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62.63

1901

Incorporated 1899.

Established 1866.

350 ACRES.

1901 SUPPLEMENT

TO

J. VAN LINDLEY NURSERY COMPANY'S

CATALOGUE.

A PARTIAL LIST OF STOCK WE HAVE TO OFFER
FOR THE YEAR.

(FOR FULL LIST SEE CATALOGUE.)

<p>300,000 APPLE, 90 Varieties, 300,000 PEACH, 85 Varieties, 50,000 PEAR, 25,000 KEIFFER, <small>Fine two year trees.</small> 50,000 PLUM, 40 Varieties, 10,000 SILVER LEAF MAPLES, And other SHADE TREES and ORNAMENTALS (See catalogue for extended list.)</p>
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HEALTHY TREES AND PLANTS.

No. 1.

[DUPLICATE]

North Carolina Commission for Controlling Crop Pests.

J. VAN LINDLEY,
Pres. State Horticultural Soc.

GEO. T. WINSTON,
Director N. C. Exper. Station.

S. L. PATTERSON,
Chm'n, Com'r Agriculture.

FRANKLIN SHERMAN, JR.,
Botanist and Entomologist.

CERTIFICATE OF EXAMINATION OF NURSERY STOCK.

RALEIGH, N. C., September 15, 1900.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN: This is to Certify, That on the 12th and 13th days of July, 1900, the Nursery grounds of the J. Van Lindley Nursery Co., at Pomona, N. C., were inspected, that the growing stock was apparently free from any pests designated as dangerous by this Commission, and was otherwise healthy. This certificate expires Sept. 1, 1901, and applies only to stock grown in the aforesaid nurseries.

(Signed)

FRANKLIN SHERMAN, JR.,
Botanist and Entomologist.

Approved for the Commission.
S. L. PATTERSON, Chm'n,

[SEAL.]

Additions for 1901.

We offer the following varieties not included in our regular catalogue. Some are new, just being introduced after having been thoroughly tested and found to be worthy of general dissemination, while some are old varieties, well known in many sections and we catalogue them because they are wanted by our patrons in those sections.

APPLES.

Alabama Queen. A few years ago we obtained this variety from Alabama, and after fruiting and testing it here, it proved so fine that we have decided to offer it to the general public. Similar to and ripens with the Summer Pearmain. Striped with red; a good bearer; above medium size; very fine quality.

Gravenstein. Rather large; roundish; slightly oblate; striped and splashed with bright yellow ground; flesh tender, juicy, very rich, sub-acid, high flavor; productive and handsome appearance. Autumn.

Bietigheimer. (Red Bietigheimer). Large, round, oblate; dark yellow, covered with purplish crimson; flesh firm, sub-acid, good; vigorous grower and free bearer. Autumn. Of German origin.

Fallawater. (Tulpahocken.) Large. color a smooth shade of dull red on light greenish yellow, a few large whitish dots; flesh white, fine grained; a popular apple in the west, also in the mountains of Virginia and North Carolina. Will not succeed in the low country or cotton belt.

Mills. We obtained this apple from Mr. Eli J. Bradley of Polk County, N. C. He says it originated in his section. Resembles Grimes' Golden, but is much more prolific, in fact Mr. Bradley says it bears more fruit than any other tree he has ever seen, unless it be the Aundance Plum. Color, light yellow; quality good; tree a good grower and an annual bearer. Autumn.

Mangum. (Fall Cheese.) Medium, oblate; yellow, shaded and striped with red; flesh yellow, very tender, crisp, juicy, rich and aromatic, very fine; prolific and a compact grower. Season, late Autumn.

Ingram. A new apple from South-west Missouri, a seedling of the old Neverfail, same size, higher colored, a young and prolific bearer. A great improvement over its parent. Clear of rot, keeps till spring, which makes it a fine family and market apple. Like its parent it is a very late bloomer, consequently rarely misses a crop.

Rhode Island Greening. Large, roundish oblate; green, becoming greenish yellow; brown blush next the sun. A valuable winter apple in the Northern states, and succeeds in some of our mountain sections.

Traler's Fancy. This is a Southern Pennsylvania apple, which has been thoroughly tested in the South-west, and will succeed well in the Piedmont and Western sections of North Carolina and similar sections. A vigorous grower and regular bearer. Very popular where known. Size, medium; greenish yellow, striped and splashed with dull red; flesh whitish, crisp, tender, juicy, with mild, pleasant sub-acid flavor. Good to very good. Dec. to Jan.

Oliver. (Senator.) Praised very highly in the Western states; originated in Arkansas, and description taken from bulletin issued by Horticultural station of Arkansas on native apples. Size, large; color, deep yellow ground, covered with bright red, with raised dots; flesh tinged with red, fine grained; mild sub-acid; very good. Season, late autumn and early winter.

Reagan. (Black Ben Davis.) For description take the old Ben Davis, and, as the name implies, this variety is darker in color, and probably a little better flavor, equally as good a keeper. Worthy a trial in every collection where the old Ben Davis is a favorite.

Collins' Red. (Champion.) Large, roundish, oblate, slightly ribbed; yellow, greenish ground, very smooth, shaded and striped with red, light dots; flesh, yellowish, solid, juicy, good. Mid-winter.

Beach. (Apple of Commerce.) Medium to large, roundish, irregular shape; color, greenish yellow ground, splashed and striped with light and dark red, with white dots; yellowish flesh, rather coarse, juicy, sub-acid, good. Jan. to March in Arkansas.

NOTE. Oliver, Reagan, Collin's Red, and Beach are new varieties of note introduced from Arkansas. Description is taken from Arkansas Experiment Statation Bulletin, which is good authority. We especially recommend Reagan wrongly called Black Ben Davis by some, rather wrongly renamed as were the others mentioned above.

PEACHES.

Victor. This new peach comes from Texas and is claimed to be earlier than the Sneed, equal or better in quality. We have not fruited it yet, but offer it on the introducer's recommendation. We believe it worthy of a place in any collection.

Admiral Dewey. Another new Georgia Peach, from same source as Triumph, similar to this variety, but an improvement. The Admiral Dewey ripens at the same time of Triumph; bright color, a clear free stone; yellow flesh, fine quality. From the many testimonials we have seen, it is the best early peach following close after Greensboro, which at present stands ahead of all early white fleshed peaches. The Admiral Dewey, being yellow fleshed and a clear free stone, is bound to become one of the leading market sorts. Those desiring a very early yellow peach should have this variety. Ripening with the very early peaches and being a yellow free stone makes it a most valuable and remarkable peach. Supercedes the Triumph, as it has none of the bad qualities of the Triumph, such as excess of fuzz, and the Triumph rots badly in some sections, while the Admiral Dewey does not.

✓ **Scarborough.** This new peach originated near Greensboro, N. C. We saw and handled the fruit the past season. For description take the Old Mixon Free, though it ripens three weeks later than the Old Mixon. It consequently comes in when good peaches are scarce, which makes it a valuable acquisition.

✓ **Worth.** A large yellow free stone from Illinois. Ripens just ahead of Elberta. Of the Crawford type, but more productive. Character and appearance is much like Wheatland, but ten days earlier.

✓ **Orange Free.** Medium; round; yellow, mottled with red; flesh yellow, juicy, very sweet; one of the best family peaches. No collection is complete without it. Ripens early in August.

✓ **Poole's Favorite.** A truly remarkable yellow free stone, equal in quality to Crawford's Late but larger, better bearer, brighter and better color, and ten days later. As a mid August Peach, there is none better for family use or market. Succeeds well throughout the South and West.

✓ **Stephens' Rareripe.** Large; white, shaded and mottled with red; white flesh. clear free stone; juicy, vinous and of high quality; hardy; a regular bearer. Very popular North and West. Season, early in August in North Carolina.

✓ **Gold Dust Cling.** A yellow cling from Missouri. Of the very best quality. Valuable for canning and family use.

✓ **Iron Mountain.** A large white free stone, similar to Ford's Late, ripening at same season. Some writers claim both to be identical. They are both very fine peaches. Very popular in Northern States.

✓ **Sea Eagle.** A large white free stone from France and is highly praised in Missouri, where it has been fully tested. White, nearly covered over with red, making it one of the fancy colored peaches. Ripens late in August.

✓ **Yellow Davie.** A large yellow free stone of excellent quality; very prolific; valuable for market. Ripens middle of August in North Carolina.

✓ **Tom Davis.** A large yellow cling; originated by a colored man in South Carolina for whom it was named by the introducer, Mr. R. Bates of Aiken County, S. C. He claims it to be the finest yellow cling ever known in that section. Ripens late in August.

✓ **Crothers Late.** Large white fleshed free stone; red cheek; best in quality; productive; ripens late in August. It has a wide and growing reputation. Professor Vandeman, one of the highest authorities says it is the cream of peaches for mid August, and Family Favorite the cream of peaches for mid July. No higher endorsement can be had.

✓ THE CONKLETON PEAR.

New, from Texas. Growth and fruit similar to LeConte, hardier in tree, less subject to blight, a young and prolific bearer. Fruit size of LeConte, better in quality, firmer in texture, a fine shipper, an improvement over its parent, the LeConte. A valuable new hardy pear for the South.

The Baldwin Cherry.

A large tart Cherry, of the Morello class. Originated in Kansas and has created a furore in that State. Fruit very large and handsome; tree a fine grower and great bearer. This cherry has attracted more attention than any introduced in recent years and succeeds everywhere where the old Morello does.

THE CLIMAX PLUM.

Luther Burbank's latest, and he claims it is his best. To get a start of it we had to pay \$10 per foot for buds—that is, \$10 for one foot of a limb from the original tree.

Burbank calls the Wickson the queen of plums, and the Climax the king of plums. Fruit heart-shaped, as large as Wickson, more highly colored, so fragrant that one specimen will perfume a whole house; very delicious; very prolific; a vigorous grower, but the best of all for our Sunny Southland; it ripens a month earlier than the Wickson, following closely after the Red June plum, or practically with that variety. We fruited it the past season and it came up fully to the above description and very large, specimens measuring $2\frac{1}{4}$ inches in diameter. We do not hesitate to offer it to all lovers of the wonderful Japan fruits.

Sultan, Shiro and Bartlett Plums. Burbank's newest varieties. We have only a limited supply of these three for 1901 trade at \$1 each.

Fine New Strawberries.

For the past ten years, so much attention has been given to the improvement of the strawberry by lovers of that fruit, that it is hard to keep up with them. They keep giving us earlier and better berries, better and hardier plants, far more productive than the old sorts. While the Lady Thompson and Clyde are fine early berries, and very productive, yet there are others more so. We have added three of these to our list as described below.

Excelsior. The earliest profitable berry yet introduced, both for home and market purposes. In shape and color it is all that could be desired, and as it is unusually firm, it is one of the best shippers. It is extremely early, so early that it can be picked and sold out of the way (or used) before other berries considered early begin to ripen at all. It is not only early, large, firm and brilliantly colored, but is fully twice as productive as many of the older varieties. It is a self pollenizer and being strongly staminate is valuable as a pollinizer of early pistillate varieties. Originated in Arkansas about the center of the country and it succeeds well everywhere.

Brandywine. Rarely has a variety ever been produced which excels for so many purposes and over such large sections of the country as does the Brandywine. In hardiness and vigor of plant growth it has no equal. It succeeds in all soils, even on poor land, its splendid equipment of roots enabling it to find

food and drink, where many other kinds would perish outright. It is a very heavy bearer of very large berries which are good to eat, to ship, to can and preserve. The fact that Brandywine is an early, medium and late, and profuse bloomer, and that its blossoms are strongly staminate, renders it of the greatest value as a pollinizer of pistillate varieties, be they early, medium or late. It begins to ripen early and ripens all through the early and medium season. Its trait of having a prolonged blooming period is a sure safeguard against it getting killed by frosts. Its blooms and fruits are as sure as its leaves. No variety stands drouth better, and in fact there is no variety that is as sure of a crop under any climatical condition.

Louis Gauthier. A new French Strawberry. Its berries are extremely large, white or cream colored with a slight pink blush on one side. In quality it perhaps surpasses all others in sweetness and high flavor. Valuable for high garden culture. On account of the enormous size of the berries under good culture, unique color and very high flavor, it is a berry that every one owning a home should have a few plants of. Price, \$4.00 per 100.

DISCARDED.

The following varieties have been discarded, and cannot be furnished in the future:

Apples. Bowman's Excelsior, McAfee (Pride of Texas), Gordon's Seedling.

Peaches. Alice Haupt, Early Michigan, Picquet's Late, Eureka, Red Rivers, Anna Ruffin, Smith's Cling, Cole's Early Red, L. W. Cling, Steadly, Island Beauty.

Pears. Beaufort.

Raspberries. Shaffer's Purple, Loganberry.

Roses. Mosella, Mrs. Robt. Garrett, White Rambler, Pink Rambler, Harrison's Yellow.

PORTABLE BRASS BUCKET PUMP.

Fig. 1129, "Bordeaux" Brass Garden and Spray Pump, is especially designed for spraying in gardens and greenhouses. Complete with 3 feet $\frac{3}{8}$ inch hose and Spray Nozzle. \$5.00.

"HANDY" KNAPSACK SPRAY PUMP.

Fig. 989.

Fig. 989 represents our Knapsack Spray Pump made entirely of brass and copper, with ball valves and metal plunger, all easily accessible.

The reservoir is of heavy copper, and will hold about five gallons of liquid.

Adapted for operation with either right or left hand.

Complete as shown in cut with $3\frac{1}{2}$ feet of $\frac{3}{8}$ -inch discharge hose, "Vermorel" Nozzle and Lance for degorger. \$12.50

Fig. 1129.

"STANDARD" DOUBLE ACTING SPRAY PUMP.

Fig. 905 $\frac{1}{2}$ has brass-lined Cylinder and brass-cased differential Plunger. Base will fit either end or side of barrel. In ordering outfits state whether suction pipe is for end or side.

We supply barrel and mount Pump ready for use at \$1.50 extra, net. Pump with 3-in. Cylinder \$1.00 extra list. Dash or mechanical agitator can be attached.

Fig. 905 $\frac{1}{2}$.

Fig. 905 $\frac{1}{2}$.

Pump with Strainer	No.	Dia. Outer Cylinder.	Suc.	Double Dis.
\$9.50.	2	2 $\frac{1}{2}$ in.	1 in.	$\frac{1}{2}$ in. hose $\frac{3}{4}$ in. pipe
Outfit A for Single Spray		Fig. 905 $\frac{1}{2}$. 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ in. Spray Pump with 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 1 in. iron suction pipe with brass strainer and one lead of 10 ft. $\frac{1}{2}$ in. discharge hose, with Spray Nozzle.		
\$14.00.				

"KEROWATER" SPRAY PUMP.

Fig. 1187, "Kerowater," mechanically mixes and sprays Kerosene or crude Petroleum and water. Can be set for percentage of oil desired. No annoyance making an "emulsion." Delivers a uniform and accurate percentage of oil. This is the machine for exterminating the much dreaded *San Jose Scale*. In use by Experiment Stations. Inquire from them.

Fig. 1187.

Pump only	Plunger.		Discharge.
	Dia.	Stroke	
\$21.00.	2 inch	4 inch	$\frac{1}{2}$ in. hose
Outfit A for Single Spray.	Mounted in barrel and fitted with double shut off.		
	Fig. 1187. "Kerowater" with one lead 10 ft. $\frac{1}{2}$ in. discharge hose, with Spray Nozzle. Mounted in barrel and supplied with double shut off. \$23.75

Fig. 1187.