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SPRING OF 1920

PROGRESS NURSERY Co.

FRUIT TREES, SHRUBS, VINES, PERENNIALS, EVER-
GREENS AND ORNAMENTAL TREES THAT GROW

THE ONE NURSERY THAT PAYS THE FREIGHT AND
WAITS FOR PAYMENT 'TILL YOU SEE THE GOODS

TROY, OHIO.

\$4.78 - Combination Offers for - \$4.78

We will send you any of the following combinations for \$4.78 each, all charges paid.

They are filled with good stock that will grow and please you.

Plant carefully, cultivate well, and see how fast they grow into money for you.

No. 1—25 APPLES

18-24 in. high

- 2 Benoni, early.
- 2 Early Harvest, early.
- 1 Tetofsky, early.
- 2 Summer Rambo, summer.
- 1 Maiden Blush, summer.
- 2 Duchess, fall.
- 3 Baldwin, winter.
- 3 Fameuse, winter.
- 3 Northwestern Greening, winter.
- 3 Stark, winter.
- 2 Wagner, winter.
- 1 Talman Sweet, winter.

No. 2—25 APPLES

18-24 in. high.

- 2 Red Astrachan, early.
- 2 Benoni, early.
- 2 Sweet Bough, early.
- 2 Alexander, summer.
- 2 Duchess, fall.
- 2 Aiken, winter.
- 2 Greenville, winter.
- 3 M. B. Twig, winter.
- 3 Baldwin, winter.
- 2 Pewaukee, winter.
- 3 Northwestern Greening, winter.

No. 3—18 APPLES

Selected, 2-3 ft. high.

- 2 Red Astrachan, early.
- 2 Benoni, early.
- 2 Duchess, fall.
- 3 Baldwin, winter.
- 1 Greenville, winter.
- 2 Northwestern Greening, winter.
- 3 Stark, winter.
- 3 Delicious, winter.

No. 4—18 APPLES

Selected, 2-3 ft. high

- 2 Tetofsky, early.
- 2 Early Harvest, early.
- 2 Maiden Blush, fall.
- 1 Golden Sweet, fall.
- 2 Aiken, winter.
- 3 Baldwin, winter.
- 3 Gano, winter.
- 3 Wagner, winter.

No. 5—5 PEARS

Selected, 3-4 ft. high

- 1 Bartlett.
- 2 Clarigean.
- 1 Lawrence.
- 1 Sheldon.

No. 6—CHERRY

1-year, 2-3 ft.

- 1 Dyehouse, early sour.
- 2 Richmond, medium sour.
- 2 Montmorency, late sour.
- 1 Yellow Spanish, sweet.

No. 7—75 RASPBERRIES

Assorted

- 25 Cumberland, black.
- 25 Pride of Ohio, black.
- 20 Miller Red.
- 5 Golden Queen, yellow.

No. 8—18 CURRANTS

Select, 1-year.

- 5 Fay Red.
- 5 Red Cross.
- 5 Red Dutch.
- 3 White Grape.

No. 9—15 GOOSEBERRY

Select

- 5 Downing, white.
- 5 Houghton, red.
- 5 Mt. Seedling, white.

No. 10—225 STRAWBERRY

200 early, 25 fallbearing

- 100 Dunlap.
- 100 Aroma.
- 25 Progressive, fall bearing.

Our Business Policy

We are again sending you our annual catalogue, hoping to receive an order from you for trees and plants. We will appreciate your orders, and hope to please you so well in filling them, that you will tell your friends to order of us also. We promise you quality, always, and a square deal; also "service" which means "the Golden Rule melted into one word," and in placing your order with us you can rely upon the following:

FIRST: The men who grow these trees have had years of experience and know how to produce the best that can be obtained.

SECOND: Our location is such that all trees and plants have strong, new growth, well ripened and hardened to stand transplanting in any locality.

THIRD: We make a specialty of dealing direct with our customers and do not employ agents or salesmen. We will fill your orders with our very best trees and plants, dug fresh, full of vitality, packed carefully to reach you in good condition.

FOURTH: We believe if we ask for your confidence, we must have confidence in you, and upon your statement that you are entitled to ask credit, we will ship you upon open account, payable within 5 days after you receive the goods, as more fully explained upon the back cover page.

We have 250 acres nearly covered with trees and plants. Our list of varieties is large and we can supply almost every-thing that is hardy in this section.

We invite you to visit our nurseries. You are always welcome. We will be pleased to show you through our grounds, and make selections for you. The best time to do this is during the summer when stock is growing.

GENERAL BUSINESS TERMS AND CONDITIONS

We cannot accept orders for less than \$5.00.

All orders for \$10.00 or less to accompanied by cash.

You can send the money the easiest way it is possible for you to do so.

Fruit trees are sold from 1 to 24 at single rates. From 25 to 99 at 25 rates, and 100 or more at the 100 rate. Ornamental and shade trees, shrubs and vines from 1 to 9 are sold at single rates, from 10 to 99 at the 10 rate, 100 or more at the 100 rate. Berries and similar fruits from 25 to 99 at 25 rates. From 100 to 500 at 100 rates and 500 or more at 1,000 rates.

We guarantee our customers against wilful or intentional substitution of varieties, but if for any reason any tree or plant should prove to be untrue to label, we will replace the same free of charge or refund the purchase price, but we shall not be held for any sum greater than the amount we received for same.

We further guarantee our trees and plants to be in good condition when they reach you, but should the shipment be delayed in transit, or package be broken and

goods damaged, you must have the freight or express agent write upon receipt as follows: **"Received in damaged condition"** (fill in exactly what shape it was received in), also take shipment, do your part in saving all trees and plants that will grow, and send list of damage together with receipted freight bill to us so we can make claim for damages and protect our interest.

Size of Trees—All of our trees and plants are quoted in named sizes; for example, 2 to 3 feet, 3 to 4 feet, 4 to 6 feet and not as "Planters Grade, "Double XX," or "Mail Sizes," etc., which may mean any one of the above named sizes, consequently misleading to the customer.

Plant this spring; all stock will be higher next season, as this year's cost will control next year's price.

Place your order early to make sure of getting it filled complete. Accept a larger or smaller size if you cannot get just what you want, or you may not get any.

Don't buy cheap trees, there is something wrong with them, and do not buy "bearing sizes," they only disappoint in the end; if you plant young thrifty stock the size will come when needed.

Don't buy too many varieties, nor too many novelties; stick to the old standard and well-tested kinds.

If you begin watering during a dry spell keep it up daily until you get a good heavy rain. Learn how to spray your fruit, it pays and costs but little.

Cut off all bruised ends of roots and two-thirds of the top. Plant deep, as soon as received, with the roots spread out and earth packed tight around them, or at least heel them in the ground until ready for planting, and cultivate them for at least four years afterwards.

Fruit will not be cheaper until farm orchards are restored and taken care of. Homes will not increase in value or become real homes from their additional beauty until the plantings are made.

Buy this year, and we urge you to buy from us. We believe the benefits are mutual, and the greater value will be yours.

THE PROGRESS NURSERY CO.,

A. A. DINSMORE, Manager,

TROY, OHIO.

"A TREE FOR THE PRICE OF FIVE GOOD APPLES"

Apples

What tastes better than an apple fresh from the tree? You used to enjoy slipping out behind the woodshed and eating green apples, but those days are gone.

Now you and your family can gather around a basket of ripe apples in the living room on the cold winter evenings and enjoy yourselves equally as much if you will just plant PROGRESS TREES in your orchard or back yard.

SUMMER VARIETIES

ALEXANDER (Emperor Alexander)—Large, beautiful, deep crimson; flesh yellowish-white, crisp, tender, rather acid; recommended for kitchen and market. October.

BENONI — Pale yellow, marked with dark crimson; fine bloom; juicy, crisp acid; medium size; tree a medium grower; bears young and profusely. August.

CHENANGO — Rather large, oblong, conical, angular; whitish-yellow striped and splashed with light crimson; flesh white, very tender, with mild, pleasant sub-acid flavor. Sept.-Oct.

EARLY HARVEST — Medium to large; pale yellow; fine flavor. Tree moderate, erect grower, and a good bearer. July.

GOLDEN SWEET—A large, handsome, yellow apple; fine, sweet. August-September.

GRAVENSTEIN—Large, rather flat; yellow, with red stripes; beautiful and showy; flesh firm, tender and crisp; highly flavored; cooking and market. September and October.

LIVELAND RASPBERRY—A Russian apple of large size, waxy white, marbled with crimson; flesh white, stained with red, tender and sub-acid. Tree vigorous, early bearer. August.

OLDENBURG — Large size, roundish, and is streaked with red and yellow; flesh whitish; juicy; flavor sprightly, sub-market variety. The tree is a vigorous grower; very hardy; succeeds in northwest where many kinds fail. August-September-October.

RED ASTRACHAN—Large, roundish; nearly covered with deep crimson; flesh juicy, rich, acid. Cooking and eating variety, suitable for market. Tree a vigorous grower, with large foliage; a good bearer. Aug.

TETOFISKY — Good sized nearly round; yellow, beautifully striped with red; flesh is white and juicy, pleasant acid. Cooking and market. Tree is hardy as a crab; good bearer and has proved profitable. Late July and early September.

YELLOW TRANSPARENT — Good size; clear white, turning to pale yellow; flavor sub-acid; highly prized for cooking and eating; upright grower; bears early and abundantly; hardy. August.

FALL VARIETIES

DELAWARE RED—Fruit of medium size, oblate. Golden-yellow blotched with deep red. Flesh rich, highly flavored. Oct.-Dec.

FALL PIPPIN—Very large, roundish, oblong, yellow; flesh tender and delicious. October-December.

JEFFRIES—Medium; yellow and red; flesh tender, juicy, sub-acid, mild. Fine for dessert. Sept. to Nov.

KESWICK (Keswick's Codlin)—Large, pale yellow; oblong; acid; excellent for kitchen and market. Tree erect grower, vigorous and hardy. Profuse bearer. August-September.

LONGFIELD—Waxen yellow, with bright blush. September to December.

MAIDEN BLUSH—Medium size, smooth, beautifully flushed with red or creamy-yellow; flesh tender, of pleasant but not high flavor. A good market sort because of attractive appearance and all-around utility. Tree a fair grower and productive. September-October.

RAMBO — Medium size; oblate; smooth streaked and marbled with dull yellowish ground; dots large, whitish; flesh tender. October-December.

WESTERN BEAUTY (Summer Rambo) — Large to very large; pale yellow, brightly splashed with red; tender, light yellow flesh, juicy and melting. Desirable sort for home and market. October-November.

WEALTHY—Medium size; roundish; smooth; nearly covered with dark red; flesh white or a little stained; tender and very good; dessert; very profitable as a market sort. Tree good grower and productive. October-January.

WINTER VARIETIES

AKIN—Medium, round, red; very good; vigorous, hardy, and a high quality apple. Dec.-April.

ARKANSAS BLACK—Large, round, smooth; often very black; flesh yellow, juicy and delicious; splendid keeper. December-April.

BALDWIN — Medium size; conical; bright red; flesh crisp, juicy, sub-acid; rich flavor; great market variety of eastern states for cooking, dessert and market. Tree vigorous, open head. Abundant crops, but does not bear young. Nov.-Mar.

BANANA — Large size; smooth; easily polished; deep yellow; slight blush; flesh is solid, juicy, mild sub-acid; has a delicate banana perfume and flavor; very popular for dessert and market.

BEN DAVIS—Medium large; red, striped; flesh white; sub-acid; rather coarse grained; best keeper. December-March.

BIETIGHEIMER—Large to very large; pale green color, mostly covered with purplish-crimson stripes; flesh white, firm and rather dry. A good cooking apple. Sept. to Oct.

BISMARCK—Very large; crimson or light yellow; flesh yellow and tender; mild acid; recommended for cooking and market; dwarf habits; can be grown in pots.

DELICIOUS—Large; oblong with distinctive blossom end; nearly covered with brilliant red; flesh fine grained crisp and melting; juicy, with a most delicious aroma, from which it takes its name. Brings the highest price on the market, for the table; keeps well in cold storage. Tree hardy and vigorous grower.

DOMINIE (Winter Rambo)—Large, flattened; greenish yellow, brightly striped with red; tender and good. Tree vigorous, bearing profusely. November to April.

FALLWATER (Tulpehocken)—Very large, handsome green, nearly covered with dull red; flesh juicy, crisp, pleasant; sub-acid. November-March.

APPLE, 2-YEAR-OLD			
First Class, general assortment of varieties.			
	Each	Per 25	Per 100
Light Grade, 3 to 4 ft.	\$.50	\$11.25	\$40.00
Heavy Grade, 3 to 4 ft.	.55	12.50	45.00
Medium Grade, 4 to 6 ft.	.60	13.75	50.00
Select Grade, 5 to 7 ft.	.75	17.50	60.00

APPLE, 1-YEAR, FIRST CLASS			
12 to 18 inches high	\$.25	\$ 5.00	\$16.00
18 to 24 inches high	.30	6.25	20.00
24 to 30 inches high	.40	8.75	30.00
30 to 36 inches high	.50	11.25	40.00
3 to 4 feet high	.60	13.75	50.00
4 to 5 feet high	.70	16.25	60.00

Delicious

YOU REMEMBER THE CURRANTS IN MOTHER'S GARDEN

FAMEUSE (Snow Apple)—Medium size; pale greenish-yellow, mixed with stripes of red and splashes of red on shady side; flesh white, tender and juicy, slightly perfumed, sub-acid; extra good; recommended for the table, kitchen and market. Oct.-Nov.

GANO (Black Ben)—Large; conical; very deep red and attractive; flesh pale yellow, fine grained; mild sub-acid. A good shipper and keeper for market. Tree healthy, vigorous and hardy; annual bearer. Feb.-May.

GOLDEN RUSSET—Of medium size, clear golden russet, with slight blush; tender, crisp, juicy and high flavored. Tree robust and hardy, bearing large crops. November to April.

GREENVILLE—A seedling of the fine old Maiden's Blush, with all its good points emphasized, but with somewhat larger, more finely colored fruits that keep much later. December to April.

GRIMES GOLDEN—Medium size; regular; rich, golden yellow; flesh yellow, firm, crisp, aromatic, rich, quality very best. Top-notchier in market. Tree hardy and productive; bears early; blossoms late in spring, frost seldom catches them. November to January.

HUBBARDSTON (Nonsuch)—Large, yellow with red stripes; flesh tender and juicy, sub-acid, very good flavor; recommended for dessert and market. Very productive. November-January.

JONATHAN—Medium size; roundish; yellow, nearly covered with red; flesh white, fine grained, juicy, tender and mild; a delicious and strictly dessert apple that always demands highest market prices. Seedling of Spitzenberg. November to April.

MAMMOTH BLACK TWIG—Large; deep red; flesh tender, yet firm; mild sub-acid; one of the handsomest apples grown; recommended for market and dessert; quality good. Tree hardy, vigorous and very productive. Season, December to May.

MANN (Ditz)—Medium large; roundish, oblate, nearly regular; deep yellow with brownish-red side; flesh yellowish, juicy, half tender, mild sub-acid; good keeper; recommended for cooking and market. Tree vigorous; upright grower; an early and annual bearer. Jan.-May.

M'INTOSH (McIntosh Red)—Medium large; polished; smooth; yellow, nearly covered with brilliant crimson; beautiful. November-February.

NORTHERN SPY—Large; roundish; slightly conical; striped with sunny side purplish-red; flesh cream yellow and tender, with mild, rich, spicy flavor. Tree is strong, upright grower, head compact and should be opened up by pruning to admit air and light. Dec.-Jan.

NORTHWESTERN (Greening)—Large; round; green, turning to yellowish-green when ripe; flesh yellow, fine grained and firm, good flavor, smooth and attractive, market sort, bringing high prices. Bears young and spreading. December-May.

OPALESCENT—Large; light shaded crimson; juicy and extra good; highly polished. December-March.

PEWAUKEE—Medium size, large, flat; yellow, red striped; flesh white, sub-acid; recommended for cooking. Tree hardy and fairly productive. October-Jan.

RHODE ISLAND GREENING—Large; greenish-yellow; tender, juicy, rather acid but high flavored;

very popular; extra good cooker. An old standard sort. Tree vigorous and spreading; a heavy and constant bearer. December-March.

ROME BEAUTY—Large; round; mottled and striped in different shades of red; flesh yellowish, tender; juicy; sub-acid; recommended as a dessert and market variety. Good grower, blooms late, productive; especially recommended. November-February.

ROXBURY RUSSET—Large; roundish; oblate; partly or wholly covered with rather rough russet on greenish-yellow; flesh greenish-white, rather granular; slightly crisp, with good flavor; rather acid; especially recommended for kitchen and market. Tree vigorous and vigorous grower. November to February.

SEEK NO FURTHER—Medium to large; dull red color; flesh crisp, tender and juicy. Nov.-Feb.

SMITH CIDER—Medium size; red and yellow; handsome; flesh tender, juicy, pleasant sub-acid. Tree moderate grower and good bearer; succeeds best in south and west. December to March.

STAYMAN WINESAP—Medium size; roundish; greenish-yellow, firm, fine grained, crisp, juicy, aromatic; recommended for cooking and eating. Tree quick and vigorous grower, adapts itself readily to different soils and situations. November to February.

TALMAN SWEET—Medium size; pale yellow; flesh fine grained, white, firm, moderately juicy and very sweet; quality excellent. Tree vigorous, upright, spreading and very productive. Dec.-May.

TWENTY-OUNCE (Cayuga Red Streak)—So extremely large and handsome that it is always a good sort for market; the flesh is coarse, but has a pleasant, sprightly flavor. October to January.

VANDEVERE PIPPEN—Fruit large, oblate approaching conic. Yellow flaked all over, with red stripes on sunny side and covered with rough brown dots. Good flavor. Sept.-Feb.

WAGENER—Medium large; round, oblate; deep red in sun; flesh firm, sub-acid and excellent; one of the best for general use. Tree is a quick grower; largely planted as a filler; bears young. Dec.-May.

WINTER PARADISE—Large; round; brownish-white to yellow; flesh white, fine grained, juicy, sweet, sprightly; market or home. The tree is an upright, moderate grower, blights in some localities. Dec.-Mar.

WOLF RIVER—Very large; handsome; red, on greenish-yellow skin; flesh whitish, tinged with yellow, very firm, tender, juicy, and of good quality, rather acid; market sort. Tree very hardy and productive. September to December.

YORK IMPERIAL—Medium large; often oblong; greenish-yellow, covered with bright red; flesh crisp and juicy when mellow. A great variety for cold storage market; vigorous, productive, equalling Ben Davis.

CRAB APPLES

	Each	Per 25	Per 100
Heavy Grade, 3-4 ft.-----	\$.65	\$15.00	\$55.00
Medium Grade, 4-6 ft.-----	.70	16.25	60.00
Select Grade, 5-7 ft.-----	.85	20.00	70.00

DWARF APPLES

We propagate quite a number of Dwarf Apples for the use of our customers who have but limited space in their lawns and gardens for their planting. These trees can be planted against walls, along trellises where the branches are trained to wires or set in the open lawn where they usually produce fruit the second year after planting and give unusual decoration to the lawn.

We can supply them in the following varieties, which are found fully described on this and preceding page in the Standard Apples:

BALDWIN, BANANA, DELICIOUS, DUCHESS OLDENBERG, EARLY HARVEST, GRIMES GOLDEN, KING OF TOMPKINS, McINTOSH, STAYMAN'S WINESAP, WEALTHY, YELLOW TRANSPARENT.

1-year, 2 to 3 ft.-----\$.50
1-year, 3 to 4 ft.-----\$.60

GRANT

GRANT—Large, roundish, oblate; yellow, with stripes of dark red, almost black on sunny side; flesh is white, moderately fine grained, mild, sub-acid. Tree an excellent grower; fruits in dense clusters. October-December.

HYSLIP—Large, round, conical; yellow, with heavy shadings of deep crimson and splashes of maroon with heavy blue bloom; flesh fine, firm, yellow, astringent; its high color always commands a fancy market price. Tree very vigorous where hardy; blights in some localities; bears abundantly in clusters, which make them exceedingly ornamental. September-October.

WHITNEY—Large, averaging one and one-half to two inches; round, conical; smooth, glossy yellow, with red stripes; flesh firm, juicy and rich; almost sweet; especially bred for wine and cider. Tree hardy, handsome and very productive. August.

TRANSCENDENT—Medium large, oblate; golden yellow, with blush; flesh firm, crisp, bears early. September to October.

WE SUPPLY EVERY WISH, NEED, LOCATION AND PURSE

From _____

Post Office _____

Street No. _____

R. F. D. No. _____

State _____

The Progress Nursery Co.

Peters Ave.

Troy,

Ohio

Peaches

This fruit needs no description or introduction to the owners of orchards and lawns, and its importance as one of the home necessities was never more emphasized than at the present, when its scarcity and high price makes it only within the reach of those who have their own trees, and those of plenty of means who can buy at whatever price. No supply of canned fruits is complete without plenty of Peaches. Demand is exceeding the supply, and it is absolutely necessary that space be given to Peaches about each home. Peach production and distribution, like coal production and distribution, depends actually on what is produced and distributed, and while few of us can have coal mines of our own, it is within our power to have fruit supply always and do away with the worry of general production and shipments. A tree that will produce bushels of fruit, costs about the same as a single can of fruit at the grocery, and thus you can form the habit of buying 25 Peach trees each season for the amount you have been paying for a single bushel in the markets.

ALEXANDER—Medium size, greenish-white. July.
AEP (Arp Beauty)—Originated in Texas. One of the best early Peaches, valuable for home, orchard and market. Fruit medium to large; flesh yellow and quality very good. Ripens with Greensboro. Excellent shipper, making it a particularly good commercial sort. Nearly free—semi-cling.

BEERS SMOCK—Medium large; creamy-white, with crimson blush; flesh yellow, tender and rich; very good quality for the season, and recommended for market. Tree a rapid grower, prolific bearer, and hardy. Last September-October.

BELL OF GEORGIA

—Medium large, oblate; white with red cheek; flesh white, firm and excellent flavor; recommended for dessert, kitchen and market. Tree a rapid grower and very productive. Early July.

BILYEU'S LATE—Large; white with a beautiful blush; flesh white, very firm and of good flavor; heavy bearer and good shipper. The latest white freestone. October.

CHAIR'S CHOICE—Large, deep yellow. September.

CAERMAN—Large, round; white, with deep blush; flesh tender and juicy, with fine flavor; skin very tough, making it available for marketing with profit. Tree reported very hardy and a prolific bearer. Aug.

CHAMPION—Large, round, quite regular; creamy yellow, with red blush; flesh white, with red stains around pit; flavor delicious, sweet and juicy. Tree very hardy and productive. First of September.

CONNETT—Extra large; creamy white with blush; fine quality. Southern variety.

CRAWFORD'S EARLY—Large; yellow, with red cheek; flesh yellow, juicy and sweet; its size and beauty make it very popular. Tree vigorous and productive, but buds are very tender. First of September.

CRAWFORD'S LATE—Large; yellow or greenish-yellow, with dull red cheek; flesh yellow, stained red at pit, melting, vinous and very good. Tree hardy and productive, usually needs thinning to make good sized fruit. Last of September.

CROSBY—Medium, roundish, oblate; bright orange, with bright red cheek; flesh yellow, mild and pleasant. Tree unusually hardy, sometimes named "frost proof." Middle of September.

DEWEY (Admiral Dewey)—Medium; yellow; flesh firm, yellow and delicious; good shipper; highly recommended as very early sort. Tree is strong, hardy, symmetrical grower and produces well. July.

ELBERTA—Very large; red blush; flesh yellow with pale yellow, tender and juicy; the great market peach of the country. Rank, vigorous grower, does well in all peach growing sections. September first.

FITZGERALD—Large, bright yellow. Late August.

GLOBE—Large, firm flesh, juicy, rich. October.

GOLD DROP—Medium, very productive. Late September.

GREENSBORO—Flesh white, juicy. July.

OLD MIKON FREE—Large; pale whitish-yellow,

with red cheek; flesh tender, rich and good; one of the best white fleshed varieties. Tree productive and hardy; very successful everywhere.

HALE—A valuable new table, shipping and drying peach. Smooth skin, almost fuzzless. Very firm. Ships almost like an apple. Yellow free-

stone; flesh tender, excellent quality. Larger than the Elberta and ripening about the same period. From a California standpoint not in the class of canning peaches because it is red at pit and rags in the syrup. August.

HILEY—Large, round; creamy white with rich blush; flesh firm, excellent quality; freestone. Tree vigorous and hardy. June-July.

IRON MOUNTAIN—A new Jersey Peach that has been tried in New York orchards and has made good. An extra large, creamy white freestone, with red cheek. Ripens here the last of September. Flesh firm; a splendid market peach. We believe it's a winner.

KALAMAZOO—Medium to large; oval; yellow, striped with red and a thin bloom; flesh yellow, red at pit; rich, vinous and of good quality. Tree a strong grower and bears at two years old; hardy and reliable. September.

LEMON FREE—Medium, large, roundish; often with pointed apex; light yellow, with greenish-white tinge and thick bloom; flesh yellow, tender and good; a good canning sort. Tree a regular and prolific bearer. October.

MAYFLOWER—Medium size; practically red all over; flesh firm and of good flavor; extremely valuable as a very early market sort, especially in southern states. Tree blooms very late; upright and good grower; prolific bearer. Earliest known.

NEW PROLIFIC—Large yellow; firm. September.

SALWAY—Large; dull yellow; flesh firm. October.

SMOCK—Large, rich, juicy, good flavor. September.

SLAPPEY—Medium, roundish; yellow; flesh yellow, sweet, excellent flavor; a very good early sort; ripens middle of June in Georgia; free of rot and keeps splendidly. Tree very hardy.

ST. JOHN—Orange-yellow with dark, rich red on sun-exposed side; standard sort. August.

TRIUMPH—Earliest yellow-flesh peach. August first.

PEACH TREE PRICES

	Each	Per 25
2 to 3 feet high	\$.50	\$11.25
3 to 4 feet high	.65	15.00
4 to 6 feet high	.75	17.50
5 to 7 feet high	.85	20.00

HOCKEY'S LATE STAR. 4 to 6 ft. 3.00

PIES MADE WITHOUT FRUIT ARE NOT HEALTHY

Pears

THE VARIETIES THAT YOUR GRANDFATHER GREW

You will never forget those fine, juicy pears you used to eat when you went to visit your grandfather and no doubt have often wondered why you could not get trees that bear that kind of fruit.

We have searched the country over and have been successful in getting together one of the largest lists of varieties ever offered by any one nurseryman and if you want some of these old varieties here is a chance. Plant some of these and help us keep these old varieties in existence. You will never regret it and your grandchildren will appreciate them. Another reason why we ought to plant these old varieties is this. While the new varieties have been rendered unproductive and many killed by blight these GRAND OLD VARIETIES are still on the job, producing fruit, unexcelled in size and quality.

We have only a limited number of them to offer and it will be necessary to get your order in early.

SUMMER VARIETIES

BARTLETT—Large; rich yellow, with beautiful blush next the sun; buttery, very juicy and high flavored. Very popular; grown everywhere. A favorite market variety. Tree a strong grower; bears early and abundantly. Last of August.

BOUSSOCK (Doyenne Boussock)—Large; yellow with russet bluish; flesh buttery; excellent for dessert and market. Tree strong grower and productive. September.

BRANDYWINE—Medium; greenish-yellow, with russet; flesh melting, sweet, very good quality; recommended for dessert and market. Tree vigorous and productive. Last of August.

BUFFUM—Medium or small; yellow, somewhat covered with reddish-brown and russet; flesh buttery and sweet; recommended for home use. Tree remarkably vigorous and hardy. September.

CLAPP FAVORITE—Large; pale lemon yellow with red cheek; flesh of fine texture, melting, buttery, juicy, with a rich vinous flavor; good for market and kitchen; does well in all sections. August.

DORSET—Tree is upright, vigorous grower, and an early bearer. Fruit medium. Skin pale yellow, shaded with bright crimson in the sun. Flesh white, buttery and sweet. August.

DOYENNE D'ETE—Small, yellow, shaded with red; melting, sweet, delicious. The tree is robust and healthy, and bears large annual crops. Early August.

ELIZABETH (Manning)—Medium small; yellow, with red bluish; flesh melting, rich, sugary, sprightly, perfumed, flavor excellent; one of the best dessert pears grown. August.

FLEMISH (Flemish Beauty)—Large; pale yellow, covered with russet, turning reddish-brown when ripe; flesh juicy, very sweet, rich and melting; a dessert-market variety. Tree very hardy, vigorous and fruitful. September.

GABER—Large; bright yellow, with red bluish; flesh juicy and rich; a cross with the Kieffer, but two weeks earlier and better quality. Tree very productive and bears three years after planting. September.

GIFFORD—Medium; greenish-yellow, red in sun; quality very good. August.

KOONCE—Of medium size; yellow, with carmine cheek; sweet and high-flavored. The vigorous tree resists blight, and has frequently borne heavy crops when the fruit of other Pears was destroyed by frost. July and August.

MADELINE—Fruit medium. Skin pale yellowish-green. Flesh white, juicy, melting with a sweet and delicate flavor.

LINCOLN—Large; yellow and red; flesh buttery, melting, sweet and very good. Tree hardy and prolific. September.

OSBAND—Medium; clear yellow, with red cheek; flesh melting, sweet and perfumed. A very good dessert variety. August.

SECKEL—Small; yellow, with crimson cheek; flesh melting, sweet and aromatic; most exquisitely flavored pear known. September.

TYSON—Medium small; bright yellow, with russet cheek; flesh melting, sweet and delicious. Tree upright, hardy. August.

WILDER—One of the very earliest pears, attractively colored and of excellent quality; always finds a ready sale in market; bell-shaped, pale yellow, with shadings of russet-red; flesh melting and delightful, with small core. Early August.

WORDEN (Worden's golden Seckel)—Medium size; golden yellow, with russet cheek; flesh fine grained, juicy, buttery, with a rich aroma; recommended highly as a dessert and market sort. Tree hardy and an enormous bearer. September.

PEAR STANDARD, 2-YEAR

	Each	Per 25	Per 100
3 to 4 feet high-----	\$.50	\$10.00	\$35.00
4 to 6 feet high-----	.70	15.00	50.00
5 to 7 feet high-----	.80	17.50	60.00

AUTUMN VARIETIES

BESSEMIANKI—Medium; green, with russet bluish; flesh tender and juicy; recommended for cooking and market.

DUCHESS DE ANGOULEME—Very large. Green and yellow with russet markings. Flesh very juicy with rich, excellent flavor. October.

BUERRE HARDY—Fruit large. Skin greenish, shaded with brownish red. Flesh buttery, melting, juicy, and fragrant. Very good. September and October.

BEURRE DIEL—Fruit large; lemon-yellow color with russet markings. Flesh yellowish white, rich, sugary, buttery and delicious. September to December.

CLAIRGEAU—The fine size and exceeding beauty of this pear render it most valuable for market. The smooth yellow skin is shaded with orange and scarlet; the flesh is yellow; bears early and abundantly. October and November.

HOWELL—A choice pear of fine size and bright color, excelling also in the quality and flavor of its rich, aromatic flesh. The tree makes a vigorous growth and bears young. September and October.

IDAHO—Large, nearly globular; rich, light yellow, covered with small "freckles"; flesh white, grained and rich.

LOUISE BONNE DE JERSEY—First-rate in quality, size and beauty; pale yellow, with red cheek. Flesh tender and luscious. Very productive. September and October.

KIEFER—Medium large; yellow and crimson, with russet and brown; flesh firm and good when ripe. October.

LUCRATIVE—Medium size; yellowish-green, slightly russeted; flesh melting and delicious. Good grower and productive. September-October.

LUCY DUKE—Shaped like Bartlett, medium-sized. A beautiful golden russet; rich, juicy, spicy and of very finest quality, a choice dessert fruit. It is claimed that Lucy Duke is almost blight-proof. Prof. U. P. Hedrick, Horticulturist of N. Y. Exp. Station, urged us to grow this splendid pear.

LOUISE—Medium size; yellowish-green, with russet-red cheek; flesh juicy, melting; good dessert and market sort. Tree productive.

ONONDAGA (Swan's Orange)—Large yellow, with russet; flesh vinous; of variable quality. Tree early and good bearer. October-November.

SECKEL

MAKE YOUR ORDER COMPLETE, LARGE AND PLAIN

ROSSNEY—Very large, with crimson blush; flesh tender, juicy perfumed, luscious. September and October.

BUTTER—Medium large; skin rough; greenish-yellow, with russet; flesh white, moderately juicy, sweet and slightly vinous; an extra good keeper; vigorous grower, bears when young. October.

SHELDON—Medium to large; yellow and russet, with red cheek; flesh melting, juicy and crisp; highly perfumed; the government reports list this as one of the very best market-dessert sorts. October.

VERMONT BEAUTY—Medium; roundish; yellow, with hoary carmine cheek; flesh exceedingly fine, sweet and juicy; for table use. Tree makes strong, healthy growth; productive; bears early. October.

WINTER VARIETIES

ANJOU—Large, green, shaded with russet-crimson; high-flavored, rich and vinous; very productive. October to January.

BARTLETT-SECKEL—Fruit large; skin smooth, golden yellow with orange tinted cheeks. Flesh white, juicy, sweet, aromatic flavor. November to January.

BORDEAUX (Duchesse de Bordeaux)—Medium; yellow and russet; very thick, tough skin, which helps its keeping qualities; flesh melting, juicy, and rich; an all around sort that keeps until spring.

DROUARD (President)—Very large; greenish-yellow and russet; very handsome; flesh melting, juicy and highly aromatic; tree vigorous, healthy and prolific bearer. February-March.

EASTER BEURRE—Fruit large and round. Skin yellowish-green sprinkled with many russet dots. Flesh

white, fine grained, very buttery, melting and juicy, sweet and rich flavor. January to March.

JAPAN GOLDEN RUSSET—Large, handsome, flat shaped fruit of golden russet color. An enormous bearer. Fine for cooking; keeps well in winter. October to December.

LAWRENCE—Medium; lemon yellow, with brown dots; flesh sweet, melting, aromatic; one of the very best winter sorts. Tree hardy, healthy and productive, bearing large crops annually. November-December.

MOUNT VERNON (Walker's Seedling)—Medium; light yellow, with crimson and russet; the flesh is juicy, rich, melting, with a spicy flavor. Tree an early bearer. November-January.

WINTER NELIS—Medium; greenish-yellow, with russet; flesh fine grained, melting and rich; considered one of the most delicious and best winter sorts. Tree straggly and slender grower, but hardy and thrifty.

DWARF PEARS

We propagate a few varieties of pears in the dwarf form for those of our customers who have but small space for this planting. These usually begin bearing fruit the second year after planting. The fruit of the dwarf is of the same flavor as that of the standard tree. These trees can be planted as close together as 8 feet. We can supply the following varieties in dwarf trees.

BARTLETT, ANJOU, CLAPPS, SECKEL, WILDEE
 Price Each Per 25 Per 100
 Dwarf Pear ----- \$.70 \$15.00 \$50.00

Cherries

The Cherry has received considerable attention among planters in recent years, because of its popularity as a pie-maker and suited for canning for indefinite periods. For best success, the Cherry must have a dry soil of sand or sandy loam so that the water does not stand about its roots. Its beautifully rounded head and foliage make it a fine tree for rear or front lawns where there is space for it, and the fruit adds beauty to any surrounding. It can be planted close to the house, and its value for home use or market is not surpassed by any other fruit about the American home. Some of the standard sorts on well matured trees have produced as much as \$500 per acre annually. We divide our productions into Dukes and Morellos that are sour, and the Hearts and Bigarreus that are sweet.

Heart and Biggareau

BING—Very large, dark brown, almost black; flesh firm, sweet, rich and delicious July.

BLACK TARTARIAN—A favorite everywhere. Very large; purplish-black, with solid flesh; excellent flavor. Early July.

GOVERNOR WOOD—Ripens in June, and ranks high in general esteem. A large, light cherry of delicious flavor.

LAMBERT—One of the largest of all Sweet Cherries; heart-shaped, dark purplish-red, turning to almost jet black when fully ripe. Flesh firm, rich and juicy with sprightly flavor. Late July.

NAPOLEON—A pale yellow, red-cheeked cherry of large size; flesh quite firm, juicy and of splendid flavor. July.

SCHMIDT'S BIGARREAU—A splendid market cherry because of its attractiveness and general good qualities. Large, deep red, with dark, tender flesh; very juicy and of a most pleasant flavor. July.

WINDSOR—Has very fine, firm flesh of high quality; a large, liver-colored cherry. Tree hardy and prolific. A splendid sort for home and market. July.

YELLOW SPANISH—Large; pale yellow, with bright red cheek; flesh firm, juicy, delicious. Late. June.

LARGE MONTMORENCY

Dukes and Morellos

DYEHOUSE—Ripens a week before Early Richmond and is of better size. One of the best early cherries for home or market. June.

LARGE MONTMORENCY—A prime favorite the country over. Bright red fruit, larger and later than Early Richmond. For canning and preserving no cherry can surpass Montmorency. June.

MAY DUKE—Dark red; rich and juicy, finely flavored, of good size and of beautiful appearance. A superior and productive old sort that holds its

place well against all newcomers. June.
MORELLO—Medium large; roundish, heart-shaped; dark red, nearly black when ripe; flesh is purplish-red, meaty, juicy and slightly astringent. Tree is small and slender, but productive. Good variety for nearby market. August.

(Continued on Next Page.)

Prices of Cherries

ONE YEAR

	Each	Per 25	Per 100
2 to 2½ ft. whips-----	\$.65	\$15.00	\$55.00
2½ to 3½ ft. whips-----	.75	17.50	65.00
3½ ft. and up whips, sweet--	.85	20.00	75.00

PUT A TREE IN THAT VACANT SPOT IN THE LAWN

CHERRIES—CONTINUED

OSTHEIM—Fruit roundish ovate, dark red; flesh liver-colored, tender, juicy, almost sweet. Valuable for market and productiveness; ripening season extends for about two weeks. Trees usually begin to bear second year. Last of June. You should plant some of these cherry trees.

RICHMOND—Medium size, dark red; sprightly acid flavor. This is one of the most valuable and popular of the acid cherries, and is unsurpassed for cooking purposes. Tree a slender grower and is exceedingly productive. The most hardy of all varieties. Ripens through June.

Plums

The Plum comes to us from Europe and Japan, and is becoming more popular each year on account of the varied uses that can be made of the fruit. It is extremely easy to grow and adapts itself to a wider range of territory and different soils than most other fruit trees. It thrives in all orchards and lawns and loves to stand where the chickens can scratch about its roots and feed in its shade. Sandy clay land that is well drained is its best location. They bear heavy loads of fruit annually after two years from planting.

PLUM, TWO-YEAR-OLD

	Each	Per 25
2 to 3 feet, whips-----	\$.65	\$15.00
3 to 4 feet-----	.80	18.75
4 to 6 feet-----	.90	21.25
5 to 7 feet-----	1.00	23.75

ABUNDANCE—Of good size; amber with markings of red; juicy, sweet, of good quality. Ripens and colors well after being picked, consequently no better for market. August.

ARCTIC—Medium small; very dark purple; blue bloom; semi-cling; flesh greenish-yellow, juicy and sweet, with pleasant flavor; for dessert and market. Tree healthy and vigorous; early and abundant bearer.

SAVAY'S GREEN GAGE—(Reine Claude de Bavay)—Large and fine; roundish oval; greenish, marked with red in the sun. Hangs long on the tree. Middle to end of September.

BLACK DIAMOND—Dark purple, almost black. The fruit is large and the tree hardy and dependable.

BRADSHAW—Medium large; purplish-red; free, flesh green and juicy; good shipping qualities. Tree an upright grower, bears regularly; enormous crops. Medium early.

BURBANK—No other Plum is so popular all over the country as the Burbank. Like the Abundance it ripens well after being picked, and will keep for fully three weeks in good condition after ripening. Fruit very large, nearly round and bright cherry-red. Its deep yellow flesh is sweet, meaty and quite firm. Early September.

GERMAN PRUNE—Medium small; blackish-purple; free; flesh juicy, fine; sells high on market, a leading favorite. Tree vigorous and productive.

GRAND DUKE—Large to very large; dark purple; cling; flesh fine; recommended for kitchen and market, commanding good prices. Tree rather poor grower; regular bearer. Last of September.

GUEII—Medium; bluish-purple; cling; flesh yellowish-green; rather coarse; sweet, pleasant flavor; a great market sort. Tree hardy, very vigorous and upright grower. September.

IMPERIAL GAGE—Medium; yellowish-green; heavy white bloom; free; flesh juicy, sweet, rich and excellent; one of the very best for dessert and market. Tree upright and vigorous. September.

LOMBARD—Favorite for canning and culinary purposes. Of medium size, oval, violet red; flesh yellow, juicy, pleasant and good. Adheres to the stone. Good market variety. Tree vigorous and very productive, bearing when quite young. Late August.

MONARCH—Large; reddish to blue-purple; thin bloom; free, flesh pale golden-green, juicy, pleasant; recommended for dessert, kitchen and market. Trees come into bearing young and yield abundantly. August.

ABUNDANCE

PETER'S YELLOW GAGE—Above medium size, oval, bright marbled yellow; very juicy and rich-fleshed. Hardy and prolific. August.

POND'S SEEDLING—Very large, oval plum, reddish purple color, sugary, rich and juicy, but rather coarse. Tree vigorous and fruitful. September.

REINE CLAUDE—Medium; yellow-green; flesh is pale green, juicy, rich and excellent; best of dessert sorts. Tree a moderate grower. Mid-August.

SANTA ROSA—A splendid large plum of uniform size, 6 inches in circumference both ways. In color it is a beautiful, deep purplish crimson with a blue bloom; the flesh is purple, shaded scarlet, with a small pit; in quality it is rich, delicious and fragrant. Ripens among the earliest, two weeks before Burbank. The tree is a strong, vigorous, upright grower, with handsome foliage, and bears most profuse crops which should be thinned to produce the best results.

SHIPPERS' PRIDE—Large; purple; flesh firm, sweet and excellent for shipping and kitchen. Tree hardy and productive. September.

SHEPESHIRE (Damson)—Small; black or blue; cling; flesh rather coarse; popular in market for kitchen use. Tree is not a rapid grower, but fruit grows abundantly in thick clusters. October.

WICKSON—Very large; reddish-purple, with white bloom; cling; flesh firm and meaty; yellow, rich, aromatic; a market sort. Tree strong and spreading; bears abundantly and early, in most localities. August.

YELLOW EGG—Very large; greenish-yellow; flesh a little coarse but recommended for drying and cooking. Tree a free grower and very productive. Late August.

APRICOTS

The apricot is a very welcome fruit, ripening, as it does, between the cherry and the peach. It requires the same treatment as the plum.

	Each	Per 10
3 to 4 ft.-----	\$.65	\$6.00
4 to 5 ft.-----	.75	7.00

PLANT TREES. ONE, IF NOT A HUNDRED

QUINCES

The Quince is held in very high favor because of its many uses, such as canning, preserving and for flavoring other fruits. At the present time the demand for this fruit is much greater than the supply, consequently there is always a ready sale for it.

Grow a few Quince trees and take good care of them, and you will be highly repaid.

2 to 3 feet, whips, 70c each; 25 for \$16.25.

3 to 4 feet, \$1.00 each; 25 for \$22.50.

CHAMPION—A prolific and constant bearer, fruit averaging larger than the Orange, more oval in shape,

quality equally fine, and a long keeper. Bears extremely young.

ORANGE—One of the best for cooking; a valuable, golden yellow Quince, widely planted; flesh firm, of good flavor. Bears most abundantly.

MULBERRIES

RUSSIAN—A very hardy and rapid grower, bears prolifically. This tree is much planted for hedges and windbreaks.

5-6 ft., each 75c; per 10, \$7.00.

Grapes

There is no yard so small but there is room for from one to a dozen Grape vines. No fruit will give larger returns for close attention and good care. Turn a stony hillside into a vineyard, and otherwise barren ground will yield handsome profits. The Grape may be confined to a trellis, run over an arbor, or extended until it covers a whole building, and still yield large clusters of most healthful fruit. Careful attention must be paid to pruning, which should be done when the vines are entirely dormant. Our plants are strong and well rooted.

PRICES OF ALL GRAPE VARIETIES

	Each	Per 25
Assorted, 2-year-old	\$.50	\$11.25
Assorted, 1-year-old	.45	10.00

Black and Purple

CONCORD—Bunches rather compact; berries large, globular, almost black, thickly covered with bloom; skin rather thick; flesh somewhat buttery, juicy, sweet, with considerable toughness and acidity in its pulp.

MOORE'S EARLY—Bunches of medium size, with large, round, black berries, heavily covered with bloom. Very early.

WORDEN—A seedling of Concord, is hardy and healthy in every way, producing fine crops that command good prices.

Red Grapes

SALEM—Bunch large; berry large, round; flesh tender, juicy, with a rich aromatic flavor; slight pulp; good keeper.

White Grapes

DIAMOND—Large; bears in large clusters, compactly set; skin thin but tough; flesh with little pulp, tender and juicy, of best quality, with fine, large foliage. Ripens with Salem.

NIAGARA—Home and market growers agree that this is the most valuable of white grapes. When ripe they are fine; pale yellow; thin bloom. Flesh is slightly pulpy, tender, sweet, delightful.

POCKLINGTON—Thoroughly hardy and healthy. Clusters and berries large; light golden yellow when fully ripe; sweet, tender, with little pulp.

CONCORD

AGAWAM—One of the best known, standard red grapes. Berries quite large, with thick skin, compactly set upon a large bunch; soft, sweet and sprightly, vinous and aromatic.

CATAWBA—Berries round and of good size; skin rather thick, pale red in the shade, but a pretty deep red in the sun, covered with a lilac bloom; flesh slightly pulpy, juicy, very sweet.

DELAWARE—A favorite dessert grape. Bunches small, very compact; berries rather small; skin thin, of a beautiful light red. Exceedingly sweet, but sprightly, vinous and aromatic.

LINDLEY (Rogers' No. 9)—Bunch long and compact; berries large; flesh sweet; ripens soon after Delaware. One of the best of Rogers'. A good keeper.

Asparagus

Every home with a garden, in the country or city, should have a good-sized bed of asparagus. Nothing is easier to plant or care for, and its being among the first fruits of the garden makes it a universal favorite. In a commercial way the supply is always inadequate and the price high. Plant in rows, setting roots 18 inches apart. Spread the roots out and plant with crown 2 inches below the surface of the ground. Top-dress annually with well-rotted manure.

25 for \$1.25; 100 for \$4.00; 1,000 for \$25.00

DONALD'S ELMIRA—Produces thick, green stalks of the finest quality; very tender and brittle. You will make no mistake in planting this very popular sort.

CONOVER'S COLOSSAL—Of a fine quality, tender and highly flavored, often ready to cut the second year.

PALMETTO—Until recently we believed that the Conover's Colossal was the best sort known, but we are forced to concede that the Palmetto is earlier and

a better yielder, and more even and regular in its growth, and that it will eventually supercede the old favorite. It has been tested both North and South, and has proven entirely successful in every instance.

RHUBARB OR PIE PLANT

Ranks among the very best of the early products of the garden. After the long, dreary winter months it furnishes the first material for fine pies and delicious table sauce. To produce tender and quick growth, the ground must be kept very rich. Strong, healthy roots.

15c each; 10 for \$1.25; 100 for \$10.00.

LINNAEUS—Stalks large, tender and juicy; produced quite early.

QUEEN—Delicious for canning or cooking. The extra large, tender stalks are a decided pink; a very strong grower.

YOU ORDER NOW, AND PAY AFTER YOU GET THE GOODS

Raspberries

The mere mention of Raspberries brings a vision of lusciousness that appeals to the taste of everyone. Pies, jellies, sweet juices, preserves and what not. Every home can have a few of them with the assurance that they will bear fruit annually and require little or no care at all. Last year, we all remember that they sold at 35c per quart, when good plants would have produced almost that much for each plant, and we could have picked them from the bushes at the side of the lawn or along the garden-fence, right at home. You can find room for at least 25, and you will always be glad that you ordered them in the spring of 1920 of the Progress. We offer you eleven of the best Raspberries on earth to select from and know that we can please you with either or all of the varieties.

PRICES OF RASPBERRIES

	Per 25	100	1000
Assorted, black and red-----	\$2.00	\$ 7.00	\$35.00
Purple varieties -----	4.50	12.00	
St. Regis -----	3.00	10.00	
Golden Queen -----	4.50	12.00	

CARDINAL—The fruit is large and of excellent flavor. The canes are of very sturdy growth, and annually bear great loads of berries. This is the best of all purple berries.

CUMBERLAND—Largest of all the black caps. Coal black berries, very firm and quality of the very best; excellent shipper. Bush a strong grower, stocky canes and unusually prolific. Midseason.

GOLDEN QUEEN—Medium large; clear amber yellow with highest quality for dessert and kitchen; one of the best yellow berries ever introduced. Bush vigorous, hardy, upright and productive.

IMPROVED GREGG—Its large showy berries produce in great abundance; the canes are hardy and vigorous, making it among the best. It is adapted to all soils. Shining black.

KANSAS—Very large; black; a berry of splendid quality for general use and popular on the market. In many sections it is the leading sort for extensive planting on account of its vigorous and healthy growth, and prolific bearing. Midseason.

LOUDON—Large; bright red or crimson; quality excellent for both dessert and market; stands shipping well, and is very hardy. Midseason.

MILLER—Vigorous grower and upright canes; early

CUMBERLAND RASPBERRIES

large fruit and free bearer; beautiful brilliant color; best red berry to be introduced since the Cuthbert.

PLUM FARMER—A very profitable early market variety on account of the entire crop maturing in a very short period of time. Berries are black, thick-meated, firm, with bloom similar to the Gregg; is very attractive.

PRIDE OF OHIO—Largest of all black caps, surpassing any other variety we know of. Sweet, firm, of best quality and is of such handsome appearance that it is sure to be at the top of the market. Its season is medium early; unexcelled in hardiness and productiveness.

ST. REGIS—Earliest of all; wonderfully prolific, it equals most black cap varieties; gives a crop of fruit all summer and autumn, fruiting on old canes in generous quantities until late in August, when berries begin to ripen on young canes. Berries bright crimson, of large size and surpassing quality; canes stocky; strong growth with abundance of dark green, leather leaves. It succeeds upon all soils, whether light and sandy or cold heavy clay, and canes are absolutely hardy.

TURNER—A hardy variety; it succeeds in more localities than any other red berry; canes vigorous and hardy. Upright grower and very productive.

EARLY HARVEST BLACKBERRIES

Blackberries

Blackberries fill the same want in the home as Raspberries and require so little space and cost so little that every family can have their own supply always at hand. They require no special care and may be planted six feet apart along the garden fence and the borders of the orchard or service lot.

25 for \$3.50; 100 for \$10.00; 1,000 for \$60.00.

EARLY HARVEST—Canes dwarfish. In sections subject to cold winters should be protected. Very desirable on account of its early ripening.

ELDORADO—The vines are very hardy and vigorous, enduring the winters of the far Northwest without injury, and their yield is enormous. The berries are large, jet-black, borne in large clusters and ripen well together; they are very sweet, melting, have no hard core and keep for eight or ten days after picking, with quality unimpaired.

MERSEEAU—Remarkably strong grower, upright, producing stout, stocky canes. Claimed to be the hardiest Blackberry, standing uninjured 20 degrees below zero without protection. An enormous producer of extra-size berries, which are brilliant black and retain their color; extra quality; sweet, rich and melting, without core. Ripens very early.

SCARCITY SAYS THE SUPPLY WILL ONLY FILL EARLY ORDERS

Currants

One of the most dependable fruits for the home is the Currant. It is perfectly hardy, occupies but small space and gives fruit annually. When green or ripe it is made in delicious pies; its ripened fruit is made into the bright red jellies and fruit juices that everyone enjoys. Our list of varieties of Currants is exceptionally long, while we have but few plants of any variety, we know that a collection of these Currants placed about the borders of the lawn or garden, will more than pay for themselves in fruit and satisfaction. Each of these plants will show samples of fruit the first year if you plant them carefully and they will give you a lifetime of service. It has been truthfully said that "an orchard of five acres of currants will produce annually as great an income as a small National Bank."

PRICES OF CURRANTS

	Each	Per 25	Per 100
2-yr. No. 1 ass't var.	\$.40	\$8.00	\$28.00
1-yr. No. 1 ass't var.	.30	6.00	22.00
2-yr. No. 1 Perfection	.50	10.00	
1-yr. No. 1 Perfection	.40	8.00

PERFECTION CURRANTS

CHAMPION—Very large; black; flavor of fruit particularly delicious; for kitchen and market. Bushes large; fruit hangs well on the bushes and bears severe pruning without injury.

FAY'S PROLIFIC—Extra large stems and berries, uniform size, easily picked, exceedingly productive.

LONDON MARKET—Beautiful in color, large in size and a very heavy cropper. Ships well, and is excellent for market, either near or distant.

PERFECTION—This is one of the most productive Currants we have ever known, and in quality it is superior to anything in the market, being of a rich, mild sub-acid flavor, and having plenty of pulp, with few seeds. In color it is beautiful bright red. This is one of the very best Currants for the market grower, as it presents a fine appearance when displayed and always brings the highest prices.

POMONA—Berries of good size, bright red; clusters good and held on long stems; remains in good condition a long time after ripe.

RED DUTCH—An variety, excellent and well known as the stand-by variety.

RED CROSS—Very large; red; sweet and of highest quality; one of the very best and prized for dessert use as well as market and kitchen. Bush vigorous and productive, with long fruit clusters.

VERSAILLES—Very large; red; excellent quality,

considered a market sort. Bush productive; fruit clusters long; resembles the cherry.

WHITE GRAPE—Berries very large; whitish-yellow; sweet and of excellent flavor. Very productive. Bushes moderately long. The finest white sort grown.

WILDER—Few varieties equal it in the two essential qualities, productiveness and long-keeping. Red, with large, fine-flavored, bright, attractive, fruit.

Gooseberries

The Gooseberry is one of the hardiest types of bush fruits, and is so useful for cooking, whether green or ripe, and can be canned with such facility that it is beginning to be very extensively cultivated for both home and market. It requires good, rich soil and plenty of moisture to reach a high state of perfection. Mulching is advisable.

2-year old, each-----40c; per 10, \$8.00; per 100, \$28.00

DOWNING—Light green; large; fine flavor. One of the most profitable sorts for either home or market.

BOUGHTON—Very productive. Fruit medium, roundish, inclining to oval; skin smooth, pale red; flesh tender, sweet and very good.

DEWBERRIES

The Dewberry is a dwarf and trailing form of the blackberry. The fruit is highly prized as a market fruit owing to its large size and fine quality.

25 for \$2.50; per 100, \$8.00.

LUCRETIA—The vine is perfectly hardy, healthy and exceedingly fruitful. In size and quality this low-growing or trailing Blackberry equals any of the upright sorts. Its berries ripen before Raspberries are gone, are large, soft, sweet and luscious throughout, with no hard core. May be grown over walls, trellises or rocky slopes.

DOWNING GOOSEBERRIES

A RESOLUTION TO PLANT, MUST BE FOLLOWED BY PLANTING

Strawberries

Strawberries are the first fruit to ripen in the spring. Why not start the season off with a dish of joy by having a big dish of this delicious fruit on your table that is fresh from the garden or a big Strawberry Short Cake. We all enjoy such things when we can get them and you can raise the berries for your self if you will just put out a patch of our Progress Plants. With ordinary care they will provide you with all the berries needed for home use.

Neither should the strawberries be forgotten if you expect to raise fruit for profit, as they ripen before other fruits come on the market and bring the highest prices and come at the time of the year when there is always a market for any fruit that you might have to offer.

PLANTING DIRECTIONS

Set in rows 30 inches apart, and the plants 15 inches apart in the rows. Always plant strawberries in the spring, for when planted in the fall they seldom do well. Varieties marked (Imp.) are pistillate or imperfect flowering. Those marked (Per.) are staminate or perfect flowering sorts. We mix perfect and imperfect bloomers in small orders.

AROMA (Per.)—Plants are very strong, vigorous, and yield immense crops of large, round, dark, glossy red berries of excellent quality and very high flavor. Late.

BEERWOOD — Medium size; light scarlet; rather roundish; flesh red, quality excellent. Recommended for dessert and market. Perfect.

BRANDYWINE (Per.) — Very large; crimson; flesh firm and of a peculiarly pleasing flavor; popular on the market. Plants require strong and high culture to get satisfactory results. Medium late.

DUNLAP (Per.)—One of the very early sorts, and continues in bearing nearly a month. An attractive berry, deep red in color and exceedingly firm in substance and excellent in quality.

GANDY (Per.)—Another old favorite. Its popularity instead of decreasing, is steadily increasing. Fruit is dark red, smooth skin, with dark red seed. A very late berry and does best in heavy clay soil. Considered one of the best shippers ever known and has done well wherever tried. It is a variety that will hold up well either before or after picked. Should be planted with the Senator Dunlap as a fertilizer.

GLEN MARY (Per.)—Midseason. Unexcelled as a long-distance shipper and one of the best for our state, as it resists dry weather admirably. A heavy bearer of large, delicious fruits.

HAVERLAND (Imp.)—Early, and one of the most valuable market sorts. Very productive of medium to large, conical berries that are smooth, regular, mildly sub-acid. Medium early.

KLONDIKE (Per.)—Mid-season. The Klondike is a very profitable berry. It was introduced in the south, and the southern planters were the first to recognize its value; for they require a good shipper that will carry to the northern markets. The Klondike is a large, round, uniform berry, ideal strawberry shape. Beautiful rich, blood-red color.

MICHIGAN'S PRIDE—Large and oblong; bright, glossy red; flesh firm and of good quality both for canning and shipping. Plant a splendid producer and rich in pollen. Perfect. Late.

POCOMOKE (Per.)—Large to very large; light crim-

MICHIGAN'S PRIDE

son or scarlet; flesh firm and a little tart. Especially good for canning and market. Plant needs no petting; good healthy grower. Medium early.

SAMPLE (Imp.)—Large; light red with red seeds; flesh rich and juicy with a high flavor, and recommended for dessert and market. Plants very productive. Late.

STRAWBERRY PRICES			
	Per 25	Per 100	Per 1000
Common kinds	---\$1.00	\$2.00	\$10.00

STEVENS' LATE CHAMPION (Per.)—A strong, vigorous grower. The plants yield large crops of fruit. The berries are well protected by ample foliage. The fruit is

large, long, a little flattened, generally smooth and has a flavor quite characteristic of itself that must be tested to be appreciated. First picking 1914, June 27th. The color is bright red and the flesh is all red, but light. It yields immense crops of berries and can be shipped very late in the season.

WARFIELD (Imp.)—Beauty, firmness, earliness, productiveness and vigor make this one of the most popular berries now in cultivation. Medium early.

Everbearing Strawberries

For a long time we thought that Everbearing Strawberries were a novelty that might under the very best conditions bear a little fruit during the summer and fall. However, after thorough testing we find that we were mistaken. We are now convinced that Everbearers are the coming favorites and that they are here to stay. We can supply the two leading varieties.

	Per 25	Per 100	Per 1000
Fallbearing	-----\$1.50	\$3.00	\$20.00

PROGRESSIVE (Per.)—The berries of fair size, rich deep crimson in color, nearly round and very glossy. This variety, like the Superb, will produce a bumper crop the second spring planted, after bearing a good crop the fall before.

SUPERB (Per.)—This is the best and most profitable fall bearing Strawberry grown. Superb berries are much larger than other varieties and of far better quality and better appearance. They will also outyield all other fall bearers.

Be sure and get that patch of strawberries started this year, before the prices and supplies have made them impossible to obtain.

PHONE ALL YOUR FRIENDS ABOUT US AND OUR GOODS

Ornamental Department

A HOME PLANTED TO ORNAMENTALS

SHADE AND ORNAMENTAL TREES

Without its Trees, the Earth would not be fit for habitation and the human family would perish. The effect they produce on our climate and rainfall makes them the first necessity of agriculture. The shade they bring for man and beast in the heat of summer, and the protection they afford against the freezing blasts of winter, make them our constant companions and best friends. When trees are about you, they indicate that you are in possession of health, wealth, comfort and prosperity. Trees make your home prettier, more valuable and cause you to live better and longer, and makes everybody proud to have you as neighbor and friend.

We have prepared a chart that will show about the kinds of trees you should plant for the different uses and locations, and you can at a glance determine the varieties to select from for safe planting for your use. If these lists are not sufficiently complete for your guidance, please tell us your problems and we will advise you what to plant.

LAWN TREES

White Flowering Chestnut	Catalpa Speciosa
Catalpa Bungei	Sycamore
Schwedleri Maple	Red Bud Tree
Weir's Cut Leaved Maple	Cut Leaved Weeping Birch
Norway Maple	Silver Maple
Bechtel's Flowering Crab	White Birch
Camperdown Elm	Bird Cherry
Purple Leaved Plum	Box Elder

STREET OR AVENUE TREES

American Elm	Linden or Baswood
Norway Maple	American Sycamore
Sugar Maple	European Sycamore
White Ash	Catalpa Speciosa
Pin Oak	Hackberry
White Oak	Horse Chestnut
Red Oak	Cut Leaved Weeping Birch
Carolina Poplar	

FLOWERING TREES

Horse Chestnut	Dogwood Tree
June Berry	Hawthorn
Flowering Plum	Magnolia
Flowering Crab	Mountain Ash
Aralia	Tulip Tree
Catalpa Speciosa	Linden or Baswood
Red Bud Tree	

TREES WITH COLORED FOLIAGE

Laurel Leaved Willow	Schwedler Maple
Purple Leaved Plum	Purple Leaved Beech

TREES WITH COLORED BARK

American Sycamore	European Birch
Golden Willow	Beech
Cut Leaved Weeping Birch	European Sycamore

TREES WITH ORNAMENTAL FRUITS

June Berry	Hawthorn
Crab Apples	Mountain Ash
Flowering Plums	Catalpa Speciosa
Dog Wood	Mulberry

TREES FOR MOIST LOCATIONS

American Elm	Catalpa Speciosa
American Linden	Poplars
Willows	

TREES FOR DRY AND POOR SOIL

Silver Maple	Box Elder
Poplars	Hackberry

PLANT TREES. ONE, IF NOT A HUNDRED

ASH, WHITE (*Fraxinus Americana*)—A handsome medium sized tree with slender branches forming a round topped head.
6-8 ft., each, 80c; per 10, \$7.00. 8-10 ft., each, \$1.10; per 10, \$9.00.
10-12 ft., each, \$1.50; per 10, \$13.00.

ASH, EUROPEAN MOUNTAIN (*Sorbus Aucuparia*)—Beautiful tree; fern-like foliage, and suited for planting in the most exacting positions.
6-8 ft., each, \$1.25; per 10, \$10.00. 8-10 ft., each, \$1.75; per 10, \$15.00.

BEECH, PURPLE (*Fagus Purpurea*)—Purple-leaved. Makes an elegant, medium-sized tree for the lawn; the foliage in the spring is a deep purple, later changing to crimson, and in autumn a dull, purplish-green.
3-4 ft., each, \$2.00; per 10, \$17.50. 6-8 ft., each, \$12.00; per 10, \$100.00.

BIRCH, EUROPEAN WHITE (*Betula Alba*)—Quite erect when young, its branches begin to droop gracefully with age. Its bark is snowy white and very effective in landscape.
6-8 ft., each, \$1.25; per 10, \$10.00. 8-10 ft., each, \$1.50; per 10, \$13.00.
10-12 ft., each, \$2.00; per 10, \$18.00.

CATALPA BUNGEI (*Umbrella Catalpa*)—Grafted on stems 6 to 8 feet high, it makes an umbrella-shaped top without pruning. Perfectly hardy and flourishes in almost all soils and climates. Its leaves are large and glossy, heart-shaped, deep green and lie like shingles on a roof. It always makes a globular, symmetrical head which makes it very unique. It is one of the indispensable trees for the ornamentation of lawns, drives, parks and cemeteries.
1-yr. head, each, \$1.50; per 10, \$13.00. 2-yr. head, each, \$2.00; per 10, \$18.

CATALPA, SPECIOSA (*Western Catalpa*)—We recommend this for planting where quick shade is desired, as it is a rapid grower and a very shapely tree. Especially ornamental in June when it is laden with beautiful white flowers in large, showy panicles.
6-8 ft., each, 60c; per 10, \$5.00. 8-10 ft., each, 80c; per 10, \$7.00. 10-12 ft., each, \$1.20; per 10, \$10.00.

CRAB, FLOWERING (*Bechtel's*)—Makes medium-sized tree; very hardy, succeeds well in all soils not extremely wet. When in bloom appears to be covered with delicate pink, perfectly double small roses of delicate fragrance. The only sweet-scented Double Crab.
2-3 ft., each, 90c; per 10, \$8.00. 3-4 ft., each, \$1.25; per 10, \$10.00.

DOGWOOD, RED FLOWERING (*Cornus Rubra*)—Flowers red, 3-3½ in. in diameter, produced in spring before leaves appear; very abundant, showy and durable. Foliage grayish green, glossy and handsome; in the autumn turns to deep red, making the tree one of the most beautiful at that season. Spreading, irregular form.
3-4 ft., each, \$1.60; per 10, \$15.00.

DOGWOOD, WHITE FLOWERING (*Cornus Florida*)—Flowers white, 3-3½ inches in diameter, produced in spring before leaves appear; very abundant, showy and durable. Foliage grayish green, glossy and handsome; in the

BIRCH

autumn turns to deep red, making the tree one of the most beautiful at that season. Spreading, irregular form, growing 20 to 25 ft. high.

3-4 ft., each, 75c; per 10, \$7.00.
4-6 ft., each, \$1.00; per 10, \$9.00.

ELM, AMERICAN (*Ulmus Americana*)—One of the grandest of native trees. Lofty growth and graceful, drooping branches make it a universal favorite.

6-8 ft., each, 75c; per 10, \$7.00.
8-10 ft., each, \$1.00; per 10, \$9.00.
10-12 ft., each, \$1.35; per 10, \$17.50. 1½-2 in. cal., each, \$2.50; per 10, \$22.50.

ELM, ENGLISH (*Campestris*)—More densely branched than American Elm, and not quite so tall with smaller, darker leaves that remain on the tree quite late in the fall. The branches project from the trunk almost at right angles.
8-10 ft., each, \$2.00; per 10, \$18.
10-12 ft., each, \$2.50; per 10, \$22.50.

ELM, SCOTCH (*Montana*)—Rapid-growing, spreading tree, with large, round, dark green leaves. One of the best for avenue planting.
8-10 ft., each, \$1.75; per 10, \$16.00.

HACKBERRY (*American Nettle Tree*)—A very rare native tree, spread out horizontally. The bark is thick and rough. The leaves are about the size and form of those of the apple, more pointed and a bright green. The graceful branches of this tree and its shiny foliage makes it a very desirable tree for lawn planting.

4-5 ft., each, \$1.25; per 10, \$11.00. 5-7 ft., each, \$1.75; per 10, \$16.00.

HERCULES CLUB (*Aralia Spinoso*)—Vigorous in growth, making a large clump from suckers freely produced. In August it bears large clusters of white flowers. It is used for tropical effects in conjunction with other shrubs and low trees.

4-6 ft., each, \$1.00; per 10, \$8.00; 6-8 ft., each, \$1.25; per 10, \$10.00.

HORSE CHESTNUTS—They have an elegant pyramidal habit; leaves deeply lobed and showy, upright panicles of white or red flowers. Hardy, vigorous and free from insects; among the first trees to unfold their leaves in the spring.

4-6 ft., each, \$1.50; per 10, \$13.50. 6-8 ft., each, \$2.00; per 10, \$18.00.

LINDEN, AMERICAN (*Tilia Americana*)—Stately tree, the branches inclined to spread and develop into an ample, rounded head, where the tree grows in the open. Its freedom from insect pests, handsome foliage and large and fragrant flowers make it a very desirable ornamental tree.
8-10 ft., each, \$1.75; per 10, \$16.00. 10-12 ft., each, \$2.00; per 10, \$18.00.

LINDEN, EUROPEAN (*Tilia Europaea*)—Excellent, broad-leaved variety, growing into a noble tree, 60 to 80 feet high. Flowers in June.

8-10 ft., each, \$1.75; per 10, \$16.00. 10-12 ft., each, \$2.00; per 10, \$18.00.

CATALPA SPECIOSA

BEECH

A HUNDRED MILLION EMPTY FRUIT JARS ARE YAWNING FOR FRUIT

MAIDEN HAIR TREE—A rare, elegant tree from Japan, with singular foliage, unlike that of any other tree; almost fern-like, of free growth, and every way desirable.

6-8 ft., each, \$1.50; per 10, \$14.
8-10 ft., each, \$2.00; per 10, \$18.

MAGNOLIA, *Acuminata* (Cucumber Tree)—A tall, very rapid growing, pyramidal tree. In mid-summer large, creamy-white blossoms appear among its deep green leaves, and large, cucumber-shaped fruits, that turn bright crimson, succeed them.

6-8 ft., each, \$2.50.

MAPLE, ASH-LEAVED or Box Elder (*Acer Negundo Fraxinifolium*)—A native tree of irregular, spreading habit. Maple-like in seed and Ash-like in foliage. A rapid grower, which makes it very valuable where quick shade is desired.

6-8 ft., each, 75c; per 10, \$7.00.
10-12 ft., each, \$1.25; per 10, \$10.

MAPLE, NORWAY (*Acer Platanoides*)—Sturdy, compact, vigorous, it is one of the very best trees for lawns, parks and gardens. A handsome tree of fairly rapid growth, forming a dense, rounded head of strong branches and broad, deep green leaves which turn to beautiful shades of golden yellow in fall. The most widely planted ornamental tree, and always beautiful, giving a dense, deep shade.

6-8 ft., each, \$1.25; per 10, \$12.00; 8-10 ft., each, \$1.65; per 10, \$15.00; 10-12 ft., each, \$1.85; per 10, \$17.50; 1½-2 in., 10-12 ft., each, \$2.50; per 10, \$22.50.

MAPLE, NORWAY RED-LEAVED (*Acer Schwedleri*)—Of the same growth and habit as the Norway, with bright crimson foliage in early spring.
6-8 ft., each, \$2.00; per 10, \$18.00. 8-10 ft., each, \$2.75; per 10, \$26.00. 10-12 ft., each, \$3.50; per 10, \$32.50.

MAPLE, SILVER-LEAVED (*Acer Dasycarpum*)—A quick grower. Trimmed moderately, it becomes of very fine shape. Certainly a very beautiful ornamental tree if given room to develop. Valuable where quick shade is desired, and grows to a good size.

6-8 ft., each, 75c; per 10, \$7.00. 8-10 ft., each, 90c; per 10, \$8.00. 10-12 ft., each, \$1.25; per 10, \$10.00. 1½-2 in. caliper, 10-12 ft., each, \$2.00; per 10, \$18.00.

MAPLE, SUGAR or ROCK (*Acer Saccharinum*)—One of the most desirable of ornamental trees, being stately in growth, of fine form and beautiful foliage. Especially valuable for avenue planting.

6-8 ft., each, \$1.60; per 10, \$15.
8-10 ft., each, \$2.00; per 10, \$18.00.

MAPLE, WEIR'S CUT-LEAVED (*Acer Weirii Laciniatum*)—Silver maple, remarkable and beautifully dissected foliage. Of rapid growth; shoots slender and drooping; giving it a very graceful appearance. Should be in every collection. While it makes a large tree if undisturbed, it will bear any amount of pruning and may be easily adapted to small lawns.

6-8 ft., each, \$1.00; per 10, \$9.00; 8-10 ft., each, \$1.25; per 10, \$10.00; 10-12 ft., each, \$1.75; per 10, \$16.50.

OAK, RED (*Quercus*)—Grows to be 80 to 100 feet tall, usually large leaves and quick growth. Its young shoots and leaf stems are red and the fall turns the foliage to a rich purplish-crimson. 5-6 ft., each, \$2.00; per 10, \$18.00. 6-8 ft., each, \$2.50; per 10, \$20.00.

NORWAY MAPLE

appear, and the whole tree is loaded with its fleecy fragrant bloom. It gives to the landscape a touch of beauty that no other plant seems to effect.

8-4 ft., each, 75c; per 10, \$7.00.

PLUM, OTHELLO—A purple-leaved Burbank plum, making a useful combination of foliage and fruit. Is a handsome lawn tree, with its brilliant reddish purple foliage, bright clusters of white flowers in early spring, and profusion of deep crimson fruit ripening the very earliest of all plums.

8-4 feet, each, 75c; per 10, \$7.00.

PLUM, PURPLE-LEAVED (*Prunus Pissardi*)—Small sized, elegant tree, with rich, purple leaves, ends of shoots brilliant red; very desirable for contrast.

8-4 ft., each, 75c; per 10, \$7.00.

RED BUD (Judas Tree)—A small-growing tree of irregular form and heart-shaped leaves, covered with delicate pink blossoms in early spring before the leaves appear; very ornamental.

8-4 ft., each, 75c; per 10, \$7.00. 4-5 ft., each, \$1.00; per 10, \$9.00.

STRAWBERRY TREE (*Enonymus European*)—Beautiful little tree, whose fruit and foliage assumes in the fall the most intense crimson color. One of the most important of recent additions to the list of American shrubs.

3-4 ft., each, \$1.00; per 10, \$9.

SWEET GUM (Liquid Amber)—A tree that is beautiful at all stages, and useful in all sorts of planting. Varying from 60 to 80 feet in height, it has a narrow ovate head, formed of short, corky-winged branches and masses of star-shaped, lustrous leaves that color to intense crimson scarlet in fall. Even in winter its odd, swinging sea balls and corked-winged branches make a picturesque and interesting. The name is from its fragrant sap and leaves.

5-6 ft., each, 1.50; per 10, \$16.
6-8 ft., each, \$2.00; per 10, \$18.

SYCAMORE, AMERICAN, *Plane* (Button Wood)—Broad-spreading, round-topped, massive and picturesque, often 100 to 120 feet high. Very effective in winter when its branches show almost as white as a birch's.

6-8 ft., each, 1.00; per 10, \$8.
8-10 ft., each, \$1.25; per 10, \$10.
10-12 ft., each, \$1.75; per 10, \$16.00.

WHITE OAK

THE FRUIT YOU EAT, MUST EITHER BE PRODUCED OR PURCHASED

SYCAMORE, EUROPEAN (Oriental Plane)—Lofty, wide-spreading; heart-shaped leaves; valuable for its handsome foliage and free growth; not as subject to disease as our native species. Makes a fine street tree. 6-8 ft., each, \$1.00; per 10, \$8.00. 8-10 ft., each, \$1.25; per 10, \$10.00. 10-12 ft., each, \$1.75; per 10, \$16.00.

TULIP TREE (Liriodendron Tulipifera)—A tall, magnificent native tree, of rapid pyramidal growth. Valued for its smooth, clean bark, and handsome green foliage. Flowers appear the first of June. They are large, greenish-yellow, blotched orange, and of the same shape as the tulip. Makes a most desirable tree for the lawn. 5-6 ft., each, \$1.00; per 10, \$9.00. 6-8 ft., each, \$1.35; per 10, \$12.50.

WILLOW, Golden Barked—A distinct variety, with golden bark of high color, very conspicuous in Winter. Valuable, in bush form, for use in mass planting. 5-7 ft., each, 50c; per 10, \$4.00.

WILLOW, LAUREL-LEAVED—Rapid-growing tree notable for shining, dark green foliage. May be grown as an individual specimen, or is useful for hedges or screens when height is desired. Does well at the seashore. 6-8 ft., each, 60c; per 10, \$5.00.

WILLOW, REGALS—A large tree, with short and thick trunk, branches yellowish brown; leaves ashy gray, and silky throughout, giving a white appearance to the whole tree. 6-8 ft., each, 60c; per 10, \$5.00.

MR. FARMER AND LANDOWNER

Are you paying from 35c to 50c each for fence posts?

Have you a wood-lot from which you can cut a good stick of timber when repairs are needed?

Have you a piece of land on your farm which is producing nothing, except weeds?

Why not a row of trees about your buildings and orchard and along the roadside. Raise all your own fence posts by planting Hardy Catalpa.

Catalpa will produce timber equal in quality to oak and hickory, and even more lasting. Catalpa will grow on almost any kind of soil. It will make the weed-patch your most profitable piece of land.

We have a few thousand Catalpa Trees of the size for forest and wood-lot planting. Set a piece of timberland to take the place of the one your forefathers destroyed. Set them 4 feet apart each way. Order early before the supply is "Sold Out."

SYCAMORE

HARDY CATALPA TREES—2-3 feet	-----	100	1,000
HARDY CATALPA TREES—3-4 feet	-----	\$4.00	\$30.00
	-----	5.00	40.00

Weeping Trees

WEeping MULBERRY

This type of tree is especially desirable for specimen planting about the lawn, as their graceful weeping tops give the appearance of giant umbrellas covered with leafy green. All are perfectly hardy. The Willow may be planted in a moist section near the creek or creek. Put the Elm in the side or near lawn and it will become a little shady play-house for the small children. The Mulberry will show its beautiful fruit which provide bits to supply the appetites of the birds and children.

BIRCH, CUT LEAVED WEEPING—Of wonderful grace and beauty. Tall, vigorous, with slender, drooping branches; foliage colors brilliantly in fall, and its bare white trunk and branches are very beautiful in winter.

6-8 ft., each, \$1.25; per 10, \$10.00. 8-10 ft., each, \$2.00; per 10, \$18.00. 10-12 ft., each, \$2.50; per 10, \$22.50.

ELM, CAMPERDOWN—One of the most distinct and picturesque of all our weeping trees. Grows well in most any climate, is of fine and notable habit, the strong branches often sweeping out horizontally several feet before they curve downward, making a broad, handsome head.

1-year, 6-7 ft., each, \$2.50.

MULBERRY, TEA'S WEEPING—The most graceful and hardy weeping tree in existence. Forms a perfect-shaped head, with long, slender, willowy branches, drooping to the ground. In light, airy gracefulness, delicacy of form and motion, it is without a rival. It has beautiful foliage, is hardy, safe and easy to transplant. Admirably adapted for small or large grounds, or cemetery planting.

1-year, -7 feet, each, \$2.50.

WILLOW, BABYLONICA—Well-known large Weeping Willow. Most valuable as a single specimen to contrast with upright trees. 6-8 ft., each, 60c; per 10, \$5.00.

WILLOW, THURLOWS—Spreading, drooping tree, similar to the Babylonica. 8-10 ft., each, 75c; per 10, \$6.00.

WILLOW, WISCONSIN WEEPING—A variety resembling the Babylonica Willow, except that it is more hardy. 6-8 ft., each, 75c; per 10, \$6.50.

POPLAR WEEPING—A rather stiff, upright tree, the branches of which take on a curiously zig-zag direction and droop toward the ground from a neat, round head. Exceedingly picturesque and valuable for use as a feature on a small lawn. 1-year, 6-8 ft., each, \$1.75; per 10, \$15.00.

INTEREST IN HOME INDICATES PROGRESSIVE CITIZENSHIP

Nut Trees

On the market, nuts are always in demand and command good prices. There is hardly another branch of tree cultivation from which there is assured such substantial profits. Not only are you each year reaping a large harvest of nuts, but at the same time the trees themselves are growing into many dollars in the form of valuable timber.

AMERICAN CHESTNUT

BUTTERNUT — A fine native tree, producing a large, longish nut, highly prized for its sweet, oily, nutritious kernel. 3 to 4 ft., each, 75c; 10 for \$6.50.

CHESTNUT, AMERICAN—Fruit of this well-known native tree need hardly be described. We believe it is considered by all to be the best of all nuts, whether native or foreign. The tree itself is unsurpassed in an ornamental way. 5 to 6 feet, each, 65c; 10 for \$7.00.

FILBERT, ENGLISH—Of easy culture, succeeding well in almost any soil. Bears early and abundantly. Nuts almost round, rich and of excellent flavor. 2 to 3 ft., each, 60c; 10 for \$5.00. 3 to 4 ft., each, 75c; 10 for \$6.50.

WALNUT, JAPAN—Perfectly hardy; rapid grower, bearing young and abundantly. Highly prized as an ornamental tree. Nuts resemble butternuts. 3 to 4 ft., each, 75c; 10 for \$7.00. 4 to 6 ft., each, 90c; 10 for \$8.00.

THAT REMINDS US

The apologies that are always made for Fire Sales, Bankrupt Sales and Cheap Trees, reminds us of a story we heard some days ago:

FOR SALE

One Ford car with one piston ring,
Two rear wheels, one front spring;
Has no fenders, seat made of plank;
Burns lots of gas and durned hard to crank.
Carburetor busted half way through,
Engine missing, hits on two;
Only three years old,—four in the Spring.
Has shock absorbers and everything.
Ten spokes missing, front axle bent,
All the tires punctured, ain't worth a cent.
Got a lot of speed, will run like the deuce;
Burns either oil or tobacco juice.
If you want this car, inquire within,
Helluva good Ford, for the shape it's in.

Yet the above mentioned Ford will give about the same kind of service as the cheap Fruit Trees.

Evergreens

For planting about the home in clusters, hedges and single plants, nothing lends quite as much beauty as the Evergreens. In other days, we all called them plain Cedars, but now we have a number of kinds of Evergreens and each of these kinds divided into various classes. Some with deep green, others lighter. Some with short needles, others with long ones. Some with blue-like foliage, and others almost the color of gold. Some that stand erect and grow into great and beautiful green columns, others that weep and lie almost prostrate at your feet. They furnish the color that satisfies the Christmas Holidays and provide the cuttings of green for mixing with other foliage and bloom for the constant decoration of the rooms in which we live. They stand near the lawn entrance and the walks, border the drives and make the screens to the rear of the lawn where the birds gather and pay their Winter visits. Planted alone or in connection with other shrubs they always please. Our Evergreens always grow because we dig those of much size with a ball of earth attached to the roots and you have but to cover this ball with earth and you have them properly planted. By our method, the Evergreen scarcely knows that it has been removed from the spot that has known it since infancy. We offer these in every size and at such prices that all may get them now and have them develop right on their own grounds.

A HUNDRED MILLION EMPTY FRUIT JARS ARE YAWNING FOR FRUIT

ARBOR-VITAE

AMERICAN—A native variety easily grown and especially valuable for screens and hedges. Erect pyramidal habits, with soft, light green foliage.

18-24 inches, each, 65c; per 10, \$6.00. 2-3 feet, each, \$1.00; per 10, \$9.00. 3-4 feet, each, \$1.75; per 10, \$16.00. 4-5 feet, each, \$2.50; per 10, \$22.50.

BIOTA AUREA NANA, Berckman's Golden Arbor Vitae—A perfect gem. Conical form, very dense and compact. During spring and summer it presents the most cheerful bright-yellow green imaginable.

12-15 inches, each, \$2.50; per 10, \$22.50. 15-18 inches, each, \$3.00; per 10, \$27.50.

BIOTA COMPACTA—Bushy and upright in growth and very attractive foliage, arranged in flat, vertical leaf. Same as Berckman Aurea, only green. Size 15-18 and 18-24 in.

15-18 inch, each, \$2.00; per 10, \$18.00. 18-24 inch, each, \$2.50; per 10, \$22.50.

ELLWANGERIANA—A low, broad, pyramid bearing both the sharp-pointed and the scale-like foliage. Keeps its fresh, bright green all the year round.

12-15 inch, each, 60c; per 10, \$5.50. 15-18 inch, each, 75c; per 10, \$7.00.

ERECTA (Globe Head)—Growing in thick globe form, with attractive foliage.

12-15 inch, each, \$1.00; per 10, \$9.00. 15-18 inch, each, \$1.75; per 10, \$16.00. 18-24 inch, each, \$2.50; per 10, \$22.50.

ERICOIDES—A very small, compact evergreen with very fine foliage, which turns to bronze in winter, making it very conspicuous.

10-12 inch, each, 75c; per 10, \$7.00. 12-15 inch, each, 90c; per 10, \$8.00.

GEO. PEABODY—A distinct yellow form that is beautiful as a specimen and high value for contrast of color. In growth similar to the American.

12-15 inch, each, \$1.50; per 10, \$13.50. 15-18 inch, each, \$2.00; per 10, \$18.00.

GLOBOSA—Forms a dense, low globe; handsome shade of green.

12-15 inch, each, \$1.25; per 10, \$11.00. 15-18 inch, each, \$1.50; per 10, \$13.50.

GLOBE ARBOR-VITAE

HOVEYII (Hovey's Arborvitae)—Slow-growing form, with golden green foliage.

15-18 inch, each, \$1.25; per 10, \$11.00. 18-24 inch, each, \$2.00; per 10, \$18.00.

FUMILLA—Forms a globe of bluish green foliage. Compact.

12-15 inch, each, \$1.10; per 10, \$10.00. 15-18 inch, each, \$1.50; per 10, \$13.50. 18-24 inch, each, \$2.00; per 10, \$18.00.

PYRAMIDALIS—The most compact and erect of all the Arbor-vitae. Foliage is a deep green, retaining its color throughout the entire season.

18-24 inch, each, \$1.00; per 10, \$9.00. 2-3 feet, each, \$1.65; per 10, \$15.00. 3-4 feet, each, \$3.25; per 10, \$30.00.

SIBERIAN—A superb variety, somewhat similar to the American, with heavier and fuller foliage and more compact habit. It holds its color during the winter and bears trimming well. One of the hardiest.

18-24 inch, each, \$1.25; per 10, \$11.00. 2-3 feet, each, \$2.25; per 10, \$20.00. 3-4 feet, each, \$3.50.

TOM THUMB—Small and compact with feathery foliage. Dandy ornament for small lawn or cemetery lot.

10-12 inch, each, 75c; per 10, \$7.00. 12-15 inch, each, 90c; per 10, \$8.00.

WOODWARD GLOBE—A very compact, globular type. Handsome shade of green. Fine as individual specimen or for border plantings of higher growing evergreens.

12-15 inch, each, \$1.25; per 10, \$11.00. 15-18 inch, each, \$1.50; per 10, \$13.50.

RETINSPORAS

PLUMOSA—A very handsome evergreen from Japan, with a soft, fern-like green foliage.

15-18 inch, each, \$1.00; per 10, \$9.00. 18-24 inch, each, \$1.25; per 10, \$10.00. 2-3 feet, each, \$2.00; per 10, \$18.00. 3-4 feet, each, \$3.00; per 10, \$27.00.

FILIFERA (Weeping Retinsporas)—A distinct and beautiful form of strong growth with masses of long, slender cord-like, drooping foliage of light green.

15-18 inch, each, \$1.50; per 10, \$13.50. 18-24 inch, each, \$2.00; per 10, \$18.00.

PLUMOSA AUREA—Foliage similar to the one above, but of a rich golden-yellow color. Very popular.

15-18 inch, each, \$1.00; per 10, \$9.00. 18-24 inch, each, \$1.25; per 10, \$10.00. 2-3 feet, each, \$2.00; per 10, \$18.00.

JUNIPERS

IRISH—Columnar in habit and quite compact in growth. Fine for formal gardening and breaking rounded lines. Foliage bluish-green.

15-18 inch, each, 90c; per 10, \$7.00. 18-24 inch, each, \$1.00; per 10, \$8.00. 2-3 feet, each, \$1.50; per 10, \$12.50.

SABINA—A dwarf, green foliage, spreading form. Its nature of growth adapts it particularly as a connecting link between the grass and taller evergreens in a mixed border.

12-15 inch, each, \$1.50; per 10, \$12.00. 15-18 inch, each, \$2.00; per 10, \$18.00. 18-24 inch, each, \$2.25; per 10, \$20.00. 2-3 feet, each, \$3.25; per 10, \$30.00.

PYRAMIDALIS

PLANT TREES. THEY SERVE YOU AS WELL AS OTHERS

JUNIPER, English—Grows much like the Swedish, but of more bushy form.

2-3 ft., each, \$2.00; per 10, \$18.00.

STRICTA—Very compact growing, foliage bluish-green. 15-18 inch. each, \$1.50, per 10, \$13.50.

PFITZERIANA—A beautiful new evergreen of graceful habit, resembling in form the well-known *Japonica aurea*, though in color the foliage is of a pleasing glaucous green. 18-24 inch, each, \$3.00. 2-3 feet, each, \$3.50.

TAMARISCIFOLA (Tamarisk-leaved Savin)—An elegant form, with broad, feathery branches and thick, glaucous, and deep green foliage. Makes a fine, broad specimen. 12-15 inch, each, \$2.00; per 10, \$18.00. 15-18 inch, each, \$3.00; per 10, \$27.00.

VIRGINIANA (Red Cedar)—Tapering form, bright, rich green foliage. Useful for ornamental planting. 2-3 ft., each, \$1.25; per 10, \$11.00. 3-4 ft., each, \$2.00; per 10, \$18.00. 4-5 ft., each, \$3.50; per 10, \$32.50.

SPRUCE

NORWAY—One of the most largely planted evergreens. Used either as individual specimens or for hedge purposes. 18-24 inch, each, 65c; per 10, \$6.00. 2-3 feet, each, \$1.25; per 10, \$11.00. 3-4 feet, each, \$2.00; per 10, \$18.00.

LITTLE EVERGREENS POT PLANTS

These little evergreens grown in 2½-inch pots are 5 to 10 inches high nice little plants that will grow. They are perfectly hardy. Just plant them in your yard. They cost you nothing in comparison with the larger field grown sorts.

A number of our customers have ordered Evergreens of small size and requested that we list same in our Catalog so the general buying public would have opportunity to secure the trees of small size at medium cost and thus save the enormous cost of trees of this kind, that are much larger.

There is a wonderful opportunity in each line of this offer and will hold good till this allotment of our small evergreens is completely sold out. To avail yourself of this chance, it will be well for you to order a few of them when ordering other goods.

NORWAY SPRUCE

	Each	Per 10
Arbor Vitae, American, 5 to 7 inches----	\$.25	\$2.00
Arbor Vitae, Elegantissima, 5 to 7 in.-----	.50	4.50
Arbor Vitae, Douglas Pyramidalis, 5-7 in.-----	.40	3.50
Arbor Vitae, Pyramidalis, 5 to 7 inch-----	.30	2.50
Arbor Vitae, Siberian, 5 to 7 inches-----	.30	2.50

DWARF BALL SHAPED

Arbor Vitae, Erecta, 5 to 7 inches-----	.30	2.50
Arbor Vitae, Globosa, 5 to 7 inches-----	.35	3.00
Arbor Vitae, Hoveyii, 5 to 7 inches-----	.30	2.50
Arbor Vitae, Pumilla, 5 to 7 inches-----	.35	3.00

SOFT WOOL-LIKE BALLS

	Each	Per 10
Arbor Vitae, Ericoides, 5 to 7 inches-----	\$.30	\$2.50
Arbor Vitae, Elwangeriana, 5 to 7 inches-----	.30	2.50
Arbor Vitae, Tom Thumb, 5 to 7 inches-----	.30	2.50
Retinospora Plumosa -----	.30	2.50
Retinospora Plumosa Aurea -----	.30	2.50
Retinospora Pisifera -----	.35	3.00
Retinospora Squarrosa -----	.35	3.00
Retinospora Filifera -----	.35	3.00
Taxus Cuspidata Brevifolia (Yew Tree) -----	.50	4.50

JUNIPERS

Juniper, Sabina Dwarf-----	.50	4.50
Juniper, Virginiana (Red Cedar), 6-8 in.-----	.40	3.50
Juniper, Irish, 6 to 8 inches-----	.30	2.50

THIS CATALOG IS FULL OF QUALITY, SQUARE DEAL AND SERVICE

Ornamental Shrubs

Years ago, most of us regarded a high-growing plant as a tree, and a low-growing one as a shrub. Since both of them have come into common use in the decorations of the homes, parks and cemeteries we visit, and our children come to us with the stories of their plant studies in school, we are brought to realize that there are several dozen kinds of trees in general use, and several hundred different shrubs of varying colors of bloom and habits of growth and make up the great question of "What to Use" in the grounds about our dooryards for the proper ornamentation of the spot we most love, where our best loved ones while away their years, and the place that knows us last before we begin the journey to the grave. You have the different colors of bark; every shade of color in bloom in the whites, yellows, reds, purples and pinks; every season from earliest spring till latest fall and every conceivable habit of growth that would comprehend the upright, curved branch, and weeping. Some with their berries, others tassellated and still others that bloom before a leaflet is in sight. About the buildings, they hide the old walls, screen the unsightly portions of the grounds and provide a wealth of bloom that's always acceptable for the decoration of the dining-room, the library, and sprays to lay on the graves of friends as a silent token of respect. Planted singly, in masses, in borders, screens or in hedges, their annual blooming habit makes the home a joy to live in, and if you desire to sell your property, you find yourself a few hundred dollars richer for the effort.

WHAT YOU SHOULD KNOW ABOUT SHRUBS

APRIL AND MAY BLOOMERS

Almonds	Lilac, Rothomagensis
Calycanthus	Philadelphus, Coronarius
Lilac, Purple and White	Rhodotypus, Kerriodes
Deutzia, Pride of Roches-	Ribes, Aureum
ter	Snowball
Deutzia, Rosea	Spirea Bumalda
Eleagnus Longipes	Spirea Callosa Alba
Exochorda Grandiflora	Spirea Prunifolia
Forsythias	Spirea Thunbergii
Honeysuckle, Bella Albida	Spirea Van Houtte
Honeysuckle, Morrowi	Tamarix
Japan Quince	Viburnum Opulus
Deutzia, Gracilis	

JUNE AND JULY BLOOMERS

Amorpha Fruticosa	Philadelphus
Buddlei	Snowball, Japan
Cornus	Snowberry, White
Deutzia, Crenata	Spirea Anthony Waterer
Elders	Spirea Opulifolia
White Fringe	Spirea Opulifolia Aurea
Honeysuckle Grandiflora	Spirea Callosa Alba
Honeysuckle Tartarian,	Spirea Rosea
Pink and White	Stephenandra Flexuosa
Hydrangea Arborescens	Viburnum Dentatum
Hypericum	Viburnum, Lantana
Kerria	Weigela

AUGUST TO OCTOBER BLOOMERS

Altheas	Spirea Billardi
Clethra Alnifolia	Spirea Billardi Alba
Hydrangea P. G.	Witch Hazel

SHRUBS FOR SHADY PLACES

Barberry	Kerria
Forsythia	Snowberry, Red and White
Hypericum	

RED BLOOMERS

Althea, Duchess de	Japan Quince
Brabant	Weigela, Eva Rathke
Colutea Arborescens	

PINK BLOOMERS

Almond, Pink	Spirea Bumalda
Deutzia, Rosea	Spirea Rosea
Honeysuckle Tart., Pink	Tamarix
Spirea Anthony Waterer	Weigela, Desboisi
Spirea Billardi	Weigela, Rosea

WHITE BLOOMERS

Almonds, White	Philadelphus
Althea, Jean D' Arc	Rhodotypus
Althea, Totus Alba	Snowball
Clethra, Alnifolia	Spirea Callosa Alba
Deutzias	Spirea Opulifolia
Elders	Spirea Opulifolia Aurea
Eleagnus, Longipes	Spirea Prunifolia
Exochorda Grandiflora	Spirea Reevesiana
Honeysuckle, Bella Albida	Spirea Thunbergii
Honeysuckle Tart., White	Stephaenandra, Flexuosa
Honeysuckle, Morrowi	Viburnum
Hydrangeas	

YELLOW BLOOMERS

Barberry	Kerria
Forsythia	Ribes, Aureum
Hypericum	Witch Hazel

LAVENDER AND PURPLE BLOOMERS

Althea, Boule De Fée	Lilacs
Amorpha, Fruticosa	

GOOD FOR CUT FLOWERS

Almonds	Lilacs
Buddleia	Snowballs
Deutzias	Spireas
Hydrangeas	Weigelas

SHRUBS WITH COLORED OR VARIEGATED FOLIAGE

Cornus, Elegantissima	Philadelphus, Gold Leaf
Cornus, Spaethii Aurea	Spirea Opulifolia Aurea
Elder, Gold Leaf	Weigela, Variegated Leaf

SHRUBS BEARING ORNAMENTAL BERRIES

Barberry, red berries	Ribes, Aureum, brown berries
Cornus, Siberica, blue berries	White Snowberry, white berries
Elders, red berries	Viburnum, Dentatum, blue berries
Honeysuckles, orange berries	Viburnum, Lantana, scarlet berries
Rhodotypus, black berries	
Red Snowberry, red berries

KERRIA

IF WE CAN WAIT AND PAY THE FREIGHT, WHY NOT ORDER NOW?

ALMOND, DOUBLE WHITE and DOUBLE PINK—Early spring flowering shrubs, usually in full bloom before the leaves appear. 18-24 in., each, 50c; per 10, \$4.50. 2-3 ft., each, 60c; per 10, \$5.50.

ALTHEA, BOULE DE FEU—A variety producing showy semi-double violet-red flowers.

ALTHEA, DUCHESSE DE BRABANT—Large, double, reddish lilac flowers.

ALTHEA, JEANNE D'ARC—Best of the white, double Altheas. Hardy and free-flowering.

ALTHEA, PULCHERRIMA—Very fine double pink variety.

ALTHEA, TOTUS ALBAS—Pure white, single flowers of fine size and great beauty.

All Althea—18-24 in., each, 25c; per 10, \$2.20; per 100, \$18.00. 2-3 ft., 35c; per 10, \$3.00; per 100, \$25.00.

AMORPHA, FRUTICOSA (False Indigo)—Grows to 8 to 10 feet in height in large, spreading bush form, with green leaves in pinnate arrangement. Its June flowers are of a deep violet-blue.

2 to 3 ft., each, 40c; per 10, \$3.50.

ARALIA, PENTAPHYLLA—Long, slender, gracefully arching branches and bright green compound foliage. Makes a small tree in time; especially attractive on rocky slopes. Greenish-white flowers.

2-3 ft., each, 35c; per 10, \$3.20. 3-4 ft., each, 45c; per 10, \$4.00.

BARBERY THUNBERGII—Well-known as Japanese Barberry, is of dwarf habit and much prized for foundation planting where there is whole or partial shade. Leaves color to a beautiful red in fall and during winter the plant hangs full of bright red berries that make it most attractive. This is the only variety of barberry which the United States Department of Agriculture has found does not carry the stock stem rust. Lighter sizes listed under hedge plants.

15-18 in., each, 25c; per 10, \$2.25. 18-24 in., each, 35c; per 10, \$3.25. 2-2½ ft., each, 40c; per 10, \$3.60.

BUDDLEIA, LINDLEYANA—Called "Summer Lilac" and "Butterfly Bush." A hardy ornamental plant that attains at full growth a height of from four to seven feet. Is a fine grower and excellent bloomer. Very attractive.

2-year, each, 40c; per 10, \$3.50.

CALYCANTHUS—One of the most desirable shrubs. The wood is scented, the foliage rich, and flowers of a rare chocolate color, having a peculiar, delightful odor. The old-fashioned sweet-scented shrub of our grandmother's garden. 2-3 ft., each, 45c; per 10, \$4.25.

CLETHRA, ALNIFOLIA (Sweet Pepper Bush)—Pretty little shrub, delightful fragrant in September when covered with long, showy wands of white flowers. It is valuable for the front of the border, as it grows only 3 to 5 feet tall. 18-24 in., each, 40c; per 10, \$3.60.

COLUTEA, ARBORESCENS (Bladder Senna)—A large shrub, with small, delicate foliage, and yellow, pea-blossom-shaped flowers in June, followed by reddish pods or bladders. 2-3 ft., each, 40c; per 10, \$3.50.

CORNUS, ELEGANTISSIMA VARIEGATA—8-10 ft. high, with purplish-red branches and beautiful silver variegated foliage.

2-3 ft., each 75c; per 10, \$7.

ALTHEA

CORNUS SIBERICA (Dogwood)—Grows 5 to 10 feet high and hardy. Blooms in early summer, great clusters of small white flowers, followed in the fall by light blue berries. One of the strongest points in favor of this altogether lovely shrub is the blood-red color of the branches in winter, especially when planted in a group of other shrubs of dull colored branches. This appearance of color in combination with snow gives a beautiful effect during the months when there is an absence of flowers. 2-3 ft., each, 35c; per 10, \$3.00; per 100, \$20.00. 3-4 ft., each, 45c; per 10, \$4.00; per 100, \$30.00.

CORNUS, SPAETHII AUREA (Golden)—Leaves with broad margins of golden yellow. Has a wide spreading habit of growth and regarded as the most beautiful Cornus. 2-3 ft., each, 75c; per 10, \$7.00.

CORNUS, STOLONIFERA—Rather dense growing form of Dogwood. Flowers white followed by pure white berries. Red branches. Fine for back grounds, and screens on account of its dense growth and heavy foliage, and its bright colored branches.

2-3 ft., each, 35c; per 10, \$3.00; per 100, \$20.00. 3-4 ft., each, 40c; per 10, \$3.50; per 100, \$25.00.

DEUTZIA, CANDIDISSIMA—Noble variety of the Deutzias with large double white flowers in profusion. A special favorite in the lawn.

2-3 ft., each, 35c; per 10, \$3.00. 3-4 ft., each, 40c; per 10, \$3.50.

DEUTZIA, CRENATA—Flowers double white, tinged with rose; one of the most desirable flowering shrubs in cultivation.

2-3 ft., each, 35c; per 10, \$3.00. 2-3 ft., each, 40c; per 10, \$3.50.

DEUTZIA, GRACILIS—A species of charming habit, rarely growing over 2 feet high. Its slender, drooping branches are wreathed with pure white flowers. Fine for bordering high growing shrubs.

15-18 in., each, 40c; per 10, \$3.00. 18-24 in., each, 50c; per 10, \$4.50.

DEUTZIA, PRIDE OF ROCHESTER—Showy, large flowered sort that blooms profusely very early in the season. 2-3 ft., each, 35c; per 10, \$3.00. 3-4 ft., each, 40c; per 10, \$3.50.

DEUTZIA, ROSEA—A neat, dense bush, that blooms in May, wreathing its drooping branches with deep pink flowers.

2-3 ft., each, 35c; per 10, \$3.

ELDER, AMERICAN (Sambucus Canadensis)—The finest of our native shrubs. Grows 6-10 ft. tall. No more beautiful and at the same time useful shrub can be planted on your lawn. During the summer months, it blooms in profusion, handsome clusters of delicate white fragrant flowers. These are followed by large clusters of fruit, from which the well known elderberry wine, jelly and pies are made. Distinctly ornamental at all seasons.

3-4 ft., each, 35c; per 10, \$3.00.

ELDER, GOLDEN (Sambucus Aurea)—Great favorite on account of its golden foliage which, when planted with other high-growing shrubbery, forms a marked contrast. Flowers white, in flat-topped cymes. 2-3 ft., each, 35c; per 10, \$3. 3-4 ft., each, 45c; per 10, \$4.

BARBERY

FORGET THE PASSING OF YEARS. NO FRUIT TO EAT

ELDER, CUT-LEAF (*Sambucus Lacinata*)—Leaves of this variety are fern-like in formation, which in connection with its half drooping habits, makes it very effective in massing. 3-4 ft., each, 35c; per 10, \$3.00.

ELEAGNUS LONGIPES, Japan Oleaster—A showy shrub of strong, bushy growth, with silver variegation in the lining of its leaves, which are dark green above. Its fragrant, creamy white blossoms open in April or May; the scarlet, edible fruits hang thickly along its branches and are ripe in July. They make delicious sauces. 2-3 ft., each, 50c; per 10, \$4.50.

EUONYMUS ALATUS (Winged Burning Bush)—Of dwarf, compact habit; leaves small; wood very corky; fruit bright red. A fine shrub for solitary planting, as well as for massing. The rich red of foliage in autumn makes this shrub very attractive. 2-3 ft., each, 75c; per 10, \$7.00.

EXOCHORDA, GRANDIFLORA (Pearl Bush)—Compact, hardy shrub growing from 6 to 10 ft. high; can be trimmed to any desired shape. Flowers borne in May, in slender racemes of 8 to 10 florets each. 2-3 ft., each, 60c; per 10, \$5.50.

FORSYTHIA, FORTUNEI—Handsome, erect growing; deep green foliage, with a purplish tint in autumn. Blooms in early spring, with a profusion of golden flowers. Very hardy. 2-3 ft., each, 30c; per 10, \$2.50. 3-4 ft., each, 40c; per 10, \$8.50.

FORSYTHIA, INTERMEDIA—Very abundant bloomer, and hardy. A tall growing shrub, with glossy green foliage. Deep yellow flowers and fragrant, frequently blooms so early that we sometimes see the bright yellow flowers when the snow is flying, which tells us spring days are very near. Good for border planting. 2-3 ft., each, 30c; per 10, \$2.50. 3-4 ft., each, 40c; per 10, \$3.50.

FORSYTHIA, VIRDISSIMA—Hardy shrub, blooming in April. Flowers a little deeper yellow than some of the other varieties and very attractive. Foliage deep green; grows rather tall, making a good shrub for background planting. 2-3 ft., each, 30c; per 10, \$2.50. 3-4 ft., each, 40c; per 10, \$3.50.

FRINGE, PURPLE (*Rhus Cotinus*, Smoke Tree)—A unique and much admired shrub or small tree, 10-12 feet high. Large leaves. Bears a profusion of curious fringe or hair-like flowers of smoky, misty color. Foliage turns to brilliant yellow and red. 3-4 ft., each, 60c; per 10, \$5.50. 4-5 ft., each, 75c; per 10, \$7.00.

FRINGE, WHITE (*Chionanthus Virginica*)—One of

BUSH HONEYSUCKLE

our handsomest wild shrubs, growing to tree-like proportions in some localities. Flowers in loose, graceful panicles at the end of last year's branches; white and fragrant. Leaves large, deep green, of thick leathery texture, turning yellow in fall. These are followed by small blue, plum-like fruits. Grows 10 to 20 feet tall.

2-3 ft., each, 75c; per 10, \$7.00.

HONEYSUCKLE, BELLA ALBIDA—Fine shrub growing 6 to 8 feet tall, with great clusters of fragrant white flowers in spring and immense "ropes" of bright red berries which cling to it all summer. One of the loveliest of the Bush Honeysuckles and fine for lawn decoration.

2-3 ft., each, 30c; per 10, \$2.50. 3-4 ft., each, 40c; per 10, \$3.50.

HONEYSUCKLE, MORROWI—Fine specie from Japan. Grows 4 to 6 feet tall, and spreading. Its pure white flowers are quite attractive, but it is valued chiefly for the handsome red fruits which appear in August and hang on throughout the fall months.

2-3 ft., each, 30c; per 10, \$2.50. 3-4 ft., each, 40c; per 10, \$3.50.

HONEYSUCKLE, GRANDIFLORA—Vigorous grower, producing bright red flowers striped with white in June. 2-3 ft., each, 35c; per 10, \$3.00. 3-4 ft., each, 40c; per 10, \$3.50.

HONEYSUCKLE, TARTARIAN PINK—Erect grower whose pink flowers in late spring contrast beautifully with its bright green foliage. In summer and autumn its orange berries literally cover the plant. 2-3 ft., each, 35c; per 10, \$3.00. 3-4 ft., each, 40c; per 10, \$3.50.

HONEYSUCKLE, TARTARIAN WHITE—Early flowers are a delicate bluish-white and wins favor and adds great beauty to every spot it fills. 2-3 ft., each, 35c; per 10, \$3.00. 3-4 ft., each, 40c; per 10, \$3.50.

HYDRANGEA, ARBORESCENS GRANDIFLORA—Called "Snowball Hydrangea" and "Hills of Snow." The blooms are of the very largest size of pure snow-white color. One of its most valuable characteristics is its coming into bloom just after the passing of all the early spring shrubs, while its long season of bloom, from early June through August, renders it doubly valuable to every owner of a garden; perfectly hardy. 18-24 in., each, 40c; per 10, \$3.50. 2-3 ft., each, 50c; per 10, \$4.50.

HYDRANGEA TREE—Have the same beautiful conical bloom as the *Paniculata Graniflora*, and grow to good size where they make excellent backgrounds of color or for fixing formal lines along drives. 3-4 ft., each, \$1.00.

HYDRANGEA, P. G. (See page 23)

NOT SO MUCH WHAT YOU PLANT, AS WHEN YOU PLANT IT

CORONARIUS PHILADELPHUS

HYDRANGEA, PANICULATA GRANDIFLORA—No other shrub is more frequently met with on lawns and in doorways, and it justly merits its popularity. Of strong, spreading habit, with large, terminal panicles of pure white flowers in August that change to a pinkish hue in September.

18-24 in., each, 40c; per 10, \$3.50. 2-3 ft., each, 50c; per 10, \$4.50.

HYPERICUM AUREUM—A showy half pendulous shrub, fine for massing or planting in front of high growing shrubs. Bright yellow flowers two inches in diameter blooming in mid-summer. Does well in shady places. 2-3 ft., each, 40c; per 10, \$3.50.

ILEX, VERTICULATA (Black American Alder)—A native American plant of great beauty, especially in the autumn when it has its heavy load of brilliant red berries. 2-3 ft., each, 35c; per 10, \$3.00.

JAPANESE QUINCE (Cydonia Japonica)—An aristocratic shrub that attains from four to six feet in height and has spinous and extended branches. Its beautiful scarlet bloom appears before the leaves and are followed by elongated fruits of a yellowish-green color that gives it a claim to space about the garden entrance for the rare beauty it imparts. 2-3 ft., each, 0c; per 10, \$3.50.

KERRIA JAPONICA, SINGLE FLOWERING—Slender green barked shrub, with globular, yellow flowers resembling the buttercup. The bark contrasts beautifully with other shrubs in winter. 2-3 ft., each, 45c; per 10, \$4.00.

KERRIA JAPONICA, DOUBLE FLOWERING—Of same general habits as the single flowering Kerria, but flowers double, yellow resembling Cactus Dahlias. 2-3 ft., each, 60c; per 10, \$5.50.

KERRIA JAPONICA, VARIEGATED LEAF—Dwarf; small green leaves, edged with white; valuable for bordering, high growing plants. 15-18 in., each, 50c; per 10, \$4.50.

LILAC, PURPLE—Old-fashioned sweet-scented purple lilac of our childhood. Their fragrance should bless every home and fasten the memory to the scenes we knew as children. 2-3 ft., each, 35c; per 10, \$3.50. 3-4 ft., each, 45c; per 10, \$4.00.

LILAC, WHITE—Similar to the Purple Lilac, except that the flowers are white. 2-3 ft., each, 50c; per 10, \$4.50. 3-4 ft., each, 60c; per 10, \$5.50.

LILAC, ROTHOMAGENSIS—Rapid growing, with redish-purple flowers, borne in great clusters and very abundantly. 2-3 ft., 50c; per 10, \$4.50. 3-4 ft., 60c; per 10, \$5.50.

LILAC, BELLE DE NANCY—Brilliant satiny rose, white towards center. Very fine, double.

LILAC, CHARLES X—Very dark purplish-red. Single.

LILAC, MME. LEMIONNE—Double. Pure white. Fine and showy.

LILAC, MARIE LEGRAYE—Single. Large panicles of white flowers. One of the finest white lilacs. Valuable for forcing.

LILAC, PRESIDENT GREVY—Superb, double, flowers a lovely blue. One of the finest lilacs.

LILAC, SOUVENIR DE LUDWIG SPAETH—Single. Dark purplish-blue flowers, in long panicles. Beautiful.

Above named varieties: 2-3 ft., each, 65c; per 10, \$6.00. 3-4 ft., each, 80c; per 10, \$7.00.

PHILADELPHUS, CORONARIUS (Garland Syringa)—Well-known and highly esteemed shrub, pure white, highly-scented flowers, which blossom very early in graceful sprays, and have a resemblance to orange blossoms.

2-3 ft., each, 35c; per 10, \$3.00. 3-4 ft., 40c; per 10, \$3.50.

PHILADELPHUS, GRANDIFLORUS—Most vigorous of the group, growing 10 feet high. Its long, irregular branches are clustered with large, slightly fragrant flowers in June.

2-3 ft., each, 35c; per 10, \$3.00. 3-4 ft., each, 40c; per 10, \$3.50.

PHILADELPHUS, GOLDEN LEAF—Very pretty shrub of medium size, with golden-yellow leaves, which retain their color throughout the summer and autumn. Very valuable in creating pleasing and striking contrasts with other shrubs. 15-18 in., each, 50c; per 10, \$4.50. 18-24 in., each, 60c; per 10, \$5.50.

PHILADELPHUS, GORDONIANUS—Grayish-brown bark. Produces large white flowers in late July.

2-3 ft., each, 35c; per 10, \$3.00. 3-4 ft., each, 40c; per 10, \$3.50.

PHILADELPHUS, LEMOINEI—Dwarf, compact habit, only 4-6 ft. high; flowers large and fine; semi-double, blooming in June; very fragrant.

2-3 ft. each, 35c; per 10, \$3.00.

PHILADELPHUS, LEMOINEI ERECTUS—Erect habit of growth. Is loaded with cream-white flowers through June, and has beautiful foliage.

18-24 in., each, 35c; per 10, \$3.00.

ROTHOMAGENSIS LILAC

IF FRUIT IS TOO HIGH, HOW WILL IT BE LOWERED?

ARTISTIC GROUPING OF SPIREA

PHILADELPHUS, MONT BLANC—Charming variety of dwarf habit, with very large, fragrant flowers, produced in great abundance.
18-24 in., each, 35c; per 10, \$3.00. 2-3 ft., each, 40c; per 10, \$3.50.

RHODOTYPOS, KERRIOIDES—An attractive shrub of medium size from Japan. Foliage very rich, dark green. Single, white flowers in late May followed by black fruit.

2-3 ft., each, 40c; per 10, \$3.50. 3-4 ft., each, 50c; per 10, \$4.50.

RIBES, AUREUM (Golden Currant)—Bright yellow flowers and dark brown fruits that make it a very pleasing shrub to have near the kitchen door or the windows of the dining room.

2-3 ft., each, 50c; per 10, \$4.50.

SNOWBALL — That well-known plant of the old-fashioned gardens which so often is the only blooming shrub at Decoration Day time.
2-3 ft., each, 35c; per 10, \$3.00. 3-4 ft., each, 45c; per 10, \$4.00.

SNOWBALL, JAPAN—One of the finest of shrubs. Moderate in growth and compact in form. Foliage curiously crinkled and large, globular flowers of purest white, produced all over the bush.
2-3 ft., each, 75c; per 10, \$7.50.

SNOWBALL, RED — A graceful growing shrub, most conspicuous in the fall when its branches, clustered full of bright red berries, droop to the ground beneath their weight.

2-3 ft., each, 35c; per 10, \$3.00; per 100, \$20.00. 3-4 ft., each, 45c; per 10, \$4.00; per 100, \$30.00.

SNOWBALL, WHITE—A well-known shrub with small pink flowers and large white berries that hang on the plant through part of the winter.

2-3 ft., each, 40c; per 10, \$3.50; per 100, \$27.50. 3-4 ft., each, 50c; per 10, \$4.50; per 100, \$35.00.

STEPHANANDRA, FLEXUOSA—Attractive 5-ft. shrub that should be used for the borders of other shrubs or rocky places. Foliage of deep red and lobe habit. Blooms in June in great panicles of purest white.

2-3 ft., each, 50c; per 10, \$4.50.

JAPANESE SNOWBALL

SPIREA

All the Spireas bloom with a riotous extravagance which makes them quite striking. Their individual style, color and habits of growth differ so markedly that a collection of varieties will insure bloom the entire season and still evade the monotony of repetition. For lawn ornamentation nothing surpasses the Spireas. When in bloom they become veritable fountains of flowers. They require but little care and last a lifetime.

Dwarf Forms—About 2 feet.

SPIREA ANTHONY WATERER—A fine dwarf variety, bearing large clusters of rosy-crimson flowers.

If the flowers are removed as they fade, the plant will bloom continuously throughout the summer. There is no better plant for bordering high growing shrubs.

15-18 in., each, 40c; per 10, \$3.50; per 100, \$27.50.

18-24 in., each, 50c; per 10, \$4.50; per 100, \$35.00.

SPIREA BUMALDA — A spreading, low bush with dark leaves, brightened by corymbs of pretty light pink flowers in May and at intervals all summer.

15-18 in., each, 35c; per 10, \$3.00. 18-24 in., each, 40c; per 10, \$3.50.

SPIREA CALLOSA ALBA — A white flowering variety, of dwarf, bushy, symmetrical form. Fine for planting along with Anthony Waterer or Bumalda in bordering other plants.

15-18 in., each, 40c; per 10, \$3.50; per 100, \$27.50.

18-24 in., each, 50c; per 10, \$4.50; per 100, \$35.00.

Tall Growing Sorts

SPIREA BILLARDI — A dense upright shrub bearing long spikes of rich pink flowers which stand high above the foliage and bloom continuously from July to October.

2-3 ft., each, 30c; per 10, \$2.50; per 100, \$18.00. 3-4 ft., each, 40c; per 10, \$3.50; per 100, \$25.00.

ALL OUR SHRUBS ARE BEAUTY MAKERS FOR YOUR LAWN

SPIREA BILLARDI ALBA—Of the same habits as the preceding variety, but flowering white.
2-3 ft., each, 30c; per 10, \$2.50; per 100, \$18.00. 3-4 ft., each, 40c; per 10, \$3.50; per 100, \$25.00.

SPIREA OPULIFOLIA (Nine Bark)—The strongest growing sort, attaining 8 to 10 feet. Growth upright, although the white, heavy flower umbels in June make the branches droop; old flower heads turn to dark red and make a striking variety of colors at different stages of maturity.
3-4 ft., each, 45c; per 10, \$4.00. 4-5 ft., each, 50c; per 10, \$4.50.

SPIREA OPULIFOLIA AUREA (Gold Spirea)—Of similar habit to above, with young foliage of bright yellow, changing to golden-bronze in the fall.
3-4 ft., each, 50c; per 10, \$4.50. 4-5 ft., each, 60c; per 10, \$5.00.

SPIREA PRUNIFOLIA (The Real Bridal Wreath)—It is one of the earliest bloomers in the spring and every one of its long, gracefully curved branches have their whole length covered with small double white flowers. Its leaves are beautifully shaped like those of the plum, and while it will attain a great height if desired, it can be trimmed to a low head where that shape is desired. Except the Peony, the Bridal Wreath is the best known and most sought for plant in the United States.

2-3 ft., each, 50c; per 10, \$4.50.

SPIREA REEVESIANA—Tall and graceful with dark, bluish-green, lance like foliage, and large, pure white, double flowers in May and June.

2-3 ft., each, 40c; per 10, \$3.50.

SPIREA ROSEA—Medium growing, bearing panicles of pretty rose-colored flowers all summer.
18-24 in., each, 35c; per 10, \$3.00.

SPIREA THUNBERGII—Forms a dense feathery bush, 3 to 5 ft. high, the foliage in autumn changing to bright red and orange. Flowers pure white borne in feathery masses in early spring.

18-24 in., each, 35c; per 10, \$3.00.

SPIREA VAN HOUTTEI—The grandest of all the Spireas, and one of the very best of all shrubs, a complete fountain of pure white bloom in May and June. Very popular for ornamental hedges.

2-3 ft., each, 35c; per 10, \$3.00. 3-4 ft., each, 45c; per 10, \$4.00.

TAMARIX, AFRICANUS—Tall growing shrub with feathery foliage like that of the Juniper. Small pink flowers in May and June. Splendid for planting in damp places.

3-4 ft., each, 45c; per 10, \$4.00.

VIBURNUM, DENTATUM (Arrow-wood)—Flat-headed creamy-white flowers throughout May and June, and its dark green, heart-shaped leaves that turn to purple and red as the season advances, make the Dentatum one of the admired of the Snowball family. At full development you have a shrub from 8 to 12 feet in height that will last as long as the hills.

2-3 ft., each, 50c; per 10, \$4.50.

VIBURNUM, OPULUS (High Bush Cranberry)—A very decorative, native shrub, growing 8-10 feet high, with white flowers, followed by beautiful, showy clusters of bright red berries.

2-3 ft., each, 45c; per 10, \$4.00.

VIBURNUM, LANTANA (Wayfaring Tree)—Cov-

WEIGELA

ers itself with white flowers for all of May and June, while its wrinkled and artistically twisted leaves and its fruit colors ranging from lightest purple to deepest black, enable it to provide a pleasing combination of colors for each day of the whole summer.
2-3 ft., each, 50c; per 10, \$4.50.

WEIGELA, DESBOISI—Rather erect grower producing dark rose colored flowers in great profusion.
2-3 ft., each, 40c; per 10, \$3.50. 3-4 ft., each, 50c; per 10, \$4.50.

WEIGELA, EVA RATHKE—Upright grower. Flowers of dark carmine-red. One of the most popular shrubs.

2-3 ft., each, 50c; per 10, \$4.50. 3-4 ft., each, 60c; per 10, \$5.50.

WEIGELA, VARIEGATED-LEAVED—Leaves margined with creamy-white; flowers pink. Dwarf, much used for contrastive purposes.

18-24 inch, each, 40c; per 10, \$3.50. 2-3 feet, each, 50c; per 10, \$4.50.

WEIGELA, LUTEA—Small bright yellow flowers, in terminal racemes during mid-summer.

2-3 ft., each, 40c; per 10, \$3.50.

WITCH HAZEL—Valuable because its fringe-like yellow flowers open so late in fall, often in November, when there are so few blossoms outdoors.

18-24 inch, each, 40c; per 10, \$3.50.

"WHAT OTHERS SAY OF US"

M. J. Roche, whose office is at 306 Dollar Bank Bldg., Youngstown, Ohio, and who has purchased hundreds of dollars worth of our goods, has this comment to make on his experience with us:

"I have been advertising you very much, and will continue to do so."—M. J. ROCHE.

John B. Rodes, one of the most prominent lawyers in West Central Kentucky and owner of extensive orchards, who has been doing business with us through many years, wrote this letter to us last fall:

"I have sufficient confidence in your reliability and in the character of your stock, to make this proposition. I prefer to deal with you above all others with whom I have had transactions. That is frank but true."—JOHN B. RODES.

Columbus, Ohio,
February 2, 1920.

Dear Sirs:

We bought a small orchard of the Progress Nursery five years ago. They were such fine trees and have done so well we would like to get a few more.

AMOS MITCHELL,
Station "E",
R. F. D. No. 6.

We receive hundreds of testimonials similar to the above from customers who appreciate the high quality of our stock. Don't lay this catalogue aside without giving us a trial order. You will profit.

SHRUBS WILL MAKE YOUR LIFE BRIGHTER AND YOUR HEART BIGGER

A GOOD BOUNDARY HEDGE

How to Plant a Hedge

The Hedge that you are about to plant should be intended for a definite purpose, which may be for a boundary line next to the neighbor; it may be for a screen to the rear of the property or as a windbreak; it can be for the ornamentation it will give the side of the lawn or the border of a walk or drive and lastly it gives you fine service if it keeps from your lawn the intruders that trample the grass plots, the flower beds and other spots you wish to be kept sacred with privacy. Determine its location and dig a ditch 16 inches wide and the same depth. Fill this ditch one-half full of rich garden earth, and on this set your plants in a straight line right down the center of the ditch and fill the trench with well pulverized soil and thoroughly water so as to settle the soil among the roots of the plants. When the earth has settled, fill the trench to a rounding fullness and place on both sides of the hedge a covering or mulch of about two inches of well-rotted animal manure, and your Hedge WILL SUCCEED.

All wide-growing and weeping Hedges like Barberry Thunbergii, Ibota Privet, Spireas, Altheas, Rosa Rugosa and many other suitable plants, should be of but one row and the plants set from 12 to 24 inches apart, according to the size of the plants used.

All Hedge Plants having an erect habit of growth, like California Privet and Amoor River Privets, should be set in the trench in two rows, about six inches apart, and in each of these rows set the plants about 12 inches apart, so that in looking through the Hedge, the plants appear zig-zag. This gives you a plant to each six inches of the length of the hedge and assures a solid wall of Privets and one that more quickly comes to the age of completion and service and ready to be molded with the shears to any size or shape you may desire.

For the guidance and convenience of the patron, we have added hereto, a list of plants for Hedge Making for various uses.

HEDGES FOR SCREENS OR WINDBREAKS

American Arbor Vitae	Honeysuckles, Upright
Norway Spruce	Amoor River Privet
White Spruce	Ibota Privet
Hemlock	

HEDGES FOR PROTECTION OR TO KEEP OFF INTRUDERS

Barberry	Japan Quince
Honey Locust	Cockspur Thorn
Rosa Rugosa	Sweet Briar Rose

HEDGES FOR ORNAMENT OR FLOWERS

Hardy Hydrangeas	Honeysuckles, upright
Snowballs	Barberry
Altheas	Snowballs
Dogwood, low growing	Japan Quince
Spireas	Lilacs

HEDGES FOR BOUNDARIES

Russian Mulberry	Privet, all kinds
Evergreens, all kinds	Lombardy Poplars

PRICES OF HEDGE PLANTS

	Per 25	Per 100	Per 1000
BARBERRY —Japanese (Thunbergii) 12 to 15 in-----	\$5.00	\$16.00	\$120.00
BARBERRY —Japanese (Thunbergii) 15 to 18 in-----	6.00	20.00	160.00
CORNUS —Stolinifera (Dogwood) 15 to 18 inches-----	5.00	18.00	
CORNUS —Stolinifera (Dogwood) 18 to 24 inches-----	6.00	22.00	
PRIVET —California, 18 to 24 inches-----	3.00	8.00	60.00
PRIVET —California, 2 to 3 feet-----	4.00	12.00	90.00
PRIVET —Amoor River North, 18 to 24 inches-----	5.00	16.00	120.00
PRIVET —Amoor River North, 2 to 3 feet-----	6.00	20.00	160.00
PRIVET —Ibota, 18 to 24 inches-----	5.00	16.00	
PRIVET —Ibota, 2 to 3 feet-----	6.00	20.00	
SNOWBERRY —Red and White, 18 to 24 inches-----	6.00	20.00	
ARBOR VITAE —12 to 15 inches-----	10.00	35.00	
ARBOR VITAE —15 to 18 inches-----	12.00	40.00	
NORWAY SPRUCE —12 to 15 inches-----	12.50	45.00	
NORWAY SPRUCE —15 to 18 inches-----	\$12.50	45.00	

The cost of other plants recommended for Hedge making will be supplied you on receipt of your request for same, and please tell whether you want it for sun or shade and the condition of soil as to moisture, etc.

A BIRD'S NEST AND A THOUSAND SONGS IN EACH PROGRESS TREE

POPULAR VARIETIES OF HEDGES

SARBERY THUNBERGII—Not only an invaluable shrub where a low, compact hedge is wanted but fits in admirably with other shrubs in every planting. Has handsome foliage of tiny, bright green oval leaves, then turns the most brilliant shades of orange and red in the fall. The slender, graceful branches are thickly lined with scarlet berries throughout the early winter.

AMORR RIVER PRIVET—The Chinese variety, very hardy, has dark green leaves, which persist almost through the winter. Where a stiff, upright hedge is wanted nothing surpasses the Amorr. To add to its

attractiveness in foliage, it bears erect panicles of beautiful white flowers in June, followed by black berries.

CALIFORNIA PRIVET—The most widely planted of all hedge plants. It is a quick, strong grower, yet easy to control with knife or shears. Very easy to grow in any soil, doing well even in partial shade.

IBOTA—A fine and hardy border shrub, of spreading habit, with curving branches and leaves of grayish-green. Pure white flowers in June followed by bluish-black seeds. Makes an excellent hedge.

Climbing Vines

BOSTON IVY

splendid vine for a sunny veranda. Each, 75c; per 10, \$7.00.

There is something about the sweeping and twisting of Vines about the porch, veranda and the trellises about the house that appeals to everyone. The same is true of the tender Vine that clings to the walls about the house and the lawn fence and the rocks that sometimes try to cover their ugliness from view. When you visit or leave a place, the vines you have seen stay longer on the memory than the view of the house and oftentimes the people you have visited there. There's beauty in these Vines that twist and creep and cover ugly places. Who can describe the fragrance of Honeysuckles and Clematis Jackmanii, or the beauty of the Wistaria?

ARISTOLOCHIA

SIPHO (Dutchman's Pipe)—A magnificent hardy vine of rapid growth, with very large, heart-shaped leaves and brownish flowers, resembling in shape a miniature pipe. Splendid for archways or verandas, as it is a very rapid grower and forms a dense shade. A

WISTARIA

AMPELOPSIS

VEITCHII (Boston Ivy)—A beautiful, hardy Japanese species. One of the finest climbers for covering walls, as it clings firmly to the smoothest surface, covering it evenly with overlapping leaves which form a perfect mass of foliage. The color is a fresh deep green in summer, changing to bright shades of crimson and yellow in autumn. When once established it is quite hardy. Give some protection the first year. Each, 50c; per 10, \$4.50.

ENGLEMANNI—Excellent plant for covering trees, rocky slopes, walls and decaying buildings. Shorter joints and more rapid growth than Quinquifolia. Each, 40c; per 10, \$3.50.

QUINQUEFOLIA (American Ivy)—The well-known native, with five-parted leaves that change to rich scarlet in fall. Berries black-blue. Entirely hardy anywhere; quick-growing; usually requires some support on walls, although it climbs by means of tendrils and clings to brick and stone surfaces. Each, 35c; per 10, \$3.

HEDERA HELIX—The well-known English Ivy; its broad, glossy, dark leaves retain their beauty all winter if planted on the eastern and northern sides of buildings, away from the sun. It is hardy here. Each, 65c; per 10, \$6.00.

CLEMATIS

PANICULATA—Slender, vigorous climber, prized for small, white fragrant flowers. Hardy in the interior. Each, 50c; per 10, \$4.50.

RAMONA—A strong, rampant grower and a true, perpetual bloomer, flowers appearing on the last year's growth and on the new shoots, giving an abundance of bloom all through the season. Color deep, rich lavender. Each, 85c; per 10, \$8.00.

CLEMATIS

CLEMATIS CONTINUED

HENRYI—Creamy white; large and of fine shape; a free grower and bloomer. Each, 85c; per 10, \$8.00.

JACKMANI—Large, intense violet flowers; very free. One of the popular varieties. Each, 85c; per 10, \$8.00.

HONEYSUCKLE

40c each; 10 for \$3.50

HALL'S JAPANESE—Evergreen, thrifty and bloom-covered.

CHINESE TWINING—Twists, twines and blooms everywhere.

SCARLET TRUMPET—Red fragrant bloom and winds about the porch.

MONTHLY FRAGRANT—Constant bloomer, fragrant and free-grower.

WISTARIA

CHINESE—Double purple. Large double clusters of pale blue flowers. Rapid grower and free bloomer. Each, 65c; per 10, \$6.00.

CHINESE, White—Large clusters of snow-white bloom that are extravagant in their beauty. Each, 65c; per 10, \$6.00.

MAGNIFICA—Blooms later than any of the other varieties. Each, 65c; per 10, \$6.00.

MATRIMONY VINE

CHINENSE (Matrimony Vine) Sometimes trained as a shrub. Purple-flowered and showy-fruited. Extra vigorous in growth. Each, 35c; per 10, \$3.00.

OUR SHRUBS FILL THE UGLY LONELY SPOTS WITH BEAUTY

Hardy Perennials

Perennials are those plants which come forth in the spring, and make their full growth above the ground, produce their fruit or flowers, and with the coming of fall wither to the ground and have all their life rest beneath the surface of the earth and wait till spring again before coming to the surface for another year's growth. Among the many perennials you will notice we list in our catalogue we regard the Peonies, Iris and Phlox as the best known and most important.

A planting of Perennials affords a display of bloom from earliest spring until after frost comes in the fall, and gives the owner flowers that may be cut at any time for house and table decoration. These plants look well anywhere, but are especially suited for border planting, either alone or in connection with shrubbery

groups; they are also effectively used when planted along garden walks, walls fences, in rockeries and innumerable places that will suggest themselves. In planting the Perennial border we suggest massing several plants of a kind, as the effect produced by a colony is more attractive than a greater number of varieties with only a few plants of each.

PERENNIALS NEED NO CULTIVATION

They may be given a top dressing of manure each fall so they can grow underground during the winter while we sit by the fire. They come forth in the spring just like the grasses grow, and make their appearance about the time we are threatened with the first attack of Spring Fever.

OUR PERENNIAL CALENDER

will help you make your selection of plants, by giving time of blooming and color and will tell you where to plant them.

Perennial Bloom for Cut Flowers

Aquilegia	Delphinium	Shasta Daisy
Asters	Iris	Phlox
Rudbeckia	Tritoma	Peonies
	Platycodon	

Perennials that Bloom in April and May

Aquilegia	Peonies	Iris
Poppies		Dianthus (Great Pinks)

Perennials that Bloom in June and July

Anchusa	Platycodon	Cerastium
Digitalis	Funkia	Cassia Marilandica

Perennials that Bloom in August and September

Anemone	Rudbeckia	Boltonia
Aster	Tritoma	Veronica
	Clematis Davidiana	

Perennials that Bloom from June until Frost

Delphinium	Tritoma	Veronica	Coreopsis
	Shasta Daisy		

Perennials that Produce Yellow Bloom

Aquilegia	Digitalis	Poppies
Coreopsis	Iris	Rudbeckia
	Cassia Marilandica	

Perennials that Will Live in Shady Places

Aquilegia	Funkias	Dicentra	Digitalis
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Perennials that Are Most Prominent

Aquilegia	Coreopsis	Shasta Daisy
Iris	Delphinium	Tritoma
Peonies	Rudbeckia	Veronica

Perennials that Produce White Bloom

Anemone	Dianthus	Peony
Aquilegia	Gypsophila	Phlox
Boltonias	Iris	Shasta Daisy
Clematis Davidiana	Lilies	Veronica

Perennials that Produce Blue Bloom

Anchusa	Boltonia	Phlox
Aquilegia	Delphinium	Platycodon
Asters	Iris	Veronica
	Caryopteris	Masticanthus

Perennials that Produce Rose and Pink Bloom

Coreopsis	Rosea	Digitalis	Peony
Dicentra	Lilacs		Phlox
Iris		Sedum	Spectabilis

Perennials that Produce Red and Orange Bloom

Dianthus	Peony	Phlox
Gaillardia	Poppy	Sedum Brilliant

ACHILLEA

THE PEARL—June to October. Low spreading character with pure white flowers, perfectly double, and produced in sprays. Each, 20c; per 10, \$1.50.

ANCHUSA

ANCHUSA (Dropmore Variety)—A beautiful and conspicuous plant in any situation, but exceedingly showy in rows or groups of generous proportion. Stools dense and bushy, each stem covered nearly full length with double, inch-wide flowers of deepest cobalt-blue. Each, 20c; per 10, \$1.50.

ASTER—MICHAELMAS DAISY

Showy autumn flowers that grow from 3 to 5 feet high, with myriads of tiny, bright colored, daisy-like flowers.

ABENDROTHER—Glowing rosy-red.

NOVAE ANGLAE—Large, violet-purple flowers.

Each, 20c; per 10, \$1.50.

ASCLEPIAS

TUBEROSA (Butterfly-weed)—2½ ft. July and August. Without question one of the finest of hardy plants, with large heads of brilliant orange-colored flowers of most showy appearance. Of easy culture, and should not fail to be in everyone's garden.

OUR PLANTS ARE GOOD ENOUGH TO SEE BEFORE YOU PAY

AQUILEGIA—COLUMBINE

These old-fashioned garden flowers should have an established place in all perennial gardens. Their curious forms and many pleasing shades, and the readiness with which they adapt themselves to all localities, have made them prime favorites.

CAERULEA—The dainty Rocky Mountain Columbine. Blue and white.

CANADENSIS—Bright red and yellow.

CHRYSANTHA—Very fragrant, yellow flowers. Each, 20c; per 10, \$1.50.

AGROSTEMA

CORONARIA—One of the most attractive plants for the perennial garden.

Each, 20c; per 10, \$1.50.

BELLIS—ENGLISH DAISY

PERENNIS—6 in. April to June. Red, white and pink; double. Very popular spring flowers. Handsome and effective plants, suitable for edging. Each, 15c; per 10, \$1.20.

CAMPANULA

CALYCANthemA (Cup and Saucer)—Hardest and most popular form of the Canterbury Bells. Single cup-shaped flowers 3 inches long, set in a saucer-like calyx 3 to 4 inches across; entire flower of one color. Very productive. We offer three separate colors—blue, rose, white.

Each, 20c; per 10, \$1.50.

CHRYSANTHEMUM

HARDY CHRYSANTHEMUM—Colors red, white, pink and yellow. The lateness of the blossoming period of these hardy plants (which occurs when other subjects of the garden have been destroyed by frost) commends them and accounts for their universal popularity. The earliest frosts of autumn do not materially affect the blossoms, and even in late fall or early winter their bright and showy flowers lend a cheerful aspect. They thrive in almost any garden soil, and although quite hardy, are benefited by a light covering of litter or leaves in the winter.

Each, 20c; per 10, \$1.50.

COREOPSIS

LANCEOLATA GRANDIFLORA—Gem among hardy plants. It begins to flower in June and continues in bloom more or less throughout the season. The flowers, which are of a graceful form and invaluable for cutting, succeeds in any position. Each, 15c; per 10, \$1.20.

DELPHINIUM—LARKSPUR

BELLADONNA—Indispensable to the herbaceous garden. Its long, showy, spike-like flowers of delicate turquoise blue persist from June until frost. Each, 20c; per 10, \$1.50.

DIANTHUS—SWEET WILLIAM

BARBATUS—Choice strains of mixed colors, beautifully marked. Each, 15c; per 10, \$1.20.

DICENTRA

BLEEDING HEART—Rose-colored, heart-shaped flowers in drooping racemes. Each, 5c; per 10, \$4.00.

DIGITALIS—FOXGLOVE

PURPUREA—A grand old-fashioned flower that produces thimble-like flowers, in immense spikes. Will do well in shady places. Each, 15c; per 10, \$1.20.

FUNKIA—THE DAY-LILIES

VAR. UNDULATA VARIEGATA—A form with undulate foliage, most conspicuously and handsomely variegated with white. A fine foliage plant, and one of the best edging plants. Each, 25c; per 10, \$2.00.

GAILLARDIA

GRANDIFLORA—June to October. The center is a dark red-brown, while the petals are vigorously marked with rings of brilliant scarlet crimson, orange and vermillion, and often a combination of all those colors in one flower. Each, 20c; per 10, \$1.50.

GYPSOPHILA—BABY'S BREATH

PANICULATA—Most excellent border plant in general use and for cutting. While the flowers are small they are in thousands, and their pure white makes it unusually striking for the landscape borders. Each, 20c; per 10, \$1.50.

HIBISCUS—MALLOW

A desirable border plant, succeeding in any sunny position, but doing best in a damp place; grows 5 to 6 ft. high, with large foliage and large, showy flowers of delicate coloring, produced during the entire summer.

MALLOW MARVELS—A robust type of upright habit, producing an abundance of flowers of enormous size in all the richest shades of crimson. Each, 30c; per 10, \$2.50.

MOSCHEUTOS (Swamp Rose Mallow)—Flowers 6 in. in diameter; of a light rosy-red color, with darker eye.

MOSCHEUTOS, "Crimson Eye"—Flowers of immense size, of the purest white, with a large spot of deep velvety crimson in the center. Each, 25c; per 10, \$2.00.

HOLLYHOCKS

We have a rare collection of Hollyhock in the different colors: Crimson, yellow, white, maroon and pink. Each, 15c; per 10, \$1.20.

LYCHNIS

CHALCEDONICA, London Pride—A rugged plant growing 2 to 3 feet high. Each stem terminates in a flat head of fiery scarlet flowers. Each, 20c; per 10, \$1.50.

LATHYRUS

LATHYRUS LATIFOLIUS (Red Everlasting Pea)—4 ft. July to September. Flowers large, bright red, on long stems and produced in great abundance. Each, 20c; per 10, \$1.50.

LYTHRUM

ROSEUM SUPERBUM (Loose Rose Strife)—Attains a height of 3 to 4 feet and from June to September is covered with compact spikes of rose colored flowers. Is an exceedingly attractive plant, because it is always filled with bloom. Each, 20c; per 10, \$1.50.

PENTSTEMON

BARBATUS TORREYI (Beards Tongue)—Close set spikes of small, brilliant, scarlet flowers on slender nodding 3 to 5 foot stems. July and August. Each, 15c; per 10, \$1.20.

PLUMBAGO—LEADWORT

LARPENTAE—6 in. A dwarf, spreading plant with small, attractive leaves and a profusion of very pretty, deep blue flowers, during the whole of summer and autumn. Each, 20c; per 10, \$1.50.

PHYSOSTEGIA—FALSE DRAGON-HEAD

One of the most beautiful of our mid-summer flowering perennials, forming dense bushes 3 to 4 ft. high, bearing spikes of delicate tubular flowers not unlike a gigantic heather.

VIRGINICA—Bright but soft pink.

VIRGINICA ALBA—Pure white, very fine.

VIRGINICA SPECIOSA—Very delicate pink.

Each, 20c; per 10, \$1.50.

PLATYCODON

GRANDIFLORA—A beautiful perennial, forming dense, branching bush of upright habit, foliage very neat; bears a constant succession of handsome, large, bell-shaped, deep blue flowers. Each, 20c; per 10, \$1.50.

SHASTA DAISY

SEDUM

SPECTABILIS—One of the prettiest erect-growing species, attaining a height of 18 in., with broad light green foliage and immense heads of handsome, showy, rosy-crimson flowers; indispensable as a late fall-blooming plant.

VAR. "BRILLIANT"—A rich colored form of the preceding, being a bright amaranth-red.
Each, 20c; per 10, \$1.50.

SHASTA DAISY

One of the most generous in bloom of all the per-

LIBERTY IRIS (German)

These plants grow and bloom freely in any ordinary soil. They require no special care and more than reward the planter with valuable bloom and pleasure for the expense of their planting and the labor of their care. Their lavish wealth of bloom blesses every home where they are planted.

15c each; per 10, \$11.25; per 100, \$8.00.

CELESTE—Pale azure blue.

FLAVESCENS—A delicate shade of soft yellow, fine for massing and valued for cutting.

HONORABILIS—Yellow. Falls rich mahogany brown.

MADAM CHEREAU—White, elegantly frilled with a wide border of clear blue. One of the most beautiful.

NEGLECTA—Pale lavender; purple, reticulated white.

PARENISIS—Handsome, large dark blue flowers; heavy bloomer.

JAPANESE IRIS

Of all the family of Irises, the Japanese varieties are the largest and most widely divided into shades of color. Their bloom is from 6 to 10 inches across the top, and grow on erect stalk from 3 to 5 feet in height. They do best when set in very rich earth that is reasonably moist and when given intense cultivation. We offer these in a wide assortment of mixed colors. The clumps are heavy and strong enough to give wonderful blooming results.

Each pretentious lawn and garden should have at least a dozen of them.

25c each; per 10, \$2.00

SIBERIAN IRIS

A dwarf and early sort of Iris for cut flowers, bearing numbers of purplish-blue flowers of royal color on slender stalks about 3 feet high. Fine for table decorations and vase displays.

Each, 20c; per 10, \$1.50.

PHLOX

It must be admitted that the Hardy Phlox are among the hardest, most beautiful and popular of the Garden Flowers. Supplied in all the colors, pleasing results are obtained whether they be planted in connection with Shrubs, in borders about the lawn or in beds where their various colors, different heights and extended season of bloom make them a pleasure. With Phlox, there is always bloom for the home every day of the summer and the soil never gets dry enough to prevent them from blooming. We supply them in solid or mixed colors as you wish, and know they will please you.

HARDY PHLOX

enials, producing large snow-white flowers throughout the entire summer.

Each, 20c; per 10, \$1.50.

SALVIA—MEADOW SAGE

ARGENTEA—Grown for its large, ornamental, silvery-white foliage, flowers white; in June.

Each, 20c; per 10, \$1.50.

VERONICA—SPEEDWELL

SPICATA—2 to 3 ft. June to August. Long spikes of small, blue-flowers. Flowering habit constant. One of the best.

Each, 20c; per 10, \$1.50.

IRIS**PHLOX VARIETIES**

ATHIS—Light salmon pink. Tallest of all.

BACCHANTE—Tyrian-rose, with crimson-carmine eye.

BERANGER—Ground color white, delicately suffused with rosy-pink; distinct eye of same color; exquisitely marked.

BARON VAN DEDEM—Brilliant cochineal-red, with salmon.

BLANCHE NANA—Dwarf white. Bloom is exquisite.

CHAMPS ELYSEE—A bright rosy-magenta; very effective.

EUGENE DANZAVILLER—Lovely soft lilac blue. Large white center. Extremely fragrant.

FRAU ANTON BUCHNER—Large pure white.

GREUFFEN KONEIGN—Bloom a pure flesh colored rose. Carmen eye. One of the most prominent.

HENRY MUNGER—White with crimson-carmine center; a beautiful variety.

JEANNE D'ARC—A good late-flowering pure white.

KOSSUTH—Deep reddish-violet with deeper eye.

MRS. JENKINS—The best all round pure white.

PANTHEON—Large, clear, deep, bright pink with faint halo; a charming variety.

R. P. STRUTHERS—In our estimation the very best Phlox grown today; it has no faults. Color, clear cherry-red, suffused with salmon shades; deep red eye; fine large truss. Color is so clear and clean that each individual floret stands out as distinct as a cameo.

RHEINLANDER—Soft salmon-pink, deep red eye. A highly pleasing variety, not only for its color but its large flower. The supply will never meet the demand. Each, 25c; per 10, \$2.00.

RHYNSTROM—A splendid improvement in Pantheon; color not unlike that of Paul Neyron Rose. Fine for massing.

SUNSHINE—Very dark red, with bright crimson eye.

VON LASSBERG—Purest white; individual flowers very large.

VON GOETHE—Salmon rose with pure white center. Fragrant.

WIDAR—Light reddish-violet with a very large white center which illuminates the flower.

W. C. EGAN—One of the finest Phloxes yet introduced, and while the individual flowers, according to color chart, are of a delicate lilac, illuminated by a large bright solferino eye, the color effect as a whole is a pleasing shade of soft pink. In habit of growth it is strong and vigorous, producing immense panicles of flowers nine inches high by seven across, and the individual flowers frequently measure 1 1/4 inches in diameter.

Two-year-old, strong field grown clumps—Each 20c; per 10, \$1.80; per 100, \$15.00.

HURRY UP AN ORDER FOR AT LEAST ONE ROCKEY'S LATE STAR

Hardy Peonies

A noble flower, almost rivaling the rose in brilliancy of color and perfection of bloom, and the Rhododendron in stately growth.

The first point in its favor is hardiness. It may be truly said to be "hardy as an oak."

In the severest climate the plants require no other protection than that which they afford themselves. Then their vigorous habit and healthy growth, freedom from disease and insects are important arguments in favor of their cultivation. Each succeeding year adds to their size and beauty. The foliage is rich and glossy, of a beautiful deep green color, thus rendering the plants very ornamental even after the flowers are gone.

No other flower is so well adapted for large, showy bouquets; coming early in the spring as it does make it the leading flower for Decoration Day.

The Peony may be planted either singly or in beds on the lawn, or in borders. Where the lawn is extensive, a large bed makes a grand show, surpassing a bed of Rhododendrons. It is really a flower for the million.

Our collection has been made with care and includes the best varieties. Every home garden should have a space devoted to Peonies for cut flowers, for the house. You cannot afford to let your order come in without the Peony included.

COUNTESS OF WARWICK—Very large, single. Lilac-white. Very strong; medium, tall stem. An early bloomer. Each, 60c; per 10, \$5.50.

DUCHESS DE NEMOUR—Crown type, early. Superb; cup-shaped; sulphur white flowers with greenish reflex that lights up the entire flower; gradually changes to a pure snow white without spot or blemish. In growth it is entirely distinct, being upright and branching. Very fragrant. Each, 60c; per 10, \$5.50.

FELIX CROUSSE—Rose type; late mid-season. A sure red. Its large globular flowers, solid and compactly built from edge to center, are a rich, even brilliant, dazzling ruby-red. Exceptionally fiery and effective. Both the color and the size are startling. The truest of all red Peonies. Each, 60c; per 10, \$5.50.

FESTIVA MAXIMA—Early rose type. It combines enormous size with wondrous beauty, often seven or eight inches in diameter. Clear carmine spots on edge of center petals. For over sixty years it has been held first rank and is still the standard of perfection. The most popular white peony for cut flowers. Each, 60c; per 10, \$5.50.

GOLDEN HARVEST—Bomb type; mid-season. A most striking variety producing large, uncolored bloom. The guard petals are bluish-pink with creamy white center. Center of flower overlaid and tipped with carmine. It combines cream, gold, white, pink, salmon, peach and apricot, the total color effect of the flower being creamy pink; strong, delicate fragrance. Each, 60c; per 10, \$5.50.

LA TULIPE—Semi-rose type; mid-season. Enormous, globular, fragrant flowers, delicate bluish white, shading to ivory-white, with red tulip markings on outside of guard petals. Our rows of this gave the appearance of a huge bank of snow for fully two weeks. Each, 60c; per 10, \$5.50.

LA BRUNE—Rose type; well into season. Extremely large flowers, deep crimson-purple, which makes it one of the most attractive of the late sorts. They hold their form well which makes them desirable for vase work. Each, 60c; per 10, \$5.50.

PEONIES

LINNE—Rose type; mid-season. Large, globular, compact bloom. Color tyrian-rose; guard petals are slightly flecked with crimson; quite floriferous. A good variety. Each, 50c; per 10, \$3.50.

MARGUERITE GERARD—Semi-rose type; mid-season. Enormous, flat-shaped flower with broad petals blooming in clusters; color delicate Hydrangea-pink, changing as the flower ages to creamy-white. Many of the central petals and even the guards have minute dark carmine. Also black, flecks on the tips. Fragrant. Each, 60c; per 10, \$5.50.

MESSONIER—Bomb type; mid-season. Very brilliant crimson; full double flowers on stiff, wiry stems; the stems may have short crooks in them, but they are never weak. The color is wonderfully rich and brilliant. Each, 40c; per 10, \$3.50.

OCTAVE DE MAY—Crown type; mid-season. Very large, flat crown guards and center delicate Hydrangea-pink. Collar almost white. Very fragrant; very dwarf habit. Free bloomer. This is a grand peony. Each, 60c; per 10, \$5.50.

QUEEN VICTORIA—Bomb type; mid-season. The very best every day white. When cut a first rate keeper. Flower of good substance and color; very pretty in the bud state, when it has a faint blush tint; an old standby. Each, 40c; per 10, \$3.50.

TRIUMPH DE L'EXPOSITION DE LILLE—Rose type; late mid-season. A glorious flower having a huge pyramidal effect seen in but few other varieties. Large, compact bloom of a fresh Hydrangea-pink splashed with darker tints of violet-rose, and with white reflex. The guard petals change to nearly white. A good one. Each, 60c; per 10, \$5.60.

Visitors are always welcome at our nursery and the lovers of flowers will witness a beautiful display of colors during the blooming season. Our Peony fields are by far the rarest specimens of this magnificent flower.

Hardy Roses

The rose, justly called the Queen of Flowers, is one of the most popular flowers grown and there is no other flower known that is so widely spread over the country. No garden is complete without its rose bed. No planting is perfect which does not provide a place for them.

In face of the fact that, generally, roses are scarce over the country, we are pleased to offer a list of over sixty varieties and should have no difficulty in finding the rose that meets your requirements. It would be well, however, to get your order in early as we only have a limited number of each.

HYBRID PERPETUAL ROSES—These are a very popular and useful collection of roses, combining hardiness, vigor of growth and size of flowers. While called "Perpetuals" they are not such constant bloomers as the Tea Roses but are particularly valuable for beds or borders in northern and middle states.

HARDY TEA ROSES—While these are not so hardy as the Hybrid Perpetuals, with a little care and protection during the winter they will come through and more than repay you for the trouble. The quality of the bloom is good and they begin blooming early in the season and continue blooming until frost stops them. You should be sure to include some of these in your list.

HARDY CLIMBERS AND RAMBLERS—These are used extensively for growing over porches, fences, walls, trellises, etc., and are very hardy, strong growers and bloom profusely.

Hybrid Perpetual Roses

75c each; per 10, \$7.00.

ALFRED COLOMB—A superb, brilliant crimson Rose, of very large, full form; extremely fragrant; blooms freely and grow well.

ANNE DE DIESBACH—One of the best and most satisfactory Hybrid Perpetual Roses. A strong, vigorous grower, extremely hardy, producing very large, double flowers, of a lovely shade of carmine and delightfully fragrant.

BARONESS ROTCHILD—Light pink; cupped form; very symmetrical; without fragrance. Very distinct and beautiful; one of the finest exhibition varieties; very hardy and a late bloomer.

CLIO—The color is a delicate and satiny blush, with slightly deeper center. The plant is strong and blooms freely, displaying its great flowers boldly on good stems against large, rich leaves.

GENERAL JACQUEMINOT

DUKE OF EDINBURGH—Brilliant crimson-scarlet, shaded with maroon.

FISHER HOLMES—Rich, velvety-crimson-carmine. Fragrant.

GENERAL JACQUEMINOT—Brilliant crimson; very large and extremely effective. A general favorite wherever planted.

HARRISON'S YELLOW (Austrian Briar)—Flowers are semi-double, bright, clear golden yellow. A bush of Harrison's Yellow, when fully grown, is a magnificent and heartsome sight in early spring, its blooms coming in such abundance as almost to cover the bush.

HUGH DICKSON—Magnificent crimson, shaded with scarlet. Flowers very large, of perfect shape and full-double. Plant strong, vigorous and productive.

JOHN HOPPER—A beautiful dark pink rose. Perfectly hardy.

J. B. CLARK—Flowers are deep scarlet overlaid with crimson. Is robust in growth and absolutely hardy. This is the latest fine rose to be introduced.

JUBILEE—Pure red shading to maroon and crimson near the stem. One of the darkest of the velvety roses. A certain bloomer.

L'IDEAL—Coppery rose.

MADAM ABEL CHATENAY—Carmine-pink, with reverse of pale salmon. Vigorous, hardy variety which produces an abundance of delicate flowers.

MME. CHARLES WOOD—A beautifully formed flower. Color very bright, rich cherry-red; blooms the first season and all the time, and is delightfully fragrant.

MARSHALL F. WILDER—A favorite; it certainly is a grand rose. Color deep, rich, glowing red.

MAGNA CHARTA—Upright bush and dark green foliage. Bright pink suffused with crimson. One of the most beautiful.

MARGARET DICKSON—Of magnificent form—white, with pale flesh center; petals very large, shell-shaped and of great substance; fragrant.

MRS. JOHN LAING—Soft pink; large and of fine form, produced on strong stems; exceedingly fragrant.

PAUL NEYRON—Flowers of immense size and beauty; one of the largest roses grown and one of the finest; color deep crimson-pink, fresh and pretty.

KILARNEY

"THE ROSES YOU GAVE TO HER LONG AGO"

LA FRANCE

PERSIAN YELLOW—One of the oldest of the old roses, and still found pretty and reliable for lawn and cemetery work, where it will stand all kinds of neglect and abuse. Few nurseries grow them. Deep butter-yellow, and the bloom is semi-double.

PRINCE CAMILLE DE ROHAN—Dark velvety crimson, changing to maroon. A free bloomer and flowers are of large size.

ULRICH BRUNNER—Shell-shaped petals and cherry-red in color. Upright, dignified and long stems. Valuable for vase work.

Hardy Tea Roses

90c each; per 10, \$8.50

AMERICAN BEAUTY—Probably the best known and most high-prized cut flowers among all of our roses. Large, deep pink, almost crimson.

BRIDESMAID—Large; full; clear rose-pink. Blooms freely indoors. A notable cut-flower variety, and known to practically everyone who buys bouquets of roses.

CAPTAIN HAYWARD—Flowers very large; color bright carmine crimson; vigorous and free-flowering.

CAROLINE TESTOUT—Large and double; color clear bright rose. Of sturdy habit and an abundant bloomer.

DUCHESS DE BRABANT—One of the best all-round roses ever introduced. Healthy grower in constant bloom all the year. Beautiful cup-shaped blooms of delicate bright shell pink. Large spreading growth.

EUGENE FURST—Velvety crimson, with darker shadings; large, full, shapely, fragrant.

FRAU KARL DRUSCHKI—Also called White American Beauty. We consider this the ideal white rose. Extraordinarily strong growing, branching freely; it has the vigor and hardiness of an oak. Foliage large and of heavy texture. Glorious flowers of immense size are produced freely throughout the season. Petals are very broad and substantial. The buds are of exquisite shape, long and pointed.

GEORGE ARENDS—A magnificent new rose lately introduced. In color it is a most delicious pink, or, rather, a tender rose-pink, and it is of exquisite fragrance. In sturdiness and vigor of growth, as well as in the size of the flowers, it is the equal of the famous white rose, Frau Karl Druschki. It is called by some the Pink Druschki.

GEO. C. WAUD—Glowing orange-vermilion. Flowers are large, full and perfectly formed, with high, pointed center. Stems long, carrying flowers erect. Fragrant. A very fine variety.

HARDY MARECHAL NIEL—Yellow. Deep, rich golden yellow flowers, passing to creamy white. Blooms profusely and is as hardy as an oak.

KILLARNEY—The exquisite shade of pink of this most beautiful rose is hardly equalled by any other variety. Very fragrant; the buds are exceedingly large and of beautiful form; the flowers of immense size; the bush is of magnificent

growth and bears its burden of flowers all summer. A beautiful shell-rose of whitest petalage and of greatest fragrance.

KRONPRINZESSIN CECILIE—Silver pink; exquisite form.

LADY HILLINGDON—Makes exquisite buds of deep apricot-yellow, shading to orange. Deliciously fragrant. A perfectly formed flower and free blooming.

LADY FRANCE—Delicate silvery rose, often silvery pink with peach shading. Very large, very double and of superb form. It flowers continually throughout the season. The sweetest and most useful of all roses. Reservedly a favorite with many rose-growers.

MAD. MOSTE—Canary yellow with deeper center.

MAMAN COCHET—Large pink flowers on long, willowy stems; inside of bloom a silvery-rose color.

MRS. R. G. SHARMAN-CRAWFORD—Most beautiful shade of deep rosy pink, outer petals pale blush with white base. Buds and flowers of finest shape. Of great fragrance. Long, straight stiff stems. Received gold medal of National Rose Society of England.

OPHELIA—Salmon-flesh color, shaded with rose. The blooms come on strong stems, and the perfectly formed flowers are very lasting when cut. A favorite with everyone who grows it and we commend it highly.

PAPA GONTIER—Rich, rosy red, full and sweet, buds are large and long. One of the best roses for out door planting.

PERLE DES JARDINS—One of the most beautiful deep yellow roses in cultivation, varying from canary to golden yellow, in large, full, elegantly shaped buds and blossoms, very double and fragrant. A healthy free grower with beautiful foliage and unequalled in profusion of bloom.

RED MAMAN COCHET—A most valuable hardy everblooming rose. It is a healthy, vigorous grower, throwing up strong shoots and producing great masses of splendid roses the whole growing season. Flowers are extra large, perfectly double and deliciously sweet. Color bright rose-red, elegantly shaded and exceedingly beautiful.

VEILCHENBLAU (The Blue Rose)—Flowers are rosy lilac when opening and change to a metallic blue. An immensely free bloomer.

Hardy Climbing and Rambler Roses

65c each; per 0, \$6.00.

BALTIMORE BELLE—Pale blush, nearly white; very double. Flowers in large clusters, the whole plant appearing a perfect mass of bloom.

DOROTHY PERKINS—Shell pink. Grows 10 to 15 feet in a season. Flowers are perfectly double, with petals crinkled, and color is a clear shell-pink; borne in immense clusters that cover the bush for several weeks in the spring.

EMPERESS OF CHINA—A perpetual blooming climber. The color is a dark red in the bud, and changes as the flower opens and grows older to a lighter red or pink.

EXCELSA (Red Dorothy Perkins)—Similar to Dorothy Perkins except color, which is an intense crimson-maroon.

EMPERESS OF CHINA

CAN YOU CALL IT HOME, IF IT HAS NO ROSES?

HIAWATHA—Bears large clusters of single flowers of intense deep crimson with the petals shading to pure white at the base; bright, effective, and useful for planting in masses.

LADY GAY—The large, loose clusters of flowers are of a delicate cherry-pink color, fading to soft-tinted white. Each petal is delicately quilled. The effect of a plant in full bloom with the combination of soft full bloom with the combination of soft white flowers, cherry-pink buds and deep green of the foliage, is indeed charming.

PRAIRIE QUEEN—Bright rosy-red rose that is popular wherever planted.

THOUSAND BEAUTIES (Tausendschon)—Imagine a luxuriant climbing rose literally covered with thousands of bright blossoms, borne in clusters and quite double. Colors of every imaginable shade, from white to deep pink. A hardy, vigorous grower with few thorns and handsome foliage.

WHITE DOROTHY—A pure white sport of the well-known Dorothy Perkins, of same habit of growth and freedom of flowering. A splendid companion for the pink variety, as it flowers at the same time. A most valuable addition to this class.

YELLOW RAMBLER—Flowers of medium size, in immense clusters, very sweet-scented; a clear decided yellow. The hardiest of all yellow Climbing Roses.

TREE ROSES

The Tree Roses is fast becoming popular and the possibilities in this line of grafting are unlimited. Here we have some of the most beautiful and fragrant of Roses given tree form by budding the desired variety on stems from 3 to 4 feet high and thus lifting your bloom to the top like a small tree for the lawn or Rose Garden. We can supply these trees in the following well known varieties that have just been described: Lady Hillington, Bridesmaid, Ulrich Brunner, Papa Gontier, Frau Karl Drushki, Lady Ideal, Madam Caroline Testout, Mareschal Neil, Red Maman Cochet and Perle des Jardines. We have these in limited number and only those who order quickly will have a chance to get their order filled for same.

Price, 3 to 4 ft. stems-----each, \$2.50; per 10, \$22.50

Bulbs for Spring Planting

We are able to offer only a few bulbs to our customers this Spring, due to the fact that all importations have been cut off, and only have a limited amount of the varieties offered.

CANNAS—Of all summer bedding plants, Cannas are the tallest and furnish the widest range of colors. Their foliage is of noble proportions, making a full, compact mass which serves to conceal the ground or background, and is of itself attractive in rich shades of green, bronze, red and chocolate. The surmounting flower trusses are uniformly large and free, brilliant with most of the colors and combinations known among flowers. A bed of Cannas soon becomes attractive after planting and each day thereafter adds to its beauty. Cannas should not be planted out-of-doors until after all danger of frost is over. The most practical way to care for the roots over winter is to take up the clumps after the first killing frost, leaving some earth adhere to the roots. Place them in a dry place where the frost will not penetrate. Each, 15c; dozen, \$1.50.

DAHLIAS—Like the Peony of spring and the Rose of summer, the Dahlia is undisputed Queen of autumn.

Its many gracious forms, its wealth of diversity of colors, its prodigality of bloom and the ease with which it may be cultivated, makes this family one of the most valuable of all, both for field, show and as a cut flower supply. We offer the favorite varieties. Each, 25c; dozen, \$2.50.

GLADIOLI—Constitute one of the finest features of the flower garden during the summer and autumn months, for a diversity of color and general effect, either in masses or planted in clumps for bolder decoration. They are also of easy culture and will thrive in any ordinary deeply dug garden soil to which is added a liberal supply of manure. Set bulbs 2 to 3 inches deep, and about 2 inches apart. In fall, before frost, the bulbs should be taken up, gradually dried and after cleaning put into a paper bag and placed out of reach of frost, for planting the following spring. We can supply a general list of varieties. Each, 15c; dozen, \$1.50.

GLADIOLI

CERTIFICATE OF NURSERY INSPECTION No. 206

Columbus, O., Aug. 21, 1919.

This is to certify that the nursery stock for sale by the Progress Nursery Co., of Troy, County of Miami, State of Ohio, consisting of general nursery stock, has been inspected by a duly authorized inspector, in compliance with Section 1126, General Code, and has been found apparently free from dangerously injurious insects and plant diseases. This certificate, granted under the provisions of Section 1135, General Code, is invalid after September 15, 1920, and may be revoked earlier for cause.

E. C. COTTON,
Chief of Bureau.
N. E. SHAW,
Secretary of Agriculture

USE SHRUBS AND ROSES TO BEAUTIFY AND HAPPIFY THE HOME

ORDER SHEET

Troy, Ohio

Customers who have moved within the past year will please state their former address also.

Please ship the following goods on the terms and conditions stated in your General Catalog for the Spring of 1920, for the improvement of my property, which consists of-----acres and----- improved city lots.

Post Office

County State

P. O. Box or Street.....R. F. D.....

Express Office (If different from P. O.).....

At what Bank do you do business.....

Date1920

Enclosed

Check - - - \$.....

Draft - - - \$.

Money Order \$.....

Currency - - \$.....

Silver - - - \$.

Stamps - - - \$.

Shall we substitute if any varieties or sizes ordered should be exhausted? Write 'Yes' or 'No.'-----

Name

[illegible]

“Rockey’s Late Star”

The Tree we now sell you for Three Dollars, when money is Cheap and Plentiful, will develop to maturity and produce as much of the same kind of Fruit, as the original “Rockey’s Late Star Peach Tree” for which we paid

\$750—SEVEN HUNDRED AND FIFTY DOLLARS—\$750

We like to save money, but when the chance came to get this Wonderful Tree so that we could sell a limited number from year to year, direct to planters at a slight profit above production costs, we gladly paid \$750.00 for it so we could call it “OURS.”

You want some of them as “YOURS,” and during the Spring of 1920, you will have a chance to get them at Three Dollars Each, while they last, and we

HAVE BUT A VERY FEW OF THEM

We guarantee the Tree for every Cent you pay for it.

Each “ROCKEY’S LATE STAR PEACH TREE” will be true to name, and if at bearing it does not produce fruit of color, quality and shipping value described in this and preceding Catalogs, we will promptly refund the price paid, plus Six per cent compound interest on same, and replace the tree Free of Charge.

WE AGAIN ENUMERATE ITS SUPERB QUALITIES

Ripens late in October. Latest Peach in the World. Light yellow skin and flesh, with faint blush cheeks. Large annual cropper. Keeps for weeks like apples. Stands shipments to most distant markets. Peaches for Thanksgiving and Christmas Dinners. Sold by us with a Hundred Per Cent Guarantee. Lowest-priced high-value tree ever offered.

THREE DOLLARS EACH, as many as you want, while they last.

Owned, propagated and sold exclusively by

The Progress Nurseries

Troy, :--: Ohio

No Cash Required

When

Your Order is for \$10.00 or More

Fill out the enclosed order blank **complete** and send it to us at once, and we will ship the goods at the proper time for planting.

Within five days after you receive them, send us the money for same, less express or freight charges paid, or take off 3 per cent discount and send cash with order. For example: if your order is for \$20.00 send us \$19.40.

We pay all freight or express charges, the price named for each plant is all you pay.

Our Catalog gives exact size of all trees and plants offered and price of each size. By this plan you can tell exactly what you are to get and will be able to check your order when received.

We make this offer to show our confidence in our trees and plants, also in you. We cannot expect your confidence unless we give ours in return.

The supply of many kinds of trees and plants is very small. Those ordering late may be disappointed both in size, and varieties. By giving us your order early you help yourself; we can give you better service by getting stock to you promptly so it will grow and please you.

Remember trees and plants grow and are not produced by machines. When the supply is gone you cannot get any more until another year goes by.

Don't overlook this offer. This is the one and only firm offering to show you before you pay.

The Progress Nurseries

Troy, ---: Ohio