Historic, Archive Document

Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.

The Elm City Nursery Company

Plant in *Early Autumn*

Evergreens Herbaceous Hardy Plants

*Plant our Specimen Stock
and gain immediate results.*

*It has required years to
grow up these beautiful speci-
men trees and shrubs. They
can be yours immediately.*

The Elm City Nursery Company
New Haven, Conn.

Nursery Department.

Rhododendron Maximum,
showing winter buds.

We grow and supply the best grade of nursery stock the market affords. Our facilities are very complete, every department being under efficient management. That our methods are meeting with popular favor is evidenced by the rapid growth our business enjoys. By purchasing from our Nurseries you are guaranteed *High Quality* stock. It is grown under most favorable conditions, dug and packed by skilled and careful workmen. Our nursery stock can be depended on to produce maximum results when planted under favorable conditions. The Nurseries are open to the public every day of the year, but positively no business will be transacted Sunday.

Landscape Department.

Where *best* results are anticipated in Landscape and other Gardening work, experience is a most important factor. Our landscape department is under well equipped and expert management. We are glad to offer suggestions and submit sketches for plantings without charge to intending purchasers, but where landscape problems require special visits, plans, specifications, etc., a charge is made to cover expenses, etc. We will be pleased to take up this matter more fully with those who are interested.

Gardening Department.

We maintain a force of competent gardeners who can execute gardening work in a thorough and practical manner. Pruning and otherwise caring for established trees, vines, etc., is a special feature of our work, and one that an owner can afford to put into experienced hands only. Many trees whose worth cannot be counted in dollars, which are perishing from neglect, can be restored to health and given a new lease of life if given proper treatment.

We can refer to many satisfied clients who have approved our planting plans, procured their stock from us and employed us to carry out the work. Genuine economy is many times gained by having all the work incidental to the carrying out of a landscape problem under one contract.

Our General Descriptive Catalogue.

We are pleased to send it without charge to all who inquire.

The Elm City Nursery Company

EDGEWOOD, Edgewood Avenue, NEW HAVEN, CONN.

Contents of this catalogue copyrighted, 1909, by The Elm City Nursery Co., New Haven, Conn.

Important to Purchasers

A glance down one of our arbors which serve to give protection from the sun to such partial shade-loving plants as specimen Box, Bay-trees, Hollies, Andromedas, Rhododendrons, Mahonias, etc. These attractive plants at once suggest beautiful gardening possibilities.

PRICES — NOTE CAREFULLY. *Single rate prices* are for less than five of a kind.

Ten-rate prices are for five or more and less than twenty-five of a kind.

Hundred-rate prices are for twenty-five or more and less than 250 of a kind.

Thousand-rate prices are for 250 or more of a kind.

We cannot agree to fill small orders for a few of a kind for less than single rates, as it oftentimes takes one over many acres of ground to fill a single order, and the proportionate expense of digging and packing orders must be taken into account.

SPECIAL DISCOUNTS ON TREES AND PLANTS. To those who send us orders for less than five of a kind, shipped at the same time, amounting to the following:

Orders amounting to \$10.00, a discount of 5%	} FROM SINGLE RATE PRICES.
Orders amounting to \$30.00, a discount of 10%	
Orders amounting to \$50.00, a discount of 15%	
Orders amounting to \$75.00, a discount of 20%	
Orders amounting to \$100.00, a discount of 25%	

Special discounts on larger orders. Send us list for estimates.

These discounts apply to Trees and other Plants only, and not to grass seed, fertilizers, etc.

Trees and Plants individually selected at our nurseries or special quotations will be charged for according to quoted price *without discounts*.

TERMS. Cash in advance from unknown parties who do not furnish satisfactory reference. We send invoice at time of shipment of order, and should any error be noticed on receipt of goods notify us immediately and we will do all in our power to rectify it.

HOW ORDERS ARE SHIPPED. We ship all large trees and other bulky orders, which are to go outside the city, by freight, unless otherwise requested. Medium sized orders can be shipped by express to advantage; this is especially advisable where immediate arrival is desired. All orders are delivered free to local freight, express companies and in the city. We are not liable for delays by forwarding parties. If stock is not promptly received notify us and we will promptly trace.

PACKING. We make no charge for packing *except where stock is purchased at hundred-rate prices or in case of large bulky stock, or where we are requested to ship with carefully preserved balls of earth, etc.*, which necessitates devoting more time and packing material than is usual. In such instances a charge covering cost is made.

HOW TO REACH US. Our nursery and office are located at EDGEWOOD, Edgewood Avenue, just beyond Edgewood Park. The Edgewood Avenue cars direct to the nursery from the Railroad Station, and by transfer from transfer points. Parties autoing, driving or wheeling to the nursery will find West Chapel Street the best route, turning to the right at either Central or Alden Avenue.

EARLY ORDERS. To one familiar with the rush at the packing season, it must be obvious that it is impossible to fill an order requiring much time in its preparation on short notice without doing an injustice to others who have their orders previously booked. In fairness to all, we have adopted the practice of filling orders in the rotation received, unless orders are received far enough ahead of the packing season, with instructions to ship at a given date, so that we can arrange a special shipping date. So we again say—*place your order as far in advance of shipping as you possibly can*, stating when you would like stock sent.

THE ELM CITY NURSERY COMPANY,
EDGEWOOD, Edgewood Avenue, NEW HAVEN, CONN.

Choice and Rare Evergreens for Early Autumn Planting

This illustration shows a handsome White Pine (Pinus Strobus) about 12 feet high, with ball of earth carefully secured with burlaps, just dug from a nearby block of fine specimens. We have a splendid lot of these specimen evergreens, which have been so frequently transplanted that large balls of earth can be taken up with each tree, insuring successful transplanting. Immediate effects can be gained with these specimen trees.

Why this Season for Transplanting Evergreens ?

ALL the Hardy Evergreens transplant to special advantage during early Autumn and with good balls of earth even late into the Fall. Early planting gives ample opportunity for the trees to become well-rooted before cold weather, without the exhaustion incident to new growth which quickly follows Spring planting.

This is especially true of Autumn planting when Evergreens are taken up with balls of earth, a practice we recommend. All our Evergreens have been specially prepared by root pruning so that they take up with a splendid system of roots. Every care is taken at the Nursery to provide against exposure during digging and transporting of all our stock, especially the Evergreens.

How to Ship Evergreens.

When delivery is within economical distance for hauling by teams, we recommend that way. Small orders to distant points can be boxed for shipping by freight or express, but where a number of specimen trees are to be sent, we advise shipping in bulk in car lots; this saves the cost of boxing and insures their arrival without injury. We gladly advise, if requested, the shipping method we recommend for individual shipments.

Prices of Evergreens.

See following pages for prices of the usual sizes. *The prices of specimens will vary with each plant, as they vary greatly in individual merit.* It is desirable to visit the Nursery and make a personal selection, but where this is not practicable, we will gladly make selections for a customer when we are advised what special material is desired. We will also recommend groupings for special effects to those who desire us to do so.

Evergreen Trees.

We have followed the popular arrangement in making up this list; the botanical names you will also find alphabetically arranged.

Weeping Blue Spruce
A rare and charming form of this popular evergreen.

	Each.	Per 10.	Per 100.
ABIES, see Fir.			
ARBORVITAE AMERICAN, (<i>Thuja Occidentalis</i>).			
Specimens, carefully trained,			
3 to 20 feet, \$1.00 to	\$25.00	.....	.....
Also known as 6 to 7 feet.	2.00	\$17.50	.....
White Cedar. All 5 to 6 feet.	1.50	12.50	.....
things considered 4 to 5 feet.	1.25	9.00	.....
this native ever- 3 to 4 feet.	1.00	7.50	\$60.00
green and its num- 2 to 3 feet.	.75	6.00	40.00
erous varieties is 8 to 12 inches.	.35	2.50	15.00
among our most			
useful of evergreens. Very easy to			
transplant and thriving on a great			
variety of soils, it is naturally in			
very great demand. Our stock, es-			
pecially in the small and medium			
sizes, is very large. <i>Special prices</i>			
<i>for hedge plant grades.</i>			
ARBORVITAE AMERICAN VAR. GEO. PEABODY.			
Specimens, 2 to 5 feet, \$2.00 to	10.00	.....	.....
One of the best 18 to 24 inches.	1.00	7.50	.....
golden forms, very 12 to 18 inches.	.75	6.00	.....
striking.			
ARBORVITAE AMERICAN VAR. GLOBE.			
Specimens, 2 to 3 feet, \$2.50 to	10.00	.....	.....
Develops into globe-like head, quite dwarf, seldom 18 to 24 inches.	1.50	12.50	.....
getting to be more than three feet high. 12 to 18 inches.	1.00	7.50	.....
8 to 12 inches.	.50	3.50	25.00
ARBORVITAE AMERICAN VAR. HOVEY'S.			
Specimens, 2 to 3 feet, \$1.00 to	5.00	.....	.....
Globular in form; foliage light green with a golden 18 to 24 inches.	1.00	9.00	.....
tinge and very compact. 12 to 18 inches.	.50	4.50	.....
ARBORVITAE AMERICAN VAR. PYRAMIDAL.			
Specimens, 5 to 10 feet, \$2.00 to	20.00	.....	.....
Pyramidal form, rich dark green foliage. Very use- 3 to 4 feet.	1.50	12.50	.....
ful where a formal column of deep green is required. 2 to 3 feet.	1.00	7.50	50.00
This form is also very desirable for hedges, as its 1 to 2 feet.	.75	6.00	40.00
habit is such that very little trimming is required. 8 to 12 inches.	.50	3.50	25.00
ARBORVITAE AMERICAN VAR. SIBERIAN.			
Specimens, 2 to 8 feet, \$2.50 to	15.00	.....	.....
Compact and dense of foliage, the color remains 3 to 4 feet.	1.50	12.50	.....
quite a rich green throughout the year. One of the 2 to 3 feet.	1.00	7.50	.....
best.			
ARBORVITAE ORIENTAL (<i>Thuja Orientalis</i>).			
Specimens, 4 to 10 feet, \$2.00 to	10.00	.....	.....
Brilliant evergreens with close ascending branches 2 to 3 feet.	1.00	6.00	.....
of a fan-shaped appearance. 1 to 2 feet.	.50	3.50	.....
ARBORVITAE ORIENTAL VAR. ELEGANTISSIMI.			
Specimens, 3 to 5 feet, \$3.00 to	10.00	.....	.....
More upright and pyramidal, the tips of new growth			
very brilliant yellow.			
ARBORVITAE STANDISH'S (<i>Thuja Japonica</i>).			
Specimens, 5 to 6 feet, \$3.00 to	10.00	.....	.....
From Japan. Makes a very graceful medium-size 2 to 3 feet.	2.00	.....	.....
tree. 1 to 2 feet.	1.50	12.50	.....
BALSAM FIR, see Fir.			
BLUE SPRUCE, see Spruce.			
BIOTA, see Arborvitae.			
CEDAR (Red), see Juniper.			
CHAMAECYPARIS, see Cypress (Japan).			
CYPRESS, JAPAN (<i>Chamaecyparis</i> or <i>Retinispora</i>).			
The following are of moderate growth and some of them so dwarf in their nature as to never grow more than 2 or 3 feet tall. All are perfectly hardy, and for grouping, where a mass of low evergreen foliage is desired, they are not excelled. We have a large and varied collection, including many rare specimens.			
CYPRESS JAPAN (<i>Obtusa</i>) (<i>Hinoki Cypress</i>).			
Specimens, 3 to 5 feet, \$2.00 to	20.00	.....	.....
A very beautiful species of evergreen of refined 2 to 3 feet.	1.50	12.50	.....
appearance, medium size, remaining green through the 1 to 2 feet.	1.00	7.50	50.00
winter. The following forms of this species are all 6 to 12 inches.	.75	6.00	40.00
very desirable.			
CYPRESS JAPAN (<i>Obtusa</i>) VAR. AUREA. Specimens, 2 to 4 feet, \$2.00 to			
Similar to the above but the foliage is a rich yellow. 1 to 2 feet.	1.00	8.00	.....
CYPRESS JAPAN (<i>Obtusa</i>) VAR. LYCOPODIOIDES. 18 to 24 inches.			
Low form with a rich green moss-like effect. 12 to 18 inches.	1.00	7.50	.....
CYPRESS JAPAN (<i>Obtusa</i>) VAR. NANA. Specimens, 2 to 4 feet, \$3.00 to			
The gem of the lot; compact form and deep green 18 to 24 inches.	2.50	20.00	.....
foliage. This is the form the Japanese use in creat- 12 to 18 inches.	2.00	17.50	150.00
ing their famous dwarfs (<i>chabo-hiba</i>). Imported and 8 to 12 inches.	1.00	8.00	75.00
nursery grown. All interesting and some of great age. 6 to 8 inches.	.75	6.00	50.00
CYPRESS JAPAN (<i>Obtusa</i>) VAR. NANA AUREA 18 to 20 inches.			
Like the preceding except that the foliage is light 15 to 18 inches.	1.50	12.50	.....
green tipped with golden. 12 to 15 inches.	1.00	8.00	60.00
8 to 12 inches.	.75	6.00	40.00

EVERGREEN TREES—Continued.

		Each.	Per 10.	Per 100.
CYPRESS JAPAN (<i>Pisifera</i>) (Sawara Cypress).....	30 to 36 inches.	\$2.00	\$18.00	.....
The pea-fruited species of the Japan Cypress. Very hardy and graceful, medium size trees.	24 to 30 inches.	1.25	9.00	.....
CYPRESS JAPAN (<i>Pisifera</i>) VAR. AUREA	18 to 24 inches.	.75	6.00	.....
Foliage light green tipped with golden yellow.	2 to 3 feet.	1.75	15.00	.....
CYPRESS JAPAN (<i>Pisifera</i>) VAR. NANA VARIEGATA	12 to 15 inches.	1.00	8.00	60.00
A very dwarf form with a mixture of white.	12 to 18 inches.	1.50	.....	.....
CYPRESS JAPAN (<i>Pisifera</i>) VAR. FILIFERA	4 to 6 inches.	.50	3.50	.....
Interesting form with thread-like branchlets, forming a shower-like effect of green. One of the best.	15 feet, \$5.00 to	50.00	.....	.....
developing rapidly into a beautiful plant.	3 to 4 feet.	2.00	17.50	.....
CYPRESS JAPAN (<i>Pisifera</i>) VAR. FILIFERA AUREA	2 to 3 feet.	1.50	12.50	80.00
A rare and beautiful golden form of preceding.	1 to 2 feet.	1.00	7.50	60.00
CYPRESS JAPAN (<i>Pisifera</i>) VAR. LEPTOCLADA.....	3 to 4 feet.	4.00	.....	.....
Dwarf and very distinct; bluish above.	2 to 3 feet.	3.00	25.00	.....
CYPRESS JAPAN (<i>Pisifera</i>) VAR. PLUMOSA.	18 to 24 inches.	2.00	18.00	.....
Specimens, 2 to 10 feet, \$2.50 to	10 to 12 inches.	1.50	.....	.....
Dwarf green form; very bushy and if trimmed, can be made almost any form. Very much used in formal garden work. Its graceful, delicate foliage appeals to everyone.	8 to 10 inches.	.75	6.00	.....
CYPRESS JAPAN (<i>Pisifera</i>) VAR. PLUMOSA ARGENTEA	6 to 8 inches.	.50	3.50	25.00
Specimens, 15 to 18 inches, \$2.00 to	.....	4.00	.....	.....
Very like preceding, but even more compact. New growth silver tipped, producing a strong contrast with the older growth.	12 to 15 inches.	1.50	12.50	.....
CYPRESS JAPAN (<i>Pisifera</i>) VAR. PLUMOSA AUREA.	8 to 12 inches.	1.00	6.00	40.00
Specimens, 2 to 15 feet, \$2.50 to	6 to 8 inches.	.50	3.50	25.00
Similar to the two preceding forms, but with a rich warm golden foliage.	18 to 24 inches.	1.50	12.50	.....
CYPRESS JAPAN (<i>Pisifera</i>) VAR. PLUMOSA VARIEGATA	12 to 18 inches.	1.00	7.00	.....
Similar to the three preceding forms in habit of growth; deep green, freely mixed with fine white.	8 to 12 inches.	.75	6.00	40.00
CYPRESS JAPAN (<i>Pisifera</i>) VAR. SQUARROSA VEITCHII.	.....	.....	.....	.....
Specimens, 2 to 5 feet, \$1.50 to	18 to 24 inches.	1.00	8.00	.....
Charming form, with a compact, feathery growth of a bluish-green color.	15 to 18 inches.	.75	6.00	40.00
FIR AMERICAN BALSAM (<i>Abies Balsamea</i>)	12 to 15 inches.	.50	4.00	.....
Prized for its delightful aroma.	.....	.....	.....	.....
FIR EUROPEAN SILVER (<i>Abies Picea</i>).	.....	.....	.....	.....
Specimens, 5 to 8 feet, \$3.00 to	.....	15.00	.....	.....
FIR MT. ENOS (<i>Abies Cephalonica</i>).	.....	.....	.....	.....
Specimens, 2 to 4 feet, \$1.50 to	.....	5.00	.....	.....
FIR NORDMAN'S (<i>Abies Nordmanniana</i>).	.....	.....	.....	.....
Specimens, 5 to 8 feet, \$3.00 to	.....	20.00	.....	.....
Lustrous, deep green foliage and symmetrical form.	24 to 30 inches.	3.00	.....	.....
One of the grandest and best of the silver firs.	18 to 24 inches.	1.50	12.50	.....
FIR MANCHURIAN BALSAM (<i>Abies Veitchii</i>).	12 to 18 inches.	1.00	8.00	60.00
Specimens, 3 to 5 feet, \$3.00 to	.....	6.00	.....	.....
Very hardy, rapid grower, rich green foliage, similar to preceding, foliage delightfully fragrant.	12 to 18 inches.	.75	6.00	.....
FIR SPANISH (<i>Abies Pinsapo</i>) .....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1 to 2 feet.	.....	1.00	7.50	.....
FIR WHITE (<i>Abies Concolor</i>).	.....	.....	.....	.....
Specimens, 3 to 6 feet, \$3.00 to	.....	10.00	.....	.....
A beautiful spruce of rapid growth and withstands exposure to heat and drought better than any other evergreen we have. Its general appearance is so striking that it commands attention.	24 to 30 inches.	2.50	.....	.....
FIR WHITE VAR. VIOLACEA.	18 to 24 inches.	2.00	17.50	.....
Specimens, 2½ feet to 8 feet, \$3.00 to	15 to 18 inches.	1.50	12.50	.....
A variety with deep blue color and very long needles. A most striking lawn tree.	12 to 15 inches.	1.00	7.50	60.00
HEMLOCK AMERICAN (<i>Tsuga Canadensis</i>).	10 to 12 inches.	.50	3.50	30.00
4 to 7 feet, \$1.50 to	.....	15.00	.....	.....
Its pendent branches and soft deep green foliage appeal favorably to us all. It is one of the very few evergreens that grow well in the shade of other trees; in fact, it often seems to reach its most beautiful development under these	3 to 4 feet.	1.25	9.00	.....
	2 to 3 feet.	1.00	7.50	60.00
	1 to 2 feet.	.50	4.00	35.00
	8 to 12 inches.	.25	2.00	15.00

Weeping Norway Spruce. No end of attractive effects can be procured with this evergreen.

EVERGREEN TREES—Continued.

	Each.	Per 10.	Per 100.
<i>HEMLOCK AMERICAN</i> —Continued. (Prices of Hemlock page 6).			
conditions. For general lawn and landscape planting this hemlock lends itself in more ways than perhaps any other evergreen. As a specimen, in groups or for free planting throughout a woodland it is always beautiful. <i>Special prices quoted for hedge plant grades.</i>			
<i>HEMLOCK AMERICAN VAR. PENDULA</i> (Sargent's).			
Specimens, 3 to 6 feet, \$3.00 to	\$8.00	.....	.....
Most unique, branches drooping, very ornamental. 18 to 24 inches.	2.00	\$15.00	.....
12 to 18 inches.	1.50	12.50	.....
<i>HEMLOCK CAROLINA</i> (<i>Caroliniana</i>) Specimens, 4 to 6 feet, \$3.50 to	15.00	.....	.....
Graceful species, perfectly hardy, and quite different 3 to 4 feet.	2.50	22.50	.....
from <i>Canadensis</i> . 12 to 15 inches.	.35	3.00	\$25.00
<i>HEMLOCK JAPANESE</i> (<i>Sieboldii</i>) Specimens, 3 to 4 feet, \$3.00 to	10.00	.....	.....
This hemlock has slender branches and bright glossy 2 to 3 feet.	2.00	17.50	.....
foliage and is very rare and beautiful. 1½ to 2 feet.	1.50	12.50	.....
<i>JUNIPER CANADIAN OR COMMON</i> (<i>Juniperus Communis</i>).			
Specimens, 3 to 8 feet, \$2.50 to	10.00	.....	.....
Our stock is grown from the form native in this 2 to 3 feet.	1.00	.....	.....
vicinity which has a flat habit, making spreading 1 to 2 feet.	.50	4.50	.....
bushes.			
<i>JUNIPER DOUGLASS' GOLDEN</i> (<i>Juniperus Communis</i> var.)			
Specimens, 2 to 3 feet, \$2.00 to	5.00	.....	.....
Very fine golden form of the above. 12 to 18 inches.	1.00	7.50	.....
8 to 12 inches.	.50	4.50	.....
<i>JUNIPER CHINESE</i> (<i>Juniperus Chinensis</i>). Specimens, 2 to 3 feet, \$2.00 to	5.00	.....	.....
Foliage light green; especially rich in the winter.			
<i>JUNIPER CHINESE GOLDEN</i> (<i>Juniperus Chinensis</i> var.)			
Specimens, 2 to 6 feet, \$2.00 to	10.00	.....	.....
A charming form with rich golden foliage.			
<i>JUNIPER IRISH</i> (<i>Juniperus Communis</i> var. <i>Hibernica</i>).			
Specimens, 3 to 5 feet, \$2.00 to	5.00	.....	.....
The well-known Irish Juniper, pyramidal in form 2 to 3 feet.	1.25	.....	.....
and of a striking silvery gray foliage. 1½ to 2 feet.	.75	6.00	.....
1 to 1½ feet.	.50	4.50	.....
<i>JUNIPER NEABOREAN</i> (<i>Juniperus Macrocarpa</i>).			
Specimens, 3 to 6 feet, \$3.00 to	6.00	.....	.....
Shrub-like and resembling our native red cedar.			
Very hardy.			
<i>JUNIPER PROSTRATE</i> (<i>Juniperus Sabina</i> var.) 2 to 3 feet.	1.50	12.00	.....
Clings to the ground. Fine for rock gardening. 1 to 2 feet.	1.00	9.00	.....
<i>JUNIPER RED CEDAR</i> (<i>Juniperus Virginiana</i>).			
Nursery grown specimens, 4 to 10 feet, \$1.50 to	10.00	.....	.....
Our native red cedar, well known for its striking 3 to 4 feet.	1.00	6.50	.....
form and beautiful color. <i>Carefully collected native</i> 2 to 3 feet.	.75	5.00	40.00
<i>stock from two to twenty feet at special prices.</i> 1 to 2 feet.	.50	3.50	20.00
<i>JUNIPER RED CEDAR</i> (Blue type) (<i>Juniperus Virginiana</i> var.)			
Specimens, 4 to 8 feet, \$3.00 to	15.00	.....	.....
A silvery form of the preceding. 4 to 5 feet.	2.00	17.50	.....
3 to 4 feet.	1.50	12.50	.....
<i>JUNIPER RED CEDAR</i> (Weeping type) (<i>Juniperus Virginiana</i> var.).			
Specimens, 4 to 8 feet.	15.00	.....	.....
This variety has long gracefully drooping branches. 2½ to 3 feet.	1.50	12.00	.....
<i>JUNIPER SWEDISH</i> (<i>Juniperus Communis</i> var.) 2 to 3 feet.	1.00	7.50	.....
One of the best upright varieties, very similar to 1 to 2 feet.	.50	4.50	.....
the Irish Juniper.			
<i>PICEA</i> , see Spruce.			
<i>PINE AUSTRIAN</i> (<i>Pinus Laricio</i>) Specimens, 4 to 10 feet, \$1.00 to	20.00	.....	.....
Well known and much planted. Very rapid growth 3 to 4 feet.	1.50	12.00	90.00
of pleasing color. Does very well at the seashore. 2 to 3 feet.	.75	6.00	50.00
<i>PINE AUSTRIAN DWARF</i> (<i>P. Lar. Var. Compacta</i>). 1 to 3 feet, \$4.00 to	10.00	.....	.....
Dwarf, forming a compact cushion of green. Rare. 8 to 12 inches.	3.00	.....	.....
<i>PINE BOTAN</i> (<i>P. Excelsa</i>) Specimens, 4 to 8 feet, \$3.00 to	15.00	.....	.....
Very rapid growing pine resembling the native white 3 to 4 feet.	2.00	.....	.....
pine somewhat: the foliage is very much longer. 2 to 3 feet.	1.00	7.50	.....

Norway Spruce, 1 to 20 ft. Blue Spruce, 1 to 10 ft. Stone Pine, 1 to 10 ft. White Spruce, 1 to 15 ft.

The above illustrations are taken from stock at our Nursery. They show what splendid balls of earth cling to the roots when we take them up for transplanting. Immediate effects are gained by using this specimen stock.

EVERGREEN TREES—Continued.

	Each.	Per 10.	Per 100.
PINE BULL (<i>P. Ponderosa</i>) Specimens, 4 to 8 feet, \$3.00 to 10.00	.....	.....	.....
Sturdy and rapid grower. A western species and 3 to 4 feet.	2.00	\$17.50	.....
strong and effective in outline. 2 to 3 feet.	1.50	12.50	.....
PINE LIMBER (<i>P. Flexilis</i>) 12 to 15 inches.	1.00	7.50	.....
A charming, spreading pine from high in the Rocky 10 to 12 inches.	.75	6.00	\$40.00
Mountains. Very graceful.			
PINE MUGHIO (<i>P. Montana</i>) Specimens, 2 to 4 feet, \$2.00 to 15.00	.....	.....	.....
One of the best dwarf pines; thrives well in almost 18 to 24 inches.	1.50	.....	.....
any dry soil, and makes a very fine effect as a fore- 12 to 18 inches.	1.00	6.00	40.00
ground plant. 8 to 12 inches.	.50	4.00	30.00
PINE NORWAY (<i>P. Resinosa</i>) Specimens, 3 to 6 feet, \$2.00 to 6.00	.....	.....	.....
Very ornamental and extremely hardy. 2 to 3 feet.	1.50	.....	.....
12 to 15 inches.	.50	4.00	30.00
PINE PITCH (<i>P. Rigida</i>) 2 to 6 feet, \$1.00 to 5.00	.....	.....	.....
Effective native; does well by sea-side.			
PINE RED (Japanese) (<i>P. Densiflora</i>) 4 to 8 feet, \$3.00 to 10.00	.....	.....	.....
A strikingly beautiful pine of refined habit. 2 to 3 feet.	1.50	12.50	.....
PINE RED VAR. GOLDEN (<i>Aurea</i>) 15 to 18 inches.	3.00	.....	.....
A rare variety, with golden foliage. Rare and 12 to 15 inches.	2.00	18.00	.....
charming.			
PINE SCOTCH (<i>P. Sylvestris</i>) Specimens, 6 to 15 feet, \$2.00 to 25.00	.....	.....	.....
Important European timber tree, very hardy and 4 to 5 feet.	1.50	.....	.....
ornamental. Windbreaks of this pine, especially where 3 to 4 feet.	1.00	8.00	60.00
exposed to severe winds, are very satisfactory. <i>Spe-</i> 2 to 3 feet.	.75	6.00	40.00
<i>cial prices for forestry and hedge planting.</i> 1 to 2 feet.	.50	3.50	25.00
PINE SCOTCH VAR. BEUVRONNENSIS, Specimens, 12 to 18 inches, \$1.50 to 5.00	.....	.....	.....
Dwarf form of the Scotch Pine; very attractive.			
PINE SCOTCH VAR. GLOBOSA Specimens, 12 to 18 inches, \$2.00 to 5.00	.....	.....	.....
Another form with a low, cushion-like shape.			
PINE STONE (<i>P. Cembra</i>) Specimens, 2 to 7 feet, \$2.50 to 25.00	.....	.....	.....
Elegant pine of the White Pine tribe with very sym- 18 to 24 inches.	1.50	.....	.....
metrical habit while young. It is of very slow growth 12 to 18 inches.	.75	5.00	40.00
forming beautiful specimens. 8 to 12 inches.	.50	4.00	30.00
PINE UMBRELLA (<i>Sciadopitys Verticillata</i>) Specimens, 3 to 8 feet, \$5.00 to 25.00	.....	.....	.....
This rare and perfectly hardy evergreen from Ja- 30 to 36 inches.	4.00	35.00	.....
pan is now becoming better known in this country. It 24 to 30 inches.	3.00	25.00	.....
always attracts the eye by its unique beauty. Its 20 to 24 inches.	2.50	20.00	.....
growth is in the form of a narrow pyramid, the leaves 18 to 20 inches.	2.00	15.00	.....
are dark green.			
PINE WHITE (<i>P. Strobus</i>) Specimens, 5 to 15 feet, \$2.00 to 20.00	.....	.....	.....
The grandest of our native evergreens and esteemed 4 to 5 feet.	1.50	12.50	.....
for its great beauty. They are always graceful and 3 to 4 feet.	1.25	9.00	60.00
effective, and finally assume very characteristic out- 2 to 3 feet.	1.00	7.50	40.00
lines. <i>Special prices for forestry planting.</i> 1 to 2 feet.	.50	3.50	20.00
PINE WHITE VAR. BREVIFOLIA Specimens, 12 to 15 inches, \$2.00 to 4.00	.....	.....	.....
Dwarf, compact, with short leaves. 6 to 8 inches.	.75	6.00	.....
PINE WHITE VAR. NIVEA Specimens, 2 to 3 feet, \$2.00 to 5.00	.....	.....	.....
Dwarf and very bushy.			
PINE WHITE VAR. PARVIFLORA Specimens, 2 to 3 feet, \$2.50 to 5.00	.....	.....	.....
Compact form of preceding.			
PINE WHITE VAR. UMBRACULIFERA. Specimens, 2 to 3 feet, \$2.50 to 5.00	.....	.....	.....
Flat-topped bush with short leaves.			
PINUS, see Pine.			
PSEUDOTSUGA, see Spruce (Douglass).			
RETINISPORA, see Cypress (Japan).			
SCIADOPITYS, see Pine (Umbrella).			
SPRUCE ALCOCK'S (<i>Picea Bicolor</i>) Specimens, 2 to 6 feet, \$2.50 to 15.00	.....	.....	.....
European species, leaves green above and silvery 18 to 24 inches.	1.50	12.50	.....
blue beneath. Very compact in habit of growth. 12 to 18 inches.	1.00	7.50	.....
SPRUCE COLORADO BLUE (<i>Picea Pungens</i>). Specimens, 1 to 8 feet, \$3.00 to 20.00	.....	.....	.....
Perhaps the most popular evergreen now planted in 2 to 3 feet.	2.00	15.00	.....
the east and the demand, especially for the blue speci- 18 to 24 inches.	1.50	12.00	.....
mens, is equal to the supply. We have a large stock 15 to 18 inches.	1.00	8.00	60.00
of splendid trees, all several times transplanted. 12 to 15 inches.	.75	6.00	40.00

Red Cedar, 1 to 20 ft. Japan Cypress, 1 to 8 ft. Douglas Spruce, 1 to 10 ft. Arborvitae, 1 to 15 ft.

Such beautiful specimens as these are the product of years of care and training. Both tops and roots have been frequently trimmed and trained so as to produce a maximum degree of beauty and certainty of successful transplanting.

EVERGREEN TREES—Continued.

Each.	Per 10.	Per 100.
-------	---------	----------

Our native Cedar (*Juniper*). Very charming landscape effects can often be gained by its use. Approaches in outline the Cypress of Europe.

SPRUCE COLORADO BLUE

(Koster's) (*P. pungens Kosterii*).

Specimens, 3 to 10 feet, \$5.00 to	\$50.00	.....	.....
A strain, with the 24 to 30 inches.	8.00	\$64.00	.....
brightest blue color 20 to 24 inches.	5.00	45.00	.....
yet obtained. 15 to 20 inches.	3.00	28.00	.....
12 to 15 inches.	2.00	20.00	.....

SPRUCE COLORADO BLUE

WEeping (*P. pungens Pendula*).

Specimens, 4 to 8 feet, \$3.00 to	20.00		
-----------------------------------	-------	-------	-------

A new and beautiful form with drooping branches.

SPRUCE DOUGLASS' (*Pseudotsuga Douglasii*).

Specimens, 3 to 8 feet, \$2.50 to	10.00		
-----------------------------------	-------	-------	-------

A graceful ever- 24 to 30 inches. 1.50 12.50

green partaking 20 to 24 inches. 1.00 7.50

somewhat of the 15 to 20 inches. .75 5.00

character of our native hemlock in this respect. It is a most rapid grower.

SPRUCE DOUGLASS' (blue form).

(*P. Douglasii* Var. *Glauc*).

Specimens, 2½ to 3 feet, \$3.00 to	10.00		
------------------------------------	-------	-------	-------

SPRUCE ENGLEMAN'S

(*Picea Engelmanni*).

2 to 5 feet, \$2.00 to	5.00		
------------------------	------	-------	-------

One of the best. 12 to 18 inches. 1.00 7.50

Specimens, 2 to 3 feet, \$2.00 to 6.00

A genuine gem among Evergreens. Hardy and 20 to 24 inches. 1.50 12.50

attractive. 15 to 20 inches. 1.00 9.00 \$60.00

Specimens, 6 to 20 feet, \$3.00 to 30.00

Very rapid growth of a pleasing dark green. Makes 5 to 6 feet. 2.50 22.50

a fine specimen and is valuable for windbreak purposes. 4 to 5 feet. 2.00 17.50

Makes a compact hedge, especially where 3 to 4 feet. 1.50 12.50 100.00

one more than ten feet high is desired. Inquire for 2 to 3 feet. 1.00 7.50 60.00

special prices for hedge purposes. 1 to 2 feet. .50 4.00 30.00

Specimens, 18 to 36 inches, \$2.00 to 5.00

Very compact and striking. 12 to 18 inches. 1.00 7.00

Specimens, 3 to 5 feet, \$2.00 to 5.00

An attractive, upright, compact form. 2 to 3 feet. 1.50 12.50

Specimens, 3 to 6 feet, \$3.00 to 10.00

With golden yellow foliage, vigorous grower. 12 to 18 inches. .75 6.00

Specimens, 1 to 4 ft., \$2.50 to 10.00

Very dwarf, round-headed, most unique. (*P. Ex. Var. Gregoriana*).

Specimens, 3 to 6 feet, \$2.00 to 5.00

Striking form of very rapid growth and upright habit. 2 to 3 feet. 1.50 12.50

Specimens, 3 to 12 feet, \$2.00 to 20.00

Foliage deep green, the form weeping, and makes 2 to 3 feet. 1.50

a very striking tree. 1 to 2 feet. 1.00 8.00

Specimens, 4 to 10 feet, \$3.00 to 20.00

This fine compact native spruce resembles the Nor- 3 to 4 feet. 1.50 12.50

way Spruce excepting that it is much more compact 2 to 3 feet. 1.00 7.50 60.00

and a slower grower. It is also very much hardier. 1 to 2 feet. .50 4.00 35.00

Specimens, 2 to 6 feet, \$2.00 to 10.00

Known as the Glory of Spruces, silvery, generous- 18 to 24 inches. 2.00

ly tipped golden. 12 to 18 inches. 1.00 6.00

TAXUS, see Yew.

THUYA, see Arborvitae.

TSUGA, see Hemlock.

YEW AMERICAN (*Taxus Canadensis*).

Specimens, 18 to 24 inches, \$2.00 to 3.00

A native evergreen, hardy, prefers shady situation. 12 to 18 inches. 1.00 7.50

Specimens, 18 to 24 inches, \$2.00 to 10.00

A rare and beautiful, low-growing evergreen from 15 to 18 inches. 1.75 15.00

Japan. It is as hardy as an oak and remains a deep 12 to 15 inches. 1.50 12.50

green through the winter, even where exposed to the 8 to 12 inches. 1.00 7.50

sun and wind. It is a very slow grower. 6 to 8 inches. .75 6.00 40.00

Snap-shots down some of our nursery rows showing on what an extensive scale our stock is grown.

We spare no expense in its production, or in digging

and packing for shipment. This means so much to the buyer that our business is naturally as flourishing as the stock we grow.

Hardy Herbaceous Plants

For Autumn Planting.

Hollyhock.

PLANTS whose roots are hardy and remain alive from year to year and whose tops die annually to the ground are classified under this heading. It includes such splendid garden plants as Paeonies, Iris, Larkspurs, etc. The great ease with which these plants can be grown and their great variety of color and form and season of bloom makes them indispensable for the garden. Of late years, there has been a steadily increasing demand for this class of plants as well as a great improvement in the varieties, so that they now make an important feature in the business of many nurserymen. We are making them a specialty at the nursery, growing them in large quantities out in the open fields under the most favorable conditions. The classification is the one adopted by Prof. L. H. Bailey in the Cyclopaedia of American Horticulture.

Description of height at flowering season and time of blossoming, general color of bloom, and very brief descriptions only are attempted in this abridged list.

In arranging this list, we have used the popular or common names as far as seemed consistent.

Alphabetical List.

ACHILLEA, see Yarrow.

ADAM'S NEEDLE, see Lilies.

ALTHAEA, see Hollyhock.

ALYSSUM SAXATILE (Golden tuft). $\frac{1}{2}$ to 1 foot. May and June.

Forms a clump of velvety foliage and flowers are the richest yellow and fragrant.

*AMSONIA ANGUSTIFOLIA. 2 to 4 feet. May. Glossy, willow-like leaves, forming an attractive bush of foliage, turning rich yellow in the fall. Flowers deep blue.

ANEMONE JAPONICA and Varieties. *Spring planting advised.*

*ANEMONE PENNSYLVANICA. 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ foot. June. Large, single, pure white flowers.

ANTHEMIS TINCTORIA ALBA. 2 to 3 feet. July to October. Creamy white, otherwise similar to the following, both being very desirable and of easiest culture.

ANTHEMIS TINCTORIA VAR. KELWAYI. 2 to 3 feet. July to October. Brilliant yellow daisies in great masses, splendid for cutting and for the border garden.

APIOS TUBEROSA. 6 to 8 feet. July. Of climbing habit and with wistaria-like foliage. Blooms in clusters of pea-like flowers of a reddish chocolate color.

AQUILEGIA, see Columbine.

ARABIS, see Rock-Cress.

ARENARIA, see Sandwort.

ARMERIA, see Thrift.

ARTILLERY-PLANT, see Dictamnus.

ARUNCUS, see Spiraea.

ASCLEPIAS, see Butterfly-weed.

ASPERULA. *Spring planting advised.*

*ASTER ALPINA. 6 to 8 inches. May to June. Low growing plant, fine for borders; effective for rockery. Flowers bright purple, rich yellow center.

*ASTER NOVAE ANGLIAE VAR. ROSEA. 2 to 5 feet. October and November.

A variety of our native New England aster, with very large flowers in the greatest profusion. Color, clear rosy red with rich golden center.

ASTER (Stoke's) (*Stokesia*). 1 to 2 feet. July to Sept. Double, light pleasing blue. Very desirable.

The above Hardy Herbaceous Plants are offered in three sizes, as follows, unless otherwise noted. The very heavy field clumps can only be supplied in the sorts marked with a * to the left.

	Each.	Per 10.	Per 100
Very strong Field Clumps (<i>Express or Freight</i>)	50c.	\$4.00	\$35.00
Strong Field Grown, usual size (<i>Express recommended</i>)..	25c.	2.00	15.00
Smaller size (mostly field grown)	15c.	1.25	10.00

FOR SPECIAL DISCOUNTS SEE PAGE TWO.

Shasta Daisy.

ASTILBE, see *Spiraea*.

***BABY'S BREATH** (*Gypsophila Paniculata*). 3 to 4 feet. July to October. Produces a mass of the small white flowers so disposed as to form a veritable cloud of bloom. Keeps well when cut.

***BABY'S BREATH** (Double). 3 to 4 feet. July to October. A new form and very desirable.

BABY'S SLIPPER, see *Lotus*.

BALLOON FLOWER, see *Platycodon*.

***BAPTISIA AUSTRALIS** (False Indigo). 4 to 6 feet. June and July. Clear blue. Foliage effective and lasts well through the season.

BEARD TONGUE, see *Penstemon*.

***BEE BALM** (*Monarda Didyma* Var. *Superba*). 2 to 3 feet. July to October. One of the old garden plants which will ever be popular. Brilliant red foliage and flowers of spicy fragrance.

BERGAMONT, see *Bee Balm*.

BETONY, see *Stachys Betonica*.

BLACK-EYED SUSAN, see *Rudbeckia*.

BLANKET-FLOWER, see *Gaillardia*.

BLEEDING-HEART, see *Dicentra*.

***BOCCONIA CORDATA** (Tree Calamintine). 5 to 8 feet. August and September. Spikes of feathered white. Splendid background plant.

***BOLTONIA ASTEROIDES**. 6 to 8 feet. August and September. Tall plant, producing great masses of aster-like flowers, white with yellow center.

***BOLTONIA LATISQUAMAE**. 6 to 8 feet. August and September.

Similar to above excepting color of bloom, which is light lavender, deep yellow center.

***BOLTONIA LATISQUAMAE NANA**. 12 to 15 inches. August to September.

A dwarf form of the above. A new and desirable form.

BUTTERCUP (Double) (*Ranunculus Repens* Var. *Fl. Pl.*). 6 to 12 inches. May and June. Of the brightest yellow. Foliage very glossy green.

***BUTTERFLY-WEED** (*Asclepias Tuberosa*). 2 to 3 feet. July and August. Orange. A very showy native plant and very desirable.

CAMPANULA CARPATICA. $\frac{1}{2}$ to 1 foot. June to October. Blue.

Like the other Campanulas, the flowers are bell-shaped. In this species they are produced singly on delicate wiry stems, and are deep blue. One of the best dwarf plants.

CAMPANULA CARPATICA VAR. *ALBA*. $\frac{1}{2}$ to 1 foot. June to October.

Similar to preceding otherwise than the color of the flowers, which are purest white.

CAMPANULA PERSICIFOLIA. June to October.

This species produces its flowers on stems 2 to 3 feet high. The flowers are in loose clusters, and are very effective. Color blue.

CAMPANULA PERSICIFOLIA VAR. *ALBA*. June to October. Pure white.

***CAMPANULA GLOMERATA**. $\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet. June to October. Blue spikes. Fine border plant and if naturalized among shrubs will remain vigorous for years.

CANDYTUFT (Hardy) (*Iberis Sempervirens*). 6 to 12 inches. April and May. White; evergreen foliage. Makes a nice foreground border plant.

CAMOMILE, see *Anthemis*.

CARDINAL FLOWER, see *Lobelia Cardinalis*.

CERASTIUM TOMENTOSUM (Snow in Summer). May and June. 6 inches. Light silvery foliage, masses of white bloom.

***CENTAUREA**, see *Dusty Miller*.

***CHRISTMAS-ROSE** (*Heleborus Niger*). 6 to 12 inches. October to March.

This interesting pink and white plant really produces its flowers in the winter, out of doors. Daintily colored begonia-like blooms almost hidden in a clump of glossy evergreen leaves. It is best to select a place for this plant which is sheltered from the winds in winter and where it can remain for years undisturbed. With a light, temporary frame placed over the plants so as to protect from the snow and ice, the blooms develop far more freely and perfectly.

***CHRYSANTHEMUM ULIGINOSUM** (The Giant Daisy). 4 to 5 feet. July to September.

Splendid plant for tall effects.

CHRYSANTHEMUM HARDY GARDEN (Pompons). Spring planting recommended. Our collection will be listed in our spring catalogue.

CONE-FLOWER, (Purple), see *Echinacea*.

CORAL BELLS, see *Heuchera*.

***COREOPSIS LANCEOLATA** (Tickseed). 2 to 3 feet. June to October.

One of the best golden yellow flowers for the garden. Star-like blooms produced on wiry stems. Excellent for cut flowers.

***COREOPSIS ROSEA**. 8 to 12 inches. July to September. Rosy-pink, yellow center. Dark green cut leaf foliage, interesting foreground plant.

***CROWN VETCH** (*Coronilla Varia*). June to August.

A rampant creeper, with handsome globular heads of showy bright pink to white sweet pea-shaped flowers; a useful plant for the border and especially for covering banks, for the rockery and for naturalizing along the roadside.

CORONILLA, see *Crown Vetch*.

***CREeping JENNY** (*Lysimachia Nummularia*). This is the yellow creeping myrtle and very useful for rock-work and covering in shady places and on banks.

***DAISY SHASTA** (Burbank's) (*Chrysanthemum Leucanthemum Hybridum*). June to August. 1 to 2 feet. Ray-flowers are of the purest glistening white, center golden yellow, bloom about four inches in diameter.

DAY-LILY, see *Lilies*.

DELPHINIUM, see *Larkspur*.

***DESMODIUM PENDULIFOLIUM** (Pea-Shrub). September and October.

While it is a true herbaceous plant the growth is so full and shrub-like that by Fall it has made a bushy plant from 3 to 5 feet high. Covered with wine red, pea-shaped bloom, which makes it very attractive. It is effective planted in masses where it has room to develop, grouped with shrubs or in the herbaceous border. A few large clumps at 75c. each, smaller sizes same prices as other herbaceous plants.

DIANTHUS, see *Sweet William* and *Pinks*.

The above Hardy Herbaceous Plants are offered in three sizes, as follows, unless otherwise noted. The very heavy field clumps can only be supplied in the sorts marked with a * to the left.

	Each.	Per 10.	Per 100.
Very strong Field Clumps (<i>Express or Freight</i>)	50c.	\$4.00	\$35.00
Strong Field Grown, usual size (<i>Express recommended</i>)..	25c.	2.00	15.00
Smaller size (mostly field grown)	15c.	1.25	10.00

FOR SPECIAL DISCOUNTS SEE PAGE TWO.

- ***DICENTRA EXIMIA**. 1 to 2 feet. May to September. Pink.
A beautiful Bleeding Heart of dwarf habit, producing graceful spikes of pendant blooms and very graceful foliage.
- ***DICENTRA SPECTABILIS** (Bleeding Heart). 2 to 3 feet. May and June. Rose and white.
An old favorite. Very desirable. Keeps well as a cut flower.
- ***DICTAMNUS ALBUS FRAXINELLA** (Gas-plant or Artillery-plant). 2 to 3 feet. June and July. Very fragrant, white.
- ***DICTAMNUS ALBUS VAR. RUBRA**. 2 to 3 feet. June and July. Rose color, otherwise similar to above.
- DIGITALIS**, see Fox-Glove.
- ***DUSTY MILLER** (*Centaurea Gymnocarpa*). Velvety white fern-like foliage, useful for borders and foregrounds.
- ECHINACEA PURPUREA** (Purple Cone-flower). 3 to 5 feet. July to September.
The following *Epimedium* are all charming low-growing plants producing spikes and clusters of their attractive flowers in May and June. The foliage forms a cluster effective both in form and color. Especially useful for rockery planting. The following are distinct forms:
- ***EPIMEDIUM ALPINUM VAR. RUBRUM**. 12 to 15 inches. June to July. Crimson.
- ***EPIMEDIUM PINNATUM VAR. COLCHICUM**. 10 to 12 inches. Brilliant golden yellow. May to June.
- ***EPIMEDIUM DIPHYLLUM ROSEUM**. 10 to 15 inches. April to May. Rose.
- ***EPIMEDIUM LILACINUM**. 1 to 2 feet. May to June. Beautiful lilac flowers.
- ***EPIMEDIUM MUSSCHIANUM**. 10 to 15 inches. May to June. Pale yellow flowers.
- ***EPIMEDIUM MACRANTHUM NIVEUM**. 10 to 12 inches. May to June. White.
- ERYNGIUM AMETHYSTINUM**, see Sea Holly.
- ***EUPHORBIA COROLLATA** (Spurge). 1 to 2 feet. July to October. White, very freely produced. Splendid border plant.
- FALSE INDIGO**, see Baptisia.
- ***FESTUCA GLAUCA**. 1 to 1½ feet. Silvery blue foliage grass; very effective.
- FLAGS**, see Iris.
- ***FLAX, PERENNIAL** (*Linum Perenne*). 1 to 2 feet. June to September. A very desirable hardy garden plant, producing quantities of deep blue bell-shaped flowers on graceful delicate stems.
- FORGET-ME-NOT** (*Myosotis Palustris*). The true variety which blooms all summer. A delightful light blue.
- FOX-GLOVE** (*Digitalis Purpurea*). 3 to 5 feet. July and August. Old-fashioned garden favorite of easiest culture.
- FERNS, HARDY**. Charming native plants. *Spring planting advised.*
- GAILLARDIA ARISTATA** (Blanket Flower). 2 to 3 feet. July to October. Bright red, yellow splashes. Very desirable garden border plant.
- GARDEN HELIOTROPE**, see Valeriana.
- GAS-PLANT**, see Dictamnus.
- ***GEUM HELDREICHI**. 10 to 12 inches. May to August. Pretty border plant, producing beautiful orange-red flowers in great profusion.
- ***GEUM HELDREICHI VAR. SPLENDENS**. New variety even more showy than preceding.
- GERMAN IRIS**, see page 13.
- GOLDEN-GLOW**, see Rudbeckia.
- ***GLOBE-FLOWER** (*Trollius Asiaticus*). 1 to 1½ feet. May. Resemble beautiful double but-tercups, rich clear yellow.
- ***GLOBE-FLOWER VAR. GRANDIFLORA**. Similar to preceding, hue deeper in color.
- ***GLOBE-FLOWER VAR. ORANGE GLOBE**. A variety with deepest orange color.
- GRASS SEED**, see page 23.
- GROUND IVY**, see Nepeta.
- ***GYPSOPHILA**, see Baby's Breath.
- ***HELENIUM AUTUMNALE**, see Sneezeweed.
- HELIANTHUS**, see Sun-Flower.
- ***HELIOPSIS LAEVIS**. 4 to 5 feet. July to November.
Splendid hardy plant with rich yellow daisy-like flowers in great profusion. Very vigorous and will thrive under unfavorable conditions; splendid for cut flowers, lasting for weeks.
- HELEBORUS**, see Christmas Rose.
- HEMEROCALLIS**, see Lilies.
- HEUCHERA SANGUINEA** (Coral-Bells). 1½ to 2 feet. July to October.
The leaves are circular, with delicately fringed edges and of an attractive grayish marbled green and evergreen. Flowers coral red, small, and produced in loose clusters.
- HIBISCUS**, see Mallow.
- HOLLYHOCKS**. Always a popular garden plant and while they are grown from seed it takes one season of growth before they will bloom. There is always, therefore, a demand for plants of a blooming size. They require a very rich soil to get the best results. Following colors: Double Red, White, Yellow, Pink, Maroon, Salmon rose; Double-mixed: Allegheny—semi-double, Pink.
- IBERIS**, see Candytuft.

"Shrubs and trees arrived yesterday in good condition. Upon examination I find them all to be excellent specimens. Thank you for your prompt and careful attention."

"You sent me 112 Sugar Maples and every one is growing. They are all in leaf clear to the tip and all look exactly alike."

Fox-Glove.

The above Hardy Herbaceous Plants are offered in three sizes, as follows, unless otherwise noted. The very heavy field clumps can only be supplied in the sorts marked with a * to the left.

	Each.	Per 10.	Per 100
Very strong Field Clumps (<i>Express or Freight</i>)	50c.	\$4.00	\$35.00
Strong Field Grown, usual size (<i>Express recommended</i>)..	25c.	2.00	15.00
Smaller size (mostly field grown)	15c.	1.25	10.00

FOR SPECIAL DISCOUNTS SEE PAGE TWO.

*German Iris (Iris Germanica) (Fleur-de-Lis.)

Mad. Chereau.
German Iris, good old favorite.
Few hardy garden plants are
more desirable.

These splendid garden plants have been favorites for years and are so hardy and easily grown and produce such a bountiful display of beautiful flowers that they can be considered one of the most important of our garden plants. They are of easiest culture, requiring no special treatment, and will remain for years, even enduring neglect, and produce regularly each year their fine display of blooms.

VARIETIES.

- AL. DEL KALHIR. Medium to late, medium to tall, vigorous, many flowers on a stem, very free bloomer; old-gold, changing to white, richly veined deep royal purple.
- AURIOLE. Late, medium dwarf, very similar to Sans Souci in form and color, beautifully penciled deep velvety purple.
- BLUE-BIRD. Medium to tall and quite early, full, incurved, of a clear deep blue color.
- BRIDESMAID. Medium to tall, mid-season; very full and incurved, light rosy blue, changing to deeper blue on the margins, which are exquisitely penciled.
- CANDICANS. Mid-season and medium size of growth; very little incurved and of the clearest pale blue; freely veined with splashes of pure white. Very distinct.
- DECORA. Medium to low, mid-season, clear blue, white veined with rosy purple.
- CELESTE. Mid-season to late; clear pale blue, shaded darker, large fine form.
- DR. THEMENT. Mid-season to late, medium to low; rosy-red; base white, changing to deep rosy-red veined deeper red.

- EDITH COOK. Medium to low grower, mid-season to late, of strong vigorous habit; of the clearest deep yellow, freely splashed rosy purple.
- ERNEST BERNOT. Early to mid-season, medium to tall, very free bloomer; delicate orange exquisitely suffused rosy purple.
- GARFIELD. Tall, medium to late, light blue, changing to rosy lilac on margins; light beard.
- JACKMANII. Tall and late, robust, of splendid habit; old gold, changing to a rich yellow buff beautifully suffused and shaded with deep rosy tints.
- JOHN DEWITT. Mid-season to late, medium to low; light blue, deeper shade on margins; veined with royal purple.
- LA VALETTE. Tall, late, good full form, very full and incurved; general color, a clear pale blue suffused with rosy tints.
- MAD. CHEREAU. Late and tall, of beautiful and unique form; pale blue and penciled with darker blue on the margin.
- MAD. MODESTE. Medium to late. Incurving, pale blue splashed and margined purple.
- PALLADA. Very late and tall. Resembles the early Florentine in its full large form. Color rich blue, being suffused with velvety royal purple.
- POND POINT. Tall, very vigorous, very large and handsome, clearest deep blue.
- QUEEN OF GYPSIES. Tall and late, rich old gold, delicately suffused and penciled with rosy lilac; with beautiful pencilings of a deeper hue.
- QUEEN OF MAY (Maximosata). Medium to late, tall, perfect form, clearest rose slightly buff at base, shading into clear rose veined with darker rosy-red.
- QUEEN VICTORIA. Mid-season, medium, fine form; deep yellow very slightly suffused with rose.
- SAMSON. Mid-season; dwarf; clear deep yellow, veined with deep russet.
- SANS SOUCI. Medium to late season, clearest intense yellow, incurved, russet veining.
- SILVER KING. Similar if not the same as Florentine. The earliest of the tall large type, of ideal full form, and when first unfolding is of the softest pale blue, white at maturity.
- SIR ROBT. PEEL (No. 41). Mid-season, medium to tall; clear light blue, changing to deeper shade at margin.
- WALNERI. Mid-season and medium grower, clear light blue suffused with royal purple.

*Japanese Iris.

(Iris Kaempferi or Laevigata.)

This splendid type of Iris is one of the most important of our strictly hardy permanent garden plants. For effective habit and gorgeous display of color it stands alone at its blossoming season, which is June 20th to July 20th.

The plants form strong clumps of effective narrow flag-like foliage, one to three feet high. The flower stems are slender and graceful, lifting the flower heads well above the foliage.

VARIETIES.

- BLUE JAY. Late, medium tall, vigorous, very large, splendid form; deep yellow at base, changing to a soft azure blue.
- DINAH. Mid-season, very tall, medium to large, double, deep blue suffused with royal purple.

Pyramid Japanese Iris, Purity,
wonderfully varied in color and form.

The above Hardy Herbaceous Plants are offered in three sizes, as follows, unless otherwise noted. The very heavy field clumps can only be supplied in the sorts marked with a * to the left.

	Each.	Per 10.	Per 100
Very strong Field Clumps (Express or Freight)	50c.	\$4.00.	\$35.00
Strong Field Grown, usual size (Express recommended)...	25c.	2.00	15.00
Smaller size (mostly field grown)	15c.	1.25	10.00

FOR SPECIAL DISCOUNTS SEE PAGE TWO.

From photo showing freedom of bloom
of the *Iris Pumila Hybrids*. Taken
at our nursery May 10th.

JAPANESE IRIS—Continued.

- FRANCELLA.** Early, medium tall, medium size, segments uniform size and broad, almost white at base, changing to deep rose at margins, effective.
- KATHRYN.** Early, tall and vigorous; broad, pale blue, beautifully veined royal purple.
- KUMO-NO-SHO.** Double, mid-season, tall, good size, white at base, freely veined rose, which suffuses the segment at the outer margin.
- KUMO-NO-NYE.** Late, double, splendid form, richest velvety royal blue, suffused slightly with royal purple, brilliant yellow throat.
- OSHOKUN.** Double, early, very tall and branching, flower large and showy, segments rich blue penciled deeper blue with white radiating lines.
- PYRAMID.** Early to late, very strong grower and free bloomer, of largest size and splendid form, segments light blue at base, to deep blue on margins, suffused with royal purple.
- PURITY.** Early, medium size, of the purest waxy white.
- ROSY-MORN.** Mid-season, tall and graceful, white at base, shading to deep rose.
- URC-IN.** Double, mid-season, tall and much branched, flower large, pale blue white, changing to rich clear blue.

*Iris Pumila (Hybrids.)

This is a new race of charming Iris, intermediate between the early Pumila and Germanica, in time of blooming and size of flower. The range of color is marvelous. By planting these new hybrids freely the Iris blooming season can be extended several weeks, as they begin blooming as early as May 1st, continuing up to the time the German Iris begin. They are perfectly hardy and will endure cheerfully no end of hardships. The following varieties are all very beautiful.

- ATROVIOFACEA.** 6 to 10 inches. Medium dwarf, early to mid-season. Violet mauve to maroon red, paling to light on the margin.
- BRIDE.** 12 to 15 inches. Mid-season. Clear ivory white, veined with green and yellow.
- BRIDESMAID.** 10 to 15 inches. Clear white, slightly splashed with light blue, veined with yellow and green.
- CYANEA.** 6 to 10 inches. Deep velvety blue, painted with white veinings.
- EBURNEA.** 6 to 15 inches. Palest cream to white, slightly dashed with pale blue, paling to white.
- EXCELSA.** 8 to 12 inches. Clearest deep yellow, with slight maroon splashing beautifully veined.
- FAIRY.** 10 to 15 inches. Pale blue to white, freely splashed with varying shades of blue from faint to the deepest blue.
- FLORIDA.** 12 to 15 inches. Clear lemon yellow, slightly splashed with blue, beautifully veined deep yellow.
- FORMOSA.** 6 to 12 inches. Royal blue to deepest velvety royal purple, orange at base.
- LUSTRA.** 8 to 12 inches. Clear royal purple, paling to blue on margins.
- LUTEA.** 10 to 15 inches. Mid-season. Clear yellow to deeper yellow splashed with attractive markings of blue and maroon.
- ROYAL.** 12 to 15 inches. Deepest clear blue, paling on margins.
- TROPHY.** 10 to 12 inches. Deepest royal purple marbled at base with white and rich yellow.
- ***IRIS PSEUDACORUS.** 3 to 5 feet. June. Very robust, flowers of medium size, intense clear, deep yellow.
- ***IRIS SIBERICA.** 2 to 3 feet. June. Robust growers, foliage somewhat like the Japan Iris. Flowers borne on slender stems, well up above the foliage; color, clear rich blue. Flowers are somewhat larger than our native field Iris. In bloom with the late German Iris. Very desirable and especially so for naturalizing.
- ***IRIS SIBERICA ALBA.** Similar to preceding but white.
- ***IRIS SIBERICA FL. PL.** Double form. Blooms late with the Japan Iris.
- ***IRIS SIBERICA VAR. ORIENTALIS.** 2 to 3 feet. June. A beautiful Iris of the most vivid velvety deep blue, of medium size and blooming with great freedom.
- IRIS GERMANICA,** see page 13.
- IRIS KAEMPFER,** see pages 13 and 14.
- ***JACOB'S LADDER** (*Polemonium Caeruleum*). 10 to 12 inches. May and June. A favorite old garden plant, producing a quantity of attractive blue blooms.
- JAPAN IRIS,** see pages 13 and 14.
- KANSAS FEATHER,** see *Liatris*.
- KNIPHOFIA ALOIDES** (*Torch Lily*). Spring planting advised.
- LARKSPUR** (*Bee*) (*Delphinium Elatum*) (*Bee Larkspur*). 3 to 6 feet. June to August. Deepest blue. A most desirable plant.
- LARKSPUR** (*Delphinium Formosum*). 3 to 6 feet. June to August. This type of Larkspur is superb. Color, soft porcelain blue; produced on tall spikes.
- LATHYRUS LATIFOLIUS,** see *Pea* (perennial).
- LAWN GRASS SEED,** see page 22.
- LEMON LILY,** see *Lilies*, page 16.
- ***LIATRIS PYCNOSTACHYA** (*Kansas Gay Feather*). 4 to 6 feet. July to August. Most showy and attractive plants, producing spikes of rosy-purple flowers.

The above Hardy Herbaceous Plants are offered in three sizes, as follows, unless otherwise noted. The very heavy field clumps can only be supplied in the sorts marked with a * to the left.

	Each.	Per 10.	Per 100
Very strong Field Clumps (<i>Express or Freight</i>)	50c.	\$4.00	\$35.00
Strong Field Grown, usual size (<i>Express recommended</i>) ..	25c.	2.00	15.00
Smaller size (mostly field grown)	15c.	1.25	10.00

FOR SPECIAL DISCOUNTS SEE PAGE TWO.

Lilies (Hardy Garden.)

The family of lilies includes some of our most beautiful garden flowers and fortunately some of the most beautiful of them are perfectly hardy. They are many of them of easiest culture and even the less easy ones to succeed with bountifully repay for any extra attention they may exact.

Yellow Garden Lilies, *Hemerocallis*.
See page 16.

*ADAM'S NEEDLE LILY (*Yucca Filamentosa*). One of the most valuable plants in cultivation for general garden and landscape planting. Its dagger-like foliage, which is evergreen, forms an attractive clump of foliage from which appear, in July and August, tall and stately spikes 3 to 6 feet high, bearing large panicles of white lilies, which are most picturesque and decorative.

DAY LILIES (*Funkia*). These charming garden lilies are very useful in the hardy border, as a foreground to shrubbery groups and about the foundations of buildings, etc. Their clusters of heart-shaped leaves and graceful flower heads showing effectively. They thrive well in partial shade, as well as in full sunshine. The following varieties are all very desirable:

*FORTUNES DAY LILY. 2 to 3 feet. July. A rare type. Large, glaucous, heart-shaped leaves, pale lilac.

*LANCE-LEAF DAY LILY. 1 to 2 feet. August to October. Small glossy foliage. Blue.

*LANCE-LEAF (White Margin). Similar to above, excepting the white margin, which makes the leaves very ornamental.

*OVATE-LEAF DAY LILY. 2 to 2½ feet. July to September. Larger foliage than the preceding and flower stems taller. Pale lavender.

*SIEBOLD'S DAY LILY. 1 to 2 feet. July and August. Another beautiful sort with silvery blue tint to foliage. Flowers pale lilac.

*WHITE DAY LILY (*Subcordata*). 1 to 2 feet. July and August. Large light green leaves, flowers purest white.

*VARIEGATED DAY LILY (*Undulata*). 8 to 12 inches. July and August. A very popular variety; leaves variegated white and green.

CORAL LILY (Siberian) (*L. Tenuifolium*). One of the most delicate and charming species. 1 to 2 feet high, with one to fifteen or more nodding rich scarlet flowers.

ELEGANS LILY (*L. Elegans*). These hardy lilies are very showy and of easiest culture, producing, during the early summer, their brilliant flowers very freely. The following are all attractive varieties:

VAR. BICOLOR. Bright red flushed orange, very showy and large.

VAR. PAINTED CHIEF. Bright flame color.

VAR. ROBUSTA. Magnificent large flower: orange spotted black.

VAR. AURORA. Deep rich orange, suffused scarlet.

VAR. LEONARD JOERG. Rich apricot spotted; very fine.

VAR. SANGUINEUM. Very rich dark red with few spots.

VAR. WALLACEI. One of the smaller and later forms: a very reliable one for general use.

GOLDEN-BANDED LILY (*L. Auratum*). This is a most popular lily. No species ever had so much general favor. Flowers white, with a central golden band and numerous deep purple spots. Height, 2 to 6 feet. July and August. *November delivery.*

HANSON'S LILY (*L. Maculatum*). Attains a height of 3 feet. Flowers reddish orange, six to ten in a cluster: petals thick and durable. A rare Japanese lily.

MADONNA LILY (*L. Candidum*). Handsome, large, fragrant, pure white flowers. Easy of culture; does best when left undisturbed after planting. *August and September are the best months to plant.*

SPECIOSUM LILY, WHITE (*L. Speciosum Album*). One of the best garden lilies; purest white. *November delivery.*

SPECIOSUM LILY, RED (*L. Speciosum Rubrum*). One of the most showy of lilies of medium height, and not difficult to grow in any good garden soil. Like preceding other than color, which is rosy red, beautifully marked with deeper red. *November delivery.*

TIGER LILY VAR. SPLENDENS (*L. Tigrinum*). This is improved Tiger Lily and a most beautiful lily for general use.

TIGER LILY (Double). Similar to above other than the flowers, which are quite double. Very desirable.

TURK'S CAP LILY (*L. Superbum*). This native lily is one of the finest and most hardy of all lilies. It often attains a height of 6 feet, and produces a large number of flowers. Its flowers are bright orange in color, with dark spots.

See following page for other lilies.

"The trees came and were set out yesterday. They are all very nice and I am much pleased with them."

"I was very much pleased with the quality of shrubs sent, and will send in spring for other list to be filled."

The above Hardy Herbaceous Plants are offered in three sizes, as follows, unless otherwise noted. The very heavy field clumps can only be supplied in the sorts marked with a * to the left.

	Each.	Per 10.	Per 100.
Very strong Field Clumps (Express or Freight)	50c.	\$4.00	\$35.00
Strong Field Grown, usual size (Express recommended) ..	25c.	2.00	15.00
Smaller size (mostly field grown)	15c.	1.25	10.00

FOR SPECIAL DISCOUNTS SEE PAGE TWO.

Yellow Garden Lilies (Hemerocallis.)

These beautiful and fragrant golden lilies are of easiest culture, succeeding in almost any garden soil. They are remarkably free from the enemies that so unfortunately beset so many of our garden favorites. By a selection from the following list, these beautiful lilies can be had in flower from May to August. The leaf growth starts very early in the spring, adding a pleasing light green to the border where they are used. This growth quickly shoots up into a graceful clump of flowing rich green foliage, which lends its attraction to the garden border. Springing from this growth graceful flower spikes appear, liberally supplied with flowers and buds for several weeks. The color is from soft lemon to richest apricot yellow and deep orange, varying with the variety. Fragrance delightful. No other one class of strictly hardy garden lilies can be depended on to do more towards delightful permanent garden effects. Plant these lilies in the early fall and an abundance of flowers will follow the following blooming season.

VARIETIES OF YELLOW GARDEN LILIES. (See illustration on page 15).

- AURANTIACA VAR. MAJOR (*Hemerocallis*). Orange yellow, new and rare. 50c. each). 2 to 2½ feet. June and July. Large and rich.
- *EARLY LEMON LILY (*H. Minor*). 1 to 2 feet. Early June. Striking lemon yellow, fragrant.
- *EARLY YELLOW LILY (*H. Dumortierii*). 1 to 1½ feet. June. Deep yellow and fragrant, quite dwarf and makes a splendid foreground plant.
- *LEMON LILY (*H. Flava*). 2 to 3 feet. June and July. Clear lemon yellow; fragrant. This old garden lily is a great favorite.
- *MIDDENDORF'S LILY (*H. Middendorffiana*). 1 to 2 feet. June to July. Deep golden yellow.
- *ORANGE MAN LILY (*H. Orange Man*). 1 to 2 feet. July and August. Rich deep orange; very beautiful.
- *ORANGE LILY (*H. Fulva*). 2 to 4 feet. July and August. This grand old lily is now much in demand. It is splendid for naturalizing in large masses. Large quantities at special prices for naturalizing along drives, etc.
- ORANGE LILY VAR. KWANSO. Rich orange red; semi-double; very effective and desirable.
- *ORANGE LILY VAR. VARIEGATA. A form of the orange lily with variegated green and white foliage, which form a very striking effect.
- *THUNBERG'S LEMON LILY (*H. Thunbergii*). Late blooming Lemon Lily. 2 to 3 feet. July and August. Fragrant and very desirable. Rich lemon yellow.
- *LILY OF THE VALLEY (*Convallaria Majalis*). A popular favorite and once planted increases in beauty for many years. Pips (single crowns), each, 5c.; per 10, 45c.; per 100, \$4.00. Clumps of roots, see price below.
- LINUM PERENNUM, see Flax.
- LOBELIA CARDINALIS (Cardinal Flower). 2 to 3 feet. August and September. Rich, fiery red flowers, handsome for the border.
- *LOTUS CORNICULATUS (Baby's Slippers). July to November. Bright yellow; spreading on the ground. Good foreground border plants.
- *LYCHNIS CHALCEDONIA. Scarlet Lightning. 1 to 2 feet. May and June. Very fine border plant.
- LYCHNIS CHALCEDONIA VAR. ALBA. 2 to 3 feet. June to July. White flowered form.
- LYCHNIS CHALCEDONIA VAR. RUBRA PL. A very beautiful new double variety.
- LYCHNIS HAAGEANA. 12 to 15 inches. May to July. Brilliant orange-scarlet flowers.
- *LYCHNIS VISCARIA VAR. ALBA. 12 to 15 inches. May and June. White. A very dainty plant with evergreen foliage.
- *LYCHNIS VISCARIA VAR. SPLENDENS. (Ragged Robin). 12 to 15 inches. May and June. Produces masses of very brilliant rose colored flowers, resembling Scotch Pinks.
- *LYSMACHIA BARYSTACHYS. 1 foot. June to August. Flowers white.
- *MALLOW (*Hibiscus Moscheutos Rosca*) (Swamp Rose Mallow). A tall thrifty plant, desirable for sunny place. Flowers large, rose-colored and very showy.
- *MALLOW VAR. CRIMSON EYE. Pure white, with deep crimson eye. Very choice and new. Perfectly hardy either in common garden soil or very wet place.

MARSH-MALLOW, see Mallow.

MEADOW RUE, see Thalictrum.

MEADOW SWEET, see Spiraea.

MONARDA, see Bee-Balm.

*MONKSHOOD (*Aconitum Autumnale*). 5 to 6 feet. September, October. Deep blue and a stately, showy plant.

*MONKSHOOD (*Aconitum Fisheri*). 4 to 6 feet. August and September. Light blue.

*MONKSHOOD (*Aconitum Napellus*). 3 to 4 feet. June to July. Deep blue.

*MONKSHOOD (*Aconitum Napellus Bi-Color*). 3 to 4 feet. July and August. Blue, mottled with white.

*MONKSHOOD (*Aconitum Napellus Var. Album*). Like preceding, but flowers almost white.

*MONKSHOOD (*Aconitum Wilsonii*). 4 to 6 feet. August and September. Deep blue.

MOSS-PINK, see Phlox.

*MYRTLE BLUE (*Vinca Minor*).

One of the best evergreen plants for covering the ground and is a success in quite shady places, provided the ground is fertile.

*MYRTLE WHITE (*Vinca Minor Var. Alba*).

A pure white variety of preceding; not common in cultivation, but should be, as it is quite as easy to grow, and the white flowers are very beautiful.

NEPETA, see Ground Ivy.

OENOTHERA, see Primrose.

Lily of the Valley.

The above Hardy Herbaceous Plants are offered in three sizes, as follows, unless otherwise noted. The very heavy field clumps can only be supplied in the sorts marked with a * to the left.

	Each.	Per 10.	Per 100
Very strong Field Clumps (Express or Freight)	50c.	\$4.00	\$35.00
Strong Field Grown, usual size (Express recommended) ..	25c.	2.00	15.00
Smaller size (mostly field grown)	15c.	1.25	10.00

FOR SPECIAL DISCOUNTS SEE PAGE TWO.

Paeonies (Herbaceous.)

Paeonia Festiva Maxima, a magnificent white, see description below.

The Pacony is to-day without a rival as a hardy garden favorite, and quite naturally so, as no other hardy garden plant thrives with as little special care and produces as fine a display of gorgeous blooms. The great diversity of color and form which can now be obtained in the new and improved varieties very much increases their value.

Selected List of Varieties.

NOTE. The number to the left of the variety indicates the sizes we have to offer of that variety.

- 2, 3, 4. **Ambroise Verschaffelt.** Dazzling red. Large cup-shaped. Late.
- 1, 2, 3, 4. **Atrosanguinea.** One of the best double reds. Deep, full and broad bloom.
- 1, 2, 3, 4. **Boule de Neige.** White, lightly sulphured. Center bordered with carmine.
- 2, 3, 4. **Canari.** White, with yellow center, \$1.00, 75c., 50c.
- 1, 2, 3, 4. **Caroline Mather.** Very large double, rosy crimson. Silky petals, yellow center.
- 2, 3, 4. **Cleopatra.** Violet rose, rich yellow stamens. Single. \$1.50, \$1.00, 75c.
- 1, 2, 3, 4. **Delachei.** Dark red, fine, very late. One of the best, with very upright stems.
- 1, 2, 3, 4. **Duke of Wellington.** Sulphury white sort, of fine form, recently sent out. Very vigorous grower and free bloomer. \$1.25, \$1.00, 75c., 50c.
- 2, 3, 4. **Duchess de Nemours** (white). A wonderfully beautiful form. \$1.00, 75c., 50c.
- 1, 2, 3, 4. **Elegans.** Outer petals rose; center full with curving and twisting petaloids, shading from light rose to white. Tall, vigorous grower and free bloomer.
- 1, 2, 3, 4. **Festiva Alba.** (syn. Queen Victoria and Alba Superba). Double sulphury white.
- 1, 2, 3, 4. **Festiva Maxima.** By many considered the best white yet introduced, both in color and form. Of the purest white, splashed with a few streaks of crimson. Our stock is the true strain which is so difficult to obtain. \$1.25, \$1.00, 75c., 50c.
- 1, 2, 3, 4. **Fragrantissima.** Early and very free bloomer. Outer rows of petals clear rose, inner petals very numerous. Medium to low grower.
- 1, 2, 3, 4. **Francis Ortegal.** Deep maroon red, broad glossy petals, shows yellow center.
- 1, 2, 3, 4. **Gigantea.** Free grower, very large, deep pink. One of the latest sorts.
- 1, 2, 3, 4. **Gladstone.** Satiny pink petals, inner petals creamy pink. Ideal form and color.
- 2, 3, 4. **Golden Harvest.** Nearest to yellow and splendid form. \$1.50, \$1.00, 75c.
- 1, 2, 3, 4. **Humeii Rosea.** Enormous double flowers of a clear rose, one of the very latest.
- 1, 2, 3, 4. **Juno.** Single dark rose.
- 1, 2, 3, 4. **Lady Brauwell.** Pink.
- 1, 2, 3, 4. **Lee's Grandiflora.** Superb late double sort, deep rosy red. \$1.50, \$1.25, \$1.00, 75c.
- 1, 2, 3, 4. **Madam de Verneville.** On strong stem; very well formed, compact, full imbricated blooms, literally packed with overlapping petals; sulphur white, center delicate rosy white with an accidental touch of carmine. \$1.50, \$1.25, \$1.00, 75c.
- 3, 4. **Mons Rousselon.** Free bloomer, clear pink, fine for cutting.
- 1, 2, 3, 4. **Officinalis Flora Plena.** Double crimson. Piny of the old gardens, always desirable.
- 2, 3, 4. **Officinalis Alba Mutabilis.** Very early, double, light pink, changing to lighter rose.
- 2, 3, 4. **Officinalis Rosea Plena.** Very early, clear rose, double, changing to lighter rose.
- 3, 4. **Officinalis Rosea Superba.** Light rose, beautiful flower, very early. \$1.50, \$1.00.
- 2, 3, 4. **Pink Beauty.** Double, free bloomer, light clear pink, desirable.
- 1, 2, 3, 4. **Reine Hortense.** Late flowering; light rose and full to the center. Habit very erect.
- 1, 2, 3, 4. **Richardson's Rubra Superba.** Large, late, vigorous, called the Red Festiva Maxima.
- 1, 2, 3, 4. **Rubra Triumphans.** (Reeves). Bright carmine, almost a single flower.
- 2, 3, 4. **Tenuifolia Flora Plena.** Double crimson. Deeply cut fern-like foliage.
- 1, 2, 3, 4. **Thorbeckii.** Deep red pink and fine form; lighter in center. Medium dwarf habit.
- 1, 2, 3, 4. **Zoe Calot.** Fine rose, with lighter rose center. A charming sort.
- 1, 2, 3, 4. **No. 4.** Very strong. Very large petals, deep rosy red. Petaloids numerous, narrow and twisted; from rose to white.
- 1, 2, 3, 4. **No. 8.** Outer petals light pink; splendid late sort.
- 1, 2, 3, 4. **No. 9.** Clear pink, shading to white in center. Finely formed.
- 1, 2, 3, 4. **No. 11.** Double and very deep red. Margin petaloids yellow, white to light pink again in center. Very attractive.

We have many other varieties on trial which will be listed as they prove desirable.

Prices for Herbaceous Paeonies, except where otherwise noted.

Numbers to the left of the variety indicate the sizes of that variety we have to offer.

No. 1. Extra size, very heavy,	Each, \$1.00	Per 10, \$9.00	Per 100, \$80.00
No. 2. Strong blooming size	Each, .75	Per 10, 6.50	Per 100, 50.00
No. 3. Well established	Each, .50	Per 10, 4.50	Per 100, 35.00
No. 4. Divided roots	Each, .25	Per 10, 2.00	Per 100, 15.00

Special Collection, our selection only.

1st size, 10 varieties .. \$9.00	2nd size, 20 varieties .. \$12.00	4th size, 10 varieties .. \$2.00
1st size, 20 varieties .. 17.50	3rd size, 10 varieties .. 4.50	4th size, 20 varieties .. 3.75
2nd size, 10 varieties .. 6.50	3rd size, 20 varieties .. 8.00

Miss Lingard,
Hardy White Phlox, one
of the best early white.

PHLOX, *Paniculata*, Tall Garden Varieties.

Hardy Phloxes are now among the most popular of hardy garden flowers and justly so. Perfectly hardy, easy to make thrive, and producing gorgeous color effects. The following list has been selected from our large collection as comprising the cream of the distinct colors. Other varieties can also be supplied.

- ***BOUQUET FLOURI**. Medium dwarf, flowers white with crimson center.
- ***CARAN D'ACHE**. A large flower, rosy carmine color, center violet tinged with rose.
- ***COQUELICOT**. As brilliant as an Oriental poppy; orange-scarlet, one of the best.
- ***ETNA**. Bright red, tinged with salmon.
- ***HERMINE**. Very dwarf, pure white.
- ***INDEPENDENT**. Tall grower, late bloomer, fine large creamy white flowers.
- ***ISABY**. Medium tall grower, very vigorous, panicles of fiery salmon-red florets.
- ***JOAN OF ARC**. Pure white, very free. Unsurpassed for producing solid mass of white. Early to mid-season.
- ***LUSTRE**. Light rosy pink, medium tall grower.
- ***MADAME BEZANSON**. Best crimson, very large.
- ***MARIE LOUISE**. Tall grower, medium late; flowers rose to white.
- ***MISS LINGARD**. White with very light pink eye, long panicles, very early.
- ***NETTIE STEWART**. White, pink eye, very early; similar to Miss Lingard.
- ***PLACIDA**. Very strong grower and late, very large panicles of rosy lilac florets of great substance.
- ***PREMIER MINISTER**. Very strong grower, late bloomer, enormous heads of large florets, pink, almost white, changing to the deepest crimson in the center.
- PHILOX SUBLATA** (*Moss Pink*). 3 to 4 inches. May. Forms low, flat masses of evergreen foliage. When in bloom presents a solid mass of color. Splendid for borders, foregrounds and rockery.
- ***VAR. ALBA**. A white form of the above.
- ***VAR. ATRO-RUBRA**. Clear deep claret.
- ***VAR. SADIE**. Clear white with the slightest shading of rosy lilac, producing a very effective tint; one of the best.
- ***PHYSOSTEGIA VIRGINICA** (*False Dragon Head*). 3 to 4 feet. July and August. Effective spikes of clear pink flowers.
- ***PHYSOSTEGIA VIRGINICA VAR. ALBA**. 3 to 4 feet. July to August. A white form.
- ***PINKS, MAIDEN** (*Dianthus Deltoides*). 6 to 10 inches. May to July. Small fragrant pink flowers. Evergreen bluish green foliage.
- ***PINKS, SCOTCH** (*Dianthus Plumarius*). 9 to 12 inches. May and June. Pink, fragrant.
- ***PINKS, SCOTCH, VAR. HER MAJESTY**. 9 to 12 inches. May and June. Double white; fragrant. As large and finely formed as a carnation pink.
- ***PINKS, SCOTCH, VAR. PERPETUAL SNOW**. 9 to 12 inches. May to October. A revelation in Hardy Pinks. Beautifully fringed, pure white, clove-scented.
- ***PINKS, SCOTCH, VAR. WHITE RESERVE**. 9 to 12 inches. May to July. Beautiful double white and very fragrant.
- ***PINKS, SWEET WILLIAMS** (*Dianthus Barbatus*). 1 to 2 feet. July to September.

Dear to the heart of many a flower lover, the literature of the old-time garden teems with pleasant references to this splendid plant. Perfectly hardy and easily grown, its brilliant flowers lasting for many weeks.

ALL COLORS MIXED. No end of combinations of color.

EMPEROR WILLIAM. The most intense velvety crimson red imaginable.

PEACH BLOW. A most delicate clear pink suggesting a shading of sulphur.

- ***PLATYCODON GRANDIFLORUM** (*Balloon Flower*). 2 to 3 feet. June to October.

Resembles the Campanulas. The large blue bell-like flowers are produced in clusters of from three to six. Plant blooms all summer and is very hardy and desirable.

- ***PLATYCODON GRANDIFLORUM VAR. ALBUM**. 2 to 3 feet. June to October.

A white form of the above. Both are fine for cutting.

- PLATYCODON GRANDIFLORUM VAR. MARIESI**. 1 foot. June to October.

Deep blue bells 3 inches across.

- POLEMONIUM CAERULEUM**, see Jacob's Ladder.

- ***POPPY, ICELAND** (*Papaver Nudicaule*). 1 to 2 feet. June to November.

These interesting little poppies with their smooth bluish green foliage and bright golden to orange flowers produced at intervals all summer are among our most desirable garden plants.

The above Hardy Herbaceous Plants are offered in three sizes, as follows, unless otherwise noted. The very heavy field clumps can only be supplied in the sorts marked with a * to the left.

	Each.	Per 10.	Per 100
Very strong Field Clumps (<i>Express or Freight</i>)	50c.	\$4.00	\$35.00
Strong Field Grown, usual size (<i>Express recommended</i>)..	25c.	2.00	15.00
Smaller size (mostly field grown)	15c.	1.25	10.00

FOR SPECIAL DISCOUNTS SEE PAGE TWO.

- ***PACHYSANDRA TERMINALIS**. 6 to 8 inches. Foliage evergreen and very much resembles our interesting native wood plant, *Princess Pine*. It is perfectly adapted to the shade under trees or the shady side of a building, and will form a solid evergreen covering where grass will not grow. We now have a large stock of it and will gladly quote special prices by the thousand. *Samples showing the evergreen character of the foliage mailed without charge, on request.*

- PAPAAVER**, see Poppy.

- ***PEA, PERENNIAL** (*Lathyrus Latifolius*). 5 to 6 feet. June to October. Rosy pink.

- ***PEA, PERENNIAL VAR. ALBA**. A white variety of preceding.

- ***PEA, PERENNIAL VAR. PINK BEAUTY**. A new and very beautiful variety.

- ***PENSTEMON DIGITALIS** (*Beard-Tongue*). June and July. 2 to 3 feet. Nodding white fox-glove-like flowers on graceful open panicles.

- ***PENSTEMON BARBATUM**. July and August. 2 to 3 feet. Brilliant red tube-like flowers in loose panicles.

- PERIWINKLE**, see Myrtle.

- ***PHLOX AMOENA**. 3 to 5 inches. April and May. Very desirable for carpeting the ground and for rockeries. Bright pink.

- ***PHLOX DIVARIACATA** (*Wild Sweet William*). 6 to 8 inches. April and May. Lilac, showy; very attractive and desirable.

Oriental Poppy. The most dazzling gorgeous garden flower.

POPPY, ORIENTAL (*Papaver Orientale*). 2 to 3 feet. June and July. Great showy flowers of the most dazzling brilliancy. No trouble with their transplanting successfully if done in the autumn.

The following new varieties of this beautiful oriental poppy range in color from almost white to the deepest red-black. 25c. grade only.

DAZZLER. The most brilliant fiery scarlet.

DUKE OF TECK. Crimson scarlet.

GOLIATH. Enormous scarlet flowers.

LADY ROSCOE. New, distinct, terra-cotta.

MAHONY. Darkest earmine-purple.

MARIE STUDHOLM. Pure salmon silvery shading with touch of earmine.

PRINCESS VICTORIA LOUISE. Pure rose.

QUEEN ALEXANDRA. Clear salmon rose.

REMBRANDT. Enormous size, distinct shade of orange salmon.

ROYAL SCARLET. Glowing scarlet.

POTENTILLA (Garden Hybrids). May to September. 6 to 12 inches.

Very desirable border plant. Handsome foliage, brilliant rose-like flowers.

VARIETIES.

GOLD KUGEL. Clear yellow

LAURIUM. Yellow and red.

NIGRA PLENA. Dark, almost black.

VARIABILIS PLENA. Scarlet and yellow. **VERSICOLOR.** Yellow and red. **PYRETHRUM ROSEUM** (Pink Daisy). 2 to 3 feet. June to August. Rose. Desirable plants with a growth similar to our field daisy.

PYRETHRUM ULIGINOSUM, see Chrysanthemum.

RAGGED ROBIN, see Lychnis.

RANUNCULUS, see Buttercup.

***RUDBECKIA LACINIATA** (Coneflower). 6 to 10 feet. July to September. Golden yellow.

***RUDBECKIA LACINIATA VAR. FL. PL.** 6 to 10 feet. July to September.

This is now the extremely popular Golden-Glow. It is one of the most desirable tall-growing hardy plants ever introduced. The blooms, of a rich golden yellow, are produced with great freedom and resemble double cactus dahlias. As a garden plant or as a cut flower, it is almost indispensable during its blooming season.

***RUDBECKIA SPECIOSA VAR. NEWMANII.** 2 to 3 feet. July and August. Pure yellow, dark disk.

***RUDBECKIA SUBTOMENTOSA** (Black-Eyed Susan). 2 to 3 feet. July to October. Yellow, dark cone.

***SAXIFRAGA CRASSIFOLIA** (Rockfoil). 1 to 2 feet. May. Rose lilac.

SEA HOLLY (*Eryngium Amethystinum*). 3 to 4 feet. July to August. Finely cut shiny foliage with thistle-like flowers of amethystine blue.

SEA LAVENDER, see Statice.

SEA PINK, see Armeria.

***SEDUM ACRE** (Stone Crop). Fine for rockeries. 2 to 3 inches. June and July. Yellow.

***SEDUM ALBUM.** 3 to 4 inches. July and August. White, red center.

***SEDUM OPPOSITIFOLIUM.** 3 to 4 inches. July. White flower. Opposite leaved.

***SEDUM TERNATUM.** 3 to 4 inches. July. Rose tinted.

***SEDUM SIEBOLDII.** 3 to 4 inches. August to September. Flowers bright pink.

***SEDUM SPECTABILE** (Showy Sedum). 1 to 2 feet. September and October.

A splendid garden plant, the showy flat panicles of rosy pink being very effective.

SEMPERVIVUM PYRENAICUM (Houseleek) (Hen and Chickens). 6 inches. July and August. Fine for rockeries. Habit and blooming very attractive and interesting.

SHASTA DAISY, see Chrysanthemum.

***SNEEZE WEED** (*Helenium Autumnale*). 6 to 7 feet. August and September.

One of the best tall-growing garden plants. Flowers golden yellow; in large masses.

***SNEEZE WEED VAR. GRANDICEPHALUM CUPREUM.** 3 to 4 feet. July to September.

This new variety of *Helenium* produces coppery red flowers of a rich shade.

SPEEDWELL, see Veronica.

SPIDERWORT, see Tradescantia.

SPIKE-GRASS, see Uniola.

***SPIRAEA ARUNCUS** (*Aruncus Sylvester*). 5 to 6 feet. May and June. Creamy white.

A desirable, strong-growing plant, fine for backgrounds to herbaceous borders.

***SPIRAEA FILIPENDULA** (*Ulmia Filipendula*). 2 to 3 feet. May and June.

Beautiful fern-like foliage which remains fresh and green throughout the Summer. Flowers are produced on spikes and are white and very graceful.

***SPIRAEA PENTAPETALA** (Double) (*U. Pentapetala Var. Fl. Pl.*). 2 to 3 feet. May and June. Old garden plant; pure white flowers on spikes and very attractive.

***SPIRAEA PALMATA** (*U. Purpurea Var. Elegans*). 2 to 3 feet. May and June. Light pink.

***SPIRAEA PALMATA VAR. RUBRA** (*U. Purpurea Var. Rubra*). 2 to 6 feet. May and June. Deep rose red.

***SPIRAEA CHINENSIS** (*Astilbe Chinensis*). 2 to 3 feet. June. Pink to rose. Very desirable. Splendid new garden spiraea.

***SPIRAEA JAP. VAR. GRANDIFLORA** (*A. Jap. Var. Grand.*). 1 to 2 feet. May and June. Creamy white.

The above Hardy Herbaceous Plants are offered in three sizes, as follows, unless otherwise noted. The very heavy field clumps can only be supplied in the sorts marked with a * to the left.

	Each.	Per 10.	Per 100.
Very strong Field Clumps (Express or Freight)	50c.	\$4.00	\$35.00
Strong Field Grown, usual size (Express recommended) ..	25c.	2.00	15.00
Smaller size (mostly field grown)	15c.	1.25	10.00

FOR SPECIAL DISCOUNTS SEE PAGE TWO.

STACHYS BETONICA (Betony). 1 foot. June. Attractive clear pink spikes.

*STACHYS LANATA (Wooly Woundwort). 1 to 1½ feet. July and August.

Valuable for its very pearly, velvety foliage and ruby red flowers on spikes.

*STATICE LATIFOLIA (Sea Lavender). 1 to 2 feet. August and September.

A beautiful plant producing a cluster of broad evergreen leaves from 4 to 8 inches long. The flowers are produced on slender wiry stems which branch into a bushy head of branches bearing small blue flowers in profusion. Thrives at seashore.

STONE CROP, see Sedum.

STOKESIA CYANEA (Stoke's Aster) (Corn Flower Aster). 1 to 2 feet. July to September. Double, light pleasing blue, two to four inches in diameter.

*SUNFLOWER (Graceful) (*Helianthus Orgyalis*). 5 to 7 feet. October and November.

The tall flower spikes of the plant produced so late in the season with their medium sized, sunflower-like blooms, disposed all along the stems, make it especially useful.

*SUNFLOWER (Maximillian) (*H. Maximiliani*). 4 to 6 feet. August to October. Fine golden yellow, valuable late flowering plant.

*SUNFLOWER (Miss Melish) (*H. Rigidus Var.*). 1 to 3 feet. July to September. Sparingly branched; rough; flowers rich yellow. One of the best.

*SUNFLOWER (Pearl) (*H. de Capitalus Multiflorus Fl. Pl.*). 2 to 4 feet. August to October. Resembles a golden double dahlia.

SWEET WILLIAM, see Pinks.

*THALICTRUM AGUILLEGIAFOLIA (Feathered Columbine). 1 to 3 feet. May to July. White.

THALICTRUM MINUS VAR. ADIANTIFOLIUM. 1 to 2 feet. July and August.

Foliage delicately arranged and graceful.

*THALICTRUM POLYGONUM (Rue Anemone). 2 to 3 feet. July and August. White.

A very graceful native plant which thrives well in the garden.

THYME, see Thymus.

*THYMUS CITRIODORA AUREA (Golden Thyme).

Very trailing. Orange scented.

*THYMUS SERPHYLLUM (White Mt. Thyme). May.

Forming dense mats of dark green foliage with white flowers.

*TRADESCANTIA VIRGINICA (Spider Wort). 1 to 2 feet. June to August. Blue; grass-like foliage.

*TRADESCANTIA VIRGINICA ALBA. White form, and very attractive.

*TRADESCANTIA DOUBLE ROSE. This double type is also attractive.

TROLLIUS, see Globe Flower.

UNIOLA LATIFOLIA (Spike Grass). 2 to 4 feet. Very ornamental.

*VALERIANA OFFICINALIS (Garden Heliotrope). 4 to 6 feet. June and July. White, fragrant. An old garden favorite.

*VERONICA SPURIA (Amethystina) (Speedwell). 1 to 2 feet. May and June. Blue; in spikes.

*VERONICA LONGIFOLIA VAR. SUBSESSILIS. 2 to 3 feet. July and September. Spikes of showy flowers of the deepest clear blue make this plant very desirable.

*VERONICA INCANA (Hoary Speedwell). 1 to 2 feet. July to September. Blue, delicate.

*VERONICA SPICATA. 2 to 4 feet. June to August. Deep blue in spikes.

VINCA, see Myrtle.

VIOLA, see Violet.

VIOLET, CRESTED (*Viola Cornuta*). Beautiful pansy-like violets with blue flowers and glossy foliage; blooms all summer.

VIOLET, CRESTED, WHITE (*V. Cornuta Var. Alba*).

Like the preceding; with pure white flowers.

VIOLET, CRESTED HYBRIDA VAR. LUTEA SPLENDENS.

This hybrid produces beautiful yellow flowers, and is a splendid new plant.

VIOLET, ENGLISH (*V. Odorata Var. Fl. Pl.*).

The true double, sweet-scented English hardy violet. Color is of the deepest blue, and produced in such great profusion in the early spring as to quite cover the plant and fill the air with their delightful fragrance.

VIOLET, ENGLISH, WHITE (*V. Odorata Var. Alba*).

Like preceding other than the flowers, which are single white.

VIOLET, ENGLISH, DOUBLE WHITE (*V. O. Var. Alba Fl. Pl.*).

Another beautiful form. Flowers double white, very large, tinted with pale blue.

WINDFLOWER, see Anemone.

*YARROW, FERN-LEAVED (*Achillea Filipendulina*). 3 to 4 feet. June to September.

This is a very decorative plant, clear yellow, producing flat corymbs.

*YARROW, THE PEARL (*A. Ptarmica Var. Fl. Pl.*). 1 to 2 feet. May to October. Double white. A very effective plant, especially when in bloom. Much prized as a cut flower.

*YARROW, RED (*A. Millefolium Var. Rubra*). 1 to 3 feet. June to October. Aromatic, fern-like foliage, which is very ornamental. Wine red.

*YARROW, WOOLY (*A. Tomentosum*). 8 to 10 inches. June and July. Handsome cut foliage and bright yellow flowers.

YUCCA, see Lily.

Garden Herbs and other Hardy Roots.

Catnip. Each, 15 cts.; per 10, \$1.25.

Chives. (Clumps). Each, 15 cts.; per 10, \$1.25.

Fennel. Spring planting recommended.

Hop-Vine. Spring planting recommended.

Horseradish. Each, 5 cts.; per 10, 40 cts.; per 100, \$2.50.

Peppermint. Each, 15 cts.; per 10, \$1.25.

Rhubarb. Pie-Plant). Each, 15 cts.; per 10, \$1.00. Larger roots, each, 25 cts.; 10, \$2.

The above Hardy Herbaceous Plants are offered in three sizes, as follows, unless otherwise noted. The very heavy field clumps can only be supplied in the sorts marked with a * to the left.

	Each.	Per 10.	Per 100.
Very strong Field Clumps (<i>Express or Freight</i>)	50c.	\$4.00	\$35.00
Strong Field Grown, usual size (<i>Express recommended</i>)...	25c.	2.00	15.00
Smaller size (mostly field grown)	15c.	1.25	10.00

FOR SPECIAL DISCOUNTS SEE PAGE TWO.

Sweet William, see Pinks.

Holland Bulbs for Fall Planting.

WHAT a joy to watch for the first Snowdrops and Crocuses! Their appearance sends a pleasant thrill all through the garden lover, for spring-time is never far away when they arrive. The early Tulips, Hyacinths, Daffodils, Scillas, etc., soon follow in all their glory, and the garden where *Dutch Bulbs* are freely used is glorious with their graceful forms, brilliant colors and delicate perfumes all during the early spring.

It is desirable to place your *Dutch Bulb* order as early as possible so the bulbs can be shipped direct to you as soon as they reach us, even though you will not be ready to use them until later.

Hyacinths.

Single Hyacinths.

Baron Van Thuyll. Pure white, early.
Charles Dickens. Porcelain blue.
Czar Peter. Deep porcelain blue.
General Pelissier. Deep scarlet, early.
Gertrude. Fine bright red.
Gigantea. Fine pink, very large.
Grandeur A Merveille. Blush white.
King of the Blues. Dark blue.
King of the Yellows. Best yellow.
L'Innocence. Pure white.

Mary. Rich, dark blue, early.
Queen of the Blues. Light blue.
Robert Steiger. Red, very fine.
Roi des Beiges. Glossy red.

Double Hyacinths.

Bloksberg. Blue.
Bouquet D'Orange. Orange yellow.
Bouquet Royal. Pink.
Bouquet Tendre. Dark red.
Noble Par Merite. Red, early.

Prices.

Both Single and Double Named Hyacinths.

	Each.	10.	100.
Extra selected size	\$0.15	\$1.25	\$10.00
Usual size	.12	1.00	8.00

Single and Double Hyacinths in Separate Colors.
 Red, white, blue, yellow, rose; also all colors mixed.

	Each.	10.	100.
Extra selected size	\$0.12	\$1.00	\$8.00
Usual size	.08	.75	6.00

Tulips.

Single Early Dwarf Tulips.

	Each.	Per 10.	Per 100.
Artus. Dazzling scarlet	\$0.03	\$0.20	\$1.50
Belle Alliance. Scarlet	.04	.30	2.50
Canary Bird. Pure yellow	.03	.25	1.75
Chrysolora. Golden yellow	.02	.15	1.25
Cottage Maid. Rosy pink	.03	.20	1.50
Coleur Ponceau. Violet	.03	.25	1.75
Crimson King. Bright crimson	.03	.25	2.00

Single Tulips.

	Ea.	10.	100.
Keizerkroon. Red and yel- low	\$0.04	\$0.25	\$1.00
La Immaculee. Pure white..	.03	.25	1.50
Pottebakker. Pure yellow..	.03	.20	1.75
Pottebakker. Pure white...	.03	.20	1.75
Pottebakker. Scarlet	.04	.30	2.00
Yellow Prince. Pure yel- low	.02	.15	1.25
All Colors. Choice single mixture, per 1000, \$7.00 ..	...	.10	.85

Double Early Dwarf Tulips.

	Ea.	10.	100.
Gloria Solis. Red and yel- low	\$0.03	\$0.20	\$1.75
La Candeur. Pure white...	.03	.25	1.75
Rex Rubrorum. Scarlet ...	.03	.25	2.00
All Colors. Choice double mixture, per 1000, \$9.30..	...	.15	1.00

Late Flowering Tulips,

	Ea.	10.	100.
Bizarren. Superfine mixed..	\$0.02	\$0.15	\$1.25
Parrot or Dragon. Super- fine mixed	.02	.15	1.25

	Ea.	10.	100.
Bybloemens. Superfine mixed	\$0.03	\$0.25	\$1.50
Darwin. Superfine mixed ..	.02	.15	1.25

Narcissus or Daffodils.

Single and Trumpet Shaped Hardy.

	Each.	Per 10.	Per 100.
Poeticus. White, orange cup	\$0.02	\$0.10	\$0.80
Stella. White, yellow cup	.03	.25	1.75
Horsfieldii. White and yellow	.03	.30	2.50
Trumpet Major. Golden yellow	.03	.20	1.75
Golden Spur. Large yellow	.04	.35	3.00

Double Narcissus.

	Each.	Per 10.	Per 100.
Alba Plena Odorata. Pure white	\$0.02	\$0.15	\$1.00
Incomparable Fl. Pl. Full double rich yellow	.02	.15	1.25
Von Sion or Double Yellow Daffodil	.02	.18	1.50

Narcissus.

Jonquils.

	Each.	Per 10.	Per 100.
Double. Deep yellow, fine	\$0.03	\$0.20	\$1.50

Campernelle.

	Each.	Per 10.	Per 100.
Single. Very large flowers	\$0.02	\$0.15	\$1.00

Crocus.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100	Per 1,000
Baron Von Brunow. Blue	\$0.02	\$0.10	\$0.90	\$6.00
Mont Blanc. Pure white	.02	.10	.90	6.00
Cloth of Gold. Yellow	.02	.10	.90	6.00
All Colors. Mixed	.01	.08	.75	5.00

Lilies (Hardy Garden)

Are listed under Lilies in Hardy Herbaceous Plants, pages 15 and 16.

The Hardy Flower Garden.

We will be glad to send sketches and lists of desirable plants for special locations and purposes whenever requested. It is important for us to know the general character of the soil, location, exposure as to temperature, sunshine or shade, etc., in fact, any special local features that tend to modify conditions.

Pot-Grown Strawberry Plants.

Strawberry
Pot-Grown.

If *pot-grown* strawberry plants are set out in well-prepared ground during the months of September or early October, they will produce a good crop of berries the following season. The many advantages gained by the use of *pot-plants*, even at the advance in price over the ordinary layer-plants, make their use advisable even where large plantations are to be made, and for the garden offer every advantage, as they can follow garden vegetable crops.

Pistillate and Staminate.

Varieties marked "P" are pistillate, and the varieties marked "S" are staminate. Every fourth row *at least* or every fourth plant in a row should be a staminate variety to get the best results.

How Far Apart to Plant.

If for garden cultivation, plant in rows 18 inches apart and one foot apart in the row. If for field cultivation, plant in rows three to four feet apart and from 12 to 15 inches apart in the row. *If selection of variety is left to us, we will send the kinds we believe will give the best results.*

Select List of Well-Tested Varieties.

The following list covers the season of ripening from very early to late.

- Almo.** (S.) Tremendous bearer of large handsome fruits.
Brandywine. (S.) Of immense size, firm, solid and shapely. Rich, juicy and luscious.
Gandy. (S.) The leading late variety. Very robust habit. Fruit large, good quality.
Haverland. (P.) A fine grower, very productive. Long, medium size and good quality.
Lester Lovett. (S.) Extra late. Rich flavor, and with a delightful aroma.
McKinley. (S.) Great yielder of finely formed rich-colored, delicious fruit. Mid-season.
President. (P.) Rich quality. Covering a longer season of ripening than any berry we have tested.
Rio. (P.) Very early. Medium size and splendid quality for so early a berry.
William Belt. (P.) Early season. Rich-colored, firm, and of the best quality.

Prices of Strawberry Plants.

Pot-grown, ready September 1st	Each, \$0.06	Per 10, \$0.50	Per 100, \$3.50
Layer Plants, ready September 20th	Each, .04	Per 10, .30	Per 100, 1.25
Layer Plants, after October 20th	Each, .03	Per 10, .20	Per 100, 1.00

Not less than 5 of a kind at per 10 rates; 25 of a kind at per 100 rates.

Pulverized Sheep Manure.

BOTH first cost, economy and ease of applying are too important factors to disregard in the handling of fertilizers. In Pulverized Sheep Manure we have nature's own way and in a most convenient form for handling. It is just as it comes from the stockyard pens, only it is thoroughly dried and put through pulverizing machines. If you have never used Pulverized Sheep Manure, you will be agreeably astonished with the results.

Apply on the lawns in the autumn and a deep green growth will quickly follow, which will remain throughout the season under favorable conditions. For applying at time of seeding down new lawns, nothing will give better results. For lawns apply on the surface broadcast 100 pounds to the 1,000 square feet; for the garden, two or three times this amount, depending upon the soil. Two or three tons to acre.

Prices of Pulverized Sheep Manure.

In bags, 100 or more pounds and less than 500, per lb., 2c.
 In bags, 500 or more pounds and less than 2,000, per lb., 1½c.

In bags, 2,000 lbs. (ton), \$25.00; five tons, \$115.00, F. O. B., New Haven, Conn.

Car lots, in bag or bulk, 15 to 20 tons, f. o. b. your station, prices promptly quoted.

Five ton lots or less delivered from our own warehouse here at New Haven, Conn. Car lots shipped direct from stockyards.

Edgewood Lawn Grass Seed Mixture.

Is made up of reclaimed seed of highest quality and composed of a number of varieties, which, sown together, make an ideal mixture both for quick and permanent results. This *Edgewood Mixture* is sold by weight only—never in bulk. Note instructions for sowing with each package, for much less quantity is required than with usual grass seed mixtures on the market. Use one pound for 200 square feet, and 150 to 200 lbs. to acre.

Fine lawns can be established by fall seeding. The weather conditions are usually very favorable at this season.

Price.

Per lb., 25 cents; 3 lbs., 65 cents; 5 lbs., \$1.00; 10 lbs., \$1.85; 15 lbs., \$2.75; 25 lbs., \$4.25; 50 lbs., \$8.25; 100 lbs., \$16.00.

"The trees and shrubs set last fall made a fine growth. I shall always recommend your stock."

"We thank you for the excellent nursery stock furnished."

Grandiflora Alba

The New Hydrangea.

Photo of plant of the new Hydrangea Grandiflora Alba, made at the nursery July 3 last.

A Field at the Nursery showing New Hydrangea.

THIS wonderful NEW HARDY HYDRANGEA bids fair to become a most popular *hardy* garden shrub just as soon as better known and enough stock can be propagated to supply the demand. It is *perfectly hardy*, needing no protection, and will thrive in almost any location, even where quite shady, although it delights in a rich mellow soil. It attains a size of three to four feet high and spreads as it develops, although it can be trimmed back quite to the ground each year if desired, and when so treated it sends up a number of vigorous stems, each crowned with an enormous head of bloom. As early as June 20th the flower heads are fully developed, which is a happy happening, as few shrubs are in blossom at this time. For a month or more the blooms remain pure white, then turn very slowly to a light green tint, and as the season advances assuming deeper green shades, finally toning down to the color of the foliage. The whole expression of the plant is refined and elegant, entirely free from the coarseness of some of the other Hydrangeas. (See illustration). Plant it either as a specimen to develop individually, in detached beds or groups, or in groups as the foreground for other and taller shrubs, in fact, no other shrub lends itself to so many attractive uses.

Prices.

Delivery after October First.

Dormant field grown plants, strong 4 year old grade ..	\$1.00 each.	\$9.00 per 10.	\$75.00 per 100.
Dormant field grown plants, strong 3 year old grade ..	.75 each.	6.00 per 10.	50.00 per 100.
Dormant field grown plants, strong 2 year old grade ..	.50 each.	4.50 per 10.	30.00 per 100.
Dormant field grown plants, strong 1 year old grade ..	.35 each.	3.00 per 10.	20.00 per 100.

NOTE.—All the above quoted plants will bloom the first season after planting.

What Others Say.

"The new Hydrangea Alba Grandiflora, after another season, has strengthened my opinion as to its merits. The plants which I purchased from you stand in an exposed situation and have stood the drought of the past two seasons remarkably, as well as the severe winters. This season they have made a fine growth and are furnishing an abundance of bloom. I consider this new Hydrangea a great addition to the summer flowering hardy shrubs."

"The Hydrangea Alba Grandiflora has bloomed profusely this season and given great satisfaction."

"We are very well pleased with the new Hydrangea Alba Grandiflora. It is an attractive plant and makes a pleasing contrast to the other varieties."

"The Alba Grandiflora Hydrangea has done very well this year and is a beautiful plant."

"The Hydrangeas Alba Grandiflora have grown very well, and are quite satisfactory."

"The Hydrangea Alba Grandiflora has made a strong, rapid growth this season; blossomed full and so large bunches that we were obliged to tie them up in order to keep them from the ground. It could not have done better."

"The New Hydrangea Alba Grandiflora are wonderful in their growth for two years. They have been one mass of flowers for the past month, and show no signs of fading or changing color. They are fine for grouping and make a wonderful show."

"I am very glad to say the Hydrangea has been most satisfactory. It has grown nicely in an exposed situation, has been in flower six weeks now. Hope to order more when I get a better idea of improving the place."

"The Hydrangeas are now in full bloom and have proved good for all you claim for them. They stand our severe winters and are very satisfactory."

The Elm City Nursery Company

EDGEWOOD, Edgewood Avenue, NEW HAVEN, CONN.

Contents of this catalogue copyrighted, 1909, by The Elm City Nursery Co., New Haven, Conn.

The Elm City Nursery Company

Landscape Department

What to do with the garden problem naturally perplexes one who really wants best results. Our wide experience enables us to approach the subject directly and economically.

Our services are at your command. We can do the planning, supply material and execute the work all under one contract. This means economy of cost and guarantee of best results. Ample references.

*The Elm City Nursery Company
New Haven, Conn.*