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JUL 19 1913
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Elberta
Peaches

Kelly Bros. Nurseries
DANSVILLE, N.Y.

FALL

1913

FALL

Important to Tree Buyers—Be Sure to Read this Page

To Our Patrons and Friends

In presenting this, our Wholesale Catalogue for Fall of 1913, we wish to thank our thousands of customers for their patronage, also for the many unsolicited testimonial letters we have received praising our trees, our manner of packing and our square dealings. We wish to assure you that we will exercise the same care in handling orders in the future, as in the past, thus meriting a continuance of your patronage.

To you who have never dealt with us we refer you to those whom we give as references, or to any customer whose letter of recommendation appears in this catalogue. All we ask is your first order. Then it will be up to us to retain your patronage.

The past season has been an excellent growing season and our large stock of fruits and ornamentals is as fine as can be grown.

To those of you intending to place large orders we cordially invite you to come to Dansville and personally inspect our stock. We assure you it would be a great pleasure for us to show you through our nurseries, thus affording you an opportunity to see the trees you buy. However, if it is not convenient for you to visit us, send in your order and you may rest assured that it will be filled to your entire satisfaction.

Our Beginning

We started in the nursery business twenty-seven years ago. From the beginning our watchword has always been "*The Best Trees that can be grown at the lowest possible price.*" Knowing that poor stock is dear at any price, and wishing to build up a reputation that would make our name a by-word for reliability and square dealing throughout the country, we have attempted to produce only the best stock. That we have succeeded in our endeavor is evidenced by thousands of satisfied customers throughout the country.

Our Equipment

We have gradually increased our equipment until today we believe no other nursery in the country has better facilities for handling orders whether they are large or small. All of our employees are experienced and competent, many of them having been with us for years, thus grasping our ideas of how things should be done. This makes every detail of our large business work out smoothly and accurately.

Our Personal Supervision

Each department from the planting, propagating and maturing of the trees, to the selling through our catalogue, is in direct charge of a member of our firm, thus doubly insuring that the best attention will be given in every branch of our business—better attention than could be given by even the most faithful and painstaking employees.

Our Stock

Our stock is grown in Dansville where the San Jose Scale has *never* made its appearance. Our stock is regularly inspected by a New York State Inspector and a certificate of inspection issued to us. A copy of this certificate accompanies every order we ship. We grow all stock we offer for sale, guarantee it to be strictly true to name, and free from all disease. Whereas, the jobbers and agents who buy their trees here and there, do not know just what they are getting. It is self-evident that trees handled three or four times are often exposed to unfavorable elements and are thus injured. After the trees have passed through so many hands who knows what varieties they are?

Dansville Nurseries Free from San Jose Scale

New York State Inspector Barden unreservedly declares that Dansville is the only nursery center of any important size that is entirely free from San Jose Scale; this fact is not generally known. Mr. Barden believes that Dansville Trees are worth five cents each more than the market price, as the reputation of Dansville Nurseries for freedom from San Jose Scale, and general vigor of its trees and plants is worth many thousands of dollars to the planter who buys Dansville grown trees.—*Dansville Advertiser*.

STATE OF NEW YORK

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Certificate of Inspection of Nursery Stock

This is to certify that the stock in the nursery of Kelly Bros., of Dansville, County of Livingston, State of New York, was duly examined in compliance with the provisions of Section 305 of the Agricultural Law and was found to be apparently free from any contagious or infectious disease or diseases or the San Jose scale, or other dangerously injurious insect pest or pests. This certificate expires September 1, 1914.

Dated Albany, N. Y., Sept. 4, 1913.

CALVIN J. HUSON, Commissioner of Agriculture.

Order Early

As our orders are shipped in the rotation they are received and as we cannot delay orders received first for orders coming later on, we advise the placing of orders early.

Special Discount

On all orders received on or before October Fifteenth we will allow a special discount of five per cent. After that date positively no discounts.

Our Shipping Season

Our shipping season begins October First, but we would not advise the shipment of stock before the tenth of October as this gives the stock a chance to mature well and to harden up.

How to Order

Make out your order carefully on the order sheet enclosed in this catalogue. Write the varieties plainly and set down the prices accurately. Specify clearly the grade and sizes of the trees desired. Indicate plainly how you want the stock shipped, whether by freight, express or mail. If by freight or express, give the name of your railroad station, also your own postoffice address. When specific instructions are not given we will use our best judgment.

How to Remit

Remittances should be made by Postoffice Money Order, Drafts on New York banks, or Express Money Orders. We disclaim all responsibility when remittances are not made as above directed. Postage stamps will be found a convenient method of remitting for amounts less than one dollar, and can be used by us to advantage. Coin should not be sent by mail.

Rates

We allow ten rates on lots of five or more of a kind, such as five apples, or five plums and hundred rates on fifty or more. It does not matter of what varieties the lots are composed.

Terms

Cash must be sent with the orders. Large orders accompanied by one-fourth cash will be accepted, however, if satisfactory references are given. Shipment will be made C. O. D.

Freight and Express Rates

Do not be influenced by the story of the agent who says that the freight or express on your order will bring our price up as high as his. If you will consult your railroad agent you will find that the freight rates from Dansville to points east of the Mississippi range from 20 to 40 cents per 100 pounds. First class trees will average about one pound each. Therefore, at the highest rate, 40 cents for 100 pounds, it means that you pay less than one-half cent per tree for freight. Nursery stock is carried by all express companies at a discount of twenty per cent from regular rates.

Boxing and Packing Free

We box and pack all shipments without charge. All orders are put up in boxes or bales which are lined with heavy paper to guard against stock drying out. Strawberries are always shipped by mail or express and separate from the balance of the order. The trees and plants are packed in moist excelsior and straw and we guarantee the arrival of our stock in good condition.

How We Correct Errors

We exercise the utmost care in filling orders, striving to do a little more than we offer; yet in the press of business, errors sometimes occur, in which event we wish to be promptly notified of the fact, and will make such corrections as will be satisfactory. Please keep copy of all orders for comparison. We guarantee you entire satisfaction and believe our satisfied customers are our best advertisement.

Our Service to Our Customers

If there is anything in our catalogue that is not clear to any of our readers, or if there is any information wanted in connection with the selection of varieties suitable for your locality, or the planting or care of trees by any of our customers, do not hesitate to write us and it will be a pleasure for us to advise you fully and frankly.

Our References

As to our responsibility and reliability would ask our prospective customers to inquire of Dun's and Bradstreet's Commercial Agencies; Merchants & Farmers' National Bank, Dansville, N. Y.; The Citizens Bank of Dansville, N. Y., or any person whose letter appears in this catalogue. See what our home people think of us.

We, the undersigned, wish to say that we have known the Kelly Brothers for several years and have watched the steady increase in their business, until today they are one of the largest growers of fruit trees in Dansville.

We believe their success is due to their thorough knowledge of the business and their square dealing with their customers, and it is with pleasure we recommend them to the planter and fruit grower.

Wm. Kramer, Pres. of Merchants & Farmers' Bank
J. M. Edwards, Cashier of Merchants & Farmers' Bank
F. A. Owen, Pres. F. A. Owen Publishing Co.

All of Dansville, N. Y.

We Employ No Agents This Catalogue is Our Only Salesman

WE do not have to pay this salesman a salary, expenses and a large commission on what he sells. Therefore, we are able to SAVE our customers from 40 to 50 per cent on the cost of stock. While it is not our purpose to try and explain the practices of other nurserymen we do ask you not to believe the agent who tells you that our trees cannot be first class when we offer them at such low figures. But rather should you be guided by the following, taken from the Government Department of Agriculture Bulletin No. 113:

"If the farmer makes his purchase direct from the nurseryman, he will save the expense of the middleman, or agent, and is less liable to the mistakes and injuries that may occur through repeated handling."

**DEALING DIRECT WITH THE GROWER IS THE SURE WAY TO GET
THE BEST STOCK AND SAVE MONEY.**

Fall Planting

It is a fact conceded by the largest and most successful orchardists, and has been proven by the Experimental Stations throughout the country, that trees, especially apples, pears and plums planted in the fall give the best results to the planters. Fall planted trees become firmly established in their new location before winter and as soon as the spring opens up, start growing; while with trees planted in the spring it is oftentimes a month or more before they begin to put out any root growth, although the part of the tree above ground seems to be growing nicely. Experiments at the different State Experimental Stations have proved that immediately after planting in the fall the trees begin to put out small fibrous roots which take hold firmly in the ground, thus absolutely insuring an early start in the spring. Moreover, trees planted in the fall, with their early start and vigorous growth, are better able to withstand the midsummer droughts which we sometimes have. Again, the planter is not always sure just when spring will open up in his locality, consequently, it is not always possible for him to order his trees delivered so that they will reach him at just the proper time convenient for him to plant. As it is frequently necessary, on account of the condition of the ground, to delay spring planting until May, it will readily be seen that the trees planted in the fall have a much longer growing period and will get much more satisfactory growth.

Hints for Proper Planting

To properly plant a tree or shrub is a very easy matter if one will carefully follow these rules:
First—Dig the holes large enough to admit the roots spread out in their natural position, and deep enough to allow the plant to stand at the same depth it stood in the nursery.

Second—Use no fertilizer, but sprinkle fine soil among the roots, shaking the tree a little if necessary, or using the hand, if the fibrous root are very numerous, so that every root may come in contact with the soil.

Third—When the roots are well covered, the earth should be tramped, or tamped, as firm as a post. Put in more earth and tamp again. The last two or three inches of earth should not be tamped, leaving it loose for the rain to be taken in. Do not round up the earth about the tree, lest the water run off. If the weather is dry early in fall or late in the spring, water may be poured in about the tree; otherwise it is seldom necessary.

Fourth—Give the tree a good mulching to hold the moisture.

A Table Showing the Number of Trees or Plants to the Acre

Distance	No. of trees	Distance	No. of trees	Distance	No. of trees
1 foot apart each way	43,650	8 " " " "	680	15 " " " "	193
2 feet " " "	10,890	9 " " " "	537	16 " " " "	170
3 " " " "	4,840	10 " " " "	434	17 " " " "	150
4 " " " "	2,702	11 " " " "	360	18 " " " "	134
5 " " " "	1,742	12 " " " "	302	19 " " " "	120
6 " " " "	1,210	13 " " " "	257	20 " " " "	108
7 " " " "	888	14 " " " "	222	25 " " " "	69
				30 " " " "	48

Distances for Planting

Standard Apples.....	40 ft. apart each way
Standard Pears and Strong Growing Cherries.....	20 " " " "
Duke and Morello Cherries.....	18 " " " "
Standard Plums, Peaches, Apricots & Nectarines.....	16 to 18 " " " "
Dwarf Pears, Dwarf Apples and Quinces	10 to 12 " " " "
Grapes.....	rows of 10 to 16 feet apart; 7 to 16 ft. in rows
Currants and Gooseberries.....	4 feet apart
Raspberries and Blackberries.....	3 to 4 ft. by 5 to 7 feet
Strawberries, for field culture.....	1 by 3 to 3½ feet
Strawberries, for garden culture.....	1 to 2 feet apart

NOTE OUR SPECIAL DISCOUNT ON ORDERS RECEIVED BY OCT. 15

Apples

It is an established fact that of all fruits the apple is the most important. It has been rightly called the "King of Fruits." Unlike other fruits its period of ripening extends nearly throughout the year, and by judicious selection of varieties, an almost constant succession may be obtained. It is not a luxury, but a staple article of food, and the demand for good apples is increasing faster than the supply. Experienced and successful farmers and orchardists agree that there is more money in growing apples than in any other fruit, and that the orchard is the farm's greatest asset. If there is any kind of trees that we specialize in growing, it is the apple. We use the very best quality of imported French Apple Seedlings to propagate our apples on. We believe this to be of utmost importance in order that the trees may have a good foundation, be free from all disease and insure a healthy and permanent growth. We have discarded all varieties not profitable to the planter, and recommend the following varieties, giving a brief description of each.

FALL IS THE BEST TIME TO PLANT APPLE TREES.

Prices on all Varieties of Apples

				EACH	TEN	HUNDRED
Largest Size	2 year	5 to 7 feet	XXX	.30	\$2.50	\$18.90
Medium Size	2 year	4½ to 6 feet	XX	.25	2.00	15.00
Smaller Size	2 year	4 to 5 feet	X	.20	1.50	9.50

Summer Varieties

Red Astrachan—Tree hardy and good bearer. Fruit very handsome, large, round, nearly covered with deep crimson, overspread with thick bloom; juicy and good, though rather acid; one of the best of the summer varieties for cooking. The fruit usually sells for a good price in local market. Ripens in August.

Early Harvest—(Yellow Harvest.) Medium to large; pale yellow; beautiful; fine flavor. Tree moderate, erect grower, good bearer; excellent variety for both orchard and garden. Ripens in August.

Yellow Transparent—Tree upright, and a very early and abundant bearer. Fruit of good size; skin clear white, turning to a pale yellow; flavor acid and very

good. Ripens from ten days to two weeks earlier than Early Harvest. One of the most popular market varieties. Ripens in August.

Autumn Varieties

Alexander—An excellent apple for culinary use. Fruit large, firm, crisp, tender, juicy, mild sub-acid. Skin smooth, glossy, pale yellow to "orange yellow" entirely overspread with lively red stripes. Tree large, vigorous and hardy. Season September to November.

Duchess of Oldenburg—Vigorous growth; Russian; large; striped; tender, juicy, sub-acid; good; regular and abundant bearer. One of the hardiest kinds known. Ripens in September.

Fall Pippin—Very large; yellow, tender, juicy and rich. Tree a vigorous, free grower and fine bearer. An excellent baking apple. Ripens in October.

Gravenstein—This is a large, handsome apple streaked and splashed with red over a strong yellow. The flesh is yellowish, firm, fine, crisp, tender, juicy and sub-acid. In quality it ranks very good to best. The tree is a strong grower and a regular prolific bearer. Growers are making fine profits from this variety. The season of Gravenstein is the latter part of September until the early part of Nov.

Fameuse—(Snow Apple.) Hardy, medium size; deep crimson; flesh is snowy white, tender, melting and delicious. Tree vigorous with dark wood; one of the finest dessert fruits, and valuable for market; succeeds particularly well in the North. Ripens in Nov.

Maiden's Blush—Of uniformly large size, smooth, round, beautifully flushed

Rhode Island Greening

NOTE OUR SPECIAL DISCOUNT ON ORDERS RECEIVED BY OCT. 15

with red on creamy yellow ground; flesh tender, of pleasant but not high flavor. A good market sort because of its attractiveness and the tree's heavy crops. Ripens in September.

Wealthy—Fruit medium size, light color, striped and nearly covered with deep red; flesh white, pleasant, sub-acid. Tree thrifty, hardy and a great and early annual bearer. Orchardists who wish to plant fillers between the permanent trees consider Wealthy one of the best varieties. Keeps until February.

Winter Varieties

Baldwin—What the Bartlett pear is to pears the Baldwin is to apples for the Eastern and Middle States. No variety yields larger crops or bears shipment better, or is more attractive in color, size, and shape than the Baldwin. It is esteemed as an eating apple, and for cooking. For a commercial orchard it can be relied upon. Large, bright red, crisp, juicy and rich; tree vigorous, upright and productive. In New England, New York, Ontario and Michigan, this is one of the most popular and profitable sorts for table or market. Keeps until April.

Ben Davis—A popular apple in Southern New York, Pennsylvania and Ohio. Fruit is medium to large, of a bright, deep red color, or red striped over clear yellow. Has a thin, tough skin. The flesh is whitish, firm, juicy and sub-acid. It is one of the best keeping apples on the market today, lasting in cold storage until June or July. Its habit of blossoming late in the spring is an advantage in some regions, as the weather is then more apt to be favorable during the pollenating period, and the result is that Ben Davis in such cases often bears good crops when with other varieties there is more or less of a crop failure.

Northern Spy—This variety ranks about third in commercial importance with the fruit growers of Pennsylvania, New York and Ohio, being surpassed by Baldwin and R. I. Greening. Fruit is large and very attractive, being of bright red color with a delicious bloom; flesh is very juicy, crisp, tender and excellent for dessert or culinary uses. Its fine reputation brings high prices in the market and the fruit is always in demand. The fruit is ready for use in November or December; keeps well in cold storage until April, or if more carefully handled, until May.

Stark—Fruit fair, smooth, uniform and attractive. Large, striped, mild, sub-acid. Valuable as a keeper. A good variety for the commercial orchard because the tree is thrifty,

Baldwin Apple

hardy, healthy, a reliable cropper and very productive. Jan. to May.

Grimes' Golden—Vigorous grower; large; golden yellow; juicy, sprightly sub-acid; very good. Keeps until April.

Gano—Similar but superior to Ben Davis. It has all the good qualities in a higher degree, more brilliant coloring, runs more even in size, and keeps fully as late. The tree is vigorous and hardy; is a rapid grower; bears while young. Color bright red without stripes or blotches, and large and even in size. Keeps until March.

Hubbardston (Nonesuch)—Free growth; large striped red and yellow; tender, juicy, rich, slightly sub-acid; very good. Keeps until January.

Jonathan—A beautiful red apple, highly flavored and of excellent quality, being tender, juicy, spicy, and rich—a splendid family sort and highly profitable for market. Tree long-lived, productive, and an early bearer. Nov. to Apr.

King—(King of Tompkins Co.) One of the largest red winter apples. It is of extraordinary size, beautiful in color, attractive, and always brings the highest market price. Its size, beauty and good flavor make it in great demand. Nov. to March.

Sandy Creek, N. Y., May 30, 1913.

Kelly Bros., Dansville, N. Y.

Gentlemen:—Trees arrived in first class condition and to say I am delighted is putting it mildly, to say the least. You make the third firm I have bought of this spring, and yours is the only one that was O. K.

H. C. Shares.

"You'll Never Regret Planting Kelly Trees"

Direct from Grower to Planter

Rome Beauty Apple

Mammoth Black Twig—Excels Winesap in nearly every important point; a better grower, hardier and the fruit much larger; color even a darker red; flesh firmer; flavor milder, but fully equal. Keeps until late Spring.

McIntosh Red—Medium size, nearly covered with dark red. Flesh white, fine, very tender, juicy and refreshing with attractive quince-like flavor. A good annual bearer. A very hardy variety, fruit of which is very attractive in appearance, of deep red color, good size, the flesh very tender and delicious. It is especially desirable for fancy trade. It comes into bearing young, yielding large crops of good fruit almost annually.

Northwestern Greening—Tree a splendid, vigorous grower, quite hardy. Fruit large to very large; green, becoming yellowish green when ripe; flesh yellow, fine grained and firm; flavor a good sub-acid; very smooth and attractive; should be given plenty of room in the orchard to secure large, even fruit. Keeps until March.

Rhode Island Greening—This large and superior winter apple is famous over a large extent of country, and is more highly prized for cooking and eating than any other variety. It is a good keeper but will keep better if picked early. This Greening is a beautiful yellow color when ripe, and is a most abundant yielder. March to April.

Stayman's Winesap—Very late keeper, but mellow for use in the fall. Medium to large, attractive in shape and form; green and yellow almost hidden by dark red stripes; yellow flesh, not in the least mealy, plenty of juice, quality

the finest, ranking with Yellow Newtown and Grimes' Golden for cooking, or for eating raw. Tree a quick and large grower and seems to prefer dry soils and those not so rich and heavy. Pre-eminently the apple to plant on dry hills, where the soil is thin and water often decidedly lacking. Bears young, often producing a half bushel to a tree when five years old. Bears every year, crops uniformly heavy.

Rome Beauty—Keeps in good condition till May and June. Large, round, mottled and striped in different shades of red; flavor and quality away above the average; appearance and size are its valuable points; always sells and always brings good prices. With an established reputation due to real merit, Rome Beauty is a variety Eastern orchardists should plant largely. Good grower, blooms late, bears heavily every

year, is adapted to a wide range of soils, elevations and conditions. In Ohio, Pennsylvania, New York and West Virginia will make more money than some of the sorts which are now a large part of the total number of trees in commercial orchards. Reliability, due to being frost-proof, strong-growing and sure bearing make it a favorite with the grower. Fine quality for use and for handling make it popular with consumers and dealers. When packed in boxes shows up splendidly.

Pewaukee—Tree spreading, round topped and vigorous. Fruit large, yellowish green, striped and shaded with dull red, overlaid with a bluish bloom. Flesh yellowish, rather coarse grained, firm, juicy; flavor sub-acid. Originated by crossing Duchess of Oldenburg with Northern Spy pollen. Keeps until March.

Spitzenburg—(Esopus.) Medium to large; deep red, high flavored; valuable for commercial purposes. November to April.

Tolman Sweet—Medium, pale yellow, slightly tinged with red; firm, rich and very sweet; the most valuable baking apple; vigorous, hardy and productive. Keeps until April.

York Imperial—This is a fine, hardy, large red, winter apple. It succeeds over a wide range of country. It comes into bearing at four years from planting, bears regularly and heavily. The foliage and fruit are remarkably free from scab. The fruit is of medium size, skin yellow and almost wholly covered with two shades of red, the darker one disposed in distinct stripes. A good shipper, bringing highest prices.

Sutton Beauty—Medium to large; roundish;

NOTE SPECIAL PRICES ON SMALLER SIZED TREES ON PAGE 23

handsome, waxen yellow, striped crimson; flesh tender, juicy, sub-acid; good quality; keeps well. The tree is a free grower and very productive. Keeps until February.

Wolf River—Fruit is very large, some specimens weighing 27 ounces, flattened, conical, highly colored. An excellent cooking apple. Sept. to Dec.

Winter Banana—An excellent variety, which has stood the severest tests. Tree is hardy and will succeed in very cold climates; its wonder-

ful productiveness will bring quicker and larger returns than any other apple in the orchard. The fruit has a richness of flavor that cannot be described. Flesh golden yellow, fine grained firm and juicy. Keeps until January.

Wagener—(Red Winter Apple.) Wagener is one of the most beautiful winter apples ever grown. It is of the highest quality, the flesh being crisp, tender and aromatic. We know of no apple possessing greater beauty or of finer quality than the Wagener. It succeeds well East and West. Dec. to May.

Crab Apples

Besides producing much sought after fruit the Crab Apple tree is excellent for ornamental purposes. It will grow in any kind of soil and will bear every year. The Crab Apple is a prime favorite with the housewife for jellies and preserves. Many people prefer it to any other fruit for that purpose. We have the following varieties:

Transcendent—Remarkably vigorous, growing to a good size, and immensely productive. Bears a little the second year from planting and every year after, and produces good crops by the fourth year. The best of its class for cooking and eating; juicy and crisp. Skin yellow, striped with red. One of the best Crab Apples to plant. Ripens in September.

Whitney—Large, averaging 1½ to 2 inches in diameter; skin smooth, glossy green, striped, splashed with carmine; flesh firm, juicy and rich. Vigorous, handsome.

Hyslop—Almost as large as Early Strawberry Apple; deep crimson; very popular on account of its large size, beauty and hardiness. Keeps well into the Winter.

Our One Year Old Apples

Prices on all Varieties of Apples 1 Yr. Old

3 feet & up

EACH	TEN	HUNDRED
.25	\$2.00	\$14.75

Northwestern Greening Apple

Our one year apples are budded on imported French stocks, are strong, healthy and well rooted. Many commercial planters prefer these to two year old trees, as they have less loss in transplanting and can shape the head of the tree according to their own idea or preference. This gives them a decided advantage, as some prefer high and some low headed orchard trees.

Many of our customers write us that it is more satisfactory to them for the above stated reasons, however an orchard planted with one year old trees requires more care the first season after planting than where two or three year old trees are used, for it is necessary to keep the bodies clean from branches and the head properly formed. We believe the most important advantage in planting one year trees is that you get a more perfect stand which is a decided saving for the planter. We offer the same varieties as in the two year old, listed in the preceding pages.

"You'll Never Regret Planting Kelly Trees"

Direct from Grower to Planter

Pears

The value of this fruit is just beginning to be appreciated and its cultivation is extending. Compared with apples, there are few really fine pears on the market. If growers would specialize in this fruit they would be well repaid for their efforts, as high prices are always obtainable for choice pears. Our pears are all budded on imported French stock which gives them the finest root system. We recommend the following varieties:

Prices of all Varieties of Standard Pear Trees

				EACH	TEN	HUNDRED
Largest Size	2 Year	5 to 7 feet	XXX	.35	\$3.00	\$25.00
Medium Size	2 Year	4½ to 6 feet	XX	.30	2.50	20.00
Smaller Size	2 Year	4 to 5 feet	X	.25	2.00	15.00
Largest Size	1 Year	3 feet & up	XXX	.30	2.50	20.00

Summer Varieties

Bartlett—Rich golden-yellow when ripe, often with a soft blush; large, thin-skinned; buttery and melting, with a rich musky flavor. Tree a strong grower, bears young and abundantly, but requires careful cultivation to bring it up to its highest excellence. Probably more highly esteemed for canning and shipping than any other. Succeeds best as standard, but does well as dwarf. An old favorite. When planting orchards of standard Bartlett, it is recommended that dwarf Bartlett or dwarf Anjou be used for fillers, since it greatly increases the profit. In planting dwarf pears, they should be set into the ground deeper than the standard trees, the union should be 4 to 5 inches below the surface.

Clapp's Favorite—Large, fine; pale lemon-yellow, with brown dots; fine texture, melting, buttery, juicy, with a rich, sweet, delicate, vinous flavor. Tree hardy and very productive. Thrives where other varieties fail.

Wilder—Medium to small, greenish yellow with a brownish red cheek; melting, sweet and very pleasant; vigorous grower; good bearer.

Autumn Varieties

Anjou—This is one of the best known, most popular and profitable late pear. The tree is a vigorous grower, hardy and prolific. The pears are of large size, green in color, but often yellowing when thoroughly ripe. They are very juicy and luscious and of the best quality. For late fall and very early winter use, we have no better variety. Oct. to Jan.

Duchess D' Angouleme—A most dependable cropper, often fruiting the first season after planting. Fruit large, frequently weighing a pound. A dull greenish yellow, spotted russet, flesh white, rich and good quality. An all around profitable market pear. Oct. and Nov.

Sheldon—A large, round, russet and red pear of very rich fine quality, melting, and delicious. Tree vigorous, bears well. Oct.

Clapp's Favorite Pear

NOTE SPECIAL PRICES ON SMALLER SIZED TREES ON PAGE 23

Winter Varieties

Seckel—A beautiful and delicious little Pear that is the standard of excellence in its class. One of the richest and highest flavored Pears known, always in demand for desserts and luncheons and better known than any Pear of its class. The tree makes a somewhat slow but stout and erect growth. Sept. and Oct.

Worden-Seckel—This beautiful and delicious pear attracted wide attention when introduced recently. In quality it is rated very high. In size it is much larger than Seckel. It is shaped like Bartlett but is not as large. A tree of this beautiful pear is an object of beauty on the home ground when laden with beautiful specimens. Oct.

Vermont Beauty—Of medium size, roundish, yellow, heavily shaded with carmine; flesh exceedingly fine, sweet and juicy. The tree makes a strong, healthy growth and bears good crops. October.

Flemish Beauty—This fine old pear is still one of the hardiest and most generally successful over a wide range of country producing good crops annually of large, handsome fruit that is exceptionally good in quality. September and October.

Garber—One of the Japan Hybrids; larger than Kieffer; hardy, productive, early bearer; excellent for canning. September and October.

Louise Bonne de Jersey—Large size, pale green in the shade but overspread with brownish red in the sun; very juicy and melting with a rich and excellent flavor. Good commercial sort. September to October.

Kieffer—Large to very large, skin yellow, with a light vermilion cheek; flesh brittle, very juicy, with a marked musky aroma; good quality. It is unfortunate that the merits of this fruit have been underestimated from the haste in which it is hurried to market in an immature condition, and often before it has attained the proper size. When allowed to hang upon the trees until the beginning of October, and then carefully ripened in a cool, dark room, there are few Pears which are more attractive. Combines extreme juiciness with a sprightly sub-acid flavor and the peculiar aroma of Bartlett. Some praise it very highly, while others do not think so much of it, but large fruit growers are planting whole orchards of it. Fruit should be thinned. 90 per cent Kieffer and 10 per cent Le Conte should always be the arrangement, on account of pollenizing.

Lawrence—Trees hardy, healthy and very productive. Fruit

large; skin yellow, covered with brown spots. Flesh whitish, rich, buttery, and aromatic. One of the quality pears that has great merit for commercial orchards.

Worcester, Mass., April 23, 1913

Kelly Bros., Dansville, N. Y.

Gentlemen:—I received your shipment of the 9th inst in good order. If we are able to make the trees keep pace with the quality when received we shall take pleasure in having Kelly shade about our summer home, and hope to gather fruit equal to the apparent quality of the trees. Thanking you for your promptness in filling the order, I am,

Very truly yours, •

Willard A. Winn.

Kieffer Pear

"You'll Never Regret Planting Kelly Trees"

Direct from Grower to Planter

Dwarf Pears

Seckel Pears

Pears are dwarfed by budding on Quince Stocks, and trees should be planted deep enough to cover the union of Pear and Quince. Dwarfs come into bearing earlier than Standards, sometimes bearing a good crop the second year. All varieties of Pears do not give good results as dwarfs. We can recommend the following varieties to be good bearers.

				EACH	TEN	HUNDRED
Largest Size	2 Year	3½ to 5 feet	XXX	30	\$2.50	\$20.00
Medium Size	2 Year	3 to 4 feet	XX	.25	2.00	15.00
Smaller Size	2 Year	2 to 3 feet	X	.20	1.50	10.00

Varieties as follows: Bartlett, Kieffer, Clapp's Favorite, Beurre d' Anjou, Duchess d' Angouleme, Wilder Early, Seckel.

Great American Nurseries

In the matter of other merchandise, catalogues come from firms whose names mean quality and honest dealing. What the name "Wanamaker" means to him on a bill of merchandise, or "Waltham" or "Elgin" on a watch, he feels that the names of nursery firms, or great nursery sections, should mean to him on nursery stock. I believe that there are nurserymen in the great nursery sections of Western New York, that are ready to serve him as well and treat him as fairly as these old reliable firms whose names stand for quality.

There are striking natural advantages of the belt of land lying along the shore of the great lakes in Western New York for the production of first quality nursery stock. These soils were originally lake bottom, and in this rich alluvial deposit, trees grow and thrive as they do in few other localities. The proximity of the lakes temper the climate, so the nurseryman can grow both hardy and semi-hardy trees and plants, and offer his customers all the kinds of nursery stock adapted to the climate of the North. Because the soils are mellow and free from stone, they can be economically worked and a nurseryman can sell his stock at lower rates. * * *

Because Dansville has special natural conditions favorable for producing high quality nursery stock, has rich, easily worked alluvial soil and mild climate—it has gradually come to have a world-wide reputation for producing large quantities of high grade fruit trees. * * *

Because of the soil and climatic conditions Dansville nurserymen grow more good trees per acre than are grown anywhere else in the United States. * * * Dansville for fifty years has been the great wholesale nursery center of the United States. When it first became known where the retail firms got their best trees, their customers asked for their trees to be shipped to them direct. * * *

Because the public has learned that good trees come from Dansville, it has learned to send its orders direct to the grower of trees there and buy at wholesale rates. * * * The Kelly Bros. grow about 100 acres of trees and sell in both car lots to dealers and to planters by catalogue. They are selling more each year to the planter, and so save him most of the distributors' profit.—Fruit Grower and Farmer, St. Joseph, Mo.

NOTE OUR SPECIAL DISCOUNT ON ORDERS RECEIVED BY OCT. 15

Plums

No other fruit tree, unless it is the cherry, will produce more abundantly than a plum tree. Although they will yield crop after crop despite neglect, plum trees will readily show the result of care and modern methods of fruit growing. The commercial side of plum production has received much attention in late years but the supply still falls far short of the demand. In general, plum trees thrive best in a sandy or clayey soil. A distance of 12 to 15 feet apart is considered the best for plum trees with the distance increased to 20 feet where a wagon spraying outfit is used. Many varieties of plums produce so abundantly that the best results will be obtainable only by careful thinning. If allowed to grow naturally the trees will be weakened and the quality of the fruit will be inferior. We can recommend to the planter the following varieties.

Prices for all Varieties of Plum Trees

				EACH	TEN	HUNDRED
Largest Size	2 Year	5 to 7 feet	XXX	.35	\$3.00	\$25.00
Medium Size	2 Year	4½ to 6 feet	XX	.30	2.50	20.00
Smaller Size	2 Year	4 to 5 feet	X	.25	2.00	15.00

European Plums

Bradshaw—A very large and fine early plum, dark violet red, juicy and good. Trees erect and vigorous; very productive; valuable for market. The quality is excellent, and it is destined to become one of the most popular of all plums for canning, while its attractive color, good quality and shipping properties will cause it to be sought for as a market variety. It ripens ten days to two weeks later than Abundance. This plum resembles Niagara in size, color and general good qualities.

Fellenburg Prune—Dark purple with a dark blue bloom; size medium; oval, pointed and tapering. Flesh juicy and delicious; fine for drying. In the West it is grown by the thousands of acres and shipped by the trainload to all markets of the world.

Geuii—Very large, bluish purple; flesh yellowish green, sweet. Tree hardy and rapid grower.

German Prune—A valuable Plum for dessert, but most esteemed for market and drying or preserving. Fruit long, oval, purple with a thick bloom; flesh firm, sweet and pleasant, separating freely from the stone; moderate growth. A great favorite. A sure market for all you have to sell at very profitable prices.

Lombard—Medium to large roundish, oval, dark red, flesh yellow, juicy and pleasant flavor; hardy popular, nearly always producing a crop, a valuable commercial sort. August.

Monarch—Very large, brilliant; bluish purple; flesh, pale golden green; juicy, abundant bearer and begins fruiting young. Free from rot; excellent for market. September.

Reine Claude—Large pale yellow, marked with red, excellent and of fine quality; good bearer; valuable for commercial purposes. Middle of September.

Shipper's Pride—Large and handsome, dark purple quality; fine, juicy and sweet; excellent for canning. September.

Shropshire Damson—Large amber color, juicy and sprightly; most desirable of the Damson class; productive and not liable to rot; good commercial sort. September.

York State Prune is one of the largest, best in quality and most productive of all prunes or plums. Size large; color dark blue, covered with purple blush; flesh yellow and delicious; freestone, ripening the last week in September. It originated in Dansville, N. Y.

Shropshire Damson

"You'll Never Regret Planting Kelly Trees"

Direct from Grower to Planter

Japanese Plums

We have the following list of Japanese plums to offer and we would especially recommend that these be planted at one year, as this reduces considerably the loss from transplanting. The roots of plum trees are very tender and are easily injured from exposure to the wind or sun. We also have one year German Prune and Shropshire Damson and York State Prune. Some planters prefer to plant these instead of two year trees. Price is as follows:

				EACH	TEN	HUNDRED
Largest Size	2 Year	5 to 7 feet	XXX	.35	\$3.00	\$25.00
Medium Size	2 Year	4½ to 6 feet	XX	.30	2.50	20.00
Smaller Size	2 Year	4 to 5 feet	X	.25	2.00	15.00
Largest Size	1 Year	3 feet & up	XXX	.30	2.50	20.00

Abundance—Fruit large, showy, beautiful. Amber, turning to a rich, bright cherry color, with a decided white bloom, and highly perfumed. Flesh light yellow, exceedingly juicy and tender, of a delicious sweetness impossible to describe. Stone small and parts readily from flesh. For canning it is of greatest excellence. Its season is very early, ripening in advance of other plums, thus adding to its special value.

Burbank—When properly thinned, the fruit is very large, nearly round and bright, deep red; flesh a deep yellow, very sweet, meaty and quite firm, keeping and shipping finely. Tree hardy and vigorous, but sprawling in growth; needs close pruning; enormously productive. Burbank orchards have been very profitable up to date.

Climax—Very large; deep, rich red; fine flavor; one of the earliest to ripen. Mr. Burbank regards this as one of his most valuable productions.

Red June—The best Japan plum, ripening before Abundance. Medium to large; deep vermilion-red, with handsome bloom; flesh light

lemon-yellow, firm; moderately juicy; fine quality. Tree upright, spreading, vigorous and hardy; productive.

Satsuma—Large, globular, with sharp point. Color purple and red with bloom; flesh firm, juicy, dark red or blood color, fine quality; pit very small.

Wickson—A sturdy, upright grower; fruit remarkably handsome, deep maroon-red, covered with white bloom; stone small; flesh fine texture, firm, sugary and delicious; excellent keeper and shipper.

October Purple—Originated by Burbank, who regarded it as one of the best introduced. Fruits on the old wood and frequently measures seven inches in circumference. Tree a strong erect grower, forming a shapely head.

Shiro—Medium size, yellow, and very sweet. The best quality of any of the Japan Plums. We have fruited it in Nursery rows and can recommend it highly for garden planting. Sept.

Sultan—A large handsome Plum of purplish-crimson color; excellent for cooking and preserving. Keeps long and ships well.

German Prune

Kelly Bros. Plum Trees both European and Japan are budded on Imported French Myrobalan Plum seedlings. This insures a strong healthy growth for the tree. Thus with the plum root system it is much longer lived and less apt to be injured by the severe winter. You cannot compare these trees with Plums offered that are budded on Peach roots. These do not make as healthy a growth and the root system is not hardy enough to withstand the winter weather. Our trees are the very best that can be grown, and you make no mistake in planting Plum trees grown by us.

Putney, Vt., Apr. 21, 1913

Dear Sirs:—The nursery stock which I bought of you arrived in good condition and I am much pleased with it.

Yours very truly,
Geo. H. Gassett.

NOTE OUR SPECIAL DISCOUNT ON ORDERS RECEIVED BY OCT. 15

Napoleon Cherries

Cherries

The Cherry does best on a sandy or gravelly soil, but will thrive on almost any soil that is not extremely wet. On account of its rare beauty as a shade tree (as well as being a producer of delicious fruit), the Cherry tree is very desirable for planting around the home. No other fruit will bring greater profits, as the Cherry tree will bear fruit two years after planting, and requires very little care and attention. Do not hesitate to plant Cherries because you fear there will be no market for them—the market is waiting and will be very willing to take the Cherries as soon as you have them. People who are accustomed to the little, inferior fruit never stop looking when they see Cherries of improved varieties. Our trees are all budded on imported French Stocks and these form a healthy fibrous root which reduces considerably the loss in planting. We have a good assortment of the best varieties and would especially recommend Early Richmond and Montmorency for commercial planting.

Prices for all Varieties of Sour Cherry Trees

				EACH	TEN	HUNDRED
Largest Size	XXX	5 to 6 feet	2 Year	.30	\$2.50	\$20.00
Medium Size	XX	4 to 5 feet	2 Year	.25	2.00	15.00
Smaller Size	X	3 to 4 feet	2 Year	.20	1.50	10.00
Largest Size	XXX	3 feet & up	1 Year	.25	2.00	15.00

Prices for all Varieties of Sweet Cherry Trees

				EACH	TEN	HUNDRED
Largest Size	XXX	5 to 7 feet	2 Year	.35	\$3.00	\$25.00
Medium Size	XX	4½ to 6 feet	2 Year	.30	2.50	20.00
Smaller Size	X	4 to 5 feet	2 Year	.25	2.00	15.00
Largest Size	XXX	3 feet & up	1 Year	.30	2.50	20.00

Sour Cherries

Early Richmond—One of the most valuable and popular cherries unsurpassed for cooking purposes. It is the good old variety that yields such marvelous crops in the gardens. The most hardy of all varieties, uninjured by the coldest winters. Tree slender in growth, with a roundish spreading head, exceedingly productive. Ripens through June. The cherry tree bears almost every year, and is an easy fruiter.

May Duke—This is one of the good old stand-bys which has been so popular for many years

in the past, both in the East and West, where it has been largely planted and where it has rewarded the planter by large crops of profitable fruit. The color of this cherry gradually changes from a bright red to nearly black when fully ripe. The flesh is red, becoming dark purple later; is very juicy and melting, rich, acid and of superior quality. It must remain on the tree until fully ripe in order to develop its best character. Season very early. The tree is very hardy and adapted to all localities.

Large Montmorency—This is the best of all the sour varieties of Cherries. There is a greater demand on the market for this Cherry than for

SEE OUR SPECIAL COLLECTIONS ON LAST PAGE

“You’ll Never Regret Planting Kelly Trees”

Direct from Grower to Planter

any other. The trees are the cleanest and best growers and are less subject to disease, less affected by wet weather, and are the best bearers of the best fruit of all other sour varieties. No matter how unfavorable the season may be, Montmorency can be depended upon for a full crop. The Montmorency is a good shipper, very attractive looking and always brings good prices. The canning factories are always calling for them and want them by the hundreds of tons. The fruit is good sized, fine flavored and bright clear shining red. The flesh is of fine quality and sub-acid. Fruit ripens 10 days after Early Richmond.

Dyehouse—A hardy and valuable cherry. Unquestionably the earliest cherry, ten days earlier than Richmond, fine quality, its early bearing remarkable as its great hardiness. Has the appearance of being covered with a scarlet cloth such is the abundance of the fruit. Has the smallest pit of any cherry known; a splendid keeper and free from knots. For tarts, pies and especially for canning, it has no superiors among cherries. June.

Ostheime—Large; skin red, dark at maturity; flesh liver-colored; tender, juicy, almost sweet; very good; hardy.

Wragg—Large, roundish, heart-shaped dark crimson and when fully ripe, black or nearly so; flesh and juice light crimson, firm and good, very productive; one of the hardiest and is usually a sure cropper.

Olivet—A tree of this variety should be in every garden. The fruit is very large, has a shining deep red color; tender, mild sub-acid flavor. Ripens in June.

English Morello—Fruit large elongated; almost blackish red when fully ripe; very rich, acid; juicy and good. A splendid pie cherry. Tree very hardy, somewhat smaller than other sorts but exceedingly productive. This fruit is in great demand by the fruit-juice manufacturers. July.

Sweet Cherries

Bing—One of the most delicious Sweet Cherries grown. Tree very hardy and vigorous with heavy foliage. It succeeds in the East better than most sweet varieties. Fruit is large, dark brown or black and very fine quality. Bing is a good shipper and should be planted with Lambert for commercial purposes.

Black Tartarian—Very large; bright purplish black; half tender; juicy, very rich. Tree a remarkably vigorous and erect grower, and an immense bearer. One of the most popular varieties in all parts of the country. June.

Yellow Spanish—A pale yellow cherry with bright red cheek in the sun. It is one of the best, most beautiful and popular of all of the light colored cherries; vigorous and productive.

Windsor—Tree upright, vigorous and a rapid grower; fruit large, roundish, oblong; very

Large Montmorency Cherries

firm and juicy; flesh pinkish and sometimes streaked; quality very good; a productive bearer; has attracted attention owing to its large size and dark color; almost black. July.

Schmidt's Biggarreau—The fruit is of very large size, of a deep mahogany color. The flesh is dark, tender, very juicy, with a fine rich flavor. Fruit grows in clusters. It is an excellent shipper. July.

Governor Wood—Large, heart-shaped; light yellow, marbled light red, juicy, sweet and rich. Tree vigorous, productive; forms a round head. An old variety that is still a favorite in many regions.

Napoleon or Royal Ann—A beautiful cherry of large size; pale yellow with bright red cheek; flesh firm, juicy and sweet; one of the best for market and canning.

Lambert—One of the largest of all Cherries. It is purple-red; firm and rich. Every year sees an enormous crop, and the tree not only grows well, but is a proof against insect and fungous attacks. The finest of shippers.

NOTE SPECIAL PRICES ON SMALLER SIZED TREES ON PAGE 23

Peaches

For many years it was the popular opinion that peaches would thrive in only certain sections of the country. We know better now. With one or two exceptions it has been shown that this fruit can be grown at a good profit in every state in the Union. Peaches can be grown on any soil that will produce the average yield of farm crops and are especially adapted to the lighter soils. Careful cultivation and intelligent pruning will work wonders in the production of peaches. If properly cared for, the trees are sure to bring in a handsome return on your investment. As in other fruits it is imperative, however, that your trees are of the best stock. It is very important that wood growth on peach trees is well ripened and that they have a good and sufficient quantity of fibrous roots so they will withstand the hot sun and drought that may occur after planting. Thousands of trees are lost this way by the planter. This season we have a very good stock of hardy Northern grown trees, with well ripened wood and an excellent root system and we make the lowest possible price consistent with the quality of the stock.

Prices for all Varieties of Peach Trees

			EACH	TEN	HUNDRED
Largest Size	4 to 6 feet	XXX	.20	\$1.50	\$10.00
Medium Size	3 to 4 feet	XX	.15	1.00	8.00
Smaller Size	2 to 3 feet	X	.10	.80	6.00

Beers' Smock—Medium to large, round; creamy-white with dark red blush; flesh yellow, tender and rich; good quality; a good commercial peach.

Carman—Middle to end of July. Fruit large and broad, oval shaped, yellowish white; flesh creamy white with red tinge, flavor spicy and good. Especially suited to low, wet land, where other sorts will not thrive. Very hardy, and productive every year. A good shipper; quite satisfactory in commercial orchards. Freestone.

Chair's Choice—Deep yellow, red cheek; firm; a few days earlier than Smock.

Crawford's Early—A large, yellow peach of splendid quality; strong grower and prolific fruiter. No other variety has been so extensively planted.

Crawford's Late—Superb yellow peach of large size and excellent quality; great bearer. One of the finest late varieties.

Elberta—Unsurpassed as a valuable, large, beautiful peach of good quality. The best orchard variety. Valuable for planting in garden.

Elberta is hardier in bud than many varieties, therefore, a uniform cropper. Fruit is large, yellow, with red cheek, juicy and high flavored, flesh yellow; freestone. Season medium early following quick upon early Crawford.

Crosby—This is considered the best variety introduced for years, and is being extensively planted through New England where hardiness is essential. Tree low and spreading. Fruit of medium size, roundish slightly flattened, with a distinct seam on the blossom end. Not so acid as most yellow peaches.

Hiley—Large white with high color on sunny side; long keeper and good shipper. Freestone, hardy in fruit bud.

Hill's Chili—Hardy, vigorous and productive; of a medium size; oval,

with a slight suture; deep yellow, shaded with dark red; flesh deep yellow, red at the stone; freestone.

Gold Drop—Large, good quality, hardy; a profitable market sort; follows Late Crawford.

Greensboro—Large, beautifully colored, bright red over yellow; flesh white; good quality, good commercial sort. July.

Niagara—Large, yellow and red; fine quality; as good as Crawford and a more dependable bearer. Very extensively grown in Western New York. Follows Early Crawford.

Yellow St. John—A desirable peach for home use and profitable for market; orange-yellow,

Elberta Peach

“You'll Never Regret Planting Kelly Trees”

Direct from Grower to Planter

Early Crawford Peaches

with dark, rich red on sun-exposed side; quality good. Tree strong and vigorous. One week earlier than Early Crawford.

Kalamazoo—Large yellow, with mottled blush; sweet and mild; very productive; a good commercial sort.

Fitzgerald—Origin Canada. Fully equal to Crawford Early in size, quality and color, with much smaller pit; a very early bearer, often when two years from bud; extra hardy, succeeding in Canada and in Michigan perfectly; fruit large, brilliant yellow with red cheek; highest quality; ripens after Crawford's Early. Freestone.

Champion—First of August. Fruit large, creamy white, with red cheek; sweet, juicy, very high quality, and splendid. Good shipper; its fault, if anything, is that it is too tender. Hardy and productive. Free.

Foster—This variety originated near Boston, Mass., and its popularity has spread over many States. The tree is productive. The fruit is large deep red, especially on the sunny side. The flesh is yellow and very rich and juicy. It has a sub-acid flavor which is very agreeable. It ripens in September and is freestone.

Stump (or Stump the World.) Very large, roundish. The skin is white with a bright red cheek. The flesh is white, juicy and good. The tree is vigorous and productive. Ripens near the end of September and is freestone.

Solon, Ohio, April 22, 1913
Kelly Bros., Dansville, N. Y.

Gentlemen:—Trees have arrived and I have planted them. Though a long time on the road, they were in tip-top condition and are fine, sturdy looking trees. Thanking you for your prompt attention and wishing you a successful season, I am,

Very cordially yours,
John Huddilston.

West Coxsackie, N. Y., April 30, 1913
Kelly Bros., Dansville, N. Y.

Gentlemen:—I received the trees O. K. I am very much pleased with them. They are the best I ever bought. When in need of more trees you will hear from me again, I assure you. Thanking you for your promptness in filling my order and the excellent trees you sent, I remain,

Yours truly,
Edwin Collier.

Renfrew, Pa., April 16, 1913
Kelly Bros., Dansville, N. Y.

Gentlemen:—The trees I ordered from you were received Saturday evening, April 12, but we did not open the box until Monday morning. We are well pleased with the trees. They are fine and arrived in good shape. The Elberta peaches are dandies. Thank you for your promptness.

Yours very truly,
R. Hamilton.

So. Hatfield, Pa., May 3, 1913
Kelly Bros., Dansville, N. Y.

Gentlemen:—I received my trees yesterday and they were in fine condition. I want to say that I am more than pleased with them. I think they are the finest lot of trees I ever received from any nursery.

Yours very truly,
W. Chester Angle.

Fitchburg, Mass., April 28, 1913
Kelly Bros., Dansville, N. Y.

Gentlemen:—I received the trees all right sometime ago. I have been buying trees for 35 years. I think these are the best lot of trees I ever bought.

Yours truly,
Geo. F. Williams.

NOTE SPECIAL PRICES ON SMALLER SIZED TREES ON PAGE 23

Quinces

Its pre-eminence as a fruit for jellies and preserves makes the quince a profitable tree for the fruit grower as markets in most localities are undersupplied. Like cherry trees, quince trees will not thrive in wet land. A rich, moist but well-drained soil has been found to give the best results. Quince trees may be planted as closely as 8 to 10 feet apart because of their dwarfish characteristics. It must be controlled, however, or it will develop into a bush. All suckers and water spouts should be pinched off and the tops of the trees kept open to admit air and sunshine. We recommend the following varieties:

Prices of Quince Trees

				EACH	TEN	HUNDRED
Large Size	XXX	2 Year	4 to 6 feet	.35	\$3.00	\$25.00
Medium Size	XX	2 Year	3 to 4 feet	.30	2.50	20.00
Smaller Size	X	2 Year	2 to 3 feet	.25	2.00	15.00

Orange Quince

Champion—Fruit very large, fair and handsome. Tree very handsome, surpassing other varieties in this respect, bears abundantly while young; flesh cooks as tender as an apple and without hard spots and cores; flavor delicate, imparting an exquisite quince taste and odor to any fruit with which it is cooked. One of the most valuable.

Orange—Popular, extensively cultivated, reliable and satisfactory. The name was given in an attempt to do justice to its most delicious flavor. Roundish, bright golden yellow, very large, fine grained, fine quality. Best for cooking. Firm, will stand handling and shipping.

Rea's Mammoth—Large, rich golden yellow; flesh cooks as tender as the apple and without hard spots or cores, flavor delicate, imparting an exquisite quince taste and odor to any fruit with which it is cooked. Sure to ripen even in northern latitude. Very hardy and productive. We regard it the best of all quinces. October.

South Framingham, Mass.

June 11, 1913

Kelly Bros., Dansville, N. Y.

Gentlemen:—The trees arrived in fine condition and I was much pleased with the stock. It was excellent, although my order was sent to you late. If I plant in the fall or spring, or if there is anyone I can recommend your trees to, I certainly shall do so. At present I have about 4,000 trees—all kinds—which have come from several nurseries all over the country. The stock you sent me is certainly the best I have had, and the price is reasonable. Thanking you, I remain,

Respectfully yours,
Robert Hessel.

SEE OUR SPECIAL COLLECTIONS ON LAST PAGE

"You'll Never Regret Planting Kelly Trees"

Direct from Grower to Planter

Apricots

This is a rich, delicious fruit, coming between Cherries and Peaches. It is very much like the Peach in outward appearance, but like the Plum in quality and texture. The Apricot ripens a month or more before the best early peaches come in, which explains the reason for the great demand and prevailing high prices. It should be planted in deep, rich soil; and care should be taken to know that the sub-soil as well as the top-soil is dry.

Aside from its value as a fresh fruit, the Apricot has a fixed place on the list of fruits for canning and drying, for which purposes vast quantities are used every year. There is always a market for Apricots and the planter should have no fear of over-production.

				EACH	TEN
Largest Size	2 Year	4 to 6 feet	XXX	.30	\$2.50
Medium Size	2 Year	3 to 4 feet	XX	.25	2.00
Smaller Size	2 Year	2 to 3 feet	X	.20	1.50

Moorpark—One of the largest, orange with red cheek; firm, juicy, with a rich flavor; very productive. August.

Gibb—Tree hardy, grows symmetrical, productive. Fruit medium yellowish, sub-acid, juicy and rich. The best early variety ripening soon after strawberries.

Budd—Medium to large; light orange with blush on sunny side; flesh sweet, juicy with flavor of the peach; hardy and productive.

Alexander—A large, oblong, orange yellow fruit, spotted with red. Flesh is sweet, juicy and very good. It is a hardy, prolific bearer and very popular in the east. One of the best of the Russian varieties. Ripens early.

Harris—This variety is remarkable for its size, beauty and productiveness. It is extremely hardy; will stand the severest winter. Fruit is of a rich golden color and of very fair quality. Ripens in middle of August.

Nut Trees

The necessity for the importation of large quantities of nuts each year has awakened American agriculturists to the possibilities in producing nuts. Oftentimes the trees will thrive on soil not adapted to profitable fruit growing.

American Sweet Chestnut—This is the well-known native variety with which nearly everyone is familiar. It is a stately tree, attaining great height when mature. It is beautifully symmetrical and when in blossom is as handsome as a tree can be. It bears a nut of good quality and seldom fails to produce a good crop. Aside from their crop value, all the Chestnuts are specially desirable for shade purposes and for ornamental planting. Trees 4 to 5 ft. in height, 50c each; \$5.00 per dozen.

Black Walnut—This species is a common and

stately forest tree in the middle and western states; grows from forty to sixty feet high; has an open, spreading head and is rapid in growth; produces large crops of nuts with rough hard shell containing rich, oily kernels of fine flavor. Trees 5 to 6 ft., 50c each, 4 to 5 ft., 35c each.

English Walnut—A fine, lofty-growing tree, with handsome, spreading head; produces large crops of thin-shelled, delicious nuts which are always in demand at good prices. Trees 3 to 4 ft., 75c each, 10 for \$6.50.

Scottsville, N. Y., May 14, 1913
Kelly Bros., Dansville, N. Y.

Gentlemen:—The nursery stock was received in fine condition and it is looking fine. Well pleased with it. Hope to send for a larger order next spring.

Very truly yours,
Mrs. Milton Smith.

Brattleboro, Vt., April 30, 1913
Kelly Bros., Dansville, N. Y.

Gentlemen:—Trees arrived and much to my surprise were in fine condition. While I have purchased over two thousand trees, your trees are the finest I have ever had. They have the appearance of being very thrifty now.

Yours very truly,
H. R. Brown.

Sciotsville, Ohio, April 11, 1913
Kelly Bros., Dansville, N. Y.

Gentlemen:—Your trees shipped April 3rd reached me April 8th all O. K. Trees suited me to a "T." Will give you my orders in the future and do everything I can to induce others to deal with your firm.

Yours very truly,
David Pyle.

Marion, Ia., April 18, 1913
Kelly Bros., Dansville, N. Y.

Dear Sirs:—Your order of peach trees received. They were in fine shape. Thanks for extras. I sent an order to another firm sometime before I did yours and have not received the goods—it pays to find out who is prompt.

L. W. Alt.

NOTE OUR SPECIAL DISCOUNT ON ORDERS RECEIVED BY OCT. 15.

Grapes

Because of their adaptability to any place where there is a bit of soil, grapes are often a source of considerable profit. In fact, some fruit growers say that if you can plant only one fruit, let that be grapes. They require little care and as a rule will produce most abundantly. Rocky hillsides on which no other fruit would thrive, will produce wonderful crops of grapes and show profits that will overshadow any other part of the farm. Good grapes command high prices and will find a ready market in any locality. We have the following varieties in our stock:

Brighton. A large, delicious, sweet red Grape; vine thrifty and a strong grower; flesh sweet, tender and very juicy. Best of all large red Grapes.

Campbell's Early. Black, with purple bloom; bunch and berries large. Juicy, with rich, sweet flavor; almost seedless. Hardy and of vigorous growth. Fruit hangs on vines sound and perfect for ten weeks or more after ripening.

Concord. The well-known black grape. Can always be depended on to fruit heavily. Succeeds over a large extent of country. Popular for market.

Delaware. One of the finest Grapes. Bunches small, compact, shouldered; berries rather small, round; skin thin, light red; flesh juicy, with an exceedingly sweet and delicious flavor.

Niagara White Grape. Popular everywhere. Bunch very large and handsome, often shouldered, compact; berries large, round; skin thin, tough, does not crack and carries well; has not much pulp when fully ripe, melting, sweet, with a flavor and aroma peculiarly its own, and agreeable to most tastes; ripens with Concord, sometimes a little earlier. Vine very vigorous and productive, succeeding well in all sections. Is largely planted by vineyardists.

Moore's Early. Bunch and berry large, with a blue bloom; quality better than Concord. Its size and earliness render it desirable.

Pocklington. Berries large, golden yellow; sweet and tender with little pulp. Thoroughly hardy and healthy. Ripens after Concord.

Worden. Possesses most of the good qualities of Concord and lacks some of the bad ones. Differs chiefly in having larger berries and bunches. Better in quality and five to ten days earlier.

Equally hardy, healthy, vigorous and productive. It is more desirable for the garden and nearby markets, because it is of a richer, glossier black and is harder than Concord, and, under favorable conditions, a better commercial variety.

Agawan. Good red variety; flesh tender and juicy, good bearer. Ripens with Concord.

Niagara

Prices on 2 Year No. 1 Vines

	EACH	TEN	HUNDRED		EACH	TEN	HUNDRED
Agawan (Red)	15c	\$1.00	\$6.00	Niagara (White)	15c	\$1.00	\$6.00
Brighton (Red)	15c	1.00	6.00	Moore's Early (Black)	15c	1.00	6.00
Campbell's Early (Black)	20c	1.50	12.00	Pocklington (White)	15c	1.00	6.00
Concord (Black)	10c	.70	4.00	Worden (Black)	10c	.80	5.00
Delaware (Red)	15c	1.00	6.00	Catawba (Red)	15c	1.00	6.00
				Diamond (White)	15c	1.00	6.00

Direct from Grower to Planter

Blackberries

Fruit growers as a rule regard the blackberry as the most profitable of the several varieties of berries. Blackberries thrive best on fertile loam, although clay and sandy soils also produce good results. The rows should be about six feet apart with each plant approximately 2 feet apart in the row. We have selected the following varieties as the best:

Blower—An upright, mammoth grower; very hardy and enormously productive; large, glossy, firm and luscious berry, extra good everywhere. Fruit may be picked continuously from July to October, ripening in great quantities in August and in abundance in September. Berries very large and of good quality.

Rathbun—A strong, erect grower with strong stem, branching freely; will root from tip of branches like a raspberry. Hardy, having endured 20 degrees below zero and produced a good crop. Forms a neat, compact bush, 4 to 5 feet high, producing its immense fruit abundantly. Fruit is sweet and luscious without hard core, of extra high flavor, jet black, small seeds, firm enough to ship and handle well. Very large size.

Wilson's Early—Very large size, oblong oval, black, quite firm, rich, sweet and good; ripens early and matures its fruit rapidly; retains its color well after picking.

Erie—Fruit very large, excellent quality. There is no other berry that rivals it in combining hardiness, large size, earliness and productiveness.

Eldorado—The hardiest and sweetest blackberry. Very vigorous and hardy. Berries are very large, jet black, borne in large clusters and ripen well together; are very sweet, melting, pleasing to the taste, have no hard core, and keep eight to ten days.

Lawton—The well-known market variety. Large, oval, black, juicy, sweet.

Erie

Prices on A No. 1 Strong, Healthy Plants

	TEN	TWENTY-FIVE	HUNDRED	THOUSAND
Blowers	50c	\$1.00	\$2.50	\$20.00
Eldorado	50c	1.00	2.00	18.00
Erie	50c	1.00	2.00	15.00
Mersereau	50c	1.00	2.00	18.00
Snyder	50c	1.00	2.00	15.00
Rathbun	50c	1.00	2.00	15.00

Kelly Bros., Dansville, N. Y.

Gentlemen:—I desire to thank you for the trees and bushes you recently shipped to me. They arrived in fine condition and were very much larger than I expected, as I ordered most of them from your bargain list. Kindly accept thanks for your courtesy and promptness in filling my order. You may rest assured that henceforth I will purchase Kelly Trees and Nursery Stock.

Yours sincerely,

(Miss) Nellie Miles.

Lynn, Mass., May 7, 1913

Kelly Bros.

Gentlemen:—I received the cherry trees. They surely are fine. I never saw better trees in my life. Furthermore, I thank you very much for the nut trees and extra cherry trees. Next year I hope to give you a larger order.

Yours truly,

Edward R. Booth.

Brockport, N. Y., April 28, 1913

NOTE OUR SPECIAL DISCOUNT ON ORDERS RECEIVED BY OCT. 15

Raspberries

Cuthbert

A ready market can always be found for raspberries. When well cared for they are sure to return a good profit. A patch of raspberries should be renewed about once in five years, as by that time the quality of the berries deteriorates and the fruit becomes small. The plants should be well manured and cultivated at frequent intervals.

We offer the following varieties:

	TEN	TWENTY-FIVE	HUNDRED	THOUSAND
Cumberland (Black)	.50	\$1.00	\$2.00	\$14.00
Kansas (Black)	.50	1.00	1.75	12.00
Gregg (Black)	.50	1.00	2.00	14.00
Ohio (Black)	.50	1.00	1.75	12.00
Diamond (Black)	.50	1.00	2.00	14.00
Conrath (Early Black)	.50	1.00	2.00	14.00
Plum Farmer (Black)	.50	1.00	2.00	15.00
Columbian (Purple)	.50	1.00	2.00	15.00
Cuthbert (Red)	.50	1.00	1.50	10.00
Loudon (Red)	.50	1.00	2.00	15.00
Marlboro (Red)	.50	1.00	1.50	10.00
Golden Queen (Yellow)	.50	1.25	4.00	

Hanford, Calif., March 21, 1913

Kelly Bros., Dansville, N. Y.

Gentlemen:—Trees arrived yesterday in excellent condition. I am more than pleased with them. They are fine. I thank you for the splendid way in which they were packed and shipped.

Very truly,

Geo. W. Kelly.

Taylorsville, Pa., April 17, 1913.

Kelly Bros., Dansville, N. Y.

Gentlemen:—The trees you sent me are at hand. They were in fine condition. They were also the finest trees I ever bought and I have bought something like 2000. I do not see how you can grow such trees and sell them at that price. When I want trees again you will get my order. I thank you for the fine trees. With best wishes, I am,

Very truly yours,

Edwin Johnson.

"You'll Never Regret Planting Kelly Trees"

Direct from Grower to Planter

Currants

No other bush fruit ripens as early as the currant. It is hardy and will produce heavily. Careful cultivation will practically double production. It is best to plant the bushes in rows about 4 feet apart. The ground should be kept free of weeds and the bushes carefully pruned each Spring. The following varieties have been found to be the best for commercial purposes:

All 2 Year No. 1

	EACH	TEN	HUNDRED	THOUSAND
Fay's Prolific	.10	.75	\$5.00	\$45.00
Red Cross	.10	.75	5.00	45.00
Wilder	.10	.75	5.00	45.00
Cherry	.10	.75	5.00	45.00
Perfection	.20	1.50	12.00	110.00
Black Champion	.10	.75	5.00	45.00
White Grape	.10	.75	5.00	45.00

Fay's Prolific Currant

Gooseberries

The gooseberry is gaining in popularity every year. It has been found to be very profitable in the home market and grows readily in any good soil. The plants bear abundantly and require little care.

	EACH	TEN	HUNDRED
Downing	.15	\$1.25	\$ 9.00
Industry	.20	1.75	13.50
Red Jacket	.15	1.25	9.00
Chautauqua	.30	2.50	20.00

Strawberries

Being practically the first fruit of its kind on the market, strawberries are ready sellers and can be grown at a good profit. They will thrive in any good garden soil. Plants should be set one foot apart in the row, with the rows two feet apart. Beds should be renewed every third year, as it has been found that more than two crops to a planting are not profitable.

Prices on All Varieties

	TWENTY-FIVE .40	HUNDRED .80	THOUSAND \$5.00
Varieties:—	Brandywine, Corsican, Jessie, Marshall, Senator Dunlap, McKinley, Sample, Wilson.		

Garden Roots

Asparagus

	TEN	HUNDRED	THOUSAND
Conovers Colossal	.25	\$1.00	\$6.00
Palmetto	.25	\$1.00	\$6.00

Rhubarb (Pie Plant)

	EACH	TEN	HUNDRED
Linneaus	.10	.80	\$6.00
Early Scarlet	.10	.80	6.00

Kelly Bros., Dansville, N. Y.

Nashua, N. H., May 8, 1913

Gentlemen:—I received the trees all right and I think them the best trees I ever bought.

Yours very truly,

Charles A. Goodwin.

NOTE SPECIAL PRICES ON SMALLER SIZED TREES ON PAGE 23

Ornamental Department

Well-kept grounds, which necessarily include fine shade trees and ornamental and flowering shrubs, are naturally a source of great pleasure to a property owner. They also greatly enhance the value of property. A relatively small amount invested in ornamentals will bring a big return should you wish to dispose of your property. Nor does it require a big outlay of money to make your property beautiful by such ornamentation. The trees and shrubs of course should not be planted haphazardly. If you do not know just how to go about the matter you can easily obtain competent advice. We take the same care with our ornamental stock that we do with our fruit stock. That means that it is the best.

Evergreens

	EACH	TEN
American Arbor Vitae	\$.25	\$1.80
Irish Juniper	.50	4.00
Colorado Blue Spruce	2.00	18.00
Norway Spruce	.35	3.00
Balsam Fir	.25	2.00

Shade Trees

	EACH	TEN	HUNDRED
Carolina Poplar 10 to 12 feet	.20	\$1.50	\$12.00
Carolina Poplar 8 to 10 feet	.15	1.30	10.00
Carolina Poplar 6 to 8 feet	.10	.80	7.50

	EACH	TEN
American Elm 8 to 10 feet	\$.50	\$4.50
Norway Maple 8 to 10 feet	.50	4.50
Purple-Leaved Beech 3 to 4 feet	.50	4.50
American Chestnut 6 to 8 feet	.50	4.50
Catalpa Speciosa 6 to 8 feet	.50	4.50
Am. Linden (Basswood) 6 to 8 feet	.50	4.50
Catalpa Bungeii 6 to 8 feet	.75	7.00
Lombardy Poplar 6 to 8 feet	.30	2.50
Cut Leaved Weeping Birch 5 to 6 ft.	.75	7.00
Tea's Weeping Mulberry 4 to 5 feet	1.00	9.00

Climbing Vines

	EACH	TEN
Ampelopsis Veitchii	.35	\$3.00
Chinese Matrimony Vine	.35	3.00
Clematis Henryii	.35	3.00
Clematis Jackmanni	.35	3.00
Wisteria (Chinese Purple)	.25	2.00
Wisteria (Chinese White)	.25	2.00
Birthwort (Dutchman's Pipe)	.35	3.00
Honeysuckle (Hall's Japan)	.25	2.00

Hedges

	TEN	HUNDRED	THOUSAND
California Privet 18 to 24 in.	.45	\$3.00	\$25.00
California Privet 24 to 30 in.	.65	4.00	35.00

Hardy Flowering Shrubs

	EACH	TEN
Lilac (White)	.35	\$3.00
Lilac (Purple)	.35	3.00
Hydrangea (P. G.)	.25	2.00
Hydrangea (Japan Blue)	.25	2.00
Hydrangea (Tree Form)	.50	4.50
Snowball (Viburnum)	.25	2.00
Rose of Sharon (Althea)	.25	2.00
Althea (Variegated)	.35	3.00
Weigelas	.20	1.75
Golden Glow	.10	.90
Spirea Van Houttei	.25	2.00
Spirea Callosa Rosea	.25	2.00
Spirea Prunifolia	.30	2.50
Deutzia (Pride of Rochester)	.25	2.00
Deutzia (Gracilis)	.35	3.00
Aureus	.25	2.00
Barberry Thunbergii	.20	1.90

Roses

Prices on All Varieties

	EACH	TEN	HUNDRED
Strong 2 yr. Bushes:	.20	\$1.80	\$16.00

VARIETIES:—Alfred Colomb (Crimson), American Beauty (Deep Rose), Baron des Bonstetten (Maroon), Clio (Flesh Color), Coquette des Alps (White), Crimson Baby Rambler, Dorothy Perkins (White), Frau Karl Druschki (White), Magna Charta (Pink), Margaret Dickson (White), Mrs. John Laing (Pink), Marshall P. Wilder (Carmine), Crimson Rambler, Coquette des Blanchés (White), Gen. Jacqueminot (Crimson), Earl of Dufferin (Crimson), La France (Pink), Paul Neyron (Red), Killarney (Pink and White), Ulrich Brunner (Red), Persian Yellow.

MOSS ROSES:—Prince Camille de Rohan (Crimson), Mad. Plantier (White), Prairie Queen (Red), Anne de Diesbach (Carmine), Baltimore Belle (White), Hugh Dickson (Crimson.)

Tunkhannock, Pa., May 12, 1913

Kelly Bros., Dansville, N. Y.

Gentlemen:—I wish to thank you for the trees received from you as they were a splendid lot, I think, and exceptionally well rooted. They are starting in nice shape. You may rest assured on another order next season which I trust will be a larger one than this season.

Respectfully yours,
G. M. Burr.

Holyoke, Mass., Apr. 29, 1913

Kelly Bros., Dansville, N. Y.

Gentlemen:—I received the trees last week and they were all in good condition.

Yours respectfully,
Wm. C. Marshall.

"You'll Never Regret Planting Kelly Trees"

Direct from Grower to Planter

Our Bargain Sized Trees

Many planters prefer to plant the small sized trees as it reduces the cost of investment, and in all cases they report success in transplanting this grade, the fibers on the roots are small and readily adhere to the ground and make a rapid growth the first year. The small sized trees we offer on this page are all strictly first class according to their grade, healthy and well rooted, and we do not think you will make any mistake in ordering these. We have a good supply of Apple, Pear, Peach, Cherry and Plum in all varieties listed in the preceding pages.

Prices on All Varieties Bargain Size Trees

			EACH	TEN	HUNDRED
Apple	2 year	3½ to 4½ feet	.12	\$1.00	\$7.00
Pear	2 year	3½ to 4½ "	.12	1.00	8.00
Peach	1 year	1½ to 2½ "	.08	.70	5.00
Plum	2 year	3 to 4 "	.12	1.00	8.00
Sweet Cherry	2 year	3 to 4 "	.12	1.00	8.00
Sour Cherry	2 year	2½ to 3½ "	.10	.90	7.00

Stafford Springs, Conn., May 20, 1913

Kelly Bros., Dansville, N. Y.

Gentlemen:—The trees arrived in very good condition. Thank you for your promptness. I shall know where to get trees next year.

Very truly yours,
C. S. George.

Westerly, R. I., April 19, 1913

Kelly Bros., Dansville, N. Y.

Gentlemen:—The trees have arrived. They are beauties and I am pleased with them. They came through in good condition, considering they were quite a while on the road.

Very truly yours,
J. M. Browning.

East Stroudsburg, Pa., April 22, 1913

Kelly Bros., Dansville, N. Y.

Gentlemen:—We received the trees in first class shape and are very much pleased with their looks. You certainly will get my future orders.

Sincerely yours,
E. D. Beardslee.

Natick, Mass., Apr. 26, 1913

Kelly Bros., Dansville, N. Y.

Gentlemen:—The trees arrived today and they are good ones and have splendid roots. You will hear from me again when I want more trees.

Yours truly,
J. W. Wheeler.

Caledonia, N. Y., Apr. 23, 1913

Kelly Bros., Dansville, N. Y.

Dear Sirs:—I received my nursery stock in good order and am pleased with it.

Yours very truly,
Jas. Ezard.

South Hero, Vt., May 3, 1913

Kelly Bros., Dansville, N. Y.

Gentlemen:—The cherry trees arrived today showing not only good growth but good packing as they were fresh and O. K. Thank you.

T. L. Kinney.

Berlin Heights, O., May 13, 1913

Kelly Bros., Dansville, N. Y.

Gentlemen:—We received trees yesterday in good condition.

Very respectfully,
N. E. Winchell.

NOTE OUR SPECIAL DISCOUNT ON ORDERS RECEIVED BY OCT. 15.

Special Bargains in Collections of Fruit Trees for the Garden and Orchard

Kelly's Collection for the Home No. 1

\$3.75 worth of Trees, Special Collection Price \$2.50

1 Red Astrachan Apple, 1 R. I. Greening Apple, 1 Northern Spy Apple, 1 Baldwin Apple, 1 Ey. Richmond Cherry, 1 Napoleon Cherry, 1 Montmorency Cherry, 2 Elberta Peach, 1 Ey. Crawford Peach, 1 Burbank Plum, 1 Abundance Plum, 1 Lombard Plum

Thirteen trees, all the largest size, XXX Grade \$2.50

Apple Tree Collection No. 7

1 York Imperial
1 Baldwin
1 Winter Banana
1 Wealthy
1 Northern Spy
1 King
1 Wolf River
1 R. I. Greening
1 Pewaukee
1 Stark

10 Apple Trees, 4 to 5 Feet, \$1.10

Standard Pear Tree Collection No. 2

1 Flemish Bty. 1 Sheldon,
2 Kieffer, 1 Wilder Early,
1 Beurre'd Anjou, 1 Seckel
1 Bartlett, 1 Clapp's Fav.,
1 Duchess 'd Angouleme

10 first class trees. 4 to 5 feet for \$1.50

Special Collection for the Garden No. 3

2 Elberta Peach, 1 Ey. Crawford Peach, 1 Montmorency Cherry, 1 Early Richmond Cherry, 1 Lambert Cherry, 1 Kieffer Pear, 1 Bartlett Pear, 1 Seckel Pear, 1 German Prune, 1 Lombard Plum, 1 Bradshaw Plum.

12 First Class, X Grade Trees, worth \$2.10 for \$1.50

Grape Collection No. 4

3 Concord, 2 Delaware, 2 Campbell's Early, 2 Moore's Early, 2 Niagara, 1 Pocklington

12 good, thrifty Vines, Special price 75 cents

Rose Collection No. 5

1 Am. Beauty, 1 Crimson Rambler, 1 Karl Druschki, 1 Marshall P. Wilder, 1 Coquette des Alps, 1 Dorothy Perkins.

Six 2 year strong bushes, Special Price \$1.00

Plum Tree Collection No. 8

1 German Prune
1 Lombard
1 Abundance
1 Ponds Seedling
1 Bradshaw

5 Plum Trees, 4 to 5 Feet 75 Cents

Currant Collection No. 9

10 strong 2 year bushes for 50 cents

3 Red Cross
2 White Grape
3 Wilder (Red)
2 Black Champion

Special Blackberry Collection No. 10

24 Strong Plants for 80 Cents

6 Eldorado
6 Lawton
6 Snyder
6 Mersereau

All strictly first-class plants 24 in all

Peach Tree Collection No. 6

3 Elberta
2 Greensboro
2 Late Crawford
1 Yellow St. John
2 Early Crawford

10 Peach Trees, 3 to 4 Feet, 85 Cents

Cherry Tree Collection No. 11

1 May Duke, 1 Olivet,
1 Ostheim, 1 Early
Richmond, 2 Large
Montmorency, 1 Lambert, 1 Schmidt's Big-gareau.

8 first class, X Grade, Cherry trees, Special Price 90 Cents.

A Few Remarks To Our Customers

Why Our Trees Are the Finest That Can Be Grown.

Dansville, N. Y., where our nurseries are located, is in the famous Genesee Valley which section has long been acknowledged by fruit growers to be the best section in the United States in which to propagate and grow fruit trees. Our soil and climate is ideal for the production of the finest stock, affording plenty of nourishment but not forcing the growth as in most sections of the west where a more rapid but spongy growth is obtained. Our cold, but not over severe, winters mature and harden up the fibers of the wood in a way that is impossible in milder climates.

Why We Can Sell the Best Trees At a Reasonable Figure.

On account of our years of experience, modern equipment, up-to-date facilities and large acreage, it does not cost us as much to grow trees as it does for the agents, jobbers, and dealers to buy them and we are able to give you the benefit of our low wholesale prices.

DEALING DIRECT WITH THE GROWER IS THE SURE WAY TO GET
THE BEST STOCK AND SAVE MONEY.

*Note Our Special Discount On Orders Received
On or Before October 15th.*

Newark, N. Y., Apr. 27, 1913

Kelly Bros., Dansville, N. Y.

Dear Sirs: Shipment of trees arrived in fine shape. It would be putting it mildly to say that they were as fine a lot of trees as I have seen in some time. Thanking you for the good stock, I am,

Yours truly,
E. A. Miller

Hopewell Junction, N. Y., Apr. 9, 1913

Kelly Bros., Dansville, N. Y.

Gentlemen: The box of trees arrived this A. M. in fine condition and were set out this afternoon. Am well pleased with them. Some of our friends may order from you.

Very truly yours,
Charles S. Bogardus

Cheshire, Conn., Apr. 10, 1913

Kelly Bros., Dansville, N. Y.

Gentlemen: We received the trees in good order.

Yours very truly,
Fred Ott

Lowville, N. Y., Apr. 24, 1913

Kelly Bros., Dansville, N. Y.

Dear Sirs: Trees received and are all right.

Truly yours,
Chas. W. Litchard

This is a picture of our large, modern, up-to-date, frost-proof packing house where all of our trees are carefully graded, packed and placed on board of cars. You will notice that we have a private switch right to our packing house so there is no excuse for our trees and plants to be exposed before they leave our hands, and will always carry safely through to destination with our careful method of packing.

A picture taken on one of our nursery farms, giving an idea of the kind of trees we grow.