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62.25 INDEXED

Annual Catalogue

Washington, D.C.
1903

SEEDS

of
Celebrated

A WISE CHOICE

J. A. Everitt, Seedsman
INDIANAPOLIS, IND.

We Have Northern Seeds
 We Have Eastern Seeds
 We Have Western Seeds
 We Have Southern Seeds

O.K. SEEDS
 are Reliable

ENGRAVED FOR J. A. EVERITT

INDIANAPOLIS is situated in the center of the richest and most extensive agricultural region on the face of the globe. Every county teeming with a busy population. Every acre capable of producing a bountiful harvest. Farmers, why think of sending to the far East, West, North or South for your Seeds? The hub of the Seed business should be, at Indianapolis. Here are raised Seeds grown in the North, East, West and South and you can obtain them with a saving of time, and oftentimes a saving of freight or express equaling the value of the Seeds. If shipped from one side of the country. The say a few days, instead of weeks, to reach the other side of the country. Indianapolis is central for more farmers than any other city in the country. Yours for Superior Productions, J. A. EVERITT, Seedsmen.

..Remember This..

O.K.
SEEDS
are
Reliable

..Remember This..

PERSONAL TO ALL WHO BUY SEEDS

DEAR SIR AND MADAM—We again greet you with best wishes for good health for yourselves and family, good crops and much prosperity.

The year 1903 holds promises for farmers and all engaged in agricultural pursuits that were never present before. We refer to the great new **American Society of Equity**, as briefly explained on other pages of this Catalogue. Read about it. It will make farm life the ideal condition of living. Join it.

We send sincerest thanks to all our old customers for past liberal patronage and earnestly solicit a continuance of their valued favors. To those who have not been customers of our house in the past, or having been customers formerly, strayed away, we invite them to purchase and plant the **O. K. SEEDS** this year. Perfection is difficult to attain in seeds and in crops, but each year, with added knowledge and increased facilities, we are approaching nearer this desired condition, while planters who plant the **O. K. SEEDS** approach nearer to perfect results in their crops.

The seeds exert a great influence on the crops, regardless of the soil or season. Therefore, in the first place, look carefully to the seeds you purchase and plant. **O. K. SEEDS** are all right seeds. They are fresh and vital and will grow and produce the crops like you expect. Planting good seeds, like the **O. K.** brand, is like taking out an insurance policy on your crops.

*If you want seeds that will make a good garden—that will supply your table through the year with tender, delicious vegetables, plant the **O. K. SEEDS**. There is a vast difference in seeds, the same as there is in animals. What is not bred in the seed cannot come out in the crop. There are many scrub seeds on the market, but **O. K. Seeds are Thoroughbred Seeds**. Some others may be as good, but there is a chance that they are not. At all events, they cannot be any better, hence why take any chance? Many farmers and gardeners, no doubt, think they have been buying the best seeds in the past, yet they may be mistaken. Read some reports from users of **O. K. Seeds** on other pages of this Catalogue.*

A Momentous Question

See the picture of a farmer and his daughter on the first page of cover. Note that they have been examining the various seed catalogues. The look of perplexity on the farmer's face clearly shows that he is a careful farmer and he considers the selection of his seeds "a momentous question." It is evident, however, that the daughter has reached the point where there is no longer any doubt in her mind as to the selection, and she is trying to persuade her father that **O. K. Seeds** are the kind to plant. That the daughter was successful is clearly portrayed in the second picture.

A Wise Choice

Note, that by the farmer's face all doubt and perplexities have vanished and with what evident pleasure and confidence he is about to deposit his order for the **O. K. Seeds** in the mail box. It is **A WISE CHOICE** he has made. **O. K. SEEDS** are all right seeds. Nothing else enters our house. He might have ordered elsewhere and got as good seeds, but no better, while he might have made another selection and not got as good. Why run any risk? You may know you are right when you order the **O. K. Seeds**.

O. K. Seeds Are Not Cheap Seeds

They are the best seeds at the lowest price. Our ambition is to have **O. K. SEEDS** planted on every farm and in every garden in the country. Highest quality and lowest prices are part of the inducements we offer you.

Besides growing and selling seeds, we manufacture and sell a few valuable labor-saving machines, as listed in the back part of this catalogue. We want you to turn to that part of the catalogue and see what we have. Also we publish that peerless paper for farmers and gardeners, *Up-to-Date Farming and Gardening*. See elsewhere and don't fail to become a subscriber. Also read about the **American Society of Equity**, which proposes to remove the uncertainties of prices of farm crops, and put farming on a good business basis and on an equality with the best conducted of other enterprises.

OUR PRICES, AS WELL AS

our seeds, are O. K. They are based on A No. 1 First Quality Seeds. You may pay double price elsewhere, but we defy you to get better seeds anywhere at any price. With this condition prevailing, why risk your crops on doubtful store seeds? A mistake made in the start of a crop can never be wholly remedied in the future.

HOW TO ORDER

How to Remit:

We supply with this catalogue a special envelope, in which you may enclose your order and money and mail at our risk. See instructions on the back of the envelope. Or, if you desire, you may send by a **Registered Letter**. This is one of the best and most convenient ways to remit, and the sender gets a receipt for the letter as soon as it reaches its destination (**every postmaster must register Letters**); or by **Postoffice Money Orders, Express Money Orders or Bank Draft**. **Postage Stamps** taken the same as money in small amounts only; **2-cent Stamps preferred**. Don't send revenue stamps. Canadian customers can send any form of their currency or postage stamps, as we can use them at their face value.

TERMS. Our terms are cash with order. We will occasionally send goods C. O. D. if enough is remitted to guarantee charges. Or go to your Express or Freight Agent and deposit the money with him and take his receipt for the money, to be paid to us on arrival, if the goods are as represented. Or send us a letter from your Freight or Express Agent to the effect that you will pay the money on arrival of the goods if found as represented. We want to make it possible, safe and easy for you to order your seeds, machines, etc., of us and you need not hesitate, no difference in what part of the country you reside.

FREE BY MAIL.

We deliver all seeds free by mail at prices

quoted, in packet, oz., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 1 lb., 4 lbs., pint, quart and 4 quarts. If sent by freight or express, postage may be deducted at rate of 8c per lb., 8c per pint, 15c per quart. Keep this in mind when comparing prices. When goods are sent by freight or express the purchaser invariably pays the transportation charges, except where stated to the contrary.

BRINGS OUR SEED STORE RIGHT TO YOUR DOOR.

The Mails

are very reliable, and the development of the mail order business is one of the wonders of the present day. Many families have learned that they can obtain their supplies hundreds of miles away to better advantage than at their home stores. In no other line of goods is this more emphatically true than with their seeds, and in no other line does there exist such peculiarly important reasons for doing so. You may buy clothing, groceries, harness, nails, etc., away from your home store on account of price, but with seeds you have the additional reason of vitality. It may be all right to purchase nails, etc., at your store, but all wrong to risk it for living, vital, vigorous seeds. Every postoffice is a branch store where you can get O. K. Seeds, and if on a Rural Mail route, Uncle Sam will bring them right to your door.

Market Gardeners No other class of planters appreciates the reliability of seeds more than market gardeners, and they have taken out the best insurance policy for a successful crop when they send an order for O. K. Seeds.

WARRANTY. We warrant all our seeds to be O. K., or all right, and that they will grow with proper treatment, and be as represented, in so far that if they prove otherwise, we will refund the order or return the money. We exercise great care to have all seeds pure, true and reliable, yet so many contingencies arise over which we have no control we cannot warrant the crop. If not accepted on these terms they must be returned at once.

REFERENCES.

We refer you to any commercial agency, to any bank in the country, or to any business house in Indianapolis as to our reliability.

Reduced Freight and Express.

About four years ago, through our efforts, the railroad companies made a lower rate on Seed Corn, Oats, Wheat, etc., going to farmers. We ship such seeds from Indianapolis for about one-half the former rate. This is an item for you to consider in placing your order. Our Express rates are 20 per cent less than regular merchandise express rates. See second cover page for central location of Indianapolis.

Prepay Stations.

If there is no agent at your station, remit extra for the freight or we cannot ship. If you neglect to do this we will ship to the nearest station where there is an agent.

Give Full Address

every time you write. If you change your P. O., give old as well as new when you write. This is very important. Notify us immediately when you change your address.

If you have ever been disappointed in your seeds in the past, plant the O. K. BRAND this year and you will have no cause for dissatisfaction.

DISCOUNTS.

50c Buys 75c worth of seeds in packets and ounces; \$1.00 buys \$1.50 worth, etc. Our packets are full size and contain enough seed for a kitchen garden and often times to spare. When considering our prices on packets, take into consideration this great discount, which means one-third free of catalogue rate.

DISCOUNT TO CLERGYMEN of 10 per cent. An extra discount will be allowed on all orders sent to us by clergymen, except on grass and clover seed.

KEY TO LETTERS.

The attention of readers is called to the letters after the name of varieties. They signify as follows: *Ex*, extra early; *e* or *ea*, early; *l*, late; *d*, dwarf; *t*, tall; *su*, summer; *f*, fall; *wi*, winter; *g*, for general cultivation; *n*, for cultivation in the North; *e*, in the East; *so*, in the South; *w*, in the West; *h*, particularly recommended for home use; *m*, recommended for market; *w*, wrinkled, as applied to peas. Varieties marked *m* should not be understood to mean that they are not recommended for home use, as frequently they are the best for that purpose. But when a variety is marked *h*, it is to indicate that it is not suited for market except in some cases for near home.

FREIGHT ON FARM SEEDS.

We caution our readers, when comparing prices in our catalogue on heavy farm seeds, potatoes, etc., with others, particularly from the North, to consider the difference in freight. In many cases the difference that may appear in prices in favor of some others will be more than offset by transportation charges. We have our seeds produced in all parts of the country, where soil and climate suit the best, and bring them to Indianapolis, the center of the country, for distribution. Transportation charges will usually be a small item from Indianapolis, which is so centrally located. See map on second cover page.

HOW TO MAKE OUT ORDERS.

Our customers will facilitate our work very much if they will follow these instructions: First, check or mark in the catalogue everything you want to order. Second, begin in first part of the catalogue and list everything on the order sheet in regular order as they come in the catalogue; however, putting machines and heavy seeds on first page; pkts., ozs., lbs., and qts. on second page, and plants in a list by themselves. See also explanation on order sheet. If orders are made out in this way they can be passed through our various departments to much better advantage than if jumbled and mixed.

ILLUSTRATIONS.

Nearly all the illustrations in this catalogue are our original productions and represent the variety as closely as the artist can portray. Many of our illustrations have been reproduced by other seedsmen and in some cases are used to illustrate other varieties.

PERISHABLE GOODS.

Our customers are advised that perishable goods, such as potatoes, plants and some bulbs, must wait for warm weather in the spring for shipment. Usually we can ship potatoes to our Southern customers about March 15 and Northern customers about April 1, or sooner.

CANNOT SUPPLY.

Present indications are that we will not be able to supply any Long Green Cucumber Seed at prices quoted, except in pkts. and ozs., as our crop was an entire failure. If wanted in larger quantities remit at the rate of \$2.50 per lb. Also the home crop of Australian Salt Bush, page 115, was an entire failure. We are trying to get some from Australia, but may fail. Customers will please govern themselves accordingly.

Many kinds of seed crops were very short last year and we anticipate other shortages before the season is over, but will always do the best we can to serve our customers satisfactorily.

Every farmer, stockman, orchardist, gardener—it fact, every person interested in any branch of agriculture, or friend of agriculture, should be a subscriber to *Up-to-Date Farming and Gardening*. See pages 28 and 29.

J. A. EVERITT, Pub.

This is a society to secure co-operation by farmers, with the result that they will always secure profitable prices for their products. Also through this society they will realize all other good things that they need, and farming will become the preferred profession. It is the greatest movement of a century, and is destined to do more good to the world than any other thing within the Christian era. See fuller particulars, pages 30, 31 and 32.

Send all orders for everything in this catalogue to

J. A. Everitt, Seedsman THE O. K. SEEDSMAN OF AMERICA
225-227 WEST WASHINGTON ST.
INDIANAPOLIS, IND.

The Home of O. K. Seeds.
The Building is Five Stories and
Basement; 195 feet deep.

J. A. EVERITT, Originator.

ONE DAY'S SEEDS. The people cannot help but write about O. K. SEEDS. The people who plant them are

so well pleased that they write to us and tell their neighbors and thus our trade increases and the fame of O. K. Seeds goes out all over the land. We intend to push the sale of O. K. SEEDS until they are planted in every garden and on every farm in the land and until our trade mark is a household word.

REPORTS

THESE REPORTS WERE RECEIVED NOV. 17, 1902.

I am a little girl 7 years old; I help my papa in the garden. The **O. K. Seeds** take the lead in our garden. My crop of pop corn was fine and it pops big white balls, white as snow,
MISS LATHENIA D. FORBES,
Elizabeth, Ky.

I have used your **O. K. Seeds** for several years and have always found them fresh and of superior quality.

REASIN GARD, Canton, Kan.

All your **O. K. Seeds** have been satisfactory.
W. E. GANTS, Catlin, Ill.

I have planted your **O. K. Seeds** for 3 years and to say that I am delighted with them but feebly expresses my feelings. On the seed question I have been humbugged much, but I never had any trouble with **O. K. Seeds**. I have read *Up-to-Date Farming and Gardening* and have been very materially benefited thereby. May you have abundant crops of O. K. seeds and the success you so richly deserve.

HALL LAURIL, Vienna, La.

I have handled your **O. K. Seeds** for several years and no fault has been found with any of them. I think they are the best seeds in the market. B. F. KESSLER, Greensburg, Ky.

I believe you are the fairest man I ever bought seeds from. Your **O. K. Seeds** are always good. Prize-Taker Onion and C. W. T. Cabbage beat all I ever saw. I will always want O. K. seeds when planting time comes. I am also a reader of *Up-to-Date Farming*. It has done me good. When I began reading it 3 years ago, I was in debt and had hardly nothing. I followed its advice, and now I am out of debt and have about \$1,000 worth of stuff. I wish you great success.

W. D. BRUMLY, Bono, Ark.

I have for years considered your **O. K. Seeds** as good as could be bought anywhere. In fact, I prefer buying of you. I especially praise your White Stutgart Radish this season. We raised the finest radishes from your seed I ever saw.

P. E. GENOWAY, Fredericktown, Mo.

From one pound of Everitt's Early Potato, I grew $1\frac{1}{2}$ bushel of the finest potatoes I ever raised. *Up-to-Date Farming and Gardening* is the best agricultural paper published.

W. O. GORDON, Clare, Ark.

Your **O. K. Seeds** all done fine, especially the Alpha Pole Beans and Everitt's Earliest Cabbage. They are **O. K.**, as you claim. I am also a reader of *Up-to-Date*.

ELLA DAVIS, Butter, Ky.

The Yard Long Corn I have grown for two years and it is certainly the greatest corn in this country.
F. S. WELLS, Erdine, Ia.

Everitt's Early Cabbage is my favorite; every plant headed. A packet of Kaffir Corn yielded 40 lbs. of seed. The tobacco done splendid, also the Yard Long Corn, Apple tree and Grape vine. *Up-to-Date* has done us much good and by following its teachings we have raised the best crops ever seen on this old worn-out place.

REV. AUSTIN CURTIS, Irwinton, Ga.

The packet of Mixed Winter Radishes produced the finest radishes I ever saw grow.

JOHN KEAMER, Greeley, Colo.

Your Climbing Tomatoes grew 16 feet high and are fine. They are still green and I can pick a peck of ripe tomatoes off of the vine today.

THOS. GREEN, Albion, Ill.

All your seeds have been true to name and **O. K.** To say the Rattlesnake Melons were fine, don't half express it, and my Peppers were the best on the market. If I continue to farm I want one of your Man-Weight machines, as they can't be beat. My mother-in-law has one and I tell you she likes it fine.

W. B. CARPENTER, Cherryvale, Kan.

I have been using **O. K. Seeds** for several years and always found them to be just as recommended. I have had better success with **O. K. Seeds** than with any others.

WM. McANESPY, Farmers, Ky.

Your O. K. Seeds proved to be as great a success in West Florida as they did in Central Indiana, where I used them for a number of years. *Up-to-Date* is one of the best farm and garden papers I ever read.

L. K. GEETING, Chipley, Fla.

Your Triumph Watermelons were fine and of excellent quality. I am also well pleased with Farmers' Trust Wheat and have my entire crop sown in this variety. I believe there is more in good seed than in fertilizers. I am also a subscriber to *Up-to-Date Farming and Gardening*, and lay my other papers aside to read it, when it comes.

R. E. COOPER, Hedrick, Ga.

I have used your **O. K. Seeds** for about nine years and like them so well I have quit all other seedsmen for the **O. K. Seeds**. I mention those of special merit the past season, Everitt's Early Six Weeks Potato, Shepherd Radish, Kuttawa Tomato, C. W. T. Cabbage, Prize-Taker Onion. Such heads of cabbage as I raised was astonishing.

LAURA M. BURNETT, Anita, Ia.

ONE DAY'S DON'T RISK your crops on doubtful store seeds that may have been in Texas last

REPORTS

year and Maine the year before—that may have been scorched in one store and stored in a damp cellar in another. They may be veritable tramp seeds, not able to find a resting place heretofore and which will cause you loss and trouble if you take them into your garden. Plant the O. K. Seeds and your crops will be O. K. Every postoffice and every rural mail box is a branch store where you can obtain O. K. Seeds.

THESE REPORTS WERE RECEIVED NOV. 20, 1902.

I find your **O. K. Seeds** the best I ever used, and will continue to be a customer for them. The Man-Weight Cultivator and Drill did good work, saved me much work and is easy to handle. *Up-to-Date* is my favorite farm paper.

The Houser Cabbage raised from your **O. K. Seeds** surprised everybody in this section. I entered three heads at Londonville fair for premiums on largest heads, and was awarded first prize. The three heads weighed 68 lbs. The fair was held by Richland, Ashland, Holmes and Knox Counties.

MRS. JAS. SMITH, Danville, Ohio.

I have planted **O. K. Seeds** for a number of years. I will not speak of any particular variety, as they have all given entire satisfaction. Your *Up-to-Date Farming and Gardening* is the best of its class I ever read. No one who reads this paper can truthfully say that they did not derive benefit therefrom. Wishing you success,

R. C. BERTRAND, Crystal Springs, Ark.

I am much pleased with **O. K. Seeds**. I never planted better. I want to speak particularly of the following: The Black Seeded Simpson Lettuce is as fine as anybody needs to want. The Denver Market is also fine. Sure Head Cabbage is rightly named, while Stringless Green Pod Bean is as fine as I ever seen.

R. GOZNEL, Berryville, Ark.

I have used your **O. K. Seeds** a number of years and always found them satisfactory. The Japanese Pumpkin is par excellence and the wonder of all who have seen and used them. This is the only pumpkin that I have ever known raised successfully in the Indian Territory, after a continuous residence of more than a quarter of a century. I am convinced that all farmers and gardeners should buy seeds direct and **O. K. Seeds** are the kind. The seeds in country stores are usually no good. Your *Up-to-Date Farming* is an excellent paper and should be read by every farmer, gardener, stock raiser and housewife. I take several farm papers and appreciate none more highly than *Up-to-Date*.

P. B. ARTHUR, P. M., Leon, Ind. Ter.

I can honestly and gladly say that I am much pleased with your **O. K. Seeds**, which I have been using several years, and more than this, your fair treatment has made it a pleasure to deal with you. I used your hand Sprayers and Powder Distributors and the price is a mere nothing compared with their helpfulness. I have used your seed wheat and was well repaid in improved crops.

J. M. BURNS, Cadiz, Ky.

I have been planting your **O. K. Seeds** about 16 years and always found them "**O. K.**" in all respects. I obtained Green Mountain Potatoes of you four years ago and they are the best I ever grew. I like *Up-to-Date Farming* very much. All who want to be up-to-date should read it. WILLIS M. GUICE,

Hendersonville, N. C.

My Farmers' Interest Corn is yielding 90 bushels per acre after being through the great cyclone of June 25th.

REV. J. LEWIS WAMPLER,
Wilkinson, Ind.

I have been a customer of your house 12 years and I have not got one article that was not satisfactory in all respects. We bought all of our garden seeds of you last spring and they were all **O. K.** Hoping you will have success,

J. E. THOMPSON, Clark Centre, Ill.

I think Logan's Giant Seedling Tomato is the finest in the world.

MRS. H. T. CLAGGETT, Central City, Ky.

It is a pleasure to report that the **O. K. Seeds** I ordered of you for myself and neighbors gave good satisfaction. I am particularly much pleased with Early Six Weeks Potato.

G. W. BAKER, Alforasville, Ind.

I planted last spring of the **O. K. Seeds** the following: Eureka Celery, Cauliflower, Tomatoes, Radishes, Cucumbers and some others and can say that I never planted seeds that germinated better or gave finer crops. They were first-class in all respects.

JAMES A. MAYBERRY, Saco, Me.

Your **O. K. Seeds** and *Up-to-Date* farm paper all seem to make us friends. You are surely a friend in need to us farm folk and I sincerely hope you will be successful in your undertakings for the benefit of the farmers.

MRS. JOHN L. COOK, Cook's Station, Mo.

I have used the **O. K. Seeds** and they are all right. I know when I plant your seeds that they will come up and I can say "this will be a stand," and then go on with some other work. I wish you success with your seeds and your *Up-to-Date* paper.

O. H. TATE, Springville, La.

I have used **O. K. Seeds** several years and also have used others, but yours are the best. Your Late Flat Dutch Cabbage is my favorite. I have read *Up-to-Date Farming* and it is fine. I wish you success.

P. H. SHEELY, Peaks, S. C.

ONE DAY'S

The three best things on earth for the farmers
are GOOD SEEDS, LARGE CROPS, BIG

PROFITS and O. K. Seeds are the source of all these.

Start right this spring by planting O. K. SEEDS

and you will come out all right next fall, particularly if you subscribe for UP-TO-DATE FARMING AND GARDENING and join the American Society of Equity.

REPORTS

THESE REPORTS WERE RECEIVED NOV. 25, 1902.

I have used your O. K. Seeds 5 or 6 years and they have always given me satisfaction. They are always fresh and up-to-date.

GEO. W. WADE, Freemansville, N. C.

All the seeds bought of you have proved O. K., but I particularly want to speak of the Brome Grass. It has done well and is now fine pasture. My neighbors are much interested in this grass, and you may look for many orders.

FRANK O. PETERSON, Bertrand, Neb.

O. K. Seeds are O. K. with me. The Six Weeks Potato has proved to be just as you represented. Farmers' Interest, Mortgage Lifter and Yellow Dent Corn are all of the best. The Monte Christo Melon is the best that ever grew east, west, north or south, and all my neighbors so affirm. The grass seed was clear of filth and weeds and the finest I ever bought,

JOHN W. DANNER, Argillite, Ky.

For the past three years I have bought seeds from three different firms and tested them side by side. O. K. Seeds have proved the best. I haven't had a poor package of seeds from you and I will continue to use them. I have read *Up-to-Date Farming and Gardening* one year and learned a great deal about farming from it, and now renew two years in advance.

THOS. W. ASH, So. West Harbor, Me.

After setting out my Tomato Plants I concluded to utilize the plant bed for turnips, hence bought 10 cents worth of your celebrated O. K. Turnip Seed and I can say that I never raised larger turnips in my life. Everybody looks on them with surprise and say they equal California products. Fourteen turnips filled a bushel basket, and 38 filled a barrel. I raised 75 bushels from the 10 cents worth of seed. I can recommend the O. K. Seeds.

EDGAR FEELER, Southport, Ind.

O. K. Seeds are all right. Your Vegetable Oyster or Salsify is far above the ordinary. *Up-to-Date Farming and Gardening* is a favorite with us all.

H. B. BARNET, Cookstown, Can.

I have used O. K. Seeds about nine years with entire satisfaction, but especially mention Autumn King Cabbage as being the finest I ever raised.

L. A. ATKINSON, Americus, Kas.

Your O. K. Seeds are fine. Your Man-Weight Cultivator can't be beat. *Up-to-Date Farming and Gardening* is all right, and I could not farm successfully without it,

JAMES R. SMITH, Grand Junction, Colo.

Our use of O. K. Seeds has been entirely satisfactory. The Apple Pie Melon we like very much. Early Six Weeks Market Potatoes are just splendid, and the earliest variety I ever saw. You may expect my orders in the future. Your farm paper is up to date in every particular.

H. BURK, Salmon, Idaho.

I have had very satisfactory results from O. K. Seeds. As a specially good variety I mention Cabbage Head Lettuce. *Up-to-Date* has been satisfactory in every respect. One article on transplanting plants was worth many times the price of the paper.

MRS. NELLIE BLAKELY, Beatrice, Neb.

Your Seeds are O. K., as represented. I am especially pleased with Everitt's Earliest of All Cabbage and the Sweet Corn was extra nice.

A. K. DAVIS, Riceville, Miss.

Your O. K. Seeds are all right. I like them better than seeds from several other houses that I have tried. I found them true and sure to come up.

E. W. JONES, Buena Vista, Miss.

I have used your O. K. Seeds for 4 or 5 years. Am much pleased with them and they are as good as represented.

MRS. TOM RICE, Grayson, Ky.

My experience with O. K. Seeds shows me that they average better than seeds obtained from any other seed house. *Up-to-Date Farming and Gardening* has done me good and will do any one good who reads it and is interested in farming.

L. ACHERMAN, Santa Barbara, Cal.

I think O. K. is the right trade mark for your Seeds. They are just what you claim for them. I enclose subscription for *Up-to-Date* herewith.

J. H. KATH, Danvers, Ill.

I have been a customer of your house for several years and bought all kinds of seeds. Your O. K. Seeds never fail to germinate. I have also been a subscriber to *Up-to-Date Farming and Gardening* as many years. I like its teachings and read it entire. I think the American Society of Equity, of which it teaches, is just the plan for farmers' co-operation.

B. W. HAILE, Bainbridge, Ky.

Your O. K. Seeds have been very satisfactory indeed. I like them better than seeds purchased elsewhere. I have read *Up-to-Date Farming and Gardening* and it certainly has the faculty of awakening one's latent impulses.

S. J. WALLINGFORD, Aultman, Ariz.

If we were to print all the testimonials received in a year for O. K. SEEDS, it would require a book about the size of this catalogue. We have printed only a few to show how our seeds are prized by our customers. People who plant the O. K. SEEDS make no mistake.

\$40,000 IN CASH TO BE GIVEN AWAY IN 1,000 CASH PRIZES

To those making the correct or nearest correct estimates of the total vote for Governors in the States of Ohio, Iowa and Massachusetts, on the 3d day of November, 1903.

THE CAPITAL PRIZE IS \$10,000

There are 20 Special Prizes of \$1000 Each for Early Estimates

VALUABLE INFORMATION

To aid in making your estimate, we give the vote in each State and totals for 10 years, as follows:

Year.	Ohio.	Mass.	Iowa.	Total.
1891.....	795,629	321,650	420,212	1,537,491
1893.....	823,658	365,012	415,806	1,604,476
1895.....	837,466	328,121	401,345	1,566,932
1897.....	854,986	269,795	428,292	1,563,073
1899.....	908,159	299,166	433,351	1,640,676
1901.....	827,566	324,526	390,489	1,542,581

What will be the total vote for Governor in these three States combined on the 3d day of November, 1903? Figure it out and send in your estimates with your order. It may mean a fortune for you.

THE LIST OF PRIZES IS AS FOLLOWS:

To the nearest correct.....	\$10,000.00	To the next 12 nearest correct, \$15.00 each.....	\$ 180.00
To the second nearest correct.....	3,000.00	To the next 27 nearest correct, \$10.00 each.....	270.00
To the third nearest correct.....	1,000.00	To the next 933 nearest correct, \$5.00 each.....	4,665.00
To the fourth nearest correct.....	500.00		
To the fifth nearest correct.....	200.00		
To the sixth nearest correct.....	100.00		
To the seventh nearest correct.....	50.00		
To the eighth nearest correct.....	35.00	980 prizes amounting to.....	\$20,000.00

A Special Prize of \$1,000 will be paid to the person sending the nearest correct estimate in each period of half a month. The first term ending December 15, 1902, and each term thereafter ending the 14th and last of the month. There are 20 terms, and 20 prizes equal \$20,000.

How to Participate in this Contest

Any person ordering goods from this Catalogue to amount of \$1.00 or more (only one estimate allowed on an order), is entitled to one estimate. The estimate must be sent with the order. We enclose a blank for this purpose. If the blank becomes misplaced, send name, address and estimate on a slip of paper separate from your order, which will be just as good.

On receipt of your number we will at once send you a certificate of acknowledgment. You will hold this certificate until the election, when the vote will be printed in all leading papers and all successful estimators will be notified and prizes paid.

What would you do with \$10,000 or any of the other 999 prizes? Any of our customers could make good use of any of these sums, no doubt. To participate in these drawings costs you absolutely nothing. The certificates are absolutely free to customers of our house. Our prices for seeds, etc., are the lowest and our inducements in quality, discounts, etc., the best offered by any house; hence, all other things being equal,

This Extra Inducement Should Influence Your Order for the O. K. SEEDS House

Estimating on the votes is not a matter of guess work altogether, but of study and calculation. With the aid of the list given above for former years and the knowledge that the population of the country is increasing, you should be able to figure out pretty nearly what the votes for 1903 will be. Send all orders and estimates to

J. A. EVERITT, Seedman, Indianapolis, Ind.

Result of Former Contest

Last year we offered \$15,000 in cash, based on the revenue of the Post Office Department for one year. The contest ended the 30th day of June, 1902, but the Post Office Department did not get their figures ready until Oct. 21, 1902. The revenue was

\$121,848,047.26

The Principal Prize Winners were as follows:

SPECIAL PRIZES.

The first Special Prize for the nearest correct estimate of the total revenue of Post Office Department for fiscal year ending June 30, 1902, received before April 1st:

\$1,000.00

March 23—John H. Latture, Winchester, Tenn., Certificate No. 20115, Series D; Estimate 121,847,997.

The Second Special Prize for the nearest correct estimate of the total revenue of Post Office Department for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1902, received between April 1st and May 1st:

\$1,000.00

April 23—E. L. Franey, Farnam, Neb., Certificate No. 99634, Series E; Estimate \$121,848,046.

The Third Special Prize for the nearest correct estimate of the total revenue of Post Office Department for fiscal year ending June 30, 1902, received between May 1st and June 1st

\$700.00

May 9—A. M. Allen, Newtown, Mo., Certificate No. 31688, Series F; Estimate \$121,848,056.

GENERAL PRIZES

FIRST PRIZE—\$5,000.00

E. Farquhar, Toronto, Ont., 9 Wilton Crest77737G \$121,848,047

SECOND PRIZE—\$2,000.00

E. L. Franey, Farnam, Neb.....99634E \$121,848,046

THIRD PRIZE—\$1,000.00

Frank P. Horn, Easton, Pa., 914 Butler St.....93103H 121,848,041

FOURTH PRIZE—\$500.00

A. M. Allen, Newtown, Mo., Sullivan County.....31688F 121,848,056

FIFTH PRIZE—\$300.00

C. B. Johnson, Palo, Mich.....50171H 121,848,064

SIXTH PRIZE—\$200.00

Edith Roe, Detroit, Mich., 59 W. High.....63842H 121,848,023

SEVENTH PRIZE—\$100.00

R. L. Knabb, St. Louis, Mo., 3945 Cleveland Ave.....76375H 121,848,006

EIGHTH PRIZE—\$75.00

P. La Due, Saginaw, E. S., Mich., 516 Norman St.....43046H 121,848,001

NINTH PRIZE—\$50.00

Mrs. J. Capper, Chandlerville, Ohio, R. F. D. No. 3.....90774F 121,848,000

TENTH PRIZE—\$25.00

John H. Latture, Winchester, Tenn., 20115D 121,847,997

Space does not permit us to publish the entire list, but all estimators within the figures \$121,842,971 to \$121,853,102 won prizes.

I have just returned from the field where my hand is cultivating the Central States Dispatch Corn, seed of which I purchased of you a short time ago. In your behalf I must state that this is the surest and quickest corn to grow that I ever planted in an experience of 25 years. My hand says there is not a single hill missing and 6 inches high. The garden seeds are all up and doing finely. Success to you and long may your colors of uprightness and integrity wave, is the wish of your friend.

H. J. SUMMERS, Jr., Janesville, O.
May 5, 1902.

I am more than thankful for your liberality in filling my order. My neighbors have made the following remarks about your O. K. Seeds: "You don't mean to say that you get that size packets for the price quoted in the catalogue." Others say, "such bright, large, strong looking seeds" and then I tell them how good they grow. There will be many O. K. seeds planted in this part of Oklahoma next season.

MRS. CLARA DURHAM, Lenora, Okla.
April 1, 1902.

We notice that nearly all the truckers in this section have been ordering their seeds from The past season their seeds proved very unsatisfactory. Taking onions for example, scarcely ten truckers managed to raise any. * * * This is one of the greatest trucking sections of Texas. Last spring we planted your O. K. SEEDS and the results were entirely satisfactory. If you will furnish us with your seeds we will introduce them. Our firm ships twice the amount of produce as any other in this section and we want to sustain our reputation for handling only the best.

ALVIN PRODUCE CO.

Alvin, Texas.

DEAR SIR—Having used your seeds now for two years, I want to tell you they are all you could desire them to be, especially your Evergreen Beans. They were the best I have ever had, I believe, both as to bearing and flavor; and now I would be pleased to receive one of your new catalogues as soon as you can send it.

Yours truly, MARSHALL B. SIBLEY,
Dec. 14, 1902. Recknor, La.

Specialties in Seeds

For 1903

GOLDEN CROWN STRINGLESS WAX

A new long white seed bean, with very round golden pods and perfectly stringless. This, without exception, will prove one of the most popular and desirable of wax varieties. Its enormous yielding characteristics, beautiful appearance, freedom from string, and its fine quality, will place it in the front rank with every grower and dealer. Vine a true bush in type, of strong, healthy growth, carrying its loads of pods well up from the ground. The plants are not only a mat of pods in the center, but spikelets, bearing from four to six long golden pods each, are borne above the foliage, entitling it to the name of Golden Crown. It is very early, free from pod rust and blight, producing marketable pods very quickly from the blossom and acquires a golden shade when very young. Ripens early and can be harvested among the very first, thus escaping late August rains. As a dry bean for the produce trade it will be found of great value, grading as medium sized White Kidneys, and of the finest table quality. Pkt. 15c, pt. 30c, qt. 50c, by mail.

BOUNTIFUL GREEN POD

(Absolutely Stringless.)

Of this new green pod bush bean our crop was so short that we can offer it only in a small way, but this introduction will serve to show our customers what a superior variety it is and open the way for larger sales in the future.

The Bountiful has absolutely no string and produces large and shapely pods. Most delicious and tender and remains so for a long time. It is very hardy, extremely early and exceedingly productive. This bean will please everybody, whether for home or market. Pkt. 15c, pt. 40c, by mail.

Crimson Globe.

Crimson Globe Beet

A Grand Variety from England.

A very handsome root; second early or for main crop. Richly colored

crimson flesh. Exquisitely tender and delicious and entirely free from any stringiness. Size, medium; slender tap root. Small dark leaves, borne on slender stems which start closely around the center of the top of root. This is probably the finest beet of its class introduced in years. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c, lb. \$1.00, by mail.

Mammoth Stock Feeding Sugar Beet

A strain of beets that have been developed for size like the mangel wurtzels and at the same time possess a remarkable percentage of sugar and the highest possible nutritive value that it has yet been possible to attain in a root of this kind. For feed

this beet is worth ton for ton twice as much as common kinds or the mangels. Also there has been an improvement in the shape of the root and in the habit of growth, so that they may grow closer together and the crop

may be harvested and handled much easier. The large roots grow with about two-thirds their bulk or one-half their length above ground, but this upper part is not coarse and hard, the whole root being fine, tender, juicy and sweet. We recommend this beet to stockmen, who want the most productive, best feeding variety, and who are seeking to reduce the labor of growing and handling to a minimum. It leaves little to be desired as a stock food in the root line.

Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c, lb. 60c. By freight or express, 50c per lb.

Cumberland Cucumber

The New Cumberland is a cross of the Japanese Climbing and the Peerless White Spine, combining prolificacy and vigor of growth with beauty and uniformity. It was originated by Mr. Coy, the veteran seed grower, who says: "I honestly believe this is the best pickling cucumber ever produced." The variety is of the hardy white spine type, is a rapid, strong and vigorous grower and very prolific in fruit. The pickles differ from all other hardy sorts in being thickly set with fine spines over the entire surface, except the extreme stem end. During the whole period of growth, from the time they first set until fully grown, the form is exceptionally straight and symmetrical, thus being as choice as a slicing variety as it is for pickles. The flesh is firm in all stages of growth. Pkt. 10c, oz. 25c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c.

Cumberland Cucumber.

THE HOUSER CABBAGE

An Extremely Large, Hard Heading Late Cabbage

Some of Our Claims for This Cabbage Are:

1. Lateness. It is the latest of all large cabbages, being at least two weeks later than any strain of the Late Flat Dutch type.

2. Solidity. The Houser Cabbage cannot be excelled in this respect by even the Danish Ball Head. Very compact, each leaf well overlapping the head.

3. Size. It is fully as large as any of the late varieties, the heads averaging from 10 to 12 pounds. Many specimens have been grown to weigh 18 to 20 pounds.

4. Shape. The heads are round and deep through, and should any of the heads crack, it is always at the stem end, which does not destroy its use for market. The heart extends only 2 to 2½ inches into the head.

5. Quality. The main feature of a good cabbage is tenderness. In this respect it is unexcelled. It is free from that coarse rib found in other late cabbages.

6. Yield. By reason of the compact habit of growth of the Houser Cabbage and its freedom from loose leaves, 500 to 800 more heads can be set out to the acre than of any other large variety. Ninety-five per cent of these plants, in an ordinary season, will make good, merchantable heads.

The Houser Cabbage will be welcomed as a valuable addition to late varieties for fall, winter and spring.

In solidity and keeping qualities it excels the Danish Ball Head, so famous in some sections. Mr. Lupton, a large grower of cabbage seed on Long Island, and who is thoroughly acquainted with all new varieties, writes of this cabbage as follows:

"The Houser Cabbage is entirely distinct from anything I have ever grown or anything now on the market. It is fully two weeks later than other sorts, an excellent keeper, hard-heading and is all right. It is a first-class keeper, retaining its color to a marked degree, and will carry through the winter for early spring market without rotting, as many other varieties do."

J. M. LUPTON, Long Island, N. Y.

I have 10,000 Danish Cabbage and 4,000 Houser Cabbage planted and find yours far the best—more heads and finer quality. I can recommend the Houser above all others.

S. T. BOKE, Muscatine, Iowa.

The Houser Cabbage did excellently. The weather here was very wet this season. My neighbor's cabbage burst and rotted, while yours kept solid. It is the best late cabbage I ever saw.

F. A. KEPHART, Kephart, Pa.

The Houser Cabbages are doing finely. A neighbor looked at them to-day and said they were beauties. Shall want more seed next season.

W. O. BARBER, Torrington, Conn.

Price—Pkt. 10c, 3 for 25c, oz. 35c, ¼ lb. \$1.25, lb. \$4.00.

NEW CELERY

WINTER QUEEN

**Finest Dwarf Winter Celery
The Best Keeper**

This is certainly the most valuable variety of Celery for winter and spring use ever introduced. It can be kept and sold in the following May when all other Celeries are gone. It is dwarf, of stout growth, thick ribs and double as much crisp heart as any other variety. The plant is beautiful in appearance, of close compact growth and blanches readily to a rich cream white. Flavor delicious, nutty; ribs solid, crisp. Highly recommended for home and market.

Pkt. 10c, oz. 30c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c, lb. \$2.50.

EARLY SPRING CABBAGE

**The Earliest Round Flat Headed
Cabbage—Yields Much More
Than any Other Extra
Early**

This Cabbage is of the early summer type, but smaller. It has only four or five outside leaves and these are so small that it may be planted 21 inches apart, allowing 13,500 plants to an acre. The stem is short and almost the whole plant as it grows is edible. It has the most solid head of any early Cabbage and the head is solid even in the early stages of growth. Its shape, large yield and other good qualities make it of exceptional value for gardeners and truckers, while it has all the good qualities to recommend it to the private gardener.

PRICE—Pkt. 10c, oz. 40c,
 $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.25.

**EARLY SPRING
CABBAGE**

ENG. FOR
J. B. Smith
Gardman

**A NEW
SWEET
CORN..**

PREMO

The Earliest of All.

5 to 7 Days Earlier than Extra Early Adams.

THIS is not an Imitation Sugar, but a genuine Sweet Corn, and to the best of our knowledge is the earliest Sweet Corn in the country. It not only combines all the merits of the leading extra early varieties, but possesses the qualities of size, table quality and yield in greater degree. The Premo not only is ready for the table ahead of any other variety of Corn when planted at the same time, but the seed is very hardy and may be planted in the spring as early as is safe to plant the Adams. The seed does not rot in cold ground like other Sweet Corn, also the plants have withstood slight frosts. The stalk grows about four feet high and usually bear two good ears to the stalk.

PREMO
Earliest
on Earth
READY FOR
MARKET
60 DAYS
AFTER
PLANTING

In evidence of the earliness of the Premo Sweet Corn, we submit the following reports from our grower, C. S. Clark, the largest grower of Sweet Corn for seed in the world.

The Premo Sweet Corn was planted June 3, tasseled July 15; ears were large enough for use August 3 (61 days) and matured for seed August 24. This Corn is much earlier than Kendel's Giant, Dwarf Extra Early Adams or Fordhook Early. The ears are of good size, 8 to 10 rowed.

C. S. CLARK.

The Premo Sweet Corn was planted May 24, 1900, tasseled July 5; ears were large enough for use Aug. 1 (68 days), ripening Aug. 15.

C. S. CLARK.

In further evidence of the great value of the Premo Corn, we submit the following testimonials from the public:

Notwithstanding the exceedingly dry weather here this season your new corn was ahead of all. We had large ears of excellent quality. It was about 60 days in maturing. Under favorable circumstances it will beat that.

ASA HARRINGTON, Bloomfield, Iowa.

Planted your Premo and had large, well filled ears to cook 58 days from planting. The corn is the earliest I have ever seen.

MRS. WM. HEINLY, Albany, Pa.

I planted your Premo on May 30, with others, and it was the greatest surprise of all early Sweet Corns in earliness, being far ahead of Ferry's Extra Early. I have kept it all to use next year.

M. M. PERSON, Nullboch, Pa.

PRICE—Every person who is ambitious to excel their neighbors in having the first table Corn, should plant the Premo. Pkt. 10c, 3 for 25c, pt. 25c, qt. 40c, prepaid. Not prepaid, qt. 25c, 4 qts. \$1.00, peck \$1.50.

HERBS

Indispensable to the cook, useful in the sick room, and many kinds are fine for perfuming clothing, etc. The varieties marked with an asterisk (*) are perennial, and when once started in the garden may be preserved for years with but little care.

Anise—Used for cordials, garnishing and flavoring. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c.

Balm—Leaves have a fragrant odor. Pkt. 5c, oz. 25c.

Basil, Sweet—Leaves used for flavoring soups, stews and highly seasoned dishes. Pkt. 5c, oz. 20c.

Borage—Leaves used for flavoring. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c.

Catnip—Leaves and young shoots are used for seasoning. Pkt. 5c, oz. 40c.

Caraway—Grown for the seeds, which are extensively used for the flavoring of bread, pastry, candy, etc. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c.

Coriander—Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c.

Dill—Seeds used for pickling cucumbers. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c.

Fennel, Sweet—Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c.

Hyssop—Is a stimulant and used for asthma and chronic catarrh. Pkt. 5c, oz. 20c.

Horehound—Leaves used for making cough medicine. Pkt. 5c, oz. 30c.

Lavender—Pkt. 5c, oz. 20c.

Marjoram, Sweet—Pkt. 5c, oz. 20c.

Pennyroyal—Has medicinal qualities. Pkt. 5c.

Rosemary—Ornamental herb. Pkt. 5c, oz. 40c.

Rue—Good for colds and croup. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c.

Saffron—Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c.

Sage—Extensively used for seasoning and dressing. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c.

Savory, Summer—Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c.

Savory, Winter—Pkt. 5c, oz. 20c.

Tansy—Pkt. 5c, oz. 30c.

Thyme—Pkt. 5c, oz. 30c.

Wormwood—Is beneficial to poultry. Pkt. 5c, oz. 25c.

IMPROVED N. Y. OR WONDERFUL LETTUCE

**A Main Crop Head Lettuce
A King among Garden Lettuce
The Largest Head Lettuce**

Truly wonderful. It has grown to weigh 6 pounds to the head, and 18 inches in diameter, and usually weighs 2 to 3 pounds. This variety blanches naturally, is crisp, tender and of excellent flavor, free from bitterness found in some lettuce. As a summer garden variety, this variety we highly recommend.

Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50c.

DWARF WHITE HEART COS OR CELERY LETTUCE

This is the earliest and the best of all Cos Lettuces. The plants grow in a very compact bunch of leaves, almost equalling a head Lettuce. Growth erect, about ten inches high. Outer leaves pale green, while the inner ones are snowy white. Tender, crisp, delicious, stands a long time before running to seed.

Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 35c, lb. \$1.25.

THE GENUINE TRIUMPH

6 MONSTERS

NEARLY $\frac{1}{3}$ OF A TON

6 MELONS

659 $\frac{1}{2}$ POUNDS

89%
95 $\frac{1}{2}$
91 $\frac{3}{4}$
148 $\frac{3}{4}$
99
135

GIRARDEAU'S ... TRIUMPH

6 Melons Weighed 420 lbs. in 1897
6 Melons Weighed 550 lbs. in 1898
6 Melons Weighed 659 $\frac{1}{2}$ lbs. in 1899

The originator of this Melon, who has produced more good varieties than any other man in the country, describes it as follows:

"This new Melon is a market sort and for shipment is the best I have ever introduced. It is very prolific, very early and of uniformly large size. It is a cross between the Duke Jones and Kolb Gem; has the fine, handsome appearance of the former and the fine shipping qualities of the latter. The rind, like the Duke Jones, is of dark green color, the seed exactly the same color as the Kolb Gem. As a table Melon it is of much better flavor than the Kolb Gem. The average size of the Melon is very large. I gathered from 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ acres 2,418 melons, weighing over 40 lbs. each. Comparatively speaking, there were no small melons on the vines at the time of harvesting."

The triumph is very early, very large, very prolific, deliciously sweet, of finest flavor; in fact, one of the finest Water-melons in the United States. The farmer who values his Melon patch and looks forward to the good times in July and August cannot afford to do without the Triumph.

A commission house in Norfolk, Va., says: "We handled over 300 cars of melons. The Triumphs were the best, and we will advise our growers to plant nothing else. One car of Triumphs sells for as much as 3 cars of others."

J. L. Miller, of Chester Co., S. C., says: "I pulled 4 Triumphs from one vine weighing 75, 74, 66 and 58 lbs., total 273 lbs. It is of very fine flavor."

Price, Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c, lb. 85c.

BRANCH'S GENUINE RATTLESNAKE WATERMELON

Our customers will find this Melon spoken of frequently in testimonials printed in this catalogue. Although a very old variety, the strain we offer is so superior as to be really a novelty. Read what Mr. Branch the grower says about this melon:

"Twenty-five years ago this section of Georgia was celebrated for its fine melons, the Rattlesnake being the only variety planted; but a great many growers seemed to think what they could get from a distance was better than what they had at home, and concluded to introduce other varieties. The result of this experiment was they had a lot of hybrids—nothing pure of hybrids—nothing pure of

its kind." I continued to pin my faith to the Rattlesnake, and, under a careful system of cultivation and selection of seed, I unhesitatingly say I am offering for sale seed of the finest Watermelon in the world. My seeds are of uniform quality, no distinction between the seed I furnish my customers and those I plant for my own use. I have never had a single complaint of my seed during the many years I have been selling them, and, if necessary, could substantiate this claim by hundreds of testimonials. So-called Rattlesnake seed are sold at a lower price than I sell mine; but it is false economy to buy such seed, and money is both saved and made by buying reliable seed. On my plantation of fourteen hundred acres, I allow none but **Branch's Genuine Rattlesnake Melon** to be grown. In quality and flavor this melon is unsurpassed. It has thin rind, flesh deep scarlet, very sweet and delicious. This strain has been kept pure for thirty years, and I can safely say I offer the only genuine Rattlesnake seed to be found in the United States. Remember, when you plant my seed it is from a grower of national reputation.

We pay Mr. Branch a fancy price for this seed. Considering that only two pounds of seed are required to plant an acre, and an acre of melons, if choice and perfect, represents a good many dollars, careful planters should not hesitate to invest in this seed at the price.

PRICE—Pkt. 10c, oz. 20c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50c, lb. \$1.50, 5 lbs. \$6.00, 10 lbs. \$10.00.

BLUE GEM THE GREATEST SHIPPING MELON, WILL CARRY ALMOST AROUND THE WORLD

This fine new Melon is one of the most remarkable ever brought out. By some it has been called Blue Kolb Gem,

but it is better in all important features, size, quality and productiveness than the Kolb Gem. The melons are dark bluish color with narrow grey stripes. The rind is very tough, flesh bright blood red and carries good qualities to the rind, instead of blending with the rind for a considerable thickness as in many melons. The Blue Gem Melon is one of the best shipping melons now in existence, a feature that should be considered by growers for the market. The tough rind carries them safely, while they keep long in prime condition and open up to the satisfaction of the most critical. A shipper who handles about 250 carloads a year and who has had experience with the Blue Gem, says, "They averaged me \$25.00 a car load more than any other." This melon is already famous in localities in the South, West and North and merits the widest introduction. A grower at Dixie, Georgia, says, "It is a melon that would ship safely around the world."

Price Pkt. 10c, 3 for 25c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c, lb. \$1.00, postpaid. Not paid 55c per lb.

**Very Early; Excels
in Long Keeping**

This valuable new Onion, besides being very early, excels all others as a variety to keep over, the bulbs keeping even a year or more and show very little shrinkage in size or weight. This is of inestimable value to the commercial grower, as he can keep them indefinitely, marketing when the price is satisfactory. They are reliable to bottom, and especially suited in localities where seed is sown in the fall for an early spring crop. Size is medium, of good quality, somewhat flattened in shape, brown color, handsome and remarkably hard and solid.

Price, pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c, lb. \$1.25, postpaid.

AUSTRALIAN BROWN

LONG KEEPER

ONION

Mammoth Golden Globe Pumpkin

A New Variety from France

A valuable addition to the list of mammoth pumpkins. The other leading mammoth pumpkins are flat or cheese shaped, while this is round or gloped shaped. It is truly mammoth and has weighed over 150 pounds. The outside is a light yellow russet color and very attractive. The flesh is a deep yellow color and very thick. The flesh is fine and the quality splendid for such a large pumpkin.

The crop of seed was very short and will be offered only in packets at 10c each, 3 for 25c.

Calhoun Pie Pumpkin

As its name implies, one of the best for pies. Medium size, very solid, and extraordinarily heavy for its size; very productive. The outside is creamy brown color; the inside or flesh is a deep salmon yellow and is very thick and fine grained. The seed cavity is very small. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c, lb. \$1.

Mammoth Red Rhubarb

The market gardener who is within easy reach of a good market will find Rhubarb one of the most profitable crops to grow. It is one of the first crops to bring in money. The most difficult problem to decide when starting to grow this crop is the variety to cultivate—the one that will prove most profitable. A peculiarity of this crop is that seed cannot be depended on to produce identically the same kind as the parent stock, while eyes, roots or buds will.

We have secured from an extensive grower of Rhubarb for market in Wisconsin a stock of his choicest kind, the Mammoth Red, which is the best for main crop. It is noted for its strong growth, large stalks and consequent great productiveness, as well as excellent quality. We sell roots of this variety only at \$1.00 per doz., by mail postpaid; ½ doz. at 75c. By freight or express, 65c per doz. for large roots.

RADISH EARLY SCARLET BUTTON

The earliest Radish. About one inch in diameter; globe shaped. Always crisp and much superior to French Breakfast in this respect. Skin deep scarlet, flesh white.

Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, ¼ lb. 30c, lb. \$1.00.

NEW MAMMOTH

Hubbard Squash

This strain of Hubbard Squash surpasses the old in size, while not losing any of the fine table qualities that have made the original Hubbard the most popular squash ever known in the country. The aim has been to increase the size as well as to improve the quality of this new strain. The flesh is the most delicious, fine-grained and sweetest of all. Can be had in use from September until May. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, ¼ lb. 30c, lb. \$1.25.

THE DELICIOUS SQUASH

(Originator's Description.)

'If any one asks why we have given the above name to our new Squash (it is the eighth variety we have introduced), our answer would be, Because this is the one adjective most frequently used to express opinions of its quality. The Delicious is the product of the work of years in careful selection, crossing and isolating. About every variety we ever knew enters into its composition, among the least desirable of which were several kinds of yellow and the large Brazilian blue varieties. We have for years been engaged in weeding these out, at the same time selecting by the test of cooking the richest among the class bearing a green color, and these we crossed on the Hubbard. From the resulting cross we have been selecting each season for our seed stock the thickest meated specimens and the very best for quality. The final result is a squash that, by the universal agreement of those who have tested it, in quality surpasses every one of the fine varieties I have from time to time introduced (these include the

Hubbard, Marblehead, Butman, Chester, Warren, Victor and Golden Bronze), not even excepting the Hubbard itself as it was a quarter of a century ago when at its best. In form the Delicious ranges between the two examples given above. Its color is almost uniformly of a green shade, with occasionally a blue specimen, it being just about as pure in this respect as was the original Hubbard. In size it also closely follows the original Hubbard, which weighed between 5 and 10 pounds. In thickness of flesh it surpasses nearly every variety, the color being a dark orange. For table use no squash compares with it in its remarkable combination of fineness and compactness of grain, dryness, sweetness and exceeding richness of flavor. It is a fall and winter squash, excellent at all seasons, but like the old Hubbard, though at any time excellent, does not acquire its best quality until winter. When but half grown it will be found to surpass in quality most varieties when fully ripe. The best specimens will be found fully equal to other squashes that have had the addition of sugar, eggs and milk and been made into a squash pie."

Price, in pkts. only, 15c each, 2 for 25c, 4 for 50c.

THE BEST SALSIFY GROWN

**It Makes
the
Richest
Soup**

New and Distinct, Yellow Blossoms, Roots Light Yellow Color, Leaves Dark Green, with Crimped Edges

It is a rare occurrence that a new variety of Salsify is introduced, but why should not improvements be made in this crop, which is becoming so popular in private families and as a market vegetable, as well as in the other vegetables? We advise every gardener who has not grown them to do so in the future and they will be a welcome addition to the bill of fare in fall, winter and spring. The roots may stay in the ground all winter.

The Bond's Wisconsin Salsify is the richest in soup making qualities, far excelling the old varieties in this respect and possess a fine nutty flavor so much relished. The root grows to a very large size.

PRICE—Pkt. 5c, oz 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50c.

New Victoria Spinach

New Victoria Spinach

Where introduced is the leading summer spinach. Leaves very dark green, almost black, very thick and spread flat upon the ground. It is a long standing variety, not very hardy. **Oz. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 15c, lb. 50c.**

New Zealand Spinach This Spinach is not of ordinary type, but a plant 18 inches in height and branching habit. The United States Department of Agriculture reports of it as follows:

"The New Zealand Spinach occurs also on many places of the coast and in the desert interior of Australia. Known further from New Caledonia, Japan and Valdivia. An unusual herb, useful as a culinary vegetable, also for binding drift-sand. It produces its succulent branches and leaves even in the hottest weather and driest localities."

The stem and leaves are soft, thick and fleshy. If started early in the spring the plant will resist heat and drought, and make a strong growth in the summer months. The leaves and young branches are used as ordinary Spinach at any time. Sow thinly in drills 15 to 20 inches apart. **Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c, lb. 75c.**

Vegetable Peach or Mango Melon

They are the most beautiful of vegetables, growing on vines same as melon and resembling orange in color, shape and size. The flesh is snow-white, makes handsome and delicious preserves and sweet pickles; excellent fried, and for mangoes they have no superior. Extremely early, easiest culture and a wonderful yield; covering the ground with its golden fruit, calling forth words of astonishment

Directions for growing, use of fruit, etc., on each packet.

Pkt. 10c, 3 for 25c, 7 for 50c.

APPLE PIE MELON

A novelty which will be appreciated in many sections of the country, and especially so in seasons when apples are scarce or high in price. They are very easily grown on any good soil. The vines produce 4 to 8 large oblong fruits, weighing 20 to 50 pounds each, of dark green color, and greatly resembling watermelons. The flesh is white, solid throughout, and of excellent quality for making pies, sauce, preserves, etc., greatly resembling apples in taste. They will keep all winter and can be used at any time. One vine will produce 200 pounds, or equal to about 4 bu. of apples. **Pkt. 10c.**

**APPLE-
PIE
MELON**

TESTIMONIALS

I realized \$750 on less than two acres of Earlianas. J. OS. STILLIS, Pennsgrove, N. J.

I realized \$725 on about 4,000 hills of Earliana Tomatoes in 1899, the first year I marketed them. GEO. W. SPARKS.

Earliana is the earliest, most solid and best Tomato I ever saw. I counted 72 well formed Tomatoes on one plant, and not less than 40 on any. S. E. TRISTILL, Milford, Conn.

Earliana is the greatest Tomato novelty of the century, earlier than any other; yields three times as much. It is superb. JOHN W. MILLET, Bismark, N. D.

Earliana is by far the earliest, largest and smoothest. My Tomatoes were on market way ahead of others. WALTER M. SMITH, S. Meriden, Conn.

Earliana a great success. F. SCHREIBER, Elizabeth, N. J.

Beyond all comparison in earliness, size, productiveness. R. TRIMMER, Goshen, Ind.

The earliest large Tomato in the world. The engraving above was made from a photograph of a single vine and is as true a reproduction as it was possible for the artist to make. Very early, good size or large tomatoes are always the most profitable for the gardener, and this variety is full two weeks ahead of any other variety. We believe no other Tomato ever introduced has proved as valuable as will the Earliana. It is large size, smooth, handsome, beautiful red color and fine quality. Pkt. 10c, 3 for 25c, 1/2 oz. 50c, oz. 85c.

Sparks' Earliana

GIANT FLOWERING CALADIUM

Giant Plant

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GIANT
FLOWERING
CALADIUM

It is with great satisfaction that we offer this true flowering **Caladium** to our friends and customers. Every person who has grown **Caladium Esculentum** (the Elephant's Ear Caladium) has often had a desire to see a bloom of that plant, but few ever had their curiosity satisfied, as it rarely blooms. This **Caladium**, however, flowers freely. The flowers resemble a giant

Calla Lily and are fragrant at night. The flowers remain open three days and nights.

This plant was discovered in Central America and seems to be confined to the rich, remote valley where discovered. The plant resembles **Caladium Esculentum**, but is larger and grander in every way. Both

the plant and leaves are of gigantic size and grow three or four times as fast as the common species under the same conditions. The giant leaves are a bright, glossy green and glisten in the sun as if varnished, and

have a distinct and beautiful border one-half inch from the edge. As a foliage plant and the flowering feature, it makes a combination unrivaled. It begins to bloom when four months old and then blooms continuously. The flowers are seven to eight inches long and the same in width.

The Giant Flowering Caladium is also fine as a pot plant and of easiest culture. Simply give it rich soil and plenty of water. The bulb can be wintered in the cellar. A plant so valuable has rarely been offered and we anticipate an order from nearly every person who receives this catalogue.

Price, delivered by mail or express, strong plants, each, 15c, 4 for 50c, 9 for \$1.00.

I have used your **O. K. Seeds** for 10 years with perfect satisfaction.

C. V. FOSTER, Hockingport, O.

I can recommend **O. K. Seeds** above all others I ever bought.

H. G. HARRIS, Ambrose, Ky.

In receipt of your valuable catalogue of **O. K. Seeds**. Your catalogue always rates seeds of all kinds so much cheaper than other catalogues. I don't see how you can sell the way you do and furnish such good seed. I have handled a good deal of your seed and I never got any poor ones yet.

JNO. M. JAMES, Winterset, Ia.

Feb. 4, 1902.

The several orders for **O. K. Seeds** from your house gave perfect satisfaction. Farmer's Interest Corn yielded 100 bushels per acre, which is quite unusual in this country, as we have rocks and stumps to contend with.

JAMES K. BOLYARD, Marguess, W. Va.

Your Six Weeks Market Potatoes were planted in a test with other early potatoes from other northern seedsmen and the Six Weeks, true to name, were the earliest of all by 14 days. There is no watery flavor to them, so objectionable in many early potatoes. They cook nearly like old potatoes. Other seeds were of strong vitality and made vigorous growth.

A. BROWN, Elsberry, Mo.

June 28, 1902.

This is to inform you that the **O. K. Seeds** obtained from you were the best I ever planted.

J. A. HANLIN, Jr., Seymour, Ind.

June 23, 1902.

I am glad to tell you that I raised the largest and best tomatoes of the Logan's Giant Seedling that I ever ate. Many weighed 2 to 3 pounds each. The Everbearing Peas were delicious. Good seeds are the main thing for a bountiful crop and **O. K. Seeds** are the kind.

MISS BETTIE SHACKELFORD,

September 19, 1902.

Warrensburg, Mo.

AMERICAN WONDER LEMON

Also Called PONDEROUS LEMON.

THIS fruit has been offered by a few firms with claims that appeared impossible. We waited for a thorough test before offering to our customers.

Last fall we wrote to several parties who have had them growing for several years and print their letters following. Our friends and customers can judge for themselves and from the evidence they will be delighted with their purchases.

This is a true, ever-bearing variety of lemon. On a tree six feet high, 89 mammoth lemons were growing at one time. At the same time the tree was blooming and had fruit in all stages of growth. It was a beautiful sight. It blooms and bears fruit when quite young. Lemons have grown to weigh 4 lbs., but the average is about 2 lbs., and in this respect the most wonderful lemon grown.

The lemons have a thin rind for such a large fruit. They are splendid for lemonade, as they are very juicy, while for culinary purposes unexcelled. It is not uncommon to make 12

pies from a single lemon. As a house plant it is most decorative, and would be worthy of cultivation on this account if it did not produce fruit. It will withstand much rough usage and still look well. It may be cultivated outdoors in the South, as it is harder than the orange tree, but in the North must be kept in the house in winter. The foliage and blossoms are deliciously fragrant, and a plant will scent your house through and through. They succeed in ordinary soil and with quite ordinary care. **Price, by mail, each, 20c, 3 for 50c.**

RECOMMENDATIONS

MR. J. A. EVERITT—Replying to your letter, I want to say that I can recommend the American Wonder Lemon. This year in June it ripened two lemons; one weighed 20 ounces, and the other made two large pies. At this time it had 20 small lemons on, but I was away from home and when I returned the wind and storms had blown them all off. In the spring it was covered with bloom. MRS. V. W. JENKINS, Piedmont, W. Va.
Nov. 15, 1902.

MR. J. A. EVERITT—Replying to your letter, I still cultivate the American Wonder Lemon and prize it very highly for the large and very fragrant flowers, as well as for the fruit, which are quite large and would be abundant if I was able to give it the proper attention. My plant suffered from a fire two years ago, from which it has not entirely recovered.

MRS. M. B. RODMAN;
Washington, N. C.
Nov. 17, 1902.

Space prevents us from printing the balance of the letters.

Mr. J. A. EVERITT—I will say in reply to your letter that all who want an extraordinary, large showy lemon, they cannot get one better than the American Wonder. It is as good an edible lemon as we ever used. We have 27 lemons of different sizes and lots of blossoms, and a fine perfume in the room and we are pleased with it.

Nov. 17, 1902.

WM. F. BARRETT,
5013 Melrose street,
Philadelphia, Pa.

Mr. J. A. EVERITT—You want to know if I still recommend the American Wonder Lemon. I know of no reason why I should not recommend it, although I have had only one year's experience with it as a fruit bearer. It far exceeded my expectations that year. I prize it for the size and quality of its fruit, which make a delicious drink and for flavoring cannot be surpassed.

Whoever grows them should give them plenty of water in hot weather.

Nov. 15, 1902.

B. M. ROWLAND,
Lock Box 180, Dallas, Tex.

Mr. J. A. EVERITT—In reply to your inquiry, will say, the longer I grow the American Wonder Lemon, the better I am pleased with them. It is of common occurrence to have several lemons ripe at the same time on the tree, weighing $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 lbs. each. We use them the same as other lemons and think they have a fine flavor. One of these lemons takes the place of nearly a dozen of the ordinary store lemons for lemonade, etc. They are easily grown and stand much neglect. They are almost hardy in this latitude, where it seldom gets colder than 18° . We give them only slight protection.

Nov. 15, 1902.

F. D. WOOLVER,
Kentwood, La.

THE GREAT ... SECRET

If you want the best Seeds at lowest cost, that will produce the best crops and realize the most money, plant Everitt's Celebrated O. K. Seeds.

I have planted your celebrated O. K. Seeds for 4 years, and I believe they are the only true and reliable seeds for sale anywhere. Out of one hundred plants of your Cabbage I received ninety-seven good, salable heads. My 3 years experience with Logan's Giant and Everitt's Earliest Tomato show them to be the best for early gardeners. Everitt's comes three weeks ahead of other early varieties. You will receive my future orders.

FRED L. BROWN, New Petersburg, O.

Your O. K. Seeds are all you claim for them. Giant Golden Heart Celery very fine. Everlasting Lettuce finest we ever had. Indiana Sweet Corn fine as silk. Your Pedigree Stowell Evergreen the best I ever ate.

JACOB M. REXFORTH, Stenger, Pa.

September 11, 1902.

I bought your Farmers' Interest Corn of you two years ago and it produced twice as much as our old kind. Send price list now.

C. H. WILLIAMS, Bradyville, Tenn.

June 15, 1902.

As a subscriber and reader of *Up-to-Date Farming and Gardening*, I want to say that I have found much valuable information in its columns.

MRS. JENNIE SANFORD,

Theftord, Mich.

The O. K. Seeds were the finest we ever planted. I don't think a dozen seeds failed to grow out of corn, melons, pumpkins, peanuts and tomatoes. All are fine.

HARRY G. THOMPSON, Linden, Mo.

September 17, 1902.

I set 4 plants of Giant Climbing Tomatoes by four posts, where we had a grape arbor, and they were among the first to have ripe tomatoes and they are now green and beautiful and loaded with fine, large tomatoes. We have beautiful tomatoes on our table this evening from these vines.

MRS. C. L. COOVER, Lyndon, O.

October 4, 1902.

The yellow corn is the best we ever raised and the whites just splendid. The Stringless Bunch Beans can't be beat; Alpha Pole Beans just splendid. Everitt's Potatoes the earliest I ever raised, White Spine Cucumbers couldn't be better. The Giant Climbing Tomatoes are mammoth in size and wonderful in tall growth.

MRS. R. R. COLCLASURE, Xenia, Ill.

July 20, 1902.

Have just dug the Six Weeks Market Potatoes and they are the finest potatoes I ever saw or raised. Some weighed $1\frac{1}{2}$ pound each and very few small ones. I got first premium at our fair over 15 other varieties and the people said these were the finest potatoes ever shown at our fair. Everitt's Early, Silver Hill, Green Mountain and White Mountain were fine also. We had a wet season and while other people's potatoes rotted, mine are as sound as a dollar. There's nothing as good as the best and that means O. K. Seeds every time.

JAS. A. HANDLIN, Jr., Seymour, Ia.

September 4, 1902.

COST AND RESULTS.

Cost. If you get EVERITT'S O. K. SEEDS at your Postoffice, the cost will be less than if you buy seeds at your grocery.

Results The result will be in the first case, the seeds will grow and produce the choicest crops. In the second place they may not grow, and may produce unsatisfactory crops.

BUY YOUR SEEDS BY MAIL

It is all right to buy sugar, soap, nails, etc., at your local store, but it is all wrong to expect to get living, vital seeds there. They do not and cannot live under the conditions found in the average grocery store. Such seeds frequently lose you a crop.

A NEW FIELD CORN, NOW INTRODUCED FOR THE FIRST TIME, PRIDE OF INDIANA

*Pride
of
Indiana*

As is well known, we have introduced some of the most valuable varieties of field Corn in the country, and which are now in large and general cultivation. On account of our wide acquaintance with the various varieties as growers, dealers and sellers for seed, we are in a position to judge of the relative merits of the various varieties. Our rule is to not introduce a new variety unless it has distinct and superior qualities over what are already on the market. For this reason we do not introduce nearly as many varieties as do some other seedsmen, but our varieties are always eagerly sought after and bought by those farmers who have learned from past experience that they mean improvement in their crop.

Indiana has an enviable reputation as a corn-growing State. If any of our readers will examine the Department of Agriculture reports they will see that it ranks highest for a series of years of any State in the country for average yield per acre. This is a good indication that Indiana is a good State from which to procure seed corn. The fine, early, large-yielding varieties of corn we have introduced heretofore proved of great value over a wide range of States, as far north as Southern Michigan, south to Tennessee, east and west as far as corn is grown. The Pride of Indiana will not be an exception to this rule, as it has the same general qualities, but is superior to any of its predecessors in fine breeding and heavy yielding.

Description—The stalk is vigorous, of only medium size and firmly rooted to the ground. In this latter respect, fields of Pride of Indiana stood up against storms last season that badly prostrated all other varieties. This is a fact worth mentioning, and our friends should take it as a fact worth considering, as a good root development in a variety of corn exerts an enormous influence on the crop. The ears are set at a convenient height on the stalk (not above your head.) They are large, 16 to 20 rowed, hold their thickness well to the tip. Grains in straight rows, deep, with small cob. The corn is dent, and color white. The yielding propensities are great, and such as to please all up-to-date corn growers.

The originator of Pride of Indiana wants us to refer particularly to a few good points of this corn, which he claims as follows:

"It is to a large extent drought-proof, having yielded 61 bushels per acre in 1901, when most kinds failed entirely; also,

IT IS BRED FREE FROM BARREN STALKS.

This was accomplished after years of rigid selection, breeding and growing. It matures in 95 to 100 days and stands better than any other variety in my section."

Prof. Johnson, of Purdue University, being convinced of the purity, fine breeding and value of this variety of corn, arranged with Mr. Stout, the originator, to plant eight $\frac{1}{2}$ -acre plats for test and to determine the relative merits of thick and thin seeding, etc., as following list will show. The report was furnished us by Mr. Stout, the grower, and is sworn to:

1st Plat, $\frac{1}{2}$ Acre,	1 Stalk to Hill, 3-6x3-8, Yield 28 bu. 40 lbs.= 57 bu., 10 lbs. Per A.
2d " " "	2 Stalks " " " " 46 " 50 " = 93 " 30 " "
3d " " "	3 " " " " " 52 " 60 " = 103 " 50 " "
4th " " " Large Cob,	3 " " " " " 49 " 30 " = 98 " 60 " "
5th " " " Small Cob,	3 " " " " " 57 " 20 " = 114 " 40 " "
6th " " " Suckered,	3 " " " " " 47 " 34 " = 95 " "
7th " " " Not Suckered,	3 " " " " " 48 " 46 " = 97 " 24 " "
8th " " " Not gathered at this writing.	

NOTE—Plats Nos. 1 and 4 were in corn stalk ground, No. 5 was in clover sod, Nos. 6, 7 and 8 were in oat stubble. 3-6 x 3-8 means 3 ft. 6 in. x 3 ft. 8 in., etc.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 9th day of December, 1902. **ROBT. M. MOORE,**
My commission expires January 30, 1903. Notary Public.

As shown by above list, two yields were over 100 bushels and the best yields are from 3 grains to the hill and from ears selected for small cobs. The measuring was accurately done, Prof. Johnson assisting in carrying the chain, and, taken altogether, is a remarkable showing.

Every corn grower should obtain some of this seed. It is the most valuable new variety that will be offered in any seed catalogue this year.

We make a special request that every grower of Pride of Indiana corn report their crop to us next fall.

PRICE—Large ear, which is a beauty and characteristic of this fine variety, 40c; 1 qt. shelled 40c, 3 qts. \$1.00. By freight or express, $\frac{1}{4}$ bu. 75c, 1 bu. \$3.00, 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ bu., 1 bag, \$6.00. 5 bu. or more at \$2.00 a bushel.

Your **O. K. Seeds** and your *Up-to-Date* paper are all right and I am not afraid to recommend them to any one. Your Sprayer is just the thing and all you claim for it.

BERT SNYDER, Keokuk, Ia.

We have used **O. K. Seeds** for several years and they are, as you claim, all right, true to name and sure to grow. White Dutch Cabbage is the best we ever raised.

SUSIE ROGERS, Akron, Ind.

I am well pleased with your **O. K. Seeds**. I never spent a dollar before that it came back with as big interest as the dollar for your seeds.

GEO. W. POTTS, Alfordville, Ind.

I have had good results from **O. K. Seeds**. The Rattlesnake Melons were all you claimed and Earliest Cabbage was fine. I was also particularly pleased with your beans, tomatoes, sweet corn and celery.

MISS SUSIE FRANKLIN, Cisne, Ill.

Yard Long Yellow Dent Corn

The Longest Eared Corn in the Country

Yard Long Corn shown in comparison with an ordinary bushel basket.

This corn does not grow ears quite a yard long, but the ears are very remarkable for their very great length, frequently growing 18 inches long, with 12 to 14 rows each. Don't think this corn is only a curiosity or a freak, as this is not the case. The large ears are filled with moderately deep, large yellow grains, sound and of splendid quality; and, as must be the case, a great many grains are required to fill such mammoth ears. This is one of the best varieties we offer and we recommend it to all our customers.

The Yard Long Corn originated in Morgan County, Indiana, and is becoming a very popular variety among many good farmers. It is a variety highly prized by farmers who feed whole corn to cattle, as the cob is not thick, and is more easily broken than the short-eared varieties. We recommend the Yard Long Corn as a profitable variety to grow for feed and for market and as a great and interesting novelty. It is a fine exhibition corn, always attracting attention, much favorable comment and influences orders for seed at large prices.

I have received seeds from you for many years. The Kuttawa Dwarf Tomato and the Six Weeks Potato were the best I ever grew. The Yard Long Corn grew one ear that measured 25 inches. It is a dandy.

J. L. PERKINS, Little Sioux, Iowa.

PRICE—By mail, 1 extra long ear, 35c, 1 qt. shelled, 40c, 4 qts. \$1.00. By freight or express, $\frac{1}{4}$ bu. 50c, bu. \$1.75, bag of $2\frac{1}{2}$ bus. \$4.00.

Our Seed Corn is carefully grown, carefully selected at time of harvesting, stored securely and selected again before shelling. The butts and tips are rejected, so as to make the grains as uniform in size as possible. We do not fire dry seed corn. We do not approve of the method and believe more harm results to the germ than good is done. In handling all our seeds we aim to keep them as much away from artificial heat as possible. If a crop of corn or any other seed is well matured they will not need artificial heat to preserve them. We guarantee all our seed corn to germinate satisfactorily under proper conditions, and any purchaser may test the corn on receipt and return it at our expense if he does not find it to grow a high and satisfactory percentage. Artificial heat dries the oil in the grain or seed, which is essential to the preservation of the germ. Every farmer knows that an oily germ is O. K. and a dry one is not O. K. We say fire-dried seed corn may be all right, but if the seed is properly saved from a well matured, ripe crop, there is no necessity for fire drying and we predict that as soon as artificial heat is applied to such seed corn it injures the germ.

ERRATUM—In the price of FARMERS' INTEREST CORN, on page 121, it should be 4 quarts for \$1.00 by mail instead of 3 quarts.

SIR WALTER RALEIGH

A GRAND POTATO FOR MAIN CROP

This is the Best of Mr. Carman's Productions, and is a Seedling of Rural New Yorker No. 2.

Mr. Carman, for many years Editor of that grand paper the *Rural New Yorker*, has originated some of the best Potatoes now in cultivation, including Rural N. Y. No. 2, Carman No. 1 and No. 2. The Sir Walter Raleigh closely resembles its parent, but is more uniform in size, yielding practically no unmerchantable tubers. In season it is late or for main crop. Skin white, smooth, with very white flesh. It is noted for its very white and fine grained flesh, equaling the old Snowflake, which was par excellence in this respect. It is a very heavy yielder and will occupy a high position as a market sort wherever its merits are known.

PRICE—By mail, lb. 30c, 4 lbs. \$1.00. By freight or express, $\frac{1}{4}$ bu. 50c, bu. \$1.50, 3 bu. (in bbl.) \$4.00.

SIR WALTER RALEIGH

A WONDERFUL
WINTER CROP. LATE POTATO.
MAIN CROP. GROWER IN THE U.S.
EVERY GROWER
MUST HAVE IT
AT ONCE.

THIS
POTATO
RECOMMENDS
ITSELF TO ALL

ENGRAVED FOR J. K. EVERITT-SEEDSMAN

That paper is

UP-TO-DATE FARMING AND GARDENING

The Greatest Farm Paper. Farmers, Publishers, Everybody talking about it.

We will not consume our space telling more about this peerless paper. **Read what our Subscribers say.** See next page.

J. A. EVERITT, Editor and Publisher
Indianapolis, Indiana

(28)

[illegible]

This paper is different from all others. It matters not how many papers you take now—and perhaps you take more than you read—you should take Up-to-Date and read it.

UP-TO-DATE FARMING AND GARDENING has been instrumental in establishing **THE AMERICAN SOCIETY OF EQUITY** and is the official organ of that Society. See pages 30, 31, 32.

**PUBLISHED SEMI-MONTHLY AND WE
EXPECT TO PUBLISH IT 4 TIMES
A MONTH, BEGINNING WITH
FEBRUARY 1903.**

SUBSCRIPTION PRICE 50c A YEAR.
One Year's Subscription and Membership
to the American Society of Equity, if re-
ceived by April 1, 1903, \$1.00.

We ask the reader to read the following reports from our subscribers understandingly. UP-TO-DATE is unlike any other farm paper. It awakens its readers to a true realization of their situation and then helps them upward and onward. It not only tells them what to do to improve their condition, but how to do it. You can understand what we mean by reading the following:

Up-to-Date Farming and Gardening could not be better from a farmer's standpoint.

THEO. TABLEMAN, Liberal, Ind.

You seem to have some far reaching and good ideas about the interests of farmers and as expressed in *Up-to-Date Farming and Gardening*.
P. B. NEAL, Madison, N. C.

I have been taking your valuable *Up-to-Date* for two years and don't see how I got along without it before. I am much interested in the David Dobetter letters and the American Society of Equity, which should be pushed to a successful issue.

CLARK RAILING, Chambersburg, Pa.

Kind Friend: I feel safe in calling you a friend, for I believe you are every farmer's friend on earth to print such a good farm paper as your *Up-to-Date Farming and Gardening* is. I have been a subscriber to *Up-to-Date* for about five years and I have never destroyed a copy. I have them all filed away and I look through all of them every chance I get.

ROBERT SHORT, Dexter, Ky.

I have read your *Up-to-Date* for two years and am delighted with it. I read several farm papers, but *Up-to-Date* is above all others.

Your friend,

D. RILEY, Mackville, Ky.

Up-to-Date is the best farm paper that I ever read.

C. T. WILSON, Kellettville, Pa.

Up-to-Date has been a great help to me. The ideas it advocates for farmers are grand. It teaches how to farm, how to care for stock. It is an educator that pays large dividends.

O. K. TATE, Springville, La.

I am an old subscriber to *Up-to-Date Farming and Gardening* and will continue to take it because it shows us how to better our condition. No farmer should try to get along without the advice it gives.

ELI EAVENSON, Chetopa, Kan.

I find your *Up-to-Date Farming and Gardening* the best farm paper and herewith send my renewal. I am a cripple and not much of a farmer, but I want to read this paper as long as I can pay for it.

JERRY GADWAY, Merrill, N. Y.

I prize *Up-to-Date Farming and Gardening* very much. Your writings and those of your contributors are a great incentive and help to better methods on the farm, and are calculated to bring them to a higher standard; not only in practical farming, but in making the farm home and life therein more attractive and pleasant. I wish you all the success you deserve in your efforts to better the farmer's condition.

J. M. BINNS, Cadiz, Ky.

I think a great deal of your paper and will help to increase its circulation.

D. C. EADS, Bluff City, Tenn.

I think every issue of *Up-to-Date Farming and Gardening* gets better, and I will be glad when it comes every week.

JAMES GOODWIN, Jr., Lynn, Ark.

I hardly know what I would do if I missed one copy of *Up-to-Date*. It has been a great help to me.

M. C. J. MAGGS, Clay Centre, Kan.

All farmers would be benefited by reading *Up-to-Date Farming and Gardening*. I have read it for some time and it is splendid.

J. M. TAYLOR, Mena, Ark.

Up-to-Date is full of good, sound advice and I do believe through its teachings that the farmers will be led to a grand success.

THOS. J. PHILLIPS, Rockland, Wis.

I will continue working for *Up-to-Date*, as it is a very valuable paper.

BESSIE DALE, Breckenridge, Mo.

Your paper is my favorite of them all. It is just what all farmers need, up-to-date ideas. I cannot praise your paper enough, for it has made farming much easier and the hints have made dollars, where without them I would have made cents.

B. O. WILKINSON, Carthage, Ill.

Your *Up-to-Date Farming and Gardening* contains more information of interest to farmers, gardeners, etc., in one number than any other farm paper does in a year.

WM. A. MICHIE, Biddeford, Me.

I have been blind over 30 years, but am interested in farming. I like the ring of the articles you print in *Up-to-Date*.

GEO. W. CARTER, Nunda, N. Y.

I think we must have *Up-to-Date* stop coming, so we can attend to our business. A few mornings ago the paper came and we read it until half past eight, while several hundred head of cattle, horses, sheep and swine were kept out of their breakfast. The man who invented Everitt's Six Weeks Potatoes ought to be encouraged. But this *Up-to-Date* paper sadly disarranges our routine of work.

LLOYD Z. JONES, Galoa, Ill.

Up-to-Date Farming and Gardening is the best all 'round paper for the home, in the United States, practicable, reliable and to be depended upon at all times.

MELVILLE C. KEITH, Belleville, Ohio.

I think *Up-to-Date* is the best farm paper I ever read, and believe it is doing more for the farmers than any other paper published. It has benefited me and I hail its coming with joy. I am glad of what you are doing to get the farmers to co-operate through the American Society of Equity. It is the grandest thing ever offered to a thinking people. I will do all I can to make it a success and it will meet with approval in this country.

W. V. HUMBLE, Grady, Ind. Ter.

SYNOPSIS OF THE PLAN OF The American Society of Equity,

With a Brief Sketch of Its Origin and Prospects.

By J. A. EVERITT, its Founder.

It must be evident to any observing person that the system under which farming and marketing of farm products has been done in the past is very bad indeed. In fact it is a vicious system that robs one class who do the work and makes it possible for another class to become immensely wealthy. Any present farmer in Indiana can easily recall seasons when corn was down to 18 or 20 cents a bushel, wheat below 50c, and frequently to 60c or 65c, and again when corn brought more than 75c and wheat \$1.50 or more. In Kansas, cases are on record where corn sold for 75c to \$1.00 a bushel and the next year, on account of a good crop, down to 10c or 12c a bushel.

What business can thrive under such uncertainties? For another illustration, refer to the year 1901, which gave us the shortest crops of corn, oats, potatoes, vegetables and many other crops that this country ever raised, yet they brought more prosperity to the farmers than any other crop they ever raised. There is something wrong with a system that makes such conditions possible.

In the autumn of 1901 I began to think seriously on these matters, and through a series of articles in *Up-to-Date Farming and Gardening* placed a plan before its readers that, in many hundreds of letters I have received, is pronounced practical and as near perfect as human ingenuity can probably devise.

The Plan Very Briefly Outlined.

The plan of The American Society of Equity is a National Society at Indianapolis, Ind., called the National Union, with one or more branches, called Local Unions, at every postoffice in the country. There are State organizers and district organizers whose duty it is to organize the local Unions and to keep them organized. They are paid a salary and required to make the interests of the Society their principal business, the same as the agents of insurance companies have been doing.

There are over 6,000,000 farmers in the U. S., and the members of this Society will soon reach an immense number. Each member will be a crop reporter, through the secretary of his Union, on blanks furnished him. There is an official paper, *Up-to-Date Farming and Gardening*, that will be issued four times a month and will go to each member. It will contain a summary of all the crop reports and a report on markets, with advice and recommendations about marketing.

It will be the duty of the Board of Directors to fix a minimum (lowest) price on each crop when produced, based on production and consumption. This price will be expected to hold good until another crop is produced. It will not prevent any person from holding their crops for higher prices, if in their judgment they will be higher in the future, also an advance will be allowed monthly of about 1c a bushel on wheat, $\frac{1}{2}$ c on corn, etc., to equal interest, shrinkage, etc.

The system of crop reporting, when the American Society of Equity is in working order, will be the greatest ever undertaken or accomplished, while the bulletin or paper going to every member once a week will give them all, the same advice at the same time, so they can all act as one man in marketing. This will be in great contrast with the old system, where the farmers in one State don't know what the farmers in the other States are going to do. In fact, under the old system the farmers east of the town don't know when the farmers on the west side are going to market.

Why We Should Look for the Success of the American Society of Equity.

This is the age of combinations and co-operation. Every other business of any importance is co-operating. Capital co-operates, so does labor. The farmers are the

only large class who are each doing business independent of the others, and each are working against the other instead of holding his neighbors up. Farmers want to co-operate now. There is a great sentiment all over the country for co-operation, and it has been growing for years. There are many local co-operative societies scattered in the various States now, but at best they can accomplish but little, because of the competition of people in the same lines who are not working with them. In a country such as ours and a business such as farming (covering every branch of the business), co-operation must be national to secure definite and maximum results and must embrace every commodity they produce. Such is the plan and scope of the American Society of Equity.

Give close attention to this statement. Farmers are first hands for nearly all the commodities that make up the wealth of the country and the world. That is, they have the goods first—they produce them. Therefore, they are in a position, if co-operating, to put any price on them they choose. If they would ask \$2.00 a bushel for wheat, \$1.00 a bushel for corn, 50 cents a pound for cotton, \$1.00 a pound for wool and all co-operate to secure these prices, the balance of the people must pay them, or starve or go without clothing. The farmers' goods are absolutely necessary to the business of the world, to the life and comfort of people and animals.

Mr. Farmer, you may now realize the position you occupy in the world's industries. Goods as much desired as yours should be sought after instead of being thrust on the public as in the past. Stop marketing for only a week and inconvenience will be experienced throughout the world; another week and distress would be widespread; a month and you would bring every industry in the country to the verge of ruin. Think of these things. Think of the odium that has been attached to your business. Think of the sentiment in the towns and cities against you, when the bootblacks sing,

*When Rube comes to town
He is sure to be done brown.*

Then consider the power you hold to make your own terms with the richest and most influential, even to presidents and kings. Give us a fair portion of the farmers as members of the American Society of Equity and we will guarantee as definite results in marketing farm crops as there is in marketing plows, mowers, harvesters, etc., when the manufacturer never makes up a lot of goods expecting the purchaser to put his own price on them.

The Results.

The American Society of Equity will make the ideal conditions on the farm. It will make farming the preferred profession and farmers the best people in the land. It will remove the drudgery of farming and farmers will become rich. They will work shorter hours and pay better wages; educate their children and build new houses and barns. The whole country will be transformed into a beautiful paradise of happy, prosperous homes. The day the American Society of Equity is in successful operation farm lands will increase in value 50 to 100 per cent (a farm now worth \$10,000 will be worth from \$15,000 to \$20,000.) All that is required to realize these good things is for a fair percentage of the farmers to join the Society and co-operate. We don't need all. It is the surplus of any crop that fixes price on all. Therefore, if we have enough farmers who will abide by the instructions of the Society to represent the surplus, the results are accomplished.

Book giving further information free on request.

ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION

THE AMERICAN SOCIETY OF EQUITY

OF NORTH AMERICA

We, the undersigned citizens of the United States of America, hereby associate ourselves together as a Society, hereinafter named, under and pursuant to the Statutes of the State of Indiana, same being an act of the General Assembly of the State of Indiana, approved March 6th, 1899, and being an act entitled "An Act for the Incorporation of Societies, not for pecuniary profit, etc., etc.," by the following written Articles:

ARTICLE I. NAME.

The name of this Society shall be "THE AMERICAN SOCIETY OF EQUITY OF NORTH AMERICA."

ARTICLE II. STOCK.

This Society has no Capital Stock and is not organized for pecuniary profit.

ARTICLE III. OBJECTS.

1. To obtain profitable prices for all products of the farm, garden and orchard.
2. To build and maintain elevators, warehouses and cold storage houses in principal market cities or in all localities where necessary, so that farm produce may be held for an advantageous price, instead of passing into the hands of middlemen or trusts.
3. To secure equitable rate of transportation.
4. To secure legislation in the interest of agriculture.
5. To open up new markets and enlarge old ones.
6. To secure new seeds, grain, fruit, vegetables, etc., from foreign countries, with the view of improving present crops and giving a greater diversity.
7. To report crops in this and foreign countries, so that farmers may operate intelligently in planting and marketing.
8. To establish institutions of learning, so that farmers and their sons and daughters may be educated in scientific and intensive farming and for the general advancement of agriculture.
9. To improve our highways.
10. To irrigate our land.
11. To prevent adulteration of food and marketing of same.
12. To own real estate, build, maintain and operate elevators, storage houses, stock yards, railroads, ship lines, etc., as may be deemed wise and expedient.
13. To promote social intercourse.
14. To settle disputes without recourse to law.
15. To borrow and loan money and do a banking business.
16. To do an insurance business, both life and fire.
17. To establish similar societies in foreign countries.

ARTICLE IV. INCORPORATORS.

J. A. EVERITT,	ELI A. HIRSHFIELD,
MARK P. TURNER,	A. D. MCKINNEY,
H. W. MILLER,	SID CONGER.

STATE OF INDIANA, MARION COUNTY, ss:

Before me, Kathryn C. Tilly, a Notary Public, in and for said County and State, J. A. Everitt, Eli A. Hirshfield, Mark P. Turner, A. D. McKinney, H. W. Miller and Sid Conger, the above named incorporators and each for himself, duly acknowledged the execution of the above and foregoing Articles of Incorporation to be his voluntary act and deed for the purposes and uses therein set out.

Witness my hand and notarial seal this 17th day of December, 1902.

My commission expires Aug. 21, 1906.

[SEAL]

ARTICLE V. PLACE OF BUSINESS.

The principal offices of this Society shall be located and maintained in Indianapolis, Marion County, Indiana, with such branch Societies elsewhere as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of this Society.

ARTICLE VI. TERM OF EXISTENCE.

This Society shall have and is incorporated for a term of fifty (50) years' existence.

ARTICLE VII. SEAL.

The likeness and imprint of the official seal of this Society is hereto attached. (See print on page 4.) The seal is the regular emblem of the Society, with the word "Seal" added.

ARTICLE VIII. ELECTION.

The officers of this Society shall be a President, Vice-President, Treasurer, Secretary, Organizer, General Counsel and Board of Directors, and each and all shall be elected by popular vote of the members at the annual meeting of the Society at Indianapolis, Marion County, Indiana, on the first Monday in October of each year. (Members who cannot be present can vote by proxy through their Secretary.)

ARTICLE IX. MANAGEMENT.

The business and prudential concerns of this Society shall be managed by a Board of Directors, consisting of seven persons, including the President, Secretary and Treasurer, who shall be members of this Society in good standing. The Board of Directors and officers for the first year, and until a Board of Directors and officers are elected at the annual meeting, are as follows:

OFFICERS.

J. A. EVERITT, <i>President.</i>
SELDON R. WILLIAMS, <i>Vice-President.</i>
ELI A. HIRSHFIELD, <i>Vice-President.</i>
A. D. MCKINNEY, <i>Secretary.</i>
H. W. MILLER, <i>Treasurer.</i>
MARK P. TURNER, <i>General Counsel.</i>
SID CONGER, <i>General Organizer.</i>
FREMONT GOODWINE, <i>Advisory Counsel.</i>
....., <i>Statistician.</i>

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

J. A. EVERITT,	A. D. MCKINNEY,
HIRAM MILLER,	SID CONGER,
MARK P. TURNER,	ELI A. HIRSHFIELD,
FREMONT GOODWINE.	

KATHRYN C. TILLY.

Notary Public.

Read What They Say About the American Society of Equity.

The person who conceived the idea that resulted in the organization of the American Society of Equity, at Indianapolis, has been doing some straight thinking on a subject of vast importance. From the angle of the present it is one of the most promising movements ever undertaken for the farmers. It is a laudable purpose on which to build a powerful combination that is calculated to mark the advance in best interests in agriculture. * * * It is in no sense a re-incarnation of the old grange idea—not a secret society—but a most rational business venture, full of the promises of better things and broader views that will ultimately bring the farmer to that which is by right his own—the reward for human effort in the same proportion to that gotten out of other business. * * * It is a start in the right direction—of making better men by making better conditions. * * * It deserves the support of every farmer who hopes for better things.—*Marion News-Tribune*, Marion, Ind.

The aims and purposes of the new association for farmers, organized at Indianapolis, are so radically different from those of the "grange" societies of years ago, as to invite more than passing comment. The organization known as the American Society of Equity of North America, is expected to spread all over the Union. It will not ask any legislature to suspend the laws of nature for the "benefit" of agriculture. It does not believe that lawmakers can legislate value into commodities by changing the currency or increasing the circulating medium, but it is going to direct its energies to obtain profitable prices for farm products, etc., etc. * * * It would be difficult to conceive of saner or more laudable purposes than those upon which to build a powerful organization of farmers or to formulate a platform that is better calculated to advance the best interests of agriculture.—*Chicago Record-Herald*, Chicago, Ill., Dec. 25, 1902.

MR. EVERITT—I believe with you that there is more in your American Society of Equity for humanity than in anything else before them to-day. I very much wish your paper could reach the millions you hope for.
A. K. CARHART, Bartow, Fla.

November 30, 1902.

MR. EVERITT—Please send me 25 or 50 circulars of the American Society of Equity. I am deeply interested in the movement and I hope, ere long, co-operation will be practiced all over the land. I wish you abundant success in your great and noble work.

CARL A. PETERSON, Madelia, Minn.

MR. EVERITT—I enclose a song entitled "Equity and Liberty." Please publish in your paper and elsewhere for the good it will do. I am in great favor of this new society and hope some day to be a leader in the great A. S. of E. HARRY W. GUSTIN, Peter's Creek, Ill.

December 20, 1902.

MR. EVERITT—I have been an interested reader of your paper, *Up-to-Date Farming and Gardening*, and approve of your plan to organize the farmers. The farmer feeds the world, yet he takes what is thrown to him like a cur, and pays trust prices for everything he buys. * * * I do think you are on the right road. There are many farm papers always trying to tell us how to raise more stuff, but we don't want to know how to raise more, but to get more for what we do raise, and this was left for *Up-to-Date* and its publisher.
J. W. PARSONS, Moore's Hill, Ind.

December 11, 1902.

MR. EVERITT—I have read with delight of the organization of the American Society of Equity and I offer myself as organizer and will go into it with great enthusiasm. SAMUEL H. JOHNSON, Metropolis, Ill.

December 15, 1902.

MR. EVERITT—The November number of *Up-to-Date Farming and Gardening* received and given close attention. Please accept my hearty congratulation, as it contains matter of intense interest. * * * I hasten to assure you of my hearty co-operation in the plan of co-operation for farmers through the American Society of Equity. * * * May the success you so richly deserve shortly be yours.

C. HAYES TAYLOR, Gillespie, Va.

November 18, 1902.

In conclusion, you are invited and urged to join the American Society of Equity. Send \$1.00 with your order for seeds, or alone, and receive a beautiful Membership Certificate with all dues paid for a year, a beautiful emblem to wear on your coat and *Up-to-Date Farming and Gardening* for one year. This special offer ends April 1st, after which date the cost will be \$1.50. Book giving further information will be sent free on request.

**Organizers
Wanted**

Address J. A. EVERITT, Indianapolis, Ind.,
or The American Society of Equity, and mention this catalogue.

MR. EVERITT—I have been a reader of *Up-to-Date* for one year and am a thorough convert to the plan of co-operation for farmers through the American Society of Equity. I know it is the only plan to bring the farmers into their true birthright. I will make speeches in every school house in West Tennessee, when the time comes, and I am equipped with enough arguments that will convert the worst unbeliever. Yours for the success of the A. S. of E.

T. B. ARMSTRONG,

Decaturville, Tenn.

December 2, 1902.

MR. EVERITT—I wish you God-speed in your splendid work of getting farmers to do some thinking and planning for themselves. * * * The men who live off of the farmer are in the saddle to-day. No class can remain dominant that does not use its brains. And is it not a fact that we farmers have come to be a stupid, hard-driven set, with our very existence so closely allied to the barnyard that we have almost lost sight of all that constitutes real living? * * * If ever a class of people needed the benefits that comes from organization and co-operation, it is the farming class of to-day, as we are the prey of every other class. If you, Brother Everitt, can succeed in getting even a small percentage of the farmers aroused as to their class interests, I say you merit a fortune as big as the steel trust. * * * I hail with delight the A. S. of E., and may it go like thistle-down before the wind. HENRY E. ALLEN,

November 30, 1902.

Benton Harbor, Mich.

MR. EVERITT—I believe you are working along the right lines and doing altruistic work that will live forever. * * * I want to be an organizer for the American Society of Equity and want a copy of every article you ever wrote on co-operation for farmers. I want to get a State organization perfected and then get into every county and every township.

EDW. MURPHY, Crary, N. D.

November 19, 1902.

MR. EVERITT—Your plan of co-operation for farmers is simply all right. * * * It is very unfair to raise our crops for the speculators to get rich off of. It does not benefit farmers to drive prices away up, then depress them away down, but give farmers steady prices and you will soon see the worn out barn and fences pulled down and new ones take their places. With steady prices, farming would be pleasant and profitable and, above all, it would keep our boys and girls on the farm instead of their flocking to the city to get work at a set price. I endorse every part of your plan.

F. M. BLANN, Oaktown, Ind.

MR. EVERITT—I have read with much interest the objects of the American Society of Equity, and want to be identified with the movement. It is an outrage to every principle of fairness and honor that hundreds of men who produce nothing should make their thousands every year in handling the products of the unprotected farmer, who is the victim of fictitious values made by these same unscrupulous schemers and speculators. I have six car loads of grain ready to ship, but the railroads will not furnish me cars, preferring to furnish cars to elevators in the grain combine.

JAMES HUNTER, Republic City, Neb.

December 25, 1902.

MR. EVERITT—I don't know how I can spend this Christmas afternoon more to my satisfaction than by using it to write you my congratulations on the formation of the organization of which, I see by the papers, you are honored as the first President. I am a great believer in the virtue of organization, * * * and think the farmers will stand in their own light if they don't embrace this opportunity of forming a combination among themselves for self-defense—if for no other reason. But there are many reasons why they should be organized, many of which are set forth in the objects as published. * * * I am heartily glad that this step has been taken, and I will do all in my power to encourage and widen the work until it will include all whose interest are embraced in the work, and I hereby tender my service to the cause. * * *

THOS. H. DILON, Atty., Petersburg, Ind.

December 25, 1902.

Mammoth White French Artichoke

A Great Hog Food and Sure Preventive of Cholera.

YIELDS 600 TO 1,000 BUSHELS PER ACRE.

Grow on Waste Land.

The losses to farmers from hog cholera alone every year amounts to millions of dollars. The most certain preventive, and at the same time the least expensive, while it furnishes a wholesome and valuable food, is a crop of our

MAMMOTH WHITE FRENCH ARTICHOKE.

No farmer who raises hogs should let another year pass without providing a patch. They surely prevent cholera and in this way are worth millions of dollars. A couple of dollars invested in Artichoke Tubers may save many farmers from bankruptcy.

E. F. BROCKWAY, of Iowa, says: Since I have been raising artichokes my hogs have been repeatedly exposed to cholera and they have kept healthy, and I feel that I can defy cholera.

J. D. WASHINGTON, of Missouri, says: Artichokes are the cheapest hog food I ever saw, and a sure preventive of cholera.

HON. JOHN D. GOODING, in *American Agriculturist*, says: For a conditioner, I would not give artichokes for all the hog medicine in the kingdom.

ROBT. RIDGEWAY, Miami Co., Ind., says: I have grown artichokes for years and would not think of discontinuing them while I raise hogs. They are a great preventive of cholera.

B. B. LAMB & SONS, of Miami Co., Ind., while their hogs were dying by the score every week, saw an article in the American Encyclopedia recommending artichokes for cholera hogs. They immediately turned their entire herd of sick and well hogs into their artichoke field, and strange to say, not a hog died afterward from cholera.

G. W. LUPKINS & SONS, Boone Co., Ind., say: We have not lost a hog by cholera since we raised arti-

chokes, while it has carried many off all around us. We cannot recommend the Mammoth White French Artichoke too highly as a hog food and cholera preventive.

JONATHAN CARRY, of Indiana, says: Cholera got among my herd of hogs last year and 100 died before I thought of turning them into my artichoke patch. The result was, every hog that was able to root got well. I had part of my herd in the patch before the cholera came and not one of them died.

Every testimonial is genuine. We do not give full address, because that will sell their crops to our loss.

Every evidence is in favor of this crop as a cholera preventive. The wonderful productiveness and ease with which Artichokes can be produced is always a surprise to those who cultivate them for the first time. They are the cheapest and healthiest hog food known. Hogs not only grow rapidly, but fatten on them, only requiring corn for a short time in the finishing process. The hogs harvest them themselves, thus saving all expense, even that of feeding. Rooting is natural and healthy for hogs, but they won't root unless there is something for them to root for. Freezing and thawing does not injure them and hogs will feed themselves till late in the spring, when grass has come, except when the ground is frozen solid. On good corn land they produce 600 to 1,000 bushels per acre in good seasons. They delight in a moist, rich soil. Ground too wet for general farm crops will produce the best crops. To destroy them, plow under when they have attained a foot in height. Plant early in the spring, cut small, like potatoes, 18 inches apart in rows three feet apart, about six bushels on an acre.

Price—By mail, postpaid, 1 lb. 25c, 4 lbs. 60c. Freight or express, $\frac{1}{4}$ bu. 40c, 1 bu. \$1.25, per bbl. of 3 bus. \$3.00.

Green Globe Artichoke, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c, 1 lb. 75c, 4 lbs. \$2.25. Pkt. 5c, oz. 25c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c, 1 lb. \$2.25.

ASPARAGUS.

One oz. of seed sows 60 feet of drill—2 lbs. per acre. Read *Up-to-Date Farming and Gardening* (50 cents a year) for full information about cultivating.

COLUMBIAN MAMMOTH WHITE, g. m.—This new Asparagus is a sport from Conover's Colossal, and is one of those rare instances where the new variety comes uniformly true to its distinctive type. Its principal departure from the old varieties lies in the fact that the shoots are pure white, and they remain so as long as fit for use. It is among Asparagus what the self-blanching varieties are among celery. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c, 1 lb. 70c.

CONOVER'S COLOSSAL, g. m.—A splendid variety. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c, 1 lb. 65c.

PALMETTO, g. m.—Stalks frequently measure 2 inches in diameter. A leading market sort. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c, 1 lb. 65c.

Asparagus Roots.—Any variety at extremely low prices, as follows: Two years old, by mail, doz. 25c, 50 40c, 100 75c. By freight or express, 100 60c, 1,000 \$5.00.

ENGRAVED FOR
J. A. EVERETT, SEEDSMAN, NEW YORK

Everitt's Alpha Pole Bean

Ex, t, su, f, wi, g.

*The Earliest Pole Bean in Existence.
Can be Grown as far North as
Bush Beans. Green Pods.*

Continued cultivation of this new variety of Pole and Corn field beans confirms the high recommendation we gave it when first introducing it a few years ago. We have yet to hear of the first dissatisfied customer, while those who have grown it have found a bean with some good qualities not possessed by any other, particularly in the matter of earliness. There are several splendid varieties of green pod Pole Beans, but none approach Everitt's Alpha in earliness by more than two weeks. This Bean is so early that it can be grown in the far North wherever Bush Beans succeed, while for any section they are unsurpassed in productiveness by any Pole Bean, whether grown on poles or with corn. The vines produce nearly all pods and very few leaves. On this account they may be planted closely together, about 2x3 feet. Also are better suited to grow in corn, not pulling the stalks down like the beans with heavy foliage. The vines keep in bearing a long time. Quality is in all respects equal to the well known Kentucky Wonder. The color of the seed is bright yellow, which is different from any other Pole Bean, thus proclaiming them a distinct sort. They have never been known to rust or blight. Pods long, round, thick, stringless. The Beans that are enjoyed the most are usually the ones that come first. This is the Bean to grow. Also the Bean that brings the most money is the earliest Bean. Here we have it again.

Pkt. 10c, pt. 35c, qt. 60c, by mail, postpaid; peck \$3.00. Crop short.

NEW STRINGLESS GREEN POD BEAN

Ex, d, su, g.—Unquestionably the best Stringless Green Pod Bean in cultivation; in fact, the only stringless Green Pod Bean there is.

The pods are full, fleshy, crisp, tender and remain long in same green condition, even until the beans are large in them. It is very early, being

Two Weeks Earlier Than the Well Known and Popular Valentine.

This Bean is very prolific in number of pods, besides the pods are very large, 5½ to 6½ inches long, and light green in color.

We cannot recommend this Bean too highly and our customers cannot grow them too largely.

Pkt. 10c, pt. 25c, qt. 40c, postpaid; ¼ bu. \$1.50.

BEANS BUSH OR DWARF

All Our Varieties of Beans are
Grown with Greatest
Care and Hand Picked Before
Selling.

1 quart to 200 feet of row, 1½ bushel per acre. We pay postage on beans offered by packet, pint and quart. Half bushels at bushel rates.

....WAX PODDED BUSH BEANS....

PRICE OF WAX BEANS BY MAIL. Pkt. 10c, pt. 25c, qt. 40c. If not by mail, deduct 8c per pint, 15c per qt. Our pkts. are of large size.

DAVIS KIDNEY WAX, ca, d, g, m—A Wax Podded Bush Bean with clear white seed. It is rust-proof and so productive that a field viewed from a distance shows more yellow from the pods than green from the leaves. The plants are a complete mass of pods, yet they hold up well from the ground. Pods are always full of large, plump, white beans. Pods are larger and handsomer, flavor finer and yield greater than any other Kidney Wax Beans. Early as Golden Wax. For canners this Bean fills a long felt want. Its pearl white Beans, combined with other qualities mentioned, make it of exceptional value. **Peck \$1.50.**

VALENTINE WAX, ex, d, g, m—A perfect round pod Valentine Bean, with wax pods, and the earliest Wax Bean in cultivation. The pods are very thick and meaty, with so little string that they may properly be called stringless. Free from rust, a vigorous grower. To show its extreme earliness, we need only to relate the fact that beans planted June 18 produced pods 4 inches long by July 25, and on August 1, half a crop could be picked. **Peck \$1.50.**

KEENEY'S RUSTLESS GOLDEN WAX, e, d, g, m—This new Bean is the result of many years' efforts on the part of one of the most experienced and largest bean growers of the country. It combines hardness, productiveness and fine quality. Strong grower and rust-proof. Produces, under favorable conditions, 100 to 150 fold. **Peck \$1.50.**

Golden Wax (Improved Rust-Proof Strain)—This is the handsomest and hardiest of all Wax Beans. Pods long, thick and rust-proof. Much excels Golden Wax in yield and is of better quality. Should be grown in every garden. **Peck \$1.50.**

WARDWELL KIDNEY WAX, ex, d, so, m—A week earlier and yield ½ more than Golden Wax. Stalk erect. Pods long, broad, flat, brittle, stringless. Delicate waxy color. **Peck \$1.75.**

PROLIFIC BLACK WAX, ex, d, g, m—One of the first to produce a full crop of pods. This habit is of inestimable value to market gardeners. Plants are more upright than the old Golden Wax. Pods large, good color, stringless and of superior quality. **Peck \$1.75.**

....GREEN PODDED BUSH BEANS....

Price of Green Beans, by mail, pkt. 10c, pt. 20c, qt. 35c.

Lightning Early Valentine.

ex, d, g, m—The earliest snap short in the country. The most profitable variety for market. This variety is well named, as it is lightning quick in ripening in comparison with any other stock of this popular Bean. The pods are large, it is very productive, and, when young, entirely stringless. It cannot be recommended too highly to the market gardener, as he derives his greatest profit from the earliest crop. With the Lightning Early Valentine you beat your competitor one to two weeks, which means many dollars in profits. Sure to give satisfaction. **Peck \$1.50, bu. \$5.50.**

Imp. Early Red Valentine, ex, d, g, m—So well and favorably known to not need description. More extensively grown than any other tender green pod Bush Bean. **Peck \$1.25, bu. \$4.50.**

IMP. EARLY YELLOW SIX WEEKS, ex, d, g, m—Well known old sort. Must be used when young, as pods soon become tough. **Peck \$1.25, bu. \$4.50.**

Early Mohawk, ex, d, g, m—An old sort, the hardiest variety. Esteemed for first planting, as it will stand a slight frost. **Peck \$1.25, bu. \$4.50.**

BEST OF ALL, ea, d, g, m—Pods long, fleshy and entirely stringless. Very productive. Very early and bears a long time. **Peck \$1.25, bu. \$4.50.**

New Extra Early Refugee, ea, d, g, m—A selection from the well known Refugee and is ready for the market about the time the ordinary Refugee is in flower. An immense yielder and sure to produce a crop in either wet or dry season. Best for pickling. **Peck \$1.25, bu. \$4.50.**

....THREE LEADING DWARF OR BUSH LIMA BEANS....

One Packet of each, 20c.

BURPEE'S, l, d, g, s—This is the true, large Lima in bush form, and comes true from seed. The plant grows 18 to 20 inches high, branching so much that each bush is circular and 2 to 3 feet in diameter. **Pkt. 10c, pt. 25c, qt. 40c, peck \$1.75.**

DREER'S, l, d, g, m—We recommend them highly. Very delicious flavor, medium size, wonderfully productive. **Pkt. 10c, pt. 25c, qt. 40c, peck \$1.75.**

HENDERSON'S, e, d, g, m—This was the first Bush Lima Bean offered. It is a very early variety and enormously productive. It is largely grown as a field crop for dry beans, being a reliable and heavy yielder. A light soil, inclining to sand, suits them best. **Pkt. 10c, pt. 25c, qt. 40c, peck \$1.75, bu. \$6.50.**

POLE OR RUNNING BEANS.

If pints or quarts are not sent by mail, deduct 5c. per pint and 15c. per quart from prices quoted.

LAZY WIVES, *l, t, su, f, w, g*—No good wife would like to be called a "lazy wife," yet she will be excused for exhibiting a lazy spell when "bean picking" time comes, if she has the foresight to plant this variety. They are called Lazy Wives because they hang so full and the pods are so long and broad that a mess is soon picked. The pods are green, wonderfully broad, thick, fleshy and entirely stringless, retaining all their good qualities till nearly ripe. The peculiar taste and agreeable flavor of this Bean are so captivating that other varieties are not desired while the Lazy Wives can be obtained. Pkt. 10c, pt. 25c, qt. 45c.

EARLY GOLDEN CLUSTER WAX, *ex, l, su, f, wi, g*—It grows rapidly, bearing clusters of 3 to 6 pods of rich golden color. Pods average about 8 inches in length, tender and entirely stringless, retaining their plumpness and tenderness long after they have attained a large size, and continue to bear, if the pods are picked, until frost. Pkt. 10c, pt. 25c, qt. 45c.

WHITE CREASE BACK, *e, l, su, f, wi, g*—For string beans it is simply perfection. Its handsome green pods grow from 5 to 6 inches long, perfectly round, with a crease in the back. They ripen early and bear continuously all summer, the vines being loaded from one end to the other. Pkt. 10c, pt. 25c, qt. 45c, $\frac{1}{4}$ bu. \$1.75.

KENTUCKY WONDER, *e, l, su, f, g*—A very prolific sort; grows vigorously and climbs well. Pods grow in large clusters, green, 9 to 10 inches long, nearly round; crisp and tender. Sure to give satisfaction; excellent to grow in corn. Seed long, oval, brown color. There is more demand for this pole bean than for any other, which of itself is sufficient recommendation. It is the leader with market gardeners. Pkt. 10c, pt. 25c, qt. 45c, $\frac{1}{4}$ bu. \$1.75.

Horticultural Cranberry Wren's Egg, *e, l, su, f, wi, g*—A round speckled bean, used both in pods and shelled. Especially adapted to short season and cold soils. Pkt. 10c, pt. 25c, qt. 40c, peck \$1.50.

FIELD

Plant $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 bushels per acre.

The cultivation of Beans as a field crop is increasing, and in many sections of the country it is now an important and profitable industry. The varieties that we offer are the very best that can be grown.

GREAT WESTERN, *e, d, wi, g*—(The illustration was made from a photograph of a plant suspended by the root. This accounts for the position of some of the pods, which ordinarily would hang down.) Unusually early, productive; handsome, large, ivory white. When other kinds fall down and spoil in a wet season, these stand up on a

WISCONSIN TREE, *e, d, wi, g*—Quite distinct from the Mexican or California Tree Bean, the bean being twice as large, more productive and very early. The beans are very white, of finest flavor and cook in less time than the Navies. Pkt. 10c, pt. 20c, qt. 35c, peck \$1.25, bu. \$4.00.

WHITE WONDER, *ex, d, wi, g*—A very early field bean that can be planted on ground where other crops have been removed. It greatly outyields the Navy on the same ground and under the same conditions. Seed is about the size of Navies. Pkt. 10c, pt. 20c, qt. 35c, peck \$1.25, bu. \$4.00.

Early White Dutch Caseknife, *ex, t, su, f, wi, g*—Suitable for corn or for poles. Flat pods, tender when young; well filled with fine, large white beans. Excellent for winter use. Pkt. 10c, pt. 25c, qt. 40c, peck \$1.65.

Red Speckled Cutshort, *l, t, su, f, wi, g*—An excellent variety and particularly valuable for planting among corn. Vines medium, pods short, round, tender, succulent. Good green or dry. A wonderful yielder. Pkt. 10c, pt. 25c, qt. 40c, peck \$1.50.

POLE LIMA BEANS.

Price of Each; Pkt. 10c, pt. 25c, qt. 45c, $\frac{1}{4}$ bu. \$2.00.

Dreer's Improved, *l, t, su, f, wi, g*—An improvement in quality on the large Lima. They are plumper and richer; remain green longer. Seed small.

Large White, *l, t, su, f, wi, g*—This well known and delicious Bean is everywhere esteemed. Very large.

KING OF THE GARDEN, *l, t, su, f, wi, g*—A magnificent variety in growth of vine and number and size of pods. Specimens have been grown over 9 inches in length and containing 7 great large beans.

Challenger, *l, t, su, f, wi, g*—Have been constantly improved by saving beans from strongest vines and best filled pods. They yield an amazing quantity of shelled beans. An improvement on Dreer's.

SEIBERT'S EARLY, *ex, l, su, f, wi, g*—This variety was developed by a market gardener who selected the largest green beans from the thinnest and most easily opened pods. Practical value to market gardeners has been aimed at and we believe it to be the very best sort for their use. The vine is very productive and exceptionally hardy and vigorous. It produces pods very early and the beans are of fine quality. The green shelled beans are of immense size, but so tender and succulent that they shrink in drying to about the size of the Large White Lima.

Lima Beans require very rich soil. Do not neglect this or you may be disappointed in results.

**GREAT WESTERN
FIELD BEAN**
INTRODUCED BY
J. A. EVERITT, SEEDSMAN
INDIANAPOLIS, IND.

size, but so tender and succulent that they shrink in drying to about the size of the Large White Lima.

Lima Beans require very rich soil. Do not neglect this or you may be disappointed in results.

BEANS.

strong stalk. Resists rust and mildew. Will stand in the field after maturity longer than any other and not waste. The pods hang in clusters all over the top. (See illustration.) Also, notice the pods contain from 7 to 9 beans each, denoting a remarkably productive sort. They are the grandest Bean of all and surprise and please every grower. Pkt. 10c, pt. 20c, qt. 35c, peck \$1.25, bu. \$4.00.

WHITE MARROWFAT, *l, d, wi, g*—A standard field variety. Largely grown. Large, white, round seed. Pkt. 10c, pt. 20c, qt. 35c, peck, \$1.00, bu. \$3.50.

BEETS

One pkt. will plant about 15 feet of drill. Oz. 50 feet—about 6 lbs. per acre.
Price of all varieties in this list except where given: Pkt. 5c, oz. 8c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 15c, lb. 50c, postpaid. By freight or express, 5 lbs. or more of a kind 40c per lb.

IMPROVED BLOOD TURNIP, *e, su, wi, g, m*—A very fine strain of this popular sort. The result of years of careful selection, which has increased its size and made it earlier. Color rich, deep red; fine grain, solid. Excellent for all purposes.

DETROIT DARK RED TURNIP BEET, *e, su, wi, g, m*—One of the very best sorts for the market and home garden. Its small, upright top, early maturity and splendid shape make it popular everywhere. Flesh bright red, crisp, tender and sweet.

ECLIPSE, *ex, su, g, m*—A great acquisition to our list of Turnip Beets. Always gives the greatest satisfaction among market gardeners. It is as early as the Egyptian and much more desirable, owing to its globe shape, great smoothness and regularity, having a small top, very sweet, flesh fine and dark red color.

EDMUND'S TURNIP, *ex, su, g, m*—A selected strain, very uniform and even in type; flesh deep blood red, exceedingly sweet and tender; of good market size. It is very early, and for the marketmen's use is justly popular and much called for wherever it has been sold.

Extra Early Egyptian, *ex, su, g, m*—Ten days to two weeks earlier than the Blood Turnip. Of fair quality, medium size; fine for forcing.

IMPROVED LONG BLOOD RED, *l, wi, g, m*—One of the finest Beets for winter and spring use, also on account of its great productiveness; very valuable to grow for cattle. Sweet, crisp and tender; color rich red; withstands drought.

Dewey's Improved Blood Turnip, *ex, su, m*—Very symmetrical in shape and free from fibrous roots; flesh deep blood red.

HALF-LONG BLOOD, *e, su, wi, g, m*—An excellent second early. Good also for winter and spring.

Bastian's Extra Early, *ex, su, g, m*—Very early, of quick, large growth; fine turnip form, bright red color.

Early Yellow Turnip, *ex, su, h*—Similar to Blood Turnip in form, but yellow in flesh.

Swiss Chard—A distinct vegetable and makes superior greens. The ribs are used as asparagus, the leaves as spinach. We recommend all our customers to grow it.

MANGEL WURZEL FOR STOCK FOOD

By freight or express at 25c per lb. By mail, see price at top of page.

MAMMOTH GOLDEN GIANT—Color yellow, broad at top and bottom, making very heavy roots. Root grows much above the ground, making them easy to harvest. They never become woody. A favorite with leading farmers.

IMPROVED MAMMOTH LONG RED—Grows to an immense size, single roots weighing 30 to 50 lbs. Under high culture 2,000 bushels per acre have been grown. Quality excellent.

Golden Tankard—The flesh is deep yellow to the center. One of the best and richest for food for sheep and cattle. Highly prized by stockmen.

Champion Yellow Globe—The large, round, orange colored root makes it particularly valuable for light soils. Is of fine quality, heavy cropper and easily harvested.

Take Notice While we cannot afford to send you a single package of any kind of seed for less than 5c, yet if you order a number of packets we give liberal discounts. See "Our Offers on Packet Seeds" front of Catalogue.

CROSBY'S IMPROVED EGYPTIAN

Ex, su, g, m, A superior Strain of the well known **EARLY EGYPTIAN**. The result of years of careful selection by a noted Eastern market gardener. Retains the earliness of the parent stock and is the best Beet for forcing or for first sowing outside. Desirable for small Beets, for forcing or for early market, as it assumes its turnip shape in the early stages of growth, and on this account is preferable to other varieties requiring a longer time to attain a marketable shape and size. Is of handsome form, not so flat as the ordinary Egyptian, not as round as the Early Eclipse; of good size, fine quality, dark blood red color, with very small tap root and few small taps. Of very rapid growth, and may be sown outside as late as July. Per pkt, 5c, oz. 8c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c, lb. 55c.

Crosby's Improved Egyptian

**EARLY
OTHELLO**
DARK BLOOD
TURNIP BEET

E, su, wi, g, m.

This very desirable variety will become very popular with the market gardeners who require a variety of the darkest color for their main crop. It is the result of a very careful selection of the finest formed and very darkest roots, having been annually selected for years for seed stock, and we venture to say that there is no Beet in this country *superior* to it for its dark, rich color, perfection of form or sweetness of flavor; foliage dark crimson. Pkt. 8c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c.

Include
This
in
Your
Order

BROCOLI. Early Purple Cape—Produces large heads of brownish purple color. Very close and compact and of excellent flavor. Pkt. 5c, oz. 25c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c.

BRUSSELS SPROUTS. Improved Dwarf—They grow about 2 feet high and produce from the side of the stalk numerous little sprouts 1 or 2 inches in diameter, resembling cabbage. Pkt. 5c, oz. 20c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c.

CHICORY. Large Rooted or Coffee—Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c, lb. \$1.00.

COLLARDS. Georgia Southern—A variety of cabbage. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c, lb. \$1.00.

CORN SALAD—Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c, lb. 75c.

CRESS OR PEPPER GRASS—Sow early in the spring very thickly in shallow drills. The sowing should be repeated every week, as it soon runs to seed. Use as a small salad.

Extra Curled—Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c, lb. 70c.

Water Cress—True. Pkt. 10c, oz. 20c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c.

SUGAR BEETS

For Stock and Manufacture of Sugar. Any variety by freight or express, 25c per lb.

Lane's Sugar Beet—Long, symmetrical roots, fine grained and sweet. A heavy cropper; splendid for table use or cattle feeding. Pkt. 5c, oz. 8c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 15c, lb. 35c.

French Yellow Sugar—Grows very large, much above ground. Rich in sugar. Pkt. 5c, oz. 8c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 15c, lb. 35c.

KLEINWANZLEBENER SUGAR BEET

This is the variety of Sugar Beet which analytical chemists, both of Germany and this country, have united in recommending as possessing the highest sugar-producing qualities. These scientific investigations have been fully

18
Tons of
Sugar
Have Been
Made
From
100
Tons
of Roots

sustained by the practical results of sugar making in the factories. As much as 18 tons of sugar have been made from 100 tons of roots of this variety. It is endorsed and recommended by Department of Agriculture at Washington. Pkt. 5c, oz. 8c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 15c, lb. 35c. By frt. or ex. 25c per lb.

VILMORIN'S IMPROVED

Color white; medium size. Greatly esteemed by sugar manufacturers. This is recommended as being next to the Klein Wanzlebener in the percentage of sugar it will produce, and is a fit companion for that variety. Pkt. 5c, oz. 8c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 15c, lb. 35c. By frt. or ex. 25c per lb,

(38)

Con-
tains
16
Per
Cent
of
Sugar
Yields
14
Tons
Per
Acre

EVERITT'S EARLIEST CABBAGE

ALWAYS HEADS AND ALWAYS SOLID HEADS

THE GREATEST & MOST PROFITABLE FOR MARKET GARDENERS

EARLY CABBAGE

MAKE NO MISTAKES

Others make claims and pretensions of offering the earliest Cabbage, but oftentimes when extreme earliness is attained in other varieties you get little more than a bunch of leaves, while with

Everitt's Earliest

CABBAGE

YOU GET A FINE, SOLID HEAD

Everitt's Earliest is the Earliest and Best Extra Early.

IT'S THE FIRST TO HEAD

IT MAKES GOOD SIZED, SOLID HEADS, LIKE THE ILLUSTRATION

Ex. su, g. m.

Not a bunch of leaves, like some other early varieties. Seventy days after sowing the seed you have Cabbage on the table or sell it in the market and get the big price, if you plant Everitt's Earliest. The heads are very solid, while the edible part is sweet and tender. The illustration shows a half section of a head, which cannot be surpassed by any variety, early or late, in fine texture, small ribs and solidity. By reason of this cabbage coming so early, a second crop of late cabbage or some other crop can be grown on the same ground. Set the plants 15 inches apart in the rows and the rows 2½ feet apart.

If you are an Up-to-Date Gardener, and if you want to be ahead of your neighbors, you will certainly want some of this Early Cabbage. It is one of the best things we offer, and we again express the hope that every person who receives this Catalogue will obtain a package or more of it, even though they omit something else. Pkt. 10c, 4 for 25c, oz. 25c, ¼ lb. 75c, lb. \$2.50.

Half a
Everitt's Ear-

Head of
liest Cabbage

Cwt. Cabbage

L. vi. h. m. Everybody knows that CWT. means hundred weight, and this is the largest and heaviest of all varieties of Cabbage. It is the grandest type of Mammoth Cabbage, and certainly whoever raises for exhibition purposes should not fail to include the CWT. Cabbage. A late fall and winter sort. Splendid keeper and of good quality. For kraut it is simply immense, a few heads filling a barrel. If you want the largest cabbage ever seen in your neighborhood, and besides, one of splendid quality, plant some of CWT. Pkt. 10c, 4 for 25c, oz. 25c, ¼ lb. 75c, lb. \$2.50.

CWT. (Hundred Weight) CABBAGE

EVERITT'S LATE WHITE DUTCH

A Very Profitable Variety for Main Crop.

Large, Late, Round,
Solid Heads.

Another year's test of this grand Cabbage further verifies the correctness of our claims for the **Late White Dutch**. Our sales more than

double each year, because old customers continue to grow it, while new customers are constantly learning of its fine qualities. If every person who receives this catalogue will order a package or more this year, we know they will be well rewarded in the fine crop, whether for home or market. In compactness, solidity, hardness, weight, size of head, uniformity of shape and

excellent keeping qualities, it is unsurpassed by any sort heretofore on the market, and possesses the best qualities to give it the greatest commercial value.

The average weight of heads is from 15 to 24 pounds. This is the greatest winter and spring

Don't
Fail to
Include a
Packet or More
in Your Order.

Cabbage, not rotting like many other kinds do. For table there probably never will be a better, the head being as white as snow, solid, crisp and fine grained, while for market and shipping it will lead wherever offered.

We sowed one pound of your seed on two and one-half acres and the crop will bring about \$250.00. One load of **White Dutch Cabbage** (500 heads) weighed 4,500 pounds, an average of nine pounds per head, which is the best average we have ever seen, when all the plants were cut through the patch. I would say in conclusion that **White Dutch Cabbage Seed** grows the largest, hardest and most mature heads of any seed I have yet seen, some of our heads weighing 21 pounds after being trimmed for market. H. N. BLAIR, Skaneateles, N. Y.

The best I ever had. Grows quick, sure to head, large size and of very fine flavor. ANTHONY PERRY, Pawtucket, R. I.

I consider your **White Dutch Cabbage** the best and most remunerative variety to grow, as it is a sure header, of good size, firm and of excellent flavor, making it a very valuable market variety. HENRY A. GALDE, Marlborough, N. Y.

The sample of **White Dutch Cabbage** sent for trial in my grounds the past season proved it a fine strain. As a shipping variety it is very valuable. The solidity of its round heads, whether large or small, and its snowy whiteness, make it particularly attractive as a market variety. C. L. ALLEN, Floral Park, Long Island.

White Dutch Cabbage were the best I ever raised and I have been raising cabbage for 20 years. The average weight was from 12 to 18 pounds and they often weighed 25 pounds. They are good keepers and do not rot, as other kinds often do. The quality was of the best and the color could not be better. The Cabbage, after heading, did not crack, but stayed solid and firm until fall. JACOB WRIE, Auburn, N. Y.

PRICE—Pkt. 10c, 3 for 25c, oz. 30c, ¼ lb. \$1.00, lb. \$3.00.

Everitt's Short Stem Drumhead Cabbage.

This famous variety is a grand variety for truckers to raise for distant markets, while it is also a magnificent and reliable variety for all purposes. Very reliable to head in the South. Grows a compact head.

Withstands drought well. Seldom bursts or rots. Heads frequently weigh 30 lbs. each. Keeps until late spring. Stem very short. It is almost all head and very sure to head. Pkt. 5c (worth 5 times the price), oz. 15c, ¼ lb. 60c, lb. \$2.00.

Cabbage (Continued.)

EXTRA EARLY AND EARLY VARIETIES.

One packet of seed will produce about 400 plants; one ounce about 3,000.

EVERITT'S EARLIEST—See page 39.

Early York, *ex. su. g*—A well known extra early sort. Pkt. 5c, oz. 12c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c, lb. \$1.20.

Early Etampes, *ex. su. g*—Quickly forms fine, solid, pointed heads. Of extra quality. Pkt. 5c, oz. 12c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c, lb. \$1.50.

EVERITT'S EARLY GIANT, *e, su, wi, g*
—No other variety grows as rapidly as this and early in the summer you have cabbage heads equaling the fall and winter sorts. Heads very solid. If planted late is a fine fall and winter sort. Pkt. 5c, oz. 20c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c, lb. \$2.00.

IMP. EARLY WINNIGSTADT, *ex. su, f, g*—One of the best Extra Earlys, being a sure header and will grow a head under circumstances where many others cannot penetrate them. Valuable for summer, fall and winter. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50c, lb. \$1.50.

SELECTED EARLY JERSEY WAKEFIELD, *e, su, g*—A favorite sort. Heads very compact, solid and of conical shape. Few outside leaves. Pkt. 5c, oz. 25c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c, lb. \$2.00.

ALL HEAD EARLY, *e, su, f, wi, g*—A new variety and one of the largest earlies in cultivation. Being a very thoroughbred variety, the heads are very uniform and it is certain to head. Growth compact, admitting close planting. If planted late it is a splendid winter cabbage. Pkt. 5c, oz. 25c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c, lb. \$2.00.

ALL SEASONS, *e, f, wi, g*—We have sold this reliable variety for over 10 years with the greatest satisfaction to our customers. If sown early it will produce large heads early, and if sown late is a superior winter sort. We sell this cabbage in large quantities to many large growers, who prefer it to all others. Pkt. 5c, oz. 20c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c, lb. \$2.00.

Fottler's Improved Brunswick, *e, f, wi, g*—Produces a large, firm, solid head, often weighing from 20 to 30 pounds. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50c, lb. \$1.75.

IMP. EARLY SUMMER, *e, su, f, g*—A popular sort. Our strain of this peerless cabbage is not excelled. Fine, large, solid heads will form in 90 days from sowing the seed,

with proper care and cultivation. Pkt. 5c, oz. 20c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c, lb. \$2.00.

Early Flat Dutch, *e, su, f, wi, g*—Popular wherever grown. A good second early, of excellent quality. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50c, lb. \$1.75.

Louisville Early Drumhead, *e, su, wi, g*—A very choice variety, largely grown in this section and following immediately after the Early Summer. When planted late it makes an excellent winter cabbage. Pkt. 5c, oz. 20c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c, lb. \$2.00.

LATE VARIETIES.

AUTUMN KING, or WORLD BEATER, *l, f, wi, g*—A grand autumn and winter cabbage: Heads of enormous size and very solid. This variety is scarcely excelled by any other in weight of crop per acre. Pkt. 5c, oz. 25c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c, lb. \$2.00.

EVERITT'S SUPERIOR LARGE, LATE, FLAT

DUTCH, *l, f, wi, g*—So well known as to scarcely need description. Our "Superior" strain is unexcelled. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50c, lb. \$1.75.

Succession, *e, su, f, wi, g*—A fine fall and winter cabbage. This variety is one of the surest to head, scarcely a plant failing. Pkt. 5c, oz. 20c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c, lb. \$2.00.

SURE HEAD, *l, f, wi, g*—Takes its name from its quality of always heading up, even under unfavorable conditions. In all cases it gives great satisfaction for general crop. Pkt. 5c, oz. 20c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c, lb. \$2.00.

Drumhead Savoy, *l, f, wi, g*—A very large-headed variety, partaking of the size of the Drumhead cabbage; flavor of the Savoy. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c, lb. \$2.00.

THE LUPTON.

Originated by Mr. J. M. Lupton, the large-

PLANT

SEEDS

ALL HEAD EARLY

est individual cabbage grower on Long Island, who says of it: "Originated the Lupton from a single early plant of a late variety. It is be-

tween the two in point of size and season of maturity, coming in after the second earliest and before the late. More thoroughbred and holding color better than any late sort. It combines the health and vigor of late sorts with the uniformity and sure heading qualities of the best second earlies."

One of the best varieties of recent introduction as regards merit and general desirability. Pkt. 5c, oz. 25c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c, lb. \$2.50.

Danish Ball-Head or Hollander

This is a variety of cabbage that has been exported to this country from Holland, arriving late in the season, and on account of its well preserved condition, great solidity and depth of head, sells at higher prices than American sorts. It is one of the hardiest varieties in cultivation, enduring drought and frost that would destroy other varieties. Head of medium size, round and very solid. Matures late. We offer the genuine, every seed strictly true. *Don't take chances, as there is much spurious seed on the market.* Pkt. 5c, oz. 20c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c, lb. \$2.00.

Just Think!

of days you will receive the Best Seeds that are planted under the sun, all charges paid. Why risk your crops on store seeds of uncertain age and quality? O. K. SEEDS planted means success. Store seeds planted means—WHAT?

CAULIFLOWER

One Packet of seed will produce about 200 plants; one ounce about 3,000

EARLY SNOWBALL, *ex, su, wi, g*—*Gilt Edge Strain*. Probably grown more than all other varieties together for forcing or wintering over for early crop. We spare no pains or expense to produce the best seed possible and confidently recommend it as equal to that offered by any one. Pkt. 15c, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 75c, oz. \$1.50, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$5.50.

EXTRA EARLY DWARF ERFURT, *e, su, wi, g*—*Gilt Edge Strain*. Our stock is almost as early as Early Snowball and is very desirable for forcing and for planting out doors. Plants compact, with a few narrow, upright leaves, making it the best for close planting. Our stock of this is unsurpassed. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 65c, oz. \$1.25, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$4.00.

Early Paris, *ex, su, g*—An excellent early sort. Short stocks, white head. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 35c, oz. 60c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2.00.

GARDENER'S FAVORITE CAULIFLOWER, *ex, su, wi, g*—The earliest and finest Cauliflower in the country. Resembling Snowball in habit, and sure heading under adverse conditions to the most marked degree. It will head when all others fail. Dwarf erect habit, with few surplus leaves, allowing to be planted closely. Heads are very solid, pure white and finest table quality. Pkt. 10c, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 50c, oz. \$1.00, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$3.50.

CARROTS

Sow 1 oz. to 200 feet of Drill: 2 lbs. to acre.

Price of all Carrots, unless otherwise quoted: Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c, lb. 75c. By freight or express, not less than 5 lbs. of a kind, 60c. per lb.

Early French Forcing, *ex, su*—The earliest variety, largely grown for forcing purposes; globe shaped root of an orange-red color.

EARLY SCARLET HORN, *ex, su, wi, g*—Best for early planting out of doors. Tops small; roots top-shaped; surface dented; skin orange-red.

OX-HEART, *e, su, wi, g*—Intermediate in length, between the half-long varieties and the Short Horn, but much thicker than the latter, attaining at the top 3 or 4 inches in diameter. It is of fine quality for table use, and deserves general cultivation.

NEW CHANTENAY, *l, su, wi, g*—This new, half-long, stump-rooted Carrot is one of the most productive varieties known; has an extra large shoulder is easily dug, and is in every way desirable. It is very smooth, fine in texture, and of a beautiful rich orange color.

DANVER'S HALF-LONG ORANGE, *l, su, wi, g*—A most excellent variety for all soils. It will yield the greatest bulk with smallest length of roots of any variety. 20 to 30 tons being no unusual crop per acre.

Red Saint Vallery, *l, su, wi, g*—A large, beautiful Carrot, of a rich, deep orange-red color. The roots grow very straight and smooth, from 10 to 12 inches long. Very fine quality for table use, and very productive.

IMPROVED LONG ORANGE, *l, su, wi, g*—Long roots, good yielder. Good for table or stock. We offer the best strain of this fine variety.

Large White Belgian, *l, wi*. For Stock.—Grows one-third out of the ground; immense yielder; large size; easily gathered; very suitable for stock.

Giant Victoria

The Largest Yellow Carrot

MOST PRODUCTIVE OF ALL

This is the largest and unquestionably the heaviest cropping and most nutritious Yellow variety in cultivation. It is the largest and best form of Orange or Yellow Carrot known. The roots are remarkably fine, very symmetrical and of excellent quality, possessing high feeding properties. It is a heavy cropper on all soils, but especially adapted for strong or rich land. It grows fully twice as much weight per acre as the ordinary varieties, and as the roots grow more above the ground, it is much easier to gather the crop. The roots frequently measure 12 to 18 inches in circumference and yields 20 tons per acre. Nothing excels this Carrot in quantity or quality of stock feed that can be grown on a limited area of ground. This grand variety is sure to suit every one who grows it.

N. P. CLARK, St. Cloud, Minn., Importer and Breeder of Clydesdale Horses, Short-horn and Guernsey Cattle, says: "In expressing my opinion as to the value of the Carrots for stock, will say that no one who feeds stock can afford to be without them. I feed each year Mangel Wurzel and Ruta Bagas and esteem them highly, but Carrots I regard as indispensable. I increase my acreage of Carrots each year and believe I secure better results from them than anything else I feed, and no variety can be better in quality and great productiveness than the Victoria.

KALAMAZOO
BROAD RIBBED

WHITE PLUME SELF
BLANCHING

GOLDEN SELF BLANCHING

EUREKA SELF BLANCHING

NEW ROSE

GOLDEN HEART

GIANT GOLDEN HEART

PERFECTION HARTWELL

BOSTON MARKET

CRAWFORDS
DWARF

GIANT PASCAL

A Page of
the Best
Varieties
of.....

CELERY

One packet will
produce about
2,000 plants; 1 oz.
about 10,000 and
plant about $\frac{1}{4}$ acre.

GOLDEN SELF-BLANCHING, *c, g, su, f*—Gilt edge strain. A remarkable stocky and strong growing variety, solid and delicious flavor, self-blanching and a good keeper. One of the very best for early market. Pkt. 10c, oz. 40c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.00.

Golden Self-Blanching—As usually sold. Pkt. 5c, oz. 20c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c.

WHITE PLUME, *cx, g, su, f*—Gilt edge strain. Each year adds to the popularity of this variety. Many market gardeners now plant their entire crop of it. The heart and stock are naturally white, and consequently it needs very little earthing. Eating qualities are the very best; will not keep late in the winter. Pkt. 10c, oz. 25c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c.

White Plume—As usually sold. Pkt. 5c, oz. 20c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c.

Kalamazoo Broad Ribbed, *l, g, f, wi*—A distinct variety; its broad ribs, thick and closely set, are solid, crisp, and of fine flavor. Grows rapidly and by reason of its neat and compact growth and showy appearance, makes a grand market variety. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50c, lb. \$1.50.

New Rose, *l, f, wi*—The red or rose Celeries are better in many respects than the white. They are more solid, hence keep better and have to a greater degree that nutty flavor so desirable in celery. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50c.

Dwarf Golden Heart, *m, f, wi*—In quality, appearance and size this variety leaves little to be desired. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50c, lb. \$1.50.

GIANT GOLDEN HEART, *l, f, wi*—A careful selection from the Dwarf Golden Heart by a gardener who made the need of a critical market his study for years. The quality is fully equal to the original stock, and in habit of growth is taller than its parent. The stalks are very thick and perfectly solid. Unexcelled as a long keeper. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50c.

Perfection Hartwell, *l, f, wi*—One of the best flavored, most crisp and tender of the white varieties; the stalks are medium tall, round, very solid, crisp and tender, fine nutty flavor. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50c, lb. \$1.50.

Crawford's Half Dwarf, *l, f, wi*—Solid, of vigorous growth and nutty flavored; very ornamental. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50c, lb. \$1.50.

ENG. FOR
JAEVERITT
SEEDMAN

Choice Blanched Celery Grown as Easily as a Head of Cabbage or Lettuce

The Last Obstacle to the Universal Growing of Celery Removed

We have sold many thousands of packets of our Eureka Self-Blanching Celery and have not had one customer complain, but on the contrary, we sell to many of our customers of previous years by the ounce, one-fourth pound and pound. They say they never raised any crop that met with as much favor among customers as the Eureka Celery. The only trouble we have with it is to grow enough seed to supply the demand. One great advantage of the Eureka is that it will keep nearly all winter, while any other self-blanching variety will not keep much beyond Christmas. Stalks beautiful in appearance, compact in growth and solid. Dwarf habit. Color of outer leaves, cream, tinted with green; stalks and inner leaves creamy white; ribs very crisp, tender and of the most superior flavor. All who have not heretofore grown this Celery should do so without further delay. It is bound to give satisfaction. Pkt. 10c, 3 pkts. 25c, oz. 50c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.50.

GRAND SURPRISE

The Best Late Celery

If you want a Celery that will keep until the following May, after all other celeries are done, and sells at a high price, plant the **Grand Surprise**. It is certainly the grandest winter and spring Celery ever offered. Grows a very strong and vigorous plant of medium height, large, and is not excelled for solidity, crispness and fine nutty flavor; every particle can be eaten. Plant is beautiful in appearance, blanching to a cream white. No celery grower should fail to plant part of his crop of this and there awaits him a grand surprise, and none of his neighbors who plant other kinds will have anything that compares favorably next fall. Pkt. 10c, oz. 25c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c.

POP CORN

Prices of all varieties unless quoted otherwise: Pkt. 5c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 10c, lb. 25c, 4 lbs. 75c. By express, 10c per lb. 10 lbs. 75c.

MAPLEDALE PROLIFIC—A profitable variety; has borne as many as 18 ears on one stalk, but we find 4 to 6 a good average.

QUEEN'S GOLDEN—Large ear, golden yellow grain. A great yielder. Unexcelled as a popper.

WHITE RICE—A very handsome variety. Ears short, kernels long and resemble the grains of rice. Color white; of the best quality for popping, and as it is the standard market variety, with a good reputation everywhere, we advise its growth in preference to other varieties by every person who grows Pop Corn to sell, as it is the standard variety.

SNOWBALL—Like the flake of snow falling as it pops, and like a pile of pure white snow as it lies in a heap. Tender, rich, melting.

BOY'S FAVORITE—Quite a novel sort. Bright red color. Pops very large and pure white.

SWEET CORN.

All Eastern grown and free from flint and glaze. One quart will plant about 100 hills; one bushel, 6 or 7 acres.

Our Famous, Superior, Pedigree, STOWELL'S EVERGREEN.

This grand variety is more largely grown for main crop than any other. If you are assured that you are getting the best seed of this variety that can be produced, you may be sure you are right and you can go ahead with confidence of satisfactory results. Our seed is the result of many years of scientific growth and selection, and is grown in a locality perfectly adapted to grow **this variety to the greatest perfection.** There are other sections where this variety is largely grown for seed for other seedsmen, where climate and soil have the effect of making a glaze or hard shell on the grain, which is reproduced in the crops grown from this seed. For table purposes and canning this is a serious defect, deplored by all lovers of tender, juicy sweet corn. The careful attention given to the growth of our corn and to the adaptability of soil and climate, preserve and improve the good qualities, until at the present time we have Stowell's Evergreen Corn superior to the original stock sent out by Mr. Stowell many years ago.

We have endeavored to portray in our illustration the appearance of this corn as we grow it. When in the green state the grains are large, plump and juicy and of exquisite sweetness of flavor. When dried for seed they assume a much shriveled appearance. The grains are very deep, the cob small. This variety, grown in less favorable localities and with less care, will have shorter and less shriveled grains and be glazed and flinty.

For home use and market, also for canning, our pedigree strain of Stowell's Evergreen Sweet Corn is unsurpassed. As it comes at a time when it competes with the main crops, the grower can depend on its superior qualities, large ear and great productiveness to insure him profitable returns and he will seldom be disappointed. Its long ear and large, plump grain make it a profitable and very saleable variety. As we furnish choice seed of this improved variety to compete in price with poorer grades on the market, there cannot be any excuse for taking chances on your crop.

PRICE OF EVERITT'S SUPERIOR STRAIN OF STOWELL'S EVERGREEN SWEET CORN—By mail, pkt. 10c, pt. 20c, qt. 35c. By freight or express, peck 75c, bu. \$2.50.

WE PAY POSTAGE

On all seeds quoted by pkt., oz., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 1 lb., 4 lbs., pt., qt. and 4 qts., unless stated to the contrary. You can get our choice, fresh seeds at your postoffice as conveniently as doubtful seeds at the grocery store. Every P. O. is a branch store for O. K. Seeds. Pay your money in for a money order and in a day or two take out your seeds fresh from the farm and warehouse. Nothing can be more convenient. If by freight or express, on account of our central location, we can save the majority of farmers transportation compared with the cost from any other seed house.

Indiana Wonder A NEW Sweet Corn

As early as Early Adams, with an ear twice as large, and as sweet as any Corn ever put on the table. This corn originated in Indiana and is a great honor to the Hoosier State. We confidently believe there is not its superior for earliness, quality and size of ear combined in existence. For evidence of this, read the reports below. A very strong and rapid grower; bears two or three ears to the stock; ears large, like illustration; grain deep, large, much shriveled when dry. We recommend it to all, and guarantee it as recommended. Heretofore we did not have near enough to supply the demand. We have a small supply this year, and anticipate a greatly increased demand. Early orders are advised. PRICE—Pkt. 10c, pt. 25c, qt. 40c, postpaid. By express or freight, per peck \$1.00, bu. \$3.50.

REPORTS FROM GROWERS

Mighty fine, large and very sweet.

WM. SUBER, Broad Ripple, Ind.

Indiana Wonder Sweet Corn is the earliest and largest eared variety I ever grew.

CHAS. M. DOLEN, Waverly, Ind.

Earlier than any other I ever tried; of superior quality, with larger ear than Early Adams. It cannot be too highly recommended.

F. V. BEELER, Friendswood, Ind.

Planted same time with Early Adams. It was a little earlier, much larger ear, well formed. Remained in condition for table longer than any other kind I ever raised.

URIAH LOW, Carlton, Ind.

Much larger and better than Adams.

JOHN M. GRAHAM, Whiteland, Ind.

Best I ever raised. It surpasses all others in continuing in good condition.

A. V. HIGHTSHOE, Clermont, Ind.

MAMMOTH WHITE CORY

(See illustration to left)

The Largest Extra Early Sweet Corn

This is the largest and best of the "Cory" type of Corn. The stalks are no longer than those of the White Cob Cory, but each stalk furnishes two or more large, fine shaped ears.

The ears are twelve rowed, very symmetrical and handsome, with no opening between the rows at the base. The grain is large, broad, very white and of remarkably good quality for such an early sort. The ears are about twice as long as the original Cory. The beauty and quality of this variety

give it ready sale even when the market is overstocked.

Large pkt. 10c, pt. 25c, qt. 40c, peck \$1.00, bushel \$3.50.

ENGRAVED FOR J. A. EVERITT, SEASONMAN

New Indiana Wonder Sweet Corn

SWEET CORN

All Eastern, Grown and Free from Flint and Glaze. Crop is Very Short this Year and Prices High. Prices Quoted are Subject to Change.

Plant your Sweet Corn in hills or drills with Everitt's Man-Weight Drill.
1 bu. will plant about 6 acres; 1 qt. about 500 hills.

We quote pints or quarts of Sweet Corn by mail, prepaid. If to be sent by freight or express, deduct 50 per pt. 10c per qt.

PRICE—We sell all kinds of Sweet Corn, unless otherwise quoted, as follows: By mail, postpaid, qt. 20c, qt. 30c. By freight or express, qt. 20c, 2 qts. 30c, 4 qts. 50c, peck 85c, bu. \$3.00.

Extra Early Adams, *ex, g*—The earliest white corn grown. Ready for use in 60 days; used extensively wherever introduced. Can be planted earlier than the sugar varieties. Also called Imitation Sugar. Peck 75c, bu. \$2.00.

Early Adams, *ex, g*—Similar to above, but larger and not quite so early. Peck 75c, bu. \$2.00.

CLOSBY'S EARLY SUGAR, *e, g*—Early and a great favorite. Ears small, but is productive and of excellent quality.

Ferry Hybrid, *ex, g*—An extra early variety, with fine ears, about the size of Minnesota. Twelve-rowed and fine quality.

Early Minnesota, *e, g*—A well known early dwarf variety of the size and excellent quality.

GOVERNOR LINCOLN, *ex, g*—Is the sweetest and most tender of all. Ears medium, cob small, kernels of extraordinary depth, pearly whiteness and irregularly crowded together on the cob. It is very productive, bearing 2 to 4 ears to the stalk; matures medium to late.

Egyptian, *m, g*—One of the best and handsomest of all the best sorts. Ears large, none more uniform, and excels all in filling out perfectly at the tip end. Cob and grain pure white. Very productive and used extensively for canning purposes.

New Champion, *ex, g*—The finest, large, extra early in cultivation; grows nearly as large as Stowell's Evergreen and is extremely early.

Shaker Early Sweet Corn, *ex, g*—A splendid market sort, ready about the same time as Early Minnesota, but the ears are much

There are 100 families or more in your neighborhood who need seeds.

PLANT O. K. SEEDS

Sweet Corn for Fodder—Much sweeter than field corn, makes finer fodder, produces stronger flow and a prolific stock eat it clean, stalk and blades. Per bu. \$1.50.

larger. The stalks in good soil attain a height of 6 feet, bearing usually 2 large ears, well filled out to the tips of the cobs. The kernels are of pearly whiteness and most deliciously sweet flavor.

PEDIGREE STOWELL'S EVERGREEN
—Grown more extensively than any other variety, being a great favorite with canners and market gardeners for late use. See preceding page.

EVERITT'S EXCELSIOR, m, g—Ripens early; has 12 to 18 rowed ears and deep grains. One of the largest varieties grown, and one of the very sweetest. For home use and choice market trade it is unsurpassed.

Mammoth, *l, g*—This variety produces the largest ears of any sort, a single ear sometimes weighing 2 or 3 pounds. It is of excellent quality, sweet, tender and delicious, and its only fault (if this can be considered one) is the immense size of the ears.

Black Mexican, l, h
—This is the sweetest variety and not excellent for family use. Its color prevents it from becoming a desirable market sort.

Get their orders and send with yours.

There are 100 families or more in your neighborhood who need seeds.

There are 100 families or more in your neighborhood who need seeds.

All the
BEST

CUCUMBERS

The Cucumber Seed crop in 1902 was almost a total failure and there is a famine existing, with prices unnaturally high for what little seed is in the country.

PRICE OF ALL VARIETIES, UNLESS OTHERWISE QUOTED: Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50c, lb. \$1.50, by mail, subject to change.

GIANT PERA, l, g—A variety remarkable for its great size, often attaining a length of 18 ins. and 10 ins. in circumference. Notwithstanding this immense size, their quality is excellent. They are fit to eat at all stages of their growth, even when full grown, and are free from the green cucumber taste. Superior for slicing. Pkt. 5c, oz. 20c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c.

PARISIAN PROLIFIC PICKLING, g, g—A great acquisition. Very long, slender, cylindrical, densely covered with fine prickles, and deep rich green in color. The flesh is very crisp and tender. One of the best for slicing, as well as for pickles. Enormously productive.

Nichol's Medium Green, ca, g—Very thick through, full at both ends, handsome in appearance and of fine quality. The vines are vigorous in growth and very productive.

Westerfield's Chicago Pickling, ex, g—Fruit medium length, pointed at each end, with very large and prominent spines; color deep green. Largely grown for factories. Extra early and very productive.

GREEN PROLIFIC OR BOSTON PICKLING, ca, g—A very prolific variety; thriving in any locality. With good culture 200,000 can be raised on an acre. Pkt. 5c, oz. 20c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 60c, lb. \$2.00.

IMPROVED EARLY WHITE SPINE OR ARLINGTON, c—Vines vigorous, fruiting early and abundantly; fruit straight and handsome, light green with a few white spines. The young fruits

are unusually crisp and tender.

Early Frame, e, g—A well known early sort. Vigorous growth, productive and fine quality.

Early Green Cluster, e, g—A short, prickly variety, bearing in clusters near the root. It is a great bearer and matures early. Very desirable for pickles.

IMPROVED LONG GREEN, e, g—Forms fruits for the table nearly as early as the shorter kinds. Grows 12 inches long, firm and crisp, with very few seeds. The young fruit makes the best of pickles. Crop failed; cannot supply.

Jersey Pickling, e, g—One of the finest pickling cucumbers in the market. Early and a great bearer. Well formed, firm and crisp.

Early Russian—The earliest of all; small size, excellent quality.

Gherkins, ca, g—Very small and prickly fruit, used expressly for pickling. Pkt. 5c, oz. 25c.

Snake—This cucumber grows some times to the length of six feet, curled up like a snake. Pkt. 10c.

ROPKET-BALLARD, INDIAN

ENGRAVED FOR J. E. WHITE

NEW EVERBEARING CUCUMBER.

The Great Yielder

200 TO 400
BU. PER ACRE

PERFECTION
IN QUALITY, COLOR
AND
CRISPNESS

Vines Continue to
produce fruit
till frost

VERY EARLY

Perfect Shape

Fine

Green
Color

CALIFORNIA

NEW EVERBEARING CUCUMBER.

In calling especial attention to this new and unique variety, we wish to emphatically state that it is one of the most valuable sorts ever introduced. It is of small size, very early, enormously productive and valuable as a green Pickler. The peculiar merit of this novelty is that the vines continue to flower and produce fruit until killed by frost, whether the ripe Cucumbers are picked off or not—in which respect it differs from all other sorts in cultivation. It will, however, produce more fruit if they are picked. Cucumbers in every stage of growth will be found on the same vine. Owing to its great productiveness it is one of the best to plant for small pickles. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c, lb. \$1.50.

THE EMERALD

A Dark Green Cucumber that will
hold its color

It is a selection from the White Spine, made after 7 years' careful, systematic work. It retains every good quality of the best White Spines, and in addition it possesses a rich dark green color, so long sought for, but never before obtained in any other variety. It is strictly ever-green, retaining its color until fully ripe. The fruit sets early and the vigorous vines abound with beautiful long, straight, handsome Cucumbers of the crispest and best quality. For forcing and long shipping unexcelled. Pkt. 10c, oz. 25c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c, lb. \$2.00.

CLIMBING Japanese CUCUMBER

This great novelty was introduced from Japan into Europe, where it created a great sensation and was the reigning novelty, and met with phenomenal sale. From Europe it crossed over to this country, where they are also having an enormous sale.

The vines are healthy, vigorous growth, with rich dark green foliage, and throw out strong, grasping tendrils, which enable it to climb trellis, wire netting, brush or any other suitable support. It clings so tightly that it is not prostrated by heavy storms of wind or rain. It comes into bearing quickly and continues to set the fruits abundantly throughout the season, while the climbing habit of growth enables the fruit to grow perfectly straight; of large size, from twelve to sixteen inches in length. The Cucumbers are thick, exceedingly tender, and of delicate flavor, of cylindrical shape, flesh pure white, skin dark green, turning to brown and netted; when ripe they are of excellent quality for slicing, and when young make attractive pickles. With this variety of Cucumbers, the product of a given area of ground can be increased three fold, thus making them particularly valuable in small gardens or to grow on high-priced land. The vines continue bearing late in fall. Pkt. 5c, oz. 20c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c, lb. \$1.50.

CLIMBING JAPANESE CUCUMBER

EVERGREEN CUCUMBER

This variety has been thoroughly tested and has proved itself to be an evergreen and also an everbearing sort. In cases where cucumbers had not been gathered and frost killed the vines, the ground when viewed from a short distance appeared to be entirely covered with cucumbers. Our special claim for this variety is its wonderful productiveness; one of the earliest, handsomest, most valuable sorts grown.

Pkt. 5c, oz.
20c, ¼ lb. 50c,
lb. \$2.00.

Gourds.

The following varieties will be found very useful about every house. Start the seed early and transplant.

1 Pkt. of each,
20c.

Nest Egg—They exactly resemble the eggs of hens, and are very useful as nest eggs. The plant grows very rapidly and is useful in covering unsightly places, being quite ornamental. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c.

Dipper—This variety makes a splendid tool for dipping hot liquids. The handles do not heat through. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c.

Dish cloth—Makes an admirable vegetable dish-cloth. The peculiar lining is the part used, which is spongy-like, porous, very tough and elastic. The vines are very ornamental. Pkt. 10c, oz. 25c.

Sugar Trough—Grows to a very large size, holding from 4 to 10 gallons each, having hard, thick shell. They are used for a great variety of purposes, such as buckets, baskets, soap and salt dishes, nest boxes, etc. Pkt. 10c, oz. 25c.

EGG PLANT.

1 Pkt. will produce about 100 Plants, 1 oz. about 800.

No garden should be without a few plants of this most delicious vegetable. If all were acquainted with their excellence they would be grown as generally as tomatoes.

NEW PEARL WHITE—The best White Egg. It resembles the New York Purple in shape, but it is pure white, and oftentimes exceeds that popular variety in size. It is unequalled by any other sort in productiveness and of superior table qualities; fruits very early. Pkt. 10c, 3 for 25c, oz. 30c.

NEW YORK IMP. LARGE PURPLE—The leading variety grown by marketmen everywhere; fruit large, smooth and deep purple; flesh white and of good quality. Pkt. 5c, oz. 20c, ¼ lb. 75c, lb. \$2.75.

Early Long Purple—Hardier and earlier than the New York Purple, succeeding further north. Fruit from 6 to 9 inches long. Good quality; one of the best. Pkt. 5c, oz. 20c, ¼ lb. 60c, lb. \$2.00.

Extra Early Dwarf Round Purple—Same in general appearance to New York Purple, but smaller. Its great merit is in its hardness and extra earliness, hence it is valuable in northern sections. Pkt. 5c, oz. 25c, ¼ lb. 75c, lb. \$2.50.

New York Imp. Large Purple.

ENDIVE.

Green Curled—Not only most useful as a salad, but it is highly ornamental from its delicately cut and colored leaves. It is much used for garnishing. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ lb. 25c.

Broad Leaved Batavia—Produces abundantly. Chiefly used for flavoring. Price same as above.

GARLIC.

1 Pound will Plant 10 feet of Drill.

Garlic is used for a variety of flavoring purposes. The sets six inches apart in rows one foot apart. As soon as the leaves have turned, the crop is matured, and may be harvested like onions.

Garlic Sets—Per lb., postpaid, 40c.

KOHL RABI.

Early White Vienna—Very early, small, handsome, white bulbs. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, ¼ lb. 50c.

Early Purple Vienna—Identical with former, except in color. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, ¼ lb. 50c.

LEEK.

American Flag—Used for soups and salads, also fine when sliced and cooked with peas. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ lb. 30c, lb. \$1.00.

Kale or Borecole

One packet will sow about 30 feet of drill, 1 oz.
about 150 feet of drill, 2 lbs. per acre.

DWARF CURLED SCOTCH (Dwarf German)

—A dwarf variety, rarely exceeding 18 inches in height, but spreading out under good cultivation to 3 feet in diameter. The leaves are very beautifully curled and of a bright green. Very hardy, will stand out where the temperature does not fall below zero. It is most tender after being bitten by a sharp frost. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c, lb. 75c.

Siberian—Sometimes called "Sprouts" and "German Sprouts." In this variety the very large, green leaves are comparatively plain in the center, but coarsely cut and frilled on the edge. The plant is low, but spreading, and very hardy. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c, lb. 75c.

Kale Greens.

EVERY P. O. Is a branch Store for our O. K. SEEDS. Pay in your money (an order that grow. What could be more convenient? We guarantee safe arrival of money and seeds, and O. K. Seeds guarantee your crops.

EVERITT'S LETTUCE THE QUEEN OF SUMMER

BEAUTIFUL COLOR AND FORMS LARGE, HANDSOME, TENDER HEADS, THE LONGEST STANDING OF ALL.

Every gardener knows the importance of having a lettuce that is slow to run to seed, and they should also know that this sort excels all others in this respect. It will remain almost all summer in prime condition from one sowing. It is also early and remarkable for the size of its head, which is solid, composed of thick, smooth, very tender leaves, the inner ones finely blanched, and all of the finest quality. A very bright green and attractive variety. *Self-blanching, crisp, tender and of excellent flavor.* This is one of the finest varieties we know of, and will please everybody for family or market garden. Particularly do we urge market gardeners to grow it, and it will put money in their purses, as no variety will bring more money or produce a more permanent crop. Pkt. 10c, oz. 20c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c, lb. \$1.25.

O. K. Seeds are
Reliable

EVERITT'S
EVERLASTING
LETTUCE.
THE QUEEN OF
SUMMER.

DELICIOUS

One pkt. will sow a bed about 5 feet square. One ounce about 300 feet of drill. 3 lbs. an acre.

BLACK SEEDED SIMPSON—No head. Curled Forcing. e, g, m. For those who want a lettuce that does not head, we recommend this variety. It has thin, very tender leaves, which are formed in large loose clusters; it is valuable for forcing and sowing out of doors, for early summer. The leaves are light yellowish green and a little wilting is not noticed. This variety is very popular with market gardeners. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c, lb. 85c.

CALIFORNIA CREAM BUTTER—Head. l, eo, m. A distinct variety of cabbage Lettuce. It forms round, solid heads, of magnificent size. The leaves are of a very cream, yellow color—most refreshing in appearance and particularly rich and buttery to the taste. The heads are of good size, compact, very hard and solid. The heads are so solid that generally they have to be cut before any seed stock can make its appearance. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c, lb. 85c.

NEW YORK—Head. e, g, m. Heads almost as solid as an early summer cabbage, which in general form it somewhat resembles. It blanches itself naturally, tender and of excellent flavor, and entirely free from bitterness. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c, lb. 85c.

GRAND RAPIDS—No head. Forcing. e, g, m. This famous variety originated at Grand Rapids, Mich., where it is largely grown for shipment, and where it is considered the best loose-headed Lettuce for forcing under glass. Also desirable for early spring out door cultivation. Leaves medium size, of light, yellowish-green color, much crimped, frilled and ornamental; very upright, compact growth; forms a fair sized but loose head; crisp, tender and a good quality. Will stand without spoiling a week to ten days after it is fit to cut. More largely used for forcing than any other variety. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c, lb. 85c.

DENVER MARKET—Head. e, g, m. An early variety of Head Lettuce for open ground. It quickly forms large solid heads and is slow to seed. The leaves are crisp and tender, beautifully curled and crimped, and of excellent flavor. By the blistered leaves it distinguishes itself from any other kind of Lettuce now grown. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c, lb. 85c.

IMPROVED HANSON—Head. l, g, m. The finest strain of this popular variety in the country is what we offer. Our seed will produce mammoth heads almost as solid as cabbage, oftentimes exceeding 5 lbs. in weight, deliciously sweet, crisp and tender. Stands drought and scorching heat better than many others. It is entirely free from bitter taste, even to the outer leaves. Each succeeding year the Hanson Lettuce holds its popularity against all new candidates. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c, lb. 85c.

BLACK SEED SIMPSON

GRAND RAPIDS

DENVER

MARKET

IMPROVED HANSON

O.K. SEEDS

ARE RELIABLE,

LETTUCE—Continued

BUTTERCUP, *e, g*—For beauty of foliage, extreme tenderness and delicacy of flavor it is hard to beat. Plant medium size, with numerous round, smooth leaves, which are of a beautiful yellow color, sweet and tender. Always forms good solid heads. It is one of the best of new varieties. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c, lb. 75c.

Early Tennis Ball, *head, forcing, ex, g, m*—A fine early sort; very hardy. One of the best for forcing under glass. Heads are small but extremely solid. Not very valuable for outside cultivation on account that it runs to seed quickly. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c, lb. 75c.

TOMHANNOCK, *no head, l, g, m*—Entirely distinct from all other existing varieties and of fine quality. It forms a beautiful plant ten to twelve inches high, grows very quickly, is ready to cut early; remains for weeks of the finest quality. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c, lb. 85c.

Tilton's White Star, *no head, curled, forcing, l, g, m*—Of the Black Seeded Simpson type, but grows larger and more rapidly; blanches perfectly and is of excellent quality. The plants remain to seed, and cutting without

TILTON'S WHITE STAR

BIG BOSTON, *head, l, s, m* (White Seeded)—A very popular variety with those gardeners who want a large-heading, forcing sort, and also for outdoor winter culture. The plants are large, very hardy and vigorous, with broad, comparatively smooth, thin and very hard leaves, which are bright, light green in color and when well grown are quite tender. Indoors this forms a solid head, while outside it is less distinctively a heading sort. It is grown in the south as a winter lettuce. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c, lb. \$1.00.

"All Summer Lettuce"—One dozen varieties mixed. Will give you excellent Lettuce all summer from one sowing. Try a packet this season. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c, lb. 75c.

main long in condition for use before running to the thick leaf keep long after wilting. For forcing and early planting outdoors it is a decided improvement over other varieties of this class for either purpose. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c, lb. 75c.

Big Boston

If for any reason your seeds have not been satisfactory before, try O. K. SEEDS this year, and you will have no cause for complaint

MUSHROOMS

Considering the lack of knowledge about how to grow this crop, we give culture directions herewith.

Mushrooms can be grown in any dark room or cellar, where the temperature can be maintained at 50 to 60 degrees. From old pastures procure the soil, and store it away. To one bushel of this soil add two bushels of fresh horse manure. Of this well mixed compound prepare a bed, say 4 feet in width. Put down a thin layer and pound it down hard, and go on until you have a bed eight inches thick. It will soon become pretty hot, but let the heat recede until it is only 85 or 90 degrees. Then make holes, say a foot apart, and put in the spawn, two or three pieces as large as a walnut in each hole. Cover the holes and press the soil solid and smooth. Let the bed remain in this condition about twelve days; then cover the bed with two inches of fresh loam, and over this place four or five inches of hay or straw, and the work is done. If the temperature is right, in six or eight weeks you may expect Mushrooms. The bed will continue bearing from twenty to thirty days. After the first crop is gathered, spread over the bed an inch of fresh soil, moistened with

warm water, and cover with hay as before. One pound of spawn is enough for a bed 3x6 feet.

Mushroom Spawn, best English, by mail, 1 lb. 30c. By express, not prepaid, per lb. 20c, 8 lbs. \$1.00.

MUSTARD

The young leaves are used for spring salad.

Mustard, White—Best for salad or culinary purposes. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c, lb. 50c.

Chinese or Giant Southern Curled—Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c, lb. 75c.

OKRA

A large, vigorous plant, requiring a good deal of room; large kind should be planted not less than three feet apart, and the dwarf about eighteen inches. In mild climates sow the seed in the open ground; have the ground clean and mellow, as for a hill of corn.

WHITE VELVET (White Creole)—Pods round, smooth, much larger than other sorts; produced in great profusion. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c, lb. 75c.

MUSK MELONS.

The crop of Melon seeds was almost a failure and prices are unusually high.

ROCKY FORD, or O. K. NETTED GEM

MUSK MELONS.

This improved strain of Netted Gem Melons was produced by years of careful selection, and their superior quality is attested by numerous large growers in many important trucking sections of the country who regularly procure their seeds of us. This variety of melons is probably more largely grown than any other, and all planters should use the O. K. strain of seed. They are very prolific, small size, weighing one or two pounds. Flesh thick and green, flavor lusciously sweet. Shape oval, as shown in illustration, averaging from $4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 inches in length, of the most attractive appearance and yield with the most lavish productiveness. Extra early in ripening. They are usually marketed in baskets and crates, and it is the one variety the markets are seldom overstocked with. We sell large quantities annually. Our stock is exceptionally fine. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c, lb. 75c. Not prepaid, 60c per lb.

NETTED GEM. (Round Strain.) This is the same as the above except the shape is round. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c, lb. 75c.

HOOSIER CANTELOUPE.

OUR INTRODUCTION 1898.

THE HOOSIER CANTELOUPE is the latest and best production of the noted melon grower, J. M. Nash, of the Hoosier State.

He has earned an enduring reputation as the originator of such noted melons as Hoosier King, American Queen, Indiana Sweetheart, etc., and growers who have profited by his former productions will gladly welcome this grand new Musk Melon. We introduced it in 1898 and every grower is more than pleased.

The Hoosier Canteloupe is a cross between the Perfection and Hackensack, with six years' careful breeding to obtain a high grade shipping melon. The skin has a rich color of dark grey netting, which changes to orange when ripe. Flesh is very thick and rich; orange color; flavor the best. The vines grow heavy and vigorously and should have more space than any other variety. Fruit is a third larger than the Hackensack. The fruit is just the right size. The orange flesh is very thick and lusciously sweet. We urge all lovers of good melons to try this splendid sort.

We have handled some of the Hoosier Canteloupes, and can recommend them as excellent Melons, both as sellers and eaters.

J. T. REID & SON, Merchants, Sullivan, Ind.

We have handled the Hoosier Melon grown by Mr. Nash, and recommend it as being first-class in every particular and one that will bring the top price wherever offered for sale.

MASON & CO., Merchants, Sullivan, Ind.

I have made a business of raising Melons for five years, and the Hoosier Canteloupe is the best seller and keeper I ever handled.

ANDREW COLE, Hillisburg, Ind.

The Hoosier Canteloupe has given my trade satisfaction in every respect. I think they are the best melons on the market. They are far better than any other Melon ever grown about here before.

W. BARNARD, Merchant, Sullivan, Ind.

I have handled the Hoosier Canteloupe in my trade and find them strictly first-class in every respect and recommend them to any trade.

BELL & MCKINNEY, Merchants, Sullivan, Ind.

I have used the Hoosier Canteloupe and prefer it to any other that can be obtained in this market.

JOS. FREEMAN, Sullivan, Ind.

I have sold the Hoosier Canteloupe to my trade and do recommend it highly as a most excellent variety.

W. A. JENKINS, Merchant, Sullivan, Ind.

PRICE—Pkt. 10c, 3 for 25c, oz. 20c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50c, lb. \$1.25.

GRAND RAPIDS, *e, g, m.* THE EARLIEST OF ALL MUSK MELONS
ex, g, m. This extremely early and beautiful Melon matures one to two weeks earlier than any other variety and can be made extra profitable on this account. The Melons are of remarkable large size, considering their earliness, seven good specimens filling a bushel basket. The skin is finely netted. The flesh is yellow almost to the rind. The quality is fair. By pinching off the vines at three feet will induce productiveness and earliness. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c, lb. 75c.

Petoskey or

PAUL ROSE

e, g, m. A successful cross of the Osage with the Netted Gem, and combines the sweetness of the former with fine netting of the latter. It also possesses a firmness of rind, although thin, and "cheesy" structure of the flesh peculiarly its own, which are great advantages. It surpasses others as a crate or basket shipper and long keeper. In times of overstocked markets the **PAUL ROSE** sells out clean at four or five times prevailing prices. The melons are of such uniform size that it is easy to pack them for safe carriage and attractive appearance when opened up. The originator, whose name they bear, claims that they will carry further, arrive in better condition and give better satisfaction than any other salmon-fleshed melon on the market. Color of netting, gray, underlaid by a dark green rind, the combination making a strikingly beautiful appearance.

Price, Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c, lb. 85c.

If for any reasons your seeds have not been satisfactory before, plant the O. K. **SEEDS** this year.

Musk Melons

Continued.

Price, unless otherwise stated:
Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c, lb. 75c.

EXTRA EARLY HACKENSACK, *ex, g, m*—Ten days earlier than the old Hackensack, which enables growers to put them on the market when they will bring double the price obtained for the old sort. They grow large, round-shaped, flattened at both ends, skin and flesh green, of rich sugary flavor.

ACME or BALTIMORE, *e, g, m*—Very productive, oblong. Of large size, ribbed and heavily netted. A good shipper. Flesh thick, light green and of good quality.

Jenny Lind, *ex, g, m*—Small size, but of best quality. Season early.

Improved Montreal Market, *l, g, m*—A magnificent musk melon. The fruit is round and flattened, as is shown in the illustration. Deeply and regularly ribbed, skin and flesh green, densely netted; extremely thick flesh of exquisite flavor. Frequently grows to weigh more than 30 pounds.

Improved Banana—Frequently as many as a dozen melons will be borne on a single vine, all measuring over 25 inches in length. Flesh very thick, almost solid; salmon color and very delicious when thoroughly ripe. A great novelty and sure to interest and please.

Grower's Pride, *e, g, m*—For beauty, productiveness and delicious flavor, this melon is second to no other sort grown. In prolific bearing it is a perfect marvel, the ground being literally covered with the large, round, deep-ribbed beauties, weighing from 7 to 10 pounds each. Flesh thick, green, melting.

CHRISTOPHER COLUMBUS, *e, g, m*—A very distinct variety. The large size and peculiar external appearance, so remarkably distinct from any other sort, in connection with its extraordinary fine eating quality, which excels all others, and its fine-grained and thick flesh, proclaim it a popular favorite wherever introduced. Flesh green and size convenient for market. Medium early. A splendid shipper.

Osage—Extensively grown. Very popular. Medium size, egg-shaped. Skin is very thin, dark green color, slightly netted, flesh salmon color, lusciously sweet and spicy.

Prolific Green Nutmeg, *e, g, m*—Large growth, fine form, skin and flesh green. Very delicious.

Emerald Gem, *ex, g, n*—About the size of O. K. Netted Gem, but the skin is smooth and of a dark green color. Flesh salmon, very thick, quality superb. Yields heavy crops.

Cassaba or Green Persian, *l, g, m*—Very large, oblong, netted skin, excellent flavor.

Delmonico, *l, g, m*—The flesh is of a beautiful orange pink, and for quality is among the very best.

Banquet, *l, g, h*—Medium size. The flesh uniformly deep and of that granulated character that always indicates a good melon. Color, a dark, rich salmon.

ENG FOR J.A. EVERITT.

WATER MELONS.

The crop of Water Melon Seed was very short and prices are correspondingly high.
One ounce will plant about 25 hills; 2 pounds will plant one acre.

INDIANA SWEETHEART.

The Great Market Melon.
Uniform, Handsome,
A Long Keeper,
Solid, Heavy, Sweet,
A Grand Melon.

Indiana Sweetheart.

This famous Indiana Melon still retains its great reputation as a first-class all-round variety. Early, large, handsome, heavy, good shipper, long keeper, brightest color, best quality. Vines vigorous and very productive. Ripens early and bears long. Fruit large, nearly round. The skin is a bright green, beautifully mottled or netted, like illustration, light and dark green. Rind thin, but very strong, making it a melon unsurpassed for shipping. Flesh red, melting and sweet, continuing to improve after ripe. The best keeper. The INDIANA SWEET-HEART Melon brings a good price when others rot for want of purchasers. One of the most satisfactory things we ever sold. Every melon-grower needs it; will not do without it if he knows how good it is. A record unsurpassed. "Sweethearts" bring good prices when others are not wanted. A great ball of sweetness. Read the telegrams.

Cleveland, O. Sweethearts selling to-day 15c to 18c, others 12c to 13c. WILLIAMS BROS.

Columbus, O. Sweethearts selling 15c to 20c. Striped melons 10c to 15c. WM. M. FISHER & SONS.

Findlay, O. Prefer Sweethearts. When can we have another car? ALTSCHUL BROS. & CO.

We could print hundreds of reports if space permitted. Send for them if interested.

Note for Truckers.

This Melon for shipping purposes is very popular in Indiana melon-growing districts and in some others where introduced. Its fine quality and handsome appearance make it a favorite in every market.

Owing to the small yield of seed last season, our supply is quite limited.

You will probably make more money from a crop of Sweethearts than from any other kind you can plant.

PRICE—Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ lb. 25c, ½ lb. 75. By freight or express, 1b. 65c.

Monte Cristo Watermelon.

The largest early Watermelon to mature, ripening in from 65 to 80 days. Measures about 20 inches long by 12 inches through and frequently weighing, under ordinary cultivation, over 60 pounds; skin dark green, flesh bright scarlet close to the skin, the rind being only about half an inch thick. Seeds lie close to the rind, leaving a large, solid heart. One of the sweetest, juiciest, crispest and most solid melons ever produced. Very easy to sell from its handsome appearance. One of the finest melons ever grown for the market and for table use is unequalled. Mr. Dodge, a veteran melon-grower, says: "The Monte Cristo is the best melon I ever raised. Not half of its good qualities have been told." Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ lb. 25c, ½ lb. 75c.

HOOSIER KING.

To people who want a Melon that will command attention on account of its size, color and magnificent appearance we recommend the Hoosier King.

After the early market it is the large Melons that are the most popular, and when to good appearance you add superior quality you have a combination that wins and that is the Hoosier King.

This magnificent melon was produced in Indiana by a large melon grower. For years he has been growing them on his farm and shipping them to the Indianapolis market, much to his own profit and to the annoyance of other shippers, as his melons were sought after by retailers and consumers in preference to any others.

The skin is beautifully striped, two shades of green, light and dark; seeds black, flesh brilliant red, solid, rich, sweet and luscious; skin tough. They will stand very rough handling. Size, large to very large. Melons 60 lbs. weight can be easily raised. Every melon grower will find the Hoosier King fully equal to our recommendation. Season medium.

Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c, lb. 75c. By freight or express, 65c per pound.

THE WONDERFUL SUGAR MELON

SWEET AS HONEY.

FLAVOR UNEXCELLED.

McIVER'S WONDERFUL SUGAR WATERMELON.

This valuable melon was brought to notice in North Carolina, the seeds having come originally from the West Indies. It is becoming widely famous as a choice home and nearby market melon. In outward appearance it resembles the Rattlesnake. The quality, however, is so much superior that it is an injustice to mention the Rattlesnake on the same page with it, as it even surpasses such excellent varieties as Florida Favorite and Icing. It is a very productive and hardy variety—never cracking or losing its fine flavor in the wettest season. The flesh is rich red, crisp and free from stringiness. The vines are strong and prolific. This melon should be grown by every person who delights in choice fruits. Unsurpassed for sweetness.

PRICE—Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c, lb. 75c. By freight or express, 65c per pound.

WATER MELONS

GREEN & GOLD

SEMINOLE

LIGHT ICING
WHITE QUEEN

PEERLESS

PRICE, unless otherwise quoted, pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c, lb. 75c.

Phiney's Early Water Melon, *e, n, g*—The Melons are of medium size, oblong in shape and uniform. Flesh red, tender and brittle. Rind mottled. A sure cropper. This melon is hardy and a valuable sort for cultivation in the Northern States.

Green and Gold, *e, g, h*—Green without, gold within, or green skin and yellow flesh; medium size, very productive. most delicious flavor.

idly, with more laterals than any other melon. Very early; thin, hard rind, keeps unusually long before showing decay. Grows to large size, specimens frequently weigh 50 lbs.

PEERLESS OR ICE CREAM, *e, g, m*—Medium size, pale green thin rind, flesh scarlet and solid. Quality of the very best.

VICK'S EARLY, *ex, g, m*—Highly prized for its extra earliness. Oblong in shape, smooth, size medium, flesh bright pink, solid and sweet. A very productive variety.

COLE'S EARLY, *ex, g, h*—As an every-day Melon for home use and nearby market unexcelled. Being somewhat brittle, will not do for shipping. Very early, and will mature in every State; hardy, vigorous, a sure cropper. Sweet; flesh clear to the rind. Medium size, round. It cannot be too highly recommended for home use.

DARK ICING, *e, g, m*—Medium size,

HOOSIER KING

FLORIDA FAVORITE

COLORADO PRESERVING

SEMINOLE—*e, g, m, h*—Early, very productive, large, good quality; flesh carmine.

ROUND LIGHT ICING—Fruit medium sized, round, very light green or white, mottled with slightly darker green. Flesh bright, light red, very sweet and tender. By many this is considered the best of all melons.

GYPSY OR GEORGIA RATTLESNAKE, *e, s, m*—A superior early market variety; large, oblong; skin green, mottled and white. Grown largely in the South for shipment to northern markets.

DIXIE, *e, g, m*—This superb watermelon fairly took the markets by storm when introduced, and still holds a warm place in the affections of growers and consumers. The vines grow strong and rap-

idly. round. Flesh bright, light red, very sweet and tender. By many considered the best of all, and growers are rarely disappointed in this variety.

FLORIDA FAVORITE, *e, g, m*—Of medium size, very prolific, and unexcelled as a table variety. For home use or near at home markets it gives much satisfaction.

KOLB'S GEM, *e, s, m*—A well known and excellent shipping variety. Flesh bright red, of good quality. The melons weigh from 20 to 50 pounds each.

Colorado Preserving, *l, g, m*—The best variety; makes beautiful, almost transparent preserves.

DIXIE

KOLB GEM

ENGRAVED FOR
J.A. EVERITT

ONION SEED THAT CAN BE DEPENDED ON

As this is one of the most important crops grown by gardeners and truckers, and as there is no other crop in which the quality of the seed exerts a greater influence on the crop, too great care cannot be exercised in selecting your seed. Our onion seed is all of the highest quality, grown from

choice, perfect bulbs and cannot be excelled in the country, Quality is the first consideration, price second. In both we defy competition.

How to Grow Onions

1. Obtain good seed—O. K. SEED, that's the kind.

2. A rich, sandy loam, with a slight mixture of clay, is the best soil, although any soil that will produce a good crop of corn will produce a good crop of onions, except stiff clay, light sand, swamp or raw muck land. These should be avoided. Ground for onions will be better if preceded by a hoed crop, well manured and kept free from weeds the preceding year or two. If much manure is applied directly to the onion crop, it will not be so good, although if previous preparation is not given, the manure must be well rotted by being piled and shovelled over a couple of times. Commercial fertilizers containing 12 to 16 per cent of phosphoric acid and 6 to 8 per cent of potash is good for onions.

3. The ground must be perfectly clean of all trash and worked to a fine seed bed. If home-made manure is used, it must be well rotted and should be spread evenly over the surface at the rate of 25 to 50 loads per acre and plowed deep enough only to turn the manure under completely. If you use commercial manure, sow it on broadcast after the ground is plowed and cultivate it in thoroughly, which will be accomplished in preparing the seed bed. Much labor will be saved later if very particular attention is given to making a fine, clean surface.

4. The ground may be marked off in advance of sowing, or with the drill if it has a marking attachment. Great care must be exercised to have the rows straight and of uniform distance between, to facilitate cultivation. The seed should be sown as early as the ground can be put in order.

If for large onions, about 4 or 5 lbs. per acre; if for sets, about 50 or 60 lbs. per acre. 1 oz. will sow about 200 feet of drill. A good drill should be used to put the seed in. The plants will then come up in straight rows that will allow of machine cultivation to much better advantage. We manufacture the Man-Weight Tools, our own invention, which are illustrated on this page and in the rear of this Catalogue. This line of drills and cultivators have many advantages over the old style hand push machines.

5. Cultivation must begin as soon as the rows can be distinguished and repeated every few days. The object is to prevent weeds from getting a start. Machine cultivation must be supplemented by hand weeding as soon as it becomes necessary and destroy all weeds as soon as started. The plants must be thinned to a stand of about 10 to the foot for large onions, in about one month from the time the plants appear. If the cultivating and weeding has been thoroughly done and the ground was clean at the start, they will need no further care until ready to gather. We cannot too highly recommend the Man-Weight Cultivator, as illustrated here, for handling a crop of onions and for all other light cultivating on the farm, in garden or truck patch. See back pages of this Catalogue for further particulars or send for a catalogue of these machines.

6. Harvesting should begin as soon as the tops dry and fall. They should be thrown in windrow, where they may remain undisturbed if the weather is fine, but if not, they should be stirred occasionally. When perfectly dry, cut off the tops about one-half inch from the bulb and store in a few days.

7. We can furnish a standard work on Onion Growing for 60 cents, and advise all intending growers, if not experienced, to send for it.

8. Good seed is the main essential. The O. K. SEEDS are the kind.

The Man-Weight Machines have been entirely reconstructed (see illustrations in back part of catalogue), strengthened and perfected. We guarantee them to be far more serviceable than any other style of hand machines on the market. So marked are their advantages that we predict the old style hand push machines will not be wanted where these are known and can be procured. If you need a cultivator or drill, buy the up-to-date Combination, and that is the Man-Weight.

YELLOW GLOBE DANVERS ONIONS

A PILE OF YELLOW
GLOBE
DANVERS
ONIONS
From O. K.
SEEDS.

If You Want to Grow this Kind, Plant the O. K. SEEDS.

Our Improved Strain of this magnificent sort cannot be too highly recommended. The Onions always attain a good size and beautiful shape like shown in the illustration. 600 bus. per acre is an ordinary crop under favorable conditions, while 800 bus. per acre can be grown by a skillful cultivator from our seed sowed in the spring. We offer but one strain of Yellow Globe Danvers Onions and that is the best. For reliability in bottoming our strain is unsurpassed. Bulbs are very handsome, round, of good size, with thin, straw-colored skin; flesh white, fine grained, firm, mild and excellent quality. It ripens early, keeps well, and sells readily at the highest price. The Yellow Globe Danvers is more largely grown than any other sort, and all you need is the O. K. seed to insure satisfactory results. We sell seed in large lots to growers year after year.

Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c, lb. 90c, postpaid. By freight or express, 75c per lb.

We have a very large stock of all varieties of Onion Seed, and aim to give our friends the benefit of very low prices. Yet we cannot predict the demand exactly, and if we are obliged to replenish our stock, prices may be higher. We advise early orders. We will at all times meet honorable competition in price.

ANOTHER OF OUR GREAT SPECIALTIES.

**Everitt's Superior Strain
Large Red Wethersfield**

ONION

It is often a matter of choice of color what Onion is grown. To those growers who prefer a red variety, we recommend our Large Red Wethersfield. This is also one of our greatest specialties, and next to our Yellow Globe Danvers we sell the largest quantity of seed of it. It is the most reliable red onion grown for general purposes. It yields enormous crops: from 600 to 800 bus. per acre, and is a most reliable cropper, even under unfavorable conditions. Large size, purplish red skin, flesh purplish white, form round, flattened, fine grained, moderately strong flavor. The best keeper. Especially adapted to poor and dry soils.

PRICE—Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c, lb. 90c, postpaid.
By freight or express, 75c per lb.

**IF YOU PLANT O. K.
SEEDS YOUR CROP
WILL BE O. K.**

Sow
Onion
Seed and Cul-
tivate the crop
with Everitt's Man-
Weight Machines.

SOUTHPORT LARGE YELLOW GLOBE—A very handsome round or globe-shaped variety of large size, with thin, yellow skin, white flesh, fine-grained, mild, very firm, and the best of keepers. It ripens early and sells readily at the highest prices in our markets. It is a most reliable variety for bottoming and entirely free from scallions. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, ¼ lb. 40c, lb. \$1.50. By express at \$1.25 per lb.

Yellow Flat Danvers—This variety differs from the Yellow Globe Danvers in being more flat. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ lb. 30c, lb. \$1.00. By express at 85c per lb.

Extra Early Red—This variety matures very early. It yields abundantly and is of a mild flavor; of medium size, deep red in color, very close grained, solid and heavy. It will often form bulbs in cold, mucky soil, where other varieties fail. It is highly recommended, particularly for the North and Northwest. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, ¼ lb. 35c, lb. \$1.25. By express at \$1.10 per lb.

WHITE SILVERSKIN, or WHITE PORTUGAL—Very desirable for family use; flavor mild and pleasant; skin silvery white; of handsome appearance; highly esteemed for pickling when young; also for market in early winter. Extensively planted for white onion sets. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, ¼ lb. 50c, lb. \$1.90. By express, \$1.75 per lb.

SOUTHPORT LARGE RED GLOBE—With the exception, perhaps, of some of the white varieties, there is no onion that realizes such high prices as this, its beautiful globe shape and rich purplish crimson color making it extremely desirable. It is a good keeper and of excellent quality. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, ¼ lb. 45c, lb. \$1.60. By express at \$1.45 per lb.

SOUTHPORT WHITE GLOBE—Large globe-shaped onion, firm, fine-grained, mild flavor, keeps well. This is one of the handsomest onions grown, of beautiful shape, clear white skin, and commands the highest market price. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, ¼ lb. 50c, lb. \$1.90. By express at \$1.75 per lb.

Extra Early Pearl—One of the earliest of the white onions. It has a snowy, waxy skin, and is a good keeper. The flesh is snow-white and the flavor is mild and pleasant. It sometimes grows 5 to 6 inches in diameter the first year from seed. Pkt. 5c, oz. 20c, ¼ lb. 60c, lb. \$2.00.

The Genuine

PRIZE-TAKER ONION

Although several years have passed since this beautiful Onion was offered, it has not lost one iota in the deservedly popular esteem in which it is held by growers. No other onion equals this for ease of growing from the seed and certainty to produce a crop. The amateur is likely to realize more profit from a crop of Prize-Takers than from almost any other variety. The main thing to insure success is to get our genuine seed, as much spurious seed is palmed off each season, to the great disappointment and loss of the purchaser. Read also in mortice of the illustration.

PRICE

Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c,
¼ lb. 40c, lb.
\$1.50. By express,
5 lbs. or more
at \$1.35 per lb.

Prize-Taker Onion

Every person who visits our large cities has doubtless noticed the large, beautiful onions offered for sale on the fruit stands every fall. These onions were originally imported, but since the introduction of this famous variety there is getting to be a less need of the imported stock and the demand is being filled by American grown Prize-Takers. They are of a beautiful rich straw color and grow to be size, averaging 12 to 14 inches in circumference, and under favorable conditions from the seed; 5 pounds in circumference, they are very firm. Of such year apple. They have a very small neck, always attract attention and bring two or three times the price of ordinary onions of any other color. They are wonderfully productive and can be grown by any person.

5 GREATEST RELIABLE ITALIAN ONIONS.

Leading Foreign Onions

All of the varieties grow very rapidly from seed and are sweeter and of more delicate flavor than our American onions, while the bulbs are of the most beautiful shape and color. We advise growers to devote their main crop to the American varieties, yet we recommend them to vary it by planting part of the foreign. We recommend them highly for summer and autumn use in the family; if marketed they command fancy prices.

Giant Rocco, or Naples—One of the best known of the Italian Onions in this country. Quite extensively grown in some sections, where it produces immense crops, single bulbs weighing 1½ to 2 pounds each. Flavor very mild and delicate; color light brown, flesh white. Very handsome, globular shape and a good keeper. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, ¼ lb. 40c, lb. \$1.25.

Mammoth Silver King—This is unquestionably one of the largest and most beautiful onions in the world. Single specimens have weighed as much as 5½ pounds. No other onion excels in mild and delicate flavor, or has a more handsome and beautiful silvery white appearance. So mild are they in taste that they can be eaten raw like an apple. They always command a high price in the market. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, ¼ lb. 50c, lb. \$1.85.

Spanish King—The outside skin is of a rich, yellow straw color, while the flesh is white, sweet, mild and tender. They bottom

well, are free from stiff necks and have produced more bushels (1,127) marketable onions to the acre than any other variety known. Very rapid growth and matures early. In market it attracts marked attention. Pkt. 5c, oz. 20c, ¼ lb. 50c, lb. \$1.75.

White Barletta, or White Queen—The earliest and smallest onion grown. The bulbs attain a size of 1¼ to 1½ inch in diameter. Color a beautiful waxy white. Keep well. The favorite for pickling. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, ¼ lb. 50c, lb. \$1.30.

PEDIGREE TOBACCO SEED Improved by continuous selection and grown on the crown shoots only. Our tobacco seed is from the best grower in the U. S. and can be relied upon to be strictly true and pure.

PRICE OF ANY VARIETY—Pkt. 10c, oz. 25c, ¼ lb. 75c, lb. \$2.50.

YELLOW PRYOR—Preferred by many for bright, and succeeds where other yellow sorts fail. Makes a fine wrapper, filler or smoker.

SWEET ORONOCO—Used for first-class plug fillers and makes, when sun cured, the best natural chewing leaf.

HAVANA—Grown from imported seed. Better than direct imported seed for American planters. Unsurpassed for cigars.

CONNECTICUT SEED LEAF—The largest, finest and best of this indispensable kind. Suitable for cigar fillers.

BLUE PRYOR—The genuine James River favorite. Large, long and broad-leaved.

SUMATRA—The cream of cigar wrappers.

WHITE BURLEY—The standard Kentucky variety and the best filler tobacco known. Particularly adapted to Limestone regions.

RAGLAND'S CONQUEROR—One of the best grown for wrappers and cutters.

ONION SETS

Prices liable to change. We will always fill orders at market rates or quote on application. If wanted by freight or express, deduct 10 cents per quart.

BOTTOM—These are the kind in common use. They are produced from seed sown very thickly in the spring of the year, when the small set onion is produced. Planted in the spring, they quickly produce "green onions" for table use, or if let grow they will produce large onions much quicker than from seed.

WHITE BOTTOM—By mail, qt. 30c, 4 qts. \$1.00. By freight or express, $\frac{1}{4}$ bu. 65c, bu. \$2.00, bbl. \$5.50.

YELLOW BOTTOM—By mail, qt. 30c, 4 qts. \$1.00. By freight or express, $\frac{1}{4}$ bu. 50c, bu. \$1.75, bbl. \$5.00.

RED BOTTOM—By mail, qt. 30c, 4 qts. \$1.00. By freight or express, $\frac{1}{4}$ bu. 50c, bu. \$1.75, bbl. \$5.00.

POTATO ONIONS

This excellent sort multiplies by division of the parent bulb. It is prized for its mild flavor. Matures early and is a good cropper. It does not produce seed. Price of large bulbs, which when planted, produce the sets: By mail, per qt. 30c, 4 qts. \$1.00. By freight or express, $\frac{1}{4}$ bu. 75c, bu. \$2.25.

POTATO ONION SETS—They are the divisions from the larger parent onion, and when planted will produce the earliest green onions for use on the table or the earliest dry ripe onions. They should be in every family garden. By mail, qt. 30c, 4 qts. \$1.00. By freight or express, peck 75c, bu. \$2.25.

WHITE MULTIPLIER ONION SETS—Of a pure silvery white color, enormously productive, frequently producing as many as 20 bulbs in a single cluster from one bulb planted. Of excellent quality and size for bunching; very early. By mail, qt. 35c, 4 qts. \$1.10. By freight or express, peck \$1.25, bu. \$4.00.

EGYPTIAN, or PERENNIAL TREE ONION—This is an everlasting onion. When once set out they will continue for years without the least protection in winter. As soon as the frost is out of the ground they grow very rapidly. The bottoms divide and make several irregular shaped onions that are sweet and tender. The sets are produced in many clusters (like that shown in the illustration) on the tops of the stalks. These are what we offer. They can be planted in the fall and produce the earliest of any green garden stuff, or it can be planted in the spring. 23 pounds per bushel. Price, qt. 25c, 4 qts. 75c, postpaid. By freight or express, $\frac{1}{4}$ bu. 50c, bu. \$1.75.

White Multipliers

PARSNIPS

One ounce of seed to 200 feet of drill; 5 to 6 pounds per acre.

A deep, rich sandy loam is preferable. Sow in drills fifteen or eighteen inches apart and thin to six or eight inches in the row. The roots are improved by leaving them in the ground during the winter. Excellent food for cattle and also for table use.

IMPROVED CROWN PARSNIP, l, f, wi, g—A selection from the Hollow Crown—finer, more symmetrical in shape and more sugary and tender. A very heavy cropper, smooth and a fine variety for the home or market garden. Pkt. 5c, oz. 8c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 15c, lb. 50c.

Long White, l, f, wi, g—A standard variety of great merit. Pkt. 5c, oz. 8c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 15c, lb. 50c.

GUERNSEY, or IMP. HALF LONG—This is the best parsnip for the majority of market gardeners and for family use. The root grows medium length, smooth; flesh fine grained and has excellent flavor. A heavy cropper. As the roots do not grow so deep as the long kinds and are larger at the top, they are easier handled. Also excellent for stock. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c, lb. 60c.

PARSLEY

One oz. to 150 feet of drill.

FINE CURLED, or DOUBLE—Used principally as a garnish for the table. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c, lb. 75c.

NEW FERN LEAVED—New variety. Very ornamental in form and coloring. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 35c, lb. \$1.00.

Egyptian Sets

WHY plant store seeds of doubtful quality when you can get the sure O. K. SEEDS at your postoffice as readily as you can the doubtful ones at your grocery store?

A Page of Excellent Peas

ONE PKT. OF EACH, 30c. PACKETS, PINTS AND QUARTS ARE DELIVERED AT THE PRICE.

MOST MAGNIFICENT PEA OF ALL

Magnificent
Pea

Magnificent *Wrinkled.* A second early variety of great merit. It is a green wrinkled main crop variety, growing about 2½ feet in height. The pods are very large, slightly curved, produced mostly in pairs and all over the vines from top to bottom. The peas are large, beautiful green and of delicious flavor when cooked. The vines are very sturdy, and being of a branching habit, this variety can be sown more thinly than most varieties. Its season is just right to succeed the extra early varieties, as it comes into bearing when such varieties are finished. We ask gardeners and truckers to give this splendid variety a trial. Pkt. 10c, pt. 30c, qt. 50c, peck \$2.00, bu. \$7.00.

Bliss' Everbearing *Wrinkled.* In this remarkable variety we have a pea which will everywhere be recognized as an excellent sort for a summer and autumn crop. Height of vine 13 inches to 2 feet. Its habit of growth is of a peculiar branching character, forming as many as ten stalks from a single root stalk. 100 pods have been counted on a single vine. If the peas are taken off as they reach proper size, the vines will continue to and buds. On account of its branching habit a pint much ground as a quart of wrinkled, tender and of superior flavor. Greatly esteemed wherever known. Pkt. 10c, pt. 25c, qt. 45c, peck \$1.50, bu. \$5.50.

Heroine *Wrinkled.* The Heroine is a green wrinkled pea; grows about 2½ feet high and is literally covered with its long, heavy, pointed pods. In fact so striking and distinct is this variety that it would be picked out at once in a field of one hundred other varieties. The pods are well filled with large peas, containing from 8 to 12 peas. The quality of this pea is simply perfection, owing to its rich, buttery, marrow-like flavor. Pkt. 10c, pt. 25c, qt. 45c, peck \$1.75, bu. \$6.50.

Allen's Gradus Or Prosperity

Wrinkled. An ideal extra early variety and one that will occupy a foremost place for both the amateur and market gardener. The vine has heavy stems, with long, dark green leaves and grows from 2½ to 3 feet in height, producing large, tender, sweet, delicious peas early in June. The pea remains tender and sweet for a long time. We highly recommend this splendid wrinkled pea to market gardeners. Its abundant bearing and large, well-filled pods will make it extremely profitable. Pkt. 10c, pt. 35c, qt. 60c, peck \$3.00, bu. \$12.00.

PROLIFIC
GIANT
PODDED

SUGAR PEA

(Edible Pods.) Those who have not tried them cannot imagine the fine table qualities of Sugar Peas. They should be universally grown. This variety is ahead of all others, not only in size of pod and prolific bearing, but also for its delicious quality. It grows to the height of five or six feet and bears a profusion of large, broad pods, which are generally found in pairs and which are so brittle that they snap without any string. The pods when cooked are very sweet and tender. It should be used similar to wax beans. To parties who have never used the Sugar Pea, we will say they are not shelled like ordinary peas, but are cooked pods and all. They are more delicious than the ordinary varieties, and you should not think of planting any other kind of sugar pea than this, because it is the most prolific, the most tender and best flavored. Pkt. 10c, pt. 25c, qt. 45c, peck \$2.50.

Prolific Giant Podded
Sugar Pea

EVERITT'S CELEBRATED NORTHERN CROWN PEAS

A packet contains about one-third pint of seed.

EARLY SORTS

EVERITT'S EXTRA EARLY RELIANCE—The best extra early. A money-maker for the trucker and gardener. In all the essentials of an early market or home garden Pea this is perfection. It has made friends wherever planted and is acknowledged by all acquainted with its merits as being unexcelled as an extra early and in productiveness. They are largely grown by the best gardeners in the country. Height about 18 in. to 2 feet; vines loaded with well-filled pods. Pkt. 10c, pt. 25c, qt. 40c, peck \$1.50, bu. \$6.00.

* **EXTRA EARLY PREMIUM GEM**, *e, d, g*—A dwarf, prolific, green, wrinkled marrow, having all the flavor of late wrinkled peas. Height 1 foot; requires no support. Largely grown for canning, as well as for market. Pkt. 10c, pt. 25c, qt. 45c, peck \$1.75, bu. \$7.00.

* **AMERICAN WONDER**, *ex, d, g*—So well and favorably known that it scarcely needs description. Our seed is strictly true to name and the choicest strain. Extra early; requires no bushing; exquisite flavor. Pkt. 10c, pt. 25c, qt. 45c, peck \$2.00, bu. \$7.50.

ALASKA, *ex, g*—This beautiful Pea has become a standard variety and the earliest of all blue peas, proving to be not only several days earlier than most early sorts, but of a larger size and 10 per cent more productive. Vines are $\frac{1}{2}$ dwarf, growing only 20 inches high; matures the crop for

Stalk of Everitt's Extra Early Reliance Pea

one picking; of excellent quality. Pkt. 10c, pt. 25c, qt. 40c, peck \$1.50, bu. \$5.75.

FIRST AND BEST, *e, g*—Vines dwarf, about 18 inches, bearing straight, handsome pods, each containing six to eight medium-sized round peas. Matures all the pods in about 45 days. Pkt. 10c, pt. 25c, qt. 40c, peck \$1.50, bu. \$6.00, 5 bu. or more at \$5.50.

* **HORSFORD'S MARKET GARDEN**, *e, g*—A most excellent second early Pea, particularly prized by market gardeners on account of its great productiveness, as well as fine quality. It grows about 2 feet high, very stocky and requires no sticks. Pkt. 10c, pt. 25c, qt. 40c, peck \$1.50, bu. \$6.00.

* **NOTT'S EXCELSIOR**, *ex, d, g*—One of the most valuable of Dwarf Extra Early Wrinkled Peas. Surpassing in earliness, yield and quality. This is an extra early dwarf pea, usually ready for the table in 40 to 45 days from planting; only a few days later than the early round sorts. It grows about 14 inches high, or about half as tall again as the American Wonder. It is of vigorous constitution and wonderfully productive, in which respect it excels such rivals as American Wonder. The even, regular habit of the plant is also a great advantage particularly to market growers. We believe that Nott's Excelsior has not only "come to stay," but will eventually supersede many of like character. Pkt. 10c, pt. 25c, qt. 45c, peck \$2.00, bu. \$7.50.

Nott's Excelsior

LATE SORTS

BLACK-EYED MARROWFAT, *l, t, g*—A favorite variety, grows about 5 feet high. Pkt. 10c, pt. 20c, qt. 35c, peck \$1.00, bu. \$3.75, 5 bu. or more at \$3.50.

PEAS, LATE SORTS (CONTINUED)

Large White Marrowfat, *l, t, g*—A favorite sort; grows about 6 feet high. Pkt. 10c, pt. 20c, qt. 35c, peck \$1.00, bu. \$3.75, 5 bu. or more at \$3.50.

* **CHAMPION OF ENGLAND**, *l, t, g*—A standard sort; popular in all markets. Productive, high flavor, seeds wrinkled; 5 feet high. Pkt. 10c, pt. 25c, qt. 40, peck \$1.25, bu. \$5.00, 5 bu. or more \$4.75.

* **PRIDE OF THE MARKET**, *l, g*—A remarkable robust-growing, free-branching sort, 18 to 20 inches high. Stiff stalk and very productive. The stalks are covered with the immense pods and peas from bottom to top. Requires no sticks. Wrinkled. Season late for main crop. This pea is in great favor with market gardeners and each season our stock is not sufficient to supply the demand. Pkt. 10c, pt. 25c, qt. 45c, $\frac{1}{4}$ bu. \$2.00, bu. 7.50.

* **TELEPHONE**, *l, t, g*—A tall wrinkled marrow, very productive and of the best quality, with long pods containing from 7 to 10 very fine flavored peas. Height about 4 feet. Pkt. 10c, pt. 25c, qt. 45c, peck \$2.00, bu. \$7.50.

* **IMPROVED STRATEGEM**, *l, g*—All the good qualities of the old Strategem are highly developed, and it is vastly superior to the stocks now generally sold as Strategem. Vine medium height, but very stocky, with very broad, light green leaves and bearing an abundance of large, handsome pods. One of the best peas now on the market for those who want large showy pods and peas without any sacrifice in quality. Pkt. 10c, pt. 25c, qt. 45c, peck \$2.00, bu. \$7.50.

Golden Dawn

PEPPERS

1 oz. will produce 1200 Plants, 1 pkt., 200.

GOLDEN DAWN, *e, f, wi, g*—A most beautiful golden yellow, making it most beautiful in appearance either in growth or for the table. In productiveness they stand at the head of the list. The flavor particularly sweet and mild, and entirely free from any fiery flavor, so much so that they can be eaten like fruit. Pkt. 5c, oz. 20c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c.

PROCOPP'S GIANT, *l, f, wi, g*—The real giant among all Peppers, frequently growing 8 to 9 in. long by 3 inches in diameter. Besides being wonderfully large, they are also beauties; color, a glossy scarlet; flesh nearly half an inch thick; sweet and mild. Every exhibitor should grow them to add to his collection. Pkt. 5c, oz. 20c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50c.

RUBY KING, *l, f, wi, g*—This magnificent Pepper grows $4\frac{1}{2}$ inches long by $3\frac{1}{4}$ inches broad. When ripe, they are bright ruby red color, remarkably mild and pleasant in flavor, having no fiery taste whatever. Single plants ripen 8 to 15 fruits. Pkt. 5c, oz. 20c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50c.

LARGE BELL OR BULL NOSE, *l, f, wi, g*—Early, very large, square form, pleasant to taste, very suitable for filling with cabbage. Pkt. 5c, oz. 20c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50c.

Ruby King

Long Red Cayenne, *l, f, wi, g*—Bright red color, very hot. Pkt. 5c, oz. 20c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50c.

Monstrous, or Mammoth, *l, f, wi, g*—Mammoth size, mild flavor. Pkt. 5c, oz. 20c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50c.

LARGE SWEET MOUNTAIN, *l, f, wi, g*—Very large and excellent for mangoes. Pkt. 5c, oz. 20c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50c.

Chinese Celestial, *g*—It is not only a most useful Pepper, but one of the most beautiful plants in existence. Pkt. 5c.

Sweet Spanish, *e, f, wi, g*—The earliest. It is some-

Procopp's Giant

what hot in flavor, though by no means a hot pepper. It is pleasant to the taste. It is red in color at maturity. Pkt. 5c, oz. 25c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c.

Coral Gem Bouquet, *e, s, f, wi*—A beautiful little Pepper, the fruit being borne in greatest profusion. Pods an inch in length, bright red in color, very ornamental. They are hot and suited to seasoning. A fine plant for potting. Pkt. 10c, 3 pkts. for 25c.

RED ETNA—A valuable new variety and very ornamental. The fruits are always borne erect and the rich dark scarlet of the fruit contrasting with the bright green foliage make a combination of rare beauty. The peppers are conical in shape, sweet and mild flavor; convenient size. Pkt. 10c, oz. 25c.

A PAGE OF GOOD PUMPKINS.

What is a Fair without Pumpkins or a Thanksgiving Dinner without Pumpkin Pie? Figures refer to Illustrations.

The crop of Pumpkin Seed was almost an entire failure, the large varieties particularly. We must ask an extremely high price for seed. Customers will do well to make a second choice when ordering.

One oz. will plant 40 hills; 5 lbs. per acre. If planted with corn, 1 to 2 lbs. per acre.

We will sell one package of each of the 13 varieties for 50c.

1. **GENUINE MAMMOTH TRUE POT-IRON**—Grows to an enormous size—3 ft. or more in diameter and 100 to 200 lbs. or more in weight. Salmon colored skin, flesh bright yellow, fine grained and of excellent quality. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50c.

2. **MAMMOTH TOURS**—Grows to an immense size, often weighing 200 pounds and commonly 100 to 150 pounds. Grown for cattle and for table use. We offer the genuine, true article. Seed saved from selected specimens. These seeds have frequently sold at fairs at 10 to 25 cents each. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50c.

3. **MAMMOTH ETAMPES**—Skin is very bright, glossy red, and presents a most handsome appearance, whether for exhibition or on market. Thick-meated, flesh very rich in color and of excellent quality. It attains mammoth weights; in only ordinary soil it grows about 2 feet in diameter. It is very productive and a most profitable sort to grow. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50c.

4. **Connecticut Field**—Large, color yellow. Largely raised for feeding stock. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c, lb. 50c.

5. **TENNESSEE SWEET POTATO**—Grows to medium size, pear-shaped, a little ribbed, color creamy white, sometimes lightly striped with green. Flesh thick, white, fine-grained, dry and brittle and of most excellent flavor. Very productive and keeps perfectly sound until late in the spring. Has no superior for making pies and custards. When cooked it has the appearance of sweet potatoes. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c.

6. **LARGE CHEESE**—Superior to most of the field-grown sorts. Very hardy and productive. Pkt. 5c, oz. 7c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 15c, lb. 50c. By freight or express, 5 lbs. at 30c per lb.

7. **INDIANA or KENTUCKY FIELD**—Best variety we ever saw for raising with corn. Grows to a large size, solid and is relished by stock; also valuable for pies and canning. Pkt. 5c, oz. 7c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 15c, lb. 40c. By freight or express, 5 lbs. at 25c per lb.

8. **Golden Oblong**—Grows 15 to 20 inches in length. Shell rich, golden orange color; flesh light yellow. Very rich and fine, making the very best of pumpkin pies. Fourteen good pumpkins have been raised on a single vine. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c, lb. 75c.

9. **Japanese Pie Pumpkin**—This excellent odd variety comes from Japan and is largely grown as a choice pie and cooking pumpkin. They ripen early, keep well and are very productive. Flesh is very thick, being nearly solid, fine-grained, dry and sweet, having the flavor of sweet potatoes. The seeds are peculiarly marked with Japanese characters, making them quite a novelty. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c, lb. 75c.

10. **Golden Marrow**—Shape round oblong, slightly ribbed. Golden orange color. Cooks soft and tender and is the best of keepers. Very vigorous growth and immensely productive. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c, lb. 75c.

12. **Quaker Pie Pumpkin**—A distinct variety, grown for many years by a family of Quakers, or Friends. The shape is nearly oval, tapering slightly toward the ends. Color creamy white, both inside and out. Flesh sweet and rich and an excellent keeper. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c, lb. 75c.

13. **Small Sweet Sugar**—Small size, very sweet and sugary. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c.

CASHAW—Excellent table qualities. Well adapted to Southern States; light cream shell; flesh salmon color; very productive. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c, lb. 75c.

The Great Prize PUMPKIN King of the Mammoths

Largest Pumpkin on Earth. A Sure Prize Winner.

Heaviest Weight in 1889.....	250 lbs	Heaviest Weight in 1892.....	174½ lbs
Heaviest Weight in 1890.....	196 lbs	Heaviest Weight in 1893.....	151 lbs
Heaviest Weight in 1891.....	195 lbs	Heaviest Weight in 1894.....	198 lbs

Truly a colossal variety. No other Pumpkin ever reached such enormous weights, and any person can grow them of mammoth size by planting on rich ground. If planted on any good land they are wonderfully productive as a field crop. Grow the **King of Mammoths** and you will be sure of the prize at your fair, besides having one of the best table or pie Pumpkins ever grown and a grand keeper. Pkt. 10c, oz. 20c, ¼ lb. 50c, lb. \$1.75.

LAKE SHORE PUMPKIN VIEW OF A FORTY-ACRE FIELD

A Great Field Pumpkin, to Grow with Corn or Alone.

This variety of Pumpkins we obtain from a large canner in Ohio, who prefers them to all others. He has for years been improving the strain by careful, systematic selection, until, he says, they have reached a degree of perfection for large size, thick meat and heavy weight unequaled by any others. He says "More tons of pumpkins can be grown per acre of the Lake Shore, whether with corn or by themselves, than of any other variety." PRICE—Pkt. 5c, oz. 8c, ¼ lb. 15c, lb. 40c, 5 lbs. or more by express or freight at 25c per lb.

I must say, Mr. Everitt, that I never grew so many pumpkins on so little ground with so few seeds as from your O. K. SEEDS. They are the finest and best for pies I ever saw. The Silver Hill Potatoes are O. K.

S. J. GALBREATH, Valley, Ohio.

A PAGE OF SUMMER RADISHES

Sow 1 oz. to 100 Feet of Drill.

Price, unless otherwise quoted: Pkt. 5c, oz. 8c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c, lb. 60c, by mail, By freight or express, 1 lb. or more of a kind at 50c per lb.

Numbers before the names refer to Illustrations.

SHEPHERD—Still at the head of the list as the best and earliest long Radish in existence, and all who have grown them say they are the best long Radish in the country. Excels all others in rapid growth, attaining a size of 12 in. in length and $1\frac{1}{2}$ in. in thickness in 30 days from sowing the seed, and will grow 20 in. in length and 3 or 4 in. thick before becoming hard and woody. It is the earliest, the largest, remains tender the longest, the handsomest, best for the family, for market, and is good spring, summer and fall.

WOODS' EARLY FRAME—A long, red Radish, small top; excellent for forcing.

IMP. EARLY LONG SCARLET SHORT TOP—Of quick growth; color bright scarlet; long, straight and smooth, crisp and tender.

LONG WHITE VIENNA—The finest and most beautiful long white Radish. Tender, mild flavor, grows quickly.

1. **GIANT WHITE STUTTGART**—Very early; pure, snowy white. It withstands the severest heat and grows to an immense size. The quality is always the very finest, firm, brittle and not pithy.

2. **NEWCOM**—One of the earliest and largest white Radishes grown. Owing to their beautiful half-long shape and fine appearance they readily sell at double the price of ordinary varieties. Quality very fine.

3. **NEW WHITE STRASBURG**—One of the most popular summer Radishes grown. Of handsome oblong shape, tapering beautifully to a point; pure white and almost transparent; very tender and delightful pungent taste.

5. **IMP. EARLY SCARLET TURNIP**—Extra early. Brilliant color. Especially recommended to market gardeners.

6. **EARLY WHITE TURNIP**—Quick growth, crisp, tender. Very fine.

8. **EARLY SCARLET TURNIP, WHITE TIPPED**—Beautiful scarlet variety, having a white tipped tail, or root. Very fine.

9. **WHITE BOX**—Its short top and rapid growth fit it for growing under glass, in frames or boxes, as well as for early sowing in the open ground.

10. **EARLY YELLOW SUMMER TURNIP**—Russet-colored sort. Grows much larger than the white or red turnip sorts. Best kind for resisting the extreme heat and drought of the Southern States. Very fine.

11. **TWENTY DAY FORCING**—A new and very distinct type of the well known olive-shaped Radish. Of perfect form, smooth skin, fine color and very short leaves; extremely quick growth, takes only 3 weeks to mature. Valuable for forcing, while it does equally well in open ground.

12. **SCARLET, OLIVE-SHAPED**—Well adapted for forcing or early sowing in open ground.

13. **EARLY FRENCH BREAKFAST**—Extremely early; very tender and beautiful; scarlet, tipped with white; great favorite.

14. **LARGE WHITE GLOBE**—A very large, round radish. Of beautiful form, pure white, crisp and brittle. It grows quickly to a large size and withstands summer heat.

15. **EARLY WHITE, OLIVE-SHAPED**—Is

very early.

Summer Varieties Mixed—

Includes all summer varieties in list.

Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c,

$\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c,

lb. 60c.

RADISHES

Continued

Brightest Long Scarlet.

Brightest Long Scarlet, White Tipped

An extremely handsome long radish of great merit. Resembles the Early Long Scarlet in shape and size, being fit for use in 25 days after sowing. The most remarkable quality, however, is its color, which is the brightest scarlet, except the tails, which are tipped white. This sort will outsell any other long red radish that is put in competition with it on the market, and it is an extra fine sort for the home garden, the quality being very good. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c, lb. 75c.

Vick's Early Scarlet Globe Forcing

A most excellent extra early radish for garden culture and for hotbed forcing. Flavor mild; crisp, juicy, tender and very beautiful. It is the market gardeners' favorite as a forcing radish. It forms a small top and will stand a great amount of heat without becoming pithy. Its fine shape makes it sell for a higher price and more rapidly than other globe-shaped sorts. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c, lb. 75c.

Non Plus Ultra

An improvement on the Deep Scarlet Turnip. Remarkably fine in quality and of very quick growth; ready to pull within three weeks after sowing. Perfectly globular, little roots, of very bright color and excellent shape. Certain to insure ready sale on the market. It is one of the best for forcing. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c, lb. 75c.

WINTER RADISHES

Prices of all varieties:

Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c, lb. 65c.

The following varieties should be sown in August or September for use during the winter:

California Mammoth White—It grows to a large size. Flesh solid and of good flavor.

Long Black Spanish—One of the largest as well as the hardest of radishes. Roots oblong, black, of a very large size and firm texture.

WHITE CHINESE—Roots nearly cylindrical, 6 to 7 inches long and nearly 3 inches in diameter. Piquant and very appetizing.

ROUND BLACK SPANISH—Black skin, white flesh and roots globe-shaped. The flavor is piquant.

CHINESE ROSE—This variety has become very popular with market gardeners. It is of a half long shape, pink color, and flesh as solid as an apple.

Winter Varieties, Mixed—Includes all winter varieties in our list. Large pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c, lb. 75c.

SALSIFY OR VEGETABLE OYSTER

One ounce will sow 50 feet of drill.

MAMMOTH SANDWICH ISLAND—Mammoth, indeed, as compared with the common kind. It is pure white in color and has all the good qualities of the others, which, with its great size, will recommend it to all gardeners. It should be found in every garden in the land. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c, lb. \$1.00.

Long White—Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c, lb. \$1.00.

RHUBARB

Victoria—Very large stalk, from 2 to 3 inches broad and from 2 to 3 feet high. Excellent for pies. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c, lb. \$1.00.

Victoria Rhubarb Roots—By mail, \$1.00 per dozen. By freight or express, 50c per dozen.

SPINACH

Sow 1 oz. to 50 feet of drill; 12 lbs. per acre.

Will send any variety of Spinach by freight or express at 18c per lb. in 5 lb. lots.

THICK LEAVED ROUND—Generally preferred for early sowing and is a popular sort with market gardeners. Leaves large, thick and fleshy. Pkt. 5c, oz. 5c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 15c, lb. 35c.

BLOOMDALE—The leaves are numerous and partially rolled. It is much liked by gardeners wherever introduced. Pkt. 5c, oz. 5c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 15c, lb. 35c.

NEW LONG STANDING—A sort of the finest quality and producing nearly twice the weight of crop as other sorts, and is also the hardest of all Spinaches. The leaves are numerous, succulent, curled and wrinkled like Savoy Cabbage. Pkt. 5c, oz. 5c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 15c, lb. 35c.

SQUASHES

Plant about 4 pounds per acre. Crop of seed very short and prices are high.

MAMMOTH CHILI, *l, wi, g*—The largest of the squash family, being simply immense. The largest squash on record—292 pounds—was of this variety. If you want to secure the premium at your county fair, plant some of this seed. Color orange yellow, smooth skin; flesh very thick and fine grained, good and nutritious. A profitable variety to grow for stock feeding. Keeps well through the winter. Pkt. 10c, oz. 20c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50c, lb. \$1.75.

MAMMOTH WHITE BUSH SCALLOPED, *e, su, g*—The Squashes are very uniform in shape and wonderfully prolific. They are fit to use very early, are a beautiful white color and grow very large size—12 to 15 inches across. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c, lb. 75c.

NEW GIANT SUMMER CROOKNECK, *e, su, g*—This new strain is even earlier than the common variety. The Squashes grow to an extra large size, measuring 18 inches to 2 feet long, of finest quality. On account of their handsome appearance they command an extra price on the market. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c, lb. 75c.

PROLIFIC ORANGE MARROW, *l, f, wi, g*—The skin is rich, deep orange, making the Squash of a very handsome

crop. Will keep till May. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c, lb. \$1.00.

Early Yellow Bush, Scalloped, *e, su, g*—A popular variety. Grows to medium size and of unsurpassed quality. Pkt. 4c, oz. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c, lb. 75c.

ESSEX HYBRID, *e, wi, g*—A very productive Squash of finest quality and an excellent keeper, specimens having been kept till June as sound and good as when gathered. Early, quick growth, and can be raised very successfully as a second crop, following early potatoes, peas, etc. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c, lb. \$1.00.

WINTER CROOKNECK, *l, wi, g*—The best keepers. Color pale green; excellent for table use. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c, lb. 75c.

BOSTON MARROW—A fall and winter variety that gained much popularity in the Boston market and more recently its good qualities are recognized in other parts

of the country. It is much prized by canners. Of large size, oval form, skin thin. When ripe, bright orange, with a netting of light cream color. Flesh rich salmon yellow, fine-grained, and for sweetness and excellence unsurpassed. Not quite as dry as the Hubbard, but a much more certain cropper. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c, lb. 75c.

Boston Marrow.

Hubbard.

appearance. As large as the Hubbard; the flesh is very thick, fine-grained and of choice quality. In prime condition from September to January. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c, lb. 75c.

HUBBARD, *l, f, wi, g*—Generally considered the best winter Squash grown. Flesh dark yellow, fine-grained, dry and sweet, whether stewed, boiled or baked. Very hard shell; will keep till spring; productive; color green when ripe. Must have very rich soil for a large

Prolific Orange Marrow.

TOMATOES

Our Tomato Seed is grown from stocks selected strictly for seed purposes and grown strictly for seed. We use no canning house Tomato Seed.

On page 74 we offer a real giant in Tomatoes—the largest of all. While size, combined with earliness, productiveness and high quality, to a great extent fills the bill, yet if we do not attain extreme earliness it lacks in being a complete all-round Tomato. As is usual when we attain great size in a vegetable, we sacrifice to a certain extent earliness, hence we must make this up in another variety, which we have done in

Everitt's Earliest of All

Extreme earliness is where this variety excels. Outside of this we have equally as good tomatoes as regards color, form and table qualities, but none of them, except Sparks' Earliana (see specialties), approach **Everitt's Earliest of All**, in season of ripening, by a week. This is a very important consideration, as it allows the market gardener to get the high price early in the season, which oftentimes is the only part of his crop that

it pays to market. **Everitt's Earliest of All** is a bright scarlet color, very smooth, solid and fine; medium size. The plant grows thrifty and spreading, thus allowing the sun to ripen the fruit evenly and quickly. Every gardener should plant this tomato. The small investment in seed will be many fold returned in satisfaction or profit in the crop if used at home or marketed.

Pkt. 10c, 3 for 25c, 10 for 50c, oz. 25c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c, lb. \$2.50.

MAGNUS NEW TOMATO

The originator of the Magnus is the greatest tomato expert of the world and his claims are entitled to every consideration. We know our readers who have not grown the Magnus Tomato will be pleased with it if they plant it this season. His claims are as follows:

"This very distinct and most promising new variety, of the color of Beauty and Acme, is the latest addition by Livingston to the Tomato family. It is thicker, heavier and more solid than either Acme or Beauty, making it easily the most handsome sort in cultivation. It is unsurpassed in quality and in the production of fine, large fruits. While perfectly adapted to main crop planting, yet it matures so quickly that it will take first rank for early market. The form is perfect, uniform, large and attractive. - Flesh is very firm. It is a robust grower, with short joints, setting its fruit clusters closer together than most varieties, and is therefore a heavy cropper. The fruits are very deep from stem to blossom end, many of them being almost globe-shaped. It ripens evenly, does not crack about the stem and the flavor is most desirable. We have tested it for several years for staking up in the open field, as well as for forcing in greenhouses, and we believe it to be entirely unequalled for such purposes."

Pkt. 10c, 3 for 25c, oz. 25c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c, lb. \$2.50.

O. K. means "all right." It is our trade mark and all Seeds and Plants going out under this name are all right.

LOGAN'S GIANT SEEDLING

*Illustration of a
specimen from nature
LARGEST
MOST PRODUCTIVE
BEST QUALITY*

**WE
CONTROL
THIS VARIETY
EXCLUSIVELY**

OTHERS claim wonderful properties and offer prizes to induce big reports, but our **Logan's Giant Seedling** comes out victorious every time. If you think you have tried the largest tomato, try this one now and you will see that you did not have the largest and best heretofore. It is not only the largest variety, but we claim for it in proportion to its size of fruit, exquisite quality and flavor, as well as for early ripening. The growth is notably exact and they grow to weigh over 3 pounds each and attain the enormous circumference of 2 feet. This tomato is not like many others, it is a true seedling, seeds and water. They are a great variety, tender, delicious meat, with very few seeds. They have frequently sold at 15 cents each in competition with other kinds at 25 cents a bushel. If the vines are trained on a support they will grow 10 feet high and be loaded with fine fruit that is remarkably smooth. It is several years since we introduced the **Logan's Giant Seedling** and it is yet without a peer for size and all good qualities as mentioned. This mammoth tomato is not recommended for planting by the acre, but should be in every garden.

Read the following reports. Hundreds more of the same class have been received:

We never saw their equal for prolific bearing and size. It is a marvelous sight.

PENNA. FARMER.
Have eaten the Logan's Giant Tomato, and am pleased to say it is the greatest improvement I ever saw in any vegetable.

D. H. CHRISTY, Pa.
Two Giants weighed 36 ozs. each. They are truly wonderful. The Giant Tomato grew very tall and fruited very large and prolific, hence imagine my surprise to find them so solid, sweet and delicious. The finest I ever ate.

MRS. J. C. HARRIS, Pa.
I picked 16 pounds of Giant Tomatoes at one picking from one vine.

SAMUEL JOHNSON, Pa.
I have bought the Logan's Giant Tomatoes at \$3.00 a bushel for sale in my store before other varieties were ripe. Ripened early.

H. J. LIBERTMAN, Pa.
I bought ten new varieties last spring and gave them a fair comparative test. Logan's Giant stands first for size and quality. I never raised nor saw such fine tomatoes before in my life.

J. H. CURETIS, N. Y.
Mr. Wade, of Blooming Valley, brought to this office a cluster of 8 tomatoes, all on one stem, weighing 10 pounds. They are of the Logan's Giant variety. The quality is equal to the quantity.

PENNA. FARMER, Pa.
Price, pkt. 10c, 3 pkts. 25c, 8 pkts. 50c, 20 pkts. \$1.00.

Giant Climbing TOMATO

THE
GIANT
CLIMBING
TOMATO

GREAT rivalry exists in localities as to who can raise the earliest or the largest tomatoes. We offer in the **Giant Climbing Tomato** the greatest novelty in this line, and whoever raises it according to the directions printed on packages will have an attraction that will draw all eyes toward their garden.

This is not a tree tomato. The term "tree," frequently applied to tomatoes, is generally intended to mislead. We do not call grapes "tree grapes" because they will climb up a trellis. The **Giant Climbing Tomato** needs a support to climb upon, when it will grow from ten to fifteen feet high, bearing fruit all along the vine from the ground up. The tomatoes grow to weigh from two to four pounds each and in size from ten to sixteen inches in circumference. Nearly all the tomatoes are smooth and regular in shape; color, glossy red; sound to the core, with very few seeds. The flavor is all that can be desired. They are everbearing, only cut off by frost. These tomatoes can be grown on the garden fence, on the sunny side of a house or out-buildings, or in any position where a support is provided. The more public the situation the more will they be admired. We print a few reports. Some more can be found elsewhere in this catalogue:

Your **Giant Climbing Tomatoes** are immense. I have them weighing $2\frac{3}{4}$ pounds, and the people see that they are wonderful. **GEO. R. BOOTH**, Ludlow, Mass.

One plant of **Giant Tomatoes** grew over 8 feet high. The best cluster was 7 tomatoes, weighing 6 pounds, all ripe at one time. **WM. YATES**, Titusville, Pa.

The **Giant Climbing Tomatoes** are wonderful in size and fine in quality. One fruit weighed 3 pounds and 1 ounce. **C. H. COX**, Basabel, Pa.

The **Giant Tomatoes** averaged a yield of nearly a bushel to each plant. One vine grew 14 feet high. **H. D. MUSSER**, Rohrestown, Pa.

It is a pleasure to see your **Giant Climbing Tomatoes** grow, and any person can well be proud of them. They are mammoth in size and wonderful in tall growth. I have some specimens measuring 16 inches in circumference and over 6 inches in diameter. Fine flavor and better than I thought it could be. You cannot recommend it too highly. **MRS. WM. CRABBE**, West Branch, Cal.

Price of Everitt's Giant Climbing Tomato Seed

As this Tomato is a very shy bearer of seed, the price will always be high, yet when we consider that each plant, with proper care, will produce a bushel of ripe tomatoes and probably a bushel of green ones for pickling when frost cuts them off, the price should not be considered.

One liberal package, 10c, 3 for 25c, 10 for 50c. Families should club together and get them at the quantity rates.

GIANT CLIMBING TOMATO—Showing habit of growth. Besides being a great novelty and a profitable variety to grow, they are very useful and ornamental as vine to furnish shade and to cover and beautify unsightly places. They grow with remarkable rapidity.

KUTTAWA DWARF TREE

Kuttawa Dwarf Tree Tomato.

Mikado, l, su, g—Also called Turner's Hybrid, is one of the finest, largest, most solid and most productive Tomatoes grown. The heaviest Tomato ever grown of this mammoth variety was grown from O. K. Seeds—weight 4 lbs. 2 oz. Rapid grower, thick stalk; beautiful shape and color; weight varies from 1 to 4 lbs.

EARLY ESSEX HYBRID, e, su, g—This is one of the most profitable Tomatoes for the market in cultivation. Pink skin, very early and always ripening all over alike. The flesh being very hard and solid makes it one of the best Tomatoes for shipping and marketing. We recommend it highly.

Essex Hybrid.

IMPROVED TROPHY, l, su, g—Fruit large, smooth, solid, fine color; very productive; well known and popular market sort.

Selected Acme.

SELECTED ACME, e, su, g—One of the earliest in cultivation. Fruit of medium size, perfect form, round, slightly depressed at the poles; pink purplish color. Ripens evenly and has no green core. Bears continuously until frost comes.

Perfection, e, su, g—Shaped like the Acme, but somewhat larger, fully as early, perfectly smooth, blood-red in color, with more solid flesh and fewer seeds, and produces more and larger fruit at end of the season.

THE great tomato that stands up like a bush. Plant deeply and draw earth up around the stem and you will have no trouble picking dirty Tomatoes off the ground. Almost proof against cut worms on account of the woody nature of the stems. Very productive. Fruit bright red, very solid. Best keeper and shipper. Its upright, self-supporting habit and compact growth allows it to be planted 16 inches apart in rows $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet apart. The effect is a solid row or hedge of green from end to end of the rows, allowing 8,000 to 10,000 plants on an acre without crowding. The plants grow 20 to 30 inches high and support its fruit off the ground. Color, cardinal red.

The plant when growing resembles Irish potatoes, so much so that it is usual for people to ask, "What kind of potatoes are these?" In season is early, ripening equal with any of the other large size Tomatoes, and is superseded only by the small fruited sorts. Adapted for cultivation on a large or small scale for the cannery, for the market, for the home. Besides all its good qualities, it is a great novelty. Every person who plants a garden should plant a package or more. Pkt. 10c, 3 for 25c, 10 for 50c.

Price of the following, unless otherwise quoted: Pkt 5c, oz. 15c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50c, lb. \$1.50.

STONE, l, su, g—This new main crop Tomato is very large, bright scarlet red color, smooth shape. A distinguishing feature, and from this it takes its name, is its great solidity. The flesh is very firm. One of the best shippers. A grand variety, unsurpassed for keeping.

Stone.

Golden Queen, l, su, g—There are many varieties of the red Tomato, but every gardener will hail with delight this fine yellow sort. In size, solidity and productiveness equals any of the red.

LONGKEEPER, l, su, g—This new Tomato of recent introduction was originated by E. S. Carman, editor of *The Rural New Yorker*. It is claimed by the originator to combine long-keeping qualities, uniform shape, earliness in ripening as well as productiveness to a remarkable degree.

TOMATOES FOR PRESERVING—Red Cherry, Yellow Cherry, Red Pear-shaped and Yellow Plum.

Livingston's Beauty, e, su, g—A fine variety, from originator of Acme, Paragon, Perfection and Favorite. Very distinct from all former introductions. The color

is a glossy crimson with a purple tinge. It grows in clusters of four and five, retaining its large size late in the season; very solid, with a tough skin, making it very desirable for market and shipping.

Favorite,

Livingston's Favorite, e, su, g—Ripens evenly and early, holds its size to the end of the season. It is very prolific, few seeds, solid flesh, bears shipping long distance.

Peach Tomato, l, su—This is a very useful and beautiful oddity. For preserving, the Peach tomato is hard to beat.

Read UP-TO-DATE FARMING AND GARDENING in 1903, and your work will be easier and more fruitful of results.

TURNIPS : CARTER'S CARDINAL

1 oz. will plant
250 feet of drill.
Sow about 1 lb.
broadcast per
acre.

We sell any of the
following varieties,
unless noted, at—Pkt. 5c, oz. 8c,
¼ lb. 15c, lb. 50c, by mail; by
freight or express, per lb. 40c.

Carter's Cardinal

Ex, su, g.

This variety is distinct
from others, having a deep
cardinal skin, which
not only appears on
the top, but also cov-
ers the whole root.
Of course we do not
recommend it en-
tirely on account of
its novel color, but
as a good, all 'round
variety and one that
can be depended on
in hot, dry seasons,
and on a great vari-
ety of soils. The
Cardinal is of medium
size, flat, with very short
top, and a fine table quality. It
is one of the best varieties to
grow on hot, dry land, and not running to seed like some
early kinds and being quite sweet and solid. The Cardinal
has a strong tap root, this doubtless protecting it from
drought, and having thick, spreading foliage, the root is
shaded. A great acquisition. One of the very earliest,
being ready for use a short time after sowing. Pkt. 10c,
oz. 20c, ¼ lb. 30c, lb. \$1.00.

Early Six Weeks, or Snowball—This new Turnip is very
early, growing and maturing rapidly. Bulbs beautiful white;
medium size, solid. Flavor mild; free from side roots.

PURPLE TOP MUNICH, ex, su, g—One of the earliest
in cultivation, making an excellent spring garden turnip.

RED or PURPLE TOP STRAP LEAVED, c, su, wi, g
—One of the most popular varieties, both for table and
stock. Grows to large size, solid, crisp, and mild flavor.
We have the best strain of this popular variety that can be
found anywhere. None better.

EXTRA EARLY MILAN, ex, su, f, g—The earliest flat
Turnip in cultivation. Of medium size, with a bright
purple top; leaves few, short, growing very compact; flesh
pure white, of choicest quality, hard, solid and fine grained;
an excellent keeper. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ lb. 25c, lb. 75c.

Early White Flat Dutch, c, f, wi, g—Size medium; flat,
white, sweet, tender; rich for table; fall and winter.

WHITEEGG, c, f, wi, g—A
variety of very rapid growth.
Egg-shaped, thin, white skin;
solid, firm, fine grained flesh;
of exceptional value to the hot
southern climate, and is not
appreciated at its full value
in the north.

**RED or PURPLE TOP
GLOBE, l, wi, g**—This is the
most productive variety and
one of the handsomest.
Quality very fine for table.
Owing to its great yielding
properties, it can be grown
with great profit for stock.

**Golden Ball, or Orange
Jelly, c, f, wi**—Very beautiful
and bright yellow turnip,
yellow flesh, of medium size,
sweet and delicious flavor.

**Long White Cow Horn,
l, wi, g**—Flesh white, fine,
grained, sweet; keeps well.

**Large White Globe, l, f,
wi, g**—Often attains weight
of 12 lbs.; extra good fall and
winter; skin white.

Sweet German, l, wi, g—
Must be sowed much earlier

than the flat turnips. In the autumn and
early winter it is apt to be hard, but soft-
ens in time.

Seven-Top, or Forester, l, wi, s—
Grown exclusively in the South for its
abundant leaves, which are boiled with
meats. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ lb. 15c, lb.
50c.

Swedes or Ruta-Bagas Price Same
as Turnips.
Grown for stock food and could be profitably
cultivated on a much larger scale.

Carter's Imperial, l, wi, g—A hardy
sort, excellent for table use or stock feed-
ing. Does not run to long necks. This
should be sown a month earlier than
the other varieties.

Lang's Improved Ruta-Bagas, c, f, wi, g—
One of the earliest and best for table. Hand-
some variety, first-class quality.

Improved American Purple Top—Very har-
dy and productive, flesh yellow, solid, sweet;
good for stock or table use.

In July we publish a **SPECIAL TURNIP
Price List.** Send for it.

Plants are generally known as Annuals, Biennials and Perennials.

Annuals are those plants that flower and mature their seeds within a year after they are sown and then perish.

Biennials are those plants that flower the second and sometimes the third year after the seed is sown and then perish.

Perennials are those plants that generally do not bloom until the second year, and then live and bloom for several years in succession. *In the list, a. stands for annual, b. for biennial, p. for perennial, etc.* The following list will be found convenient to many in making their selections:

Seeds for Special Purposes

Plants of Tall Growth suited for Large Beds, Backgrounds or Centers, around which smaller kinds may be grouped—Antirrhinum, Aquilegia, Asters, Balsam, Calceola, Calendula, Delphinium, Gaillardia, Hollyhocks, Marigold, Mirabilis, Salpiglossis, Scabiosa, Stocks, Sweet William, Zinnia, etc.

Climbing Plants for Trellises, Verandas, Pillars, etc.—Canary Flower, Cinnamon Vine, Cobea, Cypress Vine, Ornamental Gourds, Ipomae, Nasturtium Tall, Sweet Pea, Wild Cucumber, etc.

Spreading or Trailing Plants adapted to Vases, Hanging Baskets, Rockeries, etc.—Abronia Alyssum, Gilia, Lobelia, Maurandia, Myosotis, Nemophila, Nolana, Sanvitalia, Verbena, etc.

Low-growing Plants of Spreading Habit, adapted to Small Beds, Ribbons, Massing or Edging—Abronia, Ageratum, Alyssum, Calceola, Campanula, Candytuft, Catchfly, Centranthus, Clarkia, Convolvulus, Daisy, Lobelia, Mignonette, Myosotis, Nasturtium Dwarf, Pansy, Verbena, Petunia, Phlox, Poppy, Portulaca, Pyrethrum.

Selection of Colors—If it is desired to fill separate beds with flowers of a single color, and of such kinds as will have a fine appearance and bloom the whole season, select from the Phlox Drummondii, Pansy, Verbena, Petunia, Salpiglossis, Stocks, Balsams, Zinnias, etc.

Fragrant Flowers—The Mignonette, Sweet Pea, Alyssum, Stocks, Carnation, are all fragrant and fine for cut flowers.

GARDEN TREASURES

A mixture of many varieties of beautiful, easy-growing flowers, producing a constant and varied bloom for several seasons, as they comprise annuals, biennials and perennials. In no other manner can so many seeds be obtained for such a **SMALL COST**.

This mixture is very useful for sowing alongside the garden fence and on untidy, bare spots of ground, which can be converted into beauty places.

Pkt. 10 cents; ounce, 25 cents.

A LOAD OF FLOWERS

This girl's parents buy flower seeds of J. A. Everitt, Seedsman. A small sum invested in his seeds will afford loads of flowers for the whole season. Send 50c and select 75c worth of flower seeds in pkts. Send \$1 and select \$1.50 worth

A Select List of O. K. Flower Seeds.

EVERY person, whether in country or city, should raise some flowers. If in the country, of course the conditions are particularly favorable, yet city and town people can usually find a plot of ground in the front or back yard, or if in a flat the windows and halls can be appropriated. I believe the most novel flower garden I ever saw was cultivated in Indianapolis on a narrow strip of ground between the pavement and the busy street.

In the following list "a" stands for annual, "b" for biennial, "p" for perennial, "h. a." hardy annual, "h. h. a." half hardy annual, "t. p." tender perennial.

Send 50c and select Flower Seeds to value of 75c; \$1.00, and select to value of \$1.50.

AGERATUM. a.—Excellent for bouquets. Mexicanum Blue, 5c. Finest varieties, mixed, 5c.

AGROSTEMMA. (Rose of Heaven), h. a.—Abundant bloomer, with deep rose flower. Fine mixed, 5c.

ALYSSUM.—These flowers profusely throughout the season, thriving in garden, window boxes, vases, etc.; also well adapted for edgings; very fragrant, a.

Sweet—White, ¾ feet. oz. 25c, pkt. 5c.

Tom Thumb or Little Gem—oz. 25c, pkt. 5c.

ANPELOPSIS Veitchii, (Boston Ivy)—See Plants.

Majus (Tall)—Mixed colors, 5c. **Tom Thumb** (Dwarf) mixed colors, 5c.

AQUILEGIA (Columbine)—Blossoms early in the spring. Give it a moist situation where they will form permanent clumps, 1½ to 3 feet high. The flowers are large, unique, on long stems. Brilliant on the plant and effective for vase and house decoration. h. p.

Single, all colors, 5c; Double, all colors, 5c.

ASPERULA. h. a.—For button-hole bouquets nothing will be often-er in request. Very fragrant, long in bloom. Fine mixed, blue, 5c.

ASTERS—See next page.

BALLOON VINE. a.—A rapid, handsome climber. Grows rapidly; small white flowers. 5c.

Balsams **LADY SLIPPER.** a.—Very popular flowers; produce most lovely and striking flowers in

The King, brilliant scarlet, very double, 5c. **Camellia Flow-ered**, very double and beautiful colors; mixed, 5c. **Double Sol-ferino**, beautiful white ground with lilac and scarlet, 5c.

BARTONIA. Aurea. h. a.—Large yellow flowers, 2½ in. across, with downy, thistle-like foliage; exceedingly brilliant. One of the most showy; 18 in. to 2 ft.; blooms early and continuously. 5c.

ABRONIA UMBELLATA—Charming trailers for garden, vases, rockwork, etc., bearing large trusses of fragrant, rosy pink flowers. a. ¾ foot, 5c.

ADONIS. FESTIVALIS—The Floss Adonis has fine, pretty foliage, with bright scarlet flow-ers. a. 5c.

AMARANTHUS. a.—Of re- markably handsome foliage and interesting flowers. Rapid growth, easy culture.

Caudatus (Love lies bleed- ing), 5c; **Tri-Color** (Joseph's coat), red, yellow and green, 5c; **Salicifolius** (Fountain Plant), mixed, all colors 5c.

ANTIRRHINUM (Snap- dragon)—Beautiful spikes of gayly colored flowers pro- duced abundantly the first summer until after frost; the

plants will also flower well the second season. h. p.

rich profusion. Easy cultiva- tion. **Extra Double Rose Flowered**, profusely covered with large double flowers of brilliant colors throughout the summer and autumn; mixed, 5c.

Paeony Flowered—Grows 18 to 24 inches high; neat, compact habit, blooming profusely. Flowers large and perfectly double. Colors peculiarly rich and brilliant. Strongly recommended for planting either in beds or masses. Nearly 30 colors. **Pkt. 10c.**

DWARF BOUQUET—A most charming class, of compact habit, only six to eight inches high. Each plant is covered with handsome flowers and looks like a bouquet set in the ground. **Mixed 10c.**

Dwarf Chrysanthemum, Flowered—Fine, large, double flowers, resembling Chrysanthemums, and valuable on account of profuse flowering when others are done; plant 12 inches high. Many colors mixed. **Pkt. 5c.**

BEGONIAS

TUBEROUS ROOTED—Among the handsomest of our summer flowers. Easily grown from seed, if care is taken to sow carefully and not destroyed by watering while very young. They are covered the whole summer with bright flowers. The seed will produce bulbs, which store in fall same as dahlias.

Double Mixed—20c.

Single Mixed—10c.

Begonia Rex—Not tuberous rooted, but fibrous. Large ornamental leaves. **Pkt. 20c.**

ASTERS (FALL ROSES)

This is one of the most popular, beautiful and effective garden plants; grows from 10 to 24 inches high. For profusion of flowers and richness of display the Asters are unrivaled and constitute the principal adornment of our gardens during the autumn. Sow the seed early in the spring, under glass or in pots in the house, and transplant into rich soil about one foot apart, according to height of plants. Splendid for bedding, border and pot culture. a.

Crown or Cocardeau—A very showy variety, the centers being white and the outsides of the blossoms bright colors; eighteen inches. All colors mixed. **Pkt. 10c.**

DWARF WHITE QUEEN—The finest of all dwarf Asters. The bushy plants are about a foot high, and when well grown the flowers are large (3 to 3½ inches in diameter) and very beautiful. Excellent for pot culture or borders. **Choice colors mixed 10c.**

BROWALLIA, (*Rozelia*) *a.*—Valuable for blooming during winter in the house, as well as bedding out during summer. 5c.

CACALLA (Tassel flower) *a.*—Small, pretty plants; tassel-like flowers; fine for cutting, 5c.

Calceolaria *t. p.*—Gorgeous plants for window or greenhouse. The immense flowers are borne in the greatest profusion; colors yellow, maroon, crimson, white, etc.; many spotted and blotched in the most curious fashion. **Grandiflora**, large-flowering, mixed, 20c.

CALENDULA, *a.*—Dwarf bushy plants, blooming profusely till frost; easy culture, indispensable in every garden and fine for pot culture in winter. Choice mixed, 5c.

CALLIOPSIS—For a mass of bright colors scarcely surpassed. Large, bright flowers in great abundance from early summer until frost; succeeds everywhere. **Golden Wave**, 5c; finest mixed, 5c.

CAMPANULA, *h. p.*—Great favorite, bearing large bell and saucer-shaped flowers in great profusion. Finest mixed, 5c.

CANARY BIRD FLOWER, *a.*—A rapid growing climber, 10 to 15 feet. Covers trellises in a graceful way, and bears hundreds of pretty, bright yellow flowers which resemble canary birds with wings extended. Pkt. 5c.

Candytuft *a.*—Dwarf, flowers profusely throughout the summer. Great favorite for beds, pots, edging and borders. Of the easiest culture. The best effect is obtained by raising in masses. **White Rocket**, 5c; **Crimson**, 5c; **Finest Mixed**, 5c.

CANNAS—Generally these flowers are raised from roots, but our seed can be sown from January to April and produce plants for bedding much cheaper than the roots can be obtained.

Mixed, old varieties, 5c; Mixed, **Crozy Dwarf**, 5c, oz. 20c.

CENTUAREA Candidissima, *a.* (Dusty miller)—Fine ornamental plant of great beauty. Pkt. 10c.

CASTOR BEAN—See *Ricinus*.

CLARKIA, *a.*—Charming flowers, very pretty and of many colors. Mixed, 5c.

Celosia. (Cockscomb) *t. a.*—Highly ornamental plants, producing crested heads of flowers resembling a cock's comb. Flowers are of many colors and shapes, but the scarlet and crimson are the most brilliant and rich. Showy plants may be raised from seed planted in open ground in May. The oftener they are transplanted, or shifted, the larger and more beautiful they grow. Plant 3 feet apart.

Feathered or Ostrich Plumed 10c, Golden Beauty 5c, Glasgow Prize 5c, mixed 5c.

Coleus. Beautiful ornamental foliaged plants, both for hot-houses and bedding out during the summer in sheltered places not exposed too much to the sun. The broad, oblong, slightly dentated leaves being of a deep crimson brown color, edged with green and yellow, or salmon, or mottled in a picturesque manner. *p.*

Fine Hybrids, mixed, 10c; New Large Leaved, Fringed, 15c.

COLINSIA, a.—Free, summer-flowering plants of great beauty, for mixed flower gardens; great variety of color—white, purple and crimson predominating. One to two feet. Mixed, 5c.

Convolvulus Minor.

a. (Dwarf Morning Glories)—Beautiful and showy plants, producing an abundance of richly colored flowers, and in fine weather the flowers remain open all day. They bloom from July until autumn. Mixed, 5c.

Convolvulus Major. *a.* (Tall Morning Glories)—Climbing plants unequalled for rapid growth, attaining a length of 30 to 50 feet.

Mixed, 5c; Japanese Morning Glories, new mammoth flowering, 5c.

Double Daisy. (*Bellis.*) *p.*—A favorite plant for beds or pot culture, or for edging in shady situations. In bloom from April to June. Almost hardy. This is the famous little double daisy often carried through the winter in frames for early spring blooming. A charming plant. It blooms best in cool weather. Six inches high.

Double Mixed, all colors, 5c.

These beautiful, fragrant Marguerite Carnations will be in full bloom in about four months after sowing the seed. The plants succeed alike in the open garden or in pots, and are of such vigorous, dwarf, erect growth that no supports are required. The flowers are of high type, exquisitely sweet, fully 80 per cent perfectly double, the calyx of which does not split. The range of color, marking, variegations and shading is quite remarkable. All colors mixed. Pkt. 10c, 3 pkts. for 25c. Finest Double Mixed German, 10c.

OUR PRICES
ARE LOW.
OUR
SEEDS
ARE
POPULAR

Clematis

We Also Offer Clematis Plant

(See Dept. of Plants)

A well known and much admired rapid growing, free-flowering, ornamental climber. No flower has more rapidly advanced in popular favor than the Clematis. Within a few years it has become the popular favorite climber of the world.

For pillars, trellises or planting about rock-work. Clematis cannot be excelled.

Seeds should be soaked 24 hours in warm water before planting. Sow

early in shallow boxes in the usual way.

They will generally lie dormant, even in the green-house, but germinate on the approach of spring. When an inch or two high transplant into boxes or small pots preparatory to planting in open ground. May. p.

Palmcat

One of the finest, of robust habit, covers from the ground to the tip with pure white, fragrant flowers, which are followed with ornamental seed pods not much less beautiful. 16

Flamula
Also called Virgin's Bow. Fragrant, with feathery flow cover the vine.

Large Flowering Japanese—Flowers 3 to 4 inches across; colors are blue, white, purple, etc. 1

A GROUP OF CLEMATIS

GROWN FROM OUR

MIXED SEEDS.

Chrysanthemums

FROM SEED—Our seed

will produce grand blooming plants the first season. It is selected from the choicest Chinese and Japanese varieties. The new varieties are grown from seed like we offer, and, you know, you may produce a prize sort! a.

Japanese Hybrids—Pkt. 15c.

Chinese Hybrids—Pkt. 15c.

Large Flowering Choicest Mixed—20c.

MARITIMA (Dusty Miller)—Fine, silvery white foliage stems. Suitable for ribbon planting, hanging baskets, vases pot plant. 5c. a.

Cypress Vine Ipomoea Quamoclit—A most beautiful climber, with delicate, dark green, feathered foliage, and an abundance of bright star shaped scarlet, rose and white blossoms, which in the bright sunlight, present a mass of beauty. Planted the side of a veranda, tree or stakes, and trained properly, nothing is prettier. The seed will sprout more readily if warm water is poured on the ground after sowing.

White 5c. Rose 5c. Scarlet 5c. Mixed 5c.

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CINERARIA HYBRIDA

CINERARIA HYBRIDA—Magnificent and indispensable flowering plants for spring decoration for the conservatory or window garden, and can be planted out during the summer. The flowers measure 2 to 3 inches across, are of white, blue, violet and crimson shades; usually two or more colors are shown in one flower, covering the plant with a sheet of bloom.

COBÆA, p. A rapid climber, attaining the height of 30 feet in a season; of very easy culture; particularly suited for covering walls, arbors, etc. Large purple bell-shaped flowers. 5c.

ESCHSCHOLTZIA, (*California Poppies*.) Beautiful and popular garden plant of easy culture, forming nice bushy plants 1 foot high. The large saucer-shaped flowers are produced numerously from spring to fall. **Double White 5c, Double Yellow 5c, Mixed 5c.** a.

Euphorbia, Variegata (*Snow on the Mountain*.) A showy border plant, large robust growth, with foliage, veined and margined with white. Very attractive. 5c.

FORGET-ME-NOT, (*Myosotus*.) The Forget-Me-Not is an old favorite plant, bearing clusters of star-shaped, delicate blue flowers with white and yellow eyes. It flourishes best in a moist, shady situation, and is in constant bloom nearly the whole season. Blooms the first year from seed if sown early. Seed sown in autumn succeeds best, flowering in early spring. p.

Alpestris—Bright Blue 5c, White 5c, Mixed 5c.

FOUR O'CLOCK, (*Marvel of Peru*.) Beautiful summer blooming, of bushy habit, 2 feet high, each plant bearing throughout the summer hundreds of funnel-shaped large flowers of white, yellow, crimson, striped; very fragrant. **Mixed 5c. Variegated foliage, brilliant flowers, 5c.**

Fox Glove *Digitalis*. Especially useful among shrubbery and in half shady places. Long racemes of beautiful flowers. Colors purple, white, yellow, rose, etc. Some are beautifully spotted. Height three or four feet. Much admired. h. p.

Spotted Gloxina—Flowered. Mixed 10c.

Monstrous—Mixed 10c, mixed all kinds 5c.

Gilia Profuse blooming, dwarf, hardy plant for massing in beds. Six to twelve inches in height. **Mixed colors 5c.**

GLADIOLUS A summer-flowering bulbous plant, 2 to 3 feet high. Colors very bright, ranging through many shades of pink, scarlet, yellow, white, etc. Can be grown to bloom the first season from our seeds, producing bulbs of great value for the second year's blooming. See also Bulb Department.

Choice Hybrids—Mixed varieties 10c.

GLOBE AMARANTH (*Bachelors' Buttons*.)

Bushy plant bearing large globular flowers, which if cut when well matured will retain their beauty for years. Everlasting. a. **Mixed 5c.**

Our Flower Seeds are popular because cheap and good.

GAILLARDIA—Exceedingly beautiful plants, growing 1 to 2 feet high. The flowers are daisy-like in shape, and are useful for cutting. Sow early in spring in shallow drills, and thin out to stand 10 inches apart. Grown in masses they are especially effective. Flowers 2 to 3 inches across produced from early summer until frost. *h. h. a.*

Aurora, gold, crimson and white, 5c; *Grandiflora*, mixed, 5c; *Lorenziana*, double mixed, 5c; *Single*, mixed, 5c.

GERANIUMS From Seed. If to bloom the same summer, sow in the house quite early. Transplant as soon as large enough, and set out in the garden as soon as warm enough. It is very interesting to grow Geraniums from seed, as you get a great variety and sometimes real novelties. Our seed is the finest hybrid strains. *p.*

Mixed Zonale, 10c; *Variegated Leaves*, 15c; *Finest Double Mixed*, 15c; *Apple Scented*, 10c.

GLOXINA A grand pot plant of unrivalled beauty. As easily grown and cared for as many common flowers. Plants of large size, shapely, bloom abundantly. The color of flowers ranges from pure white to dark red. Flowers last a long time when cut and placed in water.

Grand Large Flower, mixed, 20c.

GOETIA—Showy garden plants of compact growth, about 1 foot high, bearing freely flowers 3 to 4 inches across, of exquisite color and shades that glisten in the sunlight like satin. *a.*

Whitneya Compacta, handsome flowers of bright blood red, Pkt. 10c, *Finest Mixed Varieties*, 5c.

GOURDS, Ornamental (*Cucurbita*), *t. a.*—A tribe of climbers with curiously shaped fruit. Being of rapid growth, they are fine to cover old fences, trellises, etc. *Mock Oranges*, *Nest Egg*, *Apple-shaped*, *Pear-shaped*, *Bottle*, *Siphon* or *Dipper*, *Hercules Club*. Each, pkt. 5c, 1 pkt. each of 7 varieties 25c. All varieties mixed, 10c.

Gypsophila Elegans. *a.* Delicate, free-flowering little plants, well adapted for hanging baskets and edging and valuable for bouquets. 5c.

Heliotrope Deliciously fragrant flower. Everybody loves it. It is easily grown from seed sown in open ground, flowering in August, or they can be had earlier by sowing in the house. *a.*

Finest mixed, sweet-scented, 5c.

NIGOL
— INDPLS.

DOUBLE AND SINGLE GERANIUMS.

Hibiscus

A branching plant of the easiest culture, with very pretty foliage and large flowers, exceedingly showy, and continue to bloom from June to October. Sow seed early. **Africanus, t. a.**—Creamy yellow flowers with purple center, 5c. **Crimson Eye, p.**—Very large white flowers with crimson centre. Bloom the first and succeeding years. 10c.

Ipomea

(Moon Flowers.) **a.**—The brilliant and varied hues are marvelously beautiful, while their fine foliage renders them indispensable adornments to every flower collection.

Cocchine (star Ipomea)—Small, handsome, scarlet flowers in profusion. 5c.

Noctiflora (White Seeded Moonflower)—The variety generally grown. large flower, good texture, very fragrant; flowers mammoth. 5 to 6 inches across. 5c.

Bona Nox (Evening Glory, or Good Night)—Very large violet, fragrant flowers. 5c.

BRAZILIAN MORNING GLORY—The flowers of rose color are borne in large clusters. The vines grow with great luxuriance and make a dense shade; leaves 8 to 10 inches across. Taken altogether—the luxuriant vine, beautiful large flowers and clusters of large seed capsules, it is one of the greatest plant novelties. 10c.

Lupinus (Lupin)—Strong annuals, 1 to 3 feet high, with upright racemes of beautiful blue, pink and white flowers. They are botanically allied to Sweet Peas, and desirable. Mixed, 5c.

Lark

spur

(Delphinium)—Quick growing annual and perennial plants. The annuals have a wide range of bright colors. Flowers are borne in great profusion. Sow the seed when the trees begin to open their leaves. Thin to stand 1 foot apart. Succeed and bloom in dryest seasons; brilliancy of some of colors unsurpassed.

LUPINUS

ANNUAL SORTS—**Giant**, spikes of double blue and red flowers 12 to 18 inches long. 10c.

Dwarf Double Rocket, mixed, 5c.

Tall Double Rocket, mixed, 5c.

PERENNIAL SORTS—**Choice Mixed**, comprising a wide range of colors, blue, pink, white, purple, etc. 5c.

Marigold (*Tagetes*)—A well known plant with handsome flowers of rich and beautiful colors and neat, compact, green foliage, producing a splendid effect in almost any situation. h. h. a.

El Dorado—2½ feet tall, good bush, large double flowers, light and dark yellow. 5c.

Lemon Queen—2½ feet high, double lemon flowers, 2 to 3 inches in diameter, bearing 75 to 100 flowers at a time. 5c.

Tall African Mixed—1½ foot, 5c.

French Dwarf, Double Mixed, 1 foot, 5c.

MIRABILIS—See Four-o'clock.

Mignonette—A quick-growing plant, highly esteemed for its delicately fragrant flowers. It grows most rapidly and produces the largest and finest spikes of blossoms during cool, moist weather of early spring and late fall months, but will flower freely throughout the summer from seed sown early in spring. A second planting should be made about the first of August to furnish large, fine spikes of flowers during the cool fall months. a.

Golden Queen—Large flower spikes of golden yellow flowers. Deliciously fragrant. 5c. oz. 50c.

Parson's Giant Tree—Of erect growth, with slender spikes of pure white flowers. 5c. oz. 50c.

Giant Flowered Red—Flower spikes of largest size, striking red color. 5c. oz. 50c.

Matchet Perfection—Plants of pyramidal growth, with thick, dark green leaves and numerous strong flower stalks bearing broad, heavy spikes of delicately-scented red flowers. 10c.

Mixed—Many beautiful kinds, 5c.

MIRABILIS

...Hollyhock

MAURANDIA

ble Crimson, 10c; Double Salmon, 10c; Double Mixed, extra choice, 5c.

New Allegheny Hollyhock—A rare beauty. Its beautiful transparent, fringed flowers

look as if made up of crushed silk and are 5 to 7 inches across. Colors, pink, rose, red, etc. Perpetual bloomers.

Very durable after plucked. 10c.

Ice Plant Pretty summer trailer for vases and rock work; leaves covered with ice-like drops. Much used in Europe for garnishing. a. $\frac{1}{2}$ foot. 5c.

Lantana Popular free-blooming and very rapid growing plants with large flower heads of various colors which emit a powerful aromatic perfume, and are continually changing their color. During the summer, plants are completely loaded with orange white, pink, etc. blossoms, succeeded by berries, which, when ripe, turn deep blue. Start plants in the house or hotbed; protect from frost. t. p. Finest Mixed, 5c.

Linum (Scarlet Flax)—One of the most showy annuals for flower beds and masses, brilliant crimson - scarlet flowers 1 inch across, borne in wonderful profusion. a. 1 foot, 5c.

Lobelia Tall-growing, hardy perennials with long spikes of brilliant flowers; for permanent beds and borders they are unrivaled; they are one of the few flowering plants that thrive in shady situations. 2 to 4 feet. The most brilliant plants in cultivation. Mixed Colors, 5c.
Crystal Palace—Dark blue, 5c.

Erinus Speciosa Alba—Snow white, 5c.
Erinus Compacta—Golden, 5c.

Maurandia Large - Flowering—Beautiful climber for garden or greenhouse, gemmed with Gloxinia-shaped flowers. Plants, from seed sown in spring, begin flowering by July and continue until frost. a. 6 feet. Mixed colors, 10c.

LANTANA

DOUBLE HOLLYHOCKS.

MIMULUS Admirable pot plants, and equally adapted for the garden. The color and markings of the large Gloxinia-shaped flowers are rich in the extreme, ranging through crimson, maroon, yellow, white and pink, beautifully spotted and blotched. a.

Moschatus (Musk Plant.) Emits a strong musky perfume. Flowers yellow. 5c.

MINA t. a. Very useful, rapid growing summer climber. Flowers in long racemes, rose crimson, changing to orange and pale yellow. 15 feet high.

Lobata, t. a. 10c.

MOMORDICA (Balsam Apple.) A curious climber with yellow blossoms, followed by large fruits of yellow color which burst and expose a red interior. The fruit is the chief curiosity, which also has medicinal properties for the cure of cuts, bruises, rheumatism, etc. Fine for trellises, fences, stumps, etc. a. 5c.

Nasturtiums

No flower is more popular than this magnificent class, which presents all the richest and most varied shades found in the floral world. The Tall growing sorts are unequaled for trellises or covering unsightly posts and fences, while the Dwarf varieties are found in nearly every window box or hanging basket, as well as in garden beds. They succeed the best in light, well drained soil or slightly raised beds affording good drainage. They bloom from early summer to frost. a.

TOM THUMB or **DWARF NASTURTIIUMS**.

Price of any of the following 5c, oz. 15c.

Aurora, Salmon mottled, blush garnet blotches.

Brilliant, Rich scarlet, dark foliage.

Bronze Colored, A burnished copper bronze.

Chameleon, Splashed crimson, bronze and yellow.

Cloth of Gold, Yellow foliage, light scarlet flowers.

Crystal Palace Gem, Sulphur spotted maroon.

Empress of India, Brilliant crimson.

King Theodore, Dark scarlet.

Pearl, White.

Rose, Rose colored.

Ruby King, Light ruby red.

Mixed Dwarf, A choice mixture. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, 1/4 lb. 30c, 1b. \$1.00.

NASTURTIIUMS - MIXED

Tall or Climbing Nasturtiums Price of following 5c, oz. 15c.

Spitfire, Brilliant scarlet. Very showy

Pearl, Creamy white.

Tall Rose.

King Theodore, Dark crimson.

Mixed Tall, A choice mixture. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, 1/4 lb. 30c, 1b. \$1.00.

NIGELLA ("Love in a Mist") **Damascena**, Double Mixed. Pretty garden annuals with feathery green foliage, in which large, double, charming blue or white flowers are set. 1 to 2 feet high. a. 5c.

ORNAMENTAL GRASSES

Very beautiful, and extensively used in the arrangement of winter bouquets and various other home decorations. Our list comprises all the beautiful varieties. All annuals, unless noted.

Avena sterilis (Animated Oat), 2 1/2	PER PKT.
Coix Lachryma (Job's Tears) a	5c
Briza Maxima (Quaking Grass), large racemes of beautiful rattles.	5c

OXALIS Pretty half-trailing annuals for hanging baskets, vases, rock-work and edging, flowering in profusion. Six to nine inches. **Rosea** Mixed. a. Pkt. 10c.

Eulalia Japonica Zebrina (Zebra Grass); grows 5 to 6 feet high, with stripings across the leaves. p. 10c

Gynierium Argemum (Pampas Grass); flowers the second season; requires protection. h. h. p. 5c

Hordeum Jubatum (Squirrel-tail grass); fine, 5c

Stippa penatta (Feather Grass); perennial, 5c

Zea Japonica variegata, Variegated Japanese Maize, 5c

9 varieties in separate packages, 30c

MIXED ANNUAL VARIETIES of Ornamental Grasses. All of our customers should have a supply of this mixture. It contains seed of all the varieties named above, thus furnishing ample material for home decoration in winter. Oz. 25c, large pkt. 10c.

25 CENT BARGAIN COLLECTION

For 25c we will send your choice of 7 varieties of Nasturtiums, 1 or more packets of each, or 15 varieties or packets for 50c.

PORTULACA

Portulaca

ROSE MOSS, t, a—Scarcely any flower in cultivation makes such dazzling display of beauty as a bed of highly colored, many-hued Portulacas. In bloom from July until frost. Plant in dry sandy soil in open ground as soon as it has become warm. Let the bed have full exposure to the sun and withhold water after the plants appear. They stand any amount of dry weather. **Double Red or Rose 5c, White 5c, Orange 5c, finest Single mixed 5c, finest Double mixed 5c.**

Pinks

DIANTHUS—The family of Pinks is unrivaled for brilliancy and rich variety of color. The plants are

bushy, of symmetrical form, blooming profusely until fall, rendering them the most satisfactory for summer flower gardens. If not allowed to bloom too freely the first season they will bloom again the next.

CHINESES, Mixed—Double China Pink, 5c.

LACINIATUS, Mixed—Finest single fringed sort, 5c.

IMPERIALS—(Double Imperial Pinks.) Choice mixed, very bright, 5c.

HEDGEWIGI—(Double Japan Pink.) Beautiful double flowers. Mixed, 5c.

DOUBLE DIADEM—Splendid double flowers of many colors. Mixed, 5c.

HEDGEWIGI—(Single Japan Pinks.) Mixed, 5c.

SALMON QUEEN—Large brilliant flowers. Single, 5c.

CRIMSON BELL—Magnificent fringed flowers, crimson, single, 5c.

Primula CHINESE PRIMROSE—The Chinese Primrose is the brightest and most free flowering of all pot plants in the house, and may be removed to the porch or sheltered in shady position for summer. Sow seed in shallow boxes, cover very slightly and keep moist. Transplant when two or three leaves show and transplant to pots when large enough. **Scarlet 15c, Rose 15c, White 15c, Single, large fringed, mixed 15c, Double, large fringed 20c.**

PRIMULA SINENSIS FIMBRIATA

Pyrethrum Roseum

h. p. From the dried of this is made the famous insecticide, "Persian Insect Powder." Powder the flowers after pollen forms. Sprinkle where roaches or other insects or bugs are. It kills them without danger to human life. Keep in closed package from air, 5c.

Salpiglossis A beautiful garden plant about 18 inches high, bearing flowers 3 inches across, of many beautiful colors; exquisitely veined and laced, a. **Mixed, large flowering, 5c.**

SENSITIVE PLANT (Mimosa Pudica)—Very curious plant. Leaves droop when touched. Pink flowers, a, 5c.

PANSIES

These charming and popular favorites, as improved, are scarcely surpassed in attractiveness and beauty in the floral kingdom. The seed we offer is the best obtainable from noted growers in this and foreign countries. Our list is not as large as some others, but we aim to omit the very expensive kinds which, outside of the fancy grower, will not give more satisfaction than our varieties. Sown early for the best results and transplant, although may be sown in open ground in a fall. If sown in October will flower in early spring.

Giant Yellow—Yellow with splotches, 10c.

Giant Spotted White—10c.

Giant Striped-White, blue, violet and chocolate, 10c.

Giant King of the Blacks—Lustrous jet black, 10c.

BARGAIN COLLECTION OF GIANT PANSIES—One packet each of 12 Giant Pansies for 75c, 6 for 50c, or 3 for 25c.

PETUNIAS

Succeed well everywhere. Particularly showy in beds or masses. Are universal favorites on account of their richness of color, fragrance and long blooming.

Dwarf Inimitable—Little bushy plant 5 to 8 inches high. Striped flowers. 10c.

Hybrida—Striped mixed. 5c.

White—Pure white. 5c.

Large Flowering—All colors. Mixed, 10c.

Giant Fairy Queen—New; one of the most beautiful of large-flowering Pansies. Loveliest sky blue, with fine silver border. 10c.

Giant Auricula—Beautiful shadings of copper and Mahogany colors. 10c.

Giant Red—Red and scarlet flowers. 10c.

Imperial German—A noted strain of large flowering, beautiful pansies. Mixed, 10c.

Giant Trimardean—Distinct and beautiful new race. Flowers enormous size. Mixed, 10c.

Giant Peacock—Garret cream, garnet and blue. 10c.

Giant Fire King—Crimson, purple and golden yellow. 10c.

Giant Butterfly—An exceedingly beautiful class of mammoth size and striking markings, colorings, veining, etc. Mixed, 10c.

Giant Lord Beaconsfield—Lavender, heliotrope and purple. 10c.

New Giant—Gigantic Flowers, often 5 in. or more in diameter; of every conceivable shade of crimson, pink, lavender, white, etc.

POPPIES.

Poppies are becoming more popular each season. This is due in some measure, no doubt, to the introduction of many new varieties superior to the old varieties, having a profusion of brilliant and delicate shadings of color. They are also veined, streaked and flaked in charming profusion. This is true in both the single, semi-double and double sorts. a.

Fairy Poppies—Flowers perfectly double and measure 6 to 12 inches in circumference. Colors range in pure white, scarlet, lilac, rose, maroon, and mixed colors. **Choice Mixed**, 10c.

Snowdrift—The large white flowers are perfectly white and double. A grand variety. 5c.

Shirley Poppies—A new strain of marvelous beauty; colors delicate pink, carmine and crimson. Some flowers edged with white. **Single Mixed** 5c, **Double Mixed** 5c.

Carnation-Flowered Poppies—The flowers are very showy. The colors are in dazzling richness and variety. Of easiest culture—simply scatter the seed in prepared ground. **Many Colors Mixed**, 5c.

Phlox Drummondii

The Phlox Drummondii, for splendid mass of colors and a constant display, is not excelled by any other annual or perennial. It has every desirable quality for this purpose. The colors range from purest white to deepest crimson. During the summer and autumn they make a display of flowers of the most varied forms and brilliant colors. 1½ feet high. a.

ALBA WHITE 5c. **SCARLET** 5c. **ROSEA**, pink with white eye, 5c. **SPLENDENS**, bright red with white eye, 5c.

STAR OF QUEDLINBURG—Flowers of star-like form, 12 inches high, bearing large numbers of beautiful flowers. Colors, white rose, scarlet, salmon, etc. **Mixed** 5c.

FRINGED PHLOX—The petals are bordered with white, while the centers are of more than 20 shades of bright colors. Very beautiful. 5c.

PHLOX DRUMMONDII—Many choice varieties mixed. Pkt. 5c, ¼ oz. 15c, oz. 40c.

Scabiosa **MOURNING BRIDE**—One of the most desirable border plants. Flowers fragrant. Colors white, lilac, carmine, etc. a. **Mixed** 5c.

RICINUS (Castor oil bean) — A very large, ornamental plant, growing 6 to 15 feet high. Very effectual as a center for beds which may taper off with cannas, caladiums, coleus, etc., or grow alone when taller kinds should be placed in center or rear, and taper off with shorter varieties. a.

ZANZIBAR-ENSIS (Giant Castor Plant)

—Grows to a height of about 14 feet; leaves sometimes 2 ft. across. There are several strains of this giant sort, varying in color of leaf. Offer them all in a mixture. Pkt. 5c, oz. 20c.

STOCKS Ten Weeks These popular flowers are easily grown and they are great favorites on account of their great beauty and sweet fragrance. They deserve a place in every garden. Adapted to massing, edging or pot culture. a. **Blood Red** 10c. **Crimson** 10c. **Sky Blue** 10c. **Canary Yellow** 10c. **Pure White** 10c. **Violet** 10c. **Dwarf German** Ten Weeks 5c. **Double Mixed** 10c.

RICINUS, Continued.

CAMBODGENSIS —

Grows 6 to 8 feet. Palm-like leaves of a brilliant bronze-red maroon, stalks and stems nearly black. Foliage shows different shades. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c.

SANGUINEUS — Grows 6 feet. Beautiful brownish red foliage. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c.

MANY KINDS MIXED—Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c.

Sunflower

(Helianthus) — Miniature Sunflowers, covered with hundreds of single bright orange flowers, with bright, neat foliage. a. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c.

MANY FLOWERED DOUBLE—The handsome double flowers are produced at the base of each leaf, which makes the whole plant very ornamental. It grows 4 feet high and don't sucker or branch. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c.

MAMMOTH RUSSIAN—(See Farm Seeds.)

SWEET PEAS

EVE RYBODY'S
FLOWER

Can be grown as early as any vegetable, and the secret of greatest success is to enjoy them by cutting them as fast as they bloom. A few ounces of seed sown will give an abundance to share with the neighbors and nothing will make better friends than an occasional bouquet of charming, fragrant Sweet Peas. *a.*

The following list contains the cream of the varieties. Customers selecting from this list will not make a mistake and will not obtain duplicates under different names. All Large flowering.

Admiration—Pinkish heliotrope.

America—Striped blood-scarlet on white.

Aurora—Striped rosy orange on white.

Black Knight—Deep maroon.

Blanche Ferry—Rosered.

Columbia—Striped red and blue on white.

Coquette—Blush buff pink, wings cream white.

Dorothy Tennant—Rosy heliotrope.

Duchess of Sutherland—White, veiled with blush pink, exquisite.

Emily Eckford—Heliotrope blue, wings lavender blue.

Emily Henderson—Large pure white.

Firefly—Bright crimson scarlet, intensely brilliant.

Gorgeous—Brilliant orange salmon, wings orange madder.

Lady Mary Currie—Fiery orange pink, very bright.

Lottie Eckford—White suffused rosy lilac, blue edge.

Lovely—Warm rose pink, extra fine.

Maid of Honor—Lavender and white.

Mikado—Fiery rose red.

Mrs. Eckford—Primrose yellow, fine form.

Navy Blue—The best blue.

Pink Friar—Flaked and flushed pink on white.

Prima Donna—Exquisite rose and pink, large and profuse.

Princess of Wales—Striped blue and purple on white.

Queen Victoria—Rosy primrose, wings cream.

Ramona—Striped and penciled light pink on white.

Sadie Burpee (Black Seeded)—Immense white.

Sensation—Rosy buff pink, wings white, delicate and pretty.

Venus—Rosy buff pink, wings a shade lighter, distinct and fine.

PRICES FOR ANY OF THE ABOVE NAMED SWEET PEAS—Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c, per lb. 75c, postpaid. Any 6 pkts. for 25c; any 12 pkts. for 50c.

SWEET PEAS—CONTINUED.

Cupid Sweet Peas

These Sweet Peas grow only 6 to 12 inches high and do not need supports.

Pink Cupid, 5c, oz. 10c; **White Cupid**, 5c, oz. 10c; **Mixed Cupids**, seven varieties in all in one mixture, 5c, oz. 15c.

Bush Sweet Peas

A new race of Sweet Peas of distinctive growth. The plants are erect, 15 to 18 inches high, and branch so as to form a bush as wide as its height. The flowers are of medium size, of fine form and coloring. All the varieties mixed. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c.

Finest Mixed

A very choice collection of the newest and best large flowering Sweet Peas. Parties who want everything good and want to grow them with the least amount of

care should grow our mixed seed. A better mixture cannot be bought anywhere at any price. Pkt. 5c, oz. 8c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 15c, per lb. 50c, all postpaid.

Verbena

For garden beds or massing the Verbena is unrivaled; flowers of the most brilliant colors, blooming continually from spring until late in the autumn. Although perennials, these form luxuriant plants and bloom profusely the first season from seed. *p.*

Hybrida Striped, 10c; **Hybrida Scarlet**, 10c; **Hybrida Blue**, 10c. **New Mammoth, Large Flowered**, distinct class; flowers of immense size, 10c. **Hybrida Choicest Mixed**, 10c.

Vinca

(Periwinkle)—Free flowering, bushy plants, with glossy green foliage and beautiful circular flowers; in a warm, sunny situation they bloom all summer; they make beautiful winter-blooming pot plants if potted before frost. Flowers the first season. *t. p.* **Mixed, all colors**, 5c.

Zinnia

Fine large flowers of a great variety of colors; Double as a Dahlia; bloom from July till frost. *h. a.* **Yellow 5c, Scarlet 5c, Purple 5c, Violet 5c, Orange 5c, White 5c.** Choice mixed, all colors, 5c.

Pyrethrum Roseum

(Persian Insect Powder Plant)—Persian daisy, *Pyrethrum roseum*, when dried and pulverized is a powerful agent for driving away insects. The blooms can be cut and dried at home with decidedly less expense than the powder can be bought. The same culture that suits vegetables will make the daisy yield abundantly of the useful blooms. It loses its pungency after a time, so that renewals are necessary every now and again, in places frequented by ants, roaches and other insects. The advantage of this plant over the common insecticides is that it is strictly harmless to persons, being entirely free from poisonous properties, but offensive to insects. Should be used in dining rooms, refrigerators, pantry shelves, drawers, on under parts of tables wherever ants or roaches travel. Dusted on beds, at ends of slats, in all crevices, in the springs, it is a safe preventive; no insects will be seen where *Pyrethrum* powder is dusted. Pkt. 5c,

Pyrethrum Roseum

It Pays to Make Home Beautiful

For a very small investment for ornamental climbing plants the beauty of any home can be much enhanced, besides the value of the place increased many fold over the investment. Following we list some of the best:

Wild Cucumber

Cinnamon Vines grew 30 feet last year and were the talk and wonder of the neighborhood."

W. Weeks, Worcester Co., Mass., writes—"I enclose an order for 100 more roots. I sold the last lot in fifteen minutes."

Mrs. Allen, Mystic, Conn., says—"The vine is beautiful and so fragrant it perfumes the whole house."

Wild Cucumber

Annual. For covering porches, trellises or anything where a climber can be used this is certainly the best plant we know of, if you want shade early in the season. It grows to a height of 20 to 30 feet in a remarkably short space of time, and is covered with a profusion of sweet-scented white flowers followed by prickly seed pods. **Pkt. 5c.**

Apios Tuberosa

APIOS TUBEROSA

A native climber and one of the most beautiful in cultivation. A profuse bloomer, bearing lovely clusters of rich, deep purple flowers with a delicious violet fragrance. It is a wonderfully robust grower, attaining a great height, its vines and dense foliage resembling the common Wistaria. The bulbs are perfectly hardy, needing no protection whatever and last forever when once started. **10c each, 6 for 25c, 50c per dozen.**

DOLICHOS

This luxuriantly flowering vine is a most welcome addition to the list of annual climbers, and as a late, beautiful and prolific bloomer, should have a place in every flower garden, or wherever bare walls or unsightly objects are to be hidden from the eye. **Pkt. 5c, oz. 30c.**

Cinnamon Vine

Beautiful, Fragrant Cinnamon Vines

Once Planted, Last a Lifetime.

A beautiful and rapid climber, possessing the rare quality of emitting from its flowers the delightful odor of cinnamon, and very appropriately called the "Cinnamon Vine." The plants are grown from bulbs or roots, are perfectly hardy, the stems dying down every autumn, but growing again in the spring so rapidly as to completely cover any trellis or arbor very early in the season. The vines often run 25 feet or more, and when trained over and about a door or window make an ornament much admired, while its many clusters of delicate white flowers send out an amount of fragrance that is truly wonderful. Is easy to cultivate, has no insect enemies and not affected by drought, because its roots so deeply. The tubers increase in size from year to year; are often two feet long at two or three years of age and run

straight down in deep soil. We have sold these tubers for

several years and the plant has ever increased its popularity.

Mrs. C. Hensley, Putnam Co., Ind., writes—"The

CLEMATIS

THERE is no more ornamental class of plants than Clematis, and the rich show of bloom produced by the best varieties is far too magnificent to be fairly portrayed by mere words. The flowers are of large size, measuring four to six and sometimes eight inches in diameter. The colors run from intense velvety purple through blue, lavender and white, and a new crimson variety (Madame Edouard Andre) has lately been added to the list.

MADAME VEILLARD.

JACKMANNI.

HENRYI.

MADAME EDOUARD ANDRE.

Duchess of Edinburg—One of the best double whites, of vigorous habit, very free of bloom and deliciously fragrant. Each 15c, 3 for 35c.

Henryi—A vigorous grower and a free bloomer, producing its large, pure white flowers constantly during summer and early autumn. The best large-flowered variety producing pure white flowers. Each 15c, 3 for 35c.

Jackmanni—The flowers are large, intense rich velvety violet purple and are produced in such masses as to form a cloud of bloom. Well known and very popular. Each 12c, 3 for 35c.

Madame Baron-Veillard—Of recent introduction

and quite like its parent, the popular Jackmanni, in habit and make-up, except that its flowers are *lively, satiny lavender pink*; entirely distinct from any other variety and charming in effect. Each 15c, 3 for 35c.

Madame Edouard Andre—Also of the Jackmanni type and is the nearest approach to a *bright red* that has yet appeared. The flowers are very large, usually six-petaled, of a distinct, pleasing shade of carmine, and are produced in bewildering profusion. Each 15c, 3 for 35c.

Ramona—Lavender blue; flowers very large, often nine inches across. The most beautiful variety of its color yet known. Each 15c, 3 for 35c.

Paniculata—One of the most valuable of all hardy flowering vines, of exceedingly rapid growth, soon reaching a height of fifteen or twenty feet and spreading out in all directions. Small, pure white flowers, borne in great masses of panicles or clusters on long stems, so profuse as to fairly cover the plant with a sheet of fleecy white. Its blooming period is in August and September, when most other vines have ceased, and it is then a sight to behold. Not its least charm is its delightful Magnolia-like fragrance, which fills the air everywhere, even from a single vine, for a long distance. It is as hardy as an oak. Each 15c, 3 for 35c.

SPECIAL OFFER—Any three Clematis 35c, or the 7 for 80c, all postpaid.

WISTARIAS—The Wistaria is particularly valuable for training over buildings, second floor verandas and wherever tall-growing climbers are wanted; it is a vigorous, rapid grower, and entirely hardy. The flowers are borne in long, pendulous clusters, deliciously sweet

and exceedingly handsome; one of the best climbing vines for verandas, balconies, etc.

Chinese Purple—Rich violet purple, 12c each.

Chinese White—Pure white flower, 15c each.

One plant of each for 25c, postpaid.

Ampelopsis Veitchi.

(Boston Ivy.)

A beautiful climbing plant. This is one of the finest climbers we have for covering walls, as it clings firmly to the smoothest surface, covering it smoothly with overlapping foliage, giving it the appearance of being shingled with green leaves. The color is a fresh deep green in summer, changing to the brightest shade of crimson and yellow in autumn. It is quite hardy and becomes more popular every year.

Each 15c, 2 for 25c, 5 for 50c, 12 for \$1.00, postpaid.

Honeysuckles.

For real home vines, to be near you, climbing over your windows and doorways, there is nothing prettier than sweet-scented Honeysuckles; the foliage is pretty, neat and clean, the flowers are almost continuous, and their fragrance delicious. The varieties described below are the very best.

Honeysuckle Hedges—Some of our friends have conceived the idea of planting Honeysuckles along the division fences, and it is wonderful what pretty hedges they make. Iron or wire fences are the best, but almost any kind is soon covered with a mantle of living green, making a very pretty and cheap border for lawns, drives, parks, walks, cemeteries, etc. Other climbing vines will answer the same purpose, but the sweet-scented Honeysuckles are both fragrant and beautiful. They should be planted two feet apart.

Hall's Japan—A strong growing, almost evergreen sort with pure white flowers changing to yellow. Very fragrant; covered with flowers from July to November.

Monthly Fragrant—Red and yellow; very fragrant. Blooms all summer; leaves tinged with reddish color.

Scarlet Trumpet—Bright, red trumpet-shaped flowers; bloom very freely the entire season, vigorous and rapid growing.

Price of each variety of Honeysuckles, 15c; 2 for 25c, 5 for 50c, 12 for \$1.00, postpaid.

Orders for Honeysuckle, Ampelopsis, Wistaria and Clematis should be received not later than April 15. See other climbers in flower seeds. Orders for all plants will not be filled until weather permits in the spring.

HARDY SHRUBS AND PLANTS ONCE PLANTED WILL LAST FOR YEARS. Orders should be received by April 15, although some seasons we can fill them until May 1.

NEW DOUBLE GOLDEN RUDBECKIA.

(Golden Glow.)

This is one of the grandest hardy yellow flowering plants ever introduced, particularly valuable for garden, lawn and park planting; grows six to eight feet high; graceful branching habit and pretty foliage; once planted lasts for years. Blooms during July and August the first season, and bears immense masses of large, round, golden yellow flowers, perfectly double like roses and two or three inches across, covering the whole plant with a sheet of splendid golden yellow flowers for weeks. It is easy to grow and sure to bloom, and cannot be too highly recommended as one of the most showy and handsome ornamental plants ever introduced. The flowers are borne by hundreds, on long, graceful, nodding stems, just right for cutting. Do not forget to include it in your order; it is a plant that will please you.

Each 15c, 2 for 25c, 5 for 50c, postpaid.

ACHILLEA, THE PEARL

One of the very best white flowering plants for the border. The flowers are borne in the greatest profusion. Pure white in color, somewhat resembling the Pompon Chrysanthemums. As a summer cut bloom it is a great acquisition. Each 12c, doz. \$1.00.

BLEEDING HEART, *Dicentra Spectabilis*.

One of the finest plants known for borders, pots or for planting in any sunny situation. If potted in November and left outside until it has formed new roots and then brought into gentle heat, it will flower early in March. The beautiful rose-colored flowers are produced in great abundance and are heart shaped. When planted in the open ground it flowers in April and May. Absolutely hardy. Strong, imported roots. Each 15c, three for 40c, doz. for \$1.50.

ANTHEMIS TINCTORIA, Hardy Marguerite

Very satisfactory summer flowering perennial, succeeding in the poorest soil, growing about 15 inches high and blooming continuously during the summer. Of dense, bushy growth with large, golden yellow flowers. Each 12c, doz. \$1.00.

COREOPSIS ROSEA

Pink flowers; height of plant about six inches; a very pretty border plant. Each 12c, doz. \$1.00.

Bleeding Heart

COREOPSIS LANCEOLATA or GIANT GOLDEN COREOPSIS

Begins to blossom in June and continues in flower until cut down by frost. The blossoms are of graceful form, a rich golden yellow color, and are very fine for cutting purposes. Is easily grown, perfectly hardy and succeeds in any position. Each 12c, doz. \$1.00.

HELIOPSIS PITCHERIANUS (Orange Sunflower)

A desirable herbaceous plant, growing four to five feet high. It is a perpetual bloomer, commencing to flower early in the season and continuing in bloom the entire summer. The flowers are a beautiful deep golden yellow color, about two inches in diameter, of very fine texture, and are extremely useful for cutting. Each 12c, doz. \$1.00.

LILY OF THE VALLEY

The exquisite white flowers and pale green foliage render this one of the most admired of plants. Succeeds in open ground in almost any situation, but prefers shade with plenty of moisture; once planted and established the crowns increase each year. The larger ones flower each season without any attention. Strong flowering crowns, 5c each, twelve for 50c.

Lily of the Valley

GERMAN IRIS. The True Fleur de Lis

These produce large, fragrant, Orchid-like flowers embracing many shades of color. They are extremely desirable for decorating the edges of ponds and moist ground—although a wet situation is not essential. They thrive in ordinary garden soil. Each 10c, 6 for 50c.

Japanese Iris

JAPANESE IRIS, *Iris Kaempferi*.

These magnificent Iris are among the most beautiful of our summer flowering plants and are destined to become more popular every season. They commence blooming about the middle of June and continue in bloom for five or six weeks. Many of these flowers measure from 10 to 12 inches in diameter and rival Orchids in their rich colorings and markings. Each 12c, 6 for 60c.

YUCCA FILAMENTOSA

ADAM'S NEEDLE

A stately, tropical-looking plant, very handsome for the lawn or garden. It is a hardy evergreen, the stem rising three or four feet high from the tuft of narrow, bayonet-like leaves, bearing a profusion of creamy white bell shaped flowers. It will thrive almost anywhere, even in sandy or shady places. Price 15c, 3 for 40c.

Yucca Filamentosa

JAPANESE FERN BALL A GREAT NOVELTY

This novelty from Japan is the finest addition to house plants yet introduced. The demand for them is enormous, as they please every- others. **For window, draw- ing-room or sus- pend in fern dishes, pend in any desired position in DIRECTIONS - a warm room in win- which water occasion- being careful that it dry. The greater the**

body, and where introduced they sell themselves to **placed from chandeliers, over dining tables** Place the ball in water for several hours and then sus- ter and outdoors in summer. Repeat every two days! ally, as required, does not become growth the more

demand for them is enormous, others. **For window, draw- pend in any desired position in until growth has started, after**

It looks like a Hornets' Nest.

Presto change—it is a Beautiful Bunch of Ferns!

water will be required to keep the ferns in a flourishing condition. To use in a fern dish, cut the ball in halves, placing the flat side down, thus getting two dishes of beautiful ferns. The Fern Ball may be allowed to dry up at any time and be set away and started again by watering as before. This is very convenient, should the lady of the house wish to go on a summer vacation. Diameter when dry, five to ten inches. The Fern Ball will be from one to four weeks in starting, according to degree of heat and moisture. Do not expose to direct rays of the sun.

Price, each, very large, 75c, medium, 50c, by mail, postpaid. Not prepaid, medium, 40c, 2 for 75c, 4 for \$1.40. Very large size, 10c each extra. They are usually sold for 75c each, or \$1.00 by mail.

ASPARAGUS SPRENGERII

Emerald Feather Asparagus

This is undoubtedly one of the handsomest and most valuable evergreen trailing plants for the house and conservatory ever introduced. It is especially valuable for pots, vases, baskets, etc., covering all with its beautiful sprays of lovely green feathery foliage, which can be cut freely and are very useful for bouquets, wreaths and all kinds of floral decoration. It makes a charming ornamental plant for the window or conservatory in winter and is equally valuable for vases, baskets and porch boxes in summer. It is a strong, vigorous plant, very easily grown, requires but little care and keeps on growing, fresh and green, year after year. **Each 15c, 3 for 40c, postpaid.**

ASPARAGUS PLUMOSA

Climbing Lace Fern

A finer and more delicate plant than the Sprengerii, but hardy and easily grown. Very satisfactory for window and house culture; an extremely graceful window climber; bright green, feathery foliage, as fine as the finest silk or lace. The fronds retain their freshness for weeks when cut and are greatly admired for floral decoration. An exceedingly beautiful plant for house and conservatory, and will thrive nicely in the temperature of an ordinary living room. Entirely unequalled for the grace and beauty of its lovely spray-like fronds. **Each 15c, 3 for 40c, postpaid.**

One plant each of the two kinds of Asparagus for 27c.

Asparagus Sprengerii.

TWO HARDY FLOWERING SHRUBS

Should be on every lawn; easily established; require little attention; cost little; last almost a lifetime.

Hydrangea Paniculata Grandiflora (The Hardy Hydrangea.) One of the finest hardy shrubs ever introduced, and in size and magnificence of bloom not excelled by any shrub in cultivation. The bush, in time, attains a large size, growing in beauty year by year. It is in the full glory of bloom from August until the middle or last of October, when every branch is crowned with a pinnacle of fleecy, pure white flowers, changing later to a pinkish hue, sometimes a foot long and nearly as broad at the base, presenting an aspect of majestic grandeur that absolutely defies description. Entirely hardy, very free growing, a profuse bloomer and thrives in all soils. It should have a prominent place in every garden, not only because it is such a glorious shrub, but for its flowers appearing at a time when few others are to be found. **Each 15c, 2 for 25c, 6 for 50c, 12 for \$1.00.**

ROSES

For the Millions
You can have
Loads of ROSES

CLIMBING ROSES

Crimson Rambler.
(See next page.)

Dorothy Perkins A splendid new pink Climbing Rose. The most valuable rose novelty since Crimson Rambler. In its foliage, growth and habit of blooming in large clusters, it is remarkably like Crimson Rambler, but the flowers

are more double and of a beautiful shell-pink color. It is of quite upright habit of growth and remarkable vigor, making growth of 10 to 15 feet often in a single season. In the important point of hardiness nothing more could be desired, two unusually severe winters having failed to injure even young plants, although during one of them the temperature went as low as 20 degrees below zero and there was not the usual snow fall to protect them. The flowers are very double, are of large size for this class of rose—usually 2 ins. across.

They are borne in loose clusters of from 30 to 40, and we have often counted even 50 and 60 in a truss. The petals are very prettily rolled back and crinkled. The buds are remarkably handsome, being pointed in shape and of just the right size for the button hole. The color is a most beautiful clear shell-pink and holds a long time without fading; even after the flower commences to fade the color is still pleasing, being then a lovely deep rose. The flowers are very sweetly scented, a characteristic not possessed by most other roses of the Rambler family. In vigor and habit of growth the "Dorothy Perkins" is identical with the Crimson Rambler. Each 20c, 3 for 50c, postpaid.

Dorothy Perkins.

Empress of China New and valuable perpetual blooming climber. Commences flowering the last of May and blooms repeatedly till very late in the fall. The flowers are small, but very delicate and waxy. The color is dark red in the bud and changes as the flower grows older to a lighter red or pink, like an apple blossom. Each 15c, 2 for 25c, 5 for 50c, 12 for \$1.00.

Mary Washington Its flowers are of medium size, pure white; perfectly double to the center, and borne in endless numbers of large clusters all summer. Vigorous and rapid grower. One plant of Mary Washington will produce more flowers and buds than a dozen ordinary roses. Its fragrance is tinged with old-fashioned musky flavor, so much admired in olden times. Each 15c, 2 for 25c, 5 for 50c, 12 for \$1.00.

Queen of the Prairies

Clear, bright pink, sometimes with a white stripe. Large, compact and globular, very double and full; blooms in clusters; one of the finest. Each 15c, 2 for 25c, 5 for 50c, 12 for \$1.00.

All the Beautiful Rambler Roses

Rose growers who have reveled in the incomparable beauty of the Crimson Rambler will hail with delight our announcement of its four equally beautiful companions. They are all hardy and the four comprising the colors, **Crimson, Rose, Pink and Yellow**, make a collection that will be the pride of every possessor.

Crimson Rambler The number of plants of this variety sold in the last three or four years is almost incredible, and as the people become more familiar with it the demand becomes still greater. It is an exceedingly vigorous and rapid grower, making shoots 10 to 20 feet in height in one season. When grown as a bush it is equally desirable, producing in marvelous profusion large trusses of flowers pyramidal in form and in color a rich glowing crimson. Perfectly hardy. No yard or garden should be without it. Each 15c, 2 for 25c, 6 for 50c, 12 for \$1.00.

New Yellow Rambler The Yellow Rambler has been found to successfully withstand, without protection, a continued temperature of from zero to 2 degrees below, which proves it to be far harder than any other yellow climbing rose yet introduced, and we believe that by laying the plants down in the winter it can be successfully grown in nearly all the northern parts of the U. S.

The flowers are borne in immense clusters, after the same manner as the Crimson Rambler. Each 15c, 2 for 25c, 6 for 50c, 12 for \$1.00.

New Pink Rambler This Rose is as charming as any of its rivals, embracing all their good qualities of hardiness, vigorous growth, profuse blooming and of delightful fragrance. Each 15c, 2 for 25c, 6 for 50c, 12 for \$1.00.

New Helene Rambler Originated in Germany and introduced for the first time two years ago. In many respects it is an improvement over Crimson Rambler, of which it is a seedling, being of more robust growth, but not as rigid as its parent. Elegant and graceful in habit. Makes a growth of 10 to 15 feet in a season. Its flowers are borne in large clusters and are produced in amazing profusion. The flower is larger than Crimson Rambler, almost double. Color, soft violet rose, almost bluish; base of petals yellowish white, while the anthers and pistils are pure yellow, rising bodily from the flower. Each 15c, 2 for 25c, 6 for 50c, 12 for \$1.00.

SPECIAL OFFERS—For 50 cents we will send one each of the four Rambler Roses, or for 50 cents we will send one each of the other four Climbing Roses; or for 90 cents we will send one each of the eight Climbing Roses. All delivered by mail or express. Please give express office, as well as postoffice, when ordering.

Everblooming Bedding Roses

PRICES—By mail postpaid, each 10c, six for 50c, twelve for \$1.00

The roses given under this class are mostly the result of crosses between the Teas and Hybrid Perpetuals. In this class will be found many varieties famous for their vigor, profuseness, brilliancy and exquisite fragrance of flowers. They combine the valuable characteristics of both the Teas and Hybrid Perpetuals, inasmuch as they bloom freely the first year like ordinary Everblooming Tea Roses, and from the Hybrids they inherit the large, finely formed flowers and pungent fragrance, together with vigor and hardiness. South of Philadelphia they are hardy; in the North they will be benefited if given slight protection.

Varities marked * are of exceptional hardiness

***Agrippina**—Deep crimson, very hardy and free flowering; an old garden favorite.

Bon Silene—This remarkable Rose was introduced in 1839, and up to this time no new variety has superseded it, a fact that bears ample testimony to its valuable qualities. The color is deep rose, sometimes bright rosy crimson, occasionally pale light rose.

Bride—The favorite white Tea Rose for forcing. A most beautiful and appropriate named variety.

Bridesmaid—A delightful Tea Rose, a sport from the old and popular pink Tea, Catharine Mermet, but of a fine clear, dark pink, much deeper and more constant in color than Mermet; very desirable; does exceedingly well in the open ground and is also valuable for forcing.

* **BURBANK**—A perfectly hardy new Everblooming Rose. This lovely rose was raised by Mr. Luther Burbank, of California, known the world over as the "Wizard of Horticulture," and is the only variety out of seventy-five thousand cross-bred seedlings which he raised, that he was willing should bear his name. The color is described as cherry crimson—it is in other words, the very deepest and brightest pink Rose in cultivation. It is peculiarly adapted for both outdoor planting or for blooming in pots in the house during winter. The Burbank Rose is perfectly hardy and will stand our most severe weather. Each 15c, 3 for 40c.

* **Clothilde Soupert**—The best bedding or pot culture Rose known. Color a French white, deepening to a rosy blush in the center, exceeding in distinctness of shadings the well known Malmaison. Its greatest value lies in its wonderful profusion of bloom, even the smallest plant being literally covered with flowers. Too much cannot be said in praise of this Rose for bedding purposes. Valuable as it is for garden purposes, it is even more so for pot culture, and ranks first for blooming in the house. It is entirely exempt from the diseases usually affecting roses in the house.

Catharine Mermet—A very beautiful Tea Rose, valued highly for its elegant buds; color clear shining pink, with delicately shaded amber and fawn centre; large globular flowers.

* **Champion of the World**—This is a free-blooming hardy Rose of great merit, introduced recently. Flowers of large size; color a lovely clear deep pink.

CAROLINE MARNIESSE—An absolutely hardy Rose that is always in flower. As a continuous bloomer we have never found an equal among other hardy roses of this variety. There is scarcely a day from the first of May till the middle or latter part of October when this variety does not show a considerable quantity of buds or flowers. The color is pure white, slightly tinged with pink, flowers of medium size, produced in clusters, very double, is of low-growing habit and especially adapted for a border.

* **Etoile de Lyon**—Rich golden yellow, a strong, healthy and vigorous grower, bearing flowers and buds early and late. Remarkably hardy, both as to cold and heat.

***Hermosa**—An excellent Rose, blooms in fine clusters; large, very double and fragrant; color beautiful clear rose; a constant bloomer; hardy; one of the best.

Kaiserin Augusta Victoria—This Rose combines many good qualities. Is a continuous bloomer, producing successive crops of buds and flowers in the greatest profusion. Buds are very beautifully formed, with large petals of best substance; color pure, snowy white, and when you add a rich perfume, coupled with a vigorous growth, what more could one ask?

***La France**—The old favorite. We have always given this the first place, the queen of all the Roses. It is of superb form, and double as a Rose can be. No variety can surpass it in delicate coloring, silvery-rose shaded with pink. It has a satin sheen over all its petals. It is universally regarded as the most useful of Roses, for it is hardy beyond question. It blooms continuously. The flower is large, finely built, endures for a great length of time and is exquisitely colored, and fragrant in the highest degree. A Rose of which one can never have too many.

***Mrs. DeGraw**—A hardy, everblooming Rose. In coloring it is a rich, glossy pink, delightfully fragrant, and is such a strong, vigorous grower that it is almost impregnable against attacks of the insects which usually destroy some of our finest roses. Thus it is certain to be unequalled for the garden or cemetery. A royal Rose. Every shoot is loaded with flowers.

***Mad. Hosté**—A popular rose. Extra large flowers and superb buds, very full and delightfully perfumed; color soft canary yellow, deepening at center to pure golden yellow, beautifully flushed with pale amber; edges and reverse of petals, creamy white.

Mad. Caroline Testout—Both flowers and buds are extra large and of very elegant form; the color is brilliant, satiny rose, deepening at center to clear red.

Marion Dingee—Promises to be of extraordinary value. The flowers are large, beautifully cup-shaped, moderately full, and borne in wonderful profusion all through the growing season. The color is, perhaps, the most remarkable feature. It is a deep, brilliant crimson, one of the darkest Tea Roses in existence.

Marie Guillot—One of the most reliable White Tea Roses in cultivation, especially for outdoor culture. The color is pure snow white, sometimes faintly tinged pale yellow. The flowers are magnificently made, extra large, full and double; the buds are very pretty; fragrance very sweet.

Meteor—The color is rich, velvety crimson, exceedingly bright and striking, and both buds and flowers are large and elegantly formed, fully double and borne on nice long stems.

***Mosella**. (Yellow Soupert)—This is everybody's Rose. Fully as hardy and equally as free blooming as Clothilde Soupert or Pink Soupert, and like them a strong dwarf, bushy grower. Flowers are very double and of the same Camellia-like form as Clothilde Soupert. Produces immense clusters of flowers. The color is white on beautiful light yellow ground.

***Pink Soupert**—Identical with Clothilde Soupert, except in color of flower. Color rich, dark, shining pink, sometimes nearly red. Young plants commence to bloom in May and continue to give crop after crop of flowers until late in October.

Niphetos—This still holds the lead as being the most elegant white Rose. The buds are three inches long.

Papa Gontier—A grand Red Tea, of fine crimson shade and silken texture. The bud is of fine size and graceful form. One of the best, and a perfect bedder.

Perle des Jardins—The color is clear golden yellow, an indescribably rich and beautiful shade. The flowers are extra large, full globular form, richly perfumed and exquisitely beautiful in every way.

Princess Bonnie—A richer, deeper crimson was never seen in a Rose, while its fragrance is most subtle and delicate. It is a profuse bloomer and as easy of cultivation as the most ordinary Rose.

***Parquerette**—The flowers are pure white, about one inch in diameter, flowering in clusters of from five to fifty blooms.

***Safrano**—A fine old Rose. This is a splendid old-time rose that has not been superseded by any new comer of its class or color. The color is a bright apricot yellow, changing to orange and fawn, sometimes tinted with rose. Very fragrant.

***Souvenir de la Malmaison**—This grand old variety, when used as a bedding Rose, produces the most perfect flowers in the hottest weather. Its rich, flesh-colored flowers are of immense size, double to the center, are produced in abundance. Exquisitely fragrant.

Souv. de President Carnot—Large, full, double, exquisitely shaped flowers. The buds are long and pointed—perfection in every line. The color is delicate bluish white, shaded a trifle deeper at center of the flower.

Collections of Ever-Blooming Bedding Roses.

In Ordering, Give Simply the Name of Collection Wanted.

The Soupert Collection—Three charming Soupert Roses for 27c, postpaid. One each of Clothilde Soupert, bluish white, Pink Soupert, deep pink, Yellow Soupert (Mosella), pale yellow. Three of the finest Roses for outdoor or indoor culture. Will produce hundreds of flowers the first year.

The Everblooming Yellow Collection—Four Hardest Yellow Everblooming Roses for 35c, postpaid. Etoile de Lyon, Madame Hosté, Mosella and Sairano. These varieties are all hardy as far north as Philadelphia and with a slight covering of leaves or straw will succeed perfectly even much farther north.

The Everblooming Red Collection—The four best dark red and everblooming Roses for 35c, postpaid. Marion Dingee, Meteor, Papa Gontier, Princess Bonnie. These are the cream of the dark varieties and should be in every garden.

The Everblooming Pink Collection—The four best pink everblooming Roses for 35c, postpaid. Champion of the World, Hermosa, Mrs. DeGraw and Souvenir de la Malmaison. All remarkably free flowering and of exceptional hardness, requiring protection only in the extreme north.

The Everblooming White Collection—The four best white everblooming Roses for 35c, postpaid. Caroline Marniesse, Kaiserin Augusta Victoria, Marie Guillot, Souvenir de President Carnot. Four gems among white Roses. Especially adapted for cemetery planting.

The All-Colors Everblooming Collection consists of the four preceding Collections—16 Roses for \$1.35, postpaid.

Hybrid Perpetual Roses

ROSES of this class produce the largest and most beautiful flowers and the varieties offered below are all thoroughly hardy. Some sorts do not bloom until the second year, but when thoroughly established they bloom very freely in June and July and at intervals throughout the balance of the summer and fall. They should invariably be planted in the open ground, being adapted for outdoor cultivation. They will stand a considerable amount of hardship and neglect, but improve greatly with good cultivation and rich soil. The quantity and size of bloom will be greatly increased by severe pruning each spring. All rough and scraggy wood should be cut away entirely and the other shoots should be cut back enough so as to leave only two or three eyes to grow.

Price of all Roses under this class, except as otherwise noted, each, 10c, any 6 for 50c, 12 for \$1.00, postpaid.

Alfred Colomb—Bright carmine-crimson; very large, fine shape, free flowering.

American Beauty—Rich, rosy crimson, of exquisite form and delicious fragrance: almost continuously in flower.

Anne de Diesbach—Brilliant shell-pink; very large and showy and sweetly scented. Very double and of fine form; of strong growing, vigorous habit.

Baron de Bonstettin—Rich dark red, passing to a deep velvety maroon, sometimes almost purple; large, sweetly scented, very double and beautiful.

Caprice—A striped rose, the ground color being a clear satiny pink, distinctly striped and dashed with white and bright carmine. The flowers are large, slightly cup-shaped, but full and deep. The buds are especially handsome, being of fine shape and showing the stripe and markings to great advantage.

CLIO (new)—Flesh color. This is one of the finest roses we have yet seen, and we predict for it, as soon as known, the greatest popularity. It has the most delicate texture and coloring imaginable, a beautiful globular form and in size is something truly striking, growing 6 inches in diameter and truly magnificent in appearance. The plant is a very vigorous grower and perfectly hardy. Each 10c, 3 for 40c.

Coquette des Alps—Pure white, tinged with pink in the center. A continuous bloomer, as it is scarcely ever without flowers from early summer until cut off by frost in the fall.

Coquette des Blanches—Similar to the preceding, except that the flowers have a creamy tinge instead of pink in the center. Equally free flowering in habit.

Gen. Jacqueminot—A grand old rose which every one knows, at least by name and reputation. Rich crimson scarlet in color and especially handsome in the bud.

Gen. Washington—Soft, glossy scarlet, flowers large, broad and open in shape, but very double. Especially desirable on account of the quantities of flowers produced in the fall when many other varieties bloom but shyly.

HELEN KELLER (new)—In this variety we have all the points necessary to constitute a sterling rose. The color is a brilliant rose, quite different in shade from any other variety and as pleasing as it is difficult

to satisfactorily describe. The petals are large, shell shaped, and very prettily rolled back from the center of the flower. The flowers are large, very full and fragrant. The plant is a vigorous grower and very free blooming. It is a most distinct and lovely rose, as may be further assured by the fact that it was awarded nine first-class certificates at the various rose shows and exhibitions in England. Each 15c, 3 for 40c.

John Hopper—Flowers are large, very regular and full. Color a brilliant rose, changing to bright glowing pink, shaded with rich crimson. Very sweet and a remarkably profuse bloomer.

John Keynes—Fine, deep reddish maroon, of strong, vigorous habit of growth. Flowers are of fine shape and very freely produced.

Mme. Gabriel Luizet—One of the most beautiful of all roses. Extra large, elegantly formed, very double and full, and fragrant. Color an exquisite shade of clear coral rose, suffused with lavender and pearl. Once seen will always be remembered. Good bloomer; hardy.

Mme. Georges Bruant (Hybrid Rugosa)—A genuine everbloomer. Are of large size, semi-double and are produced with remarkable freedom.

Mme. Plantier—This grand variety, when once planted, is as permanent as an oak, and for outdoor planting is the best white Hybrid Perpetual. We recommend it for cemetery planting because of its permanency. Flowers are pure white, very large and double. A profuse bloomer. Good white hardy roses are scarce. This is one of the very best. Should never be pruned.

Magna Charta—A splendid rose. Extra large, full flowers, very double; of fine form and sweet; color clear rosy red, beautifully flushed with violet crimson. A sure and profuse bloomer. One of the hardiest and best for general planting.

MARCHIONESS OF LORNE (new)—Large, full, cup-shaped. Buds long and handsome; rich, shining rose color; shaded with vivid carmine; remarkable for its perpetual flowering. Each 15c, 3 for 40c.

MARGARET DICKSON (new)—The flower is of magnificent form and very large. In color it is the most beautiful waxy white—a lovely shining white, with almost the lustre of a pearl. The petals are very large, well shaped and of great substance, but most delicate in texture. Each 15c, 3 for 40c.

Collections of Hybrid Perpetual Roses

(In ordering give simply the name of the collection wanted)

NOVELTY COLLECTION OF H. P. ROSES—Five magnificent new varieties for 55c, postpaid. Clio, Helen Keller, Marchioness of Lorne, Margaret Dickson and Mrs. Sherman Crawford. Here is a collection of varieties, all the most sterling values and comprising a most happily graduated range of color from pure white, through flesh-color, rosy-pink and deep pink to bright crimson. All fine varieties, all very hardy and very free flowering.

COLLECTION OF THREE NEAREST BLACK H. P. ROSES for 30c postpaid. Baron de Bonstettin, John Keynes and Prince Camille de Rohen. The beauty of these three dark roses can only fully be appreciated when seen, it cannot be adequately portrayed by words or pictures. The most beautiful velvet or satin is far out-rivalled by the glossy texture of their petals.

COLLECTION OF FOUR BEST RED H. P. ROSES for 40c postpaid. Alfred Colomb, Gen.

Jacqueminot, Gen. Washington, Ulrich Bruner. The cream of a large assortment of red varieties. All of vigorous growing and free blooming habit and very hardy.

COLLECTION OF FOUR BEST PINK H. P. ROSES for 40c postpaid. Anne de Diesbach, Madame Gabriel Luizet, Magna Charta, Mrs. John Laing. There are so many fine pink sorts that it is difficult to select the really best four, but think these come pretty close to it. It is a collection of jewels of the first water.

COLLECTION OF THREE FINEST WHITE ROSES for 30c postpaid. Coquette des Alps, Coquette des Blanches and Madam Plantier. All very hardy, very vigorous, and free flowering. A splendid collection for cemetery planting.

THE ALL-COLORS COLLECTION OF H. P. ROSES consists of the four preceding collections—fourteen roses for \$1.15 postpaid.

MOSS ROSES

The Moss Rose is a strong, vigorous grower, perfectly hardy and therefore justly esteemed as very desirable for outdoor culture in open ground. Most varieties bloom but once in the season and usually not the first year, but the flowers and buds are very large and handsome. Moss Roses like rich ground. This is a favorite class with every one on account of the beautiful buds, which for bouquets and cut flowers are invaluable. They are all very hardy.

Blanche Moreau—This fine variety is highly recommended. Flowers are produced in clusters and are

large, full and sweet; color is pure white. Both flowers and buds have an abundance of lovely deep green moss.

Crimson Globe—A fine, deep crimson, the flowers having the handsome globular shape characteristic of the H. P. varieties. Buds well mossed, very free flowering, vigorous and hardy.

Princess Adelaide—One of the best. Extra large flowers, very double and fragrant. Buds beautifully mossed; color bright rosy pink.

Price of Moss Roses, each 15c, 3 (one of each) for 40c.

The popularity of the Carnation is on the increase very rapidly. Next to roses the Carnation is most sought after. The flower lovers have learned to appreciate the many charms which the Carnation possesses. We offer a choice selection of the very best varieties. Price, each 10c, 6 for 45c delivered.

Bon Ton—Bright, warm scarlet, large, deeply fringed, fragrant flower on a stem as stiff as a reed. Perfect calyx. Habit of the plant exceptionally strong. The growth is so strong that it does not need staking.

Daybreak—Delicate salmon pink, vigorous grower. Color, when at its best, very soft, clear and pleasing. Flower will not stand in full sun, as the color bleaches and should be shaded when sun is strong. A very popular variety in all localities. Does well on nearly all soils.

Eldorado—Light, clear yellow,

Four Color Collection of Carnations for 25c delivered. One Plant each of Pink, Scarlet, White and Yellow, our selection of varieties.

CHRYSANTHEMUMS

The rapidly increasing number of Chrysanthemum exhibitions held throughout the country each succeeding season shows the hold this popular Autumn flower has upon the affections of the flower-loving public. Of the easiest growth, they quickly make large bushes, either in open ground or in pots, and the magnificent flowers which they give up, until severe frost make them ideal plants for yard, garden or pot culture. We offer the best kinds known. At the low prices for which we offer them, every one should have an abundance. They are the people's flower. Price, each 10c, 6 for 45c delivered.

Fisher's Torch—Bright fiery red, the richest shade in Chrysanthemums; large, fine flower.

Ivory—Unexcelled for pot culture or cutting; pure white flower of exquisite form and finish.

J. A. Lager—Reflexed, of great depth. Petals long and twisted, open at the end, of beautiful pure yellow.

Maude Dean—An immense pink variety, finely incurved; petals broad, shell-shaped. One of the largest flowers exhibited in the fall shows.

Major Bonnanfon—Soft, clear yellow; full in the center, eight inches in diameter and nearly as deep. In perfect form and finish; habit dark.

Mme. F. Bergmann—finest of all the early whites.

Four Color Collection of Chrysanthemums for 25c delivered. One plant each of Pink, Red, White and Yellow, our selection of varieties.

petals edged with a narrow band of light pink. A strong, vigorous grower with fine, healthy foliage; stems of good length, supporting large, finely formed flowers.

Evelina—A very fine white. Its strong points are its earliness, great freedom and continuity of bloom. It has so many good qualities, united to its freedom, that we feel sure that it will rank very high with Carnation growers.

Firefly—Deep scarlet, early, continuous bloomer; large, well formed flower, 2½ inches in diameter; strong, vigorous foliage covered with heavy bloom.

Flora Hill—The largest white variety to date, wonderfully free in bloom, clean and healthy. Planted in enormous quantities all over the country; easily suited as to soil; water sparingly.

Jubilee—Color intense scarlet; very large flower, on long, slender, but stiff stems; strong, non-bursting calyx. Seems to do best when grown inside all summer, and also does best on a strong, stiff soil.

Triumph—A pure, rich pink; flowers often measure 3½ inches across; early and very free; strong, robust grower; very long, stiff stems; never takes rust.

Wm. Scott—Bright pink; one of the most productive large flowered pink Carnations; flower medium to large size, 2 by 3 inches, on long stems, of good substance and stiffness. More generally grown than any other Carnation.

Gold Nugget—Clear deep yellow, slightly marked with red. In point of productiveness and constant blooming, a remarkable variety, strong grower, free, early and continual bloomer; stem long and stiff. The best yellow we have ever grown, and a prize-winner wherever shown.

very large and full, and of the purest white, with creamy center; a strong, sturdy habit; fine foliage. The most popular white variety with florists for early forcing.

Mrs. E. G. Hill—One of the earliest of all large flowering sorts. Flowers very large; color delicate pearl pink.

Mrs. Henry Robinson—In the entire Chrysanthemum family there is no grander white variety.

Niveus—A grand snow white variety; center irregularly incurving with outer petals reflexing nearly to the stem. Constitution robust; foliage large and abundant; keeping qualities of the flowers are unsurpassed.

The Queen—One of the grandest of all whites, especially for exhibition.

SUMMER FLOWERING BULBS

GLADIOLUS

The gladiolus is the most attractive and fashionable of all summer flowering bulbs or plants. There are few plants that can be used in so many ways, and few that display such a variety and brilliancy of colors. It rivals the rose and carnation and is of much easier culture. It has no insect enemies. The planting is as simple as sticking a potato in the ground, while the results are more certain than getting a crop of potatoes. They may be planted year after year.

MIXED GLADIOLUS. (Of Separate Colors.)
Dozens Post Paid, Hundreds not Post Paid.

	Per doz.	Per 100
White and light mixture, choice.....	50c	\$3.00
White and light mixture, extra.....	30c	2.00
Yellow, fine yellow tints.....	40c	2.75

	Per doz.	Per 100
Red, rich red and scarlet.....	25c	\$2.00
Pink, rich, deep and light.....	30c	2.00
Variegated, choice.....	50c	3.00

12 CHOICE GLADIOLI FOR 50c.

This Collection cannot be excelled for easy cultivation and certainty of blooms.

AUORE.—Bright salmon rose, striped with orange and lilac; a distinct color.
BRENCHLEYENSIS.—Intense brilliant scarlet; one of the most showy and brilliant in cultivation.
CERES.—Pure white, with purple rose spots and marks. A very fine white.
FATIMA.—A rich ivory white, splashed and striped heavily with rosy salmon.
FEU FOLLETTE.—Ivory white, suffused and striped with salmon.
HESPERIDE.—Grand white, richly suffused and striped bright, rosy salmon; beautiful.

JOHN BULL.—White, slightly tinged deep creamy color; delicately suffused rose.
LA MARCK.—Cherry red, with pure white throat.
MAD. MONERET.—A very popular sort; a very pretty delicate rose color; flowers large and showy.
MR. BAINS.—A beautiful clear orange red; a pleasing, showy color.
MAY.—A grand new variety of a rich, tender, rosy pink, splashed and striped carmine; should be in every collection.
NAPOLEON III.—Rich, bright, dark red, pure white throat.

5c EACH, THE SET FOR 50c POST PAID.

GIANT FLOWERING FRENCH CANNAS.

Grandest Bedding Plants.

If you wish a bed that will be something really magnificent, prepare the ground well; make the soil light, deep and very rich. In dry weather soak thoroughly to the depth of a foot or more, once or twice a week. If possible, give it a full exposure to the hot sun. Cannas will do well and make a great display without much attention, but you will be astonished at the wealth of bloom produced by a bed prepared and watered as above.

7 of the Very Best Sorts in Cultivation. Every One of Exceptional Merit.

The following 7 sorts we consider the very best sorts, entirely satisfactory, that will yield gorgeous results:

EGANDALE.—An excellent variety with bronzy green foliage, large spikes of rich cherry red flowers, freely produced. One of the best of its type.

FLORENCE VAUGHAN.—Undoubtedly the best yellow spotted variety. Bright golden yellow, spotted red large heads, profusely produced.

M. CROZY.—No doubt the most popular canna; color a bright scarlet, bordered golden yellow.

M. BERAT.—A distinct shade of pink. It is the nearest approach to a pure pink. A rosy carmine, which is pleasing and effective.

Grow as Readily as Field Corn.

QUEEN CHARLOTTE.—A grand gilt-edged sort of a dwarf habit, color a rich, scarlet crimson, broadly, bordered with a bright canary yellow. Grand for massing or in beds.

SECY CHABANNE.—A superior salmon of a rich pleasing cast; a decided advance in this color of exceptional merit, producing immense heads of large flowers, especially fine for masses or with brilliant shades.

SOUVENIR DE ANTONIE CROZY.—Absolutely the best of the gilt-edge type; a rich, dazzling crimson, with bright golden yellow band. With us the showiest canna, early and free bloomer.

EACH 15c, 6 FOR 50c, 15 FOR \$1.00, 50 FOR \$3.00, DELIVERED FREE.

FIVE SUPERB ORCHID FLOWERED CANNAS.

ALLEMANIA.—Giant flowers fully 6 to 7 inches across the upper petals, salmon red with broad border of golden yellow. Lower petal is dark salmon with yellow in center. 15c.

AUSTRIA.—Rich canary yellow, slightly tinted with reddish dots; a massive tall grower. When well grown it is grand. 10c.

BURBANK.—Canary yellow, grand form and attractive green foliage, quite free flowering. 15c.

ITALIA.—Grand as a specimen plant or in beds; its musa-like foliage complemented with bright orange-scarlet, with broad golden-yellow bordered blooms of immense size. 15c.

WILHELM BECK.—Broad, green leaves, immense trusses of sulphur yellow flowers with red penellings. A remarkable variety. 20c.

THE SET OF ORCHID CANNAS FOR 60c, TWO SETS FOR \$1.00, ALL POSTPAID.

Five Latest Novelties in American

ABRAHAM LINCOLN.—Tall growing, very promising; exceptionally large flowers and large trusses of a solid fiery crimson; early and profuse. 25c.

BLACK PRINCE.—A grand canna in every way. The darkest crimson ever sent out. Grand large flowers freely produced in large, bold trusses. 25c.

GEO. WASHINGTON.—The richest shade of bright

Cannas. Exceptionally Promising.

velvety crimson, large size; Unusually fine in every way. 50c.

LURAY.—Large beautiful trusses of bright shining rose, deepening to clear cherry red. 25c.

MT. AETNA.—Foliage dark purple, flowers of beautiful brilliant crimson; promises to be the best of its class. 25c.

THE SET OF FIVE NOVELTIES FOR \$1.00, POSTPAID.

CALADIUMS.

Esculentum. (Elephant's Ears.) The leaves of this giant plant often attain a length of 3 feet. Very suitable for single plant on lawn, beds or margins of water. Attains greatest size in a moist situation. Keep bulbs in dry sand over winter. Each 15c, doz. \$1.50, ½ doz. same rate, postpaid. By express, \$1.00 per doz.

Fancy-Leaved — Beautiful ornamental foliage plants, especially valuable for window boxes, vases or out-of-door decorative work. Easily grown, thriving in pots or boxes, or in shady situations on lawn or garden. Plant in fairly rich sandy loam. There is a wide range of colors and markings, being most beautiful and interesting. We offer the choicest strains. Single bulbs 20c, 3 for 50c, 6 for \$1.00, 12 for \$2.00, postpaid. By express, \$1.50 per doz. No two of same colorings and markings.

Caladium, Fancy Leaved

Caladium Esculentum

TUBEROSE

New Excelsior Pearl.

This is the best variety and is a general favorite, and the most popular of all flowers for buttonhole bouquets. Can be grown in pots or plant in open ground in May. The flowers of this variety are double the size of the common Tuberose and are borne in great profusion. Of dwarf habit, perfectly double and most delicious fragrance. No flower garden is complete without a few stalks. If planted in pots in early winter, will bloom before spring flowers come.

Extra sized flowering bulbs 5c each, 3 for 10c, 40c per doz., 25 for 75c, 100 for \$2.50, postpaid. By express or freight at expense of purchaser, 100 for \$1.75, 500 for \$6.00.

Begonias. Tuberous-rooted varieties. This charming class of Begonias is one of the handsomest of all summer flowering tuberous-rooted plants. Their culture is the simplest, and with the least regard for their requirements, will repay with an abundance and brilliancy of bloom. They delight in a rich, mellow, well-drained soil, where they can be liberally supplied with water, preferably in a position where they will be shaded from the direct rays of the sun during the hottest hours of the day, and will succeed equally well grown as pot plants for the conservatory or window garden.

SINGLE—Scarlet, Orange, Crimson, Pink, White, Yellow, 10c each, set of 6 colors 50c, \$5.00 per 100. Prices are postpaid.

SINGLE—All colors mixed, 8c each, 75c per doz., \$4.00 per 100.

DOUBLE—Scarlet, Pink, White, Yellow, 20c each, set of four colors 75c, \$2.00 per doz.

DOUBLE—All colors mixed, 15c each, \$1.50 per doz.

Maderia Vine. (Mignonette Vine, or Mexican Vine.) A beautiful tuberous-rooted climber, with glossy green leaves and handsome racemes of fragrant white flowers. The vine makes a very rapid growth, and a few plants will cover a trellis or cottage wall in a single season. It is a very pretty thing to use for shading a porch or veranda. The tubers must not be allowed to become dry, and should be either kept in damp moss or put at once in the ground. 5c each, 6 for 25c, 45c per dozen, postpaid.

Spotted Calla. This Calla is much like the White Calla, but of much smaller growth. The rich, glossy, green leaves are covered with pure white spots. The dry roots are planted out like gladioli, and dug and wintered in the same manner. Splendid for borders or beds. First size, dry roots, 15c each, 3 for 40c. Extra large selected bulbs. 25c each, 3 for 60c.

Tuberoses.

DATE FARMING AND GARDENING. Its aim is to stimulate thought among farmers and lead to higher ideals. You better send for a sample copy if unacquainted with it.

IN conversation with farmers, we come across a few who say they do not take a farm paper and appear to be proud of it. This is the class of farmers who know very little, but think they know it all. Then there is a larger class who say, "I now take more papers than I read." The chances are some of the papers they take are not worth reading, as we cannot imagine any farmer who is not anxious to read all the good advice on farming that is current. The fact is, there are very few good farm papers—the majority are trashy; and no wonder the intelligent farmer is inclined to turn them all down on general principles. Yet there is one paper that is a gem amongst the many rough stones. It is **UP-TO-DATE FARMING AND GARDENING**.

J. A. EVERITT, Publisher, Indianapolis, Ind.

SOME REMARKABLE NEW FRUITS

The Bismarck Apple

Is perhaps the most wonderful of all apples. It originated in Victoria, Australia, and was named by three eminent pomologists, "Bismarck." It bears abundantly the first year after grafting. The fruit is remarkably large, very showy (a bright yellow) and a fine keeper. Wonderful tales of its superior character are told of it in Germany. It is not only extremely hardy, but also the only apple that will *do well in hot countries*. Why wait ten years for an orchard? With the Bismarck Apple you can get an orchard in one year. The fruit always brings highest prices in market. In England old orchards are being extensively engrafted with this showy apple. Owing to its bearing when only a couple of feet high, it is frequently grown in pots as a useful ornament. Price, postpaid 20c each, 3 for 50c, 6 for \$1.00, by mail, express or freight delivered. Not delivered, larger trees \$15.00 per 100. Agents make good money buying these trees at \$15.00 per 100 and can sell them at 50c or more each.

The Logan Hybrid Raspberry-Blackberry

A thornless Raspberry-Blackberry originated in California. The fruit is as large as the largest blackberry, and produced in immense clusters. Color, clear, dark rich red; flavor of the blackberry and raspberry combined, mild, pleasant, vinous, peculiar to this berry alone. Excellent for all purposes. Seeds small, soft and few. Berries firm and carry well. Growth strong, 10 feet and more in a season; enormous bearer. Fruit ripens early, just after strawberries and before raspberries become plentiful. Always sells at highest prices. Vine is rust-proof and without objectionable thorns. Never attacked by insects or disease. Undoubtedly the most valuable fruit known and the hardiest.

planting. Price for
3 for 35c, 6 for 60c,
delivered,
100 for \$5.00
not delivered to
you.

Bears first year from
plants, 15c each,

Bismarck Apple Tree, 2 y'r old in fruit

NEW WHITE BLACKBERRY. ICEBERG.

Something entirely new in fruit, and all who plant the new White Blackberry will be more than pleased. The following description is that of the originator. He says: Owing to the somewhat unsatisfactory qualities of white blackberries so far known, the impression may have been entertained by some that no white blackberry could be as productive and hardy, with berries as early, abundant, large and handsome, as the best black ones. The well-known Law-

The Logan Hybrid Berry

ton is, when ripened, unsurpassed and very generally known as the most productive market berry. One of the great grandparents of Iceberg was Lawton. The first generation of seedlings, when crossed with Crystal white, was all black; second, also, though varying much in other respects; but the third produced this wonderful plant bearing the snowiest white berries ever seen. Very little attention was paid to the long rows of crossbred descendants, until one day this berry was discovered among its black relatives, the canes bending in various directions with their load of delicious snowy berries, which are not only white, but so transparent that the seeds, which are unusually small, may be seen in the berries when ripe. Clusters are larger than those of Lawton berries, as near as can be judged. They were at least as large, earlier, sweeter and more tender. 15c each, 6 for 75c, 12 for \$1.40, delivered, 100 for \$6.00 not delivered.

45 CENTS Will buy one of each of these new plants, or 3 sets for \$1.25, all delivered to you. The three sets may go to one or more addresses, a full set to each.

AGENTS WANTED to sell these fruits. Our wholesale prices are as quoted by 100. There are no better seeds and plants than the O. K. (all right) brand and no others are so cheap.

Iceberg Blackberry.

CURRENTS

(Orders for Currents must reach us by April 15.)

Price, delivered to purchaser of each variety, 12c each, 3 for 30c, 6 for 50c. By express, not prepaid, 50c per doz, \$3.00 per 100.

Fay's Prolific—The leading market variety. Extra large stems and berries; uniform in size, easily picked; exceedingly productive. No variety ever made as quick a jump into popular favor, the demand most seasons being in excess of the supply.

Black Champion—Very productive; large bunch and berry; excellent quality; strong grower. The leading, well-tested black sort.

Cherry—Berries sometimes more than half an inch in diameter; bunches short; plant very vigorous and productive when grown on good soil and well cultivated.

La Versailles—Very large red; bunch long, of great beauty and excellent quality. One of the finest and best. Should be in every collection.

North Star—The strongest grower among the red varieties. Should be given plenty of room and ground kept well enriched. Bunches average four inches in length and are freely produced. Combines extra hardiness, vigorous growth, extra quality and great productiveness.

Victoria—Large, bright red; bunches extremely long; berries medium size and of excellent quality. Good, erect grower; very productive. Ripens late, making it one of the most valuable sorts.

White Grape—Very large; yellowish white; sweet or very mild acid. Excellent quality and valuable for the table. Productive.

GRAPES

(Orders for Grapes should be received by April 1.)

Any of the following varieties, delivered: Each 12c, 3 for 35c, 6 for 70c. By express, not prepaid, 90c per doz, \$5.00 per 100.

The following varieties are the very best. You could not make a better selection if you had a large catalogue before you:

BLACK VARIETIES

Concord—The old well known and deservedly popular variety. Succeeds wherever grapes can be grown

Moore's Early—Bunch and berry large. Vine is very hardy and productive.

Ripens early. Like the Concord, succeeds in nearly all sections.

Worden—An exceptionally fine variety of the Concord type, but earlier, bunch and berry larger and of better quality. In our opinion the best of all black grapes.

RED VARIETIES

Agawam (Rogers' No. 15)—Berries very large, skin thick, sweet, sprightly; ripens early. Vine very vigorous.

Lindley (Rogers' No. 9)—Fruit medium to large; tender and sweet. Ripens early.

Brighton—Berries above medium to large, of excellent flavor and quality. Bunch large and well formed. One of the earliest to ripen.

WHITE VARIETIES

Niagara—This variety has come to occupy about the same position among the white varieties as the Concord among the black. A leading market sort; bunch and berries large; greenish white. When fully ripe, pale yellow. Of good quality.

Moore's Diamond—Berries above medium size. Excellent quality; few seeds. Hardy and productive. Ripens before Moore's Early; excellent variety for home use or market.

Peckington—Bunch and berries large; juicy, tender and sweet. When ripe, light golden yellow. Vines very hardy and vigorous and free from mildew. Productive.

BLACKBERRIES

(Orders should reach us by April 15th at the latest.)

Prices, except as noted, each 5c, 40c per doz., postpaid. \$1.00 per 100 by express.

Early Harvest—The earliest Blackberry, consequently one of the most valuable, where it is hardy. Here it has proven hardy. Ripening in July, with its productiveness, it is eminently profitable for market, whilst its earliness and good quality make it a special favorite.

Erie—We have fruited the Erie for a number of years and we find it one of the best and its hardiness all that was ever claimed for it. It is one of the strongest growers and will produce large crops on what would be called poor soil. Its fruit is of the largest type, being very uniform in size and perfect.

Snyder—Very popular for the North and Northwest on account of its extreme hardiness. Wonderfully productive, size medium, fruit juicy and sweet, without the hard core of many sorts. Canes remarkably strong and thrifty. More largely planted than any other of the iron-clad varieties.

BLACKBERRIES (Continued)

New Rathbun

The Rathbun is decidedly superior in size, hardness and quality. A quart box of Snyder and a quart box of Rathbun were each counted, and while it took 164 berries to fill the former, 45 berries of the Rathbun completely filled the quart. The berries have very small seeds and no hard core; in fact, no core is perceived in eating them—all is sweet, luscious and of a high flavor. The plant is a strong, erect grower, makes plenty of fruiting wood, and although a true blackberry in all other respects, it propagates very freely from the tips of the shoots, like a dewberry or black raspberry. We cannot too strongly recommend this valuable new variety. Each 15c, 6 for 75c, 12 for \$1.30, delivered. Doz. 75c, 100 for \$4.50, by express, not delivered.

RASPBERRIES

Orders should reach us by April 15th at the latest.

Prices, except as noted, 4c each, 25c per doz., postpaid. \$1.00 per 100 by express.

The Cumberland

The largest black raspberry known. The berry for profit. It is perfectly hardy, having undergone a temperature of 20 degrees below zero, unprotected, without injury, in weather which badly crippled other varieties. For productiveness nothing exceeds it and few, if any, equal it. In size it is simply enormous; in quality unsurpassed. Ripening after the Palmer and Tyler and preceding the Gregg, it may be termed a middle season variety. It is a vigorous grower, throwing up stocky canes well adapted to support its loads of fruit. Each 10c, 6 for 50c, 12 for 90c, delivered. Doz. 70c, 100 for \$4.25, not delivered.

Cuthbert, Red—Leading late market variety all over the country. A remarkably strong and hardy variety. Berries very large.

Columbian, Purple—This great berry is superior to and larger than Shaffer's Colossal, which it resembles in type and color.

Golden Queen—Best yellow raspberry yet introduced. Briefly stated, it is a yellow Cuthbert of large size, great beauty, high quality, hardy and productive.

Gregg, Black—Best of late black caps; very large. Wants good soil to produce the best results.

Louden, Red—This raspberry ripens moderately early and holds out very late. It is highly productive, a good shipper, large, of superior quality and has an attractive crimson color.

GOOSEBERRIES

Orders should be received by April 15th.

Downing—An old well known variety. Fruit large and handsome; pale green and of fine quality. A strong, vigorous grower; seldom affected by mildew. One of the best, both for market and home use. Each 15c, 6 for 75c, 12 for \$1.15, delivered. Doz. 60c, \$3.50 per 100, by express, not delivered.

Houghton—Fruit small to medium, pale red, of fine flavor. Plants of slender, spreading growth and very productive. Each 15c, 6 for 75c, 12 for \$1.25, delivered. Doz. 60c, \$3.50 per 100, not delivered.

Smith's Improved—Fruit large, pale greenish yellow. Unsurpassed in quality, both for table use and cooking. Bush of moderate growth and exceedingly productive. Each 15c, 6 for 75c, 12 for \$1.25, delivered. Doz. 60c, \$3.50 per 100, not delivered.

Columbus—Fruit of the largest size; oval, handsome greenish yellow; finest quality. Plant a strong, robust grower, so far free from mildew. Foliage large and glossy. One of the best for general cultivation. Each 20c, 6 for \$1.00, 12 for \$1.75, delivered. Doz. \$1.50, \$7.00 per 100, not delivered.

Industry—A variety of foreign origin, which has created a sensation everywhere. Productive of exceedingly large fruit of dark red color and delicious quality. Highly recommended, both in this country and Europe. Each 20c, 6 for \$1.00, 12 for \$1.75, delivered. Doz. \$1.50, \$7.00 per 100, not delivered.

Red Jackets—An American seedling of large size; smooth, prolific and hardy; of best quality. A heavy cropper, with bright, clean, healthy foliage. Each 20c, 6 for \$1.00, 12 for \$1.75, delivered. Doz. \$1.50, \$7.00 per 100, not delivered.

Downing.

PLANT AN ORCHARD.

This is your chance to get trees delivered to you at only a small fraction of the price usually charged.

As a guarantee of reliability we will say that these trees are grown for us by the Stark Bros.' Nursery and Orchard Co., whose reputation is unquestioned and whose trade is probably the largest in the country.

The selection of varieties must be left with the Nursery Co., but varieties will always be selected suited to the localities where to be planted. All changes will be paid to any freight station in the U. S. at prices quoted.

PEACHES, 2 to 3 feet.

50 trees for.....	\$6.00
100 " " ".....	10.00
200 " " ".....	16.00
300 " " ".....	24.00
500 " " ".....	32.00

APPLES, 2 to 3 feet.

50 trees for.....	\$6.00
100 " " ".....	10.00
200 " " ".....	17.00
300 " " ".....	25.00
500 " " ".....	35.00

PLUMS, 2 to 3 feet.

25 trees for.....	\$5.00
50 " " ".....	8.00
100 " " ".....	14.00
200 " " ".....	25.00

PEARS, 2 to 3 feet.

25 trees for.....	\$5.00
50 " " ".....	8.00
100 " " ".....	14.00
200 " " ".....	25.00

20 cherry trees.
20 plum trees.
20 apple trees.
20 pear trees.
20 peach trees.
50 grape vines.
25 currants.
10 gooseberries.
25 black raspberries
25 red raspberries.

AN
ORCHARD
FOR ONLY
\$15.00.

In explanation of the proportionately high price of small lots, we will say that the freight on 25 or 50 trees is as much as on 200 or 300. If you order three lots of \$5.00 or \$6.00 each, you may deduct \$1.00 from the price of each lot. Remember there is no charge for freight. The price quoted delivers the trees to your station. Thousands of our customers should embrace this opportunity to put out an orchard. If you plant this year, almost before you realize it you will have an abundance of fruit; but neglected now it may be neglected for years, and as a consequence, you will miss all the sweets of country life that an abundance of fruit affords.

Send all orders to

J. A. EVERITT, Seedsman, Indianapolis, Ind.

EVERITT'S MORTGAGE-LIFTING

SUFFICIENT attention is not given to farm seeds by the majority of farmers, and by most seedsmen this department is made of secondary importance. This is not as it should be. These are the crops in which the farmer is most interested. **They are money crops.** Success or failure depends on them, hence how important that those varieties be selected that are the most reliable and give the greatest results?

As an observing man passes through a farming community, those farmers can be pointed out who are enterprising, wide-awake and progressive. The surroundings are a fair index of the farmer. **The experimenting farmer** is the most prosperous of all. He recognizes that varieties of grain are running out (*dying*) and that new ones must take their place. He procures seed of all the promising kinds, tests them and selects the best to grow. Thus he **always** has the best, and all farmers who understand their business know that there is a great difference between the best and the poorest varieties of farm crops.

We can help the farmers along the road to prosperity if they procure their Farm Seeds of us. Superior productions, such as O. K. Seeds produce, will **LIFT THE MORTGAGE AND SWELL THE BANK ACCOUNT.**

Indianapolis is situated in the center of the richest and most extensive agricultural region on the face of the globe, and besides, it has shipping facilities unsurpassed by any other city in the country. We can save you time and money if you give us your order for Farm Seeds. See the map on second cover page.

"Superior Productions"

This is a good motto for American farmers.

SUPERIOR PRODUCTIONS are brought about by SUPERIOR SEED, SUPERIOR FERTILIZATION and SUPERIOR CULTIVATION, but chief and most important of these is SUPERIOR SEED.

"Good Seeds Bring a Glad Harvest" is a statement we used in the first advertising we did when embarking in the seed business twenty-three years ago. Later we adopted the trade mark **O. K. SEEDS**, and have always striven to sell good seeds, the foundation for good crops.

We have always made a Great Specialty of FARM SEEDS

Including Grass and Clover Seed, Seed Corn, Seed Oats, Seed Potatoes, etc. These are the **Money Crops** on nearly all farms, and are liable to degenerate very rapidly without proper care or judicious and frequent change of seeds. The difference between the poor or ordinary varieties of corn, oats and potatoes, as grown on the majority of farms, and the best varieties that could be grown with no extra expense, is really surprising. We will again quote from that great paper, the *Rural New Yorker*, as follows:

"Side by side in experimental plots we have raised as many as 75 different kinds of wheat. The best yield was at the rate of 37 bushels to the acre—the lowest 25. Side by side we have raised 100 different varieties of potatoes. The highest yield in our rich garden soil has been at the rate of 1,200 bushels to the acre, the lowest about 350. In field culture, in poor soil, well fertilized with potato fertilizers, we have raised from one variety 150 bushels to the acre, from another 300 to the acre. Now WHAT corn on your soil, good farmer, will give you the maximum yield? WHAT wheat? WHAT potato? WHAT kind of oats? Isn't it worth your while to find out, or don't you believe in such differences?

The above remarks should start you to thinking, and if you will invest a few dollars each year in **New Farm Seeds**, you will come out a great winner in the long run.

GRASS IS KING, CLOVER IS QUEEN

We buy, clean and sell large quantities of Grass and Clover Seed. If you buy, you cannot do better, quality and price considered, than to send to us your order. If you have a crop to sell, send us samples and get our prices.

FACTS

The most successful farmers are those who possess large meadows of a high quality of grasses. Oftentimes the low price of grain fails to net satisfactory returns. Stock-growing is far more profitable, and by the opening up of extensive foreign markets is not likely soon to be overdone. Hence, seed more ground to meadows. Raise more stock.

The Attention

Of careful farmers is directed to our Grass and Clover Seeds, which has been carefully selected and cleaned with the best machinery in existence. In buying our Grass and Clover Seeds, you don't pay for weed seed; something you don't want—in fact, are much better off without.

Weed Seeds

Cost money when you buy them in your grass and clover seed, but the greatest cost is what they discount the value of your hay crop and in getting rid of them when once introduced on your farm. Each year the farms are getting more foul with weeds, and the seeds we sow are mainly instrumental in introducing the pests. It is a fact admitted by all that weeds propagate more rapidly than do the cultivated crops, hence great care should be exercised that no foul seeds are sown. To make seed clean occasions some waste, consequently raises the price. The cost, however, is slight as compared with the results you obtain. To illustrate: In seeds commonly sold, you pay for the weed seed at the same rate as the pure seed. The resulting crop is discounted on account of the presence of weeds, while to get rid of the pests on your farm will require much labor and expenditure of money. *The best seeds produce the best crops, for which the highest market price is realized. Weeds reduce the value of your hay, besides exhausting your land.*

All prices of Grass and Clover Seed are subject to changes of the market. The prices quoted herewith are ruling on day of closing this Catalogue. We issue new price lists frequently, and advise prospective customers to send for them when they are ready to buy.

CLOVER SEED

The clover seed crop was very short and damaged by wet weather in the U. S.; was nearly a failure in Canada, and very short in Europe. High prices will prevail.

Bags, extra for each 2½ bushels or less, 15c each.

1 to 4 pounds prepaid by mail. Larger quantities by freight or express. Half bushel at bushel rate.

COMMON OR MEDIUM RED CLOVER—This is the variety in general cultivation, and is so well known that description is not necessary. By mail, pkt. 10c, lb. 35c, 4 lbs. \$1.25. By freight or express, ¼ bu. \$2.00, bu. \$7.50.

MAMMOTH CLOVER—(Sapling or English)—Like common or medium clover, but of larger growth. Largely grown. Of great value to sow on exhausted land. For hay, we recommend sowing a mixture of this and common clover. Much used for green manuring. By mail, pkt. 10c, lb. 35c, 4 lbs. \$1.25. By freight or express, ¼ bu. \$2.00, bu. \$7.50.

ALSIKE. (*Trifolium hybridum*)—This clover is deservedly in repute as one of the best perennial clovers, and is well adapted in this country. From the results of experiments, it is found to thrive on soils which are termed by farmers "clover sick." For this quality especially it has proved a valuable acquisition and is now generally approved of in all mixtures of grasses and clovers. Should be more generally grown. Sow in spring same as common clover. It will stand for years. Seed weighs 60 lbs. per bushel and is very small. On this account a bushel will sow from 12 to 15 acres, making it one of the cheapest varieties to seed with. This crop was very short. By mail, pkt. 10c, lb. 35c, 4 lbs. \$1.25. By freight or express, ¼ bu. \$2.35, bu. \$9.00.

LUCERNE OR ALFALFA CLOVER—See the next page.

SCARLET CLOVER. (*Trifolium Incarnatum*)—An annual and should be sown in July, August or September for best results. In sections where it succeeds it makes abundant pasture in the fall, winter and spring. It can be cut for hay in this latitude about May 1st, or will mature seed May 15th. It is the most rapid grower of all the varieties of clover and unequalled as a soil-enricher. If sown in the spring it will afford good pasture, but will not produce seed. It is very successful in States bordering on the Atlantic Ocean, but has not been uniformly successful in interior States. By mail, pkt. 10c, lb. 30c, 4 lbs. \$1.00. By freight or express, ¼ bu. \$1.50, per bu. \$5.50. Weight, 60 lbs. per bu. Sow 10 lbs. per acre.

WHITE DUTCH CLOVER—The best to sow with lawn grass and valuable in permanent pastures; very permanent. Pkt. 10c, lb. 45c, 4 lbs. \$1.50. By freight or express, 25c per lb., 10 lbs. \$2.50.

Alfalfa Clover

The Agricultural Wonder

Follow directions given below and you can grow it successfully in the East almost as well as in the West. The failures heretofore were largely on account of lack of knowledge how to prepare the ground and sow the seed.

THE failure of this crop with many farmers in the past is largely attributable to lack of understanding how to sow and treat it. It is adapted to nearly all parts of our country, but not to all soil. The main secret is to avoid heavy, compact, clayey soils.

The most valuable forage and fertilizing plant. It requires a deep, mellow soil. It thrives best on a sandy loam, the richer the better. In the driest and most sultry weather, when every blade of grass withers, Alfalfa is as fresh and green as in the spring, as its roots go down from ten to twenty feet to find moisture. Although a prodigious yielder, it improves the ground by the decay of its long roots and converts it into rich ground, full of vegetable matter. The seed may be sown early in the spring, as soon as the frost is out of the ground, in order to catch the spring rains, as it needs moisture to germinate. The ground should be prepared as carefully as for a grain crop. To sow like common clover is only to invite failure. In localities where irrigation is used it can be sown successfully at any time during the summer months. Most of our successful Alfalfa growers prefer sowing the seed broadcast, others are more in favor of drilling it in. If the latter plan is pursued, we advise drilling the seed both length and cross ways, say half quantity each way, in order to secure a more even stand. There is much discussion as to whether the seed should be sown by itself or with other grain, both methods being strongly advocated. Owing to the fact that Alfalfa needs light and sun, the majority of growers suggest sowing the seed by itself, provided it can be put in the ground early in the season, but when the sowing is delayed, we advise to sow oats or barley with it thinly to afford some protection to the young plants against the scorching rays of the sun in midsummer. Another circumstance has to be taken into consideration: If the ground proves to be very weedy, sow in connection with a crop of barley or oats; they can be raised as well as a crop of weeds. It is difficult to establish the first year, but will, when once started, produce a profitable crop; three and even four crops are cut yearly, aggregating five to seven tons to the acre. Never sow less than twenty-five pounds of good, clean seed to the acre.

How long it will live is a question not settled yet. Reports speak of Alfalfa fields in Chili that are several hundred years old, and still bearing good crops. The proper time to cut it is when the plant is in full bloom.

Roots
15 to 20
Ft. Long.
5 to 7 Tons
Hay Per Acre.
Endures 100
Years. Yields
As Much in Dry
Weather as in Wet.
A Field of Alfalfa
is Worth 3 Fields
of Any Other
Clover or Grass

Field of Alfalfa Clover, Cutting four tons of Hay per Acre

Alfalfa is so valuable that it is worthy of a good and well directed effort on the part of every farmer to succeed with it.

Price, by mail, 1 lb. 35c, 4 lbs. \$1.25. By freight or express, $\frac{1}{2}$ bu. \$2.00, per bu. \$8.00. Price liable to change. Will always fill orders at lowest market rates.

GRASS SEED

Bags, extra for each 2½ bushels or less, 15c each.

One to 4 pounds are prepaid by mail. Larger quantities by freight or express. Prices subject to change.

Send for prices when ready to buy.

Timothy (*Phleum Pratense*)—This is decidedly the best grass for hay, making a large return of strong, rich hay. Though somewhat coarse and hard, especially if allowed to ripen its seed, yet if cut in the blossom, or directly after, is greatly relished by all kinds of stock, and especially so by horses, while it possesses a large percentage of nutritive matter in comparison with other agricultural grasses. It grows very rapidly and yields very large crops on favorable soils. 45 lbs. to bushel. Sow 6 to 8 quarts, spring or fall, to acre. Mail, pkt. 10c, lb. 30c, 4 lbs. 75c. Freight or express, bu. \$2.25.

Kentucky Blue Grass (*Poa Pratensis*)—This is known in some sections as "June Grass." It is the best pasture for our climate and soil, succeeding finely on hill lands and producing the most nourishing food for cattle: retains its qualities to a late period in winter, and further south affording abundant food throughout the winter. Sow early in the spring or fall, 1 to 2 bushels per acre. Weight, 14 lbs. per bushel. We offer the pure unmixed Kentucky Blue Grass seed. We venture to say that half the blue grass sold is mixed with the cheaper Canadian blue grass, which grows a stiff, harsh, viny stalk, not nearly so valuable. Fancy cleaned, pkt. 10c, lb. 35c, 4 lbs. \$1.00, bu. \$1.50. Extra cleaned, 60c per bu. If ordered in 8 bushel bales, deduct 10 cents per bushel and we will also furnish bags free.

English Blue Grass, per bu. \$2.00; small lots same as Kentucky.

Canadian Blue Grass, per bu. \$1.25. Small lots same as Kentucky Blue Grass.

Orchard Grass (*Dactylis Glomerata*)—This is one of the most valuable and widely known of all pasture grasses, coming earlier in the spring and remaining later in the autumn than any other. It grows about 2½ feet high, producing an immense quantity of leaves and foliage. Blooms with red clover and making with it an admirable hay. It is well adapted for sowing under trees in orchards and very valuable either for grazing or for hay. 14 lbs. per bushel. Sow 1½ to 2 bushels to the acre, either fall or spring. By mail, pkt. 10c, lb. 35c, 4 lbs. \$1.00. Choice seed, bu. \$2.00, prime seed, per bu. \$1.85.

Red Top (*Agrostis Vulgaris*)—A valuable grass for moist soils and low lands. It is a good, permanent grass, standing our climate as well as any other, and consequently well suited to our pastures, in which it should be fed close, for if allowed to grow up to seed the cattle refuse it. On moist, rich soil it will grow 2 feet, and on poor, gravelly soil about half that height. 14 lbs. to bushel. Sow 2 bushels to acre, fall or spring. By mail, pkt. 10c, lb. 35c, 4 lbs. \$1.00. Very fancy seed, bu. \$1.50, fancy seed, per bu. \$1.30. Extra cleaned, 65c per bu.

MILLET

Prices subject to change.

GERMAN, or GOLDEN—The true large-headed variety. This has been considered the best variety and is largely grown wherever its value is known. It helps out wonderfully when a short crop of hay is threatened and produces two or three times as much per acre as timothy or clover: 3 to 5 feet high. Sow broadcast, 1 bu. to the acre for hay; ½ bu. if for seed, from May 1 to August 1. Ground must be rich and well drained. 50 lbs. per bu. Pkt. 5c, lb. 25c, 4 lbs. 75c. By freight or express, bu. \$1.25.

Common Millet—Smaller growth than German. Makes fine hay. It will succeed on poorer ground than the German. Price, 16c per bu. less than German. In small lots same as German.

Hungarian Millet—Early; height, 2 to 3 feet; abundant foliage and slender head; withstands drouths and yields well. Price, same as German Millet.

Siberian Millet—See next page.

Hog Millet—(Also called by some "Manitoba Millet," "Russian Millet," "Broom Corn Millet," etc. The name, Hog Millet, however, is very appropriate, on account of its large yield of seed and great value for stock feed, especially for hogs. In sections where corn will not succeed, this millet largely solves the problem as a substitute. It is very early, being ready to harvest in about two months from sowing. The seed matures while the stalk is still green. This millet has a branching head. The grains are larger than the German Millet and it yields from 30 to 60 bushels per acre. Pkt. 10c, lb. 30c, 4 lbs. 75c, ½ bu. 50c, bu. \$1.50.

Japanese Barnyard Millet—A variety of millet first introduced through the Massachusetts Agricultural College, and is largely grown in the New England States. It is recommended for the following qualities: It grows 6 to 8 feet in height and yields 15 to 25 tons of green feed per acre. It may be made into ensilage, fed green or cured as hay, and its feeding value is greater than corn fodder. It can be sown from the middle of May to the first of August. If broadcast, 12½ lbs. per acre; in drills, 8 lbs. Pkt. 10c, lb. 30c, 4 lbs. 75c, ½ bu. 75c, bu. \$2.25.

Rye (for pasture)—It grows very quickly and is of great value to help out when the regular pastures are short. May be sown any month in the year. Bu. \$1.00, 2½ bus. or more, 85c per bu.

Sugar Cane

We have two grades of Sugar Cane seed. One is for manufacturing purposes and the other for fodder. Realizing the importance the seed bears to this crop when wanted for manufacturing, we have obtained, regardless of cost, the best the country affords, and we believe planters will be willing to pay a fair price for a high grade article and thus avoid disappointment and loss in the crop. Our seed is selected according to form of head and stalk. It is especially stored and cured, and threshed and handled with greatest care.

EARLY AMBER—Most valuable variety for general cultivation, ripening as far north as Minnesota. Yields heavy crops of seed and fodder, which are excellent for feeding poultry, swine or cattle. Pkt. 10c, lb. 30c, 4 lbs. 75c, by mail. By frt. or ex., peck 75c, bu. \$2.25. For fodder \$1.25 bu., subject to change.

EARLY ORANGE—A later variety, suitable for the South or lower Middle or Western States. Requires a longer season to ripen; much larger and ranker in growth. Price the same as the Early Amber.

Quick Growing Lawn Grass

Fine lawns, grass patches or grass borders add to the beauty of a place almost as much as flowers. In fact, a certain amount of good grass is essential to the proper display of flower beds and borders. The next important thing to good grass sward is to get it quickly. We have prepared a grass mixture which will give a good sward the first year. It is the finest and quickest growing lawn grass ever sent out and will give the greatest satisfaction. It comprises 14 different kinds of grasses—the best varieties of this country and Europe, and will succeed and be permanent whether the lawn is in sun or shade. For quick results and permanency

it is absolutely unexcelled. Sown early in the fall or spring. Lb. 30c, peck \$1.30, post-paid. By express, peck \$1.00, bu. \$3.00.

German or Golden Millet

A Valuable New Millet

SIBERIAN MILLET

For years the Golden or German Millet has been the leading variety, but where introduced, this new sort is rapidly succeeding it. We have made extensive inquiries and tests, and the almost universal report is that the Siberian Millet is far more productive than the German or Common Millet or Hungarian Grass, while of superior quality.

The Illustration Represents 50 Plants, Height 4 Feet

The Siberian Millet grows strong and tall, yet is not coarse. The stalks are close jointed and covered with leaves from bottom to top. No other Millet equals this for profusion of leaves. The whole stock cures into nice, soft, green colored hay, which is greedily eaten by all kinds of stock.

The heads are similar to Hungarian Grass; seed orange color. In season it is as early as Hungarian and earlier than German Millet, withstands drought best of all Millets, yield ordinarily 30 to 40 bushels of seed per acre, while 50 to 60 bushels have been obtained in some cases. Sow $\frac{1}{2}$ bushel to 1 bushel per acre, according to soil.

To farmers who have been in the habit of growing Millet we recommend this new variety as an improvement, and to others who could not grow Millet advantageously this variety may be what they have waited for. The seed is not expensive, and considering its advantages in yield, it is one of the seed bargains of the year.

PRICE—By mail, lb. 25c, 4 lbs. 75c. By freight or express, $\frac{1}{4}$ bu. 40c, 1 bu. \$1.50, 5 bu. or more at \$1.25.

A PLAIN TALK TO THE PEOPLE

For years we have been selling our good O. K SEEDS direct to the planter and number our customers by many thousands, representing probably every county in the country. Our ambition is to have our O. K. SEEDS planted on every farm and in every garden in the country. We hope to accomplish this because no other seeds are so cheap, no other seeds are so good.

Our idea finds favor with the consumer, who is glad to know where the seeds can be had that can be depended upon and at moderate prices.

Why should not the producer and the consumer come close together? What good reason has any careful farmer or gardener to buy seeds at his home store? It is all right to buy sugar, tea, nails, etc., there, but all wrong to expect living, vital seeds that will produce the crops you desire. Your postoffice is no doubt as convenient as your grocery. A visit to it will bring you the best seeds under the sun at much less than you can get doubtful seed at the grocery and almost as quickly.

This year we are making it easier than ever before for you to send us your order, by taking the responsibility of safe arrival of letters and remittances when mailed in our special envelope. The mails are very reliable, yet losses do occur sometimes and somebody must assume the responsibility. This year we propose to assume it in order to relieve our many thousand customers of the annoyance, trouble, and expense of obtaining special forms of remittances. Take the money from your pocket, put it in our return envelope accompanying this Catalogue with your order, deposit it in the postoffice and we assume the risk. This brings our seed store still closer to your farm.

BROOM CORN. (Specially Grown for Seed.)

For several years this has been a very profitable crop, worth \$80 to \$160 a ton. An acre gives 800 to 1000 lbs. of brush and about 10 bushels of seed, worth nearly as much as oats for feed. It requires similar soil and culture to corn, but should be planted later, and it pays best to have the ground in prime condition. It is usually planted in drills $3\frac{1}{2}$ feet apart, leaving the plants 6 inches apart.

IMPROVED EVERGREEN—This Improved Evergreen Broom Corn grows about 8 to 10 feet high, stands up well and is entirely free from crooked brush. The fiber is long and fine. Its great value to growers is in the fact that it will not get red in the field before it is cut, but is strictly a green variety of brush, commanding highest price. **Pkt. 10c, lb. 30c, by mail. Peck 65c, bu. \$2.00.**

EXTRA EARLY JAPANESE—This is the earliest broom corn in existence; mature in about 75 days when planted late. Have seen some that was planted July 17th and ready to cut October 1st. Can be planted after wheat with good success, so making two crops on the same ground. It is just the kind for an early market.

It has withstood dry weather better than any other variety. Brush is fine and long. **Pkt. 10c, lb. 30c, by mail. Peck 75c, bu. \$2.25.**

CALIFORNIA

GOLDEN—An excellent standard variety, grows a very fine brush of good length, and is free from the large center stem. Bleaches very evenly, even in the sun. **Pkt. 10c, lb. 30c, by mail. $\frac{1}{4}$ bu. 60c, bu. \$2.00.**

GENUINE DWARF—Grows from 3 to 4 feet high, with straight, smooth brush. Principally used for making whisks and brushes. **Pkt. 10c, lb. 30c, by mail. $\frac{1}{4}$ bu. 60c, bu. \$2.00.**

FLAX SEED—Sow $\frac{1}{2}$ to $\frac{3}{4}$ bu. per acre. **Pkt. 10, lb. 30c, by mail. $\frac{1}{4}$ bu. 65c, bu. \$2.25.**

KAFFIR CORN.

These are non-saccharine sorghums. They bear dry weather remarkably well. When regular corn will entirely fail they will wait for rain without injury. They make a yield of 30 to 50 bushels of seed, which is good for stock when ground and very fine for poultry. For fodder they make an enormous yield and are not as difficult to handle as corn fodder. To thresh, run the entire stalk through a threshing machine with one concave. The grain will come out clean and fodder shredded.

WHITE—It grows from 4 to 5 feet high, making a straight, upright growth. It has a stalky stem, with wide leaves. The stalks keep green and are brittle and juicy, not hardening like other varieties of sorghum, making excellent fodder, either green or dried, which is highly relished by cattle, horses and mules. The seed heads form at the top of each stalk and as soon as these show the grain well, the joints next below the top send up shoots which yield the second seed heads. For the grain, sow in rows 3 feet apart, 3 to 5 pounds of seed to the acre. For fodder, sow $\frac{1}{2}$ to 1 bushel, either broadcast or in drills.

RED—This grows taller than the white; the stalks are slender, but more juicy and very leafy. The heads are long, slender and compact and grow erect. They measure from 1 to 2 feet. The seed is red, smaller than that of the white and rather hard and brittle. It does well on poor land and yields well. It ripens a little earlier than the white variety. It is highly recommended by the Kansas Agricultural College at Manhattan. **Price of each, pkt. 10c, lb. 30c, by mail, postpaid. $\frac{1}{4}$ bu. 40c, bu. \$1.50.**

Spanish Peanuts An early variety, growing perfectly erect; can be cultivated with the plow exclusively. The pea is small, but remarkably solid, no blanks, and the yield per acre very large. Because of their early habit and easy cultivation, the most profitable variety to grow for fattening hogs. The foliage growing erect, is easily harvested and makes a very rich hay. Plant any time from April to July 10. They succeed well after oats. Plant in rows 2 feet apart and seed 8 inches in drill. **Price, large pkt. 10c, lb. 30c, 4 lbs. 75c, by mail, postpaid. By freight or express, $\frac{1}{4}$ bu. 75c, $\frac{1}{2}$ bu. \$1.25, bu. \$2.00.**

Sunflower Mammoth Russian—It is grown for its seeds, which are valuable food for stock, particularly poultry;

also for parrots. Is considered the best egg-producing food known. Poultry eat it greedily, fatten on it, obtain a bright lustrous plumage, and strong, healthy condition that fully illustrates the wonderful benefits from its use. Can be raised as cheaply as corn, having yielded at the rate of 120 bu. per acre. Single heads measure from 12 to 22 in. across and contain an immense quantity of seed. Can be sown at any time up to middle of July. **Pkt. 5c, lb. 30c, 4 lbs. 75c. By frt. or express, 5 lbs. 40c, 10 lbs. 75c. 100 lbs. or more, 5c per lb.**

Spanish Peanuts.

Kaffir Corn.

Yellow Millo Maize

A tall plant growing 9 to 12 feet, stooling from the ground. It sends out shoots also from the joints. It has all the vigor and vitality of other sorghums. It is non-saccharine; useful for the large amount of forage, green feed or cured fodder that it furnishes, and for its grain.

Earlier than the White Branching variety. Sow 10 lbs. per acre. By mail, pkt. 10c, lb. 30c, 4 lb. 75c. By freight or express, 5c per lb.

A Single Plant of Teosinte

Teosinte

Recommended as the most prolific forage plant yet introduced. The stalk, containing much saccharine matter, is very nutritious. It can be cut several times during the season, yielding enormously. One seed will sometimes produce 20 to 60 stalks or shoots, and the warmer the climate the better the yield. Should not be planted until soil is perfectly warm in the spring. Requires about four pounds of seed per acre. Plant in drills three feet apart and two or three seeds every twelve inches in drill. Will only produce seed in southern latitude.

Pkt. 10c, oz. 20c, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50c, lb. \$1.50.

Yellow Millo Maize

BUCKWHEAT JAPANESE

This variety of Buckwheat is a great improvement over the old-kind in the following respects: 1st. The new Japanese grows with astonishing vigor and begins to mature its grains in about fifty days, its extreme earliness insuring safety from frosts, where the other kinds often get caught. 2d. A most valuable quality is its ability to withstand windstorms and not lodge. 3d. It holds its grain in harvesting. It has been known to stand uncut a month after its proper time for ripening, and without apparent loss from lodging or of grain separating. 4th. In yield it excels. We have reports of one peck yielding 36 bu.;

another peck 40 bu.; another 52 bu. Its flour is the whitest and finest of all Buckwheat. 5th. It will do well on soil too rich or too poor to support the old varieties. 6th. It will withstand sun blight almost perfectly. Fields of the old buckwheat averaged less than four bushels per acre, while the sun had no effect upon Japanese. For this reason valuable in the South. Very valuable for bee pasture.

Prices—Pkt. 10c, 1 lb. 25c, 4 lbs. 75c, by mail postpaid, $\frac{1}{4}$ bu. 40c, per bu. \$1.25.

SILVER HULL.

Earlier than the common buckwheat, thinner husks and more prolific. Remaining in bloom a long time. Pkt. 10c, lb. 25c, 4 lbs. 75c, peck 40c, bu. \$1.25.

TRUE RAPE DWARF ESSEX

There are millions of acres of good land that lie idle part or all of the year to run to weeds that can be sown to this Rape at slight expense, and produce the finest feed imaginable and at the same time improve the soil.

Where once introduced the trade increases rapidly on account of its evident merits. A few years ago we sold a few hundred pounds while now we sell tons, with a still increasing demand.

We print the following from Circular No. 12, issued by the Department of Agriculture:

"Under ordinary field conditions Rape reaches to a height of from 1½ to 4 feet, and the strong-growing roots penetrate the soil to a considerable depth.

"For its best development Rape requires a rich, moist, loamy soil, and will usually do well on any but light sandy soils and stiff clays. In general, a soil that will produce good crops of turnip, cabbage, wheat and corn will be suitable for Rape.

"Throughout the Northern States generally, seeding may take place from the first of June or possibly earlier

to the middle or last of July, according to the season and locality. In the South the seed may be sown in September or early in October. Under favorable conditions 2 to 3 pounds of seed per acre will be sufficient and it will never be necessary to use more than five pounds per acre. The seed should be planted in drills far enough apart to allow cultivation. Often fine Rape may be grown on land that has already produced a crop of some of the early maturing cereals, such as rye, oats, or barley. As soon as the crop of grain is removed, the land is plowed or "disked" and at once seeded to Rape. Field peas and other early maturing forage crops, or rye or winter oats that have been pastured off in spring may also be followed by Rape with profitable results. Another practice which is coming into favor in some sections of the country is to sow Rape in the spring with some grain crop, such as wheat, allowing the former to take possession of the field when the latter has been removed. This method is especially satisfactory when succulent forage is desired for fall feeding. Rape may also be sown in the cornfield just before the last plowing, as is often done with turnips, rye, and winter wheat. The Rape is usually ready for use in about 8 or 10 weeks from the date of seeding. Sheep and swine may be turned into the field and allowed to remain until the Rape is pastured off. Cattle may also be allowed to run in the field, but as they waste much of the forage by pulling up the plants and tramping them down it is a better plan to cut the Rape with a scythe or mower and feed it to the animals. With sheep and cattle care should be taken at first not to allow the animals to eat too much, as there is danger of injury from bloating. Animals should have free access to salt at all times when being pastured on this crop. Rape has a high feeding value. It makes an excellent feed for fattening sheep and swine and for producing an abundant flow of milk in milch cows. On account of danger of tainting the milk many people do not feed it to cows until after milking. Rape can be used to good advantage as a part of the rations for animals that are being fed in pens for market or for the show ring. It is also a valuable food for young lambs at weaning time. By beginning as early as practicable in the spring and seeding at intervals of two or three weeks, a continuous succession of Rape can be produced throughout the period when the permanent pastures are most likely to be short. Rape will endure quite severe cold weather and thus will last a long time after the ordinary pasture grasses succumb to the frost."

Price

There is much adulterated and not true seed on the market. There is only one variety of Rape valuable for this country, and it is the Dwarf Essex. Therefore, prospective purchasers should use caution in buying. We offer the genuine, carefully grown for us in England, at prices as low as can be afforded, quality considered. By mail, pkt. 5c, 1 lb. 30c, 4 lbs. 80c. By freight or express, per lb. 12c, 5 lbs. 50c, 10 lbs. 75c, 100 lbs. \$6.50.

Soy or Soja Bean

Also called Soya Bean, Coffee Bean, Coffee Berry, German Coffee Berry, Japanese Jaa-vaa Coffee, American Coffee Berry, etc., etc.

The Soy Beans have demonstrated a great farm value in the past few years, and could be profitably grown to a much greater extent. We give below some extracts from bulletin of the U. S. Department of Agriculture.

We have the following from the U. S. Department of Agriculture:

"One of the staple crops of Japan, which attracted little attention in this country until about ten years ago, but is now becoming quite common. The stems alone are too coarse to make good hay, but are covered with such a dense growth of leaves and are so prolific in fruit that the hay is prized highly, especially for milch cows and for fattening animals. The yield of green forage is very heavy when grown on good soil, and the yields of beans is from 20 to 30 bushels per acre. It is doubtless the best of the legumes for the silo, as it can be more easily handled for the cutter than can plants like clover or cowpeas."

We have the following from the Indiana Agricultural Experiment Station:

"A comparatively new and promising leguminous crop for Indiana farmers is the Soy Bean. This plant has been successfully grown in different parts of the State and at several points farther north in the United States. It thrives in good corn soil, and will grow wherever corn can be successfully produced."

"Being a quick-maturing annual, it will prove especially helpful for those who can not grow clover. A crop of Soy Beans can be produced between spring and autumn frosts anywhere in the State."

A crop of Soja Beans grown on land that will make 40 bushels of corn per acre will, if plowed under, put \$16 worth of fertilizer matter per acre into the soil.

Land that will make 1½ tons of timothy or clover, will make three tons of Soja Bean hay, worth more per ton than timothy.

James Belwood, of Virginia, writes: "I have threshed over 100 bushels of Soja Beans grown on one acre of rich river bottom land."

L. D. Whitaker, of Richland county, Ills., threshed seven bushels of seed from 16 square rods of Soja Beans, at the rate of 70 bushels per acre.

CULTURE. The soil may be prepared as for previous cropping, the soil should be well supplied with lime, potash and phosphoric acid. Nitrogenous manures have also proven beneficial.

The seed may be sown broadcast with the wheat drill, in rows 16 to 24 inches apart, or with the corn

drill to be cultivated as corn, one half bushel per acre. Soy Beans may follow a crop of rye or barley or be sown in the standing corn at the time of the last cultivation, if weather is seasonable. If sown in corn put in two rows of Soy Beans between each two rows of corn. Sow about two pecks to the acre in rows, like corn, and cultivate, if seed is desired. For pasture, soiling or hay, sow four or five pecks to the acre. To harvest for seed cut off or pull up the plant when the first pods begin to open and thresh them as soon as dry. In threshing remove concaves and run cylinder slowly or the seed will split.

PRICE—Pkt. 10c, lb. 30c, 4 lbs. 75c. By freight or express, ¼ bu. 60c, per bu. \$2.00.

AUSTRALIAN SALT BUSH

The many thousands of acres of alkali lands of the West may be made productive and profitable by planting Salt Bush. Cattle, horses, sheep and swine eat it and thrive on it. This plant is not an experiment; it is a demonstrated success. It flourishes where grasses and other forage plants will not grow, and furnishes enormous quantities of nutritive food for stock and remains green all winter. Single plants grown on the worst alkali lands have reached a diameter of 16 feet in one season. It succeeds everywhere, and there seems to be no question but that it will in time eliminate alkali from the ground, rendering it suitable for other crops. Prof. Tower states that its nutritive strength is nearly equal to that of Alfalfa. From the 1899 Year Book of the U. S. Department of Agriculture we quote: "As the West is developed the amount of grazing land is each year decreasing, and the extensive areas of alkali impregnated soils are becoming more valuable. Increased value of these soils will come through Salt Bushes and other alkali tolerant forage plants."

Sow the seed in boxes or hot beds and transplant 2 feet apart each way. The seeds germinate and grow readily. Large pkt. 10c, oz. 20c, ¼ lb. 40c, lb. \$1.50.

WILD RICE

Very valuable as an attraction for wild fowls. Where its value is known it is now being sown in large quantities along the edges of ponds, lakes and streams. It can be successfully sown in winter, spring or in the fall, about middle of September. It grows very rapidly and ripens in August and September. Sow it broadcast from a boat in 1 to 3 feet of water. Where there is a mud bottom the seed will sink and take root. It furnishes small fish protection from large ones. Cattle and hogs are fond of it, and particularly it attracts wild fowls from September on, much to the delight of the sportsman. Pkt. 10c, lb. 30, 4 lbs. \$1.00, postpaid. Not paid, 10 lbs. \$1.25, 100 lbs. \$10.00.

COW OR FIELD PEAS

THE GREAT SOIL IMPROVERS
The Great ECONOMY CROP for Farmers

Dispenses With Clover and Commercial Fertilizer.
Makes Good Land More Productive.
Makes Poor Land Good.

For Pasture and Hay of Inestimable Value.
More Nutritious than Clover. More
Fattening than Corn.

Roots Penetrate Deep in the Soil. Grow on Poor Soil and Rapidly Enrich It. Positively the More of these Peas You Grow the Richer Your Ground Becomes, even when you Remove the Crops

COW PEAS are not a new crop. They have been grown in the Southern states of our country for many years; but even there their worth was not generally recognized until very recently, and now they are almost universally grown, and the most remarkable benefits have resulted in improvements of soil and increased capacity of farms to turn off stock and grain crops. The experience of the past few years has shown that they are valuable in all portions of our country.

FOR FERTILIZER

Where Cow Peas are generally grown, the use of commercial fertilizer almost ceases. This is of the most vital importance to tens of thousands of farmers who now find the fertilizer bill a burdensome one. All the varieties of Cow Peas are, like clover, air plants, but they differ from clover in having much larger leaf development, and extract much more fertilizing elements from the air, while the roots extend deeper into the soil and bring up the potash, which, combined with nitrogen, makes nearly the complete fertilizer.

For fertilizer they may be sown at any time, after the frost is past, till August first, and turn the entire crop under when in bloom or any time after. Of course benefits as a fertilizer result in every way the crop is used.

FOR HAY

Sow early in spring on ground as prepared for oats or corn, 1 to 1½ bushels per acre broadcast and harrow in, or drill with grain drill. Cut when Peas are forming and cure as clover. If the ground is not wanted for a different crop don't disturb it. Then the roots will throw up another crop, which may be pastured or turned under in the fall for fertilizer. Follow with wheat and notice the grand results. The yield of hay is 2 to 5 tons per acre, and the ground is benefited.

Cow Peas and Millet may be mixed. Sow one-half bushel of Peas broadcast, then follow with ½ bushel of Millet per acre. They will grow together. Cut for hay when the Millet seed is in the dough. Cure thoroughly as other hay.

Cow Peas and Sorghum—Treat same as above, except use six quarts of Sorghum (Cane seed) instead of Millet.

Cow Peas and Kafir Corn—Sow one bushel of Cow Peas and follow with ½ bushel of Kafir Corn to the acre; follow same instructions as above. One advantage of sowing Cow Peas with other crops is in the fact that they are supported off the ground, make a larger growth and can be harvested better and cleaner.

FOR PASTURE

Sow any time from early spring until July. Turn stock on after they are well developed, but preferably after the Peas are nearly matured, when the stock, particularly hogs, will derive full benefit from the crop, and fatten quicker and yield a better quality of pork than if fed on corn.

COW PEAS AND CORN

A popular, economical and profitable way to use Cow Peas is to sow them in your corn field. First plant your corn about four feet apart, in rows (the plants may stand closer in the row and have the usual number of plants per acre), when the time comes to lay the corn by, drill the Peas between the rows of corn (Whip-Poor-Will and Black we recommend). Drill them in the center of the space ½ bushel per acre. The Peas will mature early in the fall. When nearly matured turn any of your stock in the field, particularly the hogs; cattle may damage the corn by breaking it down. They will not touch the corn until the Peas are consumed, vines and all. The hogs will come out of the field rolling in fat, and will not need a bushel of corn. Any corn farmer can in this way fatten his hogs and save all his corn. Or double his capacity for fattening hogs by turning off one crop early from the Peas, the second lot from the corn. Surely this makes one acre equal to two.

Farmers who want information about planting, growing, harvesting threshing and uses of Cow Peas, should subscribe for UP-TO-DATE FARMING AND GARDENING, 50 cents a year.

FOR ENSILAGE

Cow Peas surpass green corn and other crops used for this purpose. Mixed with Sorghum or Kafir Corn, to hold them up, I believe they will make the perfect ensilage crop. All the Cow or Stock Peas are good for table use.

VARIETIES

Prices are liable to change. We will send latest price list on application. We will always sell at lowest prices.

WHIP-POOR-WILL—A favorite early bunch-growing variety, has brown-speckled seed, which are more easily gathered than from the vine-growing sorts. This variety is a prime favorite in the north and west on account of its early maturity and habit of growth. Will mature seed in Indiana and equal latitudes. **PRICE**—Pkt. 10c, qt. 30c, postpaid. Peck 50c, per bu. \$1.75.

EARLY BLACK—This variety is a favorite in northern latitudes. It matures early and is suited for late planting. One of the best for improving land and most valuable as a forage crop, making an enormous yield of rich, nutritious feed. It yields more largely of shelled peas per acre than most others. **PRICE**—Per pkt. 10c, qt. 30c, postpaid. Peck 50c, per bu. \$1.75.

CLAY—A favorite variety in many sections. Makes a growth of vine similar to the Black Pea, but is later in maturing. Suitable for hay, pasture and fertilizer in the North, but will not mature seed. **Pkt. 10c, qt. 30c, postpaid. Peck 50c, per bu. \$1.75.**

LARGE BLACK-EYE—They make a profitable crop to grow for picking the dry peas for sale in market during the winter, at the same time make an excellent soil improver, being similar in growth of vine and action of roots upon the soil as the Black and Wonderful. **Pkt. 10c, qt. 30c, postpaid. Peck 50c, per bu. \$1.75.**

WONDERFUL OR UNKNOWN—This makes an enormous and remarkable growth of vines, but requires the full season to make its crop. In yield and growth of vines, it surpasses any of the varieties of Cow Peas, and it yields very largely of the shelled peas. This variety should be planted early to get full benefit. Will not mature in the north. **Pkt. 10c, qt. 30c, postpaid. Peck 50c, per bu. \$1.75.**

MIXED—When sowing for pasture or fertilizer we recommend a mixture of varieties. They are usually cheaper, besides if the season does not suit some varieties, others will do well, thus insuring a good growth. **Pkt. 10c, qt. 30c, postpaid. Peck 40, per bu. \$1.50.**

CANADA FIELD—Quite distinct from the Cow Peas, yet similar in all valuable properties as fertilizer, food, etc. Valuable for northern latitudes, where full benefit can not be obtained from the later-maturing southern sorts. They can be grown anywhere and succeed on very thin soils, which they quickly improve. Sown with oats, 1 bushel of Peas to 1½ bushel of oats per acre, they are unexcelled as an early pasture, and hogs may be fattened on them in advance of the maturing corn crop, thus getting the high price for hogs that usually prevails early in the season. **Pkt. 10c, qt. 40c, postpaid. Peck 40c, per bu. \$1.50.**

SPELTZ

OR EMMER

ANOTHER VALUABLE GRAIN FROM EUROPE
A Valuable Substitute for Oats and Barley

A few of the reasons why Speltz is recommended are as follows: It out yields oats, barley, wheat, etc., in bushels per acre and is superior to oats and barley for feed. It is a surer cropper. It does not crinkle down and lodge and shell or waste. No rust. No smut; dry weather effects it but little. The crop is always sound, and in most localities will sell for seed at a good price for a few years. The grain is also of high value for milling and used as wheat flour, but until the present it has been used mainly for feed. The heads resemble wheat very much.

We advise farmers to grow some Speltz instead of the usual acreage of oats, which oftentimes is not a very profitable crop. Weight, 40 lbs. per bu. Sow 2 bushels per acre.

PRICE—Pkt. 10c, lb. 30c, 4 lbs. 75c, ¼ bu. 40c, bu. \$1.25, 3 bu. \$3.50.

BROME GRASS BROMUS INERMIS

The Great Drought Resisting Grass

In order to learn the opinion of the Department of Agriculture on this grass, at the present time, we wrote them Oct. 28, 1902, and give their reply below:

Bromus Inermis

Showing habit of growth. These stalks are all from 1 seed. It multiplies this way indefinitely.

WASHINGTON, D. C. Oct. 30, 1902.

Mr. J. A. Everitt, Seedsman, Indianapolis:

DEAR SIR—In reply to your favor of 28th inst., requesting information concerning present status of *Bromus Inermis* in this country, I take pleasure in sending you a copy of our circular on this subject and will say that it is absolutely the leading meadow and hay grass of the wheat growing portions of the State of Washington and adjacent parts of Idaho and Oregon. In that region it is almost the only grass which can be cultivated successfully, owing to the very small amount of rainfall. It is, as you know, adapted to rather light soils and will withstand considerable drought. Throughout the plains region it is giving fair satisfaction in those situations and is being used less commonly—though frequently with good results—in the more northern parts of the United States. In portions of Colorado, Wyoming and Montana it has been successfully grown.

Yours very sincerely,

CARLETON R. BALL,

Acting Agrostologist.

This may be considered as bringing the status of Brome Grass down to date by a high authority. From the circular referred to we obtain the following description, etc.:

"Smooth brome has been known in Europe for over 130 years. The early agriculturists did not consider it of any value, because of its creeping root-stalks, thus resembling the dreaded couch grass. In 1884, however, Stebler and Schroeter demonstrated, by experiments conducted for 30 years at Magocs, Hungary, that it had the power to withstand long periods of drought when all other grasses succumbed.

"Its introduction to the United States must have taken place about this time, for we find the seed is offered for distribution in bulletin 22 of the California Experiment Station, issued Nov. 5, 1884, and the statement made that 'our experience in-

dicates that it will do well here either with or without irrigation.' Since then the experiment stations of Colorado, Minnesota, Manitoba, North Dakota, South Dakota and the different grass stations of the Agricultural Department, Washington, D. C., have conducted extensive experiments, and all speak of it in the highest terms.

"It is a vigorous, hardy perennial, with strong, creeping root-stocks, smooth, upright, leafy stems, 1 to 4 feet high and loose, open panicles, or seed heads, 4 to 8 inches long. In a few years it forms a very tough sod, soon crowding out other grasses, clover and weeds. Its remarkable drought resisting qualities have proved it to be the most valuable grass for dry regions where other grasses could hardly exist."

"As it is thoroughly permanent and grows with wonderful rapidity, producing heavy crops and luxuriant pasture, its value to the farmers of dry regions cannot be overestimated. All kinds of stock eat it with relish and the chemical analyses made show that it is rich in flesh-forming ingredients, MUCH MORE SO THAN TIMOTHY. It is very hardy and not injured by severe spring and fall frosts when once established. As it starts to grow very early in the spring before any of the grasses on the native prairies show any signs of life and remains green and succulent far into November, it will supply the long-felt want of early spring and late fall pastures."

METHOD OF SEEDING

The land should be fall plowed and put in good condition by disking and spring-tooth or peg-tooth harrowing, as the land may require. The seed may be sown as early as oats is seeded, or it may be sown as late as the first of August or September, if the land is kept from drying out and from growing weeds by an occasional surface cultivation. In some parts of California, Washington and Oregon it has been found better to sow in the fall during the months of October and November. The most common plan is to sow broadcast by hand at the rate of from 18 to 20 pounds per acre and harrow it in thoroughly with a peg-tooth harrow.

HARDINESS

Smooth brome grass will stand extreme changes in the temperature without injury. Its ability to produce good pasture during long periods of drought far exceeds that of any other cultivated variety. Out of seven or eight hundred varieties tried at the Kansas Experiment Station this proved to be the best. From reports received it is evident that it is very little influenced by the changes of climate. It does well in California, Kansas, Montana, North and South Dakota, Tennessee, Utah, Wyoming and also other States that enjoy more equitable climates. Pkt. 10c, lb. 35c, 4 lbs. \$1.25, ¼ bu. 75c, bu. \$2.00, 5 bu. or more at \$1.85. Weight, 14 lbs. per bu.

Barley

SUCCESS BEARDLESS BARLEY—The earliest barley known. The straw is about the height of the common barley, but better and will stand up on any land. With good land and season it has produced 80 bushels per acre. Sow as early as you can; frost does not hurt it. Many farmers will not grow barley on account of the long harsh beards, which are so disagreeable in threshing, although it is a profitable crop. This is beardless and as easy to grow and handle as oats. It has hulls like the Manshury or any other old variety and the quality is excellent, both for malting and for feeding hogs and other stock. Pkt. 10c, lb. 30c, 4 lbs. 75c, ¼ bu. 40c, bu. \$1.00, 5 bu. or more at 95c.

MANSHURY—This is an old well known 6-rowed variety introduced by Professor Henry, of the Wisconsin Agricultural Experiment Station, 11 or 12 years ago. Since then it has been the standard and most popular barley ever introduced. It has been worth millions of dollars to the farmers of the barley growing States. Bearded; productive. Pkt. 10c, lb. 30c, 4 lbs. 75c, by mail. By freight or express, ¼ bu. 40c, bu. \$1.00. Prices subject to change.

SAND, or HAIRY VETCH (*Vicia Vilosa*)—The Sand Vetch prospers in the most barren soils, even in those too poor to grow the Winter Tare. Six tons per acre of green foliage have been harvested in one cut in poor soil, with a second cut for seed or plowing in green. Sow alone or together with rye or wheat, because this Vetch, reaching a length of 3½ to 5 feet, must have a support, otherwise it would lie down and deteriorate in quality and yield. Sow 65 to 85 pounds. Can stand any frost. Sow in fall or spring from middle of April to middle of May, or about the middle of August to middle of September. 60 pounds to bushel. Pkt. 10c, lb. 30c, 4 lbs. \$1.00, by mail. By freight or express, lb. 12c, 10 lbs. \$1.00, 20 lbs. \$1.50, 60 lbs. \$4.50.

PENCILLARIA (Maud's Wonder Forage Plant)—We do not sell it, as it is the old cat tail millet that is worthless to farmers and which is brought out by some ignorant or unscrupulous party about once in ten years under a fancy name. Beware!

**We are
Headquarters
for the Best**

SEED CORN

IN THE WORLD

We believe that **INDIANA SEED CORN** is the best produced in the country and suited to farmers over the widest range of country. We do not recommend our largest varieties for northern latitudes, nor smaller varieties for southern latitudes, but we have kinds suited for the North, South, East and West.

World's Gold Medal Corn

The best Corn in the World, as it was awarded the Gold Medal—the highest prize—at the Paris World's Fair in 1900, against the World's competition

\$50.00

Cash Prizes

To increase interest
in the
**WORLD'S
GOLD MEDAL
CORN**
and induce
our customers to re-
port their
yields to us, we
offer

\$50 in Cash

in
THREE PRIZES
as follows:

\$25 for the largest
yield from one acre,
\$15 for the next
largest yield from
one acre, **\$10** for the
next largest yield
from one acre.

All reports must be
truthful and received
at our office by Decem-
ber 1st, 1903. Whether
you win a prize or not,
you will have a big
prize in this fine corn.

Pile of World's Gold Medal Corn
The central ear is $13\frac{1}{2}$ inches long. The average diameter
of the ears was more than $2\frac{1}{2}$ in. It is white corn

Won
Highest
Prize
at
World's
Fair
at
Paris
1900

We again have only a limited quantity of this 'Great Corn' to offer. It is a beautiful, large and good variety of White Dent Corn. We recommend each farmer to obtain some seed to start with, as, considering the yield that can be obtained from even a small amount of seed and the fact that seed can be saved from it, the investment will prove very satisfactory and profitable. Each farmer should have a desire to raise "the best Corn in the world," or the corn that was awarded the highest prize in competition against the world.

The accompanying illustration is a photograph of a pile of ears and serves to show the length, diameter, relative thickness of cob and depth of grain. The color is pure white. We ask our readers to study the photo-

graph of the ears; notice the proportions of the ear and depth of grain, the butt and tip end views, etc. Such Corn denotes good breeding. In fact, this Corn has received the close attention of one of the best corn growers in Indiana for many years; he considers it the ideal Corn. It must have many good points or it would not have been sent to the Paris World's Fair. None but a high bred variety would receive attention there, and of course the best sort wins the highest prize.

See Specialties for further particulars of this Corn.

PRICE, delivered—Large sample ear 30c, large pkt. 10c, pt. 20c, qt. 30c, 4 qts. (for 1 acre) \$1.00, by mail. By freight or express, $\frac{1}{4}$ bu. (for 2 acres) 50c, bu. \$1.75, $2\frac{1}{2}$ bu. (1 bag) \$4.00.

FARMERS' INTEREST

WHITE DENT

CORN

A Wealth
Producer

See also page 111

The Stand-
By with
Thousands
Of Farmers.
Many thought
They had the Best
Corn before, but
FARMERS' INTEREST
Almost Invariably Proves
That They Were in Error.

We have sold this grand Corn 6 years, the customers residing in all parts of the country, from Michigan to Georgia, from New Jersey to Colorado, and no variety of Corn could more completely fill the requirements for a profitable sort. It is early enough to mature in the latitude of Southern Michigan and large enough to be profitable to grow in the South, where it comes weeks ahead of their late sorts and outyields them, making it an ideal Corn for Kentucky, Tennessee, Georgia, Virginia, Missouri, Arkansas, etc. Tens of thousands of corn growers would plant largely of this Corn this year if they just realized the true merit and would increase their crop from 10 to 50 bushels per acre. **THIS IS NOT A VAIN BOAST.**

EVERY FARMER knows it pays to plant good seed. Every farmer should know that there is a great difference in seed. If by changing seed to a better variety you can increase the yield 10 bushels per acre, it means the payment of the rental of the land over and above your regular crop. An increase of 15 to 25 bushels per acre is not at all impossible. The cost to get the maximum crops in corn is very trifling, indeed. A bushel of seed will plant about 8 acres and costs this year about \$1.25 to \$2.00. The plowing, pulverizing, fertilizing, planting and cultivating are exactly the same, whether you raise 30 bushels or over 100 bushels per acre. The only extra labor is in harvesting, a task that should be willingly performed.

FARMERS' INTEREST WHITE DENT is one of the grandest, most valuable varieties of corn in the country. It rarely fails to increase the corn yield on any farm by a large per cent, where introduced. A strong growing variety, sending its roots out in all directions in search of food. Withstands drought well; stalks are strong, close-jointed and leafy. A fine grower. Produces mammoth ears, of which the illustration on this and opposite page is a fair representation. This ear is an ordinary one; frequently they grow even longer. Grains are very deep, ranging $\frac{3}{4}$ to $\frac{1}{2}$ of an inch in length in middle of the ear. Color pure white; firm and good texture; cob medium size. The ears frequently shell 1 pound of corn to the ear and cobs from 1 bushel of ears weigh from 8 to 10 lbs.

Ears 18 to 20 rows. Rows straight and ears of this variety are well filled out at the ends. Mature in about 100 days. Yields very heavy.

As the introducers of this fine Corn, we desire to make a demand for it by reasonably extolling its merits. We will, however, appeal more directly to the good, sound sense of corn growers, than to attempt to fill the pages with claims for the Corn. **The Corn will speak for itself from the time you receive the seed we will ship you until it is finally stored in the bursting cribs.** We want the better class of intelligent, up-to-farmers and those who are seeking for improvements in their crops, as our customers, and count on an order from every pushing son of the soil who wants to plant wisely and reap abundantly.

The effect of growing a large-eared variety of corn, like Farmers' Interest, can be illustrated as follows: The average weight of corn ears is not more than 8 ozs. If an increase of 2 ozs. to the ear can be secured, there would be added to the yield per acre $\frac{1}{4}$ more. And if there be 4 ozs. added to the weight of ears, then the yield will be increased one-half. Also an illustration like the following is interesting: Illinois plants each year about 8,000,000 acres of corn. If an increase of 10 bushels per acre can be obtained by planting better seed, the total increase will be 80,000,000 bus. These are features corn growers should keep in mind, and no effort nor expense should be spared to obtain the very best seed possible. When the **Farmers' Interest Corn** is grown in the South, new seed should be obtained of us after 2 or 3 years, as it gets later and loses some of its good qualities.

CORN GROWERS

Read this Page
and Next One
Carefully

Farmers

If you Grow Corn We Urge You to Make a Thorough Trial of Our Leader on Your Farm. There are Great Differences in Varieties ❖ ❖ ❖

FROM ALL OVER THE COUNTRY

We do not Give Full Address, as thus we would Direct Trade to Our Customers of Former Years, to Our Loss. The Original Letters are in Our Office.

KENTUCKY—I planted a field of your Farmers' Interest Corn last spring and the result was a revelation to me and my neighbors, when we found we could send to Indiana and get seed corn that excelled our native varieties. We thought we grew good Corn, but your Farmers' Interest is yielding 110 to 120 bus. per acre, and surpasses the best of other Corn by 25 to 30 bus. per acre. C. W. W., Breckenridge Co., Ky.

INDIANA—Farmers' Interest Corn is yielding 95 to 100 bus. per acre. Four of my neighbors, who are also growing it, all are getting over 100 bus. per acre. These are not exaggerated reports, but actual facts. C. A. B., Indiana.

I started this morning for your place with two of the finest loads of Corn that ever were put on wagons, but it began raining and we turned back. Will wait for finer weather. The Farmers' Interest Corn is yielding 100 to 120 bus. per acre all over my fields. Nothing like it ever seen in this section before. L. B. C., Ind.

I grew 50 acres of Farmers' Interest Corn, and the yield over the whole field was 90 to 105 bus. per acre, a total of 4,948 bus. on the field. It matured very early, ears mammoth size. It surpassed any other variety in this vicinity.

C. A. HELM, Ind.

OHIO—A heavy cropper on medium soil. Best I ever raised. WM. LANCEY, Preble Co., O.

ILLINOIS—I planted a field of your Farmers' Interest Corn last spring and it has astonished us farmers all through the season in rapid, strong growth. I topped it when ripe and such a field of mammoth corn ears I never saw before. It is good for over 100 bus. per acre. I don't think there can be a better. W. P. R., St. Clair Co., Ill.

KANSAS—In a visit to my brother in Kansas, he showed me a field of your Farmers' Interest Corn. I must say I never saw its equal in Indiana, nor on the way to Kansas and return. The ears were arms of giants. He wrote me the yield was 114 bushels per acre. I would have guessed it at more, if it was possible for more corn to grow on an acre. A. M. T., Knox Co., Ind.

TENNESSEE—Farmers' Interest Corn is the largest, heaviest and best White Corn I ever grew. On a test 50 ears made a bushel. The cobs weighed 12 lbs. J. W., Maury Co., Tenn.

MISSOURI—Having seen a crop of F. I. Corn grown from one ear, I write you early to save me 4 bushels of it for seed, and quote your price. It is the greatest corn I ever saw. A. R., Miller Co., Mo.

IOWA—28 acres of F. I. Corn yielded 2,430 bus. of the finest White Corn grown in this section. C. F. PEARSON, — Co., Iowa.

MARYLAND—Farmers' Interest Corn has taken our section by storm. It is the greatest ever seen here. S. B. O., Prince George Co., Md.

Please sit down and figure how much it will cost you *per acre* to plant our seed Corn. Don't be frightened because we ask more than market price for seed. We cannot afford to do the business any other way. You will find that the cost per acre is only a trifle, and your own corn is left. 1 bushel will plant about 8 acres and those 8 acres should yield you many bushels extra, and you can keep right on this way every year if you use our O. K. Seeds.

Price...

By mail, pkt. 10c, large sample ear 30c, 1 qt. 40c, 3 qts. \$1.00. By freight or express, ¼ bu. 50c, 1 bu. \$1.75, 2½ bus. in 1 bag \$3.75, 5 bus. or more \$1.25 per bu.

O. K.
Seeds are
Reliable.

The Corn that was Awarded the Silver Medal at the Paris World's Fair, 1900, was Our Famous

FARMERS' INTEREST CORN

WHITE DENT

The
Sixth
Year of
this
famous
Corn.

It has
Great
Fame
at
Home
and
Abroad

The
Gold Medal
and the
Silver Medal

Corns
should
attract
every
Corn
Grower

10 OF THE 20 EARS OF
FARMERS' INTEREST CORN
THAT WERE AWARDED THE SILVER MEDAL
AT THE PARIS WORLDS FAIR 1900.

NOTE—Our O. K. Seeds were awarded three (3) medals at Paris in 1900. A Gold Medal for best corn on exhibition; a Silver Medal for second best corn on exhibition, and a Bronze Medal for our Fultzo-Mediterranean (winter) Wheat.

The Farmers' Interest Corn is listed on the next two pages. Please read all about it very carefully. Farmers who have planted it in the past were very wise, but there are yet many townships and counties where it has not been introduced.

Our Corn Exhibit attracted attention at Paris. Read the following:

CARIGNAN-ARDENNES, FRANCE, NOV. 23, 1900.

Mr. J. A. Everitt, Indianapolis, Ind., U. S. A.

DEAR SIR—We have seen your beautiful show of corn at the Paris Exhibition, and we suppose you are a corn grower. If so, as we are great sellers of it and want yearly large quantities, could you make us offers, with cheapest prices and big samples in grain and ears of corn which you grow?

Yours very truly,

DENAIFFE & FILS, Seedsmen.

FIGURES
AND
FACTS..

Prove that the expense of planting our improved varieties of Corn has been about 20 cents per acre, including freight, and your own seed is saved. The cost will be a little more this year on account of the higher price of all Corn.

Quality the First Consideration

Read reports from our customers on other pages in this Catalogue speaking of the superior quality of O. K. Seeds. It should be quite a satisfaction and relief to any farmer or gardener to know just where they can turn for seeds that are all right or O. K. We always make quality the first consideration, then put our prices as low

IOWA SILVER MINE WHITE DENT CORN

A very popular and valuable variety of White Dent Corn. The originator's story of its origination and his description follow:

"Ten years ago, in selecting over some unnamed white corn, I found one ear that was of ideal shape, size and color. This was planted carefully in an isolated spot, and from the crop selected only the best for planting the next season, continuing this careful selection of only the best ears out of crops for years, until the type was fully fixed.

"The stalk grows to a height of about seven or eight feet and sets the ears about three and one-half to four feet from the ground, just the right height for easy picking. One peculiarity noticed in going over the field is that there are no barren stalks; every one has an ear, many stalks have two good ears, and this has been characteristic every year it has been grown. It has not a large growth of fodder, having been bred essentially for grain, though it has plenty of blades to support the growth and is as well rooted as any corn grown. The type is very even, so unusually so that in selecting exhibition ears for the fair, in the field, one can take the ears as he comes to them, with very few exceptions. Ears measuring from ten to twelve inches in length and weighing one and one-half pounds are not uncommon. The ears are very uniform in size and shape, with sixteen to twenty straight rows (usually eighteen rows) of deep, pure white kernels set on a small white cob, and the ears are well filled out over the tip. It is early. Matured in less than ninety-five days and has never been caught by the frost. The cob dries out rapidly, so that it is ready for market earlier than any other large white field corn in existence. Seventy pounds of corn in the ear will make sixty-two pounds shelled. It is adapted to a wider range of soil and climate than any other corn ever offered. From Minnesota to Florida, from Massachusetts to California, it will yield a paying crop where other varieties are grown at a loss. It is in every way a distinct type of corn."

The Iowa Silver Mine Corn has a splendid reputation wherever introduced and bears out the originator's claims, to a large extent.

J. H. POWERS was awarded First Premium at the Illinois State Fair in 1899 for a yield of 196 bushels of Iowa Silver Mine Corn grown on one acre.

L. D. YOUNG was awarded Second Premium at the Illinois State Fair in 1899 for a yield of 176 bushels and 39 pounds of Iowa Silver Mine Corn on one acre.

PRICE—By mail, 1 large ear 30c, 1 qt. 30c, 4 qts. \$1.00. By freight or express, $\frac{1}{4}$ bu. 50c, 1 bu. \$1.75, $2\frac{1}{2}$ bu. (1 bag) \$3.75, 5 bus. or more at \$1.25 per bu.

196 Bushels on
One Acre
176 Bushels on
One Acre

DON'T Complain about the price of our Seed Corn. It is worth all we ask for it. We are paying our growers more this season than ever before, and getting better seed. You may get cheaper seed corn elsewhere, but if you go out to hunt cheap seed corn and get it the chances are you will grow a cheap crop. We make our prices as low as possible to the farmers, yet we are advocates of good profitable prices for all the farmers have to sell. See the American Society of Equity, referred to elsewhere in this Catalogue, which proposes to secure profitable prices for all farm products.

Mammoth 8-Rowed Early Yellow Flint

Section of Ear of Iowa Silver Mine

243 Bushels Grown from One Peck of Seed, by O. B. Blanchard, of New Hampshire

The best variety of corn for northern latitudes and the longest eared flint corn in the country, we believe. Ears measure 10 to 15 inches long, 8 broad rows making a most attractive appearance. The stalk grows medium size and many of them bear two ears. Very leafy and is a valuable variety for ensilage. We expect all our northern customers to order this corn, while we also recommend it very highly to plant on thin ground in any latitude and for late planting. PRICE—By mail, pkt. 10c, qt. 30c, 4 qts. \$1.00. By freight or express, $\frac{1}{4}$ bu. 50c, bu. \$1.75, bag of $2\frac{1}{2}$ bu. \$4.00.

THINK ABOUT IT!

Mr. Corn Grower:

DEAR SIR—Please study the following table showing acreage, seed required, average yield and the result if the yield was increased 10 bushels per acre.

State.	Acreage.	Seed to plant. Bushels.	Increase. (10 bu. per acre.)	Average Yield 1900.
Illinois.....	7,140,000	1,020,000	71,140,000	37 Bu.
Indiana.....	4,032,000	576,000	40,032,000	38 "
Iowa.....	8,049,000	1,149,855	80,490,000	38 "
Kansas.....	8,625,000	1,232,143	86,250,000	19 "
Missouri.....	6,454,000	922,000	64,454,000	23 "
Nebraska.....	8,094,000	1,156,286	80,940,000	26 "

It is discouraging to note the low average yields in 1900; a good crop year. The yield can be increased 10 bushels per acre by using better seed and more than 10 bushels additional can be added by better cultivation. For the former buy your seed corn of J. A. EVERITT. To accomplish the latter, read

"UP-TO-DATE FARMING AND GARDENING"

Indianapolis, Ind. 50c. a Year.

CENTRAL STATES DISPATCH

Two Good Crops

The two crops represented on this page it will pay all good farmers to grow. They are Good Corn and Good Children.

O. K. Seeds Produce Good Crops

ENGRAVED FOR
J. A. EVERITT
SELUSMAN

Central States Dispatch Yellow Dent Corn

(See illustrations on preceding page.)

We again send a dispatch and greetings to every corn grower and invite all who have not procured this valuable variety of us to enjoy the benefits of it in the future. The benefits will come through increased yield and superior quality. The corn crop is the farmer's stand-by, therefore he should give even more attention to selecting seed for it than for any other crop. Also there is not another crop that represents such a small outlay for the best seed to plant a crop. Fifteen to 25 cents an acre is all that is represented and your own seed is saved.

**GET
NEW SEED,
NEW BLOOD,
BETTER CROPS.**

The Central States Dispatch Corn is the largest yielding Yellow Dent Corn we ever discovered, closely following our great Farmers' Interest White Dent in this respect. We have introduced several varieties of Yellow Corn that have been of immense value to the farmers of the country, but according to our well-known policy, we are always seeking for better and more valuable varieties. If corn growers will trust us to supply them with the best varieties,

they can take this catalogue for a guide and they will always be Up-to-Date in their crops.

The Central States Dispatch Corn is a strong grower and delights in a rich soil, where it can feed to its heart's content. Under these conditions it may stand three stalks in a hill, each stalk bearing one or two large ears. On soil of moderate fertility, if planted two stalks in a hill, the fodder is not so large, but the ears are nearly as good. The stalk is well supported by brace roots, a sign of great vigor and ability to withstand drought and not blow down easily by storms. This corn is recommended for strong ground and suited to grow in latitudes south of the Michigan line and as far east and west as corn grows, except in high altitudes, where the seasons are shortened.

Ears 8 to 12 inches long, very shapely, with extremely deep grain and moderate cob. In season early, maturing in 100 to 110 days; grain yellow, shading to a beautiful light yellow on the top of the grain. A splendid feeding corn. Rows straight; about 20 rows to the ear.

Every corn grower should obtain enough seed of this corn to plant a field or more. All who plant it will find it a valuable Yellow Dent Corn, of strong growth, large ear and a great yielder. This corn is so fine that if its merits were known our seed would last only a short time. If any person wants to see a sample before buying more, they may send us 10 cents and the sample will be sent at once.

In 1900 we offered five prizes for the largest yields on one acre of ground. We give the names of the successful competitors below, with extracts from their reports:

FIRST PRIZE, \$25.00—179½ bu. per acre

Last spring I bought two new kinds of corn of you at your O. K. seed store, viz., the Central States Dispatch and the Farmers' Interest. I have just completed harvesting both kinds to-day, with the following results: I planted the Central States Dispatch May 10, on a plot of low, rich bottom ground of sandy loam nature, and gave it three good cultivations. I cut the corn about the first of September. As soon as it would do I husked and weighed the corn, which amounted to one hundred and seven-nine and one-half (179½) bushels per acre. If any man can beat this, I would like to know his method. The Farmers' Interest corn was planted the same day and it yielded 156 bushels per acre of as nice corn as I ever saw. Every farmer will do well to plant largely of these two kinds.

W. E. JEFFERS, M. D., Ohio.

SECOND PRIZE, \$10.00—110 bu. per acre

I will give my report of the one acre of Central States Dispatch Corn. It yielded 110 bushels on one acre. It was the finest corn I ever raised. Some of the ears were 10 to 13 inches long.

CHAS. FEIG, Ohio.

THIRD PRIZE, \$5.00—103½ bu. per acre

I purchased a bag of your Central States Dispatch Corn last spring and am a competitor for a prize, yet if I succeed in winning one it is a small thing compared to the increased yield of corn I got by planting your seed. I raised from one measured acre, planted in check rows 3 feet 8 inches apart, 103½ bushels of as fine corn as I ever saw.

LEWIS FINDLING, Ohio.

The other two successful competitors were:

FOURTH PRIZE, \$5.00—A. C. BOTTS, Indiana.

FIFTH PRIZE, \$5.00—W. W. MAYNARD, Kansas.

In last year's Catalogue we gave complete address of these successful corn growers, but without them this year on account of trade it would divert.

PRICE—By mail, pkt. 10c, 1 large sample ear 30c, 1 qt. shelled 30c, 4 qts. \$1.00. By freight or express, ¼ bu. 50c, 1 bu. \$1.75, 2½ bu. (1 bag) \$3.75, 5 bu. or more at \$1.25 per bu.

INFLUENCE OF SEED ON CROP

If the character of the seed has any influence upon the crop, then the use of the very best seed corn becomes a matter of vast importance. That it does have a great influence we need not attempt to prove. It has been demonstrated time after time on every farm to the conviction of every corn grower. If we take the six principal corn growing States and increase their yields 10 bushels per acre, it will represent at 40 cents per bushel \$70,000,000. It is astonishing the great difference in yields of corn, even in not remote neighborhoods, while the average yield of our country is ruinously low (about 27 bushels per acre.) It is time the average farmers bestir themselves. Good seed will not do it all, but it will help every time, no difference what the other conditions. Good seed and good farming combined will quickly double our average.

Red Cob Fodder Corn ... and Ensilage Corn

Unquestionably one of the finest and best fodder and ensilage corns in the country. It now enjoys a very large trade and there are sections where no other variety will be planted. The stalk grows vigorously; is short-jointed; abundance of leaves, which are sweet, tender and juicy in the green state. For fodder it cures into the best, being equal to hay for domestic animals. It is an enormous yielder, 80 tons of green feed having been cut off of one acre in a season.

The Red Cob Corn is adapted to grow in any section of the country for the purposes recommended—north, south, east and west—but will not mature seed in Northern States. Pkt. 10c, qt. 30c, 4 qts. 75c, $\frac{1}{4}$ bu. 40c, bu. \$1.25, 5 bus. or more at \$1.00 per bu.

Giant Fodder and Ensilage Corn

The question, Which is the best fodder corn? will never be settled to the satisfaction of everybody. Therefore it is wise for each grower to do some experimenting on his own account. In our estimation our Giant Fodder Corn has qualities to recommend it over any other. It grows taller than the Red Cob, is earlier and when sown thickly for fodder is almost as leafy. The seed of this variety is grown in Indiana, while Red Cob must be grown further south, consequently we can sell it cheaper. The ears on the Giant will develop much better than on the Red Cob, under the same conditions, thus adding to its feeding value. A very vigorous grower, withstands drought well and yields extraordinarily heavy crops. Grains white, on a white cob.

PRICE—Pkt. 10c, qt. 30c, 4 qts. 75c, $\frac{1}{4}$ bu. 30c, 1 bu. \$1.00, 5 bus. \$4.25, 10 bus. \$7.50, Bags free.

Giant Fodder and Ensilage
Corn

**72 PER CENT. OF MEAT.
100 BUSHELS PER ACRE.**

GREAT AMERICAN OATS

Try All Promising Things

HOLD ON
TO THE... **BEST**

THE GREAT AMERICAN OATS

Are the Kind of Oats to Grow for Sure Cropping.

HEAVY, PLUMP GRAINS WITH LARGE PER CENT OF MEAT AND SMALL PER CENT OF HULL; STIFF STRAW THAT WILL SAVE THE CROP UNTIL HARVESTED; HEAD LONG, HEAVY, FULL.

The Great American Oats are noted for vigorous growth and droughts do not effect them as much as less vigorous varieties. The grain is large, white, plump, with thin hull, running much over weight with ordinary thresher cleaning. On account of large per cent. of meat in the kernel, they are well suited for oat meal and other oat products.

We Unreservedly Recommend The Great American Oats.

They will yield from 65 to over 100 bushels per acre in ordinary farm cultivation, and more under very favorable conditions. We don't ask you to build your hopes on 200 to 1,000 bushels per acre, as you will see claims in some other catalogues. We believe we are dealing with intelligent people, and they realize that such yields are impossible. We aim to *gain* and *hold* the confidence of farmers everywhere; then will we realize the height of our ambition, when our celebrated O. K. Seeds are planted on every farm in the country.

Have you decided to devote part of the farm to the **GREAT AMERICAN OATS**? It is one of the ways to make farming pay.

Who would not rather grow a pure, true heavy oats in preference to the mixed, light, chaffy kinds grown on many farms? Farmers are doing a good business now, and now is the time to look to quality and quantity of their crops, so that prosperity may not diminish, but increase. Farmers who sow Great American Oats take out an insurance policy on their crop.

☞ We have a very fine crop of these Oats this year and want to sell some to every farmer who sends us an order. Include a small or large quantity in your order. We will guarantee satisfaction or refund your money if you are not pleased and benefited by growing the Great American Oats. We ask as a special favor that each grower report his yield after threshing.

PRICE—By mail, large pkt. 10c, 1 qt. 25c, 4 qts. 75c. By frt. or ex., ¼ bu. 30c, 1 bu. \$1.00, 3 bu. (1 bag) \$2.50, 6 bu. (2 bags) \$4.50, 9 bu. or more at 70c per bu., bags free.

Lincoln Oats

A very popular variety and one that is largely grown.

They are noted for good color, heavy weight and large yield. Are medium early; good straw. When these oats were first introduced a few years ago, seven prizes were offered for the largest yields from one bushel of seed. While such tests are not of much value as an indication of what a variety will do with usual farm cultivation, yet the fact that the *average* of the seven tests were 116 bushels and the largest yield from a bushel 174 bu., shows that this is a very prolific variety.

PRICE—Large pkt. 10c, 1 qt. 30c, 4 qts. 75c, by mail. By freight or express, ¼ bu. 30c, bu. \$1.00, 3 bu. \$2.25, 6 bu. or more 65c per bu., bags free.

GOOD THINGS FOR FARMERS

Will be found in our department of farm seeds and seed potatoes. These are the money crops on the farm and should receive very special attention. Crops can be bred as readily as stock and new seed introduced occasionally is very beneficial.

...PROSPERITY OATS...

The
Earliest,
The
Hardest,
Most
Prolific,
Strongest
Straw,
Heaviest
Grain,
Best
Color.

...

Introduced
by us in
1901..

...

This variety has sustained our claims, as enumerated at the head of this column, in another season's test, and we take much satisfaction in offering them again.

As far as tested they have proven that they are not a pampered variety, but adjust themselves to varying conditions, and in fact, appear to be just what farmers want—a Rough and Ready Variety. They are so early that they can be threshed and in the granary before the usual kinds are ready to harvest. They have a very stiff straw and stand up well on strong land. Color pure bright white if not discolored by rain. They grow vigorously and come so early that they are not liable to be injured by drought as much as later kinds.

Photographed by J. A. Everett - Sedgewick

The Prosperity Oats have made some of the largest yields on record. Read the following:

"144 bushels and 21 pounds on one acre."

Last Spring I sowed the 96 lbs. of Prosperity Oats received from you, and I harvested same early in August. The actual yield was 4,149 lbs. I left it to stand in the field five weeks before hauling; during that time the thousands of blackbirds stripped the outside bundles, causing a loss to me of 15 bushels at least. It is the best oats I have ever raised.
JNO. MATTHEWS,
—Co., Utah.

"110 bushels per acre,"

The Prosperity Oats did well, having threshed 110 bushels from 96 lbs. on one acre.
JOAN MORGAN,
—Co., Ill.

"Two weeks earlier than other varieties."

I sowed the Prosperity Oats on a little more than an acre of land. They came up good; are a strong grower; about two weeks earlier than our native oats. Threshed 80 bushels, machine measure. They would weigh about 100 bushels.

A. J. TROYER,
—Co., O.

"Ripe 60 days after sowing."

"The Prosperity Oats could have been cut 60 days after sowing. Stood up well. Straw nearly as stiff as wheat straw. Are well satisfied with Prosperity Oats."

Barton S. Gordon,
—Co., Ohio.

Price: These Oats are in small supply, and we recommend every purchaser to make as large seed as a good price next year. We predict that all that are grown will be wanted for seed at a good price next year. Large Pkt. 10c, 1 qt. 30c, 4 qts. \$1.00, by mail. By freight or express, peck 40c, ½ bu. 75c, bu. \$1.25, 3 bu. in bag \$3.60, 9 bu. or more at 90c per bu.

EVERITT'S RELIABLE

MOST RELIABLE
OATS
TO GROW

NEW BLACK OATS, THE RELIABLE

Where color is not an objection the **Reliable Black** should have the consideration of growers. Many farmers are convinced that black oats are more reliable croppers than white, which is to a certain extent true, as they will endure more hardship and exposure and still make a crop.

Everitt's **Reliable Black Oats** are the result of an importation of seed from England several years ago, where black oats are much preferred and about three times as many are grown as white oats. They are fully as good as white oats for feeding and surpass white oats in stiffness of straw. The straw is very stiff. The heads are very long and yield heavy crops of grain, weighing 35 to 45 pounds to measured bushel, owing to season and cleanliness.

Our seeds have been grown with great care and we are positive every grower will be pleased with them. They have always been free from rust.

The **Reliable Black Oats** are full of vigor, and will respond to the care of any good farmer and make him a crop almost regardless of adverse conditions.

This hardy, vigorous variety will make a good crop when a weak variety will be disappointing. The **Reliable** will be so productive as to make a profit when the price is low. It is the top bushel that makes the profit. Each bushel added beyond cost of production is clear profit. We have often said: *It is not so much the soil, cultivation, fertilizer or season, as the variety, that insures success.*

Good seed is also fertilizer.

No difference what the price is, after you raise a certain number of bushels to pay cost of production then you get your profit. Strive for the top bushel. Each one added is clear gain. Each one you fall below cost of production is clear loss. This refers to all crops. Sow **RELIABLE BLACK OATS** for a sure crop, with a large proportion of top bushels.

There are many instances where 75 to 100 bushels of oats can be grown per acre as well as 25 to 40 bushels, if only the proper variety is used for seed.

PRICE—We will make it possible for every farmer to get some of these oats by putting the price very low. Pkt. 10c, qt. 25c, 4 qts. 65c, by mail. $\frac{1}{4}$ bu. 30c, bu. 90c, 3 bus. (1 bag) \$2.50, 6 bus. or more at 75c per bu. Bags free.

POTATO Department.

Including Novelties, Specialties and Standard Varieties, comprising absolutely the best sorts in the country. No potato grower need look outside of our list for the best early, medium and late varieties.

EVERITT'S Seed Potatoes

Are Famous Wherever Known
They are the Leaders

growing. Our conservative course has gained for our house the confidence of potato raisers, and as a consequence our trade is not excelled in this line by any house in the country. And in our success we have been instrumental in wonderfully increasing the value of the Potato crop for thousands of farmers all over the country.

Whatever careful selection and good cultivation have been done in the way of improving the Potato, they have never been able to overcome the inclination to revert to its natural condition or "run out," and we find those old varieties that a few years ago were our best potatoes placed at the foot of the list and in a few more years will be entirely out of cultivation. There is no exception to this rule. All varieties obey the law. If it were not in our power to create new varieties the Potato would soon be an extinct vegetable and any farmer who continues cultivating a variety after it has begun to deteriorate does so at his loss. There are new varieties being introduced every few years, which keeps the standard to its present high position, and occasionally a variety is brought out that is decidedly in advance of its predecessors. Every potato grower should test all the promising new kinds, and thus keep always in the front rank. The variety itself has more to do with the success of the crop than the manner of cutting the seed, planting or cultivation. This is a reliable statement that should be kept in mind by all cultivators.

WHY send to the far North for your SEED POTATOES? We pay the freight to Indianapolis, the center of the country, and can cheaply deliver to you from this point. See map on 2d cover page.

Mixed Packages

We are often asked if we will ship more than one variety of Potatoes in a barrel. We will do this with pleasure for our customers, and offer:

Three kinds, 1 bu. of each, at the 3 bu. rates of the respective varieties.

Or, we will put up peck lots, where 4 or more pecks are taken, at the bushel rates for the respective varieties.

Or, we will put up 1 lb. each of 4 or more varieties and send them at the 4 lb. rates.

We make these offers to our customers to encourage them to order several varieties, so they can select the best for their particular farm. There is a great difference in varieties of potatoes, and no other crop responds so liberally to good seeds as potatoes, the seed oftentimes doubling the crop.

Our varieties are unexcelled.

EARLY 6-WEEKS POTATO.

A CROP
43 DAYS FROM
PLANTING
RAISED FROM
40 EYES
BY
ONE OF OUR
CUSTOMERS.

EVERITT'S
EARLY
6 WEEKS
..MARKET..

POTATO

IS
FAMOUS
WHEREVER
KNOWN

IT IS STILL THE LEADER.

The wonderful Six-Weeks Market Potato. Without exception the Earliest Potato in Existence and the Most Valuable for Market, Gardeners, Truckers and all Early Market Purposes. A Perfect Table Potato and a Wonderful Yields.

INTRODUCED BY US IN 1890.

Ready for Market in SIX WEEKS. Two Weeks Ahead of Any Other Variety, and has Yielded at the Rate of Over 600 Bushels Per Acre.

Others May Equal It in Size, Quality or Productiveness, but in Earliness

EVERITT'S EARLY SIX-WEEKS MARKET IS UNAPPROACHED.

Market Gardeners, Truckers and all Others

Who grow potatoes for home or market will prize this potato ahead of all others on account of its *extreme earliness, good table qualities, fine size and shape, great productiveness and splendid keeping properties.* Just think of one variety of Potatoes combining all of these qualities *in high degrees.* We positively assert and have abundant and undoubted proofs that **Everitt's Early Six-Weeks Market Potatoes** do make good size, merchantable tubers in 6 weeks from planting.

We don't refer to a solitary instance. This potato can be depended upon for such results ever time *if planted when the growing season has arrived, and the weather is favorable.* With unfavorable weather they will, of course, require longer. (Read the reports on the following pages.) The potatoes cook fine and dry from the time they are large enough until late spring. Size is medium, skin light flesh color, shape like in illustration. They are perfect beauties, heavy yielders and sure yielders.

We have had much experience with this potato and are prepared upon for such results ever time *if planted when the growing season has arrived, and the weather is favorable.* With unfavorable weather they will, of course, require longer. (Read the reports on the following pages.) The potatoes cook fine and dry from the time they are large enough until late spring. Size is medium, skin light flesh color, shape like in illustration. They are perfect beauties, heavy yielders and sure yielders.

Wonderful

Size for use in 6 Weeks. Ripen in ten Weeks. Yield 420 bus. per acre; next year 380 bus. per acre; 2 years later 600 bus. per acre.....

A
Record
Un-
paralleled

A CROP SIX WEEKS FROM PLANTING.
THIS IS NOT A FANCY PICTURE BUT AN ACTUAL REALITY.

Taking all the good qualities of this potato into consideration, is it not a money variety for the market and a variety that will be prized by all lovers of early vegetables at home? There is not a more valuable variety in existence, in our estimation. It is worth its weight in gold for a start of seed.

The potatoes begin to form when the stalk is only 4 or 5 inches high. The tops and tubers grow rapidly.

They grow so rapidly and mature so early that the potato bugs have little chance with them, making the crop, if planted early, before the young bugs become numerous. They yielded on the farm of the originator in Ohio 420 bushels per acre. Next year 380 bushels per acre, two years later over 600 bushels per acre. He raised them for early, medium and late crop, claiming they "fill the bill" better than any others.

READ

How this Potato is Liked by All who Grow It.....

"The Like was Never Seen Before"

We received a letter from our customer, John L. Saum, of Paulding County, Ohio, to the effect that he dug some Six-Weeks Market Potatoes forty days from planting. It occurred to us that it would be a good idea to have a disinterested party dig and send us some potatoes from which to make a photo-engraving for our catalogue. We wrote to him at once, and on August 25th we received the following letter:

Mr. J. A. Everitt:

DEAR SIR—"I send you to-day by freight the product of forty hills of Six-Weeks Potatoes. They were dug last night and this morning and grew in forty-three days. They were grown from one-eye seed. I have just begun farming on my own land, and am not fixed yet for pushing a crop of early potatoes. They were covered with a breaking plow and given very ordinary treatment. Think I can beat it next season. Several people who saw them were astonished. I expect to exhibit at our county fair."

(See engraving on page 131.)

JOHN L. SAUM.

We, the undersigned, do personally know the originator of EVERITT'S EARLY SIX-WEEKS MARKET POTATO, and of our own knowledge know that this variety will produce potatoes fit for the table in six weeks from planting, and that they are solid and mealy when boiled, and that they will mature in 72 days from planting. We consider them the earliest potato in the world, and if justice is done them they will be placed at the head of the list as the *earliest, finest table variety, and the largest cropper* of any early variety. J. W. SHANKS, E. B. SMITH, R. BLAIR, V. WASHBURN, ELIZABETH WASHBURN, all of Athens County, Ohio.

I planted a few of the Six-Weeks Market Potatoes last season on black, sandy loam, without manure and raised at the rate of 395 bushels per acre of the nicest potatoes I ever saw. They will produce potatoes for market in six weeks and mature in 72 days. The potato bugs have no chance whatever with them. They are the largest croppers of all early kinds. ELIZABETH WASHBURN, Athens Co., Ohio.

The Everitt's Early Six-Weeks Market Potato is the most wonderful variety in the world, and combines more good qualities than any other variety in cultivation. This will surely be the gardeners' favorite on account of its earliness and other valuable qualities. The potatoes begin to set on almost as soon as the plants appear, and by the time the plants are as large as other early potatoes when tubers begin to set, these are ready for market. At six weeks from planting I have had them fit for the table and as fine, solid and mealy as ripe tubers. They are not troubled with the potato beetle. JOHN WISE, Athens Co., Ohio.

I know the originator of Everitt's Early Six-Weeks Market Potato, and helped to dig his crop this season, and I think they are the earliest potato in cultivation today. When the vines were about six inches high, I examined them and found potatoes as large as partidge eggs, and at six weeks from planting were as large as hen eggs. Will mature in 72 days and never rot. The yield was 380 bushels per acre, without manure. J. E. SHANKS, Athens Co., Ohio.

One pound Early Six-Weeks Market Potato yielded 147 pounds of fine, sound, smooth tubers. Ripened in 75 days, and produced marketable potatoes in six

weeks, as you claimed. This is the most valuable variety of potatoes ever introduced.

R. TAYLOR, Ashland Co., Wis.

The Six-Weeks Market Potatoes take the cake. All the seeds I buy of J. A. Everitt beat the world.

MRS. W. H. POWERS, Bradford Co., Pa.

I like the Six-Weeks Potato very much. I divided with my neighbors. One of them says they are the best he ever saw. They are excellent keepers. They are first-class in every respect.

E. HARTMAN, Sutton Co., W. Va.

The Early Six-Weeks Potatoes did well with me. I could sell a carload for seed here if I had them.

JOHN B. COCHRAN, Jefferson Co., Ohio.

You have got it this time—I mean the *best early* and the *earliest* potato in existence. We had the Early Six-Weeks Market Potato large enough for the table in six weeks from planting. They outyielded all our other varieties. AUGUST BROENKNER, (Gardener), Allegan County, Mich.

Ten dollars per bushel would not buy my Early Six-Weeks Market Potatoes if I could not replace them for less. They are the earliest of all, and a heavy yielder. I predict they will be universally grown by market

gardeners for early, and those gardeners who get them first will reap handsome profits. JACOB R. STILLSON, Onondaga County, N. Y.

My Early Six-Weeks Potatoes have proved to be as early as you represented them, and a fine yielder, sound, smooth and best quality. They are very valuable. C. E. WARD, Sullivan Co., Ind.

The Early Six-Weeks Market Potato was the best for yield and the earliest I had this season. They are one to two weeks earlier than the Early Ohio.

N. NYEDAN, Marion County, Ind.

Planted the Early Six-Weeks Market Potato May 3. They grew fine, and we had new potatoes cooked June 20. They are the earliest we ever saw.

DANIEL DONOVAN, Carroll County, Tenn.

Our Early Six-Weeks Market Potato produced over one hundred fine potatoes that made a bushel, measured. They are the earliest to make market potatoes and earliest to mature of any I ever saw. My crop is not for sale at any price. JOHN GILBERT, Meek Co., Va.

Twenty hills of Early Six-Weeks Market Potatoes yielded a heaped bushel. They bear out your claims for earliness, quality and productiveness. Thanks for calling my attention to them.

EMIL LAURANCE, Worcester County, Mass.

I would give hundreds of dollars to control the growing of the Early Six-Weeks Market Potato for this market, as they can be put on the market two weeks ahead of any other sort, which means hundreds of dollars profit to a large grower.

W. HENRY MORRIS, Cuyahoga Co., Ohio.

'Tis now six weeks and five days since I planted the Six-Weeks Market Potatoes. They did not sprout very quick, but they have nice, large tubers on them. Are the earliest potato for this climate I ever saw. Thank you a thousand times. C. L. RICE, Armstrong Co., Pa.

Out of 17 kinds of potatoes planted, your Early Six-Weeks Market was superior to all, both in quality, size and earliness. I really think they are the best potato on earth. C. CARROLL, Pipestone Co., Minn.

We have such a very large number of splendid testimonials for the Six-Weeks Potato, that we cannot possibly publish them all, but will set some in very small type to get more in a limited space. Let one of the boys or girls read them to father and mother, if your eyes are not strong. If we would print all the good reports received for this potato a catalogue of this size would not hold them.

It is the best potato I ever saw, yields well, of good size, cooks up like balls of flour, and is delicious. I thank you for introducing so good a potato.

THOS. SINNOCK, Adams Co., Ill.

Six-Weeks Potatoes have done well for me. Last season, when nearly all kinds dried up, they gave me a good crop of fine, large potatoes, nearly a full yield, and tubers large, with very few small ones; quality excellent, very early; also they were awarded first prize at our fair, where many kinds competed.

J. W. BAKER, Bureau Co., Ill.

The Early Six-Weeks have done well for us. The only trouble is they come on first to eat, and we generally use them all up before others come.

C. C. SHAW, Licking Co., O.

The Early Six-Weeks are grand. We had fine potatoes in 6 weeks from planting; dry and mealy as old potatoes. Early Ohio came 3 weeks later. L. S. JOHNSON, Clearfield Co., Pa.

You can not praise the Early Six-Weeks Market Potato too much. Gardeners should not think of doing without them. I dug 50 bushels off $\frac{1}{4}$ acre, beginning six weeks from planting, which averaged me 50c a peck. They are wonderful.

G. R. HIXON, Madison Co., Ill.

The Early Six-Weeks Market Potato is splendid. I find them the best table potato I have had since the Peachblow run out.

GEO. G. COLTON, Sac Co., Ia.

I consider the Early Six-Weeks Market Potato the earliest and the best potato I have ever raised.

G. SAMUEL MCKAY, Tipton Co., Ind.

The Early Six-Weeks Market Potato did exceedingly well; raised at the rate of 400 bushels per acre; some weighed $1\frac{1}{2}$ pounds. We think the cooking quality better than the Early Ohios, and they are earlier and better yielders.

S. HOFFMAN, Preble Co., O.

Am well pleased with the Early Six-Weeks Market Potato. It is the very finest quality for table, a good cropper, free from rot and bugs.

A. E. STUALLEY, Knox Co., Me.

The Early Six-Weeks Potatoes are all you claim for them. They are very early and good yielders. Planted them the 19th of April and the last of June (6 weeks) they were ready to dig, and good size, too; no marbles.

A. FENTON, Monroe Co., N. Y.

The Early Six-Weeks Market is the best table potato in flavor I ever handled, and yield in abundance.

BENJ. GEMBERLING, Licking Co., O.

The Early Six-Weeks Market Potato excels all. The tubers are larger, mature earlier, and in all respects are superior to others I have tried.

B. P. JANNEY, D. C.

The Early Six-Weeks Market Potato did well in every respect. They are extra early, cook mealy, good yielders. Of nice size, average $\frac{1}{2}$ pound. The 8 pounds bought of you yielded over five heaping bushel baskets.

GEO. W. RICHARDSON, Morrison Co., Minn.

Those Six-Weeks Market Potatoes are true to your statement. In just 6 weeks from planting dug good-sized potatoes.

E. W. ANTHONY, Houghton Co., Mich.

They are the best early potatoes, taking yield, size and quality into account, of any potato I have ever tested, and have tried nearly every kind I could hear of.

W. H. MILLER, Winnebago Co., Ill.

The Six-Weeks Market Potato made 50 bushels more per acre than the Ohio, our standard potato; am well pleased with them.

J. M. G. WATT, Douglas Co., Kas.

I am well pleased with the Six-Weeks Potato. If I was gardening I would surely buy seeds of you.

P. E. GENOWRY, Mo.

One peck of Six-Weeks Potatoes yielded $16\frac{1}{4}$ bushels of as fine potatoes as I ever saw. There is nothing in this section to come up to them, and they are ready sale at \$3.00 per bushel. I dug them the 16th of June.

JOHN F. GRENVILLE, Niagara Co., N. Y.

From 19 pounds Six-Weeks Potatoes I raised 12 bushels of fine potatoes, at the rate of 165 bushels per acre; planted $3\frac{3}{4}$ feet, 2 eyes in a hill. We like them much as an early market sort.

J. C. ZIMMERMAN, Col. Co., O.

Six-Weeks Potatoes done very well. All the seeds from you did well.

C. L. FOSTER, Knox Co., Mo.

Six-Weeks Market potatoes are very early and good yielders. I took them to Portage County Fair and received first premium for best early potatoes.

CHRIS. HECKER, Columbia Co., Wis.

I think the Early Six-Weeks Market Potato is the finest early potato I ever saw.

C. C. WEBER, Franklin Co., O.

The first year we planted the Six-Weeks Potatoes we had them large enough to use in 6 weeks from the planting. I planted these again the same year in July, and raised a second crop. A friend to whom I gave some says they are 10 days earlier than any other potato he ever tried. They are easily dug and have few small ones. They also can be kept longer without their vitality being weakened by sprouting. I kept some until July 9th, and the sprouts were only about $\frac{1}{2}$ inch long. We thank you for introducing this new variety.

JOHN L. SAUM, Paulding Co., O.

The Early Six-Weeks Potatoes are all you claim for them. We had them in just seven weeks from planting. They were larger than a hen's egg at that time.

GEO. HAMILTON, Bureau Co., Ill.

Early Six-Weeks Potatoes have done very well, considering our heavy clay soil. Much better than the Early Ohio, which before was our best early potato.

JOHN LAWSON, Richland Co., O.

I sold Six-Weeks Market in June, planted in April, at 6c per pound. I am well pleased with them.

H. S. BROWN,

Pennington County, S. Dak.

Early Six-Weeks Potatoes are early, good yielders and the quality is first-class.

ENOCH BALD, Grant Co., Ind.

Early Six-Weeks Potatoes are very early and of excellent quality. I have none for sale at any price, as I will plant all. I consider them the best and earliest potato in our locality.

JAMES HUGHLY, Alle. Co., Pa.

Early Six-Weeks are all you claim for them. They are very early and good yielders. Planted 3d of May, the 20th of June were ready to dig. They are the best potato on earth.

CHAS. T. WALTZ, Lyscoming Co., Pa.

Our County Fair has just closed, and I must tell you what they done with the Six-Weeks Potato. I took all the premiums (two) in competition with many of the leading new kinds, and all fine at that. They were popular at our fair.

J. W. BAKER, Bureau Co., Ill.

The Early Six-Weeks did fine and were fit to use two weeks before the Early Ohios.

W. A. THOP, Highland Co., O.

We Do Not Give Complete Address with Testimonials, as this would Direct Trade to Our Customers of Former Years, to Our Serious Loss

PRICE Everybody knows the very early potatoes bring high prices, consequently growers of Early Six-Weeks Market must have stiff prices and we must charge correspondingly high rates. You better pay a good big price for Genuine Six-Weeks, however, than plant other kinds. Postpaid, 1 lb. 25c, 4 lbs. 75c. By freight or express, $\frac{1}{4}$ bu. 50c, $\frac{1}{2}$ bu. 80c, 1 bu. \$1.50, 1 bbl. of 3 bu. \$4.00, 5 bushels or more at \$1.25.

NOTICE—Our barrels of potatoes contain 3 bushels instead of $2\frac{3}{4}$ bushels as usual. Please keep this in mind when comparing prices. Freight rate on potatoes from Indianapolis will be very light as compared to the East or North. This should also be taken into consideration by farmers in the Central States. We make no charge for packages to ship potatoes.

CAUTION Since we introduced our renowned Early Six-Weeks Market Potatoes some other parties have offered Potatoes under various names, "Early Market," "Five-Weeks Potatoes," "45-day Potato," etc., or attached their name to it. Some of them use our description of Early Six-Weeks, others claim their potato is as good as our Six-Weeks. We wish it distinctly understood that we named and introduced this unequalled variety, and are headquarters for the genuine seed.

THE SILVER HILL POTATO

A superior medium early variety. This potato is noted for a heavy yield of medium sized tubers just right for a critical market, and suits the exacting housekeeper who wants neither small nor extra large tubers. They should be given good ground and clean cultivation, when they will turn out a great crop of beautiful potatoes of smooth shape and handsome appearance, as shown in the illustration. We know of no other variety that will weight to the hill. Each hill is a veritable quality, and we unreservedly comers and predict for its popularity Mountain and six weeks will gain nothing by wait to get this potato, but they benefits resulting from the splendid and Read some from our introductory effort on the Silver Hill Potato.

The following reports are from our customers who obtained not more than half pound of the Silver Hill Potato in our introductory offer. We received a great many more reports, but lack of space prevents us from publishing them.

The Silver Hill Potato is the most remarkable potato I ever grew. The hills were just alive with fine tubers. From the ½ lb. I made 20 hills, 1 eye to a hill, and have 130 lbs., or 6½ lbs. to the eye planted.

SETH POMEROY, Williamsport, Pa.

My ½ pound of Silver Hill Potatoes produced in all 32 potatoes, weighing 14 pounds. There were only one or two small ones.

W. C. WARREN, Clipper, Ky.

I consider the Silver Hill Potato did remarkably well. From ¾ pound I raised 30 pounds, all marketable. I think it is the best potato I have ever raised.

W. T. STINNETT, Madisonville, Ky.

Silver Hill Potatoes yielded 103 potatoes, weighing 16½ pounds. Yard Long Corn yielded 4 bushels, some of the ears measuring 13 inches. Eureka Watermelon and Garden Treasures all right.

A. LUKE ROOLS, Box 73, Marion, Ill.

I dug ½ bushel of potatoes from the ½ pound you sent.

WM. DEPEW, Boone, Okla. Ter.

From the ½ pound of Silver Hill Potatoes you sent I had 15 pounds. They are fine. Will save them for seed.

T. M. HICKS, New Carlisle, Ind.

From two small Silver Hill Potatoes you sent me I raised ½ bushel of fine potatoes. They are as good as I want. My Yard Long Corn is good; raised nearly two bushels. **HIRAM JONES, Soldier, Ky.**

I received 1 Silver Hill Potato and got 102 potatoes weighing 34½ pounds. The Yard Long Corn did well.

E. L. GRIEST, Fishertown, Pa.
I had 8 hills of Silver Hill Potatoes and got 48 potatoes weighing 19 pounds. Only 6 that would not do for market. How is that for O. K. Seeds? They are just fine. Am going to save all for seed.

MRS. VOHS, Nevada, Mo.
The corn did fine, but was injured by a wind and hail storm. The melons were very nice and we have about ¼ of a bushel of fine potatoes from the one you sent. **DORA V. GALBRATH, Patterson, Ia.**

PRICE—By mail, 1 lb. 25c, 4 lbs. 75c. By freight or express, ¼ bu. 50c, bu. \$1.25, bbl. of 3 bus. \$3.50. Parties purchasing 5 bus. or more can have them at \$1.00 per bu.

EVERITT'S

GREAT NEW

WHITE MOUNTAIN

POTATO

You
never
put a
finer po-
tato on your
table—Simply
delicious.

ENGRAVED FOR J. EVERITT, SEEDSMAN

A
FIT
SUCCESSOR
TO OUR GREAT AND
WORLD-FAMOUS
GREEN MOUNTAIN

Fifth Year of Our Famous WHITE MOUNTAIN POTATO

A Fit Successor to Our Great GREEN MOUNTAIN

SIXTEEN years ago we introduced the great **GREEN MOUNTAIN POTATO**, which has been famous ever since. Famous for beauty, great productiveness and the superb cooking qualities loved by all users of this popular food. Probably no other potato had warmer friends in its best days than the Green Mountain, and although it has served the public these many years, it still retains much of its original vigor and will be a profitable variety for many years to come.

We want to call the attention of all friends of the Green Mountain and others who are seeking for the best results in their potato crop to **THE WHITE MOUNTAIN**, a variety that is not excelled for handsome form, color and good cooking qualities. In proof of our assertions we offer testimonials below from some well known people, which should carry deep conviction.

The **WHITE MOUNTAIN** is in season medium late and suited for main crop. The tubers are of medium to large size. Practically no small ones or sortings. Eyes very even with the surface, or slightly bulged above, which of itself is a good indication of a strong grower. Skin white, with rich yellowish creamy cast, and considerably rifled or netted. Experienced growers know that a potato with a skin like this possesses superior cooking qualities. The flesh is as white as snow and cooks dry and mealy. The plant is a vigorous grower, and if protected from bugs will carry the tubers through to a perfect and bountiful harvest. The tubers set close about the base of the plant and turn out clean at first effort.

This potato will astonish old potato growers in its yields and fine qualities and every person who is ambitious to make the most money out of his crop cannot afford to let this year pass without obtaining seed of the **New White Mountain**.

You can raise 300 bags of White Mountain Potatoes per acre.

W. B. Hall's yield was 243 bus. per acre. Next best variety was 167 bus. Almost 50 per cent gained by planting White Mountain. See below.

I find, after testing the **White Mountain Potato**, both for yield and quality, that it has great merit. They are the talk of this country around who have seen them. *It's a distinct new variety.* It's the strongest grower I ever seen, growing away from blight and bugs and makes a crop when others fail.

C. S. C., Huron Co., O.

I send you the following results of tests of four varieties of potatoes, all planted May 28 and all harvested Sept. 27. The yield is given at rate per acre. All had exactly the same treatment: Carman No. 3, 132½ bus.; Mayflower, 127½ bus.; Seneca Beauty, 167 bus.; **White Mountain**, 243 bus.

W. B. HALL, Huron, O.

We are not able to give a very favorable report of our test of potatoes for this year, owing to the very unfavorable weather. The **White Mountain** you will find in the list below. We will say, that as far as our test goes, your variety is promising. The tubers are uniform in size, regular in shape, and do not show a tendency to become prongy. On the whole, I think that it is a promising variety. The tests follow. The yields are per acre:

Sir Walter Raleigh.....	126 Bus.
Sir William.....	145 "
Early Michigan.....	79 "
Rural New Yorker.....	96 "
Enormous.....	124 "
Early Rose.....	115 "
Maule's Early Thoroughbred.....	105 "
Carman No. 3.....	140 "
Bovee.....	122 "
White Mountain.....	158 "

W. J. GREEN,
Horticulturist of Ohio Agr. Experiment Station.

The **White Mountain Potato** was planted May 3 and dug Sept. 10. It made a very large, vigorous growth, with thick stalk and stocky vines. The tubers were very compact in the hills and all large—no small ones at all. There was no record kept of the yields. I am very much pleased with the potato. There were 31 other varieties, mostly new, planted in the field, and none made a better showing or pleased me better than the **White Mountain**. This was one of the 52 varieties I showed at the Wisconsin and Illinois State Fairs and it attracted much attention.

L. L. O., Rock Co., Wis.

My trial of the **White Mountain Potato** was very satisfactory. The six tubers yielded me four bushels, with very common care and planted in the ordinary way. The quality is very fine. They have merit and are a great acquisition for potato growers.

S. J. A., Lorain Co., O.

The **White Mountain Potato** proved to be a very vigorous grower, produced smooth tubers of uniform size, while in yield and appearance compare very favorably with Rurals and Carmans.

DENNIS, D. R., Huron Co., O.

Mr. B., who had in charge the test of **White Mountain Potato**, is in New York. The writer, however, saw the crop harvested. It was fine and of good quality. This variety was one of the largest yielders out of several varieties tested.

G. B. & Co.,

Per Lawson, Rochester, N. Y.

Our crop of **White Mountain Potatoes** was short on account of too much wet weather where grown last year. We cannot guarantee to fill all orders to the end of the season. Price, lb. 25c, 4 lbs. 75c, by mail. By freight or express, ½ bu. 50c, bu. \$1.25, per bbl. of 3 bus. \$3.50. While our supply lasts we will sell in lots of 5 bus. or more at \$1.00 per bu.

Early Everitt

A Great Early Cropper
A Great Money Making Potato

Some of our customers confuse this with our Early Six-Weeks. They are very distinct and we advise you in ordering to state plainly which you want.

In the following table is found the results of a test I made with 13 early varieties. All were planted on April 22:

Variety	Time of Ripening	Bu. per A.
1. Vick's Early Pride,	July 7,	297
2. Early Harvest,	July 8,	334
3. Bur's No. 1 Early,	July 8,	328
4. Bur's Thoroughbred,	July 10,	297
5. Statesman,	July 10,	331
6. Statesman,	July 10,	181
7. Early Ohio,	July 10,	214
8. Early Everitt,	July 10,	363
9. Old Queen,	July 13,	215
10. New Early Rose,	July 18,	210
11. Vick's Early Excelsior,	July 18,	297
12. Michigan Early Rose,	July 29,	211
13. Early Wisconsin,	July 30,	207

GEO. W. MACE, Dark Co., O.

The Early Everitt is of the Early Rose type and is one of our specialties in Potatoes. From our acquaintance with all the varieties now in cultivation, and for the guidance of our customers, we do not hesitate to state that our **EARLY EVERITT** is one of the finest early potatoes now in cultivation, coming 3 weeks after our Early Six-Weeks Market, and is so productive that it is planted by some large growers for both early and late crop. Its fine form is shown by the accompanying engraving. All the tubers are not as regular as this, but it is a handsome variety; eyes even with the surface; color of skin, light pink. Flesh is fine, solid, white, and of surpassing quality for the table. Growth strong and rapid, setting tubers very early, which attain a large size in a very short time, and ripen with the Early Rose. Tubers grow very large, frequently weighing over 2 lbs. apiece. Yield astonishes old potato growers, who acknowledge that they never had so productive an early potato. No grower who is ambitious to make the most money out of potatoes should fail to grow the **Early Everitt Potato**.

Below we print a few testimonials, which are only a few taken from hundreds that we have received praising this fine potato, but which lack of room prevents us from publishing:

The peck of Early Everitt Potatoes yielded 15 bus. My Green Mountains took first premium at our county fair over 10 varieties.

R. E. CHAMBERS, Owen Co., Ind.

The Early Everitt has proved to be a very fine potato, yielding with me as high as 1 bu. from 15 eyes of seed, or a bu. to the rod of row, or 800 bus. to the acre. I dug specimens to-day that weighed 2 lbs. each.

S. R. MUTH, Jexau Co., W Va.

One lb. Early Everitt Potatoes yielded 2 bus. of as nice potatoes as I ever saw. Mrs. Raines thinks the quality better than Early Rose.

H. RAINE, Hendricks Co., Ind.

I planted the $\frac{1}{4}$ bu. Early Everitt Potato on the 6th of July and dug them on the 1st of October. The weather was very dry through June, July and part of August. The ground had no manure for 6 years, and I had 43 lbs.; one measured 20 inches around lengthwise and weighed 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ lbs. I shall keep them all to plant next year.

F. R. COLLINS, Elkhardt Co., Ind.

From 2 hills of Everitt Potatoes, 3 eyes in a hill, I dug 20 lbs., not one small one, the lot Early Rose would not have grown at all in this ground. We were with them.

W. B. SNYDER, Lewis Co., Wash.

Price, by mail, postpaid, 1 lb. 25c, 4 lbs. 75c. By freight or express, $\frac{1}{4}$ bu. 50c, 1 bu. \$1.25, 1 bbl. 3 bu. \$3.50. 5 bu. or more at \$1.00 per bu.

THE FAMOUS GREEN MOUNTAIN

Although introduced more than 10 years ago, this Potato still holds a high place in the esteem of potato growers. We have many calls each year from our old customers for new seed, while others who have never grown it conclude to begin, which is a wise conclusion.

Its handsome form, white skin and large size **recommend** it everywhere. The flesh is white and fine-grained, cooks dry and mealy and is of superior flavor. For the table it truly has no superior. This is the case when first dug and it retains its good cooking qualities and keeps sound and perfect until the new crop comes again. As a variety to keep for late spring use, it is unsurpassed. Vines grow vigorously, foliage deep green, the tubers grow compactly in the hill, which is completely crowded with fine large potatoes. They ripen in August if planted in April, and in the important matter of productiveness they are perfectly marvelous. This quality, combined as it is, with fine appearance and good table qualities, makes the Green Mountain one of the most valuable late varieties in the country. To growers who supply private families we recommend this potato.

It not only satisfies, but can be sold for an extra price.

Read some reports. Thousands more have been received, but we cannot possibly spare room to publish them:

I consider the Green Mountain Potato did remarkably well considering our poor season. I cut the seed in ten pieces and they grew nicely and produced 35 lbs. of potatoes, all marketable. They are a more vigorous grower than the Burbank and hold their foliage better than the Blush, which is the most so of any kind tried heretofore. They are a variety of great promise. W. H. MORRIS, Adams Co., Ill.

The Green Mountain Potato is the best for the farmer, for market and for the table, I ever saw. My neighbor, W. Gladwell, had a patch about 40 x 100 feet and the hills were alive with potatoes. The yield was at least 100 bushels from this small piece of ground. The people here never before saw such potatoes and bought them for seed as fast as dug. CHAS. MONTGOMERY, Marion Co., Ind.

1 lb. 25c, 4 lbs. 75c, ¼ bu. 50c, bu. \$1.25, bbl. of 3 bu. \$3.50, 5 bu. or more \$1.00 per bu.

Unequaled Records

The Greatest Yield ever made by any Potato—at the rate of

1,391½ Bushels

per acre—was grown of our Green Mountain Potato by the Editor of the Rural New Yorker.

The Greatest Price ever paid for any Potato we paid for this—viz.,

\$200 Per Barrel

It is still in the front ranks and held in high esteem by farmers in America and Europe.

The Green Mountain Potato surprised everybody in this section of the country. They yield about double our other kinds and are just right for fancy city trade. Bankers and merchants are having me fill their cellars at 10c to 20c per bu. above the market. I will grow no other for main crop until the Green Mountain runs out, then I hope you will have another to take its place. S. E. GARBER, Hamilton Co., O.

From the ¼ lb. Green Mountain Potato I raised 62 pounds. They are fine, large potatoes. The four largest weighed 9 lbs. I am exceedingly well pleased with them. A. HUBER, Union Co., Pa.

The Green Mountain Potato is the best I ever tried, and it is the most profitable for the farmer to grow. Allen Avery dug my potatoes and he says they are the best he ever dug. SABISKI RUTTER, Marion Co., Ind.

MISCELLANEOUS VARIETIES OF POTATOES

CARMAN No. 3

A Seedling from Seedlings and a Distinct Variety and New Type of Potatoes.

One of the best of Mr. Carman's productions. They are remarkable for thrifty growth and enormous yields of handsome, perfect tubers. The skin is white, flesh white and fine-grained. They cook fine. They never grow prongy, but produce beautiful, shapely, bulky potatoes, the pride of every grower, dealer, shipper or cook who handles them. They grow to a large size, but are never hollow-hearted and produce scarcely any small, unmarketable tubers at all. The vines grow to a wonderful size, the stalks being as large around as a man's finger, with long, spreading branches. The vines form a dense mat over the ground and serve as a mulch as well as a thick covering of straw. If planted early and the spring is showery, they will soon produce so many vines as to defy later summer droughts. An investment in seed of this potato will pay a bountiful dividend.

Price, by mail, postpaid, 1b. 25c. 4 lbs. 75c. By freight or express, 1/4 bu. 35c, bu. \$1.25, bbl. of 3 bus. \$3.00, in lots of 5 bus. or more at 90c per bu.

EARLY OHIO

One of the most popular extra early sorts. Very valuable for market gardeners on account of its earliness; also for fall and early winter use. It does not keep well in the spring. Growth good size and quality excellent. Very productive for so early a potato. We sell large quantities of this variety.

Price, 1b. 25c. 4 lbs. 75c, 1/4 bu. 40c, bu. \$1.25, bbl. of 3 bus. \$3.00, lots of 5 bus. or more at 90c per bu.

EARLY ROSE

This was originally the grandest potato ever introduced, but it has lost much of its original vigor and vitality, until now it is grown to a very limited extent.

Price, 1b. 25c. 4 lbs. 75c, 1/4 bu. 35c, bu. \$1.25, bbl. of 3 bus. \$3.00, lots of 5 bus. or more at 85c per bu.

BEAUTY OF HEBRON

A popular early variety, largely grown and found on all markets. Excellent table qualities. Slightly earlier than the Early Rose. Beauty of Hebron Potato has been cultivated for many years and has lost some of its original vigor. We advise a change to some of our new sorts.

Price, 1b. 25c. 4 lbs. 75c, 1/4 bu. 30c, bu. \$1.25, bbl. of 3 bus. \$3.00, lots of 5 bus. or more at 85c per bu.

HYBRIDIZED POTATO SEED

We have the pleasure of offering a very choice strain of Potato Seed—the product of numerous hybridizations between many of the best new and old varieties in cultivation. Growing new sorts from the seed ball seed is a very interesting employment for old or young. There is the widest range of difference in color, shape and general characteristics between the different seedlings; every one is more or less unlike every other. Great success has already attended the attempts to improve this valuable esculent and the end is not yet.

Seed Balls.

ENGRAVED FOR J. A. EVERITT SEEDSMAN

A good crop of Potatoes depends more on the variety used for Seed than on any and all other conditions.

Many varieties will yet be found that will bring a golden harvest to the fortunate growers and prove of inestimable value to the world. We are always in the market to purchase valuable new varieties and will pay \$50 cash for one bushel of a variety that we consider good enough to introduce.

Directions for planting, cultivating, etc., on each pkt.

Price, pkt. 10c, 3 for 25c.

The Invincible Potato Planter

With this machine you plant six acres in a day of ten hours, with 4,800 hills to the acre, or over 3,000 hills per hour. With any other planter about three acres is a day's work.

The truth of the above claim has been demonstrated by thousands of users. All we ask is a test of this planter with any or all others. It will win out every time by a big margin. Because of the sharp jaw of the Invincible it is more easily forced into the ground than the wide spreading V jaw. The Invincible enters as easily as a spade. Other planters have footsteps because they are usually needed to force the planter into the ground. The Invincible does not need a footstep, but we put one on merely to save talk with those who think one necessary. It is reversible and can be used right or left.

The seed is in plain view when dropped through the sleeve of the Invincible, consequently it cannot clog and fail to plant without being instantly noticed. The handle of the Invincible is adjustable, so as to suit the height of the user.

A necessity with every up-to-date potato grower. Price, each, \$1.50, per doz. \$15.00.

Handy Potato Seed Carrier

Every user of our Invincible Potato Planter needs a suitable seed carrier; also every person who plants the old way. You cannot fully appreciate it until you use it, but we assure you it is O. K. Include one in your order. Each, 50c, per doz. \$4.00.

Everitt's Man-Weight

Farm and Garden Tools

PATENTED 1891 AND 1892 IN THE UNITED STATES, GREAT BRITAIN, FRANCE, GERMANY, AUSTRIA AND BELGIUM.

Thoroughly Reconstructed and Improved in 1902

An earnest desire to better the condition of the many cultivators of the soil and to make slow, laborious, disagreeable labor rapid, easy and pleasant, coupled with many hours of thought, labor and experiments, has resulted in the production of the MAN-WEIGHT MACHINES. We ask the careful consideration of every person who cultivates the ground to the contents of the next five pages.

J. A. EVERITT, Seedsman, Inventor.

These New Machines Abolish much of the Drudgery of Cultivating the Soil, and make heretofore Slow, Hard, Disagreeable Labor Rapid, Easy and Pleasant * * * * *

They comprise far more combinations than any other line of hand tools made, embracing Plows, Hoes, Cultivators, Harrows, Drills, etc., single and double wheel. The owner of a Man-Weight Combination has tools for almost every possible work that comes up in planting seeds and cultivating crops.

As Improved for 1902 They are the Perfect Hand Tools of the World

These great machines were invented by J. A. Everitt in 1891, and greatly improved since. The great advantage of this invention can be partly understood by studying the accompanying illustrations, but no person can fully realize their grand advantages until he uses the machines. They are a great boon to all cultivators of the soil and must be classed with the great inventions of the age, yet they are so simple that the natural question with every one is, "Why did I not think of that?" And so nicely do they fill a want existing with thousands of

gardeners, nurserymen, seedsmen, florists and farmers, that after the first trial they invariably conclude to "never do without them." The Man-Weight Cultivators are worth their weight in silver, if not in gold, to any one who cultivates the soil. All who have used the machines unanimously endorse them in the

strongest language they know how to use. We have heard sensible, shrewd gardeners remark, "I would not sell mine for \$25;"

"\$100 would not tempt me to do without it one season." They are the only machines we know of that suggest sufficient merit and practical utility at first sight to sell without a trial. The first gardener who saw the machine at Indi-

This illustration is of an old style rigid machine. Notice the strip of uncultivated ground. The work is only half done; the balance must be done with the hoe. See the view opposite. The work is complete. No hoeing after the Man-Weight machines.

Showing the Man-Weight Cultivator passing an obstruction. This obstruction may be a stone, stump or a plant that you want to save. This easy trick is quite in contrast with lifting the whole machine, as is necessary in the old style hand-push machines. This feature also allows extra pressure to be put on the individual tools independent of each other.

anapolis gave his order for the first one we could make.

Other gardeners at once acknowledged that it is just what they want and many remarked that "if all gardeners knew of these machines they could not be made fast enough to supply the demand." A trial by any person will demonstrate the wonderful utility of these machines and the person possessing them will make it impossible for his neighbors to compete with him in raising crops.

There are several features of the Man-Weight Tools which are novel and make a tool vastly superior to any other hand power or horse machine. We mention the push bar. In operation the body is inclined forward, thus taking part of the weight of the body off the ground and directing it against the machine. In this way the machine is propelled by the weight of the body without any muscular exertion whatever, until you pass a certain point, when muscular effort begins. To push this machine across the field, in ordinary work, is no harder than to walk across empty handed. Your weight does the work. Without this machine all your weight is wasted on the ground. By means of the push bar we propel and guide the machine, hence the drag bars can be hinged and are adjustable in all directions, thus the tools attached to the drag bars perform the work just as a weeder would in your hands, working all around the plants. It is the only cultivator made that does complete work at one operation. No after-hoeing is required. See illustrations on this page. As is evident, the power obtained, the amount of work that can be done and the quality of the work, are far in excess of any other hand tool, nearly equaling horse power in quantity, while the quality of the work is far superior to horse power work.

The Secret of Success

The great secret of successful gardening and farming lies in cultivation. This should begin before the seeds are planted, by putting the soil in fine mechanical condition suited to the crop you would grow. After the plant appears frequent cultivations should be given, not only to kill weeds, but mainly to keep the soil loose and porous. The earth mulch attracts moisture and prevents moisture from evaporating. After each rain during the summer, if the ground is loosened up, the

benefit to the crops will be plainly seen in increased yield and better quality. In no other way can this be done so easily, quickly and thoroughly as with a Man-Weight Cultivator. With this machine a man can cultivate two acres before the ground has a chance to bake and get hard. If the merits of these machines were known they would be possessed by every gardener, trucker, nurseryman and many farmers.

Good Points of Everitt's Man-Weight Machines Not Possessed by any Other

1. Man power is applied from the breast or other parts of the body. No inconvenience is suffered.
2. The power is applied by a natural inclination or lean of the body, as for rest against any object.
3. Hand-cultivating work is done almost without work.
4. Big work is done with ease and comfort to the operator.
5. At the same time he can do more work in a garden or nursery, etc., without a horse, than with one.
6. It does better work than a horse cultivator or any other hand cultivator.
7. Both hands are free to guide the tools around the plants.
8. Compared with others, man-power is multiplied many times.
9. Oftentimes double the amount can be raised on a given piece of ground with this machine than with a horse machine.
10. The expense of keeping a horse can often be saved.
11. Plants can be cultivated oftener and hence matured earlier, with a greater yield, with this machine than with any other. In this way the machine can be made to pay for itself several times each year.
12. A man-weight combined machine affords more separate tools and will do a greater variety of work than any other machine on the market.
13. You can better afford to pay \$25.00 for an Up-to-Date Man-Weight Combination than use any of the old style machines, if you could get them for nothing. Remember this in making a selection.
14. If time is money and ease of doing work an object, you had better buy an improved Man-Weight Combination at double our price than take an old style hand-push machine as a gift.

Your Man-Weight Cultivator received. I find it to be the best labor saving machine I have ever seen or tried. My garden is on a hillside, but I have no trouble to cultivate it perfectly. I would not try to farm without your Man-Weight machines. **HUGH PORTER,**
Dudley, Idaho.

Have used your seeds two years and want more this year. Your Man-Weight Drill and Cultivator is certainly O. K. **D. KIRCHHOFFER,** Dalton, Ohio.

I bought and used one of your Man-Weight machines in my onion field this season, and must say that the work done with it equals the work 10 men could do by hand. It is a great machine and I will want five or six of them next season, when I intend to put out 12 acres for sets. **WM. G. TILTON,**
R. R. 1, Gallaudet,
Marion Co., Ind.

I received the Man-Weight machine all right and am well pleased with the simplicity and continuation of the same. I am a machinist and am confident it will do good work. **S. A. MINARD,** Avoca, Ark.

I received the Man-Weight Cultivator. It is the thing for this country. I think I can sell a number of them. **J. T. S. SHUMAKER,**
Freeport, Fla.

I find the Man-Weight is all you claim for it. I call it "my man," because I have done so much work with it. I am 63 years old and am tending a quarter of an acre garden with it. **MRS. C. D. WARD,**
Cordova, Md.

The Man-Weight Hoe and Cultivator is worth its weight in gold and will prove a great blessing to all cultivators of the soil. I can do more work in one hour with my Man-Weight than a good man will do in a day with a hoe. I never had a tool that was so handy and useful as the Man-Weight. The person who has a Man-

Showing only a part of the many styles of machines that can be made from one Man-Weight. You buy one Man-Weight Combination and you have all the cultivators, plows and drills you need.

Weight can have a bountiful garden and plenty of heart relishing vegetables. This year I am raising onions, cabbages, strawberries and other crops.

J. M. DILLY, Hartwell, Ohio.

Your Man-Weight is the greatest and best tool for cultivating the ground I ever saw.

S. V. VEST, Houston, Texas.

Every package of your seeds was as represented and our garden shows it. Hundreds of people ask why our garden is so far ahead of theirs. I just tell them I buy Everitt's O. K. Seeds and work it with Everitt's Man-Weight Cultivator. Here is the whole secret. My machine has paid for itself this season. I would not be without it for \$25. **PETER TREGESSER,** Tipton, Ind.

Your Man-Weight is a great success. A great triumph. **J. S. FLOYD,**
Walhalla, S. C.

I have been using hand-push cultivators, but the Man-Weight is far ahead of them. **H. A. SIMMONS,**
Clinton, Mich.

I viewed several hand-made machines in Dayton, but none appeared as good as a Man-Weight. After a thorough test I find it as good as I could obtain and will pay for itself in one season. **O. S. ADAMS,**
Osborn, O.

I am 63 years old and a farmer all my life. The Man-Weight is ahead of anything I ever saw yet. I think there will be a great demand for them.

WM. F. WIRT,
Hudson, Mich.

One can scarcely believe without seeing it tried how much a man can do with one of these machines without working hard.

AMERICAN TRIBUNE.

Other extra attachments can be made and used on the Man-Weight machines. In this respect its possibilities are almost unlimited, and this feature should interest people engaged in the production of special crops.

This illustration shows the Man-Weight Cultivator saving a plant that was out of line with others in the row. Notice one drag bar is thrown to the right. Either or both drag bars may be moved to right or left or up or down without changing the direction of the wheels. Perfect adjustability is obtained in these machines.

UP-TO-DATE FARMERS AND GARDENERS

Are increasing the production of their lands and decreasing their expenses by using Everitt's Man-Weight farm and garden tools. These machines do work very rapidly and it is no task at all to take the cultivator into the field and quickly pass between or astride of the rows, loosening up the ground and killing all young weeds. The possessor of a Man-Weight Machine will do this because the work is rapid, easy and pleasant, while if he was to depend on a hand-push machine or hoes it would oftentimes be neglected.

In the important matter of hand hire, which is a big item with many cultivators, the Man-Weight machines quickly save their cost over and over again. With a Man-Weight Combination one man easily does as much as five men with the old style hand-push machines, or ten men with hoes. Also if hired help is hard to get you should by all means have a Man-Weight, as it is one of the greatest labor-saving inventions of the age.

Everitt's Man-Weight

Combined Single and Double Wheel Plow, Hoe, Cultivator, Rake, Etc.

WHO NEEDS THIS COMBINATION? Farmers, Gardeners, Nurserymen, Small Fruit Growers, Tobacco Growers, Onion Growers, Small Farmers and **Everybody who Plants Seeds and Cultivates Plants.**

This machine is intended for all kinds of work on the farm where for any reason a horse machine cannot be used, or where ground is limited and intensive cultivation is practiced. It will work astride of the row and cultivate, hoe or plow both sides of the row at once. For this purpose it is a wonderful improvement over all other machines constructed for this purpose. All other man power tools heretofore constructed did not admit of adjustability as required as the work progressed, but if the rows were crooked or the plants scattering it would destroy them. Also with them you could do only partial work, requiring after-hoeing to cut out the weeds between the hills in the row. Our machine admits of perfect adjustability; every inch of surface can be stirred between the rows and between the plants in the rows. Every cultivator of the soil will appreciate this. It can also be used with one wheel and one tool for marking out. It is capable of doing almost every variety of work imaginable, and will save more time and hard work on the farm than almost any other tool. Two machines can be shipped by freight for the same cost as one. With each machine we send five sets of tools, and others can be obtained as extras. See page 145.

Price, \$8.00.

Single Wheel Machine, which does not admit of the many combinations, \$6.00.

Some nine years ago I obtained of you two Man-Weight Cultivators. They gave entire satisfaction, but are now worn out. Therefore send us one new one with drill.

SKIOLD SIMESON, Salta, Argentine Republic.

June 17, 1900.

This is a very great invention. It uses the combined weight and strength of the body and relieves the hand, which can guide the tools like a hoe.

Preventing Evaporation

In nearly every year there is enough rainfall to produce good crops if we can prevent evaporation of the moisture from the soil. The best way to do this is to maintain a dust mulch by going over the ground with a Man-Weight Cultivator after each rain. Don't wait for the ground to get dry, but as soon as the dirt cleans from the cultivator tools start the machine and prevent

The Man-Weight has come and I think it a grand garden tool. It beats anything I ever saw.
March 11, 1901. O. W. HOWELL, New Haven, O.

Please send me your catalogue of Man-Weight garden tools. I bought one some time ago and want another.
Aug. 3, 1900. B. F. FELT, Jr., Spencer, Ia.

I am highly pleased with the Man-Weight Cultivator. Please send me price of a seed attachment.
Jan. 15, 1901. O. E. SNIDER, Lexington, Va.

The person who buys a Man-Weight Combination gets many machines in one, and more capacity than can be obtained in several distinct machines of other makes. It is multum in parvo.

I took the Man-Weight in my garden and cultivated two acres of peas with it. It did all that you claimed. I am much pleased with it.
E. W. HILLEBRAND, Southport, Ind.

July 19, 1900.

I received Man-Weight. Have tried it and think it is the whole thing. I think I have induced J. S. Palmer to send for one.

J. F. KENDALL, Hillsdale, Ill.

May 5, 1900.

The Man-Weight is indeed a very excellent and practical machine, saves much labor, doing the work of planting and cultivating with ease and rapidity.

J. B. LEEDOM, Albion, Neb.

June 19, 1900.

the formation of any crust. As soon as the crust forms the ground throws off moisture very rapidly. This is the underlying principle of the Campbell system of soil culture for the arid regions, and where, by the system, good crops are raised on what formerly was considered a desert.

The Man-Weight Machines are the only ones available for the gardener, trucker and others where a horse machine is not available.

A Combined Man-Weight Drill, Hoe, Cultivator, Harrow, Plow, etc., single and double wheel, with all combinations, is the most valuable machine any farmer or gardener can own and will be almost his constant companion from spring until fall. It combines many machines in one.

Everitt's Man-Weight Drill

A Drill that will plant seeds just as desired is a most important machine for every farmer, gardener and trucker. Our Drill is capable of the greatest variety of work, from sowing in a continuous row to planting in hills 3, 6, 12, 24 and 48 inches apart. Our drill for 1903 has been greatly improved over the former patterns; in fact, entirely reconstructed. As now constructed, with reasonable care, it will last many years and be a constant source of profit and satisfaction to the user. With the Man-Weight drill a great saving of seed is effected over hand planting, besides putting the seed in straight rows so the plants may be the most economically cultivated. Where the plants are wanted to stand at regular intervals apart, the Man-Weight Drill puts the seed at exact spot. Small farmers can plant their corn with the machine, thus saving them the expense of buying a corn drill. To change from drilling to hilling any distance apart requires but a moment. The machine is thrown out of gear and the flow of seed stopped by simply pulling a wire. The seed is covered, the soil firmed over it and the next row marked all at one operation. The wheels on all our Drills and Cultivators are 18 inches high, placed 12 inches apart, insuring a steady movement, even over ground moderately smooth. The rims of the wheels are broad and can be moved easily over very sandy ground. The Man-Weight Drill is the best and when the propelling features are considered it is easily far ahead of all competing machines.

Price of Drill, no cultivating attachments, \$10.00. Combined Cultivator and Drill, \$12.00. A grand combination.

The person who does not want to buy the entire combination can buy any part and get the balance in the future. To illustrate: \$6.00 buys a single wheel machine; for \$2.00 more he can make it a combined single and double. For \$4.00 more he can procure the Drill attachment. If you have a drill complete, for \$2.00 you can get the cultivating tools to make a Combined Cultivator and

Drill. The single wheel machine is not advised alone, as it is suited for only a few things and costs nearly as much as a combined machine.

Man-Weight Drill

I have been using your Man-Weight machine with great success and could not do without it. I send you names of parties interested in it.

H. M. SANER,
Schaumburg, Ill.
May 28, 1900.

Man-Weight is a daisy.
M. S. MCCURDY,
Stansberry, Mo.
July 20, 1900.

I am pleased with the seeds and most particularly with the Man-Weight. I think it is best of the kind that I ever saw.
J. Z. SMITH,
Hadley, Ky.

May 14, 1900.

Last season I bought a Man-Weight and it is a daisy. I want the agency for it here.
A. O. HECK,
Montana Mines, W. Va.
Feb. 10, 1900.

I received seeds and cultivator. I am very much pleased with the Man-Weight. It beats all the hand push machines and I would not trade it for a dozen of them.
FRANK L. BROWN,
Perryville, Mo.

March 31, 1900.

J. A. EVERITT, DEAR SIR—I have been trying to locate you for two years, so I could get one of your Man-Weight machines. I was fortunate enough to get your address a few days ago from a party who is using one. I saw one of your machines over 3 years ago and at once recognized its superior merit over anything else I ever saw. I almost despaired of getting your address and would soon have bought a ———, but now I am glad I don't need to, as I would never have been satisfied with it after seeing your invention. Please send catalogue.
DR. HAMILTON, Ocheydam, Ia.

The power to operate the Man-Weight machines up to a certain point is the weight of the body, which is lost on the ground if not used through the machine. It is applied without muscular effort.

Am much pleased with the Man-Weight. I can do more with it in an hour than a good man can in a day and I am 76 years old.

J. W. HAMMOND, Ottumwa, Ia.

I never in my life had my hands on any tool that did better work than the Man-Weight. Several men were present and first said "no good," but when it worked, all said "good."
C. F. MASON, Ingham, Ky.

With the Man-Weight Cultivator, cultivating and hoeing can be done with one operation much better and quicker than with the horse cultivator and hand hoe. Gardeners and others who have been using the old style hand tools, which at best only do partial work, will not be slow to appreciate the advantages of this machine, as its perfect adjustability allows it to do complete work at one operation. PRAIRIE FARMER.

If time is money or ease of doing your work an object, you had better buy a MAN-WEIGHT Combination at double our price rather than to use the old style Combinations as a gift. The former means less work, less hand hire, larger crops, larger profits. The latter means hard work, more work, more hand hire, less profit. A hint to the wise will save from a mistake.

Extra Attachments ^{for the} Man-Weight Machines

We furnish with each Combined Cultivator two each Nos. A20 and 24, 1 each Nos. 16, 17, E16, E18, 23L and 23R; with Single Machine 1 each Nos. A20, 17, E18, 23L and 24. Besides the attachments regularly furnished with the machines, we can furnish a number of extra attachments, as illustrated. The value of some of these attachments every farmer or gardener who has used them on large horse cultivators will understand.

All machines are boxed for shipment and any one or combination weighs less than 100 pounds. In fact, two weigh about 100 pounds, and it will make a saving of freight if two are shipped at a time.

PRICE LIST OF ATTACHMENTS.

In the list R stands for right, L for left.	If by freight or express.	If by mail, add for postage.
Nos. 22 or 23 not made now.....		
" 20, 1 inch.....	25c	13c
" A20, 2 inch.....	22c	10c
" B20, 4 inch (not shown).....	30c	22c
" 16 or 17.....	30c	15c
" 23R or 23L.....	25c	15c
" E16 or E18.....	40c	24c
" 36, larger plow (not shown).....	50c	40c
" 24, Rakes.....	25c	22c
" 30, Gang Bar with 5 Bolts.....	35c	22c
" 31, Disc, Gang of Two.....	75c	Can't be mail'd
" 37, Diamond Points Gang.....	75c	"
" 32, Onion Set Harvester.....	75c	"

No. 30 Gang Bar fitted with three 1 inch Shovels or three 2 inch Shovels, each.....\$0.75
Same, with both sets of Shovels, each..... 1.12
No. 34, Shields. These protect the plants and regulate the amount of earth thrown to them.....each 25c, by mail .40
No. 33, Leaf Guard.....each 20c, by mail .40

If further information is needed regarding the Man-Weight Machines, send for Catalogue to

J. A. EVERITT, Seedsman,
INVENTOR AND MANUFACTURER.

—YOU'VE WANTED IT A THOUSAND TIMES—

The Eureka Kitchen Garden Seed Drill

For those planters who have only a small garden, and for large gardeners who have hot beds, or plant seeds in small quantities.

It will sow and cover beets, Cabbage, Carrots, Celery, Lettuce, Onions, Radishes, Spinach, Turnips and all such seeds with the greatest regularity. The quality of work equals that done with the costly machines and is infinitely better and faster than hand work. It opens the furrow, drops the seed and covers.

HAVE YOU A KITCHEN GARDEN?

Don't try to do without this little planter another season. Your garden will smile approbation all through the season if you sow seed with the Eureka Drill.

HAVE YOU A HOT BED?

This drill you must have. It is the only machine suited to sow in a hot bed. Sows up close to the sides in straight rows. Sows the smallest packet of seeds as well as a larger bulk. This drill is not a toy, but a strong, practical machine that will last many years. Don't buy a similar machine that has the opening plow in front of the machine. You cannot get near the sides of a hot bed nor close up to the fence. Neither does it cover the seed. It will be an aggravation rather than a labor-saving machine, as we offer.

By using this Drill you save seed, you save time, you stand in an upright position, the work is easy, you get a better stand, you get better plants.

Price is only \$1.00. Delivered by express, 50 cents extra. Wholesale price, \$6.00 per dozen. AGENTS WANTED.

Invented and Manufactured by

J. A. EVERITT, SEEDSMAN,
Indianapolis, Indiana.

My manufactured specialties are all of my own invention. They are intended to save labor and increase crops. They are needed by every up-to-date farmer and gardener.

J. A. Everitt.

Patented,
May 17,
1893.

**FORCE
FEED.**

LITTLE DEMONS THAT DESTROY OUR CROPS

Good bye! ye bugs, ye crawling devils,
Who oft have brought us many evils;
Your absence now may give some room
For better things, in years to come.

A high authority estimates that
\$300,000,000 worth of crops are
destroyed in the U. S. each year
by bugs, worms and fungi.
Only a small part of this loss
would result, if some safe,
cheap, simple and effective
machine was available to
apply the remedies.

We Have the Ma-
chine in Our.....

**ELECTRIC
Sprayer**

THE ONLY ONE THAT SPRAYS UPWARD SUCCESSFULLY.

PATENTED MARCH 7, 1899.

**Your crops cost you much to plant and
cultivate. Will you now leave them for
myriads of insects to destroy? ☐ ☐ ☐**

**OFF the
EARTH.**

insects off the earth.

No careful farmer will abandon his crops when they are
nearly made, but he will purchase an **ELECTRIC SPRAY-**
ER and quickly and easily drive all the bugs, worms and

All other machines have their objections. **This is perfection. Perfection in
Quantity and Quality of Work, as well as the Ease and Economy of doing it.**

Do you like an Easy
Way to do a
Disagreeable Job?

There are similar machines on the market, but none other that will do all
your work. Read on and you will see. Killing the bugs by the old way is
about the most disagreeable job on the farm and is oftentimes neglected.

With the **Electric Bug Exterminator**, however, all this is changed. It now becomes one of
the preferred jobs, an easy and pleasant task. All the hard work is removed, as the machine
weighs only a pound and about a pound more when filled ready for use. Contrast this with the
old sprinkling can, bucket or even Knapsack sprayer.

Any liquid poison can be used in the **Electric Bug Exterminator**. The operation is so ex-
ceedingly simple as to recommend itself to every person. Simply put the poison in little packages
of $\frac{1}{4}$ teaspoonful each, and dump one in the can; fill with water and shake and you are ready.
No extra vessels are required. There is no danger if the machine is left lying around. Stock
cannot get at the poison and it will not spill out if left in any position.

Plants are never burned nor damaged if sprayed with this machine. The
spray is so fine and it covers so evenly that no damage can result, but every
bug is killed with the greatest dispatch.

Single and Double Tube Sprayers

Our Electric Sprayer is made in both tin and brass; single and
double tube styles. We recommend the single tube machine.

See Here, Good Friend

If you grow crops, that are
troubled by insects; if you
raise stock, such as cattle, hogs and poultry that are bothered by flies, lice,
etc., you need this machine and we guarantee if you have it you will use
it and save many times its cost. Remember, if you buy any one of the
many other styles you can do only partial work with them, hence realize only a part of the benefit of this great machine.
See next page.

Don't put off getting a machine until your crop is damaged. Begin early. With the **Electric
Bug Exterminator** you can kill the hard shell potato bugs as readily as the soft ones. By be-
ginning early you save the trouble of killing millions later, and all the vitality of your crop is
saved. You should not let another hour pass without this machine on the place.

THE ELECTRIC BUG EXTERMINATOR

This Farmer is not Up-To-Date

One of the Old Ways

IS THE BEST MACHINE

For expelling and destroying Potato Bugs, Cabbage, Currant, Tomato, Tobacco and Cotton Worms, Plum Curculies, Codling Moth and Canker Worms; Raspberry, Strawberry, Pear and Rose Slugs; Striped Flea Beetle, Cucumber and Melon Beetle, Cattle, Horse, Hog and Hen Lice, Clothes Moth, Dog Fleas. It will also prevent Mildew on Grapes and diseases of Plums, Apples, Peaches, Cherries, Berries, Cotton and all kinds of fruit and vegetables, when the proper remedies are applied with this machine.

How Does this Strike You

This Farmer is Up-To-Date

The New Way

Our **Electric Sprayer** is the only one that sprays upward successfully. It is patented and others cannot accomplish this feat unless they infringe our patents.

Showing Faulty Styles of Sprayers. Don't Buy any of These

Here we show other styles of Sprayers that will only spray downward. They are shown at a less angle than our **ELECTRIC** on the preceding page, but you will notice the liquid departs from the lower end of the tube long before the supply is exhausted and no spray can be produced, as the tube must be in the liquid. The Electric will spray upward until only a spoonful is left.

JUST THINK OF IT! Why wear your life out dragging a load of poison over your fields through the hot sun, when you can take a few packets of poison in your pocket, a bucket of water in your hand and go out and kill bugs on a whole field of potatoes or other crops? Put poison up in little packages like doctor's powder and empty in can as needed.

Spraying Trees with Electric Sprayer and Extension Handle

The Electric Sprayer With Extension Handle Attached.

CAUTION Any Sprayer with an air chamber with tapering sides like shown in our **ELECTRIC**, attached to any kind of a reservoir, infringes our patents. Or a reservoir like shown in our **ELECTRIC**, attached by any of its sides to any kind of an air chamber, infringes our patents. We warn all people to not buy nor use them.

Does Spraying Pay?

To an up-to-date farmer it is unnecessary to say anything about the value of spraying. He knows. There are many farmers, however, who plant and cultivate and let the crops take their chances as regards injurious insects. It is even more important that the insects be destroyed than that the plants be cultivated.

These two illustrations show the results of spraying potatoes at the Vermont Experiment Station. The sprayed vines yielded at the rate of 291 bushels per acre

Unsprayed Potatoes, 99½ Bu. per Acre

Sprayed Potatoes, 291 Bushels per Acre

(see long pile), while the unsprayed vines yielded at the rate of 99½ bushels per acre (see short pile.) A difference of 191½ bushels per acre! Then surely it pays to spray potatoes, and what is true of this crop is also true of other crops, especially fruit. Sprayed fruit yields more and sells better.

SOME OF THE USES FOR THE

Electric Bug Exterminator

EVERY person who expects to grow fruit profitably must guard against many insect enemies, as well as fungus diseases, so as to insure bountiful crop of perfect fruit.

ON SMALL TREES

W. B. Atwood, horticulturist, entomologist, and mycologist of Virginia Agricultural Experiment Station, says: "We have used it in the greenhouse and also on outdoor work to some considerable extent and find it a most useful small machine."

Perhaps there is no other crop on which injurious insects work so great a havoc as on the potato crop. To grow a crop of potatoes the farmer must make up his mind to wage a continuous war against the bugs from the time the potatoes appear at the surface of the ground until the crop is matured. It was not till the invention of the Electric Bug Exterminating machine that the labor feature could be eliminated to such an extent that now killing bugs on the potato patch is one of the preferred jobs, consequently it will not be neglected, while the matter of expense for material is reduced to a mere trifle.

ON SMALL FRUITS

A pound of paris green will poison the bugs on several acres of potatoes. You will say "impossible," but we assure a trial will convince.

For greenhouse work it is invaluable. The spray is expelled with such force as to reach all parts of the plants and the mist even rises up under the leaves.

Hens cannot produce eggs and lice at the same time. How many farmers who keep a flock of hens make an effort to keep them free from lice? What untold miseries our poor dumb brutes suffer from fleas, lice and flies, mainly because their masters are thoughtless of their comfort. It is an easy and quite inexpensive matter to eradicate the lice from the chicken house by applying Leake's Lice Exterminator with one

IN THE GREENHOUSE

PRICE For the Electric Bug Exterminator or Sprayer, Single Tube: TIN, each 50c, 75c delivered to you; 1/2 doz. \$2.00, per doz. \$3.50. BRASS, Single Tube, each \$1.00, \$1.25 delivered to you; 1/2 doz. \$3.50, per doz. \$7.00.

Double Tube Sprayers at the same price singly, but 50c extra by the dozen.

Extension Handles, for spraying trees, each 75c, doz. \$3.50.

We have a special Express rate that allows us to prepay Single Machines to any Express office for 25c each and Extension Handles for 50c each. We advise customers to remit this extra, unless going with other goods.

of these machines. Fly Fuma, sprayed with an Electric Sprayer, will protect your crows from flies, mosquitoes, etc. See elsewhere. Outside of the potato crop, this grand little machine's next field of greatest usefulness is in killing the tobacco worms. It is of immense value

IN THE CHICKEN HOUSE

CHASING THE FLIES

to tobacco growers, allowing them to spray their crops rapidly, thoroughly and economically. A weak solution of paris green is used, about 1/2 teaspoonful of green to a quart of water. The Electric Bug Exterminator forces the fine spray to every part of the plant and quickly rids them of all pests.

Every person possessing this machine will pick it up every day and use it. It will be the constant companion of every farmer, gardener, trucker, poultryman and fruit grower. A grand machine for spraying rose bushes, flowers and shrubbery on every lawn.

KILLING TOBACCO WORMS.

The tube from can is exposed, so that it can be instantly cleaned if it clogs. We guarantee every machine to be all we claim.

Full directions sent with each machine.

The demand for this Sprayer is enormous. It is an absolute necessity for every family in the country or town after its merits are known. Remember it is the only machine that sprays upward successfully.

Will These Reports Convince You?

The sprayer did the business to perfection. When I received the machine the potatoes were large and in full bloom. Once going over killed every bug and I have not sprayed them since.

J. W. BAKER, Tiskilwa, Ill.

I sprayed my potatoes with the Electric Bug Exterminator at 9 o'clock and by 3 o'clock in the afternoon there was not a living bug in the patch.

FRANK DOHERTY, JR., So. Boardman, Mich.

I sold 150 of your Bug Exterminators this season. I sold them under a guarantee and have not had one complaint. I think I can sell 1,000 of them next season. If you need any testimonials I can send you a hundred from my customers.

I. T. ALLEN, Bluffton, Ind.

I sold 30 of your Electric Bug Exterminators last season and the people like them fine. I expect to sell more this season.

D. C. THOMPSON, Peak's Mills, Ky.

Electric Bug Exterminator gave good satisfaction last year and are the best thing of the kind in the market. I will need more this year.

H. C. SHEPHERD, Worthington, Minn.

The sample Electric Bug Exterminator received and sold. I herewith order some more and want exclusive agency here.

THOMAS FIREBAUGH, Ogden, Ill.

The Eureka Field Sprayer

For Spraying Potatoes, Strawberries, Cotton and General Field Use

This spraying appliance is intended to be attached to any Barrel Sprayer. The outfit may be placed on the end of a wagon or truck and a section of hose connected with the spray pump. The four Bordeaux Nozzles are adjustable for any width of rows, from 28 to 44 inches, and may be raised or lowered as desired. The nozzle can be set at desired angle for forward or backward spraying. The nozzle holders may be brought together so that the wagon can pass through any gate.

With this outfit one person can do all the spraying. All that is necessary, after filling the barrel, is to drive and pump. With this appliance any barrel sprayer having discharge hose connection can be used.

PRICE—Including only the heavily shaded parts shown in cut (no barrel or pump), with four Bordeaux Nozzles and two sections of $\frac{3}{8}$ inch hose, wrapped with wire, and two sections of $\frac{1}{2}$ inch hose, with couplings, \$9.00.

Our Peerless Barrel Spray Pump with this attachment makes a great outfit.

None Such Sifter For Applying Powdered Insecticide, Lime, Plaster, Etc.....

The best Sifter made. Made on the only correct principle that insures a uniform distribution of any dry, fine powder, with very little work and will not clog. Fig. 1 shows the inside bottom with a few fairly large perforations. Fig. 2 shows the bottom with very fine perforations, except a large one in the center to allow any coarse particles to pass out. The perforations in each of these bottoms are so evenly balanced that the upper one never allows so much material to go on the bottom as to clog it, making the work easy and reliable. The bottom is so shaped as to spread the powder, thus covering large plants with one movement. This machine is not intended to do away with my Electric (Liquid) Bug Exterminator, or Sprayer, as I always recommend that machine where liquids can be used. Some people, however, prefer to use dry material, and on every farm are some crops that must be treated dry, like cabbage for cabbage worms, vine crops for the striped bugs which cannot be poisoned with Paris Green. Vine crops can be saved by applying "Ferto Insectono" with this Sifter, see further back in this catalogue; this will either kill the bugs or drive them away. Price 35c each, \$2.50 per dozen.

Agents wanted to sell our Manufactured Articles. They are strictly Up-to-Date, and can be sold on every farm.

Address, J. A. EVERITT,
Seedsman,
Inventor and Manufacturer,
Indianapolis, Ind.

Fig. 1.

Fig. 2.

GRIND 'EM WHILE YOU REST

Make play of one of your hard jobs, Mr. Farmer. Don't fret and sweat over a grind stone, but climb into the seat of one of our Bi-Treadle Combination Emery Grinders, and do the work better than you ever did it with a fraction of the labor. Grinds everything, from butcher knives to disc harrow blades. Three combinations. You need 'em all. Hold sickle to give it just the bevel you like. Can't slip.

Sickle Grinding Rest

Grinds any size disc to any bevel desired, and gives better edge than can be had any other way.

A tool ground in this way will hold its edge much longer than when ground in the ordinary way, and as the full weight and power of the operator is applied to

Disc Grinding Rest
(149)

the work, it is done easier and faster than it can be done by any other tool grinder made.

Adjustable Tool Grinding Rest

Plain Grinder, no Rest.....\$5.50
Adjustable Tool Grinding Rest .50
Disc Grinding Attachment.. .80
Sickle Grinding Rest..... .80

To introduce these splendid Grinders will accept first order for complete machine from your district at \$7.

High Pressure Double Cylinder Sprayer.

We are at last able to offer an **entirely reliable** portable compressed air sprayer at a moderate price. Adaptable for all kinds of spraying. Filled and charged with air in a minute. When ready for use will throw spray continuously for 15 minutes. **Will throw a stream 30 feet high.** Especially recommended for work on a large scale; potato fields, vineyards, tobacco plantations, or large orchards, white washing, chicken house and greenhouse work, etc.

Made in the very best manner, with spun heads and double seams, amply braced and reinforced. Will throw coarse, medium or very fine spray. Capacity, 4 gallons. Shipped complete, with 30 inches of hose and nozzle ready for use:

No. 1, made of heavy sheet steel, with anti-rust strip soldered in bottom of each tank, and painted aluminum.....\$4.50
 No. 2, made of heavy galvanized iron..... 4.75
 No. 3, made of 20-ounce copper, will last a life time..... 6.20

THE PEERLESS SPRAY PUMPS.

Fig. 1 represents our **Peerless bucket pumps**, made **entirely of brass**. Not affected by acids or arsenites; are fitted with patent agitator and return overflow caps and so constructed that all the work is done on the downward stroke. Large air-chamber with ball valves. Throws continuous spray. Will throw solid stream 50 feet, for washing windows, buggies, putting out fires, sprinkling lawns, etc. Will throw coarse or fine spray, as wanted. Fitted with a special sprinkler for flowers.

Price, complete with patent agitator, hose and Imperial Combination Nozzle for fine and coarse spray and solid stream, with malleable foot rest..\$2.75
 Same with Vermorel or Bordeaux Nozzle..... 3.25
 For 8 foot extension for high work, add extra..... .50

The **Peerless Barrel and Tank Pump**, shown by Fig. 2, is made in the best manner. Cylinder, valves, valve-seats and discharge pipe are all of brass. All working parts are constantly submerged, hence no priming is ever necessary. Patent agitators. Regularly equipped with two patent graduated Vermorel nozzles.

Price, complete, with five foot of half-inch 3-ply hose, single spray.....\$5.50
 Same fitted to throw two streams and with two leads of hose..... 6.00
 For 8-foot pipe extension, add..... .50

Peerless Double Acting Barrel Spray Pump (Fig. 3) has brass upper and brass lined lower cylinders, brass bucket, brass valve and valve seat; in fact, all working

parts are of brass. Patent jet agitator furnished regularly. Works both up and down stroke, throwing continuous stream, either solid, coarse or fine spray as wanted.

Fig. 1. BRASS BUCKET PUMPS.

Fig. 3.

Fig. 2.

Barrel or Tank Pump.

Always order Extension Pipes with these Pumps.

NONE BETTER AT ANY PRICE.

Price, complete, with suction pipe, strainer and agitator, five feet of half-inch 3-ply hose, with Vermorel spray nozzle.....\$6.00
 Same, fitted to throw two streams, with two leads of hose and two graduated Vermorel nozzles.. 6.75
 For 8-foot extension pipe for high work, add..... .50

National Broadcast Seeder

PATENTED JUNE 11, 1901

Combines every good feature of every other Broadcast Seed Sower and is distinct and superior in many respects. The cheapest, simplest, strongest, most durable, most accurate and the handsomest Seeder made.

We have manufactured Broadcast Seed Sowers for many years, but only recently it occurred to us that we could improve these machines

very materially over the styles in general use and afford to sell them at a greatly reduced price. After numerous attempts and the expenditure of much money, we believe we have produced a machine as nearly

perfect as it is possible to make, with the fewest wearing parts, insuring long life, and so accurately made that it runs almost without an effort. Ball bearings are used wherever possible.

In the NATIONAL we have one cog wheel seven inches in diameter and a small pinion. In the old style machines four cog wheels were employed, and they frequently wore out or broke. The frame is so constructed that it allows the minimum of weight with greatest strength and rigidity. The feed is from the center of the base and the bottom is beveled to run the seed out very clean. The NATIONAL is the handsomest as well as the best machine on the market.

It will sow at a round, Wheat or Rye, 50 feet; Buckwheat, 45 feet; Flax Seed, Clover or Millet, 36 feet; Grass Seed, 20 to 36 feet; other seeds, etc., according to their nature and condition. Will also sow Plaster, Fertilizers, Salt, Ashes, Lime, etc. Full directions with each machine.

This is an age of improvement, progress and keen competition. Farmers must have the best machines or they will be hopelessly lost in the race. They need this NATIONAL machine on account of the seed it will save, the superior work it will do, as well as the ease of doing it, and cheaper price. Many up-to-date farmers will lay aside their old machines and buy this up-to-date machine on sight.

WARRANTED TO GIVE ENTIRE SATISFACTION

Price, each, \$1.00, ½ doz. \$5.40, doz. \$10.80. For 50c extra we will deliver single machines by mail or express within 500 miles of Indianapolis.

The only machine that is packed singly in a box. The trade will appreciate this feature for display and convenience in handling, and they never get dirty and shop worn.

Do You Want to Make Some Money? Just think of one dozen of the best and handsomest Seeders ever made, packed one in a box, for \$9.00 (less than \$1.00 each.) A person in each neighborhood can do a good business selling these machines at \$1.50 each or more. This is our lowest wholesale price, hence it will be useless to write for better.

AN AGENCY

for this machine is worth much. We have agents who sold one and a half dozen in a day and over 200 machines in less than two months, at a profit of 50 cts. each after paying freight. Every NATIONAL SEEDER is warranted to give satisfaction to the user.

No careful, economical farmer will continue to sow his seed by hand (the old way) when he can get one of these machines at our low price. They will save their cost daily in the saving of seed, to say nothing about saving of time and more even distribution, which will have a great effect on the crop.

BALL BEARING.

INVENTED AND MANUFACTURED ONLY BY

J. A. EVERITT, SEEDSMAN, INDIANAPOLIS, IND., U. S. A.

FLY FUMA

Is a liquid preparation which, when applied to any animal in the form of a spray with our Electric Bug Exterminator or Sprayer—decidedly the best way—or rubbed on with a brush or cloth, will protect the animal from attacks of Flies of all kinds, Mosquitoes, Gnats, Fleas, etc. It is

A POSITIVE PROTECTION

It has been thoroughly tested and gives satisfaction. The time it affords protection from one spraying varies under different conditions of weather. If cows are treated in the morning before milking, it affords an absolute protection during milking and the greater part of the day. Toward evening its effect will have diminished, so as to require another application before milking. We guarantee where Fly Fuma has been applied, a fly or other insect will not stay a moment, whether on a Cow, Horse, Dog or on inanimate objects.

Sprayed on the stable walls and ceiling, the flies will all leave as fast as they can find a hole to get out. One-fifth cent a day protects an animal, and in the case of cows they will return the investment many fold by the increased flow of milk in fly-time.

Your Horse will serve you far better and not try your patience. Fly Fuma will save you repairs on harness and vehicles; save shoeing, as horses will not stamp their shoes off chasing the flies. Fly Fuma may save a runaway and your life, if used on your horse. Fly Fuma is a great disinfectant. It keeps your animals healthy. Prevents spread of disease. Cures mange on dogs, cats, etc. A few drops rubbed on a few times is sufficient. Cures skin diseases. Heals sores. Cures scratches and other leg and foot troubles in horses by rubbing in well. Applied to the walls and ceiling

ings of stables where there are myriads of flies, they will leave instantly. Use on fattening hogs in fly-time.

The best way to apply is with our Electric Bug Exterminator or Sprayer.

TWO RIVER STOCK FARM,
P. O. BOX 345.

NASHVILLE, TENN., May 27, 1898.

J. A. Everitt, Esq.:

DEAR SIR—I used Fly Fuma last year on 50 cows in dairy. I am now using it with perfect success. The cows like it, will stand quietly and await their turns. One man with Bug Exterminator will go over the entire herd in 10 minutes. The cows, after it is used, look as if they had been well groomed. By using night and morning the cows are not troubled with flies at all. I also use it on horses with fine results and found it one of the best things for sore shoulders and all harness galls I ever saw. If you can get a prescription that will keep flies out of the dairy, and will not taint milk and butter, you will deserve the acknowledged thanks of every dairyman. My cows are shouting your praises on all sides now. I neglected to say I used Fly Fuma on dogs for fleas and on chickens for lice with perfect success. Hoping to hear from you soon, I remain,

Yours truly,

FRANK MCGAVOCK.

Mr. McGavock buys a supply of Fly Fuma every year since sending this report.

LACEY, MISS., May 26, 1898.

Fly Fuma and the Electric Bug Exterminator knock the horn and horse flies sky high. Before I used Fly Fuma my cows came in off the range just covered with both horn and horse flies. Since using it they come in as clean as they go out, while other stock is in misery all the time. I would not part with the Exterminator

Agents Wanted. Fly Fuma is one of the best articles for agents to handle. Price on application.

This accident is the result of not using Fly Fuma.

for twice its cost, as I consider it one of the most essential implements about the barn.

JAMES A. FAIBORE.

*

The demand for FLY FUMA increases each year. As the people learn that there is a remedy and protection from the torments of flies, mosquitoes, etc., they quickly resort to its use. Before rendering an opinion on FLY FUMA, try it a

Is the dog mad? No, he wants to get away from the flies.

week or two. Don't expect perfect results immediately. Your animals may not appear to appreciate it at first, as they will switch and stamp from force of habit.

PRICE—By express or freight, 1 qt. 40c, 1 gal. \$1.00, 5 gals. \$4.00.

LICE LIGHT OUT quick as lightning—they leave the hen, the nest and the house, if you use the famous EVAPORATING NEST EGG. No trouble to use. You put it in the nest—it does the rest.

That kill lice. Keep your fowls healthy. Do not freeze or rot. One under the setting hen will absolutely insure the hen, nest and chicks free from lice and bring a better hatch. Placed in the hen house they will clear it of lice in short order. No trouble to use. Looks exactly like a real egg. Always at work for an entire year. Big thing for agents.

Doz. \$1.00, ½ doz 60c, by express. Add 25c per dozen for postage if by mail.

Ferto-Insectono

THE GREAT FERTILIZER AND INSECTICIDE

ITS USES and HOW TO USE IT

WHAT IS FERTO-INSECTONO?

It is an inexpensive dark powder, as fine as flour, and extremely diffusible and completely covers with a fine dust all plants over which it is sprinkled. While powerful in its effects, it will not injure the plant or the leaves in the slightest degree, and is perfectly harmless to the person handling it.

AS AN INSECTICIDE.

It is an absolute annihilator of all insects, bugs or beetles that prey on vegetation. Positively kills Potato Bugs, Squash Bugs, Pumpkin Bugs, Melon Bugs, Currant Worms, Cabbage Worms, etc. It will kill all kinds of creeping things that eat the leaves of vegetables or plants. It is the cheapest insecticide on the market.

HOW TO APPLY.

Any way to insure an even and thorough distribution on all the plants and leaves. We manufacture two machines (see page 112), which are very fine for applying "Ferto-Insectono" and other dry insecticides. It may be applied with a bellows, or even with a small bag made of coarse muslin. Put the powder in the bag and shake over the plants.

A GOOD CROP OF CABBAGE

Or any other vegetables can not be obtained, no matter how good your soil and seed may be, or how favorable the weather, or how much care and labor you spend on them, unless the vines and leaves are kept vigorous and healthy. Such a condition can not be kept up unless all insects and bugs are destroyed as fast as they appear. The reason is obvious: Plants and fruit trees breathe through their leaves, and the leaves are as essential to the development of the plant or trees as are the roots. Any cause that injures the leaves hurts the plant, and that which destroys the foliage destroys the root also. Therefore, it is necessary that the vines and trees be kept growing, and free from the ravages of insects and bugs.

THE POTATO BUG

Is the greatest enemy the potato grower has. He has a good mouth, with upper and under jaws, and eats the leaves with a relish. "Ferto-Insectono" sprinkled

on the leaves kills him with expedition and dispatch. Three crops of eggs are laid each year. Prompt action is therefore necessary. Just as soon as the potato bug makes his appearance, dust the vines thoroughly and carefully with "Ferto-Insectono." Kill off the first arrivals, and you may not have any further trouble. The same course should be pursued in the cases of other pests.

THE MELON, CUCUMBER OR VINE BUG

Can surely be exterminated and your crops completely saved by using "Ferto-Insectono." Every person who has had experience with these dreaded pests knows that prompt action is the only salvation for the crops. If "Ferto-Insectono" is 200 miles away your crops are doomed; hence, prepare in advance. Be watchful, and the moment they appear take the remedy to the field and you can treat your crops so quickly that no damage will result. Perfectly harmless to persons handling it, and harmless when used on cabbages and other edible crops.

FERTO-INSECTONO AS A FERTILIZER.

This chemical compound possesses the quality of extracting the ammonia from the atmosphere as the wind passes over the plants to which it has been applied. This ammonia combines with the powder and forms a sulphate of ammonia, which is a powerful stimulant to vegetable growth. When we speak of stimulant don't think the plant or ground will be left in a worse condition when the effect has passed away. This is not the case. The properties are all taken from the air and the young growing plants are actually fed, nourished, assisted to send their roots deeper into the soil and the tops higher in the air. The benefit is permanent, hastening maturity and increasing production.

"Ferto-Insectono" is peculiarly valuable in dry seasons, as it attracts and holds moisture.

"Ferto-Insectono" can be used as a fertilizer (outside of its value as an insecticide) and five times its cost realized in improvements of the crops. Farmers and gardeners, keep this in mind, and it may induce you to use it early and liberally, and thus give you double benefits in saving your crops from the insects and increasing productiveness.

The Cheapest Insecticide on the Market, and
Doubly Valuable as a Fertilizer. Price:

In 5 lb. Packages, 20c Each.

In 10 lb. Packages, 35c Each.

In 50 lb. Packages, \$1.25 Each.

In 100 lb. Packages, \$2.00 Each.

Per Ton, \$35.00.

$\frac{1}{4}$ ton at the ton rate. Tons and fractions thereof packed in 100 lb. bags at above prices, shipments to be made by freight. We do not advise express shipments, as the charges will be too high considering value of the goods.

Postage on Ferto-Insectono is 16c per lb.

AGENTS WANTED--The Trade Supplied

The "Adam" Family Grist Mill

This little mill has a well deserved reputation as the best of its class. Hand power. Can be attached to table, bin or box. Grinds corn, oats, barley, coffee, etc. You can make your own corn meal and graham flour fresh every day. Just the thing for cracking grain for poultry. No farmer or poultryman should be without one of these splendid little mills. Made on honor and will wear a life time. Price \$3.00.

The "Plymouth Rock" Combination Repair Outfit

A Complete Outfit of Tools for General Boot, Shoe, Rubber, Harness and Tinware Repairing, including a RIVETING MACHINE; Consisting of 40 First-Class Tools and Materials shown in cut, viz:

- 1 Iron Last for men's work, extra heavy.
- 1 Iron Last for boys' work, extra heavy.
- 1 Iron Last for women's work, extra heavy.
- 1 Iron Last for children's work, extra heavy.
- 1 15-in. Stand for Lasts, extra heavy.
- 1 Shoe Hammer.
- 1 Shoe Knife, best quality.
- 1 Peg Awl Half.
- 1 Peg Awl.
- 1 Wrench for Peg Awl Handle.
- 1 Sewing Awl Handle.
- 1 Stabbing Awl.
- 1 Stabbing Awl Handle.
- 1 Bottle Leather Cement.
- 1 Bottle Rubber Cement.
- 1 Ball Shoe Thread.
- 1 Ball Shoe Wax.
- 1 Package Clinch Nails, 4-8 inch.
- 1 Package Clinch Nails, 5-8 inch.
- 1 Package Clinch Nails, 6-8 inch.
- 1 Package Heel Nails.
- 4 Pairs Heel Plates, assorted sizes.
- 4 Harness Needles.
- 1 Riveting Machine.
- 1 Harness and Saw Clamp.
- 1 Box Tubular Rivets, assorted sizes.
- 1 Soldering Iron, extra heavy.
- 1 Handle for Same.
- 1 Bar Solder.
- 1 Piece Salammoniac.
- 1 Piece of Tin.
- 1 Copy Directions for Half-soleing, etc.
- 1 Copy Directions for Soldering.

EACH SET PACKED IN A NEAT WOOD CASE

Weight 22 pounds.

The Most Complete and Practical Outfit Made

This is the most complete and desirable outfit made. The Lasts and Stands are extra strong and heavy, and every article is strictly first-class, the best there is made, and the same that practical mechanics use.

The special feature of this outfit is that it contains one of the latest improved Automatic Riveting Machines for setting tubular rivets. With it anyone can do all his own harnesses, strap and belt repairing. The saving on these items alone will pay the user the cost of the outfit in a year, to say nothing of the saving on repairing one's boots, shoes, rubbers and tinware.

The universal demand and the constantly increasing sale of these goods impels us to list them in this catalogue, believing many of our friends will be glad of the opportunity to obtain them. **Price per set only \$2.50.**

Prairie Combined Potato Planter and Digger.

As a Planter.

low price. Plants 13, 16 or 19 inches apart, and 3 to 6 inches deep. Marks, drops and covers at one operation.

Digger uses same running gears as planter. Adjustable to any depth wanted. Lifts all the potatoes and injures none of them. Operator rides, and has perfect control of machine and team.

Complete, Simple, Durable, Satisfactory and Cheap. Note our Prices: Planter and Digger combined, \$22.75; Planter complete, without Digger, \$19.00; Digger complete, without Planter, \$17.75.

Planter Attachment (can be put on at any time), \$8.25.

Digger Attachment (can be easily attached or detached), \$6.00.

As a Digger.

ONLY \$8.00

Fully Warranted Platform Farm Scales.

A Good Scale is a Necessity on Every Farm.

Strongly made, of good materials, by experienced scale builders. Smoothly finished and handsomely painted. Each Scale is carefully tested, with U. S. Standard Sealed Weights, before leaving the factory. Corners of platform positively warranted to weigh same as the center. The contrary is a very prevalent weakness with some other scales, sold at higher prices.

Capacity 600 lbs., price \$8.00; capacity 800 lbs., price \$9.00; capacity 1,000 lbs., price \$10.00; capacity 1,200 lbs., price \$11.00.

The Genuine "Valley" One-Hole Sheller.

Best materials and finish; hard wood frame; steel shafts; every part of the best. Perfect separation of corn and cob. Fan cleans shelled corn perfectly. Warranted. Price, complete, \$5.50; without fan or feed table, \$5.00.

"Monarch" Improved Cider Mills.

Newest and best pattern. Grinds and grates the fruit and does not smash or crush it, producing largest amount of juice. Thoroughly well made; very strong; fully warranted. Easy running, perfect work.

"MONARCH" SENIOR, a third larger than any other of its class, with two cranks, price \$18.00.

"MONARCH" MEDIUM, one crank, a good size for the average farmer, price \$14.00.

"MONARCH" JUNIOR, a small mill, well adapted to home use, just as well made and efficient as the larger mills, price \$11.50.

BANNER HAND AND POWER ROOT AND VEGETABLE CUTTERS

No. 17. **Poultry Raisers' Friend.** This machine solves the question of winter eggs. Hens will lay right along when properly fed and cared for.

Stock Raisers' Friend. The most successful and satisfactory in use. Possesses features found in no other. Self-feeder, separates dirt from cut feed, leaving the cut feed so that **stock cannot choke** on it. Does not crush, grind or tear the feed, but cuts it into long, half-round slices. Hand or light power machine, fitted with crank for hand use, and with pulley and balance wheel for power. Capacity, by hand, 30 to 50 bushels per hour; by power, 2 to 3 bushels per minute. Weight, 150 pounds; price, fitted for both hand and power use, \$12.00.

No. 116.
Stock Raisers' Friend.

THE "STANDARD" GREEN BONE CUTTER

The **Simplest, Strongest, Fastest and Easiest-running** cutter made. Fitted with **ball-bearings**. Will cut the hardest and toughest of green bone. Cuts more bone and cuts it better than any other. Feed may be regulated so that a child can operate the machine. Very easily cleaned and no breakage. Reduces the bone to fine, granular shavings, in best condition for feeding. No. 1, complete, as shown in cut, weight 90 pounds, price, **\$8.50**. Bench machine, without legs, for small flocks, just as strong as No. 1, with fly wheel and crank, **\$6.50**.

POTATO, SWEET POTATO AND CELERY CULTIVATOR AND HILLER.

\$3.75

The very best tool made for cultivating, hilling and ridging these important crops. Runs between the rows, gently raises overhanging tops that would be bruised and crushed by an ordinary cultivator. May be safely used to keep the ground clean until digging time. Has no equal for ridging sweet potatoes and celery, as it pulverizes the soil while ridging. Lifts the ground so gently that leaves are not clogged or covered.

For one horse. Price only **\$3.75**.

A THOROUGHLY RELIABLE LINE OF CHILLED PLOWS

The Prairie Clipper

MADE FOR US BY ONE OF THE OLDEST AND BEST MAKERS.

\$3 50

TO \$7 20

NONE BETTER
Extras
sold
every-
where.

ANTI-TRUST
PRICES.

Only the best materials are employed in the manufacture of these plows. They are turned out of one of the best equipped plow factories in America. One grade only—the very best. Every plow fully warranted.

All have sloping landsides, ribbed moldboards, and will give satisfaction in any soil. All around general purpose plows. Note our prices and compare with other quotations:

No.	Description.	Width and Depth Fur.	Weight.	Price.
A	Light one-horse.....	4½ x 8	50 lbs.	\$3.50
B	Medium one-horse.....	5 x 10	65 "	4.50
10	Heavy one-horse.....	5½ x 11	70 "	5.00
13	Light two-horse.....	6 x 11	80 "	5.75
19	Medium two-horse.....	6½ x 12	100 "	6.25
20	Standard two-horse.....	7 x 13	110 "	6.52
30	Heavy two-horse.....	7 x 14	120 "	6.75
40	Two or three-horse.....	9 x 16	130 "	7.20

One extra point free with each plow.

Extra points, plain, for Nos. A, B, and 10, 22 cts. For larger sizes, 32 cts.

Jointers, complete, \$1.27. Lead wheels, complete, 65 cts. Points and other parts shipped with plows add nothing to freight charges.

Nos. A and B made right-hand only; other sizes right and left. Orders must state which is wanted.

All goods delivered on board cars at Indianapolis, on receipt of price. Purchasers pay freight, which is low on plows. The agent at your station can tell you just what the freight will be.

No trouble to get repairs for our plows. Extras for "Oliver" chilled plows will fit our Prairie Clipper, and are sold everywhere.

PRAIRIE STATE INCUBATORS AND BROODERS

Each Machine is Supplied with Complete Directions for Operating

The **Prairie State** is a hot air Incubator, built of first-class material, neatly finished and thoroughly tested before leaving the factory. The improvements in this machine have so simplified hatching that a child can operate it without difficulty. The regulator is highly sensitive metal, extending above and beneath the egg tray. It can be set to any desired degree of temperature, and when so set will hold the temperature within the egg chamber without any variation, regardless of any variation of temperature outside the Incubator.

**The Best
Incubators
Made.**

No. 0 Special.

Prairie State No. 0 Special

Dimensions, $15\frac{1}{2} \times 26\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Capacity, 60 to 65 eggs. One blank tray and two turn-over trays; one thermometer; nursery under the tray. Weight, 70 pounds; crated, 80 pounds. Price, \$12.00.

Prairie State No. 1 Special

Dimensions, $23 \times 34\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Capacity, 110 to 120 eggs. One blank and two turn-over trays; one thermometer; nursery under the trays. Weight, 110 pounds; crated, 135 pounds. Price, \$18.00.

Prairie State No. 2 Special

Dimensions, $28\frac{1}{2} \times 50$ inches. Capacity, 220 to 240 eggs. Two blank trays with three turn-over trays; two thermometers; nursery under the trays. Weight, 169 pounds; crated, 240 pounds. Price, \$29.00.

Prairie State No. 3 Special

Dimensions, $28\frac{1}{2} \times 70$ inches. Capacity, 330 to 360 eggs; three blank and four turn-over trays; three thermometers; nursery under the trays. Weight, 225 pounds; crated, 300 pounds. Price, \$38.00.

Prairie State No. 4 Special

Dimensions, $28\frac{1}{2} \times 95$ inches. Capacity, 440 to 480 eggs. Four blank trays and five turn-over trays; four thermometers; nursery under the trays. Weight, 325 pounds; crated, 425 pounds. Price, \$50.00.

Prairie State Baby, No. 1

This small Incubator will hatch eggs just as well as any other of the **Prairie State**. Dimensions, $14\frac{1}{2} \times 24$ inches. Capacity, 50 eggs. One blank tray; one thermometer; no nursery. Weight, 32 pounds; crated, 45 pounds. Price, \$6.00.

Prairie State Baby, No. 2

Dimensions, $19\frac{1}{2} \times 31$ inches. Capacity, 100 eggs. No nursery; one automatic turning tray, with removable turning device; one thermometer. Weight, 42 pounds; crated, 79 pounds. Price, \$10.00.

Baby No. 1.

Special No. 2.

Prairie State Special Duck Machine

Dimensions, 36×68 inches. Capacity, 288 duck eggs; 400 hen eggs; three turn-over trays and one extra tray; three thermometers; nursery under trays. Weight, 289 pounds; crated, 425 pounds. Price, \$44.00.

Prairie State Special Goose Machine

Dimensions, $31 \times 18\frac{3}{4}$ inches. Capacity, 50 eggs. One tray and one extra tray. Weight, 124 pounds; crated, 160 pounds. Price, \$25.00.

Prairie State (Continued)

Prairie State, Style A, No. 1

Dimensions, 27 x 37 inches. Capacity, 150 eggs. Automatic turning tray, with trap door into the nursery. One thermometer. Weight, 130 pounds; crated, 170 pounds. Price, \$20.00.

Prairie State, Style A, No. 2

Dimensions, 27½ x 47 inches. Capacity, 210 eggs. Automatic turning tray, with trap door into the nursery. One thermometer. Weight, 160 pounds; crated, 215 pounds. Price, \$26.00.

Prairie State, Style B, No. 1

Dimensions, 27 x 37 inches. Capacity, 150 eggs. Automatic turning tray. One thermometer. No nursery. Weight, 119 pounds; crated, 150 pounds. Price, \$15.00.

Prairie State, Style B, No. 2

Dimensions, 27½ x 47 inches. Capacity, 210 eggs. Automatic turning tray. One thermometer. No nursery. Weight, 157 pounds; crated, 195 pounds. Price, \$22.00.

Style C, Hot Air Outdoor Brooder, No. 1

Dimensions, 36 x 36 inches. Capacity, 100 chicks. Weight, crated, 125 pounds; boxed, gross, 158 pounds; net, 93 pounds; cubic contents, 15¼ feet. Price, \$12.00.

Style C, Hot Air Outdoor Brooder, No. 2

Dimensions, 48 x 48 inches. Capacity, 150 chicks. Weight, crated, 185 pounds; boxed, gross, 263 pounds; net, 146 pounds; cubic contents, 26½ feet. Price, \$16.00.

Style D, Hot Air Indoor Brooder, No. 1

Dimensions, 25¾ x 36 inches. Capacity, 80 chicks. Weight, crated, 60 pounds; boxed, gross, 71 pounds; net, 39 pounds; cubic contents, 6¾ feet. Price, \$7.00.

Style D, Hot Air Indoor Brooder, No. 2

Dimensions, 35 x 36½ inches. Capacity, 125 chicks. Weight, crated, 65 pounds; boxed, gross, 95 pounds; net, 58 pounds; cubic contents, 8¼ feet. Price \$9.00.

Sectional Indoor Hot Water Pipe

These Brooders have become well known among poultrymen, as well as amateurs, being top heat with movable floor. They will accommodate the chicks until they are good sized broilers, thus enabling the operator to have a nursery and fattening room at the same time. In purchasing, be sure to get brooder of sufficient number of sections for all purposes, as sections cannot be added.

No. 2, 200 chicks, \$19.00; No. 3, 300 chicks, \$24.00; No. 4, 400 chicks, \$29.00.

Large illustrated Catalogue of Incubators and Brooders free.

Eggs for Hatching, from Selected Stock, Guaranteed to be Pure

	One Setting, 13 Eggs.	26 Eggs.
Buff Rocks.....	\$2.00	\$3.25
Buff Wyandots.....	2.00	3.00
White Rocks.....	1.50	2.50
White Wyandots.....	1.50	2.50
Brown Leghorns.....	1.50	2.50
Barred Rocks.....	1.50	2.50
White Leghorns.....	1.50	2.50
Buff Leghorns.....	2.00	3.50
Duck Eggs—White Pekin.....	6 eggs, .75	13 eggs, 1.50
Turkey Eggs—Maine bronze.....	" 1.75	" 3.25
Goose Eggs—Toulouse.....	" 1.75	" 3.50

Poultry Supplies

	10 lbs.	25 lbs.	50 lbs.	100 lbs.
Oyster shell.....	\$0.15	\$0.25	\$0.45	\$0.75
Mica grit.....	.20	.40	.75	1.00
Bone, coarse.....	.30	.65	1.20	2.25
Bone, fine.....	.30	.65	1.20	2.25
Meat meal.....	.30	.65	1.20	2.25
Chick manna.....	1.00	2.50		
Chamberlain's chick food.....	.30	.75	1.50	2.50
Chamberlain's mash food.....	.35	.90	1.50	1 sack, 1.75

Rust's Egg Producer—Full directions on each box. 1 lb. box 25c, 2½ lb. box 50c, 6 lb. box \$1.00. If by mail, add 16c per lb. for postage.

Haven's Climax Condition Powder—It cures disease and keeps stock and fowls healthy. Price, 14 oz. package 25c, by mail, 15c extra for postage; 5 lb. box (equal to 8 packages) \$1.00, by express at buyer's expense.

Rust's Haven's Roup Pills—The best remedy ever discovered for roup, catarrh and colds. Price, 25c per box of 48 pills, postpaid.

The Sanitary Fountain—Price, 1 gallon, each 50c, per doz. \$5.50; 2 gallons, each, 85c, per doz. \$9.00.

Send all Orders to **J. A. EVERITT, Seedsman, Indianapolis, Indiana**

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