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1926

Coastal Plains Nurseries

BLACKSHEAR, GA.

PINEAPPLE PEARS

Growers of Pecans, Satsuma
Oranges, Pineapple Pears,
Roses, Ornamentals
Landscaping

To Our Customers:

It is our constant aim to supply to our customers only the best products in our line that can be grown, and we feel that the success of our efforts to this end is attested by the fact that the demand for our trees, shrubs, plants, etc., has been keeping far in advance of our production, and many of our customers who have delayed placing their orders early have been disappointed.

You are invited at all times to visit our nurseries at Homestead on the main highway and A. C. L. Railway between Waycross and Blackshear, and see in the fields the stock in which you are interested. Shipments are made by freight, express or parcel post from Blackshear or Waycross. Deliveries are also made by truck within a radius of one hundred miles.

All prices in this list are net and include packing for shipment and delivery to our freight, express or post office. On shipments by parcel post, add 20 per cent. to the amount of the order to cover the cost of postage. In applying prices, five of one kind and size will be furnished at the ten rate, fifty at the hundred rate and five hundred at the thousand rate. On account of the cost of packing and handling, we do not care to handle orders for shipment amounting to less than \$2.00. If your order amounts to less than \$2.00, please add 25 per cent. to cover the cost of packing and shipment.

Owing to the fact that there are so many conditions affecting the growth of plants that are beyond our control, we do not give any warranty that the stock we send out will grow, nor will we in any way be responsible for the crop. We will always take pleasure in correcting as far as possible any mistakes that may occur if called to our attention within a reasonable time after the receipt of goods.

No agents are in our employ and dealers purchasing our stock for resale, do so on their own responsibility.

Information on any planting problem you may have will be gladly furnished, and we want our customers to avail themselves of this service which is given without obligation or cost.

COASTAL PLAINS NURSERIES.

Blackshear, Georgia.

PECANS.

The present development of the pecan growing industry justifies the placing of this orchard crop at the very foundation of southern horticulture. It stands at the head of the list, having all the qualities to be desired in an orchard tree and many that other varieties of fruit and nut trees do not have. The pecan adapts itself to a wide variety of soil and fits into the general farming of every section. Staple farm crops as well as specialized lines, such as truck or small fruits, may be grown between the trees for a number of years without interfering with the crop of nuts or growth of trees. When the pecan trees have grown to a size sufficient to interfere with intercrops, they will be producing income enough to warrant cessation of other activities.

It should be kept in mind that the planting of a pecan grove is a life time investment, and therefore justifies the selection of the best land obtainable for the establishment of the orchard. The soil should be thoroughly prepared before planting and if possible, a crop of legumes planted the previous season and turned under. Plantings are generally made fifty feet or more apart each way, requiring seventeen trees or less per acre. Dig holes for the trees much larger than actually needed to accommodate the root system of the trees and fill in entirely with top soil. Fertilizers should be used sparingly if at all, when planting, and then thoroughly mixed with the soil in filling the holes. Pack soil carefully and firmly around the roots, using water if the soil is dry. The same principles of cultivation that apply to cotton or corn are applicable to the pecan. Start this work in the Spring as soon as the growth begins to show in the trees, and continue until the middle of the summer. Use enough fertilizer to keep the trees in a good growing condition. A commercial fertilizer containing five percent ammonia, eight percent phosphoric acid and three percent potash is suitable for young trees. Stable manure may be used to a good advantage wherever available.

During the early stages of the development of the pecan industry, hundreds of different varieties of nuts were tried and are still being tried out under widely varying conditions throughout the pecan belt. Orchardists everywhere agree that a selection of ten varieties or less, will fill a majority of all desired qualities, and while there may be other sorts of merit that are popular in some sec-

tions of the pecan belt, we feel that in offering the following kinds, a latitude for selection is furnished without creating confusion and at the same time assure our customers of the results they should reasonably expect.

STUART is a large nut with a shell of medium thickness, very well filled with a kernel of bright color and good quality. This variety is probably more widely planted over the pecan belt than any other sort and justifies its popularity by consistently producing heavy crops.

SCHLEY is recognized as the finest quality and demands a premium on all markets where nuts are sold on their merits. The size runs from medium to large and the shell is thin. The kernel is bright in color and very rich.

SUCCESS is all that its name implies. Size is large and cracking qualities are good. The large, plump yellow kernels are of good flavor and the trees are strong growers and heavy producers. This variety should be in every orchard.

PABST is a sturdy grower and one of the best in quality. Size is medium to large and the cracking quality is excellent. A first-class variety.

CURTIS is of medium size and very prolific. The bright colored kernels of fine flavor separate easily from the shell which is very thin.

TECHE is a heavy bearer and is to be recommended as one of the few medium sized nuts that can be depended upon. The cracking qualities are excellent and the flavor good.

MONEY MAKER is of medium size and thickness of shell. The tree is a sturdy, thrifty grower and prolific. Quality is fine and it cracks well. Many orchardists consider it one of the most dependable.

Prices on all varieties of pecans:

Size	Each	10	100
2 to 3 ft.....	\$.90	\$ 8.00	\$ 70.00
3 to 4 ft.	1.00	9.00	80.00
4 to 5 ft.....	1.15	10.00	90.00
5 to 6 ft.....	1.30	11.00	100.00
6 to 7 ft.....	1.50	12.00	110.00
7 to 8 ft.....	1.70	14.00	130.00

CITRUS FRUITS

With the introduction of the Satsuma Orange from Japan and the use of citrus trifoliata as a root stock, the citrus growing section of the country has

been extended into regions formerly considered unsuited for these fruits. In the various varieties, hardy types have been developed with remarkable results and oranges, kumquats, grapefruit and lemons are now being grown as far north as southern Georgia, Alabama and Mississippi. The development of the citrus industry in these states has centered around the Satsuma Orange and carloads of this luscious fruit are going to the early markets and demanding fancy prices.

The Satsuma Orange (Owari Strain) is the hardiest of the oranges now being grown and ripens early in October through November, thus bringing it onto the market when there is little competition from other varieties. The Satsuma is of the "kid glove" type and practically seedless. The trees are thornless, very vigorous and prolific and have repeatedly withstood temperatures of fifteen degrees without damage. The use of citrus trifoliata as a root stock increases the natural hardiness of the trees. This variety often fruits the second year from planting and a commercial crop may be expected the third season. Plantings should be made twenty-five to thirty feet apart each way.

TOP—MEYER LEMONS, DUNCAN GRAPEFRUIT, SATSUMA ORANGES. BOTTOM—KUMQUATS AND PONDEROSA LEMON

The Duncan Grapefruit is considered by many, the finest grapefruit grown. There is no question but that it is the hardiest variety now being extensively propagated and while it does not reach that degree of cold resistance enjoyed by the Satsuma orange, every orchard should have a sufficient number of trees to produce fruit for home use and local markets. It is of excellent flavor and ripens early in December.

The Ponderosa or American Wonder Lemon is a novelty with exceptionally large sized fruit. Though not as hardy as the Satsuma Orange or Duncan Grapefruit, it is sure to fruit during normal seasons. In the colder sections it may be grown in pots or tubs.

Prices on Satsuma Orange, Duncan Grapefruit and Ponderosa Lemon budded on *Citrus trifoliata*:

	Each	10	100
1-4" caliper.....	\$.55	\$ 5.00	\$ 45.00
3-8" caliper.....	.75	6.50	60.00
1-2" caliper.....	.90	8.50	80.00
2 yr. specimens.....	1.50	12.50	

The Kumquats are the smallest of the edible citrus fruits suitable for growing in the northern section of the citrus belt. The small evergreen trees with loads of golden fruit are highly ornamental and the fruit itself finds a ready market ranging from \$3.00 to \$4.00 per bushel. The trees are as hardy as the Satsuma orange and begin bearing the second season after planting. The fruit is excellent for eating out of hand and for marmalades. Trees should be planted from fifteen to twenty feet apart each way.

The Marumi variety is round, bright golden yellow, thin skin and slightly acid. The tree is of well rounded, uniform growth and very desirable as an ornamental.

The Nagami variety is oblong and about one inch in diameter by one and one-half inches in length, golden yellow in color and fine flavor. Largely planted for commercial production.

The Meiwa variety is round and larger in size than Marumi. Sweet when fully ripe. Trees are very prolific and can generally be expected to fruit the first season after planting. Though of recent introduction, this variety has met with the approval of all who have seen it.

Prices on Kumquats budded on *citrus trifoliata* stock:

	Each	10	100
1 yr. lightly branched.....	\$.75	\$ 6.50	\$ 50.00
1 yr. well branched.....	1.00	8.50	75.00
2 yr. stocky.....	1.50	13.50	125.00

Selected specimens with fruit B. & B. \$3.50 to \$5.00 each.

The Meyer Lemon was first introduced from China in 1908 by Frank N. Meyer, Agricultural Explorer for the Department of Agriculture and named

in his honor. This very promising lemon has shown characteristics of exceptional value and brings this fruit to sections where the lemon has been unknown except as a pot plant. It is hardier than any other lemon yet tested in this country and trees now growing on our grounds have passed through the coldest weather this location has experienced in twenty four years. Many of our two year old stock are bearing fruit in the nursery rows. The color is pale orange when fully ripe and the fruits are somewhat larger than the average commercial sizes now on the markets. It is ripening with us in early November. We consider this variety a most valuable addition to the hardy citrus fruit.

Selected two year trees \$2.00. Selected one year \$1.00 each.

PINEAPPLE PEAR

Probably no fruit of merit has attracted as much attention recently as has the Pineapple pear. Though this variety has been known throughout the lower South for approximately forty years its true worth is just beginning to be appreciated. Hundreds of thousand of dollars have been spent in the investigation of fire blight and its control, that disease which has laid waste the pear growing industry in the South and is a constant menace to other pear growing sections. All varieties were assumed to be more or less subject to this disease and work has been carried on for a number of years looking toward the development of varieties that were immune or at least highly resistant to the fire blight. The variety now being sold as the Pineapple Pear (formerly called Sand, Chinese Sand, English Bull Nose, etc.) has proven so highly resistant as to be considered immune to fire blight

PINEAPPLE PEARS IN BLOOM

under orchard conditions and on account of this quality is considered the blight proof pear. This fruit is of Oriental origin and has the general characteristics of Keiffer. Ripens in August. The texture is rather coarse, juicy and of good flavor. Color golden yellow. It is not in any sense a fruit stand pear, but is ideal for canning and preserving. The trees are very vigorous growers and prolific. Should be planted approximately forty feet apart each way in the orchard.

Prices on Pineapple Pear:

	Each	10	100
2 to 3 feet.....	\$.35	\$ 3.00	\$ 25.00
3 to 4 feet	.50	4.50	40.00
4 to 6 feet.....	.65	6.00	50.00
2 yr. branched.....	.75	7.00	65.00

TREE BLUEBERRY

It has very often happened during the development of the fruit growing industry in this country, that self evident facts concerning the behavior of varieties remain practically unknown over a long period only to become common knowledge and immediately these inherent qualities establish confidence and the foundation for a new orchard product is laid. This condition is particularly true in connection with the recent development of commercial plantings of the tree blueberry.

The fact that cultivation and care increases materially the productivity and size of fruit of the tree blueberry has been known to a few people for over thirty years. Today this fact is common knowledge and planters generally throughout the lower South are reaping the benefit. To our mind, the Tree Blueberry stands at the head of the list of small fruits, and on its outstanding merits alone. It is particularly adapted to our acid soils and this is the only essential requirement for its growth. It is not in a sense perishable as strawberries, blackberries, raspberries, etc., are so considered, as it will ship by express to distant markets without refrigeration and remain in good condition. The ripening time of the crop covers a period of five to six weeks which make it practically "weather proof". It has no serious disease or insect enemies. It is a permanent planting and once established does not need to be renewed. It is very tolerant of shade conditions which make it an ideal intercrop for pecan groves.

The present supply of fruit from all sources does not begin to fill the demand and it will be many years before the present requirements are filled. Crops are regular from year to year increasing annually with the added size of the trees. It begins to bear fruit the second season after planting. Plants should be set from twelve to fifteen feet apart each way and clean cultivation practiced. Light applications of fertilizer is advisable. We offer two varieties.

X The **Tallassee** is the highest quality fruit yet introduced for general planting throughout the South, being larger in size and of better flavor than other types planted. It is blue in color and most attractive when placed on the market.

Selected plants, Each \$.50; \$4.00 for 10; \$25.00 per 100; \$200 per 1000.

X The **Rabbiteye** is the variety which is being planted extensively in West Florida. Established plantings have yielded over \$1000.00 worth of fruit to the acre.

Selected Plants, Each \$.35; \$3.00 per 10; \$20.00 per 100; \$150 per 1000.

X **VAN FLEET RED RASPBERRY**

In cooperation with the Bureau of Plant Industry, Department of Agriculture, we are able to offer this year for the first time, a new variety of Red Raspberry which has been found desirable for the South after thorough tests. The Van Fleet Raspberry was originated by Dr. Walter Van Fleet of the Department of Agriculture by hybridizing plants grown from seed of *Rubus innominatus* collected by H. E. Wilson in China, with pollen of the Cuthbert

VAN FLEET RED RASPBERRY

red raspberry. The qualities of the Van Fleet Raspberry make it particularly valuable and the following characterization is given by the Bureau of Plant Industry at place of origin:

“Bush more vigorous and productive than any raspberry now cultivated, producing 8 to 16 canes growing 8 to 20 feet in length when two years old; free from common disease; hardy at Washington, D. C., flower clusters variable in size, many having 100 to 200 flowers or even more. Fruit medium in size, soft, but does not decay as quickly as other sorts; color medium, slightly dull red; subacid; only good in dessert quality when eaten out of hand but excellent with cream and sugar; seeds much smaller than those of ordinary raspberries; ripens after other red raspberries and continues in season about five weeks. Desirable for home use, also for local market. Recommended for the South Atlantic Coast Regions from Maryland to Northern Florida.”

Selected tip plants postpaid 3 for \$1.00; 1 dozen for \$2.50.

DEWBERRIES

No garden or home orchard is quite complete without a planting of the improved Dewberry, planted 5 feet apart each way, this fruit will yield an income of fifty dollars per acre the first season after planting and increasing as the plants get older to five hundred dollars or more per acre for at least fifteen years. We offer:

Lucretia—Fruit larger and better than blackberry, sweet and luscious, the variety used in large commercial plantings.

	10	100	1000
Strong tip plants.....	\$.60	\$ 4.00	\$ 25.00

Young—A hybrid of the Loganberry and Austin Dewberry, producing a large pink fruit turning to dark wine red when fully ripe; vigorous and prolific. An exceptionally fine fruit and has a distinct raspberry flavor. Very desirable.

	10	100
Strong tip plants.....	\$ 1.25	\$ 7.50

Austin Thornless—This fruit is a sport of the Austin Dewberry and has all the qualities of its parent with the additional characteristic of being entirely thornless. This feature alone will make this variety very popular.

	10	100
Strong tip plants.....	\$.85	\$ 5.00

STRAWBERRIES

We offer the standard varieties which need no description. All excellent sorts for home use or market.

Missionary—Klondyke—Lady Thompson—Excelsior	100	500	1000
	\$1.00	\$ 3.00	\$ 4.00

GRAPES

While not generally grown in the lower South, the bunch grape can be depended upon to furnish an abundance of fruit for home and market. Careful cultivation and fertilization in connection with thorough pruning, produce satisfactory results. The Muscadine family, commonly called Scuppernongs are native to the South and may be grown on trellis or overhead arbors.

Bunch Grapes—

Niagara, white large bunches of good size berries; an attractive variety.

Delaware, small to medium sized bunches of small pink berries; in quality one of the best.

Concord, blue-black, vigorous grower and heavy fruiter. One of the old favorites.

Lutie, a red grape of exceptionally fine flavor; large berries; vigorous.

Ives, strong grower, bunches large, good quality, productive.

Muscadine Grapes—

Scuppernong, large, bronze-colored berries, most popular in the Muscadine class.

James, large, purplish-black; good quality.

Thomas, medium-sized clusters of reddish-purple berries; especially fine.

	Each	10	100
1 year.....	\$.35	\$ 3.00	\$ 25.00
2 year.....	.50	4.50	40.00

MISCELLANEOUS FRUITS.

With the ideal growing conditions prevalent throughout the South, more attention is being paid annually to the planting for market of a wide variety of fruits. Japanese Persimmons, Plums, Peach, Figs and Apples are all coming in for their share of attention. We offer varieties which are dependable.

Apples—

Early Harvest, medium to large in size, yellow in color.

Red Astrachan, of good quality and size; satisfactory.

Red June, good quality, bright red; medium-sized.

Horse, the popular variety for southern planting.

Figs—

Brunswick, large purplish-black, of good quality, broadly pear shaped; very satisfactory.

Brown Turkey, medium to large, pear shaped, flesh light in color shading to pink; hardy; a desirable variety.

Celeste, small to medium, of excellent quality; flesh firm, juicy and sweet. Very desirable for marmalades, canning and preserving; hardy.

Green Ischia, fruit of medium size and high quality; light green in color with light red flesh.

Kadota, light golden in color, rich in sugar, delicate in flavor; seeds small and is unexcelled for shipping, canning and preserving.

Peaches—

Belle of Georgia, large, creamy-white; flesh firm of excellent quality; ripens July 1st to 15th.

Carmen, large, white, free-stone, of excellent quality; flesh tender;; prolific; ripens June 15th to 20th.

Elberta, very large, yellow, planted in practically all sections where peaches are grown; the favorite yellow peach; July 1st to 15th.

Hiley, large, of fine quality, flesh white, seed red, free-stone, July 1st to 15th.

Plums—

Abundance, hybrid Japanese type, medium to large fruit; flesh greenish-yellow; juicy; a strong grower and good bearer.

Burbank, size large to very large; dark red with yellow flesh, sweet and juicy. Another of the Japanese hybrid type.

Excelsior, fruit medium to large, wine-red. The trees which resemble the Chickasaw type are very prolific as well as vigorous growers. Considered a most valuable variety.

Wickson, large deep red; flesh firm and yellow; of excellent quality. One of the best Japanese strain.

Japanese Persimmons—

Tane Nashi, an early ripening, productive persimmon; of large size and fine quality; flesh yellow

and seedless. Desirable variety for home and market.

Triumph, medium-sized, tomato-shaped, of excellent quality. Trees are very prolific and thrifty.

Tamopan, especially attractive, large to very large in size; peculiarly marked with a constriction around the middle; very vigorous.

Ormond, small to medium in size, conical in shape, orange-red resembling jelly when fully ripe. Ripens in late November and December; quality good.

Prices on Apples, Peaches, Plums, Japanese Persimmons:

	Each	10	100
2 to 3 feet.....	\$.35	\$ 3.00	\$ 25.00
3 to 4 feet.....	.50	4.50	40.00
4 to 6 feet.....	.65	6.00	50.00

Chinquapins—This very fine flavored nut, resembling chestnuts, is native in some sections of the country. The trees are thrifty; of uniform growth and very attractive. We offer seedlings grown from an exceptionally heavy producing tree.

Each	10	100
\$.35	\$ 2.50	\$ 20.00

SATSUMA ORANGE GROVE—KUMQUAT HEDGE
IN FOREGROUND

ORNAMENTALS

Each succeeding season sees the demand for our ornamental shrubs and trees, plants and flowers increasing. Each season sees a greater appreciation of the value of ornamental plantings around the home grounds, both from the standpoint of beauty and the intrinsic value added to the property by the improved appearance.

The broad-leaved evergreen and other flowering shrubs, as well as the coniferous evergreens listed herewith, lend themselves to an almost unending combination when used in massed or group plantings or as individual specimens. Many of the varieties are suitable for hedges and the taller growing kinds are especially desirable for backgrounds or as specimens. The shade trees also play an important part in the development of the grounds and whether it is single specimen on a lawn with its inviting spot of shade or a number outlining a drive or avenue, their value is everywhere apparent.

The Conifers in the following list are especially adapted to conditions throughout the coastal plains region and the varieties are suitable for formal plantings, individual specimens or in combination with other shrubs.

Biota aurea nana is one of the most beautiful varieties of the Arborvitae, forming a compact, symmetrical head of reasonably slow growth; color a light green turning to golden-green during periods of growth. Sizes up to 18 inches. Few extra large specimens.

Biota Compacta is very uniform and symmetrical and is dark green in color. It makes a beautiful contrast when planted with *Biota aurea nana*. Sizes up to 3 feet.

Biota Pyramidalis is a tall growing sort reaching a height of fifteen to twenty feet. As the name indicates it is pyramidal in shape. Bright green in color and very desirable. Sizes up to 6 feet.

Biota Rosedale is very symmetrical, forming a compact, rounded head. The foliage is blue-green in color and very thick, making a beautiful and desirable variety. Sizes up to 2 feet.

Cupressus sempervirens form a narrow columnar tree which is very desirable for formal planting or small grounds. Our stock is selected with special care to furnish the narrow compact type. Sizes up to 2 feet.

Cedrus Deodara or Himalayan Cedar is very popular throughout the South and fills a long felt need for a tree of the Blue Spruce type. It is a magnificent tree, attaining large proportions; of ideal pyramidal form and the bluish-green color gives a striking contrast with the dark green of other plants.

Prices on <i>Cedrus Deodara</i> :		
	Each	10
1 to 2 feet	\$3.50	\$30.00
2 to 3 feet.....	5.00	45.00

Juniperus virginiana or Red Cedar is a native conifer which grows rapidly under widely varying conditions. It can be sheared if desired. Color dark green. All sizes.

Juniperus virginiana glauca is the blue type of the Red Cedar and is very desirable for a contrast in color. It is a good grower and retains its color. Small sizes from pots.

Retinospora plumosa is a very handsome tree attaining a height of fifteen to twenty feet. The feathery plume-like foliage is dark green in color. A good grower. Small sizes.

Retinospora squarrosa veitchi is a dense growing variety with soft silvery-blue foliage. Very attractive. Small sizes.

Prices on all conifers except Cedrus Deodara:

	Each	10
8 to 12 inch.....	\$1.00	\$ 9.00
12 to 18 inch.....	1.50	12.00
18 to 24 inch.....	2.00	17.50
24 to 30 inch.....	2.50	22.50
2½ to 3 feet.....	3.00	27.50
3 to 4 feet.....	4.00	35.00
4 to 5 feet.....	6.00	55.00

“It isn’t a Home Until Its Planted” should be the motto of every home owner as well as the slogan of the ornamental growers, and the pleasure and satisfaction to be derived from a “completed home” comes only to those who appreciate the beauty and value of growing plants. Every home, no matter how small is better with a suitable planting. Foundation plantings fill in the sharp outline between the lawn and house a doorway or entrance may be framed with a proper selection of shrubs; or a driveway indicated. The best features of the grounds or buildings may be brought out while other less desirable ones may be partially or entirely hidden. The following selection of shrubs and vines are especially adaptable to the Coastal Plains region and may be depended upon to give the results that should be reasonably expected.

Abelia grandiflora is one of the most popular of our broad leaved evergreen shrubs with glossy bright green foliage during the summer, turning to a beautiful bronze at the approach of cool weather. A profusion of small trumpet shaped flowers cover the plants from May until late in the fall. The flowers are white with pink tints and very attractive. It can be pruned to any desired shape and

makes an ideal formal hedge. When allowed to grow naturally either singly or in groups its graceful slightly drooping stems make the plant especially attractive.

Prices on Abelia:

	Each	10	100
1 year plants.....	\$.35	\$ 3.00	\$ 25.00
2 year plants.....	.55	5.00	40.00

Azaleas are probably the most showy of our broad leaved early flowering evergreen shrubs. They require an acid soil and do well in partially shaded locations. Contrary to the general impression Azaleas are easy to grow if the essential conditions are provided. If the soil is not acid, this condition may be provided by incorporating quantities of muck or leaf mold into the soil and keeping the plants mulched with hardwood leaves. Very little cultivation is required. Color range includes white, pink, orange, lavender, red and light pink.

Prices on Azaleas:

	Each	10	100
8 to 12 inch.....	\$.75	\$ 7.00	\$ 60.00
12 to 15 inch.....	1.00	9.00	80.00
15 to 18 inch.....	1.50	12.50	100.00

Acacia farnesiana (Popinac) A very attractive much branched shrub growing from six to ten feet high with pinnate foliage and flowers of bright yellow during February and March.

	Each	10
2 to 3 feet.....	\$.75	\$ 6.50
3 to 4 feet.....	1.00	9.00

Aronia arbutifolia (Red Chokeberry). An upright shrub from six to ten feet high, attractive clusters of flowers in spring resemble minute apple blossoms and the red colored fruit for which it is desirable is retained well into the winter.

	Each	10
2 to 3 feet.....	\$.50	\$ 4.50
3 to 4 feet.....	.75	6.50

Buxus sempervirens (Boxwood) Broad leaved evergreen shrub commonly used for formal hedges and specimens, of reasonably slow growth. May be pruned to any desired shape.

Small plants each \$.50; 10 for \$4.50.

Buddleia (Butterfly Bush) Practically evergreen in this section. A continual profusion of lilac colored flowers in terminal racemes. During the

blooming period butterflies gather around these plants in great numbers, hence the common name.

	Each	10
4 inch pots.....	\$.50	\$ 4.50
Field grown.....	.75	6.50

Camellia japonica. The winter flowering broad leaved evergreen commonly called Japonica. Colors range from pure white to deep red and variegated.

Strong plants:

	Each	10
4 inch pots.....	\$1.25	\$10.00
6 inch pots.....	2.50	22.50

Camellia thea (Japanese Tea Plant) A strong growing broad leaved evergreen bearing a profusion of white flowers during the late winter and spring.

	Each	10
Strong plants.....	\$1.00	\$ 9.00
Heavy	1.75	15.00

Cestrum nocturnum (Night Blooming Jasmine) A very graceful shrub producing a profusion of creamy yellow flowers which are very fragrant at night.

	Each	10
4 inch pots.....	\$.50	\$ 4.50
6 inch pots.....	.75	6.50

Deutzia. These are the well known profuse flowering shrubs blooming in the spring and early summer. The variety Crenata is very distinct with flowers of pure white. Plants symmetrical, from three to four feet high. Pride of Rochester is a tall growing, double white flowering variety.

	Each	10
2 to 3 feet	\$.50	\$ 4.50
3 to 4 feet.....	.75	6.50

Duranta plumieri (Golden Dewdrop) A very desirable, graceful, evergreen shrub with lilac colored flowers in racemes followed by clusters of yellow berry like fruits.

	Each	10
4 inch pots.....	\$.50	\$ 4.50

Gardenia (Cape Jasmine) This always popular variety should be included in every collection of shrubs. Glossy green foliage and very fragrant, waxy-white flowers.

	Each	10	100
Small plants from pots	\$.50	\$ 4.50	\$ 40.00
Medium field grown.....	1.00	9.00	
Heavy field grown.....	1.50	12.50	

Hydrangeas. A very popular group of deciduous shrubs showing especially well in massed plantings. Very good for shaded and partially shaded locations. Colors white, blue and pink. It must be noted, however, that the colored varieties may bloom either blue or pink, depending upon the degree of acidity in the soil. Pink flowers may be grown by using sufficient lime to counteract the acidity.

	Each	10
4 inch pots.....	\$.50	\$ 4.50
6 inch pots.....	.75	6.50
Specimens in bloom \$1.00 to \$3.00.		

Ilex vomitoria (Yaupon) A native evergreen holly bearing a profusion of bright red berries. Leaves are small up to three quarters of an inch long by one half inch wide. The plant assumes a pyramidal shape when grown as a specimen and will reach an ultimate height of ten to fifteen feet. Good for shady or partially shaded locations and also does well on dry soil.

Ilex myrtifolia (Cassina) A very small leaved holly bearing an abundance of red berries during the Fall and Winter, compact in growth and makes an ideal formal hedge; very attractive in border and massed plantings.

Prices on *Ilex vomitoria* and *myrtifolia*—

	Each	10
18 to 24 inch.....	\$1.00	\$ 9.00
2 to 3 feet.....	1.50	12.50

Ilex myrtifolia Lowei. A yellow berried species of Cassina, only a few plants available; very desirable as a contrasting color when planted with the red berried species. Small plants \$1.00 each; 10 for \$9.00.

Lagerstroemia (Crepe Myrtle) These attractive flowering shrubs produce large trusses of flowers in early spring and summer. Colors white, pink, lavender and crimson.

	Each	10
2 to 3 feet.....	\$.40	\$ 3.50
3 to 4 feet.....	.60	5.00

Lantana— A luxuriant grower with color variation to satisfy any taste; very attractive when grown in massed plantings; may also be used as a hedge.

	Each	10
Plants from 3 inch pots...	\$.35	\$ 2.50
Plants from 5 inch pots...	.50	4.50

Ligustrum lucidum (Wax Privet) One of the most desirable broad leaved evergreens in our list, for specimen or massed planting. Clusters of white flowers are borne in May followed by purplish-black berries during the winter.

Ligustrum japonicum (Japanese Privet) A compact shrub of rapid growth; large dark green foliage. White flowers in spring followed by clusters of blue-black berries. Stands trimming well.

Ligustrum japonicum marginatum (Golden Japanese Privet) A golden leaved form of Japanese Privet. An ideal plant to secure color contrast in massed planting.

Prices on *Ligustrum lucidum*, *L. japonicum* and *L. japonicum marginatum*.

	Each	10	100
12 to 15 inch.....	\$.75	\$ 6.50	\$ 60.00
15 to 18 inch.....	1.00	9.00	80.00
18 to 24 inch.....	1.50	14.00	125.00
Specimens \$2.00 to \$5.00 each.

BLUEBERRIES

Courtesy S. A. L. Development Dept.

Ligustrum ovalifolium (California Privet) A strong growing shrub with bright green leaves and white flowers in early summer. A variety used extensively for hedges.

	Each	10	100
Heavy field grown.....	\$.50	\$ 4.00	\$ 25.00
Trained specimens standard and half standard.....	1.75	15.00	

Ligustrum sinense (Amoor River South) A small foliaged evergreen privet, largely used for formal hedges. Sheared globe specimens \$2.00 to \$5.00

Magnolia fuscata (Banana shrub) A very attractive evergreen shrub with dark green foliage and flowers resembling a small magnolia bud. Exceedingly fragrant.

	Each	10
Plants from pots.....	\$.75	\$ 6.50

Nerium. (Oleander) Free-blooming, showy flowers produced in clusters, leaves long, narrow, pointed and bright; colors white, yellow, pink, red.

	Each	10
Plants from pots.....	\$.50	\$ 4.50
Double pink field grown	1.00	9.00

Pittosporum tobira. Broad leaved evergreen shrubs with glossy foliage, clustered at ends of branches. Flowers yellowish white in the spring; very desirable for mass plantings or as specimens. Makes an ideal formal hedge.

Pittosporum tobira variegata—Similar to pittosporum tobira except that the leaves are beautifully variegated with silvery white.

	Each	10
4 inch pots.....	\$.50	\$ 4.50

Pomegranate Flowering—Very satisfactory flowering shrub, flowers canary yellow, red and variegated.

	Each	10
1½ to 2 feet.....	\$.35	\$ 3.00
2 to 3 feet.....	.50	4.50
3 to 5 feet.....	.75	6.50

Spirea—Very attractive deciduous shrubs which should have a place in every planting.

S. Billardii—An upright summer-blooming variety with flowers of bright pink in panicles.

S. Billardii alba—Similar in general growth to Billardi except flowers are white.

S. Thunbergii—(Snow Garland) One of the earliest to bloom in the spring; bright green feathery foliage makes this variety especially attractive in mass planting.

S. Van Houttei—Always a favorite as the well known Bridal Wreath.

	Each	10	100
1 year.....	\$.35	\$ 3.00	\$ 25.00
2 year.....	.50	4.50	40.00
3 year.....	.75	7.00	60.00

Tamarix—Blue-green, feathery, foliage with light pink flowers in early spring; especially adapted to seaside planting.

	Each	10	100
Medium field grown.....	\$.35	\$ 3.00	\$ 25.00

Viburnum odoratissimum nanum—A very valuable evergreen for southern planting; compact grower with dark green glossy foliage.

Viburnum tinus—Especially desirable on account of its early blooming habits. Its creamy-white flowers and dark evergreen foliage make it very attractive.

	Each	10	100
4 in. pots.....	\$.50	\$ 4.50	\$ 40.00

Vaccinium virgatum (Tree Blueberry) While planted extensively for fruit this variety of blueberry is especially desirable in ornamental plantings. The masses of bell shaped flowers which are white, tinged pink, are attractive in the spring, followed by blue or black colored fruit and in the fall the foliage is a mass of scarlet. Very striking. Grows eight to twelve feet high if not pruned. For prices see Tree Blueberry.

Vaccinium myrsinites—Especially desirable as an edging plant, attaining a height of eight to twelve inches. Mass of pinkish white flowers in the spring followed by black fruit in the summer and crimson foliage during the fall and winter. Like other vacciniums this plant requires a more or less acid soil.

	Each	10	100
Selected plants.....	\$.25	\$ 1.50	\$ 12.50

SHADE TREES

Australian Silk Oak (*Grevillea robusta*) Tree especially adapted to central and south Florida; slender branches; bark reddish brown to silvery fern-like foliage, rapid grower. May be used as a pot plant in cooler climate when young.

	Each	10
From pots 2 to 3 ft.....	\$.50	\$ 4.00
From pots 3 to 4 ft.....	.75	6.50
From pots 4 to 6 ft.....	1.00	9.00

Birch (*Betula nigra*) A very graceful tree with gray bark, separating into thin papery flakes; especially attractive in group plantings.

Camphor(*Cinnamomum camphora*)A fine broad-leaved evergreen tree for the lower south; of reasonably fast growth; may be used for large sized hedges if heavily pruned.

Cherry Laurel (*Laurocerasus Caroliniana*) A fine broad-leaved evergreen, reaching a height of about thirty feet. This variety may also be used as a hedge and can be pruned to any desired shape.

Dogwood (*Cornus florida*) A very attractive, deciduous tree of spreading habit. Flowers surrounded by four large white bracts, appear in early spring before the leaves, making it very striking. Bright scarlet fruits in autumn are very ornamental.

Prices on Birch, Camphor, Cherry Laurel and Dogwood:

	Each	10	100
2 to 3 feet.....	\$.50	\$ 4.50	\$ 40.00
3 to 4 feet.....	.75	6.50	60.00
4 to 5 feet.....	1.00	9.00	80.00
5 to 7 feet.....	1.50	12.50	100.00

American Holly (*Ilex opaca*) Christmas holly with its spiny leaves and scarlet berries make it one of our prettiest evergreen trees.

	Each	10
2 to 3 feet.....	\$1.00	\$ 9.00
3 to 4 feet.....	1.25	11.50
4 to 6 feet.....	1.75	15.00

For other varieties of hollies see shrubs.

Magnolia (*Magnolia grandiflora*) The magnolia stands at the head of the list of broad-leaved evergreen trees. Its showy flowers of waxy white are very fragrant, produced over a period of ten weeks. The foliage is large and glossy.

	Each	10
2 to 3 feet.....	\$1.00	\$ 9.00
3 to 4 feet.....	1.25	11.50
4 to 6 feet.....	1.75	15.00

Oak (*Quercus*) The oaks are among the most valuable ornamental shade trees, and adapt themselves to almost any condition; long-lived and of reasonably quick growth.

Laurel Oak— A handsome tree for avenue planting or as single specimens. Forms a well rounded, uniform head; leaves are oblong, occasionally lobed and dark green. It is a practically evergreen type.

Live Oak—A long-lived evergreen tree which is native to the south. Glossy dark green foliage makes it especially attractive. Very symmetrical.

Willow Oak—A handsome, medium-sized tree with rather slender branches forming a conical, round top head; foliage narrow and long, very green and glossy.

	Each	10
2 to 2 feet.....	\$.50	\$ 4.50
3 to 4 feet.....	.75	7.00
4 to 6 feet.....	1.00	9.00
6 to 8 feet.....	1.50	13.50

Teas' Weeping Mulberry—A very striking tree when planted as a specimen. Our trees are grafted five to six feet from the ground. The slender, pendulous branches reaching to the ground give an unusual effect.

	Each	10
Selected specimens.....	\$1.25	\$13.50
Extra heavy.....	2.50	

Sweet Gum (*Liquidambar styraciflua*) A rapid growing, native tree; the deeply lobed, bright green leaves become brilliantly colored in the autumn; is of uniform growth and ideal for avenue planting.

	Each	10
2 to 3 feet.....	\$.35	\$ 3.00
3 to 4 feet.....	.50	4.50
4 to 6 feet.....	.75	7.00

Weeping Willow (*Salix babylonica*) A tree of large size, with fresh, bright green leaves on long wavy branches.

	Each	10
4 to 6 feet.....	\$.75	\$ 6.00
6 to 8 feet.....	1.00	9.00

HEDGE PLANTS.

With just a little attention the establishment of a formal hedge is a comparatively easy matter. The varieties of plants listed herewith may be trimmed to any desired shape and are adaptable to a wide range of conditions. For close, compact results, space plants eight to twelve inches apart, placing somewhat deeper than plants were previously grown. Prepare location for plants by breaking soil to a depth of two feet or more, working in WELL-ROTTED compost. Trim plants very close to the ground and after growth starts, prune regularly and often. Do not allow plants to become leggy before cutting. Do not allow top of hedge to become wider than the bottom as the foliage will

thin out near the ground and become unsightly. Cultivate regularly to induce a vigorous growth.

	10	100
Amoor River Privet, 1 year medium	\$.75	\$ 5.00
Amoor River Privet, 1 year heavy	1.00	7.50
Abelia grandiflora, 1 year light	1.50	12.50
Citrus trifoliata, 1 year	.75	5.00
Buxus sempervirens, rooted cuttings	.60	5.00
Cherry Laurel, 1 year seedlings	1.50	12.50
Camphor, 1 year seedlings	1.50	12.50
California Privet, 1 year medium	.75	5.00
Wax Privet, rooted cuttings	.60	5.00
Vaccinium myrsinites	1.50	12.50

CLIMBING VINES

Antigonon leptopus (Coral vine) Rapid growing, with heart-shaped light green leaves and masses of bright pink flowers in loose racemes.

Ficus Repens (Climbing fig) This small leaved evergreen vine is one of the most desirable for covering foundations as well as walls of buildings.

Prices on above:

	Each	10
3 inch pots	\$.35	\$ 2.50
4 inch pots	.50	4.50

Wisteria chinensis is a strong growing, woody vine, producing a profusion of purple flowers in large panicles before the appearance of the leaves in the spring. Hardy.

	Each	10	100
Medium plants	\$.40	\$ 3.50	\$ 30.00
Strong plants	.65	6.00	50.00
Extra heavy plants	1.50	12.50	

ROSES.

The Rose is without question the most valuable flowering plant and in the South it is found at its best. Many varieties which grow to perfection in this climate are not hardy in the colder sections. Every home should have its roses and no grounds are so small that room cannot be found for this flower supreme. All of our roses are, with few exceptions, grafted and budded on stocks which are suitable for soils throughout the South.

	Each	10	100
Strong field-grown	\$.50	\$ 4.50	\$ 40.00

RADIANCE—Two-toned pink, becoming one of the most popular outdoor roses.

MRS. CHAS. BELL—A sport of Radiance with which it is identical except in color, light shell-pink.

RED. RADIANCE—Of the same form and character as the above varieties. Clear red, profuse bloomer and should be included with the above in every planting.

FRAU KARL DRUSCHKI—White American Beauty. Purest white, strong, vigorous growth, fine foliage.

KAISERIN AUGUSTA VICTORIA—Creamy-white, a great favorite.

WHITE MAMAN COCHET—One of the best white tea roses.

MARIE VAN HOUTTE—Canary yellow, petals tipped bright rose, good grower and bloomer.

SAFRANO—A free blooming tea rose of bright apricot color, buds are especially attractive.

MAURICE ROUVIER—Rosy-pink, suffused crimson veins, strong growing, spreading habit.

DUCHESS DE BRABANT—Good grower and constant bloomer; beautiful cup-shaped flowers of shell-pink.

MADAM LOMBARD—Deep rose varying to fawn and salmon, very satisfactory.

MAMAN COCHET—Long pointed buds of light pink, always satisfactory.

KILLARNEY QUEEN—Long pointed buds of dark pink and somewhat larger than the other Killarneys.

BLUEBERRIES BY THE QUART

Courtesy S. A. L. Development Dept.

FREIHERR VON MARSCHALL—Dark carmine, red, one of the best.

HELEN GOULD. Rosy-crimson, good grower.

ETOILE DE FRANCE—Clear velvety crimson, fine shaped buds on good stems.

LOUIS PHILIPPE—A constant bloomer, rich crimson; an old favorite and fine bedding variety.

EUGENE MARLITT—Bright crimson, vigorous and free bloomer, fine bedding rose.

CLIMBING ROSES.

Marechal Niel—Golden yellow, an old favorite.

Rene Marie Henrietta—Bright cherry-red.

Striped Rene Marie Henrietta—Light pink with red stripes. A real novelty.

Climbing Helen Gould—A strong climbing duplicate for Helen Gould.

Dr. Van Fleet—A rank grower, beautiful glossy foliage, flowers of flesh-pink, large and double.

Anemone—The pink flowering Cherokee.

Cherokee White—Large single white, flowers in early spring.

Gardenia—The Hardy Marechal Neil—Bright-yellow shading to cream when open, strong grower.

Dorothy Perkins—Clear shell-pink flowers in large clusters.

BULBS.

For a number of years we have been specializing on growing bulbs, especially those which produce a wealth of flowers and are easily grown. Our largest crop consists of the improved type of cannas, with their broad, tropical-like foliage and large trusses of brightly colored flowers, demanding the admiration of all who visit our nurseries during the blooming season. Cannas are one of the most popular bedding plants for quick and striking results. Our selection of varieties gives a wide range of colors and height. All varieties have green foliage except as noted.

RICHARD WALLACE—Canary yellow flowers in large trusses, 4 feet.

INDIANA—Orchid-flowered, orange, 6 feet.

WYOMING—bronze foliage, orange, 6 feet.

MARVEL—French type, orange scarlet, edged yellow, 3 ft.

ALLEMANIA—Orchid-flowered scarlet, broad irregular yellow border, 5 feet.

ITALIA—Orchid-flowered, bright scarlet, edged golden yellow. 5 feet.

CHEERFULNESS—Bright, fiery deep orange bordered, golden yellow. 4 feet.

Prices on above, 10c each; \$1.00 per doz.; \$6.00 per 100.

KING HUMBERT—Orchid-flowered, scarlet, bronze foliage. 4 1-2 feet.

VENUS—Rosy pink, creamy yellow border. 4 ft.

Prices on above, 15c each; \$1.50 per doz.; \$10.00 per 100.

APRICOT—Rich apricot, very desirable. 4 feet.

MRS. ALFRED CONARD—Our best salmon pink. 4 feet.

HUNGARIA—Rose-pink.. 3 1-2 feet.

THE PRESIDENT—Considered the best red. 4 feet.

STATUTE OF LIBERTY—Pomegranate, red flowers; bronze foliage of immense size. 7 to 8 feet

EUREKA—Considered by many, the best white. 4 1-2 feet.

Prices on above, 35c each; \$2.00 per doz.; \$15.00 per 100.

Caladium Esculentum (Elephant Ear) Large, showy leaves gives tropical effect to lawn and garden plantings; prefers a moist, rather rich location. Large bulbs 25c each; \$2.50 per dozen. Second size \$15c each; \$1.50 per dozen.

Caladium Fancy Leaved—Excellent for pot plants and window boxes, succeeding best in shady locations. A wide range of color combinations. 25c each; \$2.50 per dozen.

Calla Lilies—These beautiful lilies are easily grown and will bloom for many years if given reasonable care and attention. Large size bulbs white only 30c each; \$3.00 per dozen.

Dasheen—Similar in growth to *Caladium Esculentum* but are grown for a food plant. The tubers are rather starchy and may be prepared for the table as are Irish potatoes. Planting size 15c each; \$1.50 per dozen.

Dahlias—Popular flowering bulbs for late summer and fall. Our collection comprises dependable cut flower sorts of the decorative, show and cactus type. Prices 15c each; \$1.50 per dozen.

Freesias (Improved Purity)—One of the most attractive and easily grown winter flowering bulbs. These delightfully fragrant flowers may be had in bloom over a period of six months by making a succession of plantings from August to February. Prices 30c per dozen; \$2.50 per hundred.

Gladiolus—Gorgeous spikes of flowers on strong stems in a wide range of colors ranging from white to deep red and violet. Bulbs may be planted from January till June for a succession of blooms. First size named varieties, 75c per dozen; \$6.00 per hundred. Mixed colors 50c per doz.; \$4.00 per hundred.

Hippeastrum (Amaryllis) This magnificent strain of hybrids produces a wonderful range of gorgeous trumpet-shaped blooms, ranging in colors from almost pure white through light rose, orange-scarlet to deep crimson, with many beautiful combinations in stripes and variegations. Selected blooming size bulbs \$1.00 each; \$10.00 per dozen.

Montbretias—One of the brightest summer flowering bulbs. Prices 5c each; 50c per dozen.

Musa (Banana) Handsome, tall-growing tropical plant. Seldom fruiting in this section but worthy a place in every garden on account of its large spatula-like foliage. Prices each 50c; \$4.50 per 10.

Narcissus—Very easy to grow and requires little or no attention when planted in the open, increasing in number and beauty from year to year. Assorted cut flower types including Paperwhites. Mammoth bulbs 5c each; 50c per dozen. Large bulbs 4c each; 35c per dozen. Named varieties including Emperor, Empress, Trumpet Major, etc. First size bulbs 10c each; \$1.00 per dozen.

Tuberose — Mexican Ever-blooming — Delightfully fragrant; single, pure white flowers on strong stiff stems. Double Pearl—Similar to above though flowers are very double; very fragrant.

Prices 10c each; \$1.00 per dozen.

Xanthosoma Bataviensis—Large tropical foliage resembling Caladium; leaves rather long and arrow-shaped with veins, ribs and stems showing purple.

Xanthosoma Sagittifolium—Leaves large, pale green strong grower.

Prices 25c each; \$2.00 per dozen.

BEDDING AND POT PLANTS

We endeavor at all times to keep a supply of seasonable bedding plants, as well as pot plants on hand. All of our plants are carefully grown, well-rooted and are packed to reach you in first-class condition.

Antirrhinum (Snapdragon) Very popular bed-

ding plants; wide variety of colors; fine for cut flowers.

Ageratum—Clusters of fluffy, bright blue flowers in early summer until frost. Fine for edging or narrow borders.

Alyssum—White, sweat-scented edging and basket plant.

Asters—Fine bedding chrysanthemum-like annuals in all colors; flowering from midsummer on.

Alternanthera—Bright, dainty foliage plants used extensively for carpet bedding and edging. **Aurea**—Fine leaved bright green with yellow markings. **Brilliantissima**—Rather broad leaves, bushy growth; generally dark red, but sometimes bronze. **Carroll Park**—Compact, narrow leaved type with rose pink markings.

Calendula—A wonderful profusion of flowers ranging from ivory to orange; valuable for bed and borders. Bloom until late fall.

Centaurea (Dusty Miller) Very useful as an edging plant; foliage has silvery appearance. Excellent to use with dark leaved plants.

Cosmos—New double crested; a beautiful type entirely different from other cosmos; centers are double crested with a row of petals around base; long stiff stems; fine for use as cut flower.

Coleus—Choicest named varieties of these popular foliage plants. Our collection includes **Trailing Queen**.

Didiscus Coeruleus. (Blue Lace Flower) Very attractive shade of "Heavenly" blue flowers; suitable for bedding, cut flowers or pot plants.

Daisies—The well known **Shasta** so desirable for borders and cut flowers.

Mesembryanthemum (Ice Plant) For baskets, rock work and vases; trailing in habit, growing about six inches high.

Marigold—The double African orange and lemon marigolds are especially attractive. Very full flowers in solid colors.

Larkspur—The annular stock flowered are very attractive in the border or for cut flowers. Mixed colors.

Lupine—Long graceful spikes of pea-like flowers in shades of blue, rose and white; easily grown and good for cutting.

Pansies—An exceptionally fine strain of mam-

moth flowering mixed colors. Ready from October on.

Petunias—Strong plants from selected seed of ruffled giants and double fringed types.

Salvia—This very popular plant with its beautiful flaming spikes of blossoms is unsurpassed where brilliant scarlet colors are wanted.

Scabiosa—Flowers of compact rounded shape and long stems in a variety of colors. Fine for cut flowers.

Stocks—Very useful for bedding on account of its full and persistent bloom. Mixed colors.

Stokesia (Stokes Aster) A splendid perennial for garden culture; lavender-blue aster-like flowers.

Tradescantia (Wandering Jew) Three varieties.

Verbena—Plants from selected large flowered, fancy strain in separate colors. Blue, pink, scarlet, striped, white, yellow.

Verbena, lemon-scented (*Aloysia Citriodora*).

Zinnias—From exceptionally fine strain of the giant, dahlia-flowered giant picotee and curled and crested types.

Strong plants from pots, once transplanted.

Prices on above—5c each; 50c per dozen; \$3.75 per hundred.

Among the pot plants to be found in our greenhouse department throughout the various seasons are—

Begonias in variety.

Ferns in variety including "Bostons" and table ferns, as well as asparagus plumosa and sprengeri.

Grevillea (Silk Oak).

Geraniums in best varieties.

Chrysanthemums in best cut flower varieties.

Dracena.

Cacti in variety.

Vinca.

Sultana in assorted colors.

Sansevieria.

Carnations.

Prices on above—strong plants from pots once transplanted: 10c each, \$1.00 per dozen. Larger sizes and blooming specimens according to their value.

CUT FLOWERS.

We take special care in executing orders for cut flowers for all occasions. Prices vary with quality of stock and season. Particular attention is paid to funeral work. Sprays \$3.00 and up; Designs

\$5.00 and up. Orders by telegraph and telephone carefully filled.

LANDSCAPE SERVICE.

The knowledge of plants, their individual requirements and ultimate growth are some of the things to be considered in the arrangement of plantings to secure the results so much to be desired. No one is better equipped to furnish this knowledge than the nurseryman who makes it his business to grow and handle plants. We offer to our customers a free service in connection with the planning of grounds when the necessary plants are furnished by us. A pencil sketch or planting plan, together with specifications including size of plants to be used and price, will be drawn up to cover the individual needs of each planting upon receipt of \$5.00 to be applied on the purchase price of plants. We are always ready at all times to offer suggestions and no charges are made where no expense is incurred, however, the preparation of the planting plan requires considerable time and some expense, hence the foregoing deposit on purchase of plants must be made when plans are furnished.

PECAN TOPWORKING.

For several years we have specialized in rebuilding small fruited or barren pecan trees with tops of the better varieties. Trees will begin to bear three seasons after the new tops are established. We are glad to submit estimates and furnish information on any project of any size anywhere. Inquiries given careful attention.

READY TO GO