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YAGER SEED & NURSERY STOCK

Delicious

Delicious Apples

This is one of the finest apples grown. It is truly "delicious" because of its excellent qualities.

The tree is hardy in this latitude and comes into bearing earlier than most Winter apples.

The fruit is very large and attractive, being a dark crimson color toward the sun.

It ranks above the Jonathan for flavor.

Every orchard should include this variety. Price same as other apples.

Compass Cherry Plum

I want you to know about this fruit. It is neither a Cherry nor a Plum, but a combination of the two, being one of the best crosses ever made. The fruit looks somewhat like a Plum, and tastes like both its parents. It is as hardy as an Ash tree and bears heavily clear up in Northern Minnesota. The little trees often show fruit in the nursery row at one year old.

If you want to see literally "ropes" of fruit, try some of these trees. The late frosts never get the bloom, so you are about sure of success with them. Prices same as other Cherry trees.

Compass Cherry

Bear in mind that Nursery Stock such as I sell by means of this book, is just as good as the "tree peddler" sells, and you get it at a much lower price; in fact you save the 45 per cent the agent gets for taking your order.

THE ACTUAL HONEST TRUTH

ELL, Friends, I have come to the last page of my 1924 book. This little catalog will go to many strangers, as well as to each of my old patrons. Most of you have not known me personally, but just in a business way.

I have lived here forty years and have been in the Seed and Nursery business thirty years.

In all these years I have accumulated considerable wealth, which consists mainly of the following items: Good health, a nice family, a modest home, two small farms, good credit at the bank and hundreds of good friends, so that isn't so bad for a boy that started teaching school at \$30.00 per month.

So now you know what kind of a fellow you are doing business with.

I buy most of my FIELD SEED in car lots and pay "spot cash" for it, and then I give you the benefit of my large purchases.

My NURSERY STOCK is grown under the most careful supervision, and my sincerest desire is to give you full value for the money.

I sell at the lowest possible price consistent with the high quality I give you.

Of course the "Tree Peddler" will tell you that "catalog trees and seed is poor stuff," but I have been able to prove in the past, by hundreds of my patrons, that my stock is JUST as good, and from 25 per cent to 40 per cent cheaper than the "peddler's" stock.

A lot of people set up a howl like "hungry coyotes" because folks send their orders away to the "Catalog House."

The truth is that most everyone has found out where their dollars will buy the most.

What is the idea in paying a fellow \$5.00 for the privilege of signing your name to a Tree Order?

Most folks buy direct now and put the balance of the money in the bank for something else.

My only SALESMAN is this little book, and you have my promises here in "black and white" I am here to stay and make good.

This page is full so I must close for this time, and hope to meet you again next year. Thank you,

J. A. YAGER.

P. S. The little boy on the front cover is another young Yager. Ain't he a corker? What? This boy requires a lot of my time telling him about Santa Claus, and bears and things, I have to draw the line on playing "horse" with him, because it is too hard on a fellows knees, just the same we have a lot of fun.

Read This Page Carefully

HOW TO ORDER. For your convenience we enclose an Envelope and Order Sheet, to be used when ordering from this book, but you can send the order on ANY kind of paper, in any kind of an envelope. We will get the order, and you will get the goods you want, we guarantee that.

WHEN TO ORDER. Place your order as early as possible, as delay and confusion are thus avoided and better service is assured.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT. When we get your order we write you immediately, stating the amount of money received, and giving the approximate time of shipment.

AM I RESPONSIBLE? You have a right to know. Three Fremont Banks say I am RELIABLE and that I keep all my promises. Your own banker has my "rating," ask him about Yager. You take no chances whatever.

MY TERMS. Cash should accompany your order, but the money is yours till you get the goods. You may remit by DRAFT, EXPRESS ORDER, POST OFFICE ORDER or PERSONAL CHECK, (in which case add 10c exchange).

OUR LOCATION. Fremont, Nebraska is in Dodge Co., being 37 miles Northwest of Omaha and 50 miles north of Lincoln.

SHIPPING FACILITIES. Three railroads enter Fremont, namely, Union Pacific, B. & M., and the C. & N. W., thus giving good service to all points. Also we have the American Railway Express Co.

GUARANTEE. I promise that all Nursery Stock will reach you in good live condition. Each variety will be plainly marked, and everything will be packed in the best possible manner. Errors on our part will be cheerfully rectified.

AGENTS. This book is my ONLY SALESMAN. I have no agents, no one has authority to represent my Nursery and Seed Co.

REPLACING STOCK. I do not replace Nursery Stock. When the agent sells you an order, he promises to replace stock that dies, but the price he asks you covers his expense of replacing, so you really pay for the replace whether you get it or not. So you get more for your money from me than from the nursery that replaces at half price.

FREE FREIGHT. The Freight or Express will be paid by me on all Nursery orders (but not Seed) amounting to \$10.00. Neighbors may combine orders and get FREE DELIVERY.

INSPECTION. All my Nursery Stock has been inspected by the official known as the State Entomologist, who has given me a "Clean bill of health."

CLAIMS AND DELAYS. If a shipment should arrive in a damaged condition, have the Railroad or Express Agent note same on your receipt, and write us at once. We notify you the day shipment is made. If goods do not arrive in a reasonable time, notify us, so we can trace same.

Apples

WHETHER you own a farm or a city lot, you should have some Apple Trees. Many of the old trees that were planted years ago have served their purpose and new ones should be started to take their places. A few dollars invested now will yield big returns in the years to come. We only offer the best and hardiest varieties. Plant mostly the Winter kinds, with a few Summer and Fall varieties, and perhaps a few crabs. Plant the trees 30 feet apart each way. Protect from rabbits the first two years. Cultivate the soil around the trees, and you will be well paid for your efforts.

PRICES ON APPLES AND CRABS

	Each	Per 10
XX select, 3 yr. old, well branched.....	\$0.50	\$4.50
5 to 6 ft. tall, 3 yr. old, first class.....	.45	4.00
4 to 5 ft. tall, 2 yr. old, choice trees.....	.35	3.00
3 to 4 ft. tall, 2 yr. old, thrifty stock.....	.25	2.00

Summer Apples

DUCHESS. Very hardy, bears young, red striped. Juicy and tart. Best for sauce and pies. Ripens in July.

EARLY HARVEST. Pale yellow. Fine quality, early bearer. Good eating apples. Quite hardy. Ripens in July.

RED ASTRACHAN. Russian origin. Fair size. Dark red cheek, white flesh. Hardy. Ripens in July.

YELLOW TRANSPARENT (Russian). Waxed yellow. Beautiful, highest quality. Bears second year from planting. Extremely hardy. Ripens at harvest time.

Fall Apples

MAIDEN BLUSH. Rather large. Bears every year. Yellow with red cheek, good for eating. Hardy and juicy. Ripens in September.

WEALTHY. Dark red cheek. Good size. Hardy everywhere. Bears very young. The best cooking and baking apple. Ripens in October.

SNOW (Fameuse). Bright red. White flesh. Spicy flavor. One of the best. Ripens in October.

PRICES SWEET. Splashed with red. Fair size. Bears annually. The best fall sweet apple. Entirely hardy. Ripens in September.

UTTER'S RED. Cherry red. Juicy and sour. Good cooker. Hardy. Handsome fruit. Ripens in October.

Wealthy (Best Fall Apple)

Winter Apples

JONATHAN. Good size, glossy, dark red. The prince of apples. Spicy and delicious. White flesh. Keeps till March. (Can't be beat.)

BEN DAVIS. Large size. Red splashed cheek. Bears every year. Quality fair. Produces more bushels than any other kind. Keeps well till April.

JANET (Geniton). Small size. Pale green and red. Late blossom. Tender and crisp. Good quality. Very late keeper. Keeps till May.

**YAGER APPLE TREES
BEAR.**

WINTER APPLES—Continued

GANO. Good size. Beautiful red toward the sun. Good quality. Fine for the market. Tree hardy. A money maker. Keeps till April.

RAMSDELL SWEET. Rather large. Dark red. Best winter sweet apple. Hardy and productive. Keeps till February.

SALOME. Good size. Yellowish red covered with bloom. Best flavor. Juicy and fine. Hardy on the prairies. Keeps till May. Highly recommended.

NORTHWESTERN GREENING—Very large, greenish yellow. Extremely hardy. Vigorous grower. Good quality. Fine for baking. Keeps till March.

WINESAP. Fair size. Dark red. Flat shape. Juicy and tender. Tree hardy. Early bearer. Good for home orchard or market. Keeps till May. (Be sure and plant some).

GRIMES GOLDEN. Medium size. Rich, golden yellow. Quality the very highest. Tender and spicy. Hardy. Keeps till February.

Jonathan

INGRAM. Fair size. Red striped. Very late bloomer. Splendid quality. Tender flesh. Keeps till May. (A good one).

IOWA BLUSH. Medium size. White with red cheek. Quality fine. Hardy on the prairies. Keeps till February.

Crab Apples

A FEW trees of the Crab Apple should be planted in every orchard, as they fill a place occupied by no other fruit. The Crabs are hardy everywhere. The Whitney is especially desirable, as it is good for eating as well as other uses.

FLORENCE. Medium size. Yellow and red. Very handsome. Fine quality. Yellow flesh. Extremely hardy. Ripens in August.

Whitney. The Best Crab of All.

HYSLOP. Large. Dark red. Very hardy. Good for pickles and jelly. Abundant bearer. Ripens in September.

TRANSCENDENT. Fruit medium size. Red and handsome. Fine for jelly and preserves. Great bearer. Ripens in September.

WHITNEY NO. 20. Largest size. White splashed with red. Juicy, but not sour. Hardy everywhere. Fine for eating in haying time. Ripens in August.

Our Apple trees are grown in the most skillful manner, propagated with the greatest care, and handled all the way through with a view of giving you the highest satisfaction possible.

May Duke Cherry

Cherries

THE Cherry is one of our best cultivated fruits. A few trees in the back yard will yield a supply for the table and leave plenty for canning. These trees bear at an early age, usually two years from planting.

Every farmer needs a few Cherry trees. This fruit is exceptionally free from insect injury, or any form of tree disease.

Plant trees 12 feet apart in the row. The varieties listed below are the best known kinds.

PRICES ON CHERRY TREES

	Each	Per 10
4½ to 6 ft. tall, extra select.....	\$0.90	\$8.50
3½ to 5 ft. tall, choice trees.....	.65	6.00
3 to 4 ft. tall, good stock.....	.50	4.50

LARGE MONTMORENCY. Very large size. Light red color. Mild flavor. Rapid grower. Bears second year from planting. Ripens last of June. (One of the very best).

DYEHOUSE. This variety is not as sour as the other early cherries. A very early and sure bearer.

EARLY RICHMOND. Fair size. Rich red, very juicy. The best for cooking, canning and shipping. The earliest to ripen. Bears very young and is hardy. Ripens early in June.

ENGLISH MORELLO. Medium size. Nearly black when ripe. Fruit juicy, dark and rich. Small seed. Quite hardy, good bearer. A good late kind. Ripens in July.

MAY DUKE CHERRY

If you want a Cherry a little better than anybody else has got, plant the May Duke. It is a beautiful grower; the fruit is very large and not as sour as other Cherries. Some folks call it a "Sweet Cherry." Price same as other kinds.

If you don't have a good supply of Cherries, you are passing up one of the best fruits we have.

Plums

Waneta Plum

WHETHER you own a city lot, or a big farm, you should have some Plum trees. Plums bear the second or third year from planting. They require no special care, and take up but small space. You can have Plum Butter, Plum Jelly, Canned Plums for winter, Plum Pudding, and be "Plum Happy," if you plant a few trees.

The varieties I offer are selected with special reference to their good qualities; such as hardiness, early bearing, large size and best flavor.

A few dollars invested in Plum Trees will return better dividends than we get from some of the "Get Rich Quick" schemes we invest in sometimes.

PRICES ON PLUM TREES

	Each	Per 10
5 to 6 ft. tall, 3 yr. old, extra select.....	\$0.80	\$7.50
4 to 5 ft. tall, 3 yr. old, choice trees.....	.60	5.50
3 to 4 ft. tall, 2 yr. old, good stock.....	.40	3.50

AMERICAN SORTS

DESOTO. Good size. Yellow with red cheek. Best for canning. Very sweet. Bears young. Entirely hardy. One of the best. Ripens in August.

HAWKEYE. Very large. Yellow with red blush. Firm flesh. Very sweet. Perfectly hardy. Bears young. Ripens in September.

STODDARD. Largest size. Purple and red. Good grower. Hardy and prolific. Best for canning and market. A good one. Ripens in August.

WYANT. Good size. Purple and red. Very hardy. Nearly a free stone. Heavy bearer. One of the best kinds. Ripens in September.

WOLF. Medium size. Yellow mottled. Firm and sweet. A freestone. Hardy and prolific. Ripens in August.

FOREST GARDEN. Largest size. Yellow with red cheek. Very sweet and juicy. Small pit; thin skin; delicate flavor. Hardy everywhere. Bears early. Ripens in September.

HANSEN'S HYBRID PLUMS

Professor Hansen of South Dakota has introduced three Hybrid (crossed) varieties of Plums that are remarkable for hardiness, high quality and early bearing.

These Plums combine the best traits of the whole Plum family. If you want a supply of Plums, plant some of these, especially the Waneta.

HANSEN'S HYBRID PLUMS—Continued

WANETA. This is the largest of the Hansen Plums; a heavy annual bearer. Fruit largest size; quality unsurpassed. Has delicious flavor, extremely hardy. Bears second year from planting.

SAPA. Another Hansen Plum. Early

bearer. Very hardy. Purple color when ripe. Shows fruit second year. A fine canning plum.

OPATA. A Hansen kind. Large in size. Olive green color when ripe. Free-stone. Pleasant flavor. Very desirable.

Pears

YOU can raise Pears almost any place that corn is grown successfully. They bear quite as often as Apples and add greatly to the family fruit supply. As a canned fruit they have few equals. I offer only the hardiest kinds, and especially recommend Flemish Beauty and Keiffer.

PRICES ON PEAR TREES

	Each	Per 10
5 to 6 ft. tall, 2 yr. old, select.....	\$0.90	\$8.50
4 to 5 ft. tall, 2 yr. old, choice.....	.70	6.50
3 to 4 ft. tall, 1 yr. old, good.....	.50	4.50

DUCHESS. Very large size. Dull green color. Rich flavor. Bears the second year from planting. Juicy and rich. Ripens in September.

FLEMISH BEAUTY. Good size. Red cheek. Very hardy. Strong grower. Sweet and good bearer. Ripens in September.

BARTLETT. Large. Rich, golden yellow. Juicy and buttery. Fine flavor. Bears young. The best early pear. Ripens in August.

KEIFFER. Medium size. Beautiful yellow. Late keeper. The best late canner and market pear. The pear for everybody. Very hardy. Ripens in October and November.

ALL OUR TREES ARE VERY
BEST QUALITY.

Flemish Beauty

Apricots

THIS fruit is prized by all because of its excellent qualities. The tree is hardier than the peach, and should be planted by all lovers of fruit. The Russian varieties are hardiest. The two listed below being the best.

PRICES ON APRICOT TREES

	Each	Per 10
5 to 6 ft. tall, 2 yr. old, select.....	\$0.75	\$7.00
4 to 5 ft. tall, 2 yr. old, choice.....	.50	4.50

ALEXANDER (Russian). Medium to small, light orange, yellow flecked with red; flesh tender, juicy, sweet and good quality; hardy; productive. July.

BUDD (Russian). Medium to large; light orange with blush on sunny side; flesh sweet, juicy, with flavor of the peach; hardy and productive. August.

Peaches

THE Peach is one of our most delicious fruits, but is not extremely hardy in this latitude except in sheltered locations. By planting the hardy varieties you will have a fair degree of success. Below are offered the hardiest known kinds.

PRICES ON PEACH TREES

	Each	Per 10
5 to 6 ft. tall, 2 yr. old, extra.....	\$0.55	\$5.00
4 to 5 ft. tall, 2 yr. old, choice.....	.45	4.00

ALEXANDER. Fair size. White skin. Red cheek. Juicy and sweet. A clingstone. The earliest of all. Hardy. Ripens in July.

CRAWFORD'S LATE. Very large. Rich golden yellow. Freestone. The best canning peach. Perfectly hardy. Ripens in late September.

BOKARA. Raised from seed procured in Bokara, Asia. It has been fruited in the Northwest for years and found to be one of the hardiest peaches known here. Tree has stood 28 degrees below Zero with but little injury to the tips, and produced good crops. Fruit large yellow, with red cheek, of good quality. Perfect freestone; skin tough. A fine shipper. Ripens in August.

RUSSELL. Of Nebraska origin. Good size. Very attractive. Highest quality. Juicy and Sweet. Freestone. Exceedingly hardy. Ripens in August.

ELBERTA. Largest size. Yellow with red cheek. Good quality. Freestone. Very hardy. The market peach. Ripens in September.

Concord (The Standard Grape)

Grapes

NO yard is too small and no farm too large to have a place for some Grape vines. The beauty about this fruit is that it comes into bearing in so short a time after planting, and is almost a sure cropper. You cannot make a better investment than to plant some Grape vines.

Below are given the very choicest and hardiest varieties.

Plant six feet apart each way.

The Grape is one of the most satisfactory of all small fruits, because it gives quick returns and is good for years to come.

PRICES ON GRAPE VINES

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
Concord, 2 yr., extra heavy.....	\$0.20	\$1.75	\$15.00
Concord, 1 yr., select vines.....	.15	1.25	9.00
Concord, 1 yr., light grade.....	.10	.80	7.00
All others, 2 yr., extra heavy.....	.30	2.75	25.00
All others, 1 yr., select vines.....	.25	2.25	18.00

GRAPES—Continued

ELVIRA. White color. Compact sweet, juicy bunch. Often used for wine. Very hardy and prolific. Ripens before Concord.

POCKLINGTON. White color. Good cluster. Large berries. Very prolific, sweet and tender. A good table grape. Ripens after Concord.

CONCORD. Black color. The standard grape both for home and market. The hardiest of all. Bears one year from planting. Juicy and sweet. Ripens in September.

MOORE'S EARLY. Blue-black color. Large cluster. Very hardy. Better quality than Concord. Ripens two weeks before Concord.

WORDEN. Blue-black color. Very high quality. Pleasant flavor. Juicy and sweet. One of the best for table or market. Ripens just before Concord.

AGAWAM. Rich red color. Large loose bunch. Tender, juicy and luscious. Fine for table. Ripens in September.

BETA. A black Grape and the hardiest one yet discovered. Is grown successfully in Dakota and Minnesota. Vines never winter-kill. The fruit is medium size and of good quality. It is a heavy producer and is an iron-clad. I especially recommend this grape to you.

Beta Grape (Very Hardy)

Gooseberries

YOU will always find room for a few Gooseberry bushes. They are hardy everywhere and often show fruit the next year from planting. This fruit is prized by all. I especially want to call your attention to the Carrie variety, as it is a very superior fruit in every way, and if you like Gooseberries, try Carrie.

2 yr. old, any variety,	Each	Per 10
Strong plants	\$0.20	\$1.75

CARRIE. Originated in Minnesota. Fruit of largest size. A very strong grower and highly productive. Quality best. Not as sour as other varieties. Extremely hardy and most desirable.

CHAMPION. Medium in size. Quality good. Fairly free from mildew. Good grower, and quite productive.

DOWNING. Large size fruit. Whitish green flesh. Juicy and pleasant. A good grower. Fairly prolific.

HOUGHTON. Fruit is medium size. Plant is productive, healthy and a good grower. The old well known sort.

Carrie

Currants

CURRENT jelly for color and quality takes first place, that is the verdict of the women folks. This fruit needs no special care, is entirely hardy. Bears annually, and should be found in every garden. The North Star is my first choice.

PRICE ON CURRANTS

2 yr. old, any variety, Each Per 10
Strong plants\$0.20 \$1.75

NORTH STAR. This currant produces the largest sized bunches, and each berry is large size. The fruit is very rich in quality, not as sour as other kinds. A good market sort, and most desirable for jelly, as well as dessert.

RED CROSS. Brilliant red color. Fair size berries. Ripens early and a good producer. Quite reliable.

CHERRY. A well known sort. Large bright crimson berries. Very sour, but an old favorite. Berries in bunches, fair size.

WHITE GRAPE. Large size berry and bunch. The best white currant grown. Flavor quite mild. A good grower and satisfactory in every way.

North Star Currant

Raspberries

BY ALL means plant some Raspberries. They are one of the leading small fruits and will bear the next year after planting. Give good cultivation and start with the right kinds and you will have success.

For pies, jam and canning they fill a "long felt want."

A big improvement has been made in Raspberries in the last two or three years. The Black Pearl and Cumberland are the best black ones; St. Regis is the best red one.

	Per 10	Per 25	Per 100
All varieties, 1 yr. old....	\$0.50	\$1.20	\$4.00

Black Pearl

BLACK PEARL. The Raspberry is one of our best fruits. Black Pearl has merits possessed by no other. Give it "half a chance" and it will surprise you. It won't sprout up all over the country. The canes are large and strong. The fruit is borne in great clusters. Never

freezes out. Stands drouth well. Berries largest size. Its chief merits are as follows: Fruit largest size—Bears Second year—Most delicious flavor—Remarkably prolific—Possesses extreme hardiness.

RASPBERRIES—Continued

CUMBERLAND. Largest size of all. Very firm and sweet. A strong grower. Entirely hardy. A good shipper. Annual bearer.

LOUDEN. Large, fine and sweet. Dark crimson color. Entirely hardy. A good one for market or home use.

EVERBEARING ST. REGIS RED RASPBERRY. The past season this remarkable berry has again proven its merit. It bears throughout the entire season; stands dry weather well, and does not winter kill easily. Will bear fruit the first season planted. The fruit is a brilliant crimson color. Berries largest size. The quality of the fruit is unrivaled. Bears abundantly.

Everbearing St. Regis
(One-half Natural Size)

Everbearing Strawberries

WHEN the Everbearing Strawberry was announced, people said, "Ah Ha! Pure moonshine; same as the White Blackberry, the Tree Gooseberry, the Wonderberry, and the Blue Rose." Folks who tried them, soon found them to be as represented, and have eagerly sought this splendid fruit; because of its exceptional merit.

The plants fruit the first year. Berries are as large as other sorts. The quality is unsurpassed. Just as sweet, no more seeds than others. Richest red color. Perfectly hardy. Multiply rapidly. Plant and cultivate them the same as other kinds and you will be pleased with results. We mail the plants to you the same day they are dug, so you get them fresh and vigorous. The Progressive Everbearing is the best.

Progressive Everbearing

PRICES ON EVERBEARING STRAWBERRIES

Per 25 Per 100 Per 1000

Progressive Everbearing (Postpaid)	\$0.50	\$1.50	\$10.00
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500 or more at the 1000 rate.

Special prices on larger quantities.

NOTICE—When your bundle of trees arrives, don't look for the Strawberry plants, as they are always sent separately by Parcel Post, Prepaid and fresh.

LISTEN! If you don't have anything else in your garden you should have at least a Strawberry bed. No other fruit comes into bearing quicker and strawberries and cream are about the best thing known to man.

Blackberries

Snyder Blackberries
One-third Natural Size)

I DON'T know who discovered this fruit, but whoever did, conferred a great benefit on mankind. There is nothing else that will take the place of Blackberries with sugar and cream. A Blackberry pie is just about the "best ever."

This fruit is easy to raise. Just give them half a chance and you'll sure get the fruit. The Snyder is the hardiest and best of all and is my first choice.

SNYDER. The old standard. Very hardy, consequently much raised in cold climates. Berries medium size, juicy, rich; strong, stout cane, thrifty growth and a very broad leaf.

PRICES ON BLACKBERRIES

	Per 10	Per 25	Per 100
Snyder, best variety	\$0.60	\$1.40	\$5.00

Strawberries

A LONG in June, when you happen to call on your neighbor, and find her making a "three layer" shortcake, from berries picked fresh that morning from her own garden, you will at once plan to plant a patch for yourself.

Everyone can have strawberries in abundance. They are easy to raise, and require only a small space to grow. Spring planting is best.

The June varieties such as the Dunlap, will not fruit much the first year, but the Everbearing will fruit the first year.

The Senator Dunlap is undoubtedly the best June variety for hardiness, size and bearing habit. It is self fertilizing and may be planted alone. For variety, the other kinds listed here are the most desirable.

PRICES ON JUNE BEARING STRAWBERRIES

Any variety listed below (postpaid)

Per 25	Per 100	Per 1000
\$0.40	\$1.00	\$6.50

500 or more at the 1000 rate.

Special prices on larger quantities.

SENATOR DUNLAP. The largest size berries. Bright red color. Peculiarly aromatic. A good shipper. Ripens mid-season and is the most prolific and best berry yet discovered.

BEDERWOOD. Good size berries. Very sweet and firm. Rapid grower and heavy cropper.

CLYDE. Large berries. Crimson color. Flesh rich pink. Tender and delicious. Hardy and prolific.

SPLENDID. Large round berries. Dark red fruit. Mid-season sort. Elegant quality.

Senator Dunlap

Asparagus

ABOUT the best thing for "Spring Fever" is a mess of home grown Asparagus. It is about the earliest good thing that comes from the garden. A bed of it will last for twenty years, and gets better all the time. The Doctor says it is very beneficial to the health.

It never freezes out, no insects attack it. You can cut it during a long period, and the fact is, every family should have it in the home garden.

PRICES ON ASPARAGUS	Per 25	Per 100	Per 1000
Palmetto, 2 yr. old.....	\$0.75	\$2.00	\$14.00

PALMETTO. Best kind, largest size. tender, early, crisp, hardy.

Palmetto

Rhubarb or Pie Plant

IF ALL other garden products should fail, you can be sure of having nice juicy pies, and delicious sauce if you have a few hills of Rhubarb. Once planted it lasts for years. It just keeps growing and you keep using it. Rhubarb is the nearest thing to being an automatic pie factory of anything I know. The Victoria is best.

VICTORIA. Extra early; tender stalk; very juicy; not as sour as other kinds. Can be used for many weeks. Best for canning.

PRICES ON RHUBARB OR PIE PLANT

	Per 5	Per 10	Per 100
Victoria, 2 yr. old....	\$0.75	\$1.20	\$9.00

Victoria

FREE OFFER

GOOD UNTIL MARCH 25TH

We want to make you a present again this year. This will be very acceptable to every one that likes fruit.

My offer is two BETA grape vines, Postpaid, see description page 9. Send an order for \$8.00 worth of Nursery Stock, (not seed) before March 25th, 1924 and get this fine free OFFER.

ORNAMENTAL DEPARTMENT

Shade and Ornamental Trees

A TREE is the silent friend of man. The Landscape would truly be cheerless and desolate without trees. The humblest home can be sheltered at small expense as well as the palatial mansion, by the planting of trees.

Land values are enhanced by suitable trees, whether it be in the city or on the farm.

A cottage by the roadside surrounded by trees and shrubs is the embodiment of our ideal of the most sacred place on earth—the HOME.

ASH, WHITE. Rapid growing tree, of fine, symmetrical outline. A valuable street or park tree, and should be extensively planted.

MOUNTAIN ASH. Very hardy and handsome with fine clusters of scarlet berries hanging on the trees in winter. A beautiful tree for the lawn.

NORWAY MAPLE. Of spreading habit, dense foliage; dark green leaves; very hardy; a rapid grower; a rich and majestic shade tree for yard or street planting.

MAPLE, SOFT. Everybody knows this fine native tree. A rapid grower. Very graceful and hardy. Splendid for street and shade tree. This tree transplants easily.

ELM, WHITE. A splendid native. Easy to transplant. Very hardy. Graceful habit. One of the very best for lawn, street or shade tree.

LINDEN (Basswood). Rapid grower. A hardy and graceful tree. Has large, clean leaves. Produces sweet flowers much sought by bees.

SYCAMORE, AMERICAN. I think this one of the very choicest trees for street or lawn planting. They always grow straight and shapely. It is a rapid grower. Has dense foliage and easily started. One of the longest lived trees known. Good for a century. Plant some!

Plant Some Trees

Stately Elms Along Driveway

PRICES ON SHADE AND ORNAMENTAL TREES

	Each	Per 10
Ash, Elm, Maple and Sycamore, 5/6 ft.	\$0.60	\$ 5.50
Ash, Elm, Maple and Sycamore, 6/8 ft.	.90	8.00
Ash, Elm, Maple and Sycamore, 8/10 ft.	1.15	10.00
Linden (Basswood) 5/6 ft.	1.40	12.00
Linden (Basswood) 6/8 ft.	2.00	18.00
Norway Maple, 6/8 ft.	2.00	18.00
Mountain Ash, 6/8 ft.	1.75	14.00

Forest Tree Seedlings

EVERY farmer should have a windbreak or shelter belt. You save feed for your live stock through the winter by having them behind a grove, and the friendly shade in summer is of great value. Start with some of my little forest trees and in a short time you will have a shelter, wood, poles and posts, besides adding 100 per cent to the looks of your farm.

PRICES ON FOREST TREE SEEDLINGS

	Per 100	Per 1000
Ash, 12/18 inches tall.....	\$1.00	\$ 8.00
Ash, 18/24 inches tall.....	1.25	12.00
Ash, 2 to 3 ft. tall.....	2.00	16.00
Box Elder, 2 to 3 ft. tall.....	2.00	16.00
Catalpa, 12/18 inches tall.....	.80	7.00
Catalpa, 18/24 inches tall.....	1.00	9.00
Elm, 12/18 inches tall.....	1.75	14.00
Elm, 18/24 inches tall.....	2.00	18.00
Black Locust, 12/18 inches tall.....	1.00	8.00
Black Locust, 18/24 inches tall.....	1.50	10.00
Black Locust, 2 to 3 ft. tall.....	1.75	12.00
Russian Mulberry, 12/18 inches tall.....	1.75	12.00
Russian Mulberry, 18/24 inches tall.....	2.00	16.00

Plan to Plant a Tree This Year

Weeping Trees

TREES of this class are much desired for their grace and beauty. As single specimens upon the lawn, along the street, or in the cemetery, they are highly prized for their elegance.

MULBERRY (Weeping). One of the finest and most graceful weeping trees, forming an umbrella-shaped head, with slender, willowy branches drooping to the ground. Foliage is beautiful; leaves distinctly lobed. Tree perfectly hardy, enduring the severe cold of the North and the extreme heat of the South. Very desirable.

CATALPA (Weeping Bungeii). This tree is grafted six or eight feet from the ground; has a straight body, and forms a remarkable dense, round head that presents the appearance of a beautiful green umbrella. Most desirable for lawn or street effect. This tree is hardy and dependable.

PRICES ON WEEPING TREES

	Each
Mulberry (Teas Weeping)	
2 yr. heads.....	\$2.50
Catalpa Bungeii,	
6 ft. stems, 2 yr. heads.....	2.50

Catalpa (Weeping Bungeii)

Ornamental Shrubs

YOU may have a home of stately proportions, or it may be only a modest cottage, but the picture is not complete unless you have an assortment of Shrubs. The diversity of foliage and bloom extending from May until winter is such as to afford a succession of cheer and beauty throughout the growing season.

No better investment can be made than in a few hardy Flowering Shrubs. My list comprises the hardiest and best bloomers for this latitude.

SPIREA (Bridal Wreath). The best Spirea of all. Perfectly hardy. An annual bloomer, producing a wealth of white flowers. A good grower and makes a beautiful hedge. Can be sheared if desired.

HONEYSUCKLE (Bush Form). Not a vine but a splendid hardy shrub. Flowers in June and produces a profusion of sweet pink flowers, followed by showy red berries. Very desirable.

BARBERRY THUNBERGII (Japanese). A great acquisition for hedges or specimens. Perfectly hardy. Will thrive anywhere. Handsome foliage, green and copper-colored, but turning to orange and red in the fall. Scarlet berries line the branches all winter.

SNOWBALL. The old favorite. Hardy and a free bloomer. Pure white blossoms in June. Blooms young and is very desirable.

Snowball

ALTHEA (Rose of Sharon). A hardy shrub unsurpassed for profusion of bloom. Rich foliage and blooms until frost. We can furnish them in the following colors: deep red, purple, white and rose.

WEIGELIA (Rosea). This shrub blooms from June until fall. Erect habit. Attractive foliage. Very hardy and graceful. Flowers delicate pink.

LILAC (Persian). Purple flowers, sweet scented, willowy branches. Heart-shaped leaves. Very hardy and stronger than the common purple.

LILAC (White). Very much the same habits and form as the Purple Lilacs except that it has pure white flowers. Very hardy.

BUTTERFLY BUSH

(Budelia Magnifica)

The latest thing in gorgeous shrubs. Grows four feet tall. Has great clusters of lilac colored flowers. Very fragrant. Attracts large numbers of butterflies, hence its name. Exceedingly attractive.

Lilac

ORNAMENTAL SHRUBS

Continued

HYDRANGEA (Paniculata). The best of the late flowering shrubs. Very hardy. A free bloomer. Produces immense clusters of creamy-white flowers. Blooms the first year from planting. One of the best.

MOCK ORANGE (Syringa). A very hardy upright shrub. Large, white, sweet-scented blossoms appear in May or June. The finest perfume of the garden.

PRICES ON SHRUBS

Each Per 10

Any variety offered

2 to 3 ft. tall.....\$0.60 \$5.50

Note—These shrubs are good large thrifty plants, and not to be compared with the small immature shrubs offered by some.

Mock Orange

Hardy Vines

THERE is nothing more attractive than a vine in bloom by the porch or on a trellis. Vines may be used to cover fences, or to hide some unsightly object. Nothing is more pleasing than the fragrance and beauty of the Paniculata Clematis. The Honeysuckles are most attractive, also. The Wistaria with its wealth of purple is a benediction. The Woodbine affords shade and a riot of autumn hued foliage.

PRICES ON HARDY VINES, 2 Years Old

Each

Clematis: Jackmanni, Henryi,

Mme. Andre\$0.90

All other vines offered..... .50

Clematis, White (Paniculata)

CLEMATIS, Creamy White, (Henryi). A beautiful rich white flower, very large, often 4 inches in diameter. Hardy and attractive.

CLEMATIS, Crimson (Mme. Andre). Crimson red. Large flowers, 4 inches in diameter. Striking color. Good climber. Splendid foliage. Hardy.

CLEMATIS, Purple (Jackmanni). The queen of all vines for size and richness of flowers, which are violet purple, 3 to 4 inches in diameter. Needs winter cover.

CLEMATIS, White (Paniculata). The best hardy white Clematis. Vigorous. sweet-scented pure white flowers. Blooms late in summer.

HONEYSUCKLE (Scarlet Trumpet) A good hardy climber. Free bloomer. Flowers the shape of a trumpet. Fine for a trellis.

HONEYSUCKLE (Yellow Trumpet). Similar to above except that flowers are yellow. Very hardy and vigorous.

VIRGINIA CREEPER. A new hardy woodbine. Better than Boston Ivy. Good thick foliage. Splendid for clinging to walls of all kinds. Will grow anywhere. The best vine.

WISTARIA (Purple). A rapid hardy-growing vine. Produces large drooping purple clusters of flowers in May and June.

Hardy Roses

THE ROSE is the finest cultivated blooming plant. The diversity of color and perfume is remarkable. The Rose is an emblem of purity, and its fragrance is ennobling. It softens the cares of life and gives us a glimpse of the beyond.

Frau Karl Druschki

Hardy Climbing Roses

FLOWER OF FAIRFIELD (Perpetual Flowering Crimson Rambler). The best new hardy climbing rose yet discovered. Its flowers are produced in marvelous clusters like the Crimson Rambler, but the color is more brilliant. It is a strong grower and flowers freely throughout the entire season. You will not be disappointed in this rose.

CRIMSON RAMBLER. Rich Crimson red. Bears immense clusters. Very rapid grower. The best climbing rose known. Hardy everywhere.

DOROTHY PERKINS. Shell pink. Borne in clusters. Strong grower. Very hardy and rapid grower. The best pink climber.

PRAIRIE QUEEN. Rose red. Large flowers, not fragrant. Rapid Climber. Very hardy. The good old-fashioned rose.

PRICES ON ROSE BUSHES

All varieties listed. Good, strong
2 yr. old plants, each.....\$0.60
For 10 5.50

Bush Roses

FRAU KARL DRUSCHKI. White American Beauty. Pure snow, long buds, perfect double flowers; vigorous grower, of upright habit, luxuriant foliage.

PAUL NEYRON. Bright pink. The largest rose grown. Hardy, splendid fragrance. Strong grower.

GEN. JACQUEMINOT. Bright red. Large double. Fragrant, very hardy, and takes first place.

EARL OF DUFFERIN. Rich velvet maroon. Very double and fragrant.

PRINCE CAMILLE DE ROHAN. Dark red, almost black. Large, sweet, double and most elegant. Very hardy. The best dark rose.

MADAM PLANTIER. Pure white, not fragrant. Profuse bloomer. Very hardy. Often used for cemetery purposes.

CLIO. Creamy white, pinkish center. Large double flower. Delicate perfume. Very vigorous grower.

MAGNA CHARTA. Rose pink. Hardy, splendid fragrance, strong grower.

Crimson Rambler Rose

Ornamental Hedges

IN LANDSCAPE work, and yard decorations, hedges are being planted more than formerly. As a division line, a hedge is most desirable, or it may be placed on either side of a drive with splendid effect. As an outer enclosure, it is very attractive.

The three kinds offered here are the best for this latitude. The Privet and Spirea may be sheared to the desired height, thereby producing a formal effect. The Barberry should be allowed to grow naturally, thus preserving its beauty.

AMOR PRIVET. Extremely hardy. Has no thorns. Dark glossy green foliage. Makes a dense growth. May be sheared to produce pleasing effect. Very attractive.

Amor Privet

Thunbergii Barberry

SPIREA VAN HOUTTE. Often called Bridal Wreath. Very hardy. Long, delicate branches, covered with beautiful white flowers in June. Makes a splendid hedge.

THUNBERGII BARBERRY. Sometimes called Japanese Barberry. Hardy anywhere. Grows two or three feet tall. Branches covered with handsome little flowers, followed by small red berries that remain all winter. You can't beat it. (See picture).

PRICES ON ORNAMENTAL HEDGES

	Per 100
Amor Privet (Very hardy) 12 to 18 in. tall.....	\$10.00
Amor Privet (Very hardy) 18 to 24 in. tall.....	15.00
Amor Privet (Very hardy) 2 to 3 ft. tall.....	20.00
Spirea Van Houtte, 12 to 18 in. tall.....	10.00
Spirea Van Houtte, 18 to 24 in. tall.....	16.00
Barberry Thunbergeii, 12 to 18 in. tall.....	25.00

Hardy Perennial Plants

THERE is no class of plants more desirable than these. They are better than the annuals because you plant them but once, and each spring they come forth with renewed vigor to gladden the heart and embellish the landscape. The plants listed here are all hardy, and afford a profusion of bloom throughout the season.

PHLOX (Hardy). The most charming flowers. Blooming from June till November. Flowers range from pure white to darkest crimson. Plant in groups.

YUCCA (Adam's Needle). Stalks grow four to six feet tall. Are covered with large, bell-shaped flowers. Foliage green the entire year. Extremely hardy and conspicuous.

MARVEL MALLOWS. This is one of the finest and best perennials yet introduced. The plant is perfectly hardy and never fails to bloom. The flowers are often six inches in diameter, almost pure white, with a velvety crimson center. Plants attain a height of four or five feet. A delightful object for the yard.

Hardy Phlox

BLEEDING HEART. A great favorite, curious heart-shaped blossom. Fine for border or as a single plant. Blossom light red. Very hardy. Blooms in April and May.

GOLDEN GLOW. A fine hardy plant. Good for background. Very hardy. Flaming yellow, double flowers. Blossoms in August and September.

PRICES ON HARDY PERENNIAL PLANTS

	Each	Per 10
Phlox (Best Assorted Colors)	\$0.20	\$1.75
Golden Glow (Yellow) ..	.20	1.75
Yucca (White Flower) ..	.20	1.75
Marvel Mallows	.30	2.50
Bleeding Heart (Pink) ..	.75	7.00

Yucca

Fix up the old home,
plant some trees and
flowers and see what
difference it makes, the
cost is small and the ef-
fect is surprising,

J. A. Y.

Paeonies

THESE flowers stand in a class by themselves, being entirely hardy, having no insect enemies, and never failing to produce an abundance of fragrant blooms each year. Next to the Rose, the Paeony is the grandest flower under cultivation. Plants have been known to have bloomed for twenty-five consecutive years. They never fail you. The finest Decoration Day bloom.

The following kinds are the very choicest of the hundreds of known varieties. Order by number.

No. 1—DUCHESS DE NEMOURS. The largest white Paeony of all. Very double. Has a delicate fragrance. The heart is touched with pink. Flower often four inches in diameter.

No. 2—F. ORTEGAT. Large crimson bloom. Very double. Bewitching perfume. Buds resembling the rose. Long stems.

No. 3—FLORAL TREASURE. Great pink flowers. Free bloomer. Very double and sweet perfume. A fine cut flower.

No. 4—L'MARTINE. Double pink bloom. Peach blossom color. Slender stems. Moss rose fragrance. Early bloomer.

No. 5—LOUIS VAN HOUTTE. Dazzling red. Rose shape. Medium size flower. Very double. Apple blossom odor. Blooms in mid-season.

No. 6—OFFICIANALIS RUBRA. Dark rich crimson. Semi-double. Golden center. Always in bloom for Decoration Day. Very earliest.

PRICES ON PAEONIES

Any Variety listed,	Each	Per 10
(Strong roots)	\$0.50	\$4.75

Duchess de Nemours

Alfalfa Field

Field Seeds

THE early settlers of the rich prairie lands of the middle west, believed that the fertility of the soil was inexhaustible. When the virgin sod was broken up, enormous crops followed, after the land was fully subdued. As time passed, the constant process of taking from the soil, began to show decreased crops. Then the thrifty farmer saw that he must keep his fields built up by sowing seeds that would restore the former richness.

We have seen two neighbors, one of whom cropped his land to death, and finally nearly starved out at farming because of years of land robbery. The other farmer rotates his crops, and sows the Clovers, or other soil builders. This farmer has enjoyed a much higher degree of prosperity.

Farming is a business in which we must combine common sense, hard work, and aid nature in every way to get the largest returns.

Field seeds are fairly plentiful this season and the price comparatively cheap, so any man can well afford to sow generously.

When you get this catalog I will be ready to ship the seed offered herein at the prices quoted here, so if my prices appeal to you, you should order at once, as I cannot promise to maintain these prices throughout the season. But at all times will give you the greatest value for the money.

J. A. Y.

Field of Soy Beans

MY TERMS

PRICES. The prices quoted here are for seed delivered at depot or Express office at Fremont, Nebr. You are to pay the Freight or Express charges. Terms, strictly cash.

SACKS. I make no extra charge for sacks. The sacks are "weighed in" as seed. Great care is taken to have good strong sacks, and in most cases I double sack the seed to avoid leakage.

GUARANTEE. I guarantee all seed shipped to you, to reach you in good condition. If sacks are torn or seed damaged, require the R. R. or Express Agent to note same on your freight or express receipt. Then notify me.

APPROVAL. When you get your shipments of seeds from me, if they are not as represented, write me about it, and I will adjust the matter satisfactorily with you. I will do everything possible to please you.

WARRANTY. If seed is not satisfactory when received, it may be returned within ten days and I will refund money paid by you. I cannot warrant the crop as it depends upon climate and other conditions beyond my control—

FREE SAMPLES. Ask for free samples of seed. I like to have you see just what you are buying, and the seed I send will be exactly like the sample you get.

SUBJECT TO SALE. I have a large supply of seed on hand, bought right and all good stuff, and the prices I make you now are only good till the present supply is exhausted.

J. A. YAGER.

QUANTITY. On mail orders, I do not care to fill any order for seed for less than \$1.00, as cost of handling smaller orders is excessive.

WEIGHTS PER BUSHEL AND LBS. PER ACRE

	Lbs.	Per Bu.	Sow Per Acre
Alfalfa	60	12 to 15 lbs.	
Red Clover	60	10 to 12 lbs.	
Alsike Clover	60	 6 to 8 lbs.	
Sweet Clover	60	15 to 18 lbs.	
White Clover	60	 5 to 6 lbs.	
Timothy	45	15 to 18 lbs.	
Rape	50	 8 to 10 lbs.	
Sudan Grass	50	18 to 22 lbs.	
Golden Millet	50	35 to 50 lbs.	
Amber Cane	50	75 to 100 lbs.	
Blue Grass (Ky.).	14	30 to 50 lbs.	

YAGER SEED & NURSERY CO.

FREMONT, NEBR.

Alfalfa

Alfalfa

IN driving about the country here in the corn-belt, I have wondered why more farmers do not have a patch of Alfalfa. Perhaps you are not fully aware of its merits as a hay and pasture crop as well as a soil builder.

A few acres will afford a large amount of the most nutritious hay, or it may be pastured, giving the animals the bone and sinew, and solid flesh that is most desirable. Sowing Alfalfa is no more risky than corn, wheat or oats.

Thorough preparation of the soil is **VERY IMPORTANT**. For Spring sowing, the land should be plowed four or five inches deep, and then the harrow and disc should be used until the land is "like a garden."

Seed may be sown broadcast or with a drill. If a drill is used, sow the seed very shallow—never over one-half inch deep. After broadcasting, harrow lightly. Don't sow the seed too early in the spring. Wait till danger of frost is past, and the ground is warm.

Use a light "nurse crop," either oats or barley. If oats is used, one and one-half bushels per acre is plenty. If you use more, it will smother the Alfalfa in a wet season.

Farmers ask me when the best time is to sow Alfalfa—whether fall or spring. I will reply that there is no best time, as it depends on the season. Some succeed either fall or spring. Others fail. It depends on the soil and the season, the same as other crops. If you sow in the fall, August or September is the proper time, but no later.

Sow 12 to 15 lbs. per acre.

Red Clover

Red Clover

GOOD farmers naturally turn to Red Clover for relief when their land shows signs of exhaustion. Thousands of instances could be enumerated to show the benefits of Clover as a fertilizer. Men who get 20 to 25 bushels of corn per acre and 12 to 15 bushels of wheat, can boost the yield at least one-third by using Red Clover on their land.

Crops of corn are nearly doubled, following Clover. It puts back the nitrogen into the soil. Wheat and other small grain yields are increased when a Clover field is turned over.

As a pasture crop it is in the front rank for cattle, horses, sheep and pigs. Clover hay contains the elements necessary to produce flesh, promote growth, and enhance the vigor and health of our domestic animals.

Clover is the salvation of the "run down" farm. It fills the barn with the richest hay known. It insures better grain crops which follow. It is the chief reliance in dairy regions.

When you drive through a region where Clover is grown extensively, you will notice ideal farm homes, big red barns, silos, machinery sheds, good fences, orchards, grain stacks and waving fields of corn. Yes Sir! Clover and prosperity are half brothers.

By careful estimate, it has been found that plowing under a crop of green Clover, the equivalent of 12 loads of barnyard manure are added to the soil.

The farmer who rotates his land with Clover, generally owns stock in the local bank; is a leader in the community, and is an all around prosperous fellow, and one of the ideal citizens of which we boast, out here in the Great West.

I don't say that Clover alone will make a man wealthy, but I do say that it is one of the fundamentals in successful farming.

Clover seed should be sown only in the Spring, and with almost any of the small grains as a nurse crop.

Sow Clover seed and your profits will increase.

Sow 10 to 12 lbs. per acre.

White Clover

THIS is sometimes called the White Dutch Clover and is the well known kind seen growing in pastures and on our lawns. For pasture, in combination with Blue Grass or Alsike, this Clover is very desirable.

As a fertilizer, it is desirable as the other Clovers, as proven by the increased yields of grain following a crop of this Clover.

Considered as a hay crop it is of little value, as the height attained by it does not justify cutting when grown alone.

Stock seldom bloat on this Clover, which makes it a desirable pasture crop.

A field of this Clover is good for an indefinite period, as it re-seeds readily, and seldom ever winter kills even under the most severe conditions.

Should be sown very early in the spring.

Sow 5 to 6 lbs. per acre.

Alsike Clover

THIS Clover is often called "Swedish Clover." In appearance, it resembles both the White and Red Clover, and by some is believed to be a hybrid between the two. Alsike will grow successfully where Red will not. In fact, where soils are too poor and exhausted for the Red Clover, Alsike will usually give most satisfactory results.

Like the Red, this Clover is a good fertilizer, adding both humus and nitrogen to the soil.

This Clover is especially adapted to low, wet soils, where the Red does not thrive, but is equally adapted to upland soils.

As a pasture crop it is one of the very best, often being sown with Timothy. An alsike pasture is good for years, as the plants live longer than the Red and re-seed more readily.

As a fertilizer of the soil, Alsike ranks with the Red, and repeated tests prove its worth as such.

Grown for hay, it will not produce as many tons as the Red, but its feeding quality is superior to the Red.

Alsike will thrive on land that is too wet for Red Clover and is seldom ever known to winter kill.

Wheat and oats and other small grains following Alsike, show marked increase in yield.

The seed of this clover is only half the size of the Red, therefore a smaller amount is required for an acre.

Sow and handle same as Red Clover.

Sow 6 to 8 lbs. per acre.

Sweet Clover

Sweet Clover

NOT many years ago we thought Sweet Clover was a worthless weed, and deserved only to be eradicated. It crept into the wild meadows and grew along the roadside, and was in the way just like a "sore thumb." Then it was discovered that cattle, hogs, sheep and horses would break down a fence to eat it. A man cut some for hay and said it was "bully good stuff."

The professors got busy and investigated its properties and sent out word that it was highly nutritious; had a splendid feeding value, and that it was one of the best pasture plants known. As a soil builder they held it to be first class.

Sweet Clover is not particular where it grows. It does well on the poorest land, whether hills or valleys, sandy soil, hard clay, alkali soil, gumbo, rich loam soil, dry soil or wet. It makes no difference for it has the hardihood of a mule, and makes good against all odds.

In the Spring it is ahead of other pasture crops, and it is the last thing in the Fall to quit business.

Stock never bloat on Sweet Clover. If you sow it with small grains and plow it under in the fall, you have added the equal of 15 loads of barnyard manure to the acre, and the following crop will show an increased yield of from 3 to 10 bushels per acre. The above statement can be proved in many cases. I have done it on my own land.

I recommend the White Blossom. Sow as early as possible in the Spring.

Sow 15 to 18 lbs. per acre.

Blue Grass

THIS plant is too well known to need a description. It is the kind we use on our lawns, and is found growing in our tame meadows, often being sown with White Clover. The plant is extremely hardy and endures almost all conditions of climate and weather.

Sow 20 to 30 lbs. per acre.

Timothy

Timothy

THIS is one of our best known hay and pasture crops and will succeed on any good soil where corn can be raised. In many sections, it is grown as an exclusive crop of hay for feeding horses, being recognized as very superior for this purpose.

A well established field often yields 2 to 2½ tons of excellent hay per acre, besides furnishing splendid fall pasture for stock.

Where soil has a tendency to wash, Timothy is sown, as the stiff sod prevents erosion.

An ideal combination is Timothy and Red Clover on stiff clay soils, and should be sown at the rate of 10 lbs. of Timothy to 5 lbs. Clover per acre.

A mixture of Timothy and Alsike Clover is very desirable either for hay or pasture, the seed required being Timothy 8 to 10 pounds and 3 to 4 pounds Alsike.

Grain crops following Timothy are materially increased by reason of the added fertility.

When grown for seed purposes 6 to 8 bushels to the acre is the usual yield.

Seed should be sown in the spring. Sow 15 lbs. per acre.

Amber Cane (Sorghum)

AS A FORAGE plant Cane is a very desirable crop. It produces a large amount of feed, often yielding five tons per acre. This plant adapts itself to almost all kinds of conditions. It will withstand severe drought, but thrives better under normal conditions.

Cattle, horses and mules as well as milch cows will fatten on the Cane and come out in fine shape in the spring.

Sow late in spring, one and one-half to two bushels per acre.

Sudan Grass

THIS grass is strictly an annual plant as the roots do not live through our winter in the Northern States. Sudan is conceded to be one of the best hay and pasture crops. The hay is superior ton for ton, to Millet, Cane, or Timothy.

As a dry feed for milk cows, Sudan is only slightly less valuable than Alfalfa. Horses, colts and calves grow and fatten remarkably when fed on this hay.

As a pasture crop, for all kinds of animals on the farm, this grass is very desirable, especially for dairy cows.

When grown for hay, two cuttings are easily secured. Each cutting should yield from 2 to 3 tons of the very best dry hay.

It is vastly superior to Sorghum, as the stems are smaller (seldom larger than a lead pencil) but more numerous.

Dry seasons when other crops are short, this grass will grow and produce an enormous amount of feed.

If you have no permanent pasture or hay meadow, you can depend upon Sudan to supply you.

May be sown from about May 10th to June 20th. Seed should be sown broadcast and harrowed in the same as oats.

Sow 20 lbs. per acre.

Golden Millet

(German)

THIS is doubtless the best of all the Millets. A good feed for cows and calves but not for horses. It may be sown late in the season where other crops have failed. Should be cut for hay before seed matures for best results.

Often profitable when grown for seed purposes, as it yields a large amount of seed and is generally in demand by your neighbors.

Sow three-fourths to one bushel per acre.

Rape

Rape—Dwarf Essex

IF YOU have a bunch of pigs, calves or sheep and want to see them grow and fatten rapidly, just turn them into a patch of Rape. This is a great green feed crop, and produces ten to fifteen tons per acre, and can be pastured continuously till killed by frost.

Can be sown almost anytime during the growing season and in a short time is ready to pasture.

Rape does not exhaust the soil, but is followed by better yields of grain.

Hog breeders place a high value on this crop for sows and little pigs, because it promotes growth and vigor.

As a calf pasture it is very desirable, being a bone and muscle builder.

It grows well on any soil where corn will grow, and where permanent pasture is not available, this is one of the best crops.

Sow broadcast and cover with the harrow.

The first sowing may be made at corn planting time.

Sow 8 to 10 lbs. per acre.

Index

SEED DEPARTMENT

	Page
Alfalfa	24
Clover, Alsike	26
Clover, Red	25
Clover, Sweet	27
Clover, White Dutch.....	26
Cane, Amber	28
Blue Grass	27
Millet, Golden	29
Rape, D. E.	30
Sudan Grass	29
Timothy	28

NURSERY DEPARTMENT

	Page
Apples	3
Apricots	7
Asparagus	13
Blackberries	12
Cherries	5
Crab Apples	4
Currants	10
Forest Seedlings	15
Free Offer	13
Gooseberries	9
Grapes	8
Hedges	19

NURSERY DEPARTMENT

	Page
Paeonies	21
Peaches	8
Pears	7
Perennials	20
Plums	6
Raspberries	10
Rhubarb	13
Roses	18
Shade Trees	14
Shrubs	16
Strawberries	12
Vines	17
Weeping Trees.....	15

NURSERY AND SEED ORDER SHEET

FREMONT, NEBRASKA

Gentlemen: Please send me the following stock:

Ship by _____
(State whether by express, freight or mail)

[illegible]

WRITE NAME AND ADDRESS VERY PLAINLY

ORDER SHEET

[illegible]

WRITE NAME AND ADDRESS VERY PLAINLY

FIELD SEEDS

PRICES FOR SPRING OF 1924

(These prices hold good until present supply is exhausted.)

ALFALFA

	Per Lb.	Per Bu.
"Prime" Good Honest Grade.....	\$0.15.....	\$ 9.00
"Choice" Nebraska Grade.....	.18.....	10.80
"Standard" Very High Test.....	.23.....	13.80
"Extra Fancy".....	.24.....	14.40
"Dakota" Extra Hardy Variety.....	.27.....	16.20
"Grimm" Genuine, Very Hardy.....	.43.....	25.80

SWEET CLOVER (WHITE) SCARIFIED

"Choice Select Grade.....	.15.....	9.00
"Extra Fancy" Grade.....	.18.....	10.80

YELLOW SWEET "Fancy" Scarified.....	.18.....	10.80
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RED CLOVER

"Choice" Good Average Grade.....	.25.....	15.00
"Fancy" Very Highest Quality.....	.27.....	16.20

ALSIKE CLOVER

"Standard" High Grade.....	.22.....	13.20
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TIMOTHY

"Choice" New Crop.....	.10.....	4.50
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RAPE, DWARF ESSEX

Extra Fancy Quality.....	.09.....	4.50
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TIMOTHY AND ALSIKE MIXED

15 to 20 per cent Alsike (A Bargain).....	.12.....	5.40
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SUDAN GRASS—New Crop.....	.09.....	4.50
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KENTUCKY BLUE GRASS—High Grade.....	.40.....	
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WHITE DUTCH CLOVER—Best.....	.70.....	
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SOY BEANS—Early Sort.....	.07.....	4.20
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CANE AND MILLET, Ask for Prices.

P. S.—Above prices good until March 15, 1924.

NOTE—Ask for prices on large quantities.

Our seeds are selected with the greatest care, but we give no warranty, either expressed or implied, and we do not guarantee any of them, nor will we be responsible for the crop. If not accepted on these conditions, goods must be returned at once.

YAGER NURSERY AND SEED CO., Fremont, Nebr.

DAYLIGHT ROBBERY!!!

HE other day I heard a Merchant say "Farmers are robbers," all because they charged him 48 cents per pound for butter.

In reply to this Merchant, I said: "Well, you go out some morning at 4 A. M. and milk four old cows and a kicking heifer, and then come and tell me whether butter is not worth 48 cents."

But later on I got to thinking about "the robber farmer," and I have concluded that HE IS A ROBBER, not on butter and eggs, etc., but he robs himself, by robbing his land.

Some farmers plant and reap and keep up this process and expect the land to yield good crops continually. All such fellows take the cream from their land and give back only the skim milk.

This process is simple robbery. You just as well draw a check on the bank where you have no funds, for you know that the check will come back marked "Payment Refused."

Now what I am getting at is this: We have got to maintain the FERTILITY OF THE SOIL at all hazards.

Henry Ford did not get Muscle Shoals (not yet), so we will have to depend on the old method. What is that? Answer: Sow the CLOVERS, such as the Red, the Sweet, the White, the Alsike, or any of the soil builders.

Ask your County Agent; ask the Farm Bureau; ask the Secretary of Agriculture; ask your neighbor, who has tried it, and see if it is not every word true.

Don't wait for the Government to help you; I didn't.

You know how different a fellow feels when he gets a haircut, a shave and a new suit of clothes. Well, treat your land to a crop of the CLOVERS (legumes) and see the returns in nice shiny \$ \$ \$.

Some day, when I get too old to work, I am going to write a book on Farming and the first chapter will be "Land Robbers."

There are about twenty of these Robbers in Dodge County and I will send each of these fellows a free copy of my book. It would serve them right, don't you think so?

Very sincerely,

J. A. YAGER.

Red Clover

YAGER NURSERY & SEED CO.
FREMONT, NEBR.