

	Per Doz.	Per 100.	1,000
HONEYSUCKLE —CHINESE, HALL'S JAPAN, GOLDEN VEINED, \$	\$	\$	
SCARLET TRUMPET, EVERGREEN,			
YELLOW TRUMPET, CANADENSIS	1 50	8 00	
MONTHLY FRAGRANT	1 50	7 00	
Other sorts described in Catalogue.....	2 50		
IVY —ENGLISH, in pots.....	2 00	10 00	
MATRIMONY VINE —(LYCIUM), strong plants	1 50	7 00	
VITIS HETEROPHYLLA —(The BIRD'S EGG VINE, or JAP- ANESE GRAPE)	3 00	15 00	
NOTE—A rare and interesting climber. The berries are of peculiar metallic tints of green and blue, curiously spotted and mottled with red, brown and black, the effect reminding one of some very fancy bird's eggs. They are not good to eat.			
WISTARIA —CHINESE PURPLE, Strong plants.....	3 00	20 00	
" WHITE.....	4 00		
FRUTESCENS. Very strong.....	2 00	10 00	
CLEMATIS —VITICELLA and FLAMULA	2 50	12 00	
PANICULATA, strong ..	3 00	15 00	
JACKMANNI MME. ED. ANDRE, 2 years....	5 00	25 00	
" 3 years.....	6 00	30 00	
Other Large-flowering sorts, LAWSONIANA, HENRYI, RAMONA, etc., 2 years	4 00	17 00	
Other Large-flowering sorts, LAWSONIANA, HENRYI, ROMANA, etc., 1 year	3 00	15 00	

HEDGE PLANTS, ETC.

BOX —Dwarf, stocky plants.....	2 50	20 00	
ARBOR VITÆ	} Different sizes—see pages 7 and 8.		
NORWAY SPRUCE			
CAROLINA POPLAR —1 year, 4 to 5 feet		5 00	

NOTE—We know of no tree that is so well adapted for making a quick screen. It is nothing unusual for a Carolina Poplar to grow ten feet in a single season. They should be planted about 18 inches apart and then cut to about a foot from the ground. Every year or two after they should be cut back almost as far. In a month they will regain their old height.

HORNBEAM—(CARPINUS).

A very old hedge plant. In Europe the gardeners by interweaving the top branches make a hedge so stiff that a man can walk on top of it. One of the best plants for ornamental screens. See page 4.

ROSA RUGOSA —2 years, own roots, 2 feet.....	1 50	8 00	
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The only rose available in this climate for hedge purposes. The foliage is thick and rough, and is never attacked by insects. The flowers are red, white and pink, single and of large size, often measuring three or four inches in diameter. They bloom all summer long, the blooms being followed by very large and showy orange and red seed pods. We cannot too highly recommend this plant for low hedges.

PRIVET—CALIFORNIA. (See page 9.)
BERBERRY—Different sizes. (See page 8.)

MISCELLANEOUS.

ANEMONE JAPONICA —WHITE.....	2 50	10 00	
ARUNDO DONAX —Strong clumps.....	6 00	35 00	
VARIEGATA..	9 00		
CALLA —Strong roots	2 50	10 00	
CARNATIONS —A fine assortment, field grown plants.....	1 00	5 00	
CHRYSANTHEMUMS —Many striking varieties	1 50	8 00	
HOLLYHOCKS —Finest double, in various colors.....	2 50	10 00	
IRIS KAEMPFER —We have a collection of fifty of the latest named varieties of this beautiful flower. They were imported from Japan last year and are well worthy a place in any garden. The Japanese devote as much attention to the improvement of the Iris as they do to that of the Chrysanthemum. Price, 50 plants in 50 varieties, \$10.00 ; or, our selection of varieties.....	4 00	15 00	90 00

	Per Doz.	Per 100.	1,000
PEONIES—HERBACEOUS ; a fine collection	\$ 2 50	\$10 00	
“ JAPANESE —We have a most beautiful variety of the Japanese Peony, pure white—half double; in general appearance the flower much resembles a pond lily.....	4 00		
NOTE —We have recently made a fresh importation of Herbaceous Peonies, including some splendid new varieties, ranging in color from pure white to the darkest reds and purples.			
SPIREA—JAPONICA	2 50	10 00	
VIOLETS—ENGLISH	1 50	9 00	
NOTE —We make a specialty of the old-fashioned English Violet. They are perfectly hardy and of a deeper blue than the florist's violets.			
BULBS—HYACINTHS , named sorts	1 00	5 00	
TULIPS, named sorts.....	50	2 00	
NARCISSUS	1 00	4 00	
CROCUS		1 00	
LILIUM AURATUM	3 00		
“ CANDIDUM.....	2 00		

ROSES.

HYBRID PERPETUALS—On Own Roots—Two Years and One Year. Extra—Anne de Diesbach, Baron Maynard, Baron Taylor, Baron Prevost, Baron Bonstetten, Blanche de Meru, Countess de Serenye, Coquette des Alpes, Caroline de Sansel, Clemence Raoux, Doctor Hogg, Francois Levet, Gloire de Margotten, Gen'l Jacqueminot, Jules Margotten, John Keynes, John Hopper, La Reine, Mme. Alfred de Rougemont, Mme. Trotter, Mme. Plantier, Mme. Gab'l Luizet, Magna Charta, Perle des Blanches, Paul Neron, Prince Camille de Rohan, Triomphe de l'Exposition, Vick's Caprice.....				2 00	10 00
HYBRID PERPETUALS—One Year Buds. American Beauty, Baroness Rothschild, Mabel Morrison, Margaret Dickson, Marchioness of Londonderry.....				2 50	12 00
American Beauty—5 inch pots.....				2 00	10 00
MOSS —Perpetual White, Salet, Augustine Guinoisseau.....				2 00	10 00
RUGOSA—RUBRA AND ALBA —Mixed seedlings, 2 and 3 years.				2 00	8 00
BRIAR—ROSA RUBIGINOSA —(Genuine Scotch Sweet Briar), 2 years; strong.....				2 50	12 00
Penzance Hybrids —Amy Robsart (deep rose), Brenda, (peachblow), Catherine Seyton (rosy pink), Edith Bellenden (pale rose), Flora MacIvor (white), Green Mantle (bright pink), Jeannie Deans (scarlet), Lucy Bertram (deep crimson), Meg Merilles (crimson), Rose Bradwardine (deep rose). 2 years, strong plants on own roots.....				2 00	10 00
NOTE —The Penzance Hybrid Roses quoted above are a most interesting class, being hybrids between the old-fashioned Sweet Briar and various other roses. The flowers are single and very fragrant. The foliage, too, has the delicate fragrance of Sweet Briar.					
CLIMBING ROSES —Baltimore Belle, Queen of Prairie, Seven Sisters; 2 years strong.....				1 50	6 00
Climbing Jules Margotten, Climbing Victor Verdier, Gem of Prairie.....				2 00	9 00
Crimson Rambler—2 years, own roots.....				2 50	15 00
1 year, buds.....				2 00	12 00
Yellow Rambler—2 years, own roots.....				1 50	8 00
White Rambler—2 years, own roots.....				2 00	10 00
Empress of China.....				2 00	10 00
Wichuraiana—1 year. Dormant.				2 00	
Wichuraiana—HYBRID VARIETIES—South Orange Perfection Pink Roamer, Universal Favorite, Manda's Triumph. 2 yrs. Dormant				2 00	10 00

Per Doz. Per 100. 1,000.

TREE ROSES —A fine lot of Holland grown plants; our assortment including the cream of Hardy Varieties—Baroness Rothschild, Luizet, Brunner, Mrs. John Laing, Captain Christy, etc.			\$ 5 00	\$30 00
POLYANTHA ROSES —Clotilde Soupert, Cecil Brunner, Mignonette, Little White Pet, Paquerette; 5 inch pots..			2 00	10 00

NOTE—The Polyantha roses should be more extensively planted. They are hardy, with but very little protection, and the dainty miniature flowers are produced in the greatest profusion. They are in bloom continually from June till frost.

HYBRID TEAS —La France, Duchess of Albany, Gustav Regis, White La France; 5 inch pots....			2 00	10 00
TEA —Bourbon and Noisette Roses.—Bride, Bridesmaid, Belle Siebrecht, Celine Forestier, Catherine Mermet, Etoile de Lyon, Gloire de Dijon, Hermosa, Kaiserin Augusta Victoria, Mme. Caroline Testout, Mar. Niel, Papa Gontier, Perle des Jardins, Sunset, Souvenir de Wooton, Safrano, Reine Marie Henriette; strong plants, 5 inch pots.....			2 00	10 00

TRANSPLANTING STOCK.

YOUNG ROSES—2 1-2 inch Pots.

The young roses offered below will not be ready for delivery till May 1st, 1900, or thereabouts; but we publish the list now in the hopes of inducing our customers to make early contracts for future delivery. Our houses are limited to a productive capacity of about 125,000 young roses, so if we can make contracts before we put in our stock plants—which is done about November 1st. We can assure our customers of getting the full quantity of each variety they want, and can also afford to make considerably lower rates than on orders received in the spring.

Send us a list of quantities and varieties you can use and we will quote you very low prices.

Class A.

Strong growers in the open ground and easily propagated in the greenhouse.

Anne de Diesbach,	Countess de Serenye,	Mme. Plantier,
Baltimore Belle,	Empress of China,	Mme. Trotter,
Baron Maynard,	Francois Levet,	Magna Charta,
Blanche de Meru,	Gen. Jacqueminot.	Marie Bauman,
Caroline de Sansel,	John Hopper,	Perle des Blanches,
Clemence Raoux,	John Keynes,	Prince Camille de Rohan,
Cl'bg. Jules Margotten,	Jules Margotten,	Queen of Prairies,
Cl'bg. Victor Verdier,	La Reine,	Seven Sisters,
Coquette des Alps,	Louise Odier,	Triomphe de l' Exposition.
Mme. Alfred de Rougemont,	Yellow Rambler,	White Rambler.

Class B.

Not so strong growers or so easily propagated—therefore a little higher priced.

American Beauty,	Gloire de Margotten,	Paul Neron,
Baron Bonstetten,	La Rosiere,	Perp'l White Moss,
Crimson Rambler,	Mme Charles Wood,	Salet Moss,
Duke of Teck,	Mme. Gab'l Luizet,	Vick's Caprice.
Gem of Prairie,	Mrs. John Laing,	

Class C.

Tender Roses—Teas, Hybrid Teas, etc., etc.

Bride, Bridesmaid, Mermet, Sunset, etc., etc. For full list see top of page.

CLEMATIS—2 1-2 inch Pots.

These plants have made a growth of 12 to 15 inches, and are now in fine condition to re-pot. If put in the greenhouse this fall they will make good salable plants by spring.

Jackmanni	\$6 50 per 100.
Lawsoniana, Sieboldii—Lavender	6 00 per 100.
Henryi, Mrs. Howard Wyse—White	6 00 per 100.
Duchess of Edinburgh—Double White ..	7 00 per 100.
Lord Neville, President, Gipsy Queen—Purple	6 00 per 100.
Paniculata—Small White	5 00 per 100.

NOTE.—1,000 plants including 35% Jackmanni, \$55.00.

EVERGREENS.

We have some fine young blocks of Evergreens, and as they must be thinned out this season we are offering them very low. They have all been transplanted,—most of them have been twice transplanted.

	Per 100.	Per 1,000.
ARBOR VITÆ—Little Gem, Obtusa, Vervaneana, Heath Leaf 10-12 inches; bushy	\$6 00	\$
“ Tom Thumb, Hovey’s Golden, 12-15 inches	6 00	45 00
“ Pyramidalis, 12-15 inches	5 00	40 00
“ Siberian, 8-10 inches	5 00	40 00
JUNIPER—Irish and Swedish, 12-15 inches	6 00	45 00
“ Savin, 10-12 inches	6 00	
RETINISPORA—Filifera, Squarrosa, Pisifera and Plumosa Aurea, 15 to 20 inches	6 00	

SPECIALTIES AND NOVELTIES.

A GOOD SPRAYING MACHINE.

We have had numberless enquiries from our customers asking for information about spraying pumps, &c. So, after having carefully looked into the matter, we have determined to offer one here that we can recommend. It is called the “Rochester Sprayer,” and is a combination of force pump and magazine for carrying the liquid to be sprayed. For the amateur we know of no better outfit. Price, \$5.00, freight prepaid. For further particulars send for special circular.

APPLES.

BEAUTY OF BATH—A very fine early apple, ripening with or before Early Harvest. Awarded a first-class Certificate by the Royal Horticultural Society of England, a very high honor that few new fruits receive. It is ready for use from the middle of July until the middle of August. The fruit is extremely handsome, the ground color a yellowish green, beautifully striped and spotted with crimson towards the sun. In England it has taken *first prize* wherever exhibited. Trees, 30c each.

BISMARCK—The *Gardeners’ Chronicle*, of London, a most conservative paper, in speaking of this apple, says: “It furnishes an instance of precocious heavy bearing that we do not remember to have seen equaled. Eighteen rods and a half were covered with Bismarck trees of two years old upon the Doucin stock. Many of them had eleven, a few twelve, large fruits upon them, and some had none. The trees are planted in nursery rows, about three feet apart, and the plants about a foot asunder. An acre of trees cropped in such a manner would yield about five hundred bushels of fruit per acre.” The tree originated in New Zealand and is only a moderate grower. The fruit is of large size, in color deep orange yellow, shading to a bronze red. The flesh is yellow, juicy and of good quality. Season, winter. Dwarf trees, 2 year old, 40c; Standard, 2 year old, 30c.

QUINCES.

BOURGEAT—A remarkable new fruit. It grows in tree form, so vigorous and strong that it makes a tree like the pear or plum. Its foliage is very healthy, being rarely attacked by blight or fungus. The fruit is very large, smooth, golden yellow, and of the best quality. It ripens right after the Orange Quince, and one of its most remarkable qualities is that it will keep past mid-winter in perfect condition. 40c each.

LAWN TREES.

PURPLE BEECH—On the whole we consider this the best of all the purple-leaved trees. There is much difference in the brightness and duration of color in different specimens of this tree. We have gone carefully over our blocks in midsummer, digging out and burning all the trees of indifferent merit, so that we now have a very fine lot left. Price, trees 3 to 4 feet high, 60c.

THE SWEET BIRCH (*Betula Lenta*)—A well-known native tree which should be more generally planted. The bark on the young twigs is sweet, reminding one of the flavor of wintergreen. Price, trees 4 to 5 feet high, 30c.

CEDRELLA SINENSIS—A very showy, rapid-growing tree; the leaves are pinnate, resembling in form those of the Mountain Ash, but they are much larger, often growing to a length of three feet. The Cedrella is a near relation of the Ailanthus, but it has not the disagreeable odor which makes a nuisance of the latter tree for a week or so each year. Price, trees 4 to 5 feet, 60c.

MAGNOLIAS—We have some fine plants of the Chinese Magnolias to offer this season; they all have blossom buds on and will flower next spring. We dig them with a ball of earth, and there is no reason why they should not all live. We have the following varieties: Speciosa and Alexandrine, White; Soulangeana, Pink; Lenne, Red. Price, strong plants, 4 to 6 feet, \$1.50 each.

MAPLE, SCHWEDLER'S—A fine purple-leaved variety of the Norway Maple. When the leaves first appear they are as highly colored as the best of the Purple Beeches. In about three weeks the color begins to fade, and by midsummer the leaves are as green as those of the common Norway Maple. Price, selected specimens, 8 to 10 feet, \$1.00.

PIN OAK (*Quercus Palustris*)—It is a mistake to suppose that all Oaks are slow-growing trees. Our experience with this variety in the nursery is that it is fully as rapid a grower as the Sugar or Norway Maple. Oaks should be transplanted when quite small, as their tendency is to make a tap root, which of course makes it difficult to transplant large specimens successfully. Price, trees 4 to 5 feet high, well branched, 60c.

POPLAR, CAROLINA—The most rapid-growing tree we have in the nursery. It is nothing unusual for a tree of this variety to grow ten feet in a single season. On new streets or avenues, where quick shade is required, it is a very good plan to alternate these trees with Elms or Maples. The idea being to cut out the Poplars after the permanent trees have made growth enough to give the necessary shade. Streets planted in this way will be comfortably shady in the course of three or four years. Price, trees 10 to 12 feet high, 25c.

EVERGREENS.

HOVEY'S GOLDEN ARBOR VITÆ—A most dainty little Evergreen. In form it is globular, and it rarely grows over four or five feet high. The name Golden is something of a misnomer, as the foliage is not yellow but rather a bright, healthy green, with no suggestion of sickness about it, as is often the case with the so-called golden leaved trees. A few of these trees planted in tubs make a very pretty decoration for a porch in winter. Another Evergreen valuable for this purpose is the Pyramidal Arbor Vitæ. It grows in spire shape, and makes a good contrast with the globular head of Hovey's. Price, trees 3 to 4 feet, 50c.

WEeping NORWAY SPRUCE—One of the most curious of Evergreens. The branches turn so naturally toward the earth that it is absolutely necessary to tie its leader to a stake to gain the height necessary to exhibit its charming peculiarities. When thus trained, the side branches fall directly downward, and with their rich foliage drape the stem as a robe falls around the person. Price, good specimens, 2 to 3 feet high, \$1.00 each.

SHRUBS.

We have a splendid collection of shrubs, and would invite the attention of our customers to the full list enumerated on previous pages of this circular. Here we can call attention to but a few.

Shrubs Conspicuous in Late Summer and Early Fall.

With the exception of the well known Althea, or Rose of Sharon, there is but little offered by most nurserymen in the shrub line that blossoms after the middle of August. Thinking that there was a need of something to brighten up the shrubbery at this time of year, we have made a specialty of a few such shrubs.

ARALIA JAPONICA and SPINOSA—These are stunning shrubs or half trees, with foliage doubly and sometimes trebly pinnate. We have measured some of the triangular leaves that were two and one-half feet long by two feet wide. They are also somewhat thorny. We have counted on a single leaf over five hundred thorns. The flowers, which appear about September 1st, come on the extreme top of the plant and are borne in a huge panicle three or four times the size of a Hydrangea. These plants should be planted somewhat in the background of a group of shrubs, as their tendency is to lose their foliage for three or four feet from the ground, which gives them a leggy or stalky appearance. Price, plants 18 to 20 inches, 35c each.

BACCHARIS HALIMIFOLIA—The flowers of this plant appear in June and are inconspicuous, but its seeds, with their flying attachments, which appear about the middle of September, completely cover the bush with beautiful, soft, creamy white pappi, which, unless dissected by a botanist, would be called blossoms. These pappi hang on for nearly a month. We know of no more effective shrub at this time of year. Price, 20c each.

COTONEASTER SIMMONDSII—This shrub is covered with bright scarlet berries from the middle of September till the first of November. 30c.

DESMODIUM PENDULIFOLIUM—This is one of the best of the strictly autumn blooming shrubs. Its flowers, which appear in great profusion during the month of September, are pea-shaped, very fragrant, and of a handsome reddish purple color. Price, 20c each.

OTHER SHRUBS.

LILACS—The public should more fully appreciate the great improvement made in the past few years in this popular shrub. We have had the opportunity of selecting the best dozen varieties from a collection of over a hundred sorts, and we think we have done so. Price, 20c each ; \$2.00 per dozen.

UPRIGHT HONEYSUCKLES—Here are a few Honeysuckles, some of them of recent introduction, that deserve at least a passing mention. *Fragrantissima* blooms before its leaves appear. Its flowers are not very numerous, but as the name indicates most fragrant. One of the earliest of spring flowers. *Bella Albida*, *Bella Rosea* and *Bella Candida* have flowers much resembling the common varieties of the upright Honeysuckle, but their fruit is truly superb. It is ripe in July, and then covers the bush with glowing rubies. The individual berries are about the size and color of large cherry currants, but their skin is much thinner, which makes them to a certain extent translucent. A bush of these Honeysuckles, when covered with fruit and with the sun shining on, or better still, through it, is a sight worth going a hundred miles to see. 25c each.

THE BIRD'S EGG VINE.—A grape vine from Japan, the botanical name of which is *Vitis Heterophylla*. The berries when ripe are of peculiar metallic tints of green and blue, curiously spotted and mottled with red, brown and black, reminding one of some very fancy birds' eggs. Price, 30c. each.

ROSES.

Fall is, par-excellence, the time to plant roses. If strong two-year plants are set out properly in October, or even as late as the middle of November we will guarantee a good crop of beautiful roses the following June. All that is necessary is to plant the bushes in good, rich, well drained garden soil. When severe cold weather appears the plants should be mulched to the depth of a foot or fifteen inches with coarse, fresh, straw manure. Dead leaves are nearly as good. In the spring this mulch should be removed and the plants cut back to three or four inches from the ground. After this the only necessary work is to keep the ground mellow and the bugs off and a crop is certain. It is a great mistake to try to plant roses singly in the grass. They will never give good flowers when so treated.

Plant them in beds and do not plant too many varieties at first. If we were planting roses for our own pleasure we would not plant more than six varieties in a bed of fifty.

Let us send you some of our roses, they are very fine this year, and if you will leave the selection of varieties to us we will send you fifty plants for five dollars. F. O. B. Rochester.