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ROCKLAND NURSERIES

P. L. HUESTED

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Apples are cheaper
West 35c \$3.50 Doz. \$22. per 100
medium 25c \$2.50 doz. \$15. per 100

ESTABLISHED 1844 BY A. T. BLAUVELT

TELEPHONE CONNECTION. THROUGH PIERMONT. 79 W

BLAUVELT,

NEW YORK

ROCKLAND NURSERIES

Established 1844

These Nurseries are within easy walking distance of Blauvelt Stations of the West Shore R. R. and of the Piermont branch of Erie R. R. Personal selection of stock is particularly urged, and visitors are welcome at all times other than Sunday.

Our Terms are Cash. Advance payment or satisfactory reference will be required from all unknown parties. Remit by P. O. order, check, registered mail or stamps.

Only First Class Stock is offered whether the size be heavy or light, all are healthy and vigorous specimens and will fruit true to labels. Grades classed as No. 1 in this list are often larger than the "Extra Size" trees offered elsewhere and we are willing to invite comparison by sample in all cases where prices are quoted in competition. We give great care in digging stock to avoid exposure to sun or wind—a very important point in handling trees.

Packing of orders is free except in such cases as may require extra large bales or boxes in which material will be charged for.

Shipping Directions. State whether we may use freight or express or parcels post.

Our Shipping Facilities enable us to ship freight by the West Shore, Erie, and Northern Railroad of New Jersey, and to ship express by the National and Wells Fargo Express Companies. We make no charge for delivery to railroad stations, Nyack dock, or to nearby points **on regular deliveries.**

Shipping Seasons open about April 1 and October 15, but with our new nursery cellars we can pack some stock earlier, and can also extend the season almost two weeks later, on anything contained therein.

Order Early. It is of advantage to you, in that our assortment is full and stock is sure to arrive in the best season. Late orders sometimes find our stock of certain kinds exhausted, in which case we use our best judgment as to substitution, always labeling stock so substituted true to name. If no substitution is desired, kindly so state, and any money sent will be cheerfully refunded. Often our experience as fruit-growers enables us to select varieties better than a customer can from a catalogue. Consultation is freely given.

We Guarantee all trees, shrubs and plants to be true to name and healthy, and will replace any proving otherwise, on proper proof; but it is agreed that our liability shall extend to no greater amount than the purchase price. **We do not warrant trees to live** without special agreement, but are ready to adjust any complaint made when trees or plants **are received.** The risk of transplanting, drought, etc., are the customers. Inspection certificate accompanies each shipment.

APPLES

Apple growing is a paying business. The consumption of the fruit has increased much faster than the production and high prices rule in consequence. Note the difference in values of orchard land and that not so improved, if you would realize the increase added by an insignificant investment. Modern varieties and modern methods are bringing Eastern apples once more to their rightful place in Eastern markets.

Use the "filler" system by which permanent trees are alternated with early-fruited kinds, or with Peaches.

Dwarf Apples fruit very early, occupy little space and give high quality, specimen fruits. Set them in your garden.

Pruning. Always prune tops severely when planting, firm the ground well and then mulch or cultivate the ground.

For Profit we especially recommend the following from the list recently published by Prof. Hedrick of the N. Y. Agricultural Exp. Station: Baldwin, Greening, King, Rome Beauty, Wealthy, Twenty-Ounce and McIntosh.

One-year apple trees are succeeding well in the hands of careful planters, We sell the heaviest for the same price as the second size two-year trees.

Prices: 2 yr. No. 1, 5 to 7 ft., 40 cts. each, \$4 per doz., \$27 per 100.

No. 2, 4 to 6 ft., 25 cts. each., \$2.50 per doz., \$20 per 100.

Dwarfs, 40 cts each.

SELECT LIST OF VARIETIES IN ORDER OF RIPENING

Yellow Transparent. A fine Russian variety. Yellow; earliest.

Red Astrachan. Popular; large, red,

Early Harvest. Large, yellow.

Alexander. Very large and beautiful, deep red.

Maiden's Blush. Handsome, with red cheek; pleasant acid flavor.

Gravenstein. Quality fine; large striped. September.

Fall Pippin. A large yellow Apple of finest dessert quality. Oct. to Dec.

King. Popular Fall and early Winter variety; large and fine; productive.

Wealthy. High in quality and productive. Bears often in three years from planting.

Twenty-Ounce. Very large, showy.

Wolf River. Improved Alexander.

Rome Beauty. Large, red, handsome. Juicy, crisp, early bearer, productive.

Rhode Island Greening. Large; greenish yellow. Nov. to Jan.

Baldwin. Most popular red Winter variety. December to March.

Spitzenburg. High in quality, but not a sturdy grower.

Northern Spy. Well known.

McIntosh Red. The most handsome late sort of high quality.

Jonathan. Red, prolific and fancy.

Ben Davis. Prolific but lacking in quality.

Stayman Winesap. A fine red sort.

York Imperial. Profitable red apple, largely grown in Pennsylvania.

Golden Russet. One of the longest keepers; fine-flavored; productive.

Newtown Pippin. Long keeper; best quality; slow grower; needs manure.

Crab. Transcendent, Hyslop, Martha.

PEARS

Bartlett, Clapp's and Seckel are bringing extremely high profits to growers who have these varieties for market. Kieffer is also a standard for the Fall market, although used for canning mostly. We list in order of ripening.

Tyson. Medium size; yellow.

Clapp's Favorite. Large yellow, with red cheek; handsome; ripe before Bartlett, and must be picked early.

Bartlett. The most popular and profitable Summer Pear for home use or market. 40 cts. each, \$4.00 per doz.

Seckel. Highest quality among Pears. Small size; brown with russet-red cheek. 40 cts. each, \$4.00 per doz.

Sheldon. Large, round, russeted; rich and sweet.

Worden-Seckel. An improvement over Seckel in size and in growth. 40 cts. each.

Anjou. Large; greenish, rich.

Kieffer. Most productive and vigorous of Pears. Handsome and profitable. Not high in quality but standard for canning.

Clairgeau. Large; skin yellow, shaded with orange and crimson.

Lawrence. Unsurpassed as a Winter Pear.

Prices: 2 year, unless noted, 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz., \$25 per \$100.

Kieffers at bargain prices in large lots.

PLUMS

Prices: No. 1, 2-year trees, 35 cts. each, \$3.00 per doz., \$20.00 per 100.

No. 2, 2-year trees, 30 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz., \$16.00 per 100.

Bradshaw. Large, early, violet red.

Fellenberg (French or Italian Prune).

A fine, late, oval Plum; purple; flesh juicy and delicious; fine for drying.

Imperial Gage (Green Gage). Medium size, round; green; rich, sweet flavor; for family use.

Reine Claude de Bavay. Large, nearly round; pale yellow, marked with red; juicy, melting and excellent.

Grand Duke. Large, oval; dark pur-

ple; flesh firm, of good quality; juicy, rich and productive.

German Prune. Blue or purple.

Monarch. English variety. Fruit very large, roundish oval; dark purplish blue; very valuable. A little later than Grand Duke.

York State. Large, oblong; purple; very solid flesh; one of the best of the German Prune type.

Shropshire Damson. Largest of the Damson class; used for preserving. Tree hardy and productive.

JAPANESE PLUMS

This class of Plums bear as young as do Peach trees.

Abundance. Very early and heavy fruiting; amber-color, turning to cherry-red; highly perfumed and flavored.

Burbank. Crimson-purple; rich and handsome; tree hardy and productive. Requires severe annual pruning and thinning of fruit. One of the best.

Satsuma. Dark red; flesh purple, firm; stone small. A fine keeper and shipper and especially good for preserving. Mid-season to late.

Wickson. Fruit very large; white, changing to deep carmine; flesh extremely rich, firm, fine; pit small. Tree spreads less than the others.

PEACHES

Besides growing nursery trees we have been raising Peaches for years and our nursery trees of many sorts came from buds of our best orchard trees.

Our varieties have fruited uniformly true to label and we believe a wise orchardist can afford to pay more for such trees rather than take inferior kinds at any price.

We offer only a short list of varieties, having discarded many, and while the modern kinds are no better in flavor than the old Persian type of Peaches, they are almost frostproof and many times have yielded us crops of 4 to 10 baskets per tree for successive years.

Set Peaches only in ground which will be cultivated, prune severely, and use bone and potash liberally after the trees begin to fruit, which under good care is the third or fourth year. Our plan has been to set 150 trees per acre, or to alternate with Apples, but we shall plant some kinds closer. As long as present prices prevail, Peaches will remain very profitable and consumption is increasing rapidly.

Prices, Orchard Sizes: No. 1, 4 to 5 ft., 18 cts. each, \$1.80 per doz., \$11 per 100.

No. 2, 3 to 4 ft., 12 cts. each, \$1.20 per doz., \$8 per 100.

No. 3, 2 to 3 ft., 10 cts. each, \$1.00 per doz., \$6 per 100.

Extra size trees, 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

1,000 rates on early application.

Greensboro. Earliest Peach worth setting. Sure and abundant bearer.

Carman. An early variety of large size, blushed red; flesh creamy white, best flavor. A money maker.

Waddell. Medium size; creamy white, with bright blush; flesh white, and very free from rot.

Champion. Very large; creamy white, with red cheek; flesh white, tender, sweet and juicy. Highest quality.

Belle of Georgia. Large; white, with red cheek; flesh white, firm and of excellent flavor; very productive; not liable to rot.

Elberta. Fruit large, freestone; flesh and skin yellow, with red cheek; juicy. The greatest in yield and profit.

Niagara (Mammoth Crawford). Excels Late Crawford in size; a more dependable bearer, and is somewhat longer in ripening crop.

Stephen's Rareripe. Best white Peach of its season. Red cheeked and productive.

Iron Mountain. A late-ripening, white-fleshed variety, proving unusually hardy and profitable. Large.

OUR PEACH BLOCK

OTHER STANDARD VARIETIES OF PEACHES

Yellow St. John, Mountain Rose, Crawford's Early and Late, Chairs Choice, Oldmixon Free, Stump the World, Salway.

CHERRIES

Of late years many Sweet Cherry trees have failed to grow and bear as they did in years gone by. One chief reason lies in the fact that for the past fifteen years most nurseries have used the roots of a new Cherry as a stock on which to bud both sweet and sour varieties. This "Mahaleb" Cherry grows a fine appearing nursery tree, but the union is not as lasting one as when the old-fashioned "Mazzard" Cherry roots were used.

There are on our grounds Black Tartarian trees set by A. T. Blauvelt in 1844 and they still bear good fruit. We advise the planting of Sweet Cherries on Mazzard roots to the exclusion of all others.

Prices: Sweet varieties, No. 1, 2-year trees, 50 cts. each, \$4.00 per doz. No. 2, 1-year trees, 35 cts. each, \$3.00 per doz.

Some few trees on Mahaleb root at 25 per cent. less.

SWEET CHERRIES

Black Tartarian (Oxheart). Very large; rich, sweet and juicy; productive. Most popular variety.

Governor Wood. Light yellow, with red cheek; tender, juicy and of high-flavor.

Napoleon. Very large; white, with red cheek; very firm, juicy and sweet when ripe. Very productive, but liable to rot in wet weather.

Yellow Spanish. Early; yellow, with red cheek; high flavor.

Windsor. Originated in Canada. Fruit large; liver-colored, almost black; remarkably firm and of fine quality. Very late. Profitable.

Bing. A new Cherry from Oregon, resembling the Windsor, but larger. Some of the fruit raised in Geneva, N. Y., had a circumference of 3½ inches. In every way desirable.

Schmidt's Bigarreau. Very large, late, heart-shaped; quality excellent. A valuable variety. Black.

SOUR CHERRIES

Plant Sour Cherries, if you want to grow Cherries for your table within the space of three to five years. Plant them for their close, vigorous habit and clean foliage, making them the most ornamental among fruit trees. Plant them largely for commercial sale. They occupy much less space than do the sweet varieties.

Prices: 2-year No. 1, 40 cts., \$4 per doz., \$25 per 100; No. 2 at \$15 per 100. **Early Richmond.** Medium; dark red; sprightly acid flavor. Hardy.

Montmorency. Larger and later than Early Richmond. Best for profit.

There are two distinct kinds sold under the name of Montmorency; one is known as the "Large Montmorency" and the other as "Montmorency Ordinaire." The latter is the kind we offer. The first is not productive.

English Morello. Medium to large; blackish red, rich, acid, juicy and good. Very productive.

QUINCES

Quinces thrive best in deep, rich soil, and repay high culture and feeding. In blossom a Quince orchard is as handsome as an Orange grove and is immune from scale attack.

Prices: 3½ to 5 ft., 40 cts. each, \$4.00 per doz.

Apple, or Orange. Large, yellow, best quality. The most popular.

Champion. Late pear-shaped Quince.

MULBERRIES

Price: 4 to 6 ft., 60 cts. each. **Downing and New American.**

APRICOTS

Harris. The best known and most reliable. 50 cts. each.

NUT TREES

Price: 50 cts. each.

English Walnut. Bears here. Tender while young.

Japan Walnut. Vigorous and hardy. Nuts borne in clusters. Good quality.

Butternut. Excellent native tree.

GRAPES

Grapes should occupy many of the bare fences on your place. They yield under neglect but respond to pruning and care in more bountiful yields of larger clusters.

Price, except where noted: 20 cts. each, \$2.00 per doz.

Delaware. A small red Grape of finest quality; a weak grower.

Diamond (Moore's). A vigorous grower; free from mildew. Greenish white, almost transparent; large, early; sweet and juicy.

Moore's Early. Bunch and berry large and black; ripe very early. Not a prolific bearer, but ripens before any other good variety.

Niagara. A remarkably strong grower. Bunch and berry of the largest size; greenish white, of good quality. Mid-season.

Vergennes. Large, red, sweet, productive. A good, long keeper.

Worden. Resembles Concord, but is larger, earlier and of better quality.

Campbell's Early. A very large, promising, early black Grape, of good eating and keeping quality.

Bacchus. For wine this Grape brings high prices.

Brighton. The best red Grape in cultivation. Bunch and berry of medium size; of superior quality. Early.

Concord. The favorite black variety. 15 cts. each, \$1.00 per doz.

NIAGARA GRAPE

FERTILIZERS, SPRAY PUMPS, ETC.

In bearing orchards applications of stable manure are apt to promote too strong a growth of wood. Bone and potash are the ideal manure for fruits.

Write for Prices on Fertilizers and Insecticides.

We sell "Friend" hand and power pumps for orchard spraying.

\$125 buys the "Ever Ready" complete with engine. \$7.00 and \$8.00 "Auto-Spray" outfits for garden spraying. Circulars on request.

We will demonstrate power sprayers on request.

Orders for Spring delivery should be placed early.

STRAWBERRIES

BETTER ONES THAN YOU CAN BUY

A good supply should be on every table every day throughout June, and to have them right they should be home-grown. Get the best varieties and cultivate and feed freely. Mulch for Winter and do not remove the mulch entirely in the Spring, but let the plants come up through it and get its full benefit.

SPRING PRICES: 25 cts. per doz., 75 cts. per 100; low 1,000 rates on application. Potted plants in Midsummer, 50 cts. per doz., \$3.00 per 100.

Marshall (Perfect). Dark crimson berry of highest quality.

New York. This variety is fast becoming a favorite. It is a cross of Bubach and Jessie. New York is a fancy berry for fancy trade. Very large, bright red, strong foliage, and heavy fruiter.

Glen Mary. Berries large, irregular, seldom coxcombed; color dark scarlet, glossy; moderately firm and of good quality; very productive. Season medium to late.

Sample (Imp.). Long-fruited and very productive of large, firm, dark crimson berries of good quality.

Gandy. A reliable late variety; berries bright crimson, very uniform in size and shape, large and firm.

Chesapeake. Almost as late as Gandy, twice as productive and of high quality. New.

Wm. Belt. A large, handsome berry for market or home use. Vigorous, thrifty, heavy plant, producing large crops under good common matted row culture. Berries extra large, conical, quite uniform in shape, brilliant glossy red,

good quality, carries well to market and brings highest price. One of the best varieties.

Sharpless. An old well-known fancy variety. Highest quality needs high cultivation.

Stephen's Late Champion. New. A late variety, said to supersede Gandy. A strong grower and good plant maker.

MARSHALL STRAWBERRIES

CURRENTS

Currants are paying well. The plant will grow in any soil that will produce good farm crops. Wood ashes are very desirable for this as well as for most fruits.

Prices: 2-year-old plants, 10 cts. each, 75 cts. per doz., \$6.00 per 100.

1-year-old plants, 5 cts. each, 50 cts. per doz., \$4.00 per 100.

Low thousand rates.

Fay's Prolific. Large, rich red, on long and easily picked stems.

Wilder. Strongest grower; productive and long-keeping. Fruit is large in clusters; long stems. For commercial planting the leader.

Champion. An excellent English black variety. Fine for jam.

White Grape. Of fine quality; less acid than the reds. For table use.

GOOSEBERRIES

2-YEAR-OLD PLANTS OF THE FOUR BEST SORTS

Downing. Large, green; of good quality; productive. 12 cts. each, \$1.25 per doz.

Columbus. A white variety of finest flavor and wonderful productiveness. With us it is larger than any other. 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz.

Red Jacket (Josselyn). A large red American sort. Free from mildew, of best quality. 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz., \$12.00 per 100.

Industry. Vigorous upright growth; very productive. Color red; of pleasant, agreeable flavor. 20 cts. each, \$2.00 per doz.

BLACKBERRIES

Plant in rows 6 feet apart. Cut out old canes soon as done bearing.

Price: 50 cts. per doz., \$3.00 per 100.

Early King. An extra early and very hardy variety. Larger and earlier than Early Harvest and hardy as Snyder. Of delicious sweetness.

Eldorado. Hardy and productive; medium large, long berries, tender, sweet, melting; a fine table berry. Low rates per thousand on this variety.

Rathbun. Berries extra large, jet black. Flesh juicy, high flavored.

Early Harvest. A very early sweet variety. Not always hardy.

Ward. A New Jersey seedling of the Kittatinny, having all of its good qualities and none of its defects. Healthy, strong grower, producing large fruit, black throughout. Has never winter-killed in New Jersey.

RASPBERRIES

Plants in rows 5 to 7 feet apart and thin out early to six or seven canes in the hill. Cut out the old canes as soon as they are done bearing. Give a light dressing of manure annually.

Price, except where noted: 40 cts. per doz., \$2.00 per 100.

Columbian. Purple. This variety has the richness of the red and the tartness of the blackcaps. There is no better berry for home use and for market where its qualities are known.

Cuthbert. Red. Well known and extensively planted. Season medium to late. High quality.

St. Regis. Red. A new berry fruit-

ing as late as Sept. \$1.50 per doz.
King. Red. This is one of the best early kinds. Berries large, firm and of good flavor.

Kansas. Berries size of Gregg's but better color; jet black, almost free from bloom; firm; of best quality.

Plum Farmer. Black. A leader among all sections where known. Plant no other for the main crop.

ASPARAGUS, ETC.

Conover's Colossal. Large rapid growing, well-known kind.

Palmetto. A high quality southern variety, very early in season and

large. Price of Asparagus, \$1.00 per 100; \$6.00 per 1,000.

Rhubarb. 10 cts each; \$1.00 per doz.

Horse Radish. 25 cts. per doz.

AN EXAMPLE OF FOUNDATION PLANTING

Artistic plantings change bare lots to ideal home sites, make delightful shaded avenues and change bare houses into real homes.

The cost is usually far less than supposed and seldom indeed is the return from sensible planting not felt in added property values as well as in the pleasure and interest well planted homes always give. Why should not five or ten per cent of the cost of a new home not be devoted to planting the surroundings artistically?

We take particular pleasure in making suggestions for particular problems.

WHICH IS YOUR CHIEF NEED? CHECK YOUR PROBLEMS.

Is quick shade most needed?

Do bare foundation lines appear about buildings?

Is a service court or enclosed laundry yard needed at the rear? Beech, evergreens, and some dense shrubs serve well.

Are evergreens needed for screens, windbreaks or in dwarf varieties for bright groups?

In which direction are objectionable views to be obscured? We will advise for quick results.

Should hedges enclose the vegetable garden, rose garden or give a background for a border of herbaceous flowering plants? We suggest varieties most suited.

Do slopes need planting?

Will choice lawn specimens add beauty?

May we suggest plants for shady places or plants for attractive effects successive months through the year?

Hints on Landscape Gardening, a 32-page pamphlet, giving views of different plantings and suggestions thereon, will be mailed, upon application, to parties contemplating improvements.

EXTRA LARGE TREES

We have Maples, Oakes and Evergreens in heavy grades for immediate effect.

ORNAMENTAL TREES

Unless noted, the prices average 50 cts. \$5 per dozen for our usual nursery sizes. Smaller and larger sizes priced on application.

ALDER, Imperial Cut-leaved. Deeply cut foliage; excellent as a single specimen. Vigorous and hardy. Bears catkins.

ASH, American White. Rapid growth.

APPLE, Two varieties of flowering crab apples. Fragrant and showy.

BEECH, American. A majestic, handsome tree. One of the best native trees for avenue, lawns or screens.

Purple-leaved. One of the most ornamental and effective trees in landscape planting. \$1.00 to \$2.50.

Fern-leaved. A rare variety with graceful habit and delicate foliage. \$1.00 up.

Weeping. A tree of rugged, picturesque growth. \$1.00. Large 10 ft specimens at \$8.50.

CATALPA, Speciosa. Symmetrical upright growth, producing a quick shade. Has large leaves and large panicles of showy flowers.

Bungei. A dwarf variety grafted standard high. Forms a dense head, and is attractive. Used in formal gardens. \$1.00 to \$1.50.

CHERRY, Japan Weeping. A most delicate pink flowering cherry. \$1.00 up.

DOGWOOD, Single White-flowering. A small forest tree which improves greatly by cultivation. Crimson foliage in Autumn. Bears scarlet berries in Fall.

Red-flowering. Rosy pink blossoms. \$1.00 to \$1.50.

Weeping. Erect leader, weeping branches. \$1.00.

ELM, American White. A lofty, gracefully spreading, native tree. 75 cts. to \$1. Low rates per 100 for street planting.

Weeping. Open in form, with wide arched streamers. \$1 up.

HORNBEAM, European. Because the russett leaves remain during winter this tree makes excellent screens.

HERCULES CLUB. A tropical-looking tree, with immense, finely divided foliage, spiny stem, and clusters of white flowers in July. 50 cts.

HORSE CHESTNUT, White-flowering. Noble lawn tree.

CUT-LEAVED WEEPING BIRCH

Red-flowering. New; showy.

Double White-flowering. Grafted. bears no nuts. \$1.50.

LARCH, European. A deciduous conifer. Has slender, drooping branchlets and pretty green foliage.

Japan Golden. Foliage light green in Spring, golden yellow in Autumn.

LABURNUM, Golden Chain. A small tree bearing yellow flowers in June.

LINDEN, European. A rapid, pyramidal grower. The flowers are very fragrant; the tree casts a dense shade. $1\frac{1}{4}$ inch 75 cts., $1\frac{1}{2}$ inch \$1.

American. Basswood.

MAGNOLIA acuminata. Tall, rapid growth.

Macrophylla (Great-leaved). Tree of medium size; flowers immense

Glauca. See Shrubs.

Conspicua—Chinese. Low; round head; pure white flowers expanding before the leaves. \$2.50.

Soulangeana. Most popular hardy sort. Flowers white, shaded pink outside. \$1.00 to \$3.00.

MAGNOLIA SOULANGEANA

MAGNOLIA, Lenne's. A pink-flowering late variety. \$1.50.

MAIDEN HAIR TREE (Ginkgo). A native of Japan, of medium size, with rich, glossy fern-like foliage. 50 cts. up. See front cover.

MAPLES. We have hundreds of Maples for street planting. Ask for estimates.

Silver-leaved. Quickest in growth and easily transplanted. 1 inch 50 cts., $1\frac{1}{4}$ inch, 85 cts., $1\frac{1}{2}$ inch \$1.00. Low hundred rates.

Sugar (Hard or Rock Maple). Long-lived, handsome tree. 1 inch 75 cts., $1\frac{1}{4}$ inch, \$1.00, $1\frac{1}{2}$ inch \$1.50.

Norway. Dark green foliage. Round head. We recommend this tree highly. 1 inch 70 cts., $1\frac{1}{4}$ inch 90 cts., $1\frac{1}{2}$ inch \$1.40. Low hundred rates.

Schwedler's Norway. A handsome purple-leaved form of Norway. Bright color in Spring, changing to bronze later. 75 cts. to \$1.50.

Wier's Cut-leaved. A drooping form of Silver Maple with finely cut foliage. 75 cts. to \$1.00.

JAPAN MAPLES

These dwarf Maples form a most beautiful class, brilliant in foliage, dense in growth and graceful in outline. Use them where space is limited either in groups or as single specimens.

ACER, Polymorphum. Foliage is deeply lobed, and varying in color in Spring from green to pink; colors a deep crimson in Autumn. 50 cts to \$1.50.

Atropurpureum. Blood-leaved. Most popular of all. The tree is hardy and pretty through all the season. \$1.00 to \$3.00.

Dissectum atropurpureum. The leaves are purple, very finely cut, drooping habit. \$1.50 to \$2.00.

Japonicum aureum. A dwarf variety; round, golden tinted leaves which are but slightly cut. \$2.00.

MOUNTAIN ASH, Euro-
pean. A small, hand-
some tree, with pinnate
leaves, bearing bright
red berries in Fall and
Winter.

MULBERRY, Teas' Weep-
ing. The best weeping
tree. \$1.00 to \$1.50.

Oak, American White. Large
native tree. \$1.00.

Pin. Attractive native
species with horizontal
branches and prettily
colored Autumn foliage.
A valuable street tree.
75 cts. to \$2.50.

Scarlet. Very attractive
in Autumn and Winter
because of its bright
colored foliage. \$1.50.

PLANE TREE. The Oriental
variety excels the well
known Sycamore or But-
tonball of America. 75
cts. up.

POPLAR, Carolina. Strong-
grow-of pyramidal form,
with large, dark glossy
leaves. Grows anywhere.
Use this tree for quick
or for screening views of
objectionable buildings
in the shortest possible
time. It thrives alike in
wet or dry locations and
can be depended on for
quicker results than the
longer lived Maples and
Oaks give, 8 to 10 ft., 35
cts.; 10 to 12 ft., 50 cts.

We make low prices for
hundred or thousand for
street planting or subur-
ban lot development.
Write for estimates.

Lombardy. A tall slender-grow-
ing Poplar, very common in
Europe. Plant it closely for
screen purposes or in groups for
landscape effects, but not for
dense shade. 50 cts. to \$1.00.

SOPHORA Japonica (Pagoda Tree).
Handsome low tree, with glossy
pinnate foliage and creamy white,
pea-shaped flowers in August.

SWEET GUM. A beautiful tree,
with large, star-shaped leaves,
turning deep crimson in Fall.
Tulip or White Wood. A rapid
growing tree which reaches
large size.

THORN, Paul's Double Scarlet. The
best double Thorn. 75 cts. up.

WEeping MULBERRY

Double White. White flowers.
Very ornamental variety. 50
cts.

WILLOW, Babylonian. The com-
mon graceful Weeping Willow.
Wisconsin. Extra hardy; weeping.
Thurlo's Weeping. New. More
upright and hardy than the com-
mon Weeping Willow. 75 cts.

Golden-barked. Very pretty in
Winter.

Britzensis. Attractive in Winter
on account of its salmon-red
bark.

Rosemary. A most graceful Wil-
low with feathery branches.

Laurel-leaved. Dark glossy foliage.

EVERGREENS

The larger use of Evergreens in plantings is adding greatly to the beauty and color in landscapes and is giving protection from Winter winds and screening unsightly objects. April and September are best months for planting.

Advise us of the location where Evergreens are desired and we will suggest effective group selections.

Prices vary with variety and quality of trees, and cost of balling when essential, hence a personal selection is most desirable; but we quote exact sizes with prices on application.

ARBORVITAE, American. 25 cts. to \$1.00. See also Hedge Plants.

Siberian. Compact and conical in growth; constant in color.

Pyramidal. Columnar in growth; dark green. Very hardy. 35 cts. up.

Globe. Grows in low, dense, globe form without shearing. 35 cts. up.

Rollinson's Golden. Is tipped a bright golden in Summer and turns chocolate-brown in Winter. 75 cts. to \$2.00.

Peabody's Golden. The brightest and most permanent in color of all the fancy Arborvitaes. \$1.00

Chinese (Biota). Pyramidal, with dense fresh green foliage. 35 cts. up.

Berckman's Dwarf Golden. One of the prettiest of evergreens for single specimens or groups. 50 cts. up.

CEDAR, Blue Mt. Atlas. Hardy form of Oriental Cedar, eventually attaining large size. Striking blue foliage, 1 ft., 30 cts., 4 ft., \$2.00; 6 ft., \$4.

CYPRESS, Nootka Sound. Hardy pyramidal form of Lawson's Cypress. \$1.50 to \$2.50.

Triomphe de Boskoop. Blue form of Lawsonii. Bright as Colorado Blue Spruce. 2 to 3 ft., \$1.25.

FIR, Balsam. Our well-known "Christmas Tree." Very attractive while young. 50 cts. up.

Cephalonian Silver. Broad compared with height; pyramidal; silvery leaves with spine on point. Hardy. \$1.00 to \$3.00.

Concolor. A Colorado Fir. Its graceful habit, broad, handsome foliage—green or blue above and glaucous

beneath—make it a rival to the Colorado Blue Spruce. \$3. to \$5.

European Silver A noble tree with spreading branches. Foliage broad and silvery. 50 cts. up.

Nordmann's Silver. One of the richest of evergreens. Foliage is heavy, dark and lustrous, silvery underneath. \$1.50 to \$5.00.

HEMLOCK. Our well-known native Spruce. 50 cts. up. See also Hedge Plants.

JUNIPER, Irish. Forms a tall slender column of silvery green. 50 cts. to \$2.00.

Red Cedar. Our well-known hardy native tree. Now in great demand for use about residences on Long Island. Nursery grown trees live, others have few roots.

RETINISPIRA OBTUSA. SEE PAGE 15.

Stricta. Silvery in color, pyramidal form. One of the best. 50 cts. to \$1.00.

Variegated Chinese. A compact form with foliage beautifully variegated. \$1.50 to \$2.00.

Tamariscifolia. A bright green, trailing plant. Best of its class. 75 cts.

PINE, Austrian. Strong spreading sturdy growth; dark foliage.

Scotch. Of lighter color and more upright than the Austrian.

White. Our finest native Pine. 50 cts. up. Seedlings \$1 to \$3 per 100.

Swiss Stone. A dwarf Pine; very erect and close-branched. 75 cts. up.

Mugho. A low-growing, broad-spreading tree or bush; very ornamental.

PINE, Umbrella. A beautiful and hardy evergreen from Japan. Shining dark green foliage arranged in whorls of umbrella-like tufts. Of slow growth, but rare and desirable. \$2 up.

Bhotan, or Himalayan Mountain Pine. Stately, rapid grower, resembling our native White Pine, but with longer, more silver leaves. \$1.00 to \$4.00.

RETINISPORA (Japan Cypress). This is a most interesting class of evergreens, many of them being of dwarf habit and particularly adapted to small places. There are great varieties of tints and variegations among them, and the roots are well fitted for transplanting. 50 cts. to \$5. Specimens are shipped with balls of earth.

Filifera (Thread-branched Japan Cypress). Beautiful tree of very elegant appearance with bright green foliage. Pyramidal in outline and particularly graceful on account of the tips drooping in long filaments.

Obtusa. A close, compact form.

Pisifera. Fine feathery foliage; branches glaucous underneath.

Pisifera aurea. A variety of the preceding; growth tessellated and wavy; vigorous in habit; foliage rich golden and permanent in color.

Plumosa. Dwarf, dense, growth; branchlets slender and feathery.

Plumosa Aurea. A variety of the above with gold tipped leaves.

Lycopodioides. A pretty dwarf variety, resembling Club Moss.

Squarrosa Veitchii. A handsome, erect glaucous tree of medium size; striking in appearance and color.

SPRUCE, Norway. The most generally planted evergreen. Rapid and symmetrical in growth. See Hedge Plants. 1½ to 2 ft., 35 cast. each, \$3.50 per doz.; 2 to 3 ft., 50 cts. each, \$5.00 per doz.; 3 to 4 ft., 75 cts. to \$1.00. Specimens, \$1.00 to \$5.00.

Weeping. A remarkably striking form of the above. \$1.00 up.

Colorado Blue. A magnificent tree from the Rocky Mountains. Of compact growth, varying in color from light blue to sage-green; blue specimens, \$1.00 to \$5.00; green specimens, 50 cts. to \$1.00.

Koster's Blue. A light blue strain of the above, grown in Holland. Very choice. \$1.50 to \$10.00.

White (P. alba). Medium-sized native tree of compact growth and entirely hardy. Foliage light green. Very beautiful. 50 cts. to \$1.00.

Engelmann's. Almost identical with Colorado Blue in color and habit. 50 cts. to \$3.00.

Douglas'. From Colorado. Rapid grower. Light green foliage and graceful spreading form. \$1.00 to \$2.00.

Oriental. One of the most beautiful evergreens. Not so large and coarse as the Norway Spruce. \$1.50 up.

YEW, English and Irish. Pyramidal form; dark green foliage. \$1.00 up.

A FORMAL GARDEN

FLOWERING SHRUBS

Price: unless otherwise noted, 25 cts. to 35 cts. each, \$2.50 to \$3.50 per doz.

Bedding size, 15 cts. up. Extra large specimens, 50 cts.

Low rates per hundred or thousand.

ALMOND, Double Rose-flowering.

ALTHAEA (Rose of Sharon). Several choice varieties, single and double flowering, of various colors. Sept.

Variegated-leaved. Foliage prettily marked with yellow.

AZALEA mollis. A beautiful hardy Japanese species, larger and more variegated than *A. Pontica*. These hardy Azaleas are used extensively for early forcing. Plants with 10 to 20 buds, 30 cts. to 60 cts.

Amoena. See Evergreen Shrubs.

BARBERRY, Thunberg's. An attractive shrub which is fast becoming popular. Use it where a low dense growing shrub is required as in the foreground of shrubbery groups or close to foundation lines. Flowers in May, colors most beautifully in Autumn, and bears bright berries throughout Winter. 25 and 35 cts. each. Hedge plants \$8 to \$12 per 100. See Hedge plants pg. 21.

Purple-leaved. Violet-purple foliage; upright growth.

BRIDAL WREATH. See Spirea.

CALYCANTHUS (Sweet-scented Shrub). Has chocolate-colored flowers with Pineapple odor.

CARYOPTERIS (Blue Spiraea, or Verbena Shrub). Blooms late.

DEUTZIA crenata fl. pl. White, tinged with pink. Tall.

Candidissima. Pure white, double flowers.

DEUTZIA Lemoinei. A new improved *D. gracilis*, having flowers larger.

Pride of Rochester. Earlier flowering than *D. crenata*. Tall.

Gracilis. Dwarf variety; flowers pure white.

DOGWOOD, Red-branched. Has blood-red bark and blooms in May. Very conspicuous in Winter.

Golden-twigged. Bright golden yellow bark. Very vigorous grower; hardy. Contrasts well in groups of green-leaved shrubbery.

- White.** See Deciduous Trees.
Red-flowering. See Deciduous Trees.
Golden Variegated-leaved (C. Spathi). Leaves beautifully variegated with yellow. 50 cts.
DAPHNE MEZEREUM. A beautiful and sweet-scented flowering shrub. The pink flowers appear on the naked stems in the first warm days of Spring. 50 cts.
ELDER, Golden. Bright leaves. Plant in the sun.
EUONYMUS Europaeus. Conspicuous in Winter when loaded with scarlet seed pods.
Japonica. Very pretty evergreen shrub, with large leaves resembling Holly. Yellow bloom early in Spring.
Radicans. See Vines.
DIERVILLA (Weigela). In variety of shades from pink to white. Late May.
Rosea. Most popular.
Desboisi. A deeper shade of rose.
Eva Rathke. A new variety, bearing brilliant crimson flowers.
Variegated-leaved. Fine dwarfish variety; flowers nearly white.
ELDER GOLDEN. Bright yellow leaves.
EXOCHORDA GRANDIFLORA. Tall shrub abundantly covered with white bloom in May
FORSYTHIA (Golden Bell).
Viridissima. Early-blooming.
Suspensa. A weeping variety.
Fortune's. Growth upright, foliage deep green; flowers yellow.
HONEYSUCKLE, Tartarian. Upright; pink and white variety, flowering in May and June; fragrant.
HYDRANGEA paniculata grandiflora. Immense pyramids of white flowers, changing to pink. Most effective when planted in groups.
Tree Form of above, 50 cts.
Hortensis. The well-known variety used in tubs for porch or lawn decoration. The color of the flowers ranges from pink to intense blue, depending on soil and season. 50 cts.
"Hills of Snow." A new native Hydrangea, blooming from June till the old paniculata begins to bloom. Very desirable. 50 cts. and 75 cts.
JUDAS TREE, American. Rosy pink flowers, appearing along the branches before the heart-shaped leaves. A small tree. 50 cts.
Japanese. A dwarf variety, with smaller leaves and brighter blossoms. 35 cts.

BERBERRY HEDGE AND BOSTON IVY. SEE VINES AND HEDGE PLANTS.

KERRIA (*Rhodotypos*). Large white flowers in early Summer. A shrub of good foliage which should be better known.

LAUREL. See Evergreen Shrubs.

LILACS, Purple and White. The two well-known fragrant sorts. Persian. Has smaller leaves and bright purple flowers.

Tree Form. 50 cts. Named varieties of fancy Lilacs, 50 cts.

MAGNOLIA, Chinese. See Trees. **Glauc** (*Sweet Bay*). Leaves glossy, evergreen, white beneath; has white, cup-shaped, fragrant flowers. 50 cts. to \$1.00.

MAHONIA Japonica. Pretty evergreen shrub; large leaves resembling Holly. Yellow bloom early in Spring. 35 cts.

Aquifolium. Smaller-leaved.

MOCK ORANGE. See Syringa.

PEONY, Tree. Earlier and larger than the herbaceous Peonies. Colors varying from white to crimson. \$1.00 up.

Herbaceous. See Border Plants.

PRIVET, California. A rapid-growing, nearly evergreen shrub, 15 cts. up; 2-year, \$4.00 to \$6.00 per 100. See Hedge Plants, page 21.

Golden California. New. Leaves are beautifully margined with bright yellow, the color remaining bright till Winter. 35 cts. up

Ibota. Of spreading habit, with curving branches and shining green leaves. Its pure white flowers appear in June, to be followed later by bluish black seeds. Hardy. 20 cts. each.

Regel's. A low dense form with drooping branches. Excellent.

PURPLE FRINGE (*Smoke Tree*). Covered in Summer with purple, misty flowers, producing a striking effect. 35 cts.

RHODENDRON. See Evergreen Shrubs.

STEPHANANDRA flexuosa. A beautifully cut, golden-leaved shrub, with graceful branches bearing white flowers in June. Leaves turn to bronze in Autumn.

STUARTIA pentagyna. This "American Camellia" is one of the most beautiful shrubs. Erect in habit, with fine foliage.

SNOWBALL, Common. Our old-fashioned well-known variety.

Japan. Rich green, plaited leaves; large, compact balls of white flowers.

SPIRAEA, Bridal Wreath. Beautiful well-known shrub. May.

Bumalda. A dwarf pink variety that flowers all Summer.

Bumalda Watereri. An improvement over Bumalda in its brighter golden color.

Arguta. A pink flowering. *S. Thunbergii*.

Opulifolia aurea. Best tall golden-leaved shrub.

Thunbergii. A low-growing variety of graceful, drooping habit, with narrow leaves. Early May.

Van Houttei. The finest of all Spiraeas. A most charming and graceful shrub, having pure white flowers in clusters. Extraordinarily profuse in bloom. Plant is a vigorous grower.

SNOWBERRY, White. A well-known shrub, with small pink flowers and large white berries that hang on the plant in Winter.

Red-fruited Snowberry, or Indian Currant. A shrub of very pretty habit. Flowers pinkish, fruit red.

SYRINGA (*Mock Orange*). White flowers in profusion in June.

Golden-leaved. Leaves bright yellow; plant more dwarf in habit.

Avalanche. A dwarf, compact shrub with slender, arching branches, covered almost the whole length with showy white, fragrant flowers, larger than those of Mock Orange.

SUMACH, Cut-leaved. Leaves glossy and fern-like. 35 cts.

SMOKE TREE (*Purple Fringe*). Valuable for midsummer effect.

TREE PAEONY. Distinct from the herbaceous. Enormous flowers, earlier in blooming than the latter.

Elizabeth, \$1.50.

Moutan, 50 cts. to 75 cts.

TAMARIX Africanus. Bearing small pink blooms in September.

VIBURNUM Plicatum. See Snowball Japan.

Opulus (*Highbush cranberry*).

Japonicum. Largely planted in New York parks. Excellent foliage, dark and dense.

Tomentosum. A handsome shrub blooming a week earlier than the Japan Snowball.

WHITE FRINGE. Flowers with white, fringe-like petals. Handsome. 35 cts.

RHODODENDRONS

HARDY EVERGREEN SHRUBS

RHODODENDRONS. These are the finest of all evergreen shrubs; the leaves are broad, green and glossy, surmounted with scarlet, purple or white clusters of flowers, many of them as large as a small bouquet. Rhododendrons should have a light, peaty soil, free from lime and clay, a position that is slightly shaded. It pays to go to some expense to prepare the bed thoroughly, to give some protection in Winter, and to mulch with leaves or well-rotted manure. Eastern exposures are best. We sell only the hardy kinds.

Rhododendron Hybrids. Of these beautiful varieties there are many hardy ones, varying in color from deep crimson to rose-pink and white. \$1.00 to \$1.50. \$10 per doz.

Hardy Varieties:

Album Elegans, very large, white.
Charles Dickens, red, shaded, crimson.

General Grant, crimson, shaded magenta.

Giganteum, large, cherry red.

Grandiflorum, dark rose.

H. H. Hunnewell, crimson.

H. W. Sargeant, red, shaded crimson.

Lady Clermont, red, shaded, crimson.

Roseum Elegans, pale lavender, pink shade.

Maximum (Great Laurel). This large-growing native variety has light pink blooms in July and is used extensively in large grounds. Small plants, 35 cts. to 50 cts.; clumps, 75 cts. to \$2.00. Car lots from woodlands, \$125 to \$150.

Catawbiense. A native species from Carolina, to which the hybrids owe much of their vitality. Flowers of a lilac-purple color. 50 cts. to \$1.00.

MOUNTAIN LAUREL. Narrow-leaved. Bears small, showy clusters of rose-colored flowers. 50 cts. to \$1.00.

AZALEA Amoena. Beautiful evergreen shrub, with an abundance of small, shining dark green leaves and claret-colored flowers, appearing in May. The foliage turns to a bronze hue in Autumn. 50 cts. to \$1.00.

Hinodegiri. A magnificent hardy Japanese variety; decided improvement upon *A. amoena*, which it somewhat resembles in habit of growth, but is a more vigorous grower and foliage is heavier. Bright carmine flowers are produced in enormous quantities. In fact, when in full bloom, the plant is almost a solid mass of color. Remains in bloom for a long

period. This variety is hardy North. 12 to 18 in., strong, bushy plants, each \$1.00.

The Azaleas and Laurels harmonize well with Rhododendrons in bordering beds of the latter.

BOX (Buxus), Handsworth's. A fine hardy variety of vigorous, upright growth; large foliage. 35 cts. up.

Tree. A compact, slow-growing shrub; dense, green foliage. 50 cts. to \$1.00.

Dwarf. Valuable for edging beds or borders. 4 to 5 in., \$6.00 per 100; 5 to 6 in., \$8.00 per 100.

Pyramid and Ball-shaped specimens \$2.00 to \$4.00 a pair.

VINES AND CREEPERS

Prices: 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz., unless noted. Assortment of five, \$1.00.

AKEBIA Quinata Japanese climber with finely cut, nearly evergreen leaves; violet blooms, fragrant.

AMPELOPSIS Veitchii (Japan or Boston Ivy). Most popular climber for brick or stone; has most gorgeous Autumn foliage. 25 cts. each, \$2.00 per doz. See cut.

Quinquefolia. (The True Virginia Creeper). A beautiful native climber, perfectly hardy. Rich crimson Autumn foliage. 20 cts. each, \$2.00 per doz.

CLEMATIS Paniculata. Is a rank grower and has a profusion of single white flowers, delightfully fragrant. 20 cts. each, \$2.00 per doz.

Jackmanni. A perpetual bloomer; intense violet-purple, remarkable for velvety richness. The most valuable of all large-flowering Clematis. 40 cts.

Mme. Edouard Andre. Single. The most desirable red sort. 40 cts.

Henryi. Very vigorous; a free bloomer and most valuable of the large whites. 40 cts. One each of last three for \$1.

ENGLISH IVY. Evergreen climbing vine, with dark glossy green leaves. Much used for covering walls of churches, etc., and for cemetery work. Is a true ever-

green; retains its bright green leaves all Winter and always looks alive. Price, large size, 25 cts., each, \$2.50 per doz.

EUONYMUS, Radicans. A hardy, dense growing evergreen vine. Satisfactory in a shady situation. Excellent for covering walls, rock or trunks of old trees. Should be more used.

E. Radicans Variegata. Green leaves variegated with silvery white.

Price: either variety, 20 cts.; \$2 doz. for 2 yr. plants. Large 5 yr., 50 cts.

HONEYSUCKLE, Hall's Japan. Fragrant; free bloomer, almost evergreen.

Golden-veined. Attractive.

MATRIMONY VINE. Purple blossoms, scarlet berries. Valuable for trellis or embankments.

MYRTLE (Periwinkle). Evergreen leaves, with small blue flowers. 10 cts. Clump 25 cts.

TRUMPET VINE. Orange-red trumpet flowers. Desirable for training over arbors, etc.

WISTARIA. Blue. Strong grower when established. 35 cts.

White. Flowers pure white. 50 cts. Planted together, these two will produce a fine effect.

HEDGE PLANTS

Do not think of hedging for the front alone, it serves even more satisfactorily for enclosing the vegetable or rose garden or for marking rear boundary lines.

California Privet.	Per 100	Norway Spruce. 15 in. to 20 in..
1-yr., 12 in. to 18 in.....	2.00	\$15.00 per 100.
1-yr., 18 in. to 24 in.....	3.00	Arborvitae. 12 in. to 18 in., \$10.00
2-yr., 18 in. to 24 in.....	4.00	per 100.
2-yr., 24 in. to 36 in.....	5.00	Hemlock. 10 in. to 15in., \$25.00 per
Plant deep and cut back to 5 or 6 inches.		100.

Berberis Thunbergii. By far the best hedge plant among shrubs. Attractive in Spring and particularly bright when foliage colors in Fall. Scarlet berries remain over winter. 15 to 24 inches, \$12 per 100; 10 to 18 inches, \$8 per 100; Seedlings, 7 to 10 inches, \$4 per 100. See cut pg. 17.

HARDY BORDER PLANTS

PRICE, unless otherwise noted: 25 cts. each, \$2.00 per doz.

Arundo Donax. A hardy bamboo, rich green pointed leaves.

Bleeding Heart. An old, early-blooming plant, with drooping sprays of red, heart-shaped flowers.

Blue-Bird Flower (*Veronica longifolia subsessilis*). The handsomest hardy blue border plant, growing to the height of 2 feet. Flowers persistently.

Cannas. 10 cts. each, \$1.00 per doz.

Chrysanthemums. An assortment of hardy varieties. 15 cts.

Digitalis (Foxglove). This class of old-fashioned plants includes some of the most showy of our hardy perennials. Succeeds well in partial shade. 15 cts.

Dahlias. An assortment of standard varieties and novelties. 10 to 25 cts.

Day Lily. 15 cts., clumps 25 cts.

Eulalia. Four varieties of these ornamental grasses.

Golden Glow. 10 cts. each, \$1.00 per doz.

Hollyhocks. 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz.

Iris Germanica (Fleur-de-Lis). Bloom very early and are very showy. Easily distinguished from all other Iris by their sword-shaped leaves. We offer blue, white, purple and yellow. 10 cts., \$1.25 per doz.

Iris Kaempferi (Japan Iris). New varieties from Japan with wonderfully gorgeous flowers; varying in color from white to blue and deepest purple. 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz.

Larkspur (*Delphinium*). Old-fashioned flowers of rich tints of blue.

Lily of the Valley. Pure white, fragrant, bell-shaped flowers in panicles. Clumps 15 cts.

Peonies. These plants are having a bloom of popularity and have been greatly improved. A choice selection of named varieties. 25 cts. up.

Perennial Phlox. Hardy; brilliant in colors of a very wide range, and blooming early and late. They are indispensable. 15 cts. each; in assortment, \$1.50 per doz.

Yucca (Adam's Needle, or Spanish Bayonet). Its dagger-like foliage, which is evergreen, and its stately spikes of creamy white lilies, make it very picturesque and decorative.

BORDER PLANTS

ROSES

A right sort of country home must have Roses in abundance.

In our offering a list of Roses, we have confined ourselves to such as succeed with ordinary cultivation and give best satisfaction.

Our Roses are almost all on their own roots, and not to be compared with small pot Roses nor the Holland grown, budded stock sold at auction and department stores.

Cut all Roses severely back when planting. Hardy Roses may be planted either Spring or Fall. Protect from sun when first planted. Mulch in Winter.

HYBRID PERPETUAL

Price: Heaviest 2 yr. plants, 30 cts. each, \$3 per doz.

American Beauty. Rich rosy crimson, with carmine shadings.

Clio. Light satiny rose-colored flowers; a showy plant and free bloomer.

Frau Karl Druschki (Snow Queen). Flowers very large; beautiful, pure silvery white, with very deep bud. This is the best white Hybrid Perpetual yet introduced and one of the best novelties of recent years.

General Jacqueminot. Brilliant crimson; large and very fine; one of the handsomest and most showy Roses of this color. A universal favorite.

Magna Charta. A full, globular, pink Rose, with carmine shadings and delightful fragrance. Plant is strong and blooms freely.

Marshall P. Wilder. Color cherry-carmine, richly shaded with maroon. Very fragrant; continues to bloom for a long period.

Mrs. R. G. Sharman-Crawford. New. Deep rosy pink, outer petals pale flesh, base of petals cream; large and perfect form. A constant bloomer and vigorous grower.

Paul Neyron. This magnificent Rose is by far the largest variety in cultivation. Very double and full, of a beautiful deep rose-color, and de-

KAISERIN AUGUSTA VICTORIA

lightfully fragrant; borne upon vigorous upright shoots in great abundance.

Ulrich Brunner. A superb Rose; a seedling from Paul Neyron; extra large, bold flowers, full and globular; petals large and of a good substance; color a rich, glowing cherry, fragrant.

HYBRID TEAS AND EVERBLOOMERS

Price: 30 cts. each, \$3.00 per doz.

Kaiserin Augusta Victoria. A superb white Rose of almost perfect form in bud and flower; large, full and double. The fragrance is distinct and rich; the plant is strong, with handsome foliage and a continual show of blossoms.

Clothilde Soupert. A pearl-white, with rosy pink center; of medium size and very double.

Gruss an Teplitz. One of the finest crimson Teas grown. Dark, rich velvety crimson, shading to brilliant red. The flowers are large, full, and of delicious perfume. Fragrant.

Oriole. New yellow rose.

Helena Cambier (H.T.) Coppery yellow shaded to amber.

Killarney. Perfectly hardy and a strong, robust grower. Bright rich coral-pink; graceful, long pointed buds; extra large flowers which last a long time after cutting.

La France. One of the sweetest and most beautiful of all Roses. Delicate silvery pink; large, full and globular; constantly in bloom.

RAMBLER ROSES

Price: 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Crimson Rambler. Vigorous, rapid grower. The flowers are borne in immense trusses, pyramidal in form, color rich glowing crimson.

Dorothy Perkins. One of the hardiest of the climbers. The flowers are borne in immense clusters and are of shell-pink, running to deep rose; large pointed buds. Week later than Crimson Rambler.

Lady Gay. Flowers a delicate cherry pink color, fading to soft tinted white.

Philadelphia Rambler. An improvement on the Crimson, but like it in

habit. A richer red, more profuse in bloom, earlier.

Yellow Rambler. The hardiest yellow climbing Rose yet introduced.

Wichuraiana, or Memorial Rose. A Japan variety. It is a low-trailing species, creeping on the earth almost as closely as the ivy. Blooms in clusters throughout July. It is pure white with yellow stamens, and very fragrant. Is valuable for covering banks.

THE NEW ROSE

Crimson Baby Rambler. This is a cross between the Crimson Rambler and Gloire des Polyanthus, preserving the prolific flowering qualities of the latter, but with the color of Crimson Rambler (a clear, brilliant ruby-rose). It can therefore be called a Perpetual Dwarf Crimson Rambler. It will begin to bloom in early June and continue throughout the entire Summer until late frosts. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Pink Baby Rambler (New). Flowers are a beautiful shade of deep rose; hardy and vigorous. 35 cts. each.

White Baby Rambler (New). The bushes are well-branched, each branch bearing from 15 to 30 or more clusters of small white flowers. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.

DOROTHY PERKINS ROSES

ROCKLAND NURSERIES

WE INVITE FRIENDS

IN ELBERTA PEACH SEASON