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The McCoy Nut Nurseries

PROPAGATORS OF
HIGH GRADE HARDY.
NUT TREES

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OLD STATE NATIONAL BANK
BUILDING
EVANSVILLE, INDIANA

We offer this booklet to acquaint the public with the best Northern Hardy nut trees that can be produced by the very latest and most scientific methods of propagation.

All the trees listed are propagated under the closest supervision of R. L. McCoy.

Mr. McCoy has devoted practically his entire life and all of his mature years to the propagation of fruit and nut trees, especially the latter, and there is probably no man in America who knows more about Northern Hardy nut trees than R. L. McCoy.

Our nursery is located in the rich lands of Spencer County, Indiana, just a short distance from Evansville, Indiana, and because of the extremes in temperatures, trees propagated in our nursery are well able to withstand both heat and cold.

One can make no better investment than to plant nut trees, whether he is able to plant a few trees on his city lot or many trees in acre tracts.

Nut trees are extremely long-lived. They require practically no cultural attention. The nuts are easily harvested and since they are almost non-perishable, they do not have to be hurried to market.

For shade there are no trees which equal the Northern Hardy nut trees. They are well rounded, tenacious of life, are attacked by few insects, hold their leaves until late in the fall and furnish food as well as shade.

PECANS.

We are especially proud of our Pecan Nursery, which contains more trees than any other northern hardy nursery.

We are located in the "Evansville District," which is recognized as the home of the Northern Hardy Pecan. In this district are located all of the nine varieties of pecan trees, and being located in this district Mr. McCoy has been able to personally superintend the cutting of all scion wood used in our nursery.

Many people are under the impression that the pecan will grow only in overflow land and while many pecan trees are found native there, many are also found in the upland.

The pecan will grow on almost any soil where the underlying rock does not come nearer than six or eight feet of the surface. Generally speaking, any land suitable for apples or corn is adapted to pecans.

BUTTERICK.

One of the larger nuts, shell thin, kernel plump, flavor sweet and rich. Parent tree stands near Grayville, Illinois. Its past record is unequalled and has been bearing for over 100 years. Discovered and named by Mr. McCoy.

BUSSEYON.

✓ **BUSSERON**—Nut large, thin shelled; kernel very rich and sweet, very promising for northern range. Mother tree stands in Knox County, Indiana, is very large and has good bearing record.

INDIANA.

✓ **INDIANA**—Resembles the Busseron. The mother tree stands very near the Busseron and is probably a seedling of it. The nuts resemble the Busseron so closely they can hardly be distinguished. The tree is of medium size and is very prolific.

NIBLACK.

Nut medium size, thin shelled, good cracker, kernel of good quality. Mother tree located near Vincennes, Indiana.

GREEN RIVER.

✓ GREEN RIVER—Mother tree in Henderson County, Kentucky. It is very large and very prolific. The nut is of medium size, the kernel is plump, is a very good cracker and the tree grows rapidly. Named by Mr. Littlepage and Mr. McCoy.

✓ **MAJOR.**

Parent tree stands in Henderson County, Kentucky. The nut is slightly below medium in size, almost round, thin shelled and splendid cracker. The kernel is plump and of very fine quality. This pecan ranks second in the amount of kernel in proportion to the amount of shell.

✓ **POSEY.**

Mother tree stands in Gibson County, Indiana. It is of medium size and very prolific. The nut is one of the largest of the northern varieties. It is thin shelled and a fine cracker. This is one of the best commercial varieties. Named and discovered by Mr. McCoy.

KENTUCKY.

✓ KENTUCKY—Parent tree in Hancock County, Kentucky, on the Ohio River. It is very large and has a fine bearing record. The nut is thin shelled and of good size. The kernel is plump, of fine quality. Named and discovered by Mr. McCoy.

✓ **WARRICK.**

The mother tree is growing in Warrick County, Indiana. It is of medium size and a very prolific bearer. The nut is large and well filled. The kernel is very rich and is one of the best flavored of the northern nuts. Named and discovered by Mr. McCoy.

McALLISTER.

McALLISTER—This nut is a hybrid, having quite a little Hickory blood. The young tree is a very fast grower and is particularly fine for shade planting. The mother tree stands in Posey County, Indiana. It is one of the oldest trees of record.

KENTUCKY SHELLBARK HICKORY.

These trees are very handsome and vigorous growers. The wood is tough and of great strength and elasticity.

Kernel very rich and sweet, nut above average in size, good cracker.

CHESTNUTS.

Chestnut culture in the United States, while still in its infancy, is older than that of the pecan, and it has been fully demonstrated that the Chestnut can be successfully grown in practically all the territory north of Alabama, and in some sections further south.

In the middle west the demand for high-grade Chestnuts has always been far in excess of the supply and to those who like this delicious nut and who desire a fine shade tree, which will produce bountifully of its treasure and supply shade long after the average purely shade tree is dead, we heartily recommend the Chestnut.

These trees will grow upon almost any soil and to those of you who have worn out, rocky hills we strongly recommend putting same in Chestnut trees. Many of these trees bear in our nursery at the age of two years.

The demand for Chestnuts invariably exceeds the supply.

Our Chestnut trees are absolutely free of blight.

We have in stock and thoroughly recommend the following varieties:

2 PARAGON—These nuts are very large, rarely measuring less than $1\frac{1}{4}$ inches. The kernel is mild and sweet and does not have the astringent, puckery flavor common to most large Chestnuts. The trees beary very early. Many two year old trees in the nursery row having as many as thirty well filled burrs.

✓ BOONE—Contains Japanese strain, has beautiful foliage and is a very vigorous grower. Nut is rich and sweet.

✓ McFARLAND—Crossed American strain. Nuts sweet and tender.

✓ ROCHESTER—An improved native nut. Nuts of large size and very sweet. Trees are rapid growers and bear abundantly.

✓ COOPER—A very fine tree. Nut plump and sweet.

2 RUSH HYBRID CHINQUAPIN—Very fine tree for lawn and driveway planting. The tree is very productive and makes a symmetrical growth. The nut is borne in large clusters, and many people claim it to be one of the sweetest and daintiest nuts.

✓ ENGLISH (PERSIAN) WALNUTS.

It is believed by many people that the English (Persian) Walnut is not grown in this country. This error has arisen principally because of the name. Many very old English Walnut trees are found in different parts of the United States and for some years the budding and grafting of these trees has been carried on by the leading nurserymen.

Many thousand trees that have been budded and grafted in California and several large English Walnut seedling orchards in New York State are producing immense crops and realizing excellent profits.

The trees are among the best known for shade purposes and there is a demand for the nuts far beyond the supply.

We have given much time and attention to the propagation of this nut in our nursery and after thorough testing have come to the conclusion that the varieties of English Walnuts, which we sell and recommend to our customers, are those quoted here:

✓ **MAYETTE.**

Originated in France, the nut is large and smooth and has a very fine appearance, probably the best nut for the market. The tree is very hardy.

✓ **FRANQUETTE.**

This nut is one of the best of the French strain.

✓ HALL—Very hardy—annual bearer. Probably the largest English Walnut. Quality good.

✓ RUSH—Has good bearing record—Hardy. Comes into bearing the fourth or fifth year. Shell thin and quality good.

✓ HOLDEN—The nut is large, smooth and attractive. The kernel is plump and excellent flavor.

✓ POTOMAC—A fine nut of excellent flavor.

✓ POMEROY—Of medium size. Kernel is full and of excellent quality.

✓ NEBO—One of the finest varieties. Nut is quite large and the kernel is full and of good quality.

WE SELL NO ENGLISH WALNUT SEEDLINGS.

✓ BLACK WALNUT—For those who desire a Black Walnut, that tree of beautiful foliage and magnificent shade, and for those who love the flavor of this nut, we have bred the following strains: The Miller, Ten-Eyck and Thomas.

STABLER.

One of the best varieties of Black Walnuts. This nut cracks out about 80 per cent. in halves.

BUTTERNUT OR WHITE WALNUT—This tree grows very rapidly and produces large, elongated nuts, with a rich, oily kernel.

JAPANESE WALNUT—These nuts will stand very low temperatures. Shell thicker than English Walnut and the kernel usually comes out whole and is of excellent quality. Trees grow with great vigor and usually bear when two or three years old.

ALMOND.

Hard Shell—Many people will be surprised to see the Almond listed, but we have for sale the above Hard Shell. This tree is extremely hardy and very showy when in bloom. Will grow and bear very far north.

PLANTING DIRECTIONS.

In transplanting nut trees great care should be taken not to expose the roots to the sun or drying winds as a very little drying of the small fibers is very injurious.

If the trees should arrive before it is convenient for planting, they may be "healed in" in a trench 18 or 20 inches deep, sloping up on one side. Place the roots in the bottom of the trench with the tops leaning on the slanting side and cover with dirt. See that the dirt is well worked in around the roots. Trees may be kept for a long time in this way.

In planting, dig the holes for the trees wide enough to admit the roots without cramping. Place the trees in the hole about as they stood in the nursery, being careful not to plant them any deeper. Spread the roots well and work fine soil around them. Tamp the dirt fairly hard. Where the ground is hard we recommend digging the holes with dynamite. After the trees are planted put a heavy mulch covering a space two or three feet on all sides. This mulch should be of barnyard manure or other litter and should be six or eight inches deep.

If trees are at all dry or shriveled, the best plan is to bury them, root and branch in wet earth. If frozen, they should be buried in earth until the frost is removed. Do not expose the tender roots to the sun or weather.

SHIPPING DIRECTIONS.

In ordering goods please state whether by freight or express. We prefer to ship by express and will do so unless instructed otherwise.

OUR RESPONSIBILITY.

We refer you to the Old State National Bank, of Evansville, Indiana, or any mercantile agency.

GUARANTY.

We guarantee every tree listed in this catalogue to be fresh stock and absolutely true to name. When shown to our satisfaction that any nut tree sold by us is untrue to name or otherwise not as represented we not only cheerfully agree to replace same but insist that we be allowed to do so.

SEASON FOR PLANTING.

Trees may be shipped any time from the first of November to the first of May.

**BUDDED OR GRAFTED PECAN, CHEST-
NUT, ENGLISH AND BLACK
WALNUT.**

	Each	10	50	100
1 to 2 ft..	\$1.25	\$10.50	\$ 49.75	\$ 94.50
2 to 3 ft..	1.50	12.50	57.50	110.00
3 to 4 ft..	1.75	14.50	68.75	130.00
4 to 5 ft..	2.00	17.50	77.50	150.00
5 to 6 ft..	2.25	19.00	90.25	171.50
6 to 8 ft..	2.50	21.50	102.00	193.50

ALMOND—BUDDED OR GRAFTED.

\$0.50 each \$5.00 per 12 \$40.00 per 100

JAPANESE WALNUT, BUTTERNUT.

Seedlings.

\$0.50 each \$5.00 per 12 \$40.00 per 100

HICKORY AND PERSIMMON.

Budded or Grafted.

Each \$1.50 per 12 \$15.00 per 100 \$125.00

Six trees at the ten rate, twenty-five trees at the fifty rate, sixty trees at the hundred rate.

TERMS—5% discount when cash ac-
companies order.

All prices quoted f. o. b. our Nurseries.