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Montrose Nurseries

Established
1885

Montrose, New York

IN PRESENTING this brief Catalog, we hope, by offering only the most desirable novelties, together with the more popular and well tried varieties of trees and plants, our patrons will be able to make satisfactory selections with less bewilderment than "wading" through long lists of technical names.

Accurate grading receives strict and careful attention, so that our customers may rely on getting good-sized, well shaped plants, such as they have a right to expect and which will produce a superior effect the first season.

We guarantee stock to arrive in good condition even if en-transit for two weeks. We have shipped to the Pacific Coast and to Cuba, with perfect success.

OUR TERMS are invariably cash with order or before shipment, but we are always pleased to extend credit to anyone of known responsibility, or who will furnish satisfactory reference.

Prices in this Catalog cancel all others, and are for the stock at the Nursery, though during the planting seasons we deliver by Auto Truck within 30 miles of Nursery free of charge, provided we can make up a substantial load for your vicinity. Spring season is from April 1st to June 1st. Fall—September 1st to December 1st.

Prices subject to change without notice.

Correspondence solicited, and if consistent with character and size of order, we will be glad to quote special prices.

We wish to thank our many customers for the liberal patronage given us in the past, and we shall endeavor to merit a continuance of this confidence by holding strictly to our motto of fair dealing.

Nurseries only five minutes walk from station.

EUGENE O. PETERSON, Manager,
Montrose, Westchester Co., N. Y.

Telephone 487 W 2 Peekskill.

Ornamental Department

People are beginning to realize that by expending a little time and thought they can have well kept, attractive grounds at moderate expense, adding to the beauty and value of same.

If the grounds are somewhat extensive, beautiful effects can be produced with shade trees, shrubs, etc., according to some prearranged plan.

If grounds are small, a few shrubs, roses, vines and herbaceous plants can be used to advantage. Vines trained over porches, fences, etc., are very effective at small cost.

HOW TO PLANT

Do not make the mistake of planting at random all over the grounds. Trees and shrubs may be planted along the drive leading to the house as well as on the borders.

In laying out the grounds, make as few walks as possible. Upright shrubs, roses, and flowers should be planted in clumps.

These beds should be kept well cultivated, to insure healthy growth. Mass the shrubs and most of the trees on the boundaries, so as to leave a broad space for the lawn, and where there is a pretty view leave an opening. Where there is an unsightly object, conceal it with trees or vines or both.

Do not plant large trees too near the house except on the sunny side for shade.

Coniferous Evergreens

ABIES (Fir)

A. Concolor (White Fir). Of all the firs, it is the best. It is very vigorous, grows rapidly and will withstand heat and drought. It is very graceful in appearance, and as a single specimen, it is one of the most perfect trees grown. 2 to 3 ft., \$7 each; 3 to 4 ft., \$10 each; 4 to 5 ft., \$15 each.

A. Douglasii (Douglas Fir). Conical form; branches numerous, spreading horizontally; leaves light green above, glaucous below. 3 to 4 ft., \$6 to \$8 each. Large specimens, price on application.

JUNIPERS

J. Hibernica (Irish Juniper). Very close, upright, slender growth, with a silvery glaucous appearance. 3 ft., \$5 each.

J. Japonica Aurea (Golden Japanese Juniper). Rather spreading and eccentric in growth, very striking. Beautiful for rock work or other places where contrasts of colors are wanted. Good strong plants, \$6 each.

J. Sabina (Savin Juniper). Low growth; wide-spreading; dark green foliage; well adapted for rockwork and hillsides. \$3 to \$5 each.

J. Schottii. A fine, very hardy variety of the Red Cedar. Columnar in form; foliage light green; feathery. 3 ft., \$4 to \$6 each.

J. Virginiana (Red Cedar). Very tall, narrow compact growth. Fine plants. 3 to 4 ft., \$5 each; 4 to 5 ft., \$6 to \$8 each; 6 to 7 ft., \$8 to \$10 each; 8 to 10 ft., \$12 to \$15 each; 10 to 11 ft., \$15 to \$25 each.

J. vir Glauca (Blue Red Cedar). Same as Red Cedar, only with beautiful blue-green foliage. Rare and very choice. 2 to 3 ft., \$7 each; 3 to 4 ft., \$8 each.

J. Pfitzeriana. An extremely hardy, valuable, spreading variety. Silvery green foliage. Both the main stem and lateral shoots have a light, feathery appearance, one of the finest of the species. \$5 to \$15 each.

Retinspora, Plumosa Aurea.

RETINOSPORA (Japan Cypress)

- R. ericoides** (Heath Like Japan Cypress). Conical, compact form. 1 to 2 ft., \$2 to \$3 each.
- R. filifera** (Thread-Branched Japan Cypress). A beautiful tree, with bright green foliage. It is particularly graceful, as the ends of its shoots droop in long filaments. 2 to 3 ft., \$5 each; 3½ to 4 ft., \$7 to \$9 each.
- R. filifera aurea** (Golden Thread-Branched Japan Cypress). One of the handsomest of the family. It has all the gracefulness of the last and branches of a beautiful golden. \$3 each.
- R. obtusa** (Obtuse-leaved Japan Cypress). Dark, fern-like foliage; very distinct and beautiful in its appearance. A decidedly beautiful cast of rich, dark green. 2 to 2½ ft., \$4.50 each; 2½ to 3 ft., \$6 each.
- R. obtusa nana**. A weird little tree of irregular, picturesque growth, and black-green foliage. Dwarf. 18 in., \$6 each.
- R. pisifera** (Pea Fruited Cypress). Branches horizontal with flattened branchlets and closely adpressed, having whitish lines beneath. Makes a very shapely specimen. 2½ to 3 ft., \$5 to \$6 each; 3 to 4 ft., \$6 to \$8 each.
- R. pisifera aurea**. Bright golden flat, wavy foliage. 3 ft., \$6 ea.
- R. plumosa** (Plumage Plume-Like Japan Cypress). 2 ft., \$3 ea.; 3 ft., \$4 to \$6 each.
- R. plumosa aurea** (Golden Plume-Like Japan Cypress). Its shoots are bright golden tinted through the year. 1½ to 2 ft., \$2.50 each; 3 to 3½ ft., \$5 to \$7 each.
- R. squarrosa**. Soft bluish green foliage. 2½ ft., \$5 each.
- PICEA alba** (White Spruce). Compact pyramidal form; bluish foliage. 4 to 5 ft., \$5 to \$7 each.
- P. excelsa** (Norway Spruce). Well-furnished trees. 4 to 5 ft., \$6 to \$8 each; 3 to 4 ft., \$5 each.
- P. pungens** (Colorado Blue Spruce). Moderately dense growth and pyramidal form like the White Spruce; foliage of a rich blue or sage color. 3 ft., \$17 each; 4 ft., \$20 each.
- P. Nigra** (Black Spruce). Very dark bluish green. 2 to 2½ ft., \$4 each.

P. orientalis (Oriental or Eastern Spruce). Fine dark green foliage; more dense than Norway, somewhat slower growth; an elegant lawn tree. 2 to 2½ ft., \$5 to \$7 each.

PINUS Strobus (White Pine). 4 to 5 ft., \$5 each; 6 to 7 ft., \$7.

P. Mughus (Mugho Dwarf Pine). Low-growing, broad, spreading; more of a large pine bush than a tree; good-sized plants. \$2.50 to \$6.00 each.

P. Austrica (Austrian Pine). Large, roundish form; dark glossy leaves. Prices on application.

TAXUS (Yew)

All the Yews are landscape material of the highest merit. They are noted for their richness in color, dark velvety green, and the slow-growing quality of some of the species, bespeaks their usefulness where one aims to have a planting stay small.

T. Baccata repandens (Spreading Yew). Makes a mound of foliage 2 feet high and 4 feet wide, the tips of the branches arching gracefully downward. The rich green growth is substantial and dignified. 1 to 1½ ft., \$4 each; 1½ to 2 ft., \$7 each.

Pinus Mughus.

T. Canadensis. A very ornamental sort, rather spreading. Dark green small foliage. Crimson berries late in summer and early fall. \$2 to \$5 each.

T. Cuspidata brevifolia. A beautiful variety, very dark green, bushy spreading habit. We cannot recommend this Yew too highly. \$5 to \$7 each.

T. Cuspidata (Japanese Yew). A very hardy, spreading, fast grower. Very ornamental throughout the entire year. 15 to 18 in., \$5 each; 1½ to 2 ft., \$7 each; 2 to 2½ ft., \$10 each.

THUYA (Arborvitae)

T. Occidentalis American. 2 to 3 ft., \$2.50 each; 4 to 5 ft., \$5 to \$7.50 each.

T. elegantissima aurea (Rollinson's Golden Arborvitae). Bright golden, changing to a beautiful copper in autumn 2½ ft. \$5.

- T. Globosa.** Dwarf globe-shaped. 12 to 15 in., \$2.50 to \$4 each.
- T. occidentalis aurea** (Peabody's Arborvitae). Compact, pyramidal form; very bright, golden foliage. 2 to 2½ ft., \$4 ea.
- T. occidentalis Ellwangeriana** (Tom Thumb Arborvitae). Somewhat dwarf, but making a larger tree or bush than Globosa; very compact; dark green foliage. 2 ft., \$4 each.
- T. Siberian.** Slow growth; very compact pyramidal form. 2½ ft., \$4 each.
- T. Orientalis** (Biota Arborvitae). Chinese Arborvitae. Dense, pyramidal, little tree, with fresh green foliage turning to a rich brown in autumn. 1½ ft., \$3 each; 2 ft., \$4 each; 2 to 3 ft., \$5 each.
- T. Orientalis Aurea Nana.** Very pretty dwarf form with yellow-tinged foliage, changing to bronze. 12 in., \$3 ea.; 18 in., \$5.
- T. Occidentalis Spiralis.** Very distinct in habit and rich in color. Growth erect, with twisted foliage. 2 ft., \$3.50 each; 2½ ft. \$5 each; 3 ft., \$6 each.
- T. Occidentalis Hoveyi.** Dwarf, egg-shaped form with golden tinged foliage; nearly as broad as it is high. 15 in. \$3 each; 1½ to 2 ft., \$4 each.

TSUGA (Hemlock)

- T. Canadensis** (Hemlock Spruce). Spray-like foliage, distinct from all other trees. 4 to 5 ft., \$6 to \$8 each; 2½ to 3 ft., \$4 to \$6 each. Larger specimens, price on application.

For larger or smaller sizes than those mentioned above, or evergreens for screens and hedges, write for special prices.

Hemlock Spruce.

Broad-Leaved Evergreens

A most useful group of plants, particularly suitable for shaded places, though many of them will thrive in full sun. However, Rhododendrons and Laurel will not do well in lime soil.

AZALEA Amoena. A dwarf shrub with small dark green leaves, changing to bronze in winter. Numerous dark red or claret-colored flowers in May. Strong plants, \$2 to \$5 each.

A. Hinodegiri. Similar to the preceding, but with larger leaves of lighter green and flowers bright fiery red. Strong plants, \$3 to \$5 each.

ANDROMEDA Catesbaei (Leucothoe). Valuable for planting under trees or other shaded positions or partially shaded. Pure white flowers borne in long pendulous racemes. Strong plants, 15 to 18 in., \$1.50 to \$3 each.

Azalea.

A. Floribunda. A low round compact bush, deep green all winter; flowers pure white in racemes at ends of branches resembling Lily of the Valley. A very rare and beautiful evergreen. Strong bushy plants, \$3.50 to \$7.00.

A. Japonica. Like the preceding, only taller growing. Strong plants, 15 to 18 in. high, \$3 to \$4 each.

COTONEASTER Horizontalis. A low spreading shrub; small dark evergreen glossy foliage; flowers small pinkish white followed by bright red fruit; most attractive in rockeries. Strong plants, \$2 to \$5 each.

KALMIA Latifolia (Mountain Laurel). A most desirable evergreen shrub for massing with Rhododendrons or other evergreens; dark green foliage and very showy masses of pink or white flowers in June; will thrive in partial shade or full sun, on dry knolls or low land. Strong bushy plants, 18 in., \$3 each; 2 to 2½ ft., \$4; 2½ to 3 ft., \$5. Large specimens, 3 to 4 ft., \$7 to \$12 each.

KALMIA Carolina. A very dwarf species from the South, but is hardy in New England. Flowers bright pink. 6 to 12 in., \$1 each.

MAHONIA Aquifolia. Holly-leaved, shiny green prickly leaves turning to bronze and red in autumn; clusters of yellow flowers in May. Will grow 6 feet high but can be kept down to 2 feet. Strong plants, \$1.50 each.

LEIOPHYLLUM buxifolium (Sand Myrtle). A very useful little plant for ground cover edging, rockeries, or any place where a real dwarf evergreen bush is desired. Foliage similar to but smaller than Boxwood. Dense corymbs of white flowers so abundant in May as to almost hide the foliage. Strong plants, \$1.50 each.

PAKASANDRA. An excellent plant for a ground cover at low cost. It is of trailing habit, growing 6 to 8 inches high, forming mats of bright glossy green foliage. Will grow in sun or shade, in poor or rich soil, and is very easy to transplant. \$2.50 per doz., \$15 per 100.

RHODODENDRONS

We are offering the native sorts only in five varieties listed below. These are much more hardy, more robust and easier to grow than the hybrids. Also they are priced at about one-fourth of the price the hybrids can be sold.

R. Maximum (Great Laurel). The largest growing of the species; flowers white to pink in July. Bushy plants, 2 to 2½ ft., \$4 each; 2½ to 3 ft., \$5; 3 to 3½ ft., \$6. Specimens, 4 to 5 ft., \$8 to \$12 each.

R. Catawbiense. Flowers beautiful reddish-purple, blooming in late May. 2 to 3 ft., \$4 to \$6 each.

R. Compacta. A dwarf very compact variety of the preceding. Heavy plants, 15 to 18 in., \$3.50 to \$5 each.

R. Carolinianum. The most beautiful American Rhododendron. In early May light rose-pink funnel-shaped flowers 1 inch across are borne in great profusion in five- to ten-flowered clusters; rich dark green foliage, rusty on underside. Strong plants, 15 to 18 in., \$3 to \$4 each.

R. Carolinum Album. Another rare beautiful variety from the Carolina mountains. The most profuse-blooming native American shrub. Just before the pink type blooms it is a mass of the most beautiful white flowers imaginable, some of which are delicately suffused with blush pink. This is a very rare sort; so far as I know there is only one other nursery in Pennsylvania offering it. We are glad to offer a limited supply of fine shapely specimens about 15 to 18 inches high, at \$3.50 to \$5 each.

R. Minus (True Punctatum). A rapid grower not so compact as the others, but very attractive. Many dark rose to deep pink flowers are produced in early July. The foliage is similar to the Carolina Rhododendron but slightly larger. The stems of the new wood are maroon-red, an attractive feature. Stands shearing well. Strong plants about 18 inches high, \$3.50 to \$5 each.

YUCCA filimentosa. A curious evergreen lily-like plant, about 18 inches high, bearing in July, white bell-shaped flowers in heavy masses on stalks 4 to 7 feet high. Particularly effective in rockeries; also useful with other evergreens. Extra strong plants, 50c to \$1 each.

DAPHNE (Cneorum) (Garland Flower). A dwarf evergreen, bearing in May and June a profusion of deliciously fragrant pink flowers. Strong plants, \$1.50 each.

Write for prices on collected Rhododendrons by the car-load or half car-load.

For Plants in quantity, write for special prices.

Deciduous Trees

BEECH (*Fagus*)

Rivers' Purple Beech. 4 to 6 ft., \$7 each.

CATALPA SPECIOSA (Western Catalpa)

The large growing sort. 10 ft., \$2 each; 12 to 14 ft., 2 to 3 in. stem, \$3.50 each.

CATALPA BUNGEI

A remarkable dwarf species, usually grafted on stems 6 to 7 feet high, when it forms a dense round head.

Plants we offer have extra strong heads. Two to three years old, \$4 to \$6 each.

Catalpa Bungei.

THE DOGWOODS (*Cornus*)

Among the most beautiful and desirable medium sized trees. Indeed, we know of no other tree that has so much to recommend it.

In early spring before the leaves show, it is covered with large, pure white flowers, followed by bunches of brilliant scarlet berries, and in autumn the foliage coloring is unsurpassed.

CORNUS ALBA (White Flowering)

Selected plants 5 to 7 ft., \$3 to \$5 each; 7 to 8 ft., \$5 to \$7.

C. Florida Rubra (Red or Pink Flowering Dogwood). This is identical with the above, except the flowers are a beautiful pink. 4 ft., \$6 to \$7 each.

CRAB (*Pyrus*)

C. Bechtel's Double Flowering. Flowers very double, 2 to 3 inches across, of a delicate pink color, resembling a rose, both in form and fragrance. 4 to 5 ft., \$3.50 to \$6 each.

LINDEN or BASSWOOD (*Tilia*)

Of the Lindens the **European species** is perhaps the most largely planted. It makes an upright, symmetrical tree of large size, almost always grows very straight. The foliage is dark green and very dense. 8 to 10 ft., \$5 to \$7 each.

The American Species (*Tilia Americana*) has the same general characteristics, except the foliage is a lighter green and larger. The most rapid growing of the Lindens. Selected trees, 10 to 12 ft., \$5 to \$7 each.

MAPLE (*Acer*)

A. var. Dasycarpum (Silver or Soft Maple). Most rapid growing of the Maples. 2 to 3 inch caliper, \$4 to \$6 each. Larger sizes priced on application.

Japanese Maple.

A. Rubrum (Red or Scarlet Maple). Strikingly vivid crimson. Fall foliage; tall, spreading; prefers moist positions; red flowers in early spring.

10 to 12 ft., $1\frac{1}{4}$ to $1\frac{1}{2}$ in., each \$2.00.

12 to 14 ft., $1\frac{1}{2}$ to $1\frac{3}{4}$ in., each \$3.00.

12 to 14 ft., $1\frac{3}{4}$ to 2 in., each \$3.50.

14 to 16 ft., 2 to $2\frac{1}{4}$ in., each \$4.00.

14 to 16 ft., $2\frac{1}{4}$ to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in., each \$6.00.

A. Platanoides (Norway Maple). 10 ft. and up, \$2.25 each; $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 in. caliper, \$3 to \$5 each. Larger specimens, \$7 to \$20 each.

A. Saccharinum (Sugar or Rock Maple). 10 to 12 ft., \$2 each; $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 in. caliper, \$2.50 to \$5 each.

JAPANESE MAPLES

A. Polymorphum Atropurpureum (Blood-Leaf Japan Maple). Rich, blood-red foliage holding its color nearly all summer. Sizes and prices on application.

OAK (Quercus)

We wish to call particular attention to the Oaks on account of their hardiness, sturdiness and their adaptability to any soil or situation, besides their beauty as a shade or ornamental lawn or street tree.

Of all the varieties, we believe (all points considered) the **Pin Oak** (*Quercus Palustris*) is the best and most satisfactory and is the most largely planted. It is the most rapid growing of the species.

Fine selected trees, 8 to 10 ft., \$5 each. Large specimens for immediate effect. Write for special prices.

ELM (Ulmus)

American. 2 to 2½ in. caliper, \$2.50 to \$3.50 each. Large specimens priced on application.

JUDAS TREE or RED BUD (Cercis)

American. 5 to 6 ft., \$1.50 each.

POPLAR (Populus)

Lombardy. 8 to 10 ft., \$1 each; 10 to 12 ft., \$2.50 each, \$20 doz.

Deciduous Trees of Weeping or Drooping Habit

BIRCH (Betula)

Cut-leaf Weeping. 8 ft., \$2.50.

B. Young's Weeping. A curious, irregular drooping variety, with beautiful snow-white bark, rare and very ornamental. Extra large specimens, 12 to 15 ft., 3 in. caliper, \$15 to \$20.

MULBERRY (Morus)

Teas' Weeping. Forms a perfect umbrella shaped head, long, slender branches drooping to the ground. Extra strong, 3-yr. heads, \$3 to \$5 each.

WILLOW (Salix)

Babylonian Weeping. The most popular of the Willows. 8 to 10 ft., \$2.50.

Wisconsin Weeping. Another fine drooping form. 8 to 10 ft., \$3.50 each.

An Effective Planting of Lombardy Poplars.

Foundation Planting of Shrubs.

Flowering Shrubs

Flowering Shrubs appear to best advantage when planted in groups of a dozen or more, and by a judicious selection of varieties succession of bloom is afforded all summer. In laying out new grounds, shrubs should be used extensively, as they make a beautiful display the first season.

Plants we offer are all of good size and well rooted, one and one-half to four feet high, according to variety. Prices, except as noted—60c each, \$6 per doz.

ALTHEA (Rose of Sharon). Double red, pink, purple, blue and white. These bloom from August till October. 75c each, \$8 per doz.

AMYGDALUS Nana (Flowering Almond). Double pink- and white-flowering. 75c each.

AZALEA Calendulacea (Flame Azalea). Blooms in late May. 2 ft., \$3.50 each.

A. Nudiflora (Pinxter Flower). One of our native species, bearing beautiful deep pink flowers with crimson stamens. Flowers in May. 1½ to 2 ft., \$2.50 each; 2 to 3 ft., \$4 each.

A. Vaseyi (Southern Pink Azalea). The most beautiful of our native Azaleas. The sight of a mass of these flowers of delicate shell-pink is one to be remembered. 15 to 18 in., \$2.50 each; 1½ to 2 ft., \$4 each.

A. Viscosa (Swamp Honeysuckle). White flowers, borne in May, not as large as Azalea Vaseyi, but very pretty. 15 to 18 in., \$2.75 each; 1½ to 2 ft., \$4 each.

BARBERRY Thunbergi. Leaves purplish, suffused with a golden sheen in autumn; fruit dark crimson, remaining nearly all winter. Its glory of color and beautifully rounded form especially commend it. 18 to 24 in., 40c each, \$30 per 100.

In quantity, ask for prices.

CORCHORUS Japonicus (Japan Globe Flower). Double globular yellow flowers in April.

C. Japonicus variegatus. Dwarf, very striking silver-fringed leaves; single yellow flowers in June.

CLETHRA alnifolia (Sweet Pepper-Bush). Growth low; numerous small spikes of white and very fragrant flowers in July.

CYDONIA Japonica rubra (Red - Flowering Japan Quince). April.

C. Japonica alba. Pure white flowers in April. 75c each.

DEUTZIA

We are indebted to Japan for this valuable genus of plants. Their hardihood, fine habit, luxuriant foliage and profusion of attractive flowers render them the most beautiful and deservedly the most popular flowering shrubs. The flowers are produced the latter part of June in racemes four to six inches long.

D. gracilis. A charming species of dwarf habit; flowers bell-shaped, pure white, about the first of June.

D. Lemoinei. A recent introduction. Although the habit is dwarf, the flowers are large, pure white, produced freely.

D. Pride of Rochester. Large, double white flowers, with the back of the petals slightly tinged with rose. 50c each, \$5 per doz.

DESMODIUM penduliflorum (Lespedeza Sieboldi) (Japan Bush Clover). Sprays of rose-colored flowers, middle of September. A magnificent plant for use in beds or groups of shrubs; though not really a shrub, it grows so strong it has come to be classed as such.

EUONYMUS alatus (Winged Euonymus). A remarkable species with a curious wing extending down the stems between the leaves, also bearing in peculiar fashion shining oval red berries. Foliage a beautiful reddish purple in autumn. \$2 to \$5 each.

FORSYTHIA Intermedia (Golden Bell). This is an erect-growing shrub, but when full grown the branches become arching; blossoms are deep yellow; very floriferous.

F. viridissima. Flowers a light shade of yellow, opening about the third week in April.

Deutzia Lemoinei.

Hydrangea Paniculata Grandiflora.

F. suspensa. A graceful drooping form; yellow flowers. 50c ea. \$5 per doz.

HYDRANGEA paniculata grandiflora. Extra strong plants, 2½ to 3 ft. 75c each.

HYPERICUM aureum. Large, rich yellow flowers; a sort with narrow foliage, dwarf habit, profuse bloomer. 75c each.

LONICERA Morrowi. A species from Japan. A decided acquisition; strong, upright and rather spreading grower; blooming profusely in May and June; flowers pure white, followed by bright red berries.

L. Tatarica (Tartarian Honeysuckle). A vigorous upright shrub, with fragrant pink or white flowers in May, followed by very ornamental orange-red berries.

L. fragrantissima. (M). April. Small, creamy white flowers of a delightful fragrance borne in profusion. The deep green foliage is retained until winter. Makes a handsome specimen. 2 to 3 ft., 75c.

LIGUSTRUM Regelianum (Regel's Privet). Heavy, spreading growth, black fruit. 40c each, \$4 per doz. Write for prices per 100 for hedging.

PHILADELPHUS coronarius (Mock Orange or Garland Syringa).

P. coronarius aureus. A beautiful golden-leaved variety of the preceding. Dwarf. 75c each.

RHODOTYPUS kerrioides. Japan. Numerous pure white flowers about May 15. 3 to 4 ft., 75c each, \$8 per doz.

RHUS Cotinus (Purple Fringe, or Smoke Tree). 3 to 4 ft., \$1.

A Lilac Bordered Drive.

Spirea Van Houtte.

SYRINGA (Lilac). Common white and purple. 4 ft., \$1 each.

S. Charles X. Reddish purple flowers. \$1.50 each.

S. Persica (Persian Lilac). Less tree-like in form; upright shape, irregular; deep lilac flowers, holding their color well. \$1.50 each.

SYMPHORICARPUS racemosus alba (White Wax or Snowberry). Pink flowers; white waxy berries in fall. Very showy in fall, especially with evergreens or red-berried plants.

S. Rubra (Indian Currant). Branches literally covered in fall with red berries, causing them to droop gracefully.

SPIREA (Meadow Sweet)

These are indispensable in landscape architecture, owing to the diversity of forms, foliage, flowers and time of blooming.

S. Anthony Waterer. A perfect gem in every way. It casts in the shade all Spireas in brilliancy of color: a bright crimson, and is the most profuse and persistent bloomer of them all, bearing continuously large, flat clusters of lovely bloom throughout the summer and autumn. Dwarf habit; comes into bloom when not over 6 inches high. 75c each.

S. Bumaldi. Rosy pink flowers. 75c each.

S. Frobelia. Similar to Anthony Waterer except that the foliage shows a finer autumn coloring. Also a stronger grower but blooms only once, in June. 50c each, \$5 per doz.

S. prunifolia (Bridal Wreath). Numerous rosette-like white flowers, along the terminal shoots.

S. Reevesii. A beautiful species from China. An enormous bloomer, the flowers being arranged in cymes, of pure white, narrow foliage, compact growth. 75c each.

S. Rotundifolia. A rather curious straggling shrub of large size, the leaves are borne in whorls as the name implies. Rosette-like white flowers in June. 75c each.

Weigela Rosea.

S. Thunbergii. Very numerous, white flowers in early May; yellowish green shredded foliage, turning to bronze in the autumn. 75c each, \$8 per doz.

S. Van Houtte. The most showy Spirea. Pure white, double flowers, in such profusion as to cause the branches to droop very gracefully. See illustration.

STEPHENANDRA Flexuosa. A compact-growing shrub; small, hawthorn-like leaves, bearing bunches of small, white flowers in early June. 75c each.

VIBURNUM plicatum (Japan Snowball). Numerous clusters of white flowers, borne along the stem instead of at the tips. Very handsome plicated foliage, turning to rich bronze in autumn. \$1 each.

V. Opulus sterilis (Common Snowball). 3 to 4 ft., 75c each.

V. Oxycoccus. White flowers in large, flat heads in May. Numerous, bright red berries in fall. 4 ft., \$1 each.

WEIGELA candida. Creamy white flowers.

W. variegata. Leaves handsomely variegated with golden; light pink flowers in great profusion. 75c each.

W. Rosea. Rose colored flowers in great profusion in June. 75c each, \$8 per doz.

W. Eva Rathke. The best red Weigela. Beautiful, dark red, blooms all summer. \$1 each, \$9 per doz.

EXTRA LARGE SHRUBS

We usually have a limited quantity of extra large Shrubs for immediate effect. These range in size from 4 to 7 feet and priced at \$1.00 to \$5.00 each, according to size and variety.

If you will make known your requirements, we will be very glad to advise you as to just what we have at the time and definite prices.

Climbing Vines

AMPELOPSIS Veitchi (Japan Ivy). The best vine for covering stone or brick-work. Strong 2-year plants, 75c each, \$8 doz.

CLEMATIS paniculata. Of strong, vigorous growth. Flowers white, star-shaped. Very fragrant. Strong plants, 60c each, \$6 per doz.

EUONYMUS radicans. Foliage evergreen, very hardy. Useful in shaded places. Strong plants, 60c each, \$6 per doz.

E. Radicans Vegetus (Evergreen Bittersweet). Larger leaves than preceding; slower growth, bunches of red berries in fall. Strong plants, 75c each.

LONICERA Halliana (Hall's Honeysuckle). Yellow and white flowers nearly all summer; very fragrant, nearly evergreen. 35c each, \$2.50 per doz., \$15 per 100.

L. sempervirens (Scarlet Trumpet Honeysuckle). Scarlet flowers all summer; very desirable. 60c each.

PERIWINKLE. Bright green, glossy leaves, retained all winter; clear blue flowers April and May. 30c each, \$2.50 doz.

WISTARIA Sinensis (Chinese Wistaria). Best of all. Purplish white flowers in May. 75c each.

BOXWOOD (*Buxus*)

These beautiful evergreen shrubs have become very popular for formal planting and for decoration in tubs.

The foliage is thick and glossy dark green, and holds its color best of any evergreen. Bears pruning with impunity. Can be grown in any shape or form.

The **Semper virens** or **Tree Box** is perhaps the best of the large growing species. We offer fine stock of the various forms. **Pyramidal, Bush Form, Standards**. Prices and sizes on request.

Barberry Thumbergii.

Deciduous Hedge Plants

PRIVET California. The best all-round hedge plant. Plants we offer are extra stocky and exceedingly well-rooted. 2 to 2½ ft. Prices by request, stating quantity wanted. Also special grade, 3 to 4 ft.

BARBERRY Thunbergii. Prices on request, stating size and quantity wanted.

Frau Karl Druschki Rose.

Hardy Roses

We offer below a select list of such sorts as have been found to be hardy in this climate, and that have proven satisfactory to grow out of doors.

Prices, except where noted, 85c each, \$9 per doz.

HYBRID PERPETUALS

Anne de Diesbach. Bright, clear pink, large and full. 75c.

***Mrs. John Laing.** Delicate pink, fine form, especially in bud; without doubt the best bloomer among this class of Roses; very fragrant. 75c each.

***Paul Neyron.** Large dark rose, 75c each.

***Frau Karl Druschki.** Fine white, long pointed buds, plant a vigorous grower, good bloomer. See illustration.

***Gruss an Teplitz.** Crimson, absolutely ever-blooming.

***Maman Cochet.** Pink; buds long and pointed.

***Maman Cochet.** White, with slight pinkish tinge.

*Blooms practically all summer.

HYBRID TEAS

The following varieties require some protection in winter.

We also recommend mounding earth around each plant, leveling again in spring.

LaFrance. Beautiful silvery rose color, lightest inside, beautiful in the bud.

Kaiserin Augusta Victoria. This is one of the finest and largest White Roses; buds large size; long and pointed.

Betty. A grand Rose, of splendid form, large and full, color coppery-rose, deliciously perfumed.

General MacArthur. Color brilliant scarlet. Fine form and good bloomer.

K. A. Victoria.

Jonkheer J. L. Mock. This grand Rose is the strongest growing in the Hybrid Tea class. The blooms are very large, produced in great profusion on stiff erect stems, of perfect form and highly perfumed. Color clear imperial pink.

Killarney. Pink. A grand pink Rose, always in bloom.

Killarney. Brilliant. Deep rosy carmine. \$1.25.

Mrs. Aaron Ward. Always a joy to the owner, absolutely distinct. Color coppery-orange in the open bud, golden-orange when partly developed, pinkish-fawn of lovely shade when fully open. Everybody falls in love with it. \$1.00.

Richmond. Pure rich scarlet, very free, continuous flowering.

Radiance. A brilliant rosy-carmine, displaying beautiful rich opaline-pink tints in the open flower. Fine form, large size and constant bloomer.

Mrs. A. R. Waddell. Delicate rosy salmon.

Duchess of Wellington. Saffron yellow; one of the best.

Etoile de France. Velvety crimson; one of the finest, if not the finest, of the dark roses.

Lady Hillingdon.

Lady Ashton. Soft rose; the best pink garden rose.

Lady Hillingdon. Deep apricot yellow; long pointed buds.

Lady Ursula. Flesh pink; very free.

La Tosca. A splendid silvery pink bedding rose.

Los Angeles. Flame pink; new.

Souviner de Claudus Pernet. The sensational new yellow rose.
\$1.50 each.

Mrs. Calvin Coolidge. New deep yellow, fine form, \$2.00.

Mrs. W. C. Miller. Bright pink. The best pink bedding rose.

Miss Lolita Armour. Chrome yellow; very double. A beautiful rose.

Mme. Jules Bouche. White, tinted blush. Makes a hardy, vigorous bush, and the perfectly formed flowers are produced very freely.

Our many years in the Nursery business makes it possible for us to render our Patrons the best possible cooperation in picking out varieties best suited for their requirements.

Dorothy Perkins.

Hardy Climbing Roses

This class is very desirable for arches, pillars, porch or trellis—even after the flowers have fallen the foliage is always ornamental.

Strong 2-year-old field-grown plants — 60c each, \$6 per dozen, except where noted.

American Pillar. Single flowers, cherry pink.

Aviateur Bleriot. Saffron-yellow. 75c each.

Christine Wright. Large double flowers, rosy-pink. 75c each.

Dorothy Perkins. Soft blush-pink flowers in clusters.

White Dorothy Perkins. Pure white.

Dr. Van Fleet. One of the best, double deep pink. 75c each.

Excelsa. Double form, brilliant scarlet-crimson.

Gardenia. Rich buff-yellow.

Hiawatha. Single, deep crimson shading to snowy white at base.

Paul's Scarlet Climber. Brilliant-scarlet flowers in clusters.
\$1 each, \$10 per dozen.

Silver Moon. Semi-double, creamy-white, one of the best. \$1 each, \$10 per dozen.

Star of Persia. A new real yellow climbing rose, of great merit. It is, in fact, the only yellow climber that holds its yellow until it drops. Extra strong 2-year plants, at \$1.50 each.

Emily Gray. New. A fine yellow sort. \$1.00 each.

Please keep in mind that we give you plants not only of good size but well grown, shapely specimens. In fact we guarantee satisfaction. If you are not pleased, we are not.

For want of space we have intentionally left out some varieties. Therefore if you have anything in mind that you do not see listed, write us, we will be glad to supply it at the lowest market price.

ROSA RUGOSA

Japanese Rose. A valuable species for grouping or hedges. It is a particularly attractive bush, with its dense mass of large glossy leaves, which have a peculiar wrinkled appearance. Flowers 3 to 4 inches across, single, red or white, followed by scarlet fruits. Strong, field-grown plants, 75c each, \$8 per dozen.

Rosa Wichuraiana. The single, white Memorial Rose. A creeping species; flowers small, pure white, very fragrant; foliage bright glossy green. Valuable for covering banks, stumps, rockeries, etc. It will grow in very poor soil. Strong field-grown plants, 35c each, \$3 per doz., \$15 per 100.

Landscape Department

After some years of experience in this line we are prepared to execute any contemplated landscape work upon the most favorable terms.

Upon application, a competent man will visit and inspect either old or new places with a view to planting or remodeling.

Plans and estimates cheerfully furnished—upon visit or receipt of specification—for any desired work of this kind, for which no charge will be made, provided we supply the stock.

It is our custom to guarantee our planting for one year, and we replace free of charge any trees or plants failing to grow within that time, unless damaged by carelessness after work is finished. This gives the customer full protection, and insures the planting of strong, healthy stock.

Many country places may be wonderfully improved, at a very moderate expense, by the efforts of an intelligent person, experienced in this line, by having stock, planning and planting come under one contract.

We respectfully solicit your correspondence.

A Beautiful Evergreen Planting.

Hardy Perennials

"The Old-Fashioned Garden Flowers"

These are the best value one can put into a garden. When once established, the plants thrive and bloom each year without further trouble or care than a light winter covering of litter, provided the soil is sufficiently rich, well drained, and suitable to the particular plants chosen. Public taste is gradually reverting to the old ideas of a garden. Straight-lined beds and regularly planted rows are giving way to irregular lines, bold masses of color and gracefully curved borders. A well-planted perennial border is one of the prettiest sights imaginable, and always affords a splendid gathering of flowers for indoor decoration from April until October.

All Plants, unless specially priced, 25c each, \$2.50 doz., \$20 a 100.

Bleeding Heart. 40c each.

Chrysanthemums, Pompon (Artemesias). Assorted.

Delphinium (Larkspur). Strong plants.

Digitalis (Foxglove).

Herbaceous Peonies. Red, white and pink. Extra strong, 75c to \$2.50 each.

Hollyhocks. Assorted, single or double sorts. 35c each, \$3 doz.

Iris. German sorts, 20c each, \$2 per doz. Japan sorts, 30c each, \$3 per doz.

Phlox, Assorted Varieties.

Phlox subulata (Moss Pink). Evergreen moss-like foliage; grows about 6 inches high. Strong clumps, 20c each, \$2 doz.

Gaillardia (Blanket Flower). Orange and yellow.

Hardy Peonies.

Coreopsis. Yellow.

Aquilegia. Assorted colors.

Alyssum Saxatile (Golden Tuft). Masses of yellow flowers in early spring. 1 foot.

Hardy Pinks.

Sweet Williams.

Other leading sorts named by request.

Digitalis (Foxglove).

MALLOW MARVELS

The most brilliant new production of scientific plant breeding. Immense flowers 8 to 10 inches across in fiery crimson, rich blood-red, a soft shell pink and clear snowy white. They surpass all other perennials in profuseness of bloom and brilliancy of color. From July until frost, the flowers continue to appear in profusion. Absolutely hardy, of herbaceous character they come up year after year under varied conditions. Strong plants two and three years old, which will bloom the first season. 60c each, \$6 per dozen.

Fruits

APPLES

First class, 5 to 7 ft., \$1.25 each, \$10 per doz.

Summer Varieties—Yellow Transparent, Early Harvest, Red Astrachan, Sweet Bough.

Autumn Varieties—Fall Pippin, Gravenstein, Twenty Ounce, Pippin, Fameuse.

Winter Varieties—Baldwin, Ben Davis, Golden and Roxbury Russet, King, Mann, Spy, R. I. Greening, etc.

CRAB APPLES

First class, 5 to 7 ft., \$1.25 each, \$10 per doz.

Hyslop, Martha, Large Red Siberian, Yellow Siberian, Transcendent, Orange, etc.

DWARF APPLES

Good Strong Trees \$1 each.

Leading varieties, such as Baldwin, McIntosh, Fameuse, Northern Spy, Greening, King, etc.

PEARS

First class, 5 to 7 ft., \$1.50 each, \$15 per doz.

Summer Varieties—Clapp's Favorite, Osband's Summer.

Autumn Varieties—Bartlett, Anjou, Seckel, Sheldon, Duchess.

Winter Varieties—Keiffer, Lawrence.

DWARF PEARS

Good Strong Trees about 4 to 5 ft., \$1.25 each.

Varieties—Bartlett, Seckel, Sheldon, etc.

PLUMS

European Varieties—German Prune, Imperial Gage, Damson, Yellow Egg. First-class, 4 to 5 ft., \$1.50 each.

Japan Varieties—Burbank, Abundance, Wickson.

CHERRIES

First class, 5 to 7 ft., \$1.50 each.

Sour Varieties—Early Richmond, Montmorency.

Sweet Varieties—Black Tartarian, Gov. Wood, Napoleon Bigarreau, Windsor.

PEACHES

Leading Sorts—First class, 75c each, \$7 per doz. Special prices on large quantities.

QUINCES

Orange. \$1 each, \$9 per doz.

GRAPE VINES

Leading Sorts, 2-year, 50c to 75c each.