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1927

ROSES FOR ROSE
LOVERS

Super Excellent Roses

Oscar S. Witte

Rose Culturist
and
Nurseryman

1294 Fillmore Avenue
Buffalo, N. Y.

"THANK YOU"

"I wish to take this opportunity of thanking the many customers and friends who have favored me with their orders in the past and hope for a continuance of their patronage."

Suggestions:

ORDER EARLY—As soon as this catalog reaches you, send in your order. It greatly facilitates shipment if orders are received early. Orders for one or 51 will receive the same careful attention. Shipping season commences in early April.

GUARANTEE—All stock is guaranteed to be healthy, of high quality, true to name, and reach you in excellent growing condition. If found otherwise stock will be replaced without charge, or money refunded. All claims must be made within 10 days from date of invoice.—It is my policy to communicate with each and every one of my customers during the growing season to ascertain the results obtained by purchasing plants from me. This information is not for advertising purposes but to promote good will between the customer and myself. It is my endeavor to grow and furnish at all times the very best quality of nursery stock possible, at the most reasonable prices.

TERMS—Cash. A discount of 2 per cent. allowed on orders of \$10 or more accompanied by cash.

ALL ROSE LOVERS are urged to join the American Rose Society, a society organized to stimulate and conduct rose hybridization and other research work upon rose improvement and in regard to insects and diseases inimical to the rose. Write to Robert Pyle, Secretary, A. R. S., West Grove, Pa., for further particulars.

ROSE CULTURE

SOIL—All varieties of roses do not thrive equally well in the same kind of soil. Hybrid Perpetuals and the stronger Hybrid Teas do better in a heavy clay loam, and the weaker Hybrid Teas and Teas in a warmer and more sandy loam. One should not be deterred from planting roses if he does not have these conditions or the means of producing them, for roses give satisfactory results on a wide range of soil conditions. More failures occur from a lack of nourishment in the soil than from any other single cause. The ordinary garden soil will grow good roses if well enriched with cow manure or decomposed barn-yard manure.

PROPER DRAINAGE is an essential in rose culture, as the plants will not thrive in excessively wet soil. If the subsoil is impervious and the beds are on sloping ground so that an outlet can be easily arranged, they should be tile-drained; otherwise a six-inch layer of stones, gravel, broken bricks or clinkers should be placed in the bottom of the excavation and on top of this a layer of soils with grass side down. Above this should be at least eighteen inches of good soil.

A rose properly planted with the roots spread out as they should be. The cross-marks on the stems show where to prune after planting.

LOCATION—The rose bed or garden should be located in a sunny, open place sheltered from sweeping west or north winds. Caution must be used so that the beds are not placed in too close proximity to trees, the roots of which will rob the rose beds of all moisture and plant-food.

CULTIVATION—As soon as the plants are set, the beds should be leveled, care being taken to see whether each plant is set at the proper depth. Throughout the growing season, the soil should be frequently stirred with hoe and rake so as to maintain a mulch of finely pulverized soil over the beds. The soil should never be allowed to bake if a supply of flowers is desired. Plants secure their food from the soil through minute hairline appendages on the roots. All food taken up by the roots is secured in solution and this makes it necessary to keep the soil properly supplied with moisture, through cultivation. Air must be present in the soil or it will be impossible for the root hairs to secure the necessary food for the plant. The air in the soil must mostly come from the surface so it is obvious that it is always necessary to keep the surface in such a condition that it will admit air, through cultivation and deep plowing. Cultivation also goes far in keeping insects and diseases under control. Many insects' eggs and larvae and many disease germs are found in the soil. When the ground is stirred frequently, these are brought to the surface and exposed to the hot sun and many of them are thus destroyed.

Use a fertilizer when it is absolutely necessary, but make sure, first that some cheaper process, such as cultivation, drainage or rotation will not accomplish the same result. The physical condition of the soil in practically every case is more important than the chemical condition, that is, it has a more direct effect upon the plants.

THE CULTURE OF GARDEN ROSES

THE culture of roses is too broad a subject to treat in all its phases in this catalog, but suggestions for growing roses successfully in gardens and home grounds will be given on request. There is no secret in the growing of good roses. The proper location, rich, well drained and well cultivated soil, and safe guarding against fungus and insect pests, will all contribute to the health and vigor of the plants. The varieties described are considered to be of the leading kinds. When properly planted and cared for, they will give perfect satisfaction and will bloom six weeks after planting. The stocks are **FIELD GROWN**, two and three years old, of **HIGH QUALITY**. **BUDED** on proper stocks, best adapted to their growth. Plants are guaranteed in every respect or money refunded. Unless otherwise stated, prices are 90 cents per plant.

Special Offer, 6 for \$5.00—12 for \$9.00

Hybrid Teas or Everblooming Varieties

(Blooming Season, June Until Late Autumn)

ADMIRAL WARD. Crimson red, shaded with fiery red and velvety purple.

ANTOINE REVOIRE. Peach flesh with deeper shadings. Yellow peach center, sometimes with lilac shading.

ARTHUR P. GOODWIN. Coppery orange-red. Always distinct and effective.

BRITISH QUEEN. Buds tinted pink, opening to pure white. Fragrant.

BEAUTE DE LYON. Per. (Pernet-Ducher, 1910.) Large and full flowers of coral-red, slightly shaded with yellow.

BETTY. Coppery-rose, overspread with yellow. The plants are large and vigorous. Good Autumn bloomer.

BETTY UPRICHARD. (A. Dickson & Sons, 1922.) Copper-red buds, opening to semi-double (17 petals) flowers of above average size. Brilliant orange-carmine on outer surface of petals, showing light salmon reflexes; spicy fragrance. Strong-growing, persistent blooming and healthy. Price \$1.25.

CHATEAU DE CLOS VOUGEOT. An indispensable rose in any garden, by reason of its deep, soft, velvety scarlet flowers of the utmost richness and most notable fragrance. The plant has a peculiar growth. \$1.00 each.

CHEERFUL. (S. McGredy & Son, 1925.) Shining pink, illumined with orange and yellow, large, not very double of slight fragrance. Vigorously dwarf; free blooming in spring and fall.

CHARLES K. DOUGLAS. (H. Dickson, 1919.) Fine, long pointed buds, opening to large, loosely formed flowers of striking crimson-scarlet, slightly fragrant. Strong branching growth and abundance of healthy foliage.

CHRISSIE MACKELLER. A. Dickson & Sons, 1913.) Pretty, rose-orange buds and nearly single, orange-pink flowers, sweetly fragrant. Bush extremely vigorous, branching, and profuse in bloom with unusually good foliage.

COLUMBIA. Glowing pink. The flowers are large. Said to be free from mildew and spot.

COMMONWEALTH. Bud large, long pointed flower. Deep pink. Flowers double, borne singly on medium stems. Disease resistant. \$1.00.

Comte G. de ROCHEMUR. (Schwartz, 1911.) Bright scarlet-red, shaded vermillion, fiery center, edge pale pink. This rose holds its form very good during the hot summer.

CONSTANCE. Orange-yellow bud, streaked with crimson; open flower yellow cadmium, passing to golden yellow. \$1.00 each.

CRUSADER. Crimson-red flowers, lighter in center. Plant vigorous, upright and good.

DEAN HOLE. (A. Dickson & Sons, 1904.) Light carmine, shaded rose, old gold at base of petals.

DIANA. (Bees Ltd., 1921.) Silvery flesh-color combined with lemon and cream in the most exquisite shades. Flowers very large and double, of faultless form, with

Per Hundred Rate, \$75.00—Fifty at the Hundred Rate

petals of firm texture. Upright habit with healthy and abundant foliage. Price \$1.50.

DOROTHY PAGE-ROBERTS. (A. Dickson & Sons, 1907.) Coppery pink, suffused apricot-yellow. Hardy, free flowering.

DUCHESS OF WELLINGTON. Intense saffron-yellow, stained rich crimson. Very large and of fine form.

EARL OF WARWICK. (Wm. Paul & Son, 1904.) Soft salmon-pink with heavy vermilion shadings. Large and full. A good autumn bloomer.

EDEL. (S. McGredy & Son, 1919.) An English rose of exhibition quality, producing notable white flowers that open ivory-white. Strong grower. \$1.00 each.

EDITH PART. (S. McGredy & Son, 1913.) Light red flowers, suffused salmon and yellow, becoming lighter with age, double, very shapely, and richly perfumed. Bush vigorous and free blooming. A good cutting rose.

EDWARD MAWLEY. (McGredy & Son, 1911.) Deep velvety crimson with darker shadings.

ELDORADO. (Howard & Smith, 1923.) Golden buds, flushed with red, opening to clear yellow, cupped blooms filled to the center with crinkled petals; slightly fragrant. Erect plant with fairly good foliage, blooming well in early summer and fall. Price \$1.25.

ELLEN WILLMOTT. (Bernaix, 1898.) Long, shapely buds unfolding to full, cupped blooms of silvery flesh, with shell-pink center, not especially fragrant. Plant grows with great vigor, blooms freely and has foliage of unusual quality.

ELLI HARTMANN. (Welter, 1913.) Very large, pointed buds and full, well-shaped blooms of clear old-gold developing lighter shades of pink and yellow, mildly fragrant. Growth remarkable, foliage especially good, hardy and persistent in blooming.

ETOILE DE FRANCE. Vivid crimson with darker shadings. Fragrance and sturdy growth especially recommend it as a garden rose.

FLORENCE PEMBERTON. Extra large and well-shaped creamy white, suffused pink.

FRANCIS SCOTT KEY. Deep, even red, large very double. A giant in growth, producing long stout canes

FRANK W. DUNLOP. (Dunlop, 1919.) A Canadian rose of brilliant dark pink color, free flowering.

FRIEDRICHSRUH. (Turke, 1907.) Blood-red blooms of good size and substance, shading to yet a darker color, and borne on almost thornless plants which are strong, vigorous, and productive. A good autumn bloomer. \$1.00 each.

GENERAL McARTHUR. A grand crimson scarlet rose. It is a very free-blooming, every shoot producing a beautiful and richly colored bud and flower. The flowers are large, double. Very fragrant.

GENT-SUPERIOR ARNOLD JANSSEN. (M. Leenders & Co., 1912.) Deep glowing carmine in fragrant flowers.

GEORGE C. WAUD. Glowing orange-vermilion. Flowers large, full, globular. Free bloomer.

GLOIRE LYONNAISE. (P. Guillot, 1884.) White, tinted yellow, deeper in center. Large and lovely flower.

GOLDEN EMBELM. (S. McGredy & Son, 1917.) Rich, deep golden yellow of good substance and mildew resistance. 95 cents each.

GOLDEN OPHELIA. Similar to Ophelia, with a golden yellow suffusion. Free bloomer. \$1.00 each.

GORGEOUS. Orange-yellow, veined reddish copper. A unique and beautiful combination, with large, full and well-formed flowers on vigorous plants. \$1.00 each.

GRANGE COLOMBE. (P. Guillot, 1911.) Soft ivory white, with salmon-yellow-fawn center.

GRUSS an TEPLITZ. Scarlet; constantly in bloom. A good border bush.

HADLEY. (Montgomery Co., 1914.) Bright red flowers of good form and habit on a strong plant.

HERMOSA. (Marcheseau, 1840.) Medium-sized, symmetrically double flowers of soft pink, borne in sprays on stout, healthy plants, always in bloom. \$1.00 each.

HOOSIER BEAUTY. (Dormer, 1915) Glowing crimson with darker shadings. A remarkable color. Blooming qualities fair.

H. V. MACHIN. (A. Dickson & Sons, 1914.) English Gold-Medal Rose. Scarlet crimson, shaded darker. Blooms produced on strong-growing plants.

IMPERIAL POTENTATE. (Clarke Killarney. (A. Dickson & Sons, Bros., 1923.) Large, double flowers of rose-pink. Received several awards at Portland, Ore. \$1.25 1898.) Large pointed buds of lovely flesh color, shaded white. Favorite bedding rose.

INDIANA. Deep pink with a faint suggestion of orange, making a refined combination.

INNOCENCE. (Chaplin Bros., 1921.) Very large, single, pure white flowers with prominent orange-red stamens. The plant makes strong upright growth, and bears dark, mildew-proof foliage. Flowers often 5 inches across when several days old. Most attractive single rose. Price \$2.25.

IRISH BEAUTY. (A. Dickson & Sons, 1900.) Cream white with yellow stamens, very fragrant and free flowering. Foliage especially good, excellent growth.

IRISH ELEGANCE. (A. Dickson & Sons, 1905.) Bronzy pink buds, opening with shades of apricot and yellow. Very strong growth and continually in flower.

IRISH FIREFLAME. Orange, splashed with crimson, and expanding to large single flowers of satiny old-gold which vary as they develop.

IRISH GLORY. (A. Dickson & Sons, 1900.) Very large blooms, silvery pink on inside of petals, reverse crimson, deliciously perfumed. Very vigorous and floriferous.

ISOBEL. (S. McGredy & Sons, 1916.) Exquisitely pointed buds and flowers with huge petals, flushed with carmine-red and orange, becoming pink with age. Fragrant. A floriferous plant, needing plenty of room.

JOSEPH HILL. Saffron-yellow on the inside of the broad petals, and coppery yellow outside with large and well formed flowers on vigorous plants.

JONKHEER J. L. MOCK. Flowers large and well shaped, varying from bright cherry-red on the outside of the broad petals to silvery white inside. A good autumn bloomer.

JULIET. The petals outside are old-gold and inside vary from scarlet to crimson. Always fragrant.

KAISERINE AUGUSTA VICTORIA. A standard old sort, producing large, full, globular blooms of creamy white, shading sometimes to delicate primrose.

KILLARNEY BRILLIANT. (A. Dickson & Sons, 1914.) Brilliant dark pink buds and flowers of Killarney type. Excellent in growth and bloom. Do not plant this variety in damp regions.

KILLARNEY, DOUBLE WHITE. (J. A. Budlong & Sons Co., 1912.) Very long pointed buds of the typical Killarney form, but snow-waxy white. Open blooms beautifully formed, with a few more petals than the original variety.

KILLARNEY QUEEN. Cerise-pink, vigorous grower. Blooms are large and well formed and on strong and free-blooming plants.

KONIGIN CAROLA. Satiny rose with reverse of petals silvery rose. The blooms are large and borne in abundance on strong bushes until frost.

Los Angeles

LA FRANCE. Rosy pink. One of the best bedding roses. This plant seems to do best in poor soil, where when established the bloom is abundant.

LADY ALICE STANLEY. Shell-shaped petals of deep coral rose outside, interior delicate flesh suffused pink. A persistent and free bloomer.

LADY ASHTOWN. Pale rose shading to yellow at base of petals. Excellent for garden and a profuse bloomer until frost.

LADY HILLINGDON. Deep apricot yellow. Plant relatively hardy, of much vigor and with an autumn-blooming habit.

LADY MARY WARD. (McGredy & Son, 1913.) Orange shaded deeper apricot orange, with metallic veneering. Sweet. A Gold Medal Rose.

LADY URSULA. Large and well formed blooms with thick petals of a smooth, clean, flesh-pink. Fragrant and persistent bloomer.

LA TOSCA. (Schwartz, 1900.) Silvery pink with deeper center. A very reliable garden rose.

LAURENT CARLE. Deep, rosy crimson, with large full flowers. One of the best red roses. A good autumn bloomer.

LIEUTENANT CHAURE. Velvety crimson-red, shaded with garnet; flowers large on a vigorous plant.

LYON ROSE. Shrimp pink at end of petals, center coral red or salmon, shaded with chrome yellow.

LOUISE CATHERINE BRESLAU. (Pernet-Ducher, 1912.) Coral-red, shaded with chrome yellow. The plant is a vigorous grower with spreading habit.

LOS ANGELES. The growth is very vigorous, and produces a continuous succession of long-stemmed flowers of a luminous pink, toned with coral and shaded with translucent gold at the base of petals. The buds are long and pointed. \$1.00 each.

MARQUISE de GANAY. (P. Guillot, 1909.) Bright, silvery-pink flowers of large size and full form.

MARQUISE de SINETY. (Pernet-Ducher, 1906.) Golden yellow, shaded bronzy red in full flowers of good size.

MME. BUTTERFLY. (E. G. Hill Co., 1918.) Sport of Ophelia, large flowers, in a brilliant pink, suffused apricot and gold. Fragrant. The plant is free and fine in growth and habit.

MME. MELAINE SOUPERT. Large, full, globular flowers of Salmon-yellow, suffused with carmine-pink. (Pernet-Ducher, 1905.)

MARGARET DICKSON HAMILL. Delicate creamy white, edged with carmine on back of petals. Fragrant. Free bloomer.

Miss Cynthia Forde

MISS CYNTHIA FORDE. Deep brilliant rose pink, shading on the back of petals to light rosy pink.

MISS LOLITA ARMOUR. The flowers are of large size, full double, with petals of great substance and delightfully fragrant. As the flowers expand they become a deep coral-red suffusion, the base of the petals a rich golden yellow with coppery red sheen. \$1.00 each.

MISS WILLMOTT. (S. McGredy & Son, 1916.) Perfectly formed white flowers of enormous size with an occasional touch of cream or faint pink. A good plant and one of the most persistent of bloomers, especially in hot weather.

MME. ABELL CHATENAY. (Pernet-Ducher, 1906.) Light pink blooms, shaded salmon white and carmine, of charming form. One of the most popular of all roses. The flowers are beautiful but rather small.

MME. CAROLINE TESTOUT. Broad petals of satiny rose, make up the large rounded flower, shaded darker at the center and lighter at the edges.

MME. EDOUARD HERRIOT. (Daily Mail). Coral-red, shaded with yellow and bright rosy scarlet, passing to shrimp-red. Famous because it won a \$10,000 prize in England, offered by the Daily Mail Newspaper.

MME. JULES GROLEZ. Fine satiny china-rose, very bright. Sweet perfume.

MME. JULES BOCHE. Salmon white, center shaded virginal pink. It is heartily recommended.

MME. LEON PAIN. Usually large and full flowers, with ovoid buds of salmon shaded to orange-salmon in a distinct and delightful combination. A good autumn bloomer.

MME. SECOND WEBER. (Sou-pert & Notting, 1908.) Rose salmon flowers, a fine grower and good bloomer.

MME. RAVARY. Orange-yellow. Oval shaped flowers.

MRS. AMBROSE RICARDO. (S. McGredy & Son, 1914.) Large blooms of fine substance, in deep yellow. Fragrant.

MRS. A. R. WADDELL Scarlet buds, opening to deep reddish saffron flowers.

MRS. A. WARD. Yellow, sometimes shaded with salmon and rose. The plant is a good grower and blooms continually. Well recommended.

MRS. B. R. CANT. (B. R. Cant & Sons, 1901.) Soft silvery rose, outside of petals deeper rose. Good bloomer.

MRS. CALVIN COOLIDGE. (Sport of Ophelia.) Golden yellow, semi-double. Foliage abundant, medium size, leathery, glossy dark green, few thorns. Continuous bloomer. \$1.50 each.

MRS. CHARLES E. RUSSELL. An American rose of excellent habit. Rose-carminé.

MRS. CHARLES BELL. (Mrs. Charles Bell, 1917.) Lovely shell-pink buds and blooms of fine globular form with shadings of soft salmon, sweetly perfumed. The plant is notably strong and bushy, bearing good foliage and disease resistant.

MRS. DUDLEY CROSS. Tea. (Paul & Son, 1907.) An improved Marie Van Houtte. Pale chamois yellow. In autumn develops rose shades.

MRS. FRANKLIN DENNISON. (S. McGredy & Son, 1915.) Porcelain-white, with primrose-yellow shading and tinting. One of the best white roses. \$1.00 each.

MRS. GEORGE SHAWYER. Long, slender, finely formed bud, opening to a very large, perfectly shaped flower of clear brilliant rose. Blooms until late autumn.

MRS. MACKELLAR. (A. Dickson & Sons, 1915.) Delicate, light yellow, almost cream buds of perfect shape, opening to semi-double, fragrant flowers. Fair growth and bloom. Foliage excellent.

MRS. S. K. RINDGE—(Howard & Smith, 1919.) Yellow, suffused with soft pink.

MRS. W. C. EGAN. (Howard & Smith, 1922.) Deep flesh-color, softly contrasted with a lighter shade of soft pink and a golden glow at the base of the petals, slightly fragrant, very vigorous branching plant with an excellent blooming habit. \$1.25 each.

MRS. WAKEFIELD CHRISTIE-MILLER. (S. McGredy & Son, 1909.) Large, globular, peony-flowered blooms of pearly blush, shaded salmon pink, the outside of the petals being vermilion and rose, which lovely combination is not affected by the hottest sun. Plants strong and vigorous, blooms until late autumn. Should be in every selection for the garden.

Pharisaer

OLD GOLD. (S. McGredy & Son, 1913.) Orange buds and buff flowers tinted pink, not quite single, mildly fragrant. Plant of moderate growth. Best in bud form.

OPIHELLA. Its blooms are large in size, full and perfect in form and appearance and of attractive light salmon-flesh coloring shaded to yellow. Well recommended.

PHARISAER. Rosy-white, shaded with salmon. Large and full.

PILGRIM. (Montgomery Co., 1920.) Lovely silvery pink, outside clear rose pink on vigorous and free blooming plants. \$1.00 each.

PREMIER. Clear, pure shade of rose-pink. Very fragrant.

PRINCE de BULGARIA. (Pernet-Ducher, 1902.) Large, well pointed flowers of silvery flesh, shaded deeper in the center and tinted salmon and saffron. The plant is strong, blooms freely. It is a well-known rose of the Ophelia type but larger flower.

QUEEN OF FRAGRANCE. (Wm. Paul & Son, 1915.) Large, double shell-pink blooms, tipped with silver. Free bloomer.

RADIANCE. Carmine-pink, yellow at base of petals. The plant is upright and vigorous, and disease resistant.

RAYON D'OR. (Jos. Pernet-Ducher, 1910.) Flower cadmium-yellow as the bloom begins to open, toning to sunflower-yellow when fully expanded. Large, full of fine globular form. Growth vigorous, free branching, flowering in great profusion. Fine bronze-green foliage, absolutely immune from attacks of mildew. \$1.00 each.

RED RADIANCE. Dazzling crimson scarlet. Good fall bloomer. A notable and superb rose of American origin.

REV. F. PAGE-ROBERTS. (B. R. Cant & Sons, 1921.) Two-toned yellow and apricot, opening deeper yellow; blooms full and large, with a decided fruity scent. \$1.75.

RICHMOND. Large, full flowers of scarlet-crimson characterizes this American rose.

ROBERT HUEY. (A. Dickson & Sons, 1911.) Pointed buds and full, very sweet flowers of carmine-red, with a whitish edge to its petals, borne freely and constantly strong plant.

ROSELANDIA. (W. Stevens, Ltd., 1924.) Sport of Golden Ophelia. Flower larger than parent and deeper in color with high-pointed center. Blooms perfect. Fragrant. Price \$1.25.

ROSE MARIE. (F. Dorner & Sons, 1918.) Bright rose pink color with delicately lighter edge. Excellent growing plant, free bloomer.

SENATEUR MASCURAUD. Well-shaped, long bud, producing large flowers of clear yellow, with deeper markings in the center. Plant of moderate growth.

SENSATION. (J. Hill & Co., 1923.) Entrancing shade of red, blooms produced on large stiff stems in great profusion. \$1.00 each.

SOUVERNIR de CLAUDIUS PERNET. (Pernet-Ducher, 1920.) By all means the best yellow rose ever produced in Europe. It was awarded the Bagatelle prize. Its color is a definite and lovely sunflower-yellow, deepening in the center. The plants are of branching habit, with brilliant green foliage and few thorns produced on long stems. \$1.50 each.

SOUV. de GEORGES PERNET. (Pernet-Ducher, 1921.) Very large blooms of Orient-red with cochineal-carmine and yellowish shading, vigorous. \$1.50 each.

SOUV. de GUSTAVE PRAT. (Pernet-Ducher, 1910.) Pure light sulphur yellow without shading, freely produced and of elegant form. \$1.00 each.

SOUV. de H. A. VERSCHUREN. (H. A. Verschuren & Sons, 1922.) Light buff-yellow blooms of almost perfect form, deepening to orange at the center, sweetly perfumed. Plant is strong, productive, and usually free from disease. Price \$1.25.

SOUV. de PIERRE NOTTING. (Soupert & Notting, 1902.) Very double, yellow flower deepening to copper and apricot, sweetly perfumed. A bushy, vigorous plant, floriferous, free from disease, and very hardy. Immune from mildew.

SOUV. du PRESIDENT CARNOT. (Pernet-Ducher, 1894.) Rosy flesh, shaded white. Long and graceful buds on good stems. Plants strong. \$1.00 each.

SUNBURST. (Pernet-Ducher, 1912.) Sulphur yellow, long and lovely buds, which open to large and full flowers.

TEMLAR. This new rose is a clear, fine shade crimson-red that does not change to blue or purple as the flower ages. In size it compares with Mme. Butterfly. The flowers are borne on long, strong stems. It is exquisitely fragrant.

THE QUEEN ALEXANDRA ROSE. (S. McGredy & Son, 1918.) Globular, fairly full blooms of medium size, and unusual color—scarlet on inside and yellow on outside of petals, somewhat fragrant. \$1.25 each.

VISCOUNTESS FOLKESTONE. (Bennett, 1886.) Large, perfectly formed flowers of creamy white and salmon-pink, slightly darker in center.

WILLIAM R. SMITH. Tea. (Smith, 1908.) Soft, silvery white shading into peach-pink.

WILLIAM SHEAN. (A Dickson & Sons, 1906.) Pure pink, delicately veined with ocher. Large flowers. Awarded Gold Medal by the National Rose Society. \$1.00 each.

WILLOWMERE. Shrimp, pink, shaded yellow and carmine. Always attractive.

HYBRID PERPETUAL ROSES

90 Cents Each, \$9.00 Per Dozen, \$75.00 Per Hundreds
50 at the Hundred Rate

(June Roses)

ALFRED COLOMB. (Lacharme, 1865.) Strawberry-red, with crimson-carmine reflexes. Full, very free, hardy.

AMERICAN BEAUTY. (Bancroft, 1886.) Crimson, very large, globular flowers. Under proper care it is a strong grower.

BARON de BONSTETTEN. (Liaubaud, 1871.) Deep velvety crimson. Deliciously fragrant.

BARONESS ROTHSCHILD. (Pernet, 1867.) Dainty pale pink is the color of this superb Rose, large in size and symmetrical in form. Fragrant.

BLACK PRINCE. Very dark crimson. Fragrant.

CAPTAIN CHRISTY. (Lacharme, 1873.) Plump and heavy buds with backward-curling petals, including both light and dark pink colors. Rather dwarf grower.

COQUETTE des BLANCHES. Creamy white. Good bloomer.

EUGENE FURST. (Soupert and Notting, 1876.) Brilliant crimson flowers with dark purple shadings, sweet-scented. Vigorous grower.

FRAU KARL DRUSCHKI. (Lambert, 1900.) Most popular Rose in America. Its pure snow-white, unshaded blooms are of immense size, plant grows very strongly.

GENERAL JACQUEMINOT. Bright crimson, very free flowering. Flowers are large and sweet.

GEORGE ARENDS. (Hinner, 1910.) Known as "Pink Druschki." Well shaped, delicate pink buds of pure, even color, opening into large and beautiful flowers.

GLOIRE de CHEDANE-GUINOISSEAU. Large, full, globular flowers of vermilion-red.

GLOIRE LYONNAISE. White, tinted yellow, deeper in center, with good fragrance in a large flower.

HEINRICH MUNCH. (Munch & Haufe, 1911.) Literally immense blooms of soft pink, splendidly formed, borne on vigorous plants inclined to bloom in the autumn. Often sold as Pink Frau Druschki.

Frau Karl Druschki

HUGH DICKSON. Intense crimson, shaded scarlet, are the large and full flowers of this sweetly rose.

J. B. CLARKE. Deep scarlet, shaded blackish maroon. Strong variety.

LUDWIG MOLLER. (H. Kiese & Co., 1914.) Known as the "Yellow Frau Karl Druschki." Deep yellow blooms of good form, changing to pure white.

MAGNA CHARTA. Pink, large flowers. Strong grower. An old favorite.

MARGARET DICKSON. White, with pale flesh center. Gold Medal Rose. Plant is very vigorous.

MRS. JOHN LAING. (Bennett 1887.) Large blooms of soft, clear pink. Plant is a strong grower.

PAUL NEYRON. (Levet, 1869.) The largest rose in commerce individual

flowers reaching 6 inches in diameter. Flowers are clear pink, shading to rose color.

RUHM VON STEINFURTH. "Red Frau Karl Druschki" New Rose. \$1.25 each.

SOLEIL D'OR. Buds of lovely yellow, opening to large full flowers.

ULRICH BRUNNER. Large flowers of light red, cup-shaped flowers. Free bloomer.

HARDY RAMBLERS AND CLIMBERS

75 Cents Each—\$7.50 Per Dozen

ALIDA LOVETT. (Dr. Van Fleet, 1905.) Bright shell-pink flowers of Hybrid Tea size and quality, lightly shaded with sulphur-yellow at base of the petals, faintly perfumed. Plant extra strong, with heavy, thorny canes and perfect foliage.

AMERICAN PILLAR. Large single flowers, cherry pink with clear white eye. Canes of vigorous growth.

AVIATEUR BLERIOT. Hybrid Wichuraiana, Fauque et Fils, 1910. Clusters, saffron yellow, center golden yellow. Foliage last quite well.

BESS LOVETT. H. W. (Van Fleet, 1905.) Produces many large and fragrant flowers of clear, bright crimson, double, full cupped and of notable lasting quality. One of the best roses grown by the lamented Dr. Van Fleet, whose hardy climbers are of world-wide reputation.

BLOOMFIELD COURAGE. (Capt. Thomas, 1925.) Small, dark velvety red flowers, with white centers and prominent yellow stamens, produced in good sized clusters along the entire branch. Very free flowering habit and very hardy. Vigorous grower, dark green, healthy foliage. \$1.75 each.

CHRISTINE WRIGHT. Cross between Caroline Testout and a Wichuraiana seedling. Placed with Hybrid Tea climbers on account of the fact that its flowers are large and double, borne singly and in clusters, good form, with a perfect bud and good petalage, color is wild rose pink, requires no protection. Blooms best in spring. A few scattering flowers in autumn. A very satisfactory climbing rose. Foliage lasts well.

CLIMBING AMERICAN BEAUTY. Red flowers like bush rose of that name. Of a very strong habit of growth, producing shoots ten to fifteen feet long in a single season.

DR. HUEY. (Thomas) 1904. Totally different from any other rose in existence. Semi-double flowers of dark crimson-maroon of deepest scarlet. The flowers are large and borne in clusters. Never fades "blue."

DOROTHY PERKINS. Great clusters of pretty double-pink for a long season of the year.

DOCTOR VAN FLEET. This variety shows a mass of beautiful clustered buds, which open out into large, shapely flowers; delicate flesh white. An admirable cutting variety.

EMILY GRAY. (H. W. Williams, 1918.) A very remarkable new climbing rose, semi-double flowers in golden yellow. Deep glossy foliage. Awarded Gold Medal in England. Price \$1.00 each.

EVANGELINE. (M. H. Walsh, 1906.) Rather large, single flowers with dainty reflexed petals of rosy white, tipped with pink, very fragrant. Clusters very large and abundantly produced by a strong plant, 12 to 15 feet high.

EXCELSA. (M. H. Walsh, 1910.) Double, scarlet-crimson blooms with light streaks and shaded. Clusters very large and produced with utmost profusion. Plant is extraordinarily vigorous but not immune to mildew.

FELICITE ET PERPETUE. Semipervirens (Jacques, 1827). Fairly large, very double roses, flesh-white in bud but pale cream when open. Cluster flowering. Very vigorous, hardy, with beautiful, al-

most evergreen foliage. Graceful and ornamental when out of flower.

FRAULEIN OCTAVIA HESSE. (Hesse, 1910.) Creamy white flowers with yellowish center, fairly large, very well formed, fragrant borne singly or in sparse clusters on long stems. Plant very strong, foliage good, and notably liberal in bloom.

FRAU LINA STRASSEHEIM. (Stra. ss-heim, 1907.) Flowers of reddish salmon-pink, in strong well-filled clusters which last well. Upright growth with stiff, vigorous growth.

GARDENIA. (W. A. Manda, 1889.) Yellow buds and creamy-flowers with rich yellow centers, moderately large, well formed, and borne in small sprays. Plant extremely vigorous, hardy in all but the severest climates. Prices 75 cents.

GOLDFINCH. Hybrid Polyantha. Pale orange, changing to white, semi-double, trusses. Reported stronger in North than the Hybrid Wichuraianas.

GRUSS AN FREUNDORF. (F. Praskac, 1913.) Dark, velvety crimson flowers in immense clusters, rather large, semi-double, with whitish center and bright yellow stamens. Splendid, vigorous growth.

HEART OF GOLD. A Van Fleet hybrid. This rose puts into rose circulation new blood through the rare red Chinese Rosa Moyesi as pollen parent. It is christened "Heart of Gold" by reason of its abundant stamens, showing in the center of a large and beautiful "blackish crimson." Single flowers in which a band of clear white separate the crimson and the gold. The plant is vigorous and slightly as a bush or a pillar rose. Price \$1.25.

HIAWATHA. Single. Deep intense crimson, shading to snowy white at the base.

LADY GAY. H.W. (M. H. Walsh, 1913.) We consider this variety the same as Dorothy Perkins. 75c each.

MARY LOVETT. H. W. (Van Fleet, 1915. Broad, large and handsome open flowers, much resembling a Hybrid Perpetual Rose and a pure waxy white; one of the best of the white climbers.

MARY WALLACE. The attractive new climber raised by the late Dr. Van Fleet and first disseminated last year by the American Rose Society. Semi-double, bright clear rose-pink, with salmon base to petals.

MAX GRAF. Cl. Rug. (Bowditch, 1919.) Large single flowers of shining pink, freely produced at its season. Plant is prostrate, and trailing with glossy, wrinkled foliage.

MILKY WAY. (M. H. Walsh, 1900.) Pure, waxy white, double flowers, clustered in overwhelming abundance upon a very vigorous and extremely hardy plant.

PAUL'S SCARLET CLIMBER. Vivid scarlet. The flowers of this new rose are semi-double and produced in clusters. The plant being literally covered with flowers from top to bottom. It is strong climbing habit and hardy. Won three gold medals in England and France. \$1.00 each.

PHILADELPHIA RAMBLER. The flowers are double, glowing crimson, of good substance and mildly fragrant. Borne on large clusters. Very attractive.

SILVER MOON. Silver white with yellow stamens, of remarkably strong growth. Very distinct. Extra large.

STAR OF PERSIA. The golden yellow, semi-double flowers are about three inches across and with petals of remarkable substance and firmness. The plant is reported to be hardy and vigorous as a low climber. Price \$1.75 each.

TAUSENSCHON. Hybrid Polyantha. Soft pink, large clusters, foliage last fairly well. Reported harder in the North than the Hybrid Wichuraianas.

WEDDING BELLS. H. M. (M. H. Walsh, 1907.) Deep rose-pink, semi-double flowers, borne in large drooping clusters on a very energetic plant, with strong, downy foliage growing 12 to 15 feet in a season.

WHITE DOROTHY PERKINS. Similar to Dorothy Perkins, but white.

HARDY CLIMBING HYBRID TEA ROSES

Capt. Thomas' Everblooming Semi-Climbing Roses, \$1.75 Each
This Beautiful Selection of Bloomfield Roses for \$11.00:

BLOOMFIELD CULMINATION—Rose Pink

BLOOMFIELD DAINTY—Yellow

BLOOMFIELD DISCOVERY—Silver Pink

BLOOMFIELD FASCINATION—Yellow

BLOOMFIELD MYSTERY—Silver Pink

BLOOMFIELD ROCKET—Bright Pink

MRS. GEORGE C. THOMAS—Salmon Pink

These bloom much more frequently during the season than the hardy climbers but not so freely as their parents. As they are not quite so vigorous in growth as the other climbers they will require winter protection to give them a wrapping of straw. 99c each. 12 for \$8.50. \$75 per hundred.

CLIMBING GRUSS AN TEPLITZ.
HT. (Geschwind, 1897.) Crimson scarlet flowers from early June until frost.

CLIMBING LADY ASHTOWN.
(Bradley, 1909. Pale carmine pink, shading to golden yellow at the base.

CLIMBING MME. CAROLINE TESTOUT. HT. (Chauvry, 1901.) Medium size pink flowers.

GLOIRE de DIJON. (Iacotot, 1853.) Buff-pink blooms, with orange shadings toward the center, large, very full, irregularly formed, very fragrant. A strong lived climber which blooms steadily. Give plenty of winter protection.

MRS. W. J. GRANT. (Climbing Belle Siebrecht.) (Wm. Paul & Son,

1899.) Shining pink, a little darker than Lady Ashtown, which it resembles in form. Excellent growth and bloom. Well recommended.

PAUL'S LEMON PILLAR. C1 HT. (Paul & Son, 1915. It produces large lemon-colored double and fragrant blooms on a good plant.

REINE MARIE HENRIETTE. (Levet, 1878.) Large, well shaped flowers of rosy crimson, fragrant and freely produced by a rampantly vigorous climbing plant. Endures zero weather without protection in sheltered locations. A fine old rose.

WOOTTON. (Butler, 1899.) CL. HT. One of the most beautiful roses, pure rich velvety red flowers of large size and delightful fragrance.

POLYANTHA ROSES

75c Cents Each—\$70.00 Per Hundred

Polyanthas are the most truly everblooming of all roses, scarcely ever out of flower during the whole growing season. They are dwarf, bushy plants, and bear small flowers in enormous, many-flowered clusters. They are rapidly gaining in favor and popularity with all who appreciate beauty in miniature as well as in its more imposing aspects.

ANNCHEN MULLER. (J. C. Schmidt, 1907.) Large clusters of medium-double deep rose flowers from June until late autumn.

VEICILE BRUNNER. (Mme. Ducher, 1881.) Bright rose flowers, with yellowish center, borne in clusters, and fragrant.

ELLEN POULSEN. (D. L. Poulsen, 1912.) Rather large, fairly full flowers of bright rose pink, darker towards the edges and slightly fragrant. Large compact clusters, borne profusely by a dwarf bushy plant 15 to 18 inches high.

EVELYN THORNTON. (Bees Ltd., 1919.) Pinkish yellow buds and pale pink and gold flowers, rather large, almost single, borne in immense loose sprays. Lovely apple-blossom flowers.

FRAU DR. ERRETH. (Geduldig, 1915.) Flowers very large for a Polyantha, deep golden yellow, becoming white with age, very double, well shaped, and borne in sparse clusters. Moderate, branching growth, healthy and hardy.

GRETA KLUIS. (Kluis & Koning, 1915.) Medium-sized, double flowers of deep pink, passing to carmine-red, slightly fragrant, produced abundantly throughout the season in small bunches on dwarf bushy plants with normal foliage, hardy and dependable.

GRUSS AN AACHEN. (P. Geduldig, 1909.) Very large flowers of flesh pink overlaid with creamy yellow and shading to deep pink at the base of broad petals. Plant vigorous and free bloomer.

MAMAN TURBAT. (E. Turbat & Co., 1911.) Small, rounded flowers of China-rose, shading to lilac, semi-double, long lasting, in large clusters. Plant 12 to 15 inches high, good foliage, very hardy.

MISS EDITH CAVELL. Brilliant scarlet held right through until the flowers drop off. Plant is vigorous and satisfactory.

ORLEANS. (Levavasseur & Sons, 1910.) Flowers small, fairly double,

and brilliant light red with a whitish center. Blooms without cessation in big compact corymbs. Plant is very strong and healthy.

PERLE D'OR. Flowers of yellow, toned orange in the center.

RODHATTE. Bright cherry-red flowers, semi-double.

TIP-TOP. (Lambert, 1909.) A very different variety, producing many buds of refined Hybrid Tea form, tipped with pale or deep rose, the inner petals golden yellow, striped and splashed with pink.

TRIOMPHE ORLEANAIS. (Peauger, 1912.) Bright cherry-red, well-filled flowers, large for the class, produced freely in large trusses. Long lasting and fades very little. Plant strong and erect. 20 to 30 inches high, with glossy, bright green foliage.

YVONNE RABIER. Pure white with yellowish shading at the base of the petals. Probably the best of the white Polyanthas.

STANDARD OR TREE ROSES

The Standard or Tree Rose plants differs from the ordinary bush Hybrid Tea in that it has an upright stem several feet in height. Budded on a peculiar form of Rugosa stock. All stems of which are 3½ to 4 feet high with 2-year-old tops. Price is \$2.25 unless otherwise noted.

Betty, Francis Scott Key, Frau Karl Druschki, Gruss an Teplitz, Killarney Queen, Lady Ashtown, Lady Ursula, Mme. Butterfly, Radiance, Columbia, Killarney Pink, Mrs. A. R. Waddell, Ophelia, Red Radiance, Souv. de Cladius Pernet.

SOUV. de CLAUDIUS (Pernet) \$3.00 each.

Rugosa Roses and Their Hybrids

85c Cents Each, 12 for \$8.50
\$75.00 Per Hundred

All of the Rugosa Roses bloom abundantly in the spring. The plants reach 5 to 8 feet in height, and are very hardy. May be planted as specimens in lawns.

ARNOLD. Single blooms of rich, glowing scarlet.

CONRAD F. MEYER. The flowers are very large, double, and fragrant. Color, silvery rose.

F. J. GROOTENDORST. Flowers are in clusters and of a red carnation color. Blooms from June until frost. \$1.00 each.

HILDENBRANDSECK. (P. Lambert, 1909.) Semi-double, shining-carmine flowers of medium size, borne in clusters on the tip of every shoot during the season. Very vigorous and very hardy.

ROSERAIE DEL'HAY. (Cochet-Cochet, 1901.) Dark red, double flowers with a strong, most pleasing perfume. Blooms very early in spring and continues throughout the summer. Vigorous and hardy.

ROSA HUGONIS. (Native of Western China.) This Chinese Rose gives us the only dependable yellow rose. The plants grow rapidly, and may reach a height of 6 feet when matured. The long arching branches are closely set with lovely single flowers very early in the season. The blooms are approximately 1½ inches across, and of clear bright yellow which does not fade. Very hardy. Foliage of light green is very attractive and makes an unusual lawn specimen. Disease resistant. Price \$1.50 each.

RUGOSA ALBA. This is a white form of the native Japanese species. Its blooms often measure 3 inches across, and are produced singly or in clusters. Blooms are followed by brilliant red fruits or hips.

RUGOSA. (Thunberg, 1784.) Large single flowers of soft crepe-like texture, fragrant, and rather fleeting. Color varies through shades of pink, magenta, and rosy crimson. Blooms very early, continuing until autumn. Disease resistant.

SCHNEELICHT. (Geschwindt, 1896.) Dazzling white, fairly large flowers, produced in clusters on a strong, climbing plant with all the other desirable *Rugosa* characteristics. Very hardy and free flowering.

MOSS ROSES

80 Cents Each, 12 for \$8.50
\$75.00 Per Hundred

MOSS ROSES. The flower is surrounded by a mossy excrescence which gives it distinction and beauty. Blooms are exceedingly fragrant, when produced in June.

BARON de WASSENER. Light crimson.

BLANCHE MOREAU. Flowers are large and full, pure snowy white and produced in clusters.

CHAPEAU de NAPOLEAN. A fragrant sort of pale rosy pink.

RED MOSS. Large flowers of clear red and heavily mossed with deep green.

SALET. (Lacharme, 1854.) Deep,

rosy pink; very large and double with a true moss odor.

Lambertiana Roses

75c Cents Each—\$70.00 Per Hundred

A class of roses new to this country. Originated by Peter Lambert of Germany. They tend to be climbing roses which bloom more or less frequently during the season.

ARNDT. (P. Lambert, 1913.) Reddish yellow buds and salmon-rose flowers of medium size in large loose clusters. Flowers until fall.

EXCELLENZ VON SCHUBERT. (P. Lambert, 1909.) Small double flowers of dark carmine-rose, borne in dense clusters of 5 to 20 on the tips of every shoot. Vigorous, 4 to 6 feet high. Hardy.

CEHEMIRAT DR. MITTWEG. (P. Lambert, 1909.) Rosy pink flowers with pale yellow centers, borne in large clusters. Growth strong.

KOMMERZIENTRAT W. RAUTEN-STRACH. (P. Lambert, 1909.) Pure salmon-pink flowers with yellow centers and lighter backs. Growth strong to 8 feet or more.

KORNER. (P. Lambert, 1914.) Large clusters of reddish buds and double, well-shaped flowers of orange-yellow with salmon tints. Plant vigorous, up to 10 feet.

Hybrid Sweetbriers, Austrian Brier, Damask, Gallica, Miscellaneous Roses
70 Cents Each—\$70 Per Hundred

AMY ROBSART. Bright rose flowers. Vigorous.

AUSTRIAN COPPER. (Gerarde, 1596.) Single flowers of intense copper-red, reverse of petals bright golden yellow. Hardy.

GLOIRE DES ROSEMANES, II.

CHINA. (Vibert, 1825.) Brilliant red flowers with shaggy centers, fragrant and free flowering. Strong, shrubby growth and continuous bloom. Widely known as Ragged Robin. Excellent for hedges.

HARRISON YELLOW. (Harrison, 1830.) Semi-double, bright yellow flowers covering the big bushes early in the season. Very vigorous and hardy. The best yellow for cold climates.

HERMOSA. (Marcheseau, 1840.) Medium-sized, symmetrically double flowers of soft pink, borne in sprays on stout healthy plants, always in bloom.

LADY PENZANCE. Bright copper-colored flowers of most brilliant sheen. Growth 5 feet in height.

ROSE BRADWARDINE. Clear rose-pink flowers, borne in clusters.

ROSA CAROLINA. Linnaeus, (Eastern United States). Bright rose pink flowers borne singly and in clusters on a vigorous shrub. 3 to 6 feet.

ROSA DAMASCENA. (Miller.) Double, rose-pink blooms in small corymbs intensely fragrant. Green, very thorny canes. The famous Damask Rose brought from the Orient by the Crusaders and one of the ancestors of the Hybrid Perpetual and Hybrid Tea Roses.

ROSA GALICA. Linnaeus (Europe and Western Asia). Single, deep pink to crimson flowers, 2 to 3 inches across. Dwarf, erect bush. One of the ancestors of the Hybrid Perpetuals.

ROSA LAEVIGATA. Michaux (China and Formosa). Cherokee Rose. Fragrant, pure white flowers, 2 1-2 to 3 1-2 inches across, borne singly in early summer. Strong, climbing growth. Not hardy in the North.

ROSA ODORATA. Sweet. (Western China.) Large, pale pink flowers, very fragrant, strong growth. The parent of the Tea and Hybrid Tea Roses. Fairly hardy in the North.