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2.07

LEE'S SEEDS

SPRING
1928

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U. S. Department of Agriculture.

LEE'S
STOWELL'S
EVERGREEN
SWEET CORN

D. N. Shoemaker

LEE'S
ALASKA PEAS
PACKET 10c.

LEE'S
GULF STATE
MARKET TOMATO
PACKET 10c.

LEE'S DETROIT
DARK RED BEET
PACKET 10c.

D. N. Shoemaker

ARTHUR G. LEE

FORT SMITH Seedsman and Florist ARKANSAS

**MY SPECIAL FREE OFFER OF
FLOWER SEEDS FOR 1928**

GAILLARDIA

FIVE
PACKETS
OF
EASILY
GROWN
AND
BEAUTIFUL
FLOWER
SEED

MOORNING BRIDE
OR
SCABIOSA

LEE'S CHOICEST MIXED POPPIES

**SENT ABSOLUTELY
FREE**

WITH EVERY ORDER FOR
GARDEN AND FLOWER SEEDS
AMOUNTING TO \$1.00 OR OVER
FROM THIS CATALOG BEFORE
MAY 1ST 1928

FIELD SEEDS OR PLANTS DO NOT COUNT

ORDER EARLY

CENTAUREA
Bachelor's Button

SWEET ALYSSUM

ARTHUR G. LEE, *Seedsman*

**FORT SMITH,
ARKANSAS**

Order Sheet for Lee's Seeds

ARTHUR G. LEE, Fort Smith, Ark. Date....., 192.....

If out of the variety ordered do I have your permission to substitute equal or better in the nearest I can supply?.....

Please Do Not Write in This Space

Before Ordering Please Read Directions for Ordering in this Catalog on Page 2

PLEASE DO NOT WRITE IN THIS SPACE

Please Use Catalog Number and Name of Seeds, Etc., Wanted When Making Out Your Order

LEE'S SOUTHERN GROWN STRAWBERRY PLANTS

All Plants are Grown on the Best New Land and are Sure to Please You in Every Respect

My plants are produced by one of the largest growers of strawberry plants in the United States, who is located in the best berry section of the South, in the State of Arkansas, and I am sure his plants will please you for he has built up the largest business of its kind in the country. All plants are fresh dug. After the orders are received by my growers he digs the plants, and nothing but fresh stock is sent out. I start shipments October 10th. I can ship most any date from that time until May 1st. All plants are guaranteed to reach your express office in good condition if taken out at once upon arrival. By mail I also guarantee safe arrival, when received at once upon arrival and not allowed to lay in your post office. Don't fail to plant some Progressive, the best everbearing berry grown anywhere. You will have berries all summer and fall when you plant them.

EXCELSIOR, Per.—This is the very earliest berry grown. A free plant maker and a firm, dark red berry. Does well all over the country—north, south, east or west, and in every section is the king of all early varieties. 25 for 75c. 50 for \$1.00. 100 for \$1.50. Not prepaid.—By express, 250 for \$1.50. 500 for \$2.75. 1,000 for \$5.00.

DUNLAP, Per.—This berry is grown all over the North and Northwest with great success. I have big demand for them. 25 for 75c. 50 for \$1.00. 100 for \$1.50. Not prepaid.—By express, 250 for \$1.50. 500 for \$2.75. 1,000 for \$5.00.

ST. LOUIS, Per.—The very largest early berry grown. I have grown them so large twelve berries filled a quart box, so you can know by that they are large. The plant is very large, roots well and deep set, and the berry is one of the most productive berries grown today. Season about a week later than Excelsior. 25 for \$1.00. 50 for \$1.75. 100

for \$2.00. Not prepaid.—By express, 250 for \$2.00. 500 for \$2.50. 1,000 for \$6.00.

LADY CORNELIE, Per.—This is a new variety; ripens with the Klondike; is of good size and the shape is the best; very productive and a firm berry. I advise them for long distance shipments. 25 for 75c. 50 for \$1.00. 100 for \$1.50. Not prepaid.—By express, 250 for \$1.50. 500 for \$2.75. 1,000 for \$5.00.

MISSIONARY, Per.—This berry does fine in Florida and Mississippi and the eastern states. I have a good stock of them. Season with Klondike, which is considered mid-season. 25 for 75c. 50 for \$1.00. 100 for \$1.50. Not prepaid.—By express, 250 for \$1.50. 500 for \$2.75. 1,000 for \$5.00.

KLONDIKE, Per.—The old, standard variety; one set more than any other variety except Imp. Klondike and Aroma. These three are set more for fruit for carlot shipments than any other grown today. Berry firm, a good plant maker, and commands the highest market. 25 for 75c. 50 for \$1.00. 100 for \$1.50. Not prepaid.—By express, 250 for \$1.50. 500 for \$2.75. 1,000 for \$5.00.

IMP. KLONDIKE, Per.—I find this berry a better berry

than Klondike. The plant is larger, berries larger and seem to be more productive than old Klondike. It is almost impossible to tell one from the other with the above exceptions. 25 for 85c. 50 for \$1.25. 100 for \$1.75. Not prepaid.—By express, 250 for \$1.75. 500 for \$3.00. 1,000 for \$5.50.

AROMA, Per.—The most planted berry of any mid-season to late variety grown today. I have them by the millions and can furnish any size order wanted. 25 for 85c. 50 for \$1.25. 100 for \$1.75. Not prepaid.—By express, 250 for \$1.75. 500 for \$3.00. 1,000 for \$5.50.

GRANDY, Per.—Only one variety I have grown is later than Grandy, and it is the Evening Star. I consider Grandy a good late berry. 25 for 85c. 50 for \$1.25. 100 for \$1.75. Not prepaid.—By express, 250 for \$1.75. 500 for \$3.00. 1,000 for \$5.50.

PROGRESSIVE, Per.—The very best everbearing berry grown—none better. A good plant maker; average season bears all summer up to frost, and in all I consider them the best berry grown for a fall bearing sort. 25 for \$1.00. 50 for \$1.75. 100 for \$3.00. Not prepaid.—By express, 250 for \$3.00. 500 for \$5.50. 1,000 for \$11.00.

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No order too large or too small to receive my careful attention

General Information and Suggestions

Weight in Pounds	PARCEL POST ZONES				
	1st and 2nd Up to 150 Miles	3rd 150 to 300 Miles	4th 300 to 600 Miles	5th 600 to 1000 Miles	
1	\$0.07	\$0.08	\$0.09	\$0.10	
2	.08	.10	.13	.16	
3	.09	.12	.17	.22	
4	.10	.14	.21	.28	
5	.11	.16	.25	.34	
6	.12	.18	.29	.40	
7	.13	.20	.33	.46	
8	.14	.22	.37	.52	
9	.15	.24	.41	.58	
10	.16	.26	.45	.64	
11	.17	.28	.49	.70	
12	.18	.30	.53	.76	
13	.19	.32	.57	.82	
14	.20	.34	.61	.88	
15	.21	.36	.65	.94	
16	.22	.38	.69	1.00	
17	.23	.40	.73	1.06	
18	.24	.42	.77	1.12	
19	.25	.44	.81	1.18	
20	.26	.46	.85	1.24	
21	.27	.48	.89	1.30	
22	.28	.50	.92	1.36	
23	.29	.52	.97	1.42	
24	.30	.54	1.01	1.48	
25	.31	.56	1.05	1.54	
26	.32	.58	1.09	1.60	
27	.33	.60	1.13	1.66	
28	.34	.62	1.17	1.72	
29	.35	.64	1.21	1.78	
30	.36	.66	1.25	1.84	
31	.37	.68	1.29	1.90	
32	.38	.70	1.33	1.96	
33	.39	.72	1.37	2.02	
34	.40	.74	1.41	2.08	
35	.41	.76	1.45	2.14	
36	.42	.78	1.49	2.20	
37	.43	.80	1.53	2.26	
38	.44	.82	1.57	2.32	
39	.45	.84	1.61	2.38	
40	.46	.86	1.65	2.44	
41	.47	.88	1.69	2.50	
42	.48	.90	1.73	2.56	
43	.49	.92	1.77	2.62	
44	.50	.94	1.81	2.68	
45	.51	.96	1.85	2.74	
50	.56	1.06	2.05	3.04	
55	.61	1.16	*****	*****	
60	.66	1.26	*****	*****	
65	.71	1.36	*****	*****	
70	.76	1.46	*****	*****	

THE POSTAGE IS PAID

On all seeds listed in this catalog in packet, half-ounce, quarter pound, pound and two-pound quantities, I pay the postage and guarantee safe delivery by mail. The postage is paid on all collections of seeds, bulbs and plants. All plants and bulbs are postpaid except in larger quantities where a "not prepaid" price is named.

YOU SEND THE POSTAGE

When you order five pounds or more of any kind of seed in this catalog at "not prepaid" prices you pay the postage, express or freight. Quantity lots of bulbs and plants listed at "not prepaid" prices are handled in the same way. If you order seeds, plants or bulbs at the "not prepaid" prices they can be sent to you by express or freight collect and you can pay the transportation charges on delivery. If you want your order to come by parcel post the postage must be paid in advance and you must send the amount of postage with your order. If your order has some items at "postpaid" prices and other at "not prepaid" prices, and they are all to come by parcel post, add postage for the "not prepaid" items only.

How to Figure Postage

Two things are necessary. First figure up the weight of the seed according to what you are ordering. Then, assuming that you know the particular zone you live in from Fort Smith, take the amount shown in the column for that zone opposite the number of pounds you are ordering. Whatever that amount is must be added to the cost of the seed so I can prepay the postage.

As an example, we will suppose that you want to order 14 pounds (a peck) of corn. If you lived in either the 1st or 2nd postal zones from Fort Smith the amount to be sent me in addition to the price of the corn would be 20 cents; for the 3rd zone, 34 cents; for the 4th zone, 61 cents, and so on. With the above table it's very easy to figure it exactly once you know what your zone number is.

By parcel post seeds can be sent to any post office and if you live on a R. F. D. route, they are brought to your door. Seventy pounds is the weight limit. If larger quantities are wanted it would have to be split into two or more shipments. Fifty pounds is the weight limit for the 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th and 8th zones.

Approximate Location of Zones

For those who cannot easily get information as to their zone I give the following approximate location of the zones. If at all in doubt as to your zone be sure and send enough to cover necessary postage. If you send too much it will be returned to you. The rates in the 1st and 2nd zones are the same.

ARKANSAS—Largely in the 1st and 2nd zones. Extreme eastern part in the 3rd zone.

OKLAHOMA—Has three zones. The eastern half is in the 2nd zone and the western half in the 3rd zone with the exception of a few extreme western counties, which are in the 4th zone.

LOUISIANA—Northern two-thirds in the 3rd zone, southern third in the 4th zone.

TEXAS—Divided among four zones. About one-third of the state in the northeastern part is in the 3rd zone with the exception of a few counties in the extreme northeastern corner, which are in the 2nd zone. Balance of the state is in the 4th zone with the exception of a few counties in the extreme western and southern parts, which are in the 5th zone.

MISSOURI—Southwestern corner in the 2nd zone. Balance of state in the 3rd zone.

KANSAS—Southeastern part in the 3rd zone. Balance of the state in the 4th zone.

About Warranty

ARTHUR G. LEE gives no warranty, either express or implied, as to description, quality, productiveness or any other matter, of seeds, bulbs or plants he sends out, and will not be in any way responsible for the crop. If purchaser does not accept the goods on these terms, they are at once to be returned, and any money that may have been paid for them will be refunded. Crops are dependent on success or failure on so many things besides seed that it is impossible for me to give any warranty or guarantee. This does not mean that I lack confidence in the seeds I sell, but I have no control over the seeds after they leave my house, especially as to the method of planting, cultivating and fertilizing, all of which are important factors in the success of the crop. If I should warrant or guarantee seeds in any way, I could be held responsible for the failure of the crop, regardless of cause, and this is a responsibility I cannot and will not accept. NO RESPONSIBLE SEEDSMAN GIVES ANY WARRANTY.

Prices

All prices in this catalog subject to change without notice.

Cost of Sending Money

In all cases where the order for seed amounts to one dollar or more, the cost of postoffice or express money order, or cost of registering the letters from places that are not money order offices, may be deducted from the amount of the order. I disclaim all responsibility when remittances are not made by Post Office Money Order, Bank Drafts, Express Money Order, personal checks or registered mail. Postage stamps will be found a convenient method of remitting for small amounts.

Your Name and Address

Frequently orders reach me without name or address, and some of them with the postmark blurred. It is impossible for me to trace the senders, therefore please be careful to sign your name and full address plainly, on each and every letter sent me.

Express Charges

When paying express charges, be sure you only pay "second-class" rates, which apply to all seeds. Don't let any express agent charge you first-class rates.

Shop By Mail—My Postpaid Prices Apply Anywhere in the United States

Lee's Bargain Collections of Vegetable and Flower Seeds

The collections listed below are composed only of the very best strains of seeds. Every variety is selected for its dependability. The character and quality of the seeds in these collections are of the type that I know will create confidence in Lee's Seeds.

Lee's Half-Dollar Collection (No. 1) 50 cents Postpaid

LEE'S
HALF DOLLAR
COLLECTION

1 Pkt. Beet, Improved Blood Turnip.....	\$0.10
1 Pkt. Beans, Stringless Green Pod.....	.05
1 Pkt. Collards, True Georgia.....	.05
1 Pkt. Carrots, Oxheart.....	.10
1 Pkt. Cucumber, Shogun.....	.05
1 Pkt. Cantaloupe, Rocky Ford.....	.10
1 Pkt. Mustard, Southern Giant Curled.....	.05

1 Pkt. Onion, Lee's Prizetaker.....	\$0.10
1 Pkt. Okra, Long Green Pod.....	.05
1 Pkt. Pepper, Large Bell.....	.05
1 Pkt. Radish, Lee's Scarlet Globe.....	.05
1 Pkt. Squash, White Bush Scallop.....	.10
1 Pkt. Tomato, Stone.....	.05
1 Pkt. Watermelon, Kleckley's Sweet.....	.10

FOURTEEN
FULL SIZE
PACKETS

The above "Half Dollar" collection of vegetable seeds is the ideal size and selection for those who have only a small place to plant in garden. This collection gives you the mostly desired vegetables, and each variety listed here is a good standard sort. This collection contains 14 full sized packets of seed which I will send you, postpaid, for 50 cents. No changes will be allowed in this collection. No others will be sold at this reduced price.

Lee's Dollar Collection (No. 2) \$1.00 Postpaid

LEE'S
DOLLAR
COLLECTION

1 Pkt. Beans, Burpee's Stringless G. P.....	\$0.10
1 Pkt. Beans, Kentucky Wonder.....	.10
1 Pkt. Sweet Corn, Golden Bantam.....	.10
1 Pkt. Beans, Lee's Extra Early.....	.10
1 Pkt. Beet, Early Blood Turnip.....	.10
1 Pkt. Onion, Red Wethersfield.....	.10
1 Pkt. Cabbage, Early Jersey Wakefield.....	.10
1 Pkt. Collards, True Georgia.....	.05
1 Pkt. Mustard, Giant Curled.....	.05
1 Pkt. Cucumber, Long Green.....	.10

1 Pkt. Lettuce, Hanson (Head).....	\$0.10
1 Pkt. Okra, Long Green Pod.....	.05
1 Oz. Radish, Scarlet Turnip White Tip.....	.10
1 Oz. Radish, Long White Icicle.....	.10
1 Pkt. Tomato, Ponderosa.....	.10
1 Pkt. Pepper, Royal King.....	.10
1 Pkt. Squash, White Bush Scallop.....	.10
1 Pkt. Carrot, Danvers Half-long.....	.10
1 Pkt. Watermelon, Tom Watson.....	.10
1 Pkt. Turnip, White Flat Dutch.....	.05

TWENTY
STANDARD
VARIETIES

This dollar collection, I think, is the ideal assortment for a first class home garden. It contains a complete assortment of vegetable seeds of the best varieties and has just the right amount of seed of each kind. If you want a good home garden that will produce a variety of vegetables throughout the season, I recommend this collection. For \$1.00 I will send you, postpaid, this collection, which contains 20 varieties of seeds. No change will be allowed in this collection. No others will be sold at this reduced price. SEE THIS COLLECTION SHOWN IN PICTURES ON THE INSIDE OF THE BACK COVER PAGE.

Lee's Two Dollar Collection (No. 3) \$2.00 Postpaid

LEE'S
TWO
DOLLAR
COLLECTION

1 Lb. Beans, Stringless Green Pod.....	\$0.40
1/2 Lb. Beans, Kentucky Wonder Pole.....	.20
1/2 Lb. Beans, Henderson's Bush Lima.....	.20
1/2 Lb. Beans, Extra Early Alaska.....	.20
1 Pkt. Sweet Corn, Stowell's Evergreen.....	.10
1 Pkt. Beet, Early Blood Turnip.....	.10
1 Pkt. Onion, Red Wethersfield.....	.10
1 Pkt. Cabbage, Late Flat Dutch.....	.10
1 Pkt. Cabbage, Early Jersey Wakefield.....	.10
1 Pkt. Collards, True Georgia.....	.05
1 Pkt. Mustard, Giant Curled.....	.10
1 Pkt. Cucumber, Long Green.....	.10
1 Pkt. Lettuce, Hanson (Head).....	.10

1 Pkt. Lettuce, Curled Simpson.....	\$0.10
1 Pkt. Okra, Long Green Pod.....	.05
1 Oz. Radish, Scarlet Turnip White Tip.....	.10
1 Pkt. Radish, Long White Icicle.....	.05
1 Pkt. Tomato, Beauty.....	.10
1 Pkt. Tomato, Beefsteak.....	.10
1 Pkt. Pepper, Royal King.....	.10
1 Pkt. Peas, Cayenne (Mch).....	.10
1 Pkt. Squash, White Bush Scallop.....	.10
1 Pkt. Carrot, Danvers Half-long.....	.10
1 Pkt. Watermelon, Tom Watson.....	.10
1 Oz. Turnip, White Flat Dutch.....	.10

TWENTY-FIVE
DIFFERENT
VARIETIES

For \$2.00 I will send the above splendid collection postpaid to any postoffice. This is the collection to buy where you have a large garden and wish to have some vegetables to sell after supplying your own needs. In this manner you have two ways in which to reduce the cost of living. No changes will be allowed in this collection. No others will be sold at these prices.

Lee's "Springtime" Flower Seed Collection (No. 4) 60 CENTS POSTPAID

LEE'S
SPRINGTIME
FLOWER SEED
COLLECTION

1 Pkt. Snapdragon, Mixed.....	\$0.10
1 Pkt. Asters, Fine Mixed.....	.10
1 Pkt. Balsam, Rose Flower.....	.10
1 Pkt. Candytuft, Mixed.....	.10
1 Pkt. Kochia or Burning Bush.....	.10
1 Pkt. Dianthus, Superb Mixed.....	.10
1 Pkt. Zinnias, Tall Double Mixed.....	.10
1 Pkt. Mignonette, Fragrant.....	.05

1 Pkt. Tall Mixed Nasturtiums.....	\$0.05
1 Pkt. Pansy, Fine Mixed.....	.10
1 Pkt. Petunias, Finest Mix.....	.10
1 Pkt. Phlox, Fine Mixed.....	.10
1 Pkt. Poppies, Choicest Mixed.....	.10
1 Pkt. Mx. Sweet Peas.....	.10
1 Pkt. Verbena, Best Mixed.....	.10

FIFTEEN
BEAUTIFUL
SELECTIONS

I have named this Lee's "Springtime" Flower Seed Collection because of the cheer and happiness it will bring to the home. The beautiful flowers produced from this collection of seed will radiate gladness and cheer as does the first beautiful days in spring. What brings more happiness to us all than those wonderful days? Don't fail to plant flowers this spring, for the pleasure they bring will repay you many times for your work. Every member of the family loves flowers. I will send you this collection postpaid for 60 cents. No changes will be allowed in this collection. No others will be sold at this reduced price.

Lee's Dixie Rose Collection \$2.00 Postpaid

Twelve of the best everblooming Bush Roses that grow, three white, three red, three yellow, three pink. Twelve separate and distinct varieties, well rooted, healthy plants postpaid for \$2.00. The Complete Collection, in large 2-year-old plants, postpaid, \$6.00. See page 49 for varieties and full description of this Wonderful Rose Collection.

Lee's Dependable Vegetable Seeds

ASPARAGUS SEED

Palmetto (No. 6) This is the standard variety for the South. Seed can be sown in drills about eighteen inches apart and two inches deep in rich soil, planting fifteen to twenty seeds to each foot of row. When plants are well up thin to about one inch apart. The plants should be ready to re-set the next spring and should be set four to six inches deep in rows four to six feet apart. Be sure and use lots of manure on asparagus. If you want a good early asparagus, plant this variety. **Packet, 10c. Oz., 15c. ¼ Lb., 35c. Lb., \$1.00, postpaid.**

ASPARAGUS ROOTS

Washington By using my splendid two-year-old Washington Asparagus Roots you can save from one and one-half to two years in getting your asparagus bed in condition to cut. The permanent bed should be prepared by deep plowing or spading and thoroughly enriching the ground with stable manure. Set the plants four inches deep and one to two feet apart in rows four to six feet apart. After the plants are well started, give frequent and thorough cultivation. Early the next spring spade in a heavy dressing of manure and about one quart of salt and double the quantity of fresh wood ashes to each square rod and cultivate well as long as the size of the plants will permit, or until they begin to die down. The next season the bed may be cut over two or three times, but if this is done all the shoots, no matter how small, should be cut. A bed fifteen by fifty feet, requiring about 100 plants, if well cultivated and manured, should give the following season an abundant supply for an ordinary family and continue productive for eight or ten years. It is best to plant the roots, while it costs more, the time saved, and the better growth you get, more than make up this difference in price. **Fifty roots, \$1.40. 100 for \$2.50, postpaid. By express or freight, not prepaid:—100 roots, \$2.00. \$12.00 per 1,000.**

Green Globe Artichokes (No. 8) Best flavored and largest of all Artichokes. Its large, fleshy flower heads are prepared and eaten like asparagus. Sow seed in April or May, in the open ground and transplant the following spring in beds, placing the rows three feet apart. **Packet, 10c.**

Brussels Sprouts (No. 9) This plant grows two or three feet high and produces from the sides of the stalks numerous little sprouts one or two inches in diameter, resembling cabbage. The leaves should be broken down in the fall to give the "sprouts" room to grow. They are very tender and sweet after early frost. The small heads are boiled and served in the same manner as cabbage. Sow in seed bed in May. **Packet, 10c. ½ Oz., 15c. Oz., 25c. ¼ Lb., 75c. Lb., \$2.50, postpaid.**

Palmetto Asparagus

White Cape Broccoli (No. 10) This vegetable very closely resembles Cauliflower and is used in the same manner. It thrives best in rich soil and during cold weather and is cultivated like Cauliflower. To obtain the best flavor, Broccoli should be cooked soon after being cut. White Cape is the best variety, making a large, compact head of creamy white color, of good flavor. **Packet, 15c. ½ Oz., 35c. Oz., 60c. ¼ Lb., \$2.00, postpaid.**

BORECOLE OR KALE

Kale is more hardy than cabbage and is improved by frost. It makes fine greens and is planted in the spring and fall.

Siberian (No. 11) One of the best known and most largely used varieties of Kale. It is sometimes called sprouts or German Greens. The bluish green leaves are very large and comparatively plain in the center, but coarsely cut and distinctly frilled on the edge. The plant is low but spreading and very hardy. **Packet, 5c. Oz., 10c. ¼ Lb., 30c. Lb., 80c.**

LEE'S BEAN COLLECTIONS

Lee's Home Garden Bean Collection (No. 18) 30c, Postpaid

To meet the increasing demand for a good assortment of Beans for a small garden I offer this splendid collection. It contains one packet each of Burpee's Stringless Green Pod, Sure Crop, Stringless Wax, Kentucky Wonder and Henderson's Bush Lima, all of which are leaders in their particular class. I know you will be more than pleased with Lee's Home Garden Bean Collection. **The four full-sized packets, postpaid, for 30c.**

Lee Bush Bean Collection (No. 5) 30c, Postpaid

For those who want only the bush variety of Beans, I offer this fine assortment. There should be more of the Bush Lima or "Butter Beans" grown in the South, and with this in mind I have selected one-half of this collection in Bush Limas. This collection contains one packet each of Lee's Extra Early Red Valentine, Rust Proof Golden Wax, Jackson Wonder and Henderson's Bush Lima. These varieties are all the best standard sorts and I know you will be highly pleased with this collection. **The four full-sized packets, postpaid, for 30c.**

Siberian Borecole or Kale

LEE'S BUSH BEANS

Culture Beans are tender and must not be sown until the ground is warm and dry. Continuous crops may be grown through the entire summer as bush beans are sown from March to September. Rows may be made two feet apart, and the beans planted a few inches apart in the drills, covering two inches. Cultivate and hoe frequently, always, however, when the vines are perfectly dry. In hoeing draw the soil up toward the rows or plants. As fast as the beans mature pick them off if you want them to stay in bearing for a long time. One pound will plant seventy-five feet of row; about ninety pounds (one and one-half bushels) per acre.

Burpee's Stringless Green Pod (No. 12)

This variety has become very popular because of its hardness and productiveness. It is the only absolutely stringless, green, round podded bean which is stringless in all stages of growth. It ripens earlier than the Valentine and remains tender and crisp a long time after maturing. It surpasses all other bush beans in crisp, tender qualities and flavor. The plants have a spreading habit of growth, and produce large quantities of pods which are very uniform both in size and shape. Pods are pale green, long and straight, round and meaty. Through the South this variety has been proven to be without an equal. It is especially valuable for the home garden, having the desirable qualities of being very early, stringless, a heavy bearer, remains tender and edible after maturity and bears longer than other varieties. I highly recommend this variety. **Packet, 10c. ½ Lb., 20c. Lb., 40c. 2 Lbs., 70c. Not prepaid—15 Lbs. (Pk.), \$3.00. 60 Lbs. (Bu.), \$10.50.**

Mammoth Stringless Green Pod (No. 13)

An absolutely stringless Giant Podded Bush Bean which matures a few days later than Burpee's Stringless Green Pod. The pods are round and dark green in color, measuring between six and seven inches in length. This variety is grown extensively for market, as it stands shipping well. It is also one of the best home garden varieties I list. It is a heavy bearer, producing an abundance of very brittle, fine flavored pods which are entirely stringless. The pods are very meaty and of fine flavor. Mammoth Stringless Green Pod, like Burpee's Stringless Green Pod, is very hardy and for disease-resistant qualities it has no equal. It is an excellent variety for the market gardener, canner and home garden. **Packet, 10c. ½ Lb., 20c. Lb., 40c. 2 Lbs., 70c. Not prepaid—15 Lbs. (Pk.), \$3.25. 60 Lbs. (Bu.), \$12.00.**

Burpee's Stringless Green Pod Beans

Lee's Extra Early Red Valentine Beans

Lee's Extra Early Red Valentine (Round Podded) (No. 14)

My Extra Early strain of this famous old reliable green podded bush bean is ready for the table in thirty-two to thirty-five days. You should be very careful in the purchase of the Red Valentine Beans because there is a large quantity of the old flat-podded, tough, shucky beans on the market whose only merit is a cheap price. The strain which I offer is the true round-podded stock, which has full, meaty round pods. Pods are tender and of superior flavor and make an ideal snap short bean, one that always sells well in the market. My Extra Early strain is a great improvement over the original Red Valentine and is now the most prolific and profitable bean of its kind. This variety is used extensively by truck growers, as it stands shipping well. It is also one of the best home garden varieties I sell. Plant Lee's Extra Early Red Valentine and you will know you have the right quality and that you are not taking chances. **Packet, 10c. ½ Lb., 20c. Lb., 40c. 2 Lbs., 70c. Not prepaid—15 Lbs. (Pk.), \$2.85. 60 Lbs. (Bu.), \$10.50.**

Extra Early Black Valentine (No. 15)

This variety is used extensively by market gardeners both for nearby markets and long distance shipping. It would be difficult to find a variety that would equal this one in handsome appearance, and for this reason it is largely grown for market. Being very hardy it may be planted earlier than other varieties of beans, as it withstands considerable cold, damp weather. This variety is also valuable because of its high resisting qualities, and will withstand early and late frosts that kill other varieties. The plants make a strong growth and produce a heavy crop of pods, which are dark green in color, long, straight, and nearly round. This variety is extra early and a good home garden sort. **Packet, 10c. ½ Lb., 20c. Lb., 40c. 2 Lbs., 70c. Not prepaid—15 Lbs. (Pk.), \$2.75. 60 Lbs. (Bu.), \$10.20.**

Tennessee Green Pod (No. 7)

This bean is considered the earliest and largest podded dwarf sort. It is very popular in some sections of the South, and where known in other parts of the country is considered of exceptional merit. The plants are large, somewhat spreading and prolific. The pods are very long, often six to seven inches; flat, irregular in shape, dark green and of exceptional fine flavor. It is a hardy, vigorous mid-season sort, very productive. Fit for the table in thirty-two days. Seed of medium size, oval, flat, yellowish brown in color. **Packet, 10c. ½ Lb., 20c. Lb., 40c. 2 Lbs., 70c. Not prepaid—15 Lbs. (Pk.), \$3.25. 60 Lbs. (Bu.), \$12.00.**

Write for Special Quantity Prices

Sure Crop Stringless Wax Beans

Burpee's Improved Bush Lima (No. 24) This is the earliest maturing of the large seeded limas. The pods are 5 to 6 inches long and usually contain 4 beans. These beans are very thick, of large size and excellent quality. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Lb., 25c. Lb., 45c. 2 Lbs., 80c. Not prepaid—15 Lbs. (Pk.), \$3.50. 60 Lbs. (Bu.), \$12.00.

CLIMBING OR POLE LIMA BEANS

Florida Pole Butter Bean (No. 31) This is a real Speckled Pole Butter Bean. It is an early bloomer and bears profusely all through the season. It withstands dry weather better than any other variety and will make an abundant crop when others fail. It bears pods from the very first bloom, which is not true of any other pole Lima Bean. Seeds are of the small Lima or Sieva size, but are speckled white and brownish red. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Lb., 20c. Lb., 40c. 2 Lbs., 70c. Not prepaid—15 Lbs. (Pk.), \$3.25. 60 Lbs. (Bu.), \$12.00.

Small White Pole Lima (No. 26) This very early and reliable small seeded pole lima is especially adapted for planting in the South. It is also known as Carolina or Sieva Pole Lima. The pod usually contains four beans which are of excellent quality either green-shelled or dry. I believe that this variety is the most generally known "Butter Bean" in the South. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Lb., 20c. Lb., 40c. 2 Lbs., 70c. Not prepaid—15 Lbs. (Pk.), \$3.25. 60 Lbs. (Bu.), \$12.00.

Large White Pole Lima (No. 27) The standard large Lima pole bean. It is vigorous in growth and very productive. The pods are large and the beans are of mammoth size. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Lb., 20c. Lb., 40c. 2 Lbs., 70c. Not prepaid—15 Lbs. (Pk.), \$3.25. 60 Lbs. (Bu.), \$12.00.

Sure Crop Stringless Wax (No. 20) This variety is very thrifty and hardy, will resist blight and stands a remarkable amount of dry weather. It is early, perfectly stringless and a sure cropper. The plant grows to a medium size, and, having a strong, thick stem, stands up well, even during a long season of stormy weather, thus protecting the pods from dirt and dampness. While this variety resembles the Currie's Rust Proof Wax in plant, pod and bean, it is in no way related to it, but is entirely different in quality, tenderness, and is stringless at all stages of its development. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Lb., 20c. Lb., 40c. 2 Lbs., 70c. Not prepaid—15 Lbs. (Pk.), \$3.00. 60 Lbs. (Bu.), \$10.50.

Rust Proof Golden Wax (No. 21) This is one of the earliest and best dwarf sorts and is remarkably free from spot or rust. The pods are of medium length, about 5 inches, nearly straight, broad, flat and of a golden yellow color. It cooks quickly as snaps and shells well when green. It is a variety of the highest quality and I can recommend it as an excellent home garden sort. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Lb., 20c. Lb., 40c. 2 Lbs., 70c. Not prepaid—15 Lbs. (Pk.), \$3.00. 60 Lbs. (Bu.), \$10.50.

Pencil Pod Black Wax (No. 22) A medium early variety which is very productive. The beautiful yellow, straight pods are from 6 to 7 inches long, well rounded, meaty and deeply saddle-backed. They are always solid, brittle and entirely stringless. They produce through a long season and the pods are of excellent quality. This bean is a favorite for the home garden and its handsome appearance makes it a ready sale on the market. It holds up well in shipping and is grown extensively for market. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Lb., 20c. Lb., 40c. 2 Lbs., 70c. Not prepaid—15 Lbs. (Pk.), \$3.00. 60 Lbs. (Bu.), \$10.50.

LIMA OR BUTTER BEANS DWARF OR BUSH LIMA BEANS

Henderson Bush Lima (No. 23) A dwarf form of the small White Lima, valuable on that account, and because of its extreme earliness, hardiness and productiveness. The pods, which are about three inches long, are medium dark green and flat. They contain two to four beans which are of excellent quality either green-shelled or dry. This variety does fine in the South and is the most used bush sort. It is used extensively by market gardeners and for the home garden. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Lb., 20c. Lb., 40c. 2 Lbs., 70c. Not prepaid—15 Lbs. (Pk.), \$3.00. 60 Lbs. (Bu.), \$10.50.

Jackson Wonder Bush Lima (No. 25) This variety is generally known as "calico or speckled" butter bean. The beans are of fine quality, either green-shelled or dry. It is very prolific and does well in the driest weather. The seed is sort of a brownish color. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Lb., 20c. Lb., 40c. 2 Lbs., 70c. Not prepaid—15 Lbs. (Pk.), \$3.25. 60 Lbs. (Bu.), \$12.00.

Henderson Bush Lima Beans

Kentucky Wonder or Old Homestead Bean

ping better than most sorts. The beans are too small to be of much value when shelled green, but are fine when dry for winter use. Seeds are small, oval and pure white. **Packet, 10c.** $\frac{1}{2}$ Lb., 20c. Lb., 40c. 2 Lbs., 70c. Not prepaid—15 Lbs. (Pk.), \$3.00. 60 Lbs. (Bu.), \$11.00.

Kentucky Wonder Wax Pole Bean (No. 32)

A fine variety, just like the old Kentucky Wonder only that it is a wax or yellow podded bean. The pods are very fleshy and stringless as snaps and are of excellent quality. They are very long, handsome light yellow, often eight to nine inches in length. Its earliness and hardness make it a very desirable bean. **Packet, 10c.** $\frac{1}{2}$ Lb., 25c. Lb., 45c. 2 Lbs., 80c. Not prepaid—15 Lbs. (Pk.), \$3.40. 60 Lbs. (Bu.), \$12.60.

CORNFIELD BEANS

Corn Hill or Cut Short (No. 33) This excellent variety of cornfield bean is also known as Red Speckled Cut Short. It is an old favorite in the South and is used extensively for planting among the corn. The vines are medium sized, but vigorous, bearing a good quantity of pods throughout the season. The snap pods are short, about $\frac{3}{4}$ inches in length, straight, fleshy and of good quality. The pods as they mature become light yellow tinged with red, the beans showing distinctly through the pod. **Packet, 10c.** $\frac{1}{2}$ Lb., 20c. Lb., 40c. 2 Lbs., 70c. Not prepaid—15 Lbs. (Pk.), \$2.75. 60 Lbs. (Bu.), \$10.20.

Dutch Case Knife (No. 34) The best white seeded variety for planting among the corn. It makes good snaps when young and excellent dry beans for winter use. Vines are good, vigorous climbers, bearing an abundance of very long, flat, irregular shaped pods. The pods are seven to eight inches in length, of medium green color, becoming lighter as they mature. The seeds are broad, kidney-shaped, flat, clear white and of excellent quality. A good old standard sort with which you will be well pleased. **Packet, 10c.** $\frac{1}{2}$ Lb., 20c. Lb., 40c. 2 Lbs., 70c. Not prepaid—15 Lbs. (Pk.), \$3.25. 60 Lbs. (Bu.), \$12.00.

MARKET GARDENERS ATTENTION

If you are in the market for garden or field seeds in quantity lots make out a list of what you will want on the Quotation Sheet in the back of this Catalogue, and mail it in. I will make you prices that will save you money.

Lee's Climbing or Pole Beans

Kentucky Wonder or Old Homestead (No. 28)

This variety, without question, is the most widely planted of all the pole beans. It has been the standard for years and no variety has been introduced that has proven to be its equal. It is an early, very prolific sort, with showy pods which are of most excellent quality. The pods are medium light green, very long, often reaching nine to ten inches, curved and twisted, nearly round, and very crisp when young. The vines are vigorous, climbing well and very productive, bearing the pods in large clusters. This bean can be planted from April to August. The pods are ready for use in about 60 days, and the vine continues to bear until frost if closely picked. The pods are meaty, tender and practically stringless and of the highest quality. Those who have planted this variety fully know its value. If you have never planted it be sure and do so this season, for you will certainly be pleased. **Packet, 10c.** $\frac{1}{2}$ Lb., 20c. Lb., 40c. 2 Lbs., 70c. Not prepaid—15 Lbs. (Pk.), \$2.75. 60 Lbs. (Bu.), \$10.20.

McCaslan Pole Bean (No. 29)

This variety has steadily gained favor in the South during the past 8 or 10 years. It is indeed a bean of great merit and bids fair to equal the Kentucky Wonder in popularity. It has, aside from being an excellent green snap bean, the advantage of being a high quality dry bean for winter use. It produces large, quick growing vines which soon cover the poles, bearing a very heavy crop of handsome green pods. These pods are about 8 inches in length, well filled, meaty, stringless, and of delicious flavor. The vines come in to bearing early and continue to bear immense quantities of snap beans throughout the season. They are ready for the table in about 60 days. If allowed to ripen, the beans are white and of good size. They make excellent soup or baked beans for winter use. Honestly, no garden can afford to be without McCaslan Pole bean. It furnishes immense quantities of delicious snap beans during the summer and fall and excellent dry beans for winter use. **Packet, 10c.** $\frac{1}{2}$ Lb., 20c. Lb., 40c. 2 Lbs., 70c. Not prepaid—15 Lbs. (Pk.), \$3.25. 60 Lbs. (Bu.), \$12.00.

White Creaseback (No. 30)

This green podded, white seeded variety is valuable for its extreme earliness and its habit of perfecting all its pods within a short time. The vines are medium sized, vigorous and wonderfully productive, bearing round, fleshy pods in clusters of from four to twelve. The pods are about five inches in length, nearly straight and of attractive green color. They are ready for the table in about 45 days. They are excellent as snap beans and stand ship-

McCaslan Pole Beans

Lee's Improved Early Blood Turnip Beet

Crosby's Egyptian (No. 38)

On account of its earliness and being especially desirable for bunching, this beet is very popular with the market grower, considered by some the best in its class. Almost globe shaped, very smooth, sweet and tender, and of excellent quality. The flesh is bright vermillion red, zoned with a lighter shade. This variety is excellent for home garden use. I offer French grown seed of the very best quality. Packet, 10c. Oz., 15c. ¼ Lb., 40c. Lb., \$1.00.

Early Eclipse (No. 39)

This variety is especially desirable for home garden and for bunching. It is noted for earliness, good shape, quality and small tops. The roots are bright deep red, zoned with pinkish white. They are very sweet, crisp and tender; maturing in about fifty days. For home gardens it is one of the best. Packet, 10c. Oz., 15c. ¼ Lb., 40c. Lb., \$1.00.

Long Smooth

A standard long late variety of good quality which keeps well through the winter. The beets grow about eight inches long, and being well down into the ground they withstand drought and heat. They are smooth and slender, having very few side roots. The flesh is tender and sweet and is excellent for making pickles. They mature after the round varieties have gone, and for this reason a few should be planted in every garden. Packet, 5c. Oz., 15c. ¼ Lb., 35c. Lb., \$1.00.

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Swiss Chard or Sea Kale (No. 41)

This desirable vegetable is increasing in popularity each year. It is grown for its leaves only, which are of excellent quality. The stalks are delicious when cooked and should be served in the same manner as asparagus. The leaf portion is very crisp and tender, which is cooked like spinach or turnip greens. It is not necessary to separate the leaf portion unless desired, as the entire leaf can be cooked as greens. As the outer leaves are cut more come from the center. It is well worthy of a place in the home garden. Packet, 10c. Oz., 15c. ¼ Lb., 40c. Lb., \$1.00.

LEE'S BEET SEED

Culture Seed may be sown as early in the spring as the ground can be worked. For table use sow in drills eighteen inches apart, and thin to stand three or four inches apart in the row. Keep sowing throughout the season and cultivate freely. Beets will be ready for use in from 45 to 65 days. Young beets are used extensively for "greens" and are superior to both spinach and turnips. Cover the seed about one inch in sandy soils and not over one-half inch in stiff or clay soils. One ounce of seed will sow fifty feet of row; six to eight pounds per acre.

Lee's Improved Early Blood Turnip Beet

(No. 35) An extra selected stock which is superior in every way to the Early Blood Turnip. The roots are dark red and nearly round or slightly flattened. The flesh is deep red, zoned with lighter shades, crisp and tender. A fine even form, very uniform in growth and medium early. It is very productive, sweet, and free from stringiness. This is an excellent market and home garden sort for summer and autumn use. Packet, 10c. Oz., 15c. ¼ Lb., 40c. Lb., \$1.00.

Detroit Dark Red (No. 36)

The best deep red turnip beet, not only for the market gardeners but for home use. Its small top, early maturing and the splendid shape and color of the root make it popular with everyone who plants it. Tops small, upright growing, so that the rows may be close together; leaf stem and vines dark red; blade green, root globular and very smooth, color of skin dark red blood, flesh deep vermillion red, zoned with a darker shade; very crisp, tender and sweet. Packet, 10c. Oz., 15c. ¼ Lb., 40c. Lb., \$1.00.

Crimson Globe (No. 37)

This beet is remarkable for its smooth skin and good shape. It does not grow large and coarse and is a second early variety. The matured beets are medium in size and globe shape. The flesh and skin are both very dark and quality fine, being sweet and tender. The tops are small and dark in color. This is a variety of exceptional quality. Packet, 10c. Oz., 15c. ¼ Lb., 40c. Lb., \$1.00.

Crosby's Egyptian Beet

Swiss Chard Beet or Sea Kale

Lee's Mangel Wurzel or Stock Beets

There is a large increase every year in the planting of mangel or half-sugar beets for stock feeding. They are an agreeable change of food for any animal kept on dry forage in the winter. Plant early in the spring and when about three inches high begin thinning and continue at intervals until roots stand about ten inches apart.

Mammoth Long Red Mangel (No. 42) The largest and heaviest yielding of all the mangels. The roots grow about one-half out of the ground and frequently measure two or more feet in length by six inches in diameter. Mangels will increase the flow of milk, are excellent winter feed and should be planted on every farm where cows are kept through the winter. **Oz., 10c. ¼ Lb., 20c. Lb., 60c. 5 Lbs., \$2.25.**

White French Half-Sugar Mangel (No. 43) A very desirable stock mangel producing a very large crop which is very easy to harvest. This variety has a higher nutritive value than other sorts, being especially rich in sugar. The roots are light bronze green above the ground, grayish white below, with white flesh. On account of the roots growing partly out of the ground, and their long oval shape, this variety is especially easy to pull. **Oz., 10c. ¼ Lb., 20c. Lb., 60c. 5 Lbs., \$2.25.**

ENDIVE Endive may be grown at any season of the year, but it is more generally used late in the fall. Sow the seed in June or July, in drills fourteen to twenty inches apart, and, when well started, thin the plants to one foot apart. When nearly full grown, tie the outer leaves together over the center, in order to blanch the heart of the plant. It is fine for salads and flavoring.

ENDIVE, EARLY GREEN CURLED (No. 44) Beautiful dark green, curly leaves. **Packet, 10c. Oz., 15c. ¼ Lb., 40c. Lb., \$1.25.**

ENDIVE, BROAD-LEAVED BATAVIAN (No. 45) A broad, thick-leaved sort that is also known as Escarole. **Packet, 10c. Oz., 15c. ¼ Lb., 40c. Lb., \$1.25.**

WATER CRESS (No. 60) One of the most delicious of small salads. It thrives best when its roots and stems are submerged in water; is hardy and easily grown. **Packet, 10c. Oz., 40c.**

CRESS or Improved Pepper Grass (No. 46) Tastes the same as Water Cress. It makes a fine salad by itself or can be used with lettuce. It requires to be sown thickly at frequent intervals, as it soon runs to seed. Quick and easily grown. **Packet, 10c. Oz., 15c. ¼ Lb., 40c. postpaid.**

Southern Georgia Collard

CELERY

Celery should not be planted early in the South. It requires comparatively cool weather in which to mature and will not do well in hot weather. The seed should be sown anywhere from April first to June first in beds and transplanted in early August.

Culture Celery seed is very fine and slow to germinate. Sow in seed beds, scattering very thinly and cover light. The beds should be partly shaded, and kept moist but not wet. When the plants are about six inches high transplant to open ground. Celery is mostly grown under flat culture, without trenches, in rows four feet apart, plants six inches apart in the row. In the home garden celery is often grown in double rows ten inches apart and plants six inches apart in each row. A space of four feet should be allowed before setting another double row. This method of planting will give you enough soil for winter banking and the plants can be dug as needed. In order to bleach, the soil should be drawn up around the plants as they grow.

White Plume (No. 50) A very popular and valuable variety, being the first self-bleaching sort to be introduced. It is considered the best celery for early crops, being ready for use ahead of all other varieties. The leaves are bright green with white tips, and as the plants grow to maturity the inner stalks and leaves turn white, thus making very little earthing up necessary to thoroughly and quickly blanch it. **Packet, 10c. Oz., 25c. ¼ Lb., 75c. Lb., \$2.50.**

Golden Self Blanching (No. 51) The seed offered is the best grown seed of this variety is worthless. A splendid variety of early celery and an excellent sort for the home garden. The plants are of medium size, compact and stocky, with yellowish green foliage. As they mature the inner stalks and leaves turn a beautiful golden yellow, which makes this variety very easy to blanch. It is crisp, tender, of a fine nutty flavor, and free from stringiness. **Packet, 10c. ¼ Oz., 40c. Oz., 75c. ¼ Lb., \$2.75.**

Mammoth Long Red Mangel Beets

COLLARDS

The favorite winter greens of the South. A cabbage-like plant which grows on any kind of soil. Where the soil is too poor for cabbage this plant does well, supplying an abundance of greens, usually the entire winter. Not in its best condition until touched by frost. Sow thick in drills where the plants are to remain, and when well started thin to two or three feet apart in the row. Seed can be sown from early spring until September 15th. One ounce of seed plants 200 feet of row.

Georgia Cabbage--Collard (No. 47) A fine new Collard that heads is very hardy and grows fine in hot weather and stands winter cold that would kill cabbage. It does not grow as tall as the Southern or Georgia Collard, but the leaves grow closer together on the stem. It is of delicious flavor and is fine when used as a cold slaw or boiled. Cabbage collards can be used as wanted through the winter by leaving the heads on the plants. **Packet, 5c. Oz., 15c. ¼ Lb., 30c. Lb., 75c.**

Southern or Georgia Collards (No. 48)

An old, standard variety of Collards that is very popular in the South. It is very hardy, standing our winters without serious injury. The plant forms a large, loose, open head, or rather a mass of leaves on a tall stem. It will make a good crop where the soil is too poor to grow cabbage and is a good substitute for that vegetable. **Packet, 5c. Oz., 15c. ¼ Lb., 30c. Lb., 75c.**

White Plume Celery

LEE'S DEPENDABLE CABBAGE SEED

Lee's Selected Early Jersey Wakefield Cabbage

WRITE FOR SPECIAL PRICES ON SEEDS IN QUANTITY LOTS
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Lee's Genuine All Head Early Cabbage

Culture For early cabbage for the home gardens, seed can be planted very early in boxes and kept in the house or some sheltered place, taking care to cover when there is danger of freezes. Later plantings may be made in open ground as early as the ground can be worked. Sow seed in January or February and transplant in April or May to open ground. Set the plants in rows 2 feet apart and 12 to 18 inches apart in the row. The second early varieties are sown in seed beds in April and transplanted in May, while the late varieties are sown in seed beds in April and transplanted in July. In transplanting, these varieties are set in rows 3 feet apart and 2 feet in the row. One ounce of seed will produce about 2,000 plants; 4 to 5 ounces per acre. In hot weather twice as much seed is needed.

Lee's Selected Early Jersey Wakefield Cabbage (No. 52)

This excellent variety is the earliest and surest heading of first early cabbage. For those desiring the earliest pointed cabbage for shipping and for the home garden this variety is unequalled. The plants are exceedingly hardy, not only in resisting cold but other unfavorable conditions. They are compact and erect with few outer leaves. The heads are of medium size, very solid, uniformly pointed and of excellent quality. The strain of seed I offer is surpassed by none, regardless of price. **Packet, 10c; ½ Oz., 15c. Oz., 25c. ¼ Lb., 75c. Lb., \$2.50.**

Charleston or Large Wakefield This is a fine variety (No. 52) to follow the Early Jersey Wakefield on account of its earliness, exceeding hardness and size of head. The heads are more blunt, about twice the size and mature about a week later than the Early Jersey Wakefield. This variety is becoming one of the leading early sorts. **Packet, 10c. ½ Oz., 15c. Oz., 25c. ¼ Lb., 75c. Lb., \$2.50.**

Lee's Copenhagen Market (No. 54)

This is the earliest round-headed cabbage yet produced. It has the two desirable qualities of being both early and large, maturing the same time as the Early Jersey Wakefield. It produces fine, large, globe-shaped heads with well developed outside leaves. It is short stemmed, the heads being produced almost on the ground, and matures all at practically the same time. I believe this variety to be the best early sort for both the market gardener and for home use. **Packet, 10c. ½ Oz., 15c. Oz., 25c. ¼ Lb., 75c. Lb., \$2.50.**

Lee's Genuine All Head Early (No. 58)

This variety, as the name implies, is all head and few outer leaves. It has proven itself to be adaptable to a wide range of both soil and climate; a money maker for the market gardener and a favorite in the home garden. It is desirable not only for general spring planting, but by planting late it can be used as a fall and early winter cabbage. It is the earliest of the large cabbages, the head being a third larger than Early Summer. The heads are deep, flat and uniform in shape, size and color. They grow very compact, which allows close planting, and are especially noted for good quality and tenderness. **Packet, 10c. ½ Oz., 15c. Oz., 25c. ¼ Lb., 75c. Lb., \$2.50.**

Mammoth Red Rock (No. 56)

A favorite variety for pickling. Medium size and a sure heading sort. The best red cabbage for the South. **Packet, 10c. ½ Oz., 20c. Oz., 30c. ¼ Lb., 90c. Lb., \$3.00.**

Improved American Savoy (No. 57)

The best Savoy variety for either market or home use. The plants are vigorous, of medium size, with rather short stems, and are very sweet and tender. The heads are large, nearly round, and of medium heading. The quality is superior to all other Savoy's offered. **Packet, 10c. ½ Oz., 15c. Oz., 25c. ¼ Lb., 75c. Lb., \$2.50.**

Lee's Dependable Cabbage Seed

There is no better cabbage seed offered anywhere than the selected strain of seed that I offer you, regardless of price. I have made a specialty of cabbage seed for years and know that I am in position to furnish my customers with the highest grade of American grown seed that is to be had. You will be more than pleased with the fine, large, solid heads this seed will produce.

Lee's Selected Late Flat Dutch Cabbage

(No. 59) After years of careful selecting I now have a strain of Late Flat Dutch cabbage that is surpassed by none. This variety is one of the best main crop or late cabbages that grows. The heads of Lee's Selected Late Flat Dutch are very large, heavy, solid, flat on top and of bluish green color. It is the most dependable sort I know and nearly every plant can be depended upon to produce a fine large head. It makes a slow growth, but is a sure heading sort. The quality is fine and the flavor excellent, the heads being white when cut and inside leaves crisp and tender. Good for either spring or fall planting, being remarkably hardy and resistant to both heat and cold. It is a most reliable winter keeper. It is planted extensively by market gardeners and is a standard variety for the home garden. No garden should be without this variety. Packet, 10c. ½ Oz., 15c. Oz., 25c. ¼ Lb., 75c. Lb., \$2.50.

Danish Ball Head (No. 65)

Very hardy, handsome, very solid, of fine quality and is one of the very best keepers; it is particularly desirable for distant markets or for late spring use. Exceedingly hardy in resisting cold and dry weather, leaves large, thick, bluish green, covered with whitish bloom. Head medium sized, round, very solid and stands shipment better than any other late sort. Packet, 10c. ½ Oz., 15c. Oz., 25c. ¼ Lb., 75c. Lb., \$2.50.

Succession (No. 61) A very valuable and reliable cabbage. It is a good type for a main second crop. Matures in about 110 days, but heads are ready for use long before it has fully matured. Will remain for two to three weeks without bursting. Suitable for early and late sowing, as it is one of the best for withstanding extremes of weather. The heads are round, but slightly flattened. Packet, 5c. ½ Oz., 15c. Oz., 25c. ¼ Lb., 75c. Lb., \$2.50.

Lee's Selected Late Flat Dutch Cabbage

Lee's Genuine Surehead (No. 62)

This variety is noted for its sureness in heading, regularity in growth, and its adaptability to soils and climates. It is a dark blue-green, hard headed, medium sized cabbage that has retained its reputation as the greatest and most profitable cabbage ever introduced. It is a prime favorite with the market gardeners and in the home garden. It is a strong, vigorous grower, maturing for main crop, and is very uniform in size, shape and color. I consider this variety the best main crop sort I sell and each year my order for seed is larger, which shows the steady increase in the planting of this sort. The seed I offer is of the highest quality and never fails to make fine, large, solid heads, which have few outer leaves. It is a good variety to plant in the spring and late summer; a good keeper and an excellent shipper. Packet, 10c. ½ Oz., 15c. Oz., 25c. ¼ Lb., 75c. Lb., \$2.50.

Early Dwarf Flat Dutch (No. 63)

One of the best known sections are short stemmed, compact and upright, with comparatively few outer leaves. The heads are flat, very large for the size of the plant, and good keepers. They mature in about 110 days; are crisp, tender and of excellent flavor. This is a very desirable variety for the market gardener and for the home garden. It is a reliable cropper and a dependable header. The seed I offer is of the finest quality. Packet, 10c. ½ Oz., 15c. Oz., 25c. ¼ Lb., 75c. Lb., \$2.50.

All Seasons (No. 64)

A good variety for either early spring, summer or fall use. The heads are nearly round and somewhat flattened, very solid and of excellent quality. It is remarkable for its ability to stand the hot sun and dry weather, remaining an exceptionally long time in condition for use. Packet, 5c. ½ Oz., 15c. Oz., 25c. ¼ Lb., 75c. Lb., \$2.50.

Lee's Genuine Surehead Cabbage

Pe-Tsai or Chinese Cabbage (No. 66)

This is often called Celery Cabbage. It grows rapidly and matures heads in less time than other varieties and requires no transplanting. The leaves, when young, are crimped and of a light green color. The plant, as it becomes older, grows more upright and forms heads much like Cos Lettuce. The inner leaves blanch an attractive light yellow or creamy white, with very white midribs. It is a distinctive flavor, very mild and pleasant. It can be served as a salad like lettuce or cooked like other cabbages. This is a very valuable vegetable which grows exceptionally well in the South. Some trucking centers raise large quantities which they ship to eastern markets, receiving for it a higher price than is paid for cabbage. You can raise about three times more to the acre than cabbage, and at the higher price it is very profitable. Plant some early this spring in your garden and try this delicious vegetable. Packet, 10c. ½ Oz., 15c. Oz., 25c. ¼ Lb., 75c. Lb., \$2.50.

SATISFIED CUSTOMERS

"I just want to say I was well pleased with garden seed I ordered from you last spring. They certainly did stand a test, as we have had a severe drouth this year, and I have had the best garden in my community. My neighbors want to know how I can have such a good garden, and I tell them I plant good seed. Thanking you for your promptness in filling my orders.—Mrs. Kittie Streeter, Arkansas."

Pe-Tsai or Chinese Cabbage

LEE'S CARROT SEED

Culture Carrots do the best in sandy loam made rich by manuring the previous year, but any good land if thoroughly and deeply worked will produce a satisfactory crop. They deserve to be planted more extensively in the South, as they are a desirable vegetable either boiled or stewed and for flavoring purposes. It is advisable to sow as early in the spring as the ground can be worked, although good crops can be grown from sowings as late as May 15th. It is a good idea to make several sowings, about two weeks apart. Sow in shallow drills sixteen to eighteen inches apart and when the plants are well started thin out to four inches apart in the row. One ounce sows 100 feet of drill.

Danver's Half-Long (No. 68) I sell more of this variety than any of the others listed. This is because it is well adapted to all soils and sections and an excellent carrot. It is a second early variety which is very popular with the market gardeners and in the home garden. The tops are of medium size, the mature roots being about six inches in length. The flesh is a rich orange, sweet, crisp and tender. This is a most excellent variety for the home garden. **Packet, 10c. Oz., 15c. ¼ Lb., 35c. Lb., \$1.00.**

Chantenay (No. 69) A good, medium early half-long variety which is unexcelled in quality and productiveness. It is a beautiful, rich, orange color and the flesh is fine grained and tender. The mature roots are thick, five to six inches in length, smooth and slightly tapered. A fine variety for the home garden. **Packet, 10c. Oz., 15c. ¼ Lb., 35c. Lb., \$1.00.**

Oxheart or Guerande (No. 70) A good variety adapted to stiff and hard soils where the longer growing varieties do not grow well. It is between the half-long and the scarlet horn varieties, being about four inches at the top and tapering to two inches at the bottom. Length from five to six inches. Roots are very free from hard core and of the finest quality for table use. The flesh is bright orange, fine grained and sweet. Where the long varieties often have to be dug, this variety, being short, pulls easily from the ground. **Packet, 10c. Oz., 15c. ¼ Lb., 35c. Lb., \$1.00.**

Improved Long Orange (No. 71) This old, well-known variety is a heavy cropper and a good keeper. The roots are of large size, smooth, fine grained, and a very deep orange color. On account of being a heavy yielder and large, it is used for both table and stock feeding. It is medium to late maturing. **Packet, 5c. Oz., 10c. ¼ Lb., 30c. Lb., \$1.00.**

CORN SALAD OR FETTICUS

(No. 67) A small, quick-growing salad plant. The leaves are used as a substitute for lettuce and spinach. Plant early in the spring or late in the fall, as it does not do well during the hot weather. **Packet, 5c. Oz., 15c. ¼ Lb., 50c. Lb., \$1.50.**

Danver's Half Long Carrot

CAULIFLOWER

Can be planted in the South in the early spring, but really does best when planted in June and July for maturity during the fall months. Cauliflower is grown in the same manner as cabbage, sowing in the seed beds and transplanting when four or five inches high. To make the best and largest heads it requires thorough cultivation, rich soil and moist weather. Cauliflower is not largely planted in the home garden because of the general impression that it is difficult to raise. This is not so. If you will follow the instructions you can raise as good cauliflower as anyone. The two important things to remember are that it will not head in hot weather and that when it begins to head draw the leaves over and tie them together. This protects the head from the sun and keeps it white. There are several different varieties, but I have found the Early Snowball gives the best results in the South. One ounce of seed will make 2,000 to 2,500 plants.

Early Snowball (No. 72) This is the best early maturing, short leaved variety. It is grown more than any other variety both in the home garden and for the market. The plants are compact, with few short, outside leaves and are well suited for close planting. The heads are medium to large size, compact and solid. This variety does well planted in early spring or late summer, producing fine white heads in about ninety days under favorable conditions. The strain of seed I offer is of the very highest quality and is surpassed by none. **Packet, 10c. ¼ Oz., 35c. Oz., \$1.25. ¼ Lb., \$3.75.**

Celeriac (No. 49) Or Turnip Rooted Celery. Used for flavoring soups and stews. It is cultivated the same as celery, except that it requires no hilling up. **Packet, 10c. Oz., 20c. ¼ Lb., 65c. Lb., \$2.00.**

Lee's Early Snowball Cauliflower

LEE'S SWEET AND ROASTING EAR CORN

Golden Bantam Sweet Corn

Culture Sweet Corn is tender and rots easily in cold or wet ground. It should not be planted until the soil is warm and the leaves on the trees are well out. Hills should be $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 feet apart each way, dropping 5 to 6 grains in each, thinning out afterwards to the desired number of stalks. A continuous supply may be had by planting early, medium and late varieties at one time or by planting at intervals of 15 days. One pound plants 200 hills, about 12 pounds per acre.

Golden Bantam I place this at the head of my list as the ideal corn for the home garden. For sweetness and richness of flavor it is equal to or surpasses the Country Gentleman. It can be planted earlier than any other sugar corn, is hardy, early maturing, and is very dwarf in growth. The cob is small, but fills out nicely with large, deep, cream colored kernels, which turn to yellow when entirely ripe. **Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Lb., 20c. 1 Lb., 35c. 2 Lbs., 60c. 5 Lbs., \$1.35.**

Stowell's Evergreen (No. 74) The standard main crop variety. The stalk is strong and vigorous, growing seven to eight feet high and producing two to three ears. The cob is small and slender, grains of good size, long and deep. It has a fine rich, sweet flavor and remains in good eating condition longer than any other. It is a general favorite with the market gardeners and in the home garden. **Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Lb., 20c. 1 Lb., 35c. 2 Lbs., 60c. 5 Lbs., \$1.35.**

Country Gentleman (No. 75) One of the best known of the mid-season varieties. It is the old shoe-peg type of kernel, pure white, very sweet and tender. It is a good yielder, producing two to three good sized ears to the stalk. The cob is small and densely covered with irregular rows of very long, slender, white grains of excellent quality. **Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Lb., 20c. 1 Lb., 35c. 2 Lbs., 60c. 5 Lbs., \$1.35.**

Early Minnesota (No. 76) This old and popular variety is one of the best early sorts for the market and the home garden. The ears are about eight inches long, the kernel very broad, white, sweet and tender. **Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Lb., 20c. 1 Lb., 35c. 2 Lbs., 60c. 5 Lbs., \$1.35.**

Black Mexican A very sweet and tender second early variety for home use. Grains are bluish black and because of this color the bud worms bother it less than any other variety. **Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Lb., 20c. 1 Lb., 35c. 2 Lbs., 60c. 5 Lbs., \$1.35.**

Extra Early Adams (No. 79) A very early variety, while not a sweet corn, is usually classed with them. The ears are well filled and of good quality. **Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Lb., 15c. 1 Lb., 30c. 2 Lbs., 50c. Not prepaid—10 Lbs. or over, 15c per Lb.**

Early Adams (No. 81) This variety is similar to the Extra Early Adams, but is ten days later and has much larger ears, as it is very hardy. The stalks grow six to seven feet in height, bearing two or three medium sized ears, which are well filled with fine white grains that are excellent quality. A very popular roasting ear corn. **Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Lb., 15c. 1 Lb., 30c. 2 Lbs., 50c. Not prepaid—10 Lbs. or over, 15c per Lb.**

Trucker's Favorite (No. 80) A splendid variety for early table use and about five feet. The ears are larger than Early Adams, well grained with deep, white kernels. The eating quality of this corn is excellent, being slightly sweet, resembling sugar corn in taste. It is very productive, producing two to three good sized ears to the stalk. It is very hardy and can be planted early, as it will stand considerable cold and wet weather. Should be planted in the home garden. **Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Lb., 15c. 1 Lb., 30c. 2 Lbs., 50c. Not prepaid—10 Lbs. or over, 15c per Lb.**

Pop Corn--White Rice (No. 82) A very popular variety. The grains are white, large and pointed. Let the children plant some, so they will have corn to pop in the long winter evenings. **Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Lb., 15c. 1 Lb., 25c. 2 Lbs., 40c. 5 Lbs., 90c.**

Stowell's Evergreen Sweet Corn

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Lee's Cucumber Seed

Culture Cucumbers will not stand cold, damp weather and should not be planted until the ground is warm. Cover the seed one-half inch and put eight to ten seed to the hill. The hills should be four to six feet apart. After the plants are well started and danger from the striped beetle is pretty well over, thin to four plants in each hill. Where well-rotted manure can be obtained it is a splendid plan to work a shovelful into each hill. Plants should receive frequent but shallow cultivation until they begin to run. The fruit should be picked as soon as it is large enough and before it ripens. If you allow the fruit to ripen, the vines will cease bearing. It requires one ounce of seed to sixty hills and about two pounds per acre.

Improved Long Green (No. 83) A fine variety for the South. The fruit is twelve to sixteen inches in length, uniformly slender and of beautiful dark green color. It is crisp, tender and of excellent quality, being free from bitterness. The vines are very vigorous and produce an abundance of fruit. When small, the fruit is used for pickling. The full-sized fruit is used extensively for making sweet pickles and for slicing. This variety is good for planting all seasons and is one of the best sorts for the home garden. Packet, 10c. Oz., 20c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 50c. Lb., \$1.50.

Davis Perfect (No. 84) One of the best shipping cucumbers on the market. Fruit is rather long, averaging ten inches, and very dark green in color. It is almost seedless one-third of its length from the stem end and the seeds are so small and tender when it is large enough to slice, that they are unnoticed. This variety is of excellent shape and color, which makes it a desirable cucumber to grow for market. Packet, 10c. Oz., 20c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 50c. Lb., \$1.25.

Japanese Climbing (No. 85) This variety is a real climber. The vines are twice the length of other cucumbers and does best on poles, fences or trellises, thus saving much valuable space in small gardens. It makes fine pickles when small, and when full-sized is an excellent sort for slicing. The fruit is ten to twelve inches in length, thick and firm. It does not come into bearing as soon as other varieties, on account of its climbing habit, but continues to bear late in the season after other sorts are gone. The vines and fruit being up off the ground, it does not suffer from wet weather and insects as do the other sorts. Try some this year in your garden. Packet, 10c. Oz., 20c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 50c. Lb., \$1.50.

Early Fortune (No. 90) One of the best shipping cucumbers yet introduced. A white spined variety with fruits of a rich dark green color. The fruits average uniformly about nine inches long, cylindrical or slightly tapered at ends. The flesh is thick, crisp and tender, with a small seed cavity. A vigorous growing and productive variety, recommended highly for shipping. Packet, 10c. Oz., 15c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 40c. Lb., \$1.25.

Lee's Klondike White Spine (No. 86) In Lee's Klondike White Spine you have the ideal cucumber for market and for home garden. Through the South, and particularly in this southwestern section, this variety is planted more than all the others for the market. Each year the demand has increased until I now sell an enormous quantity of this excellent variety. The strain I offer is the finest that can be obtained, having been grown for me for years by one of the most reliable growers in the county. It is a medium early, white spined cucumber of handsome, very dark green color. Its uniform size and shape, together with its splendid color, makes it most desirable. The dark green color is retained much longer and is affected less by the hot sun than any other sort that I know. The mature fruits, when grown under favorable conditions, are often about eight inches in length. They are crisp and tender and retain their fresh, plump appearance long after being gathered. Packet, 10c. Oz., 15c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 40c. Lb., \$1.25.

Lee's Klondike White Spine Cucumber

Improved Long Green Cucumber

Everbearing (No. 87) This is a very early variety and extremely prolific. If the fruits are kept gathered, vines will continue in bearing throughout the entire season. The fruits, of rich dark green color, average from four to five inches in length by one and one-half inches in diameter. Owing to its great productivity, it is an excellent variety to plant to produce small pickles. Packet, 10c. Oz., 15c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 40c. Lb., \$1.25.

Early Short Green Pickling (No. 88) This variety is known also as Early Frame. It is a good standard sort of the medium sized varieties, used extensively for slicing, and of medium size. The flesh is crisp, tender and of excellent quality. The vines are very vigorous and productive, a fine sort for the home garden and nearby markets only. Packet, 5c. Oz., 15c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 40c. Lb., \$1.25.

Early Green Cluster (No. 89) Largely used for pickling cucumber as well as for slicing. It is an early and productive sort, the vines bearing the fruits in clusters of two or three. Packet, 5c. Oz., 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 30c. Lb., \$1.00.

LEE'S DEPENDABLE LETTUCE SEED

The lettuce seed I offer is grown in California by one of the most dependable growers. For years I have supplied thousands of family gardens and the most critical market gardeners and shippers. Lee's lettuce seed has always been found to produce the finest of hard, solid heads, to be slow to run to seed and to be of the highest purity. There is no better lettuce seed sold than Lee's, regardless of price.

Lee's Black Seeded Simpson (No. 91)

The finest curled or loose leaved lettuce for sowing outdoors. It is exceedingly popular throughout the entire South and is a lettuce of exceptional merit. The color is an attractive light yellowish green. The leaves are ruffled and blistered and even the outer leaves are very tender. It is very crisp, resists heat and drouth and remains a long time in good condition. It is also used for growing under glass. Where an exceedingly tender, thin-leaved, bunching lettuce for sowing outdoors is desired, this variety is unsurpassed. Packet, 10c. Oz., 20c. ¼ Lb., 50c. Lb., \$1.50.

Grand Rapids (No. 92)

This superb lettuce is especially adapted for greenhouse culture, being the best variety of its kind for this use. It is also a good sort to sow outdoors early in the spring in the home garden, but it does not stand hot weather as does the Lee's Black-Seeded Simpson. It makes a large, compact bunch of light, attractively curled and fringed leaves. It grows very rapidly and keeps in good marketable condition for a long time after cutting. Packet, 10c. Oz., 20c. ¼ Lb., 50c. Lb., \$1.50.

Lee's Iceberg Lettuce (No. 99)

A handsome hard heading variety which is very popular for either open ground growing or for forcing under glass. The outer leaves are light green in color and their habit of growing closely up around the head hold the head tightly together, which blanches the heart a beautiful white. The heads are of large size and of excellent flavor. In the large lettuce growing sections hundreds of carloads of Iceberg Lettuce are being shipped when no other varieties are available. Packet, 10c. Oz., 20c. ¼ Lb., 50c. Lb., \$1.75.

Lee's Black Seeded Simpson Lettuce

Prizehead (No. 93) A fine variety for the home garden and probably the easiest grown of all lettuces. It is a large, clustering, non-heading variety, exceedingly crisp, tender and of good flavor. The leaves are finely curled and crumpled, of bright green color tinged with brownish red. Packet, 10c. Oz., 20c. ¼ Lb., 50c. Lb., \$1.50.

Big Boston (No. 95) This lettuce is the standard market garden and shipping variety. It is grown extensively in the South for the nearby markets and for shipping to northern markets. It will head up under cold weather conditions better than any other variety and stand shipping exceedingly well. It does well in all climates, being very hardy and vigorous growth. The leaves are broad, comparatively smooth, but wavy at the edge. It makes an extra large, round, firm head which sells well in the market. The special strain of seed that I offer of this variety is the best that can be obtained, regardless of price. Packet, 10c. Oz., 20c. ¼ Lb., 50c. Lb., \$1.50.

New York Head (No. 98)

A fine new lettuce of unusual merit. Since its introduction a few years ago it has become very popular, being an excellent variety for the home garden and a wonderful shipper. It does well planted in all seasons of the year and in all sections of the country. It is noted for its large sized heads, they frequently weighing two to three pounds, for its compact and tight heading qualities, and for its ability to stand long distance shipping. It is very popular in the South, being a great heat resister, forming large, compact heads which resemble cabbage in their solidity. Packet, 10c. Oz., 20c. ¼ Lb., 50c. Lb., \$2.00.

Paris White Cos (No. 100)

A Romaine or Celery Lettuce having long, narrow leaves which are crisp, tender and of delicious flavor. Packet, 10c. Oz., 20c. ¼ Lb., 50c. Lb., \$1.75.

Lee's Improved Hanson

(No. 97)

Lee's Improved Hanson Lettuce is without exception the best lettuce for late spring and mid-summer crop. It is especially resistant to heat and disease and particularly resistant to the ell worm, which often shows up where least expected. It is a lettuce of excellent quality, being entirely free from any bitter taste, having a sweet and rich flavor, even to the outer leaves. It forms a large, compact head, the outer leaves are bright yellowish green, somewhat crimped and frilled at the edge. A perfect lettuce for outdoor growing and one of the best varieties for the home garden. Packet, 10c. Oz., 20c. ¼ Lb., 50c. Lb., \$1.50.

Lee's Improved Hanson Lettuce

LEE'S FINE EGG PLANT

Culture Seed should be sown in hot beds or cold frames between February 15 and March 15. Egg Plant seed requires a higher temperature for germination than any other garden vegetable and care should be taken that the average temperature is 65 degrees or higher. The soil should be very rich. When the plant has made the third or fourth pair of leaves they may be transplanted to open ground, provided the danger from frost is past. The rows should be three feet apart and the plants set two feet apart in the rows. It is well to be on the lookout for the potato bug, as these pests will destroy your crop if not controlled. There is enough seed in one 10-cent package to furnish plants for 200 feet of row.

New York Improved Large Egg Plant

(No. 103) A vigorous growing variety, producing large fruits which are free from thorns. It usually produces four to six large, oval fruits of a splendid dark purple color. This variety comes as near to being spineless as any Egg Plant that grows, and because of its large size, earliness and fine quality it is a very desirable sort. It is an excellent variety for the market gardener and the home garden. **Packet, 10c. ½ Oz., 25c. Oz., 40c. ¼ Lb., \$1.50. Lb., \$5.00.**

Black Beauty (No. 104) This variety is the earliest that grows, being ready for use ten days to two weeks earlier than the New York Improved Large Purple. It is dwarf growing and bears its fruits close to the main stem, which average two to three pounds each. While not quite as large as the New York Improved Large Purple it is a good size, and because of its earliness is used extensively by market gardeners. The fruit is very uniform in color, being a rich purplish black. **Packet, 10c. ½ Oz., 25c. Oz., 40c. ¼ Lb., \$1.50. Lb., \$5.00.**

KOHL-RABI, Early White Vienna

(No. 102) A fine vegetable, having the combined flavor of cabbage and turnip. The edible part is the turnip-shaped bulb formed above ground, which is very light green or nearly white color. They are of best quality for the table if used when about two inches in diameter. Sow in drills as soon as the ground can be worked in the spring, and when the plants are well started set out like cabbage. With successive sowings you will have a supply all summer and fall. **Packet, 10c. Oz., 25c. ¼ Lb., 75c. Lb., \$2.50.**

LEEKs The leek belongs to the onion family and should seed as early in the spring as the ground can be worked. When the plants are well up thin out to six inches apart in the row. To increase the tenderness and flavor the earth should be drawn up around the neck so as to blanch the stems. White Leek is very hardy, and in the South it may be left in the open ground all winter.

New York Improved Large Purple Egg Plant

Large American Flag Leek (No. 101)

A fine, broad leaved Leek which is very hardy and productive. This variety is very popular with the market gardeners and in the home garden. **Packet, 10c. ½ Oz., 15c. Oz., 25c. ¼ Lb., 75c. Lb., \$2.50.**

LEE'S HARDY SWEET POTATO PLANTS

Nancy Hall Sweet Potatoes

The demand for Lee's Hardy Sweet Potato Plants or Slips is rapidly increasing. I do not know of a crop that is more profitable or important to the South than Sweet Potatoes. Every farm should grow them. The plants I offer are usually ready for shipment April first and I can usually ship until July first. Send in your order early, stating about when you will want your plants, and I will try to get them to you at that time. Sweet Potato Plants or Slips remain in a dormant or planting condition about a month after being pulled, so if they arrive before you have the ground ready you need not worry. Just "heel" them in and plant them when you get your ground in shape. The plants I offer are usually about eight inches long, being of good, stocky growth and very hardy. It generally takes about 8,000 to set an acre. For small home gardens 100 to 500 plants are enough for ordinary use. Plants are shipped separate for seed orders, so send your orders in early. I have been shipping Sweet Potato Plants for the past fifteen years and I know that you will be pleased with my plants. I use only the best seed for bedding that I can procure and will say that I haven't had one single complaint in the past fifteen years on account of disease or rot. I have only one variety to offer and that is the Nancy Hall, which variety I consider to be the best eating sort. It is also a heavy yielding and good keeper. In fact, it is by far the most widely planted Sweet Potato in the South today.

Postpaid Prices: Nancy Hall Sweet Potato Plants—100 plants, \$3.50, postpaid. Orders for less than 500 take the 100 rate, and orders filled by the hundred only—not 250 or 350, but 200, 300 or 400.

LEE'S ROCKYFORD CANTALoupES

Lee's Rockyford Cantaloupe (GREEN FLESHED)

(No. 105) From the above illustration you can see what perfect size and shape the cantaloupe produced from Lee's Rockyford seed will have. Notice what a fine, heavy netting this cantaloupe has, a thing which helps greatly in resisting the attacks of insects. These kind of cantaloupes are real money-makers for the shippers and market gardeners. For the home garden they have no equal. You will be pleased with the results of planting Lee's genuine Rockyford seed. Packet, 10c. Oz., 15c. ¼ Lb., 40c. Lb., \$1.25. 5 Lbs. or over, not prepaid, \$1.00 per Lb.

LEE'S SELECTED CANTALOUPE SEED

When you buy Lee's Rockyford Cantaloupe seed you have secured the best quality of Rockyford grown seed that can be obtained, regardless of price. For years my seed has been grown under special contract by the most reliable grower in Rocky Ford, Colorado. I have personally inspected the crops at Rocky Ford and know that the seed I offer you is the best that can be obtained. Each cantaloupe is carefully selected as to size and shape and must be heavily netted before it is accepted for seed.

Lee's Rockyford Pollock No. 10-25 Cantaloupe (No. 106) (SALMON FLESHED)

Of late years there has been a growing demand for a cantaloupe of the same type as the green fleshed Rockyford, but with a salmon or pink tinted flesh. Lee's Rockyford Pollock No. 10-25 is the best variety offered of this kind, producing 90 per cent with pink meat. It is the same size and shape and has the same fine netting as the green fleshed cantaloupe shown above, the only difference being that it has salmon tinted flesh. Packet, 10c. Oz., 15c. ¼ Lb., 40c. Lb., \$1.25. 5 Lbs. or over, not prepaid, \$1.00 per Lb.

EDEN GEM (No. 96) A fine, green fleshed,

densely netted cantaloupe that has become very popular in the South. It is a profitable variety to grow, either for the market or home use. The melons are of standard size and of excellent quality. It is a heavy yielding variety, which, together with its uniform size, makes it a good money maker. Packet, 10c. Oz., 15c. ¼ Lb., 40c. Lb., \$1.25. 5 Lbs. or over, not prepaid, \$1.00 per Lb.

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MUSKMELONS

Burrell Gem (No. 107) A fine, thick meated salmon fleshed Rockyford cantaloupe. It has a thicker meat than any of the other cantaloupes, and while it is classed as a pink fleshed variety the flesh or meat is a deep yellow or orange color. Each year this cantaloupe is steadily increasing in popularity. It is a fine shape and size for crating and because of its solidity it stands up well under long distance shipping. These two important qualities make it much in demand by shippers. The rind is thin and tough and covered with a heavy gray netting which is rather coarse as compared to other Rockyford cantaloupes. The seed cavity is exceptionally small and the flesh is fine grained, sweet and spicy. When first introduced, ribs on this cantaloupe were large in size, but by careful breeding they have been reduced in size until now they are almost solid netted. A good melon for shipping or home use. **Packet, 10c. Oz., 15c. ¼ Lb., 40c. Lb., \$1.25.**

Texas Cannonball Cantaloupe (No. 108) A real sun proof and insect proof green fleshed cantaloupe. In sections where cantaloupes are liable to sun-scald or where the insects are troublesome this variety is extensively used. It is medium sized, round, and very heavily netted. The seed cavity is small, the melon being nearly all meat. The meat is firm and of delicious flavor. It is grown in all sections of the South and is a fine variety for nearby markets or home use. It is a medium early variety and produces an abundance of well shaped fruit. If you have had trouble in raising other varieties, plant the Texas Cannonball this year. **Packet, 10c. Oz., 15c. ¼ Lb., 40c. Lb., \$1.25.**

Burrell Gem Cantaloupe

Banana Cantaloupe (No. 109) This is a cantaloupe that should be in every home garden. It is a curious melon, attaining a length of eighteen to thirty inches and a diameter of two to five inches. It resembles a banana in shape and flavor and for this reason has been named banana cantaloupe. The melon is nearly solid, with thick, salmon colored meat which is of excellent flavor. It does not mature until late in the season and is strictly a melon for nearby markets and home use. It is generally considered by those who are not familiar with this melon that it is a mere curiosity. This is not a fact, however. Because of its odd shape and attractive odor it brings a high price in the market, selling as high as 50c to \$1.00 each. Plant some in the garden this year. **Packet, 10c. Oz., 20c. ¼ Lb., 50c. Lb., \$1.50.**

Muskmelon (No. 110) This is the largest Muskmelon that grows. The skin is green and the flesh is light green in color. It has a delicious, melting flavor and the melons sometimes weigh as high as thirty pounds. The vine is prolific and fruit will mature in about eighty days. A good muskmelon to sell on the late market. **Packet, 10c. Oz., 15c. ¼ Lb., 40c. Lb., \$1.25.**

Bug Death

The safest, surest remedy for killing melon bugs. Refer to page 63.

Texas Cannonball Cantaloupe

Large Hackensack (No. 111) The best of the extra large, green-fleshed melons. It is an old, well known variety and for a very large green-fleshed melon it is planted more than any other variety. It is a very hardy and productive sort, bearing an abundance of large, delicious melons. The ribs are very irregular in width and very deep. The melon is nearly round, being always somewhat flattened at the ends and is densely covered with coarse netting. The meat is green, inclining towards yellow at the center, thick and of excellent flavor. The melons are too large for shipping, but one of the best for nearby markets and home use. **Packet, 5c. Oz., 10c. ¼ Lb., 30c. Lb., \$1.00.**

Honey Dew Melon (No. 112) This melon has certainly been named correctly. You have to eat one to fully appreciate the delicious honey-like flavor of this wonderful melon. It is a distinct new type, resembling the Casaba melons of the Pacific coast, growing uniform in size, being about six inches in diameter and seven or eight inches in length. The skin is a dull white color when ripe. The melons usually weight six to eight pounds and are smooth, having no netting. The flesh is a light green color, very thick, rich and a spicy flavor. The rind is thin, very tough, and of such close texture that the delicious flesh is practically sealed up and will keep in fine condition for several weeks after they are ripe. The vines are hardy and yield enormously, every melon being a good one in growing this wonderful new melon for the first time, many condemn it because they do not let it ripen before eating. It is not ready to pull until the color shows the slightest tendency toward yellow and then it is not ready to eat until a few days afterwards, when it becomes slightly soft on the blossom end. It commands a high price in the markets and is a very profitable melon to grow. For home use it is unequalled and will be greatly enjoyed by all. **Packet, 10c. Oz., 20c. ¼ Lb., 65c. Lb., \$2.00. Not prepaid—10 Lbs. or over, \$1.75 per Lb.**

Large Hackensack Cantaloupe

THE NEW HONEYBALL MELON

(No. 94) This fine new melon was originated by W. H. Parker in Tarrant County, Texas, by crossing the Honeydew melon with the Texas Cannon Ball. The cross, while taking some of the characteristics of both of the parents, has many features distinct and superior to either. The flavor is delicious and distinctly different to anything ever known in the cantaloupe line. When you eat it once, you have the habit. The melon is larger than the ordinary cantaloupe, but is not so large as the Honeydew. It is slightly netted and almost perfectly round. The meat is cream yellow with green tinge and is very thick and firm. The seed cavity is small and well filled and the seed hold for many days after ripening without turning loose from the tentacles. The Honeyball should not be pulled from the vine until the stem will slip. If you attempt to pick up a melon and it does not readily turn loose, place it back and wait

until it turns loose from the stem. After it is pulled, if it is properly cared for, it will keep for several weeks to twenty-one days. For eating it is better to let the melons lie in a cool place for several days after being pulled. When fully ripe and mellow the thin outside rind can be peeled off like an orange and the whole of the meat eaten. They should be planted as other melons, but are somewhat harder, and my experience with them is that they will stand a frost that will kill tomatoes and other tender plants, without damage. Plant close together to prevent melons growing too large; 3x5 or 6x6 are good distances on good land. The melon is a little later than some of the Rocky Ford varieties, but will sell for good prices on markets where other cantaloupes are a drag. Be sure and try some of this wonderful new melon. Packet, 15c. Oz., 25c. ¼ Lb., 55c. Lb., \$3.00.

LEE'S SOUTHERN GROWN WATERMELON SEED

The watermelon seed that I offer you is Southern grown and the best obtainable. I grow no melons for commercial purposes. All my crops are planted exclusively for seed and are hand selected. For years I have supplied the largest melon growers in this section. If you grow melons for shipping, or only for the home market, you cannot afford to take chances by planting an inferior grade of seed such as are gathered from melons left over after the shipping season and from culls. I repeat again that the seed I offer you is unquestionably the finest produced in the United States.

Lee's Georgia Rattlesnake (No. 119)

This is the oldest and best known of all the Georgia melons. It is considered the best second early melon on the market and is grown extensively all over the South. The strain of seed I offer you of this variety is without exception the finest on the market. This variety is a splendid shipper and of fine quality and flavor. My special strain of seed of this fine melon is sure to please you. Packet, 5c. Oz., 10c. ¼ Lb., 30c. Lb., 90c. 5 Lbs., \$4.00.

Florida Favorite (No. 120)

The extra early variety is just right for home use and nearby markets. The rind being rather tough makes it a fair shipper. It is unsurpassed for quality, having bright crimson flesh and red to the rind. Long and beautiful shape, of dark green color, being irregularly striped with lighter green. It is of sweet and delicious flavor, ripening in about 80 days. The seed that I offer is the same as I have been selling to the largest growers with entire satisfaction for the past fifteen years. Packet, 5c. Oz., 10c. ¼ Lb., 30c. Lb., 90c. 5 Lbs., \$4.00.

A FINE NEW WATERMELON

New Perfection

(No. 121)

This fine new melon has been on the market about a year. It was originated and introduced by Mr. Halbert, who is the originator of the famous Halbert's Honey Watermelon. From all reports this melon bids fair to replace all of the commercial varieties from the fact that it is a fine shipping melon with a sweet, tender flesh. Until this melon was introduced, I know of no melon that had these two important features combined. It belongs to the large type of melons and will grow to size of 50 to 75 pounds. It ripens about the average date of most melons, being not real early or real late. The shape is oval or oblong. The rind is very tough, of dark, glossy green color. The fact that the rind is extra tough makes it a very desirable sort, as it prolongs the marketing period beyond that of any ordinary melon. The flesh is very sweet, free from strings and of dark red color. The seeds are white with black tips, and many have full black fleshes with only white rim. The beautiful color and fine shape, together with its sweetness and flavor, make this an ideal melon for both home and market purposes. Packet, 10c. Oz., 15c. ¼ Lb., 35c. Lb., \$1.00. 5 Lbs., \$4.50.

LEE'S WATERMELON COLLECTIONS

LEE'S 4-OUNCE MELON COLLECTION (No. 117)

FOUR OUNCES, POSTPAID, 30 CENTS. I will send you, postpaid, for 30c, one ounce each of Irish Grey, Georgia Rattlesnake, Kieckley Sweet and Watson. This is a fine assortment and enough seed to plant a good sized patch.

LEE'S ONE-ACRE MELON COLLECTION (No. 118)

For \$1.50 I will send you, postpaid, ¼ pound each of Kieckley Sweet, Georgia Rattlesnake, Florida Favorite, Irish Grey and Watson. A little over a pound of seed will plant an acre, and this collection gives a fine assortment.

LEE'S STONE MOUNTAIN WATERMELON

THE FINEST WATERMELON THAT GROWS

(No. 123) This new Stone Mountain Watermelon is, in my opinion, the finest home watermelon that has ever been introduced. It originated in Georgia, near the famous Stone Mountain, after which it takes its name. One of my growers who planted a large acreage of this wonderful new melon says, in part: "The Stone Mountain is one of the very best melons I ever tasted and for home use or small truckers I don't think there is anything any better." The Stone Mountain is a very large, almost round, melon, sometimes weighing as high as 80 pounds. The rind is a light green color and the melon ripens close to the rind. The flesh is a very deep red, very sweet and of a delicious flavor. The rind on this melon is too tender for a shipper. From the many reports of this melon last season I believe it to be the best flavored and largest home melon on the market. The color of the flesh of this melon is different from the ordinary melon and the flavor is the finest to be had. This wonderful melon is almost all heart, is solid through, and has very few seeds. It is one of the best late melons I know of, making a fine crop of late melons when others fail. Be sure and try this wonderful melon this year. The supply of seed of this variety is limited and I would suggest that you order early. **Packet, 10c. Oz., 20c. ¼ Lb., 40c. Lb., \$1.25. 5 Lbs., \$5.50.**

THURMOND GRAY---A Wonderful Shipper

A NEW MELON THAT WILL MAKE YOU MONEY

(No. 129) A new, greenish gray melon of exceptional qualities that is becoming very popular with Southern shippers. It was originated by Mr. C. A. Thurmond of Georgia. So far it has not been subject to the diseases that have damaged other melons and this, together with it being a good producer and standing wet weather well, makes it a valuable sort. It is very hard to sunburn, the rind being a rich greenish-gray color. The melon is long and thick, very uniform in its growth, being the same size at each end. The flesh is sweet and tender and the melon has every quality

of a perfect shipper. The melons average about 50 pounds. This excellent melon makes the most perfect car pack of any of the varieties, being very uniform in its growth and filling out the same at both ends. On account of its high qualities as a shipper for both long and short hauls it brings a good price in the market. A crop failure of this fine melon has not been known to Mr. Thurmond, who originated and has grown this melon for forty years. **Packet, 10c. Oz., 15c. ¼ Lb., 35c. Lb., \$1.00. 5 Lbs., \$4.50.**

LEE'S SOUTHERN GROWN WATERMELON SEED

HALBERT HONEY (No. 113) --The Sweetest Watermelon that Grows This is the finest eating melon of them all. The flesh is a delicious crimson red, extending nearly to the skin, the rind being very thin and brittle. It is without strings in the flesh and melts away in the mouth like so much honey. It is without a doubt the sweetest, best flavored melon that grows. It is as handsome in color as the Kleckley Sweet, but more regular in form and much more productive. It is long in shape, blunt at the ends, early and grows to rather large size. The rind is not tough enough for long distance shipping. Packet, 10c. Oz., 15c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 35c. Lb., \$1.00. 5 Lbs., \$4.50.

Improved Kleckley Sweet (No. 114) ---The Fine Flavored Watermelon

This fine, new, improved Kleckley Sweet Watermelon is a wonderful improvement over the old Kleckley. It is regular in shape, being large, heavy, oblong and of an even dark green skin. It is better in every way than the old Kleckley, being larger, sweeter and of better quality. The melons ripen right up to the thin rind; the flesh is a bright scarlet and very sweet. The eating qualities of this melon are unsurpassed. The rind is too thin to stand for long distance shipping, but for a home garden and nearby market sort it is perfect. Packet, 10c. Oz., 15c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 35c. Lb., \$1.00. 5 Lbs., \$4.50.

The "Watson" or "Tom Watson" Watermelon (No. 115)

The most largely planted melon in the South for shipping purposes. It has the three desirable qualities of being a splendid melon for shipping, for the nearby markets and for home use. The Watson is of excellent quality, being above the average, and its tough, medium thin rind makes it an exceptionally fine shipping sort. It is a long, dark, mottled green melon of attractive color and size and brings the top price in the market. There is a large quantity of "run-out" or cheap Watson seed on the market which is saved from melons that are left over from the shipping season, and from runt or cull melons. You cannot afford to plant such seeds. Buy Lee's and plant the best. Packet, 10c. Oz., 15c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 35c. Lb., \$1.00. 5 Lbs., \$4.50.

IRISH GREY (No. 116) The New Watermelon

This distinct new melon bids fair to become one of the most popular shipping and home garden sorts. It is equally as good as the Watson in both of these respects. It is very productive and will produce more good melons under the same conditions than any other variety. The melons are long, thick and of uniform size, having a thin but tough rind of yellowish grey color interwoven with threadlike veins. The flesh is bright, sparkling red, sweet and entirely free from hard centers or stringiness. This melon is especially valuable on account of its vigorous vines, which hold up well late in the season, producing melons when other varieties have died out. You will make no mistake in planting this variety for market or home use. Packet, 10c. Oz., 15c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 35c. Lb., \$1.00. 5 Lbs., \$4.50.

Lee's Prizetaker Onion

LEE'S ONION SEED

Culture The Onion is the most healthful vegetable I list and is perhaps more universally grown than any other vegetable. Onions grown direct from seed are good keepers for months, and should be in every home garden. For home use, onion seeds or sets should be planted as early in the spring as the ground can be worked. The use of sets is absolutely unnecessary as a matter of earliness. The seeds make better onions in every respect, as they are better shaped, longer keeping and bring a better price in the market. Sow in rows 12 to 18 inches apart and cover one-half inch deep. When large enough thin to three inches apart. One ounce of seed will plant 200 feet of row; four or five pounds per acre.

Lee's Prizetaker Onion (No. 132)

Lee's Prizetaker Onion seed is the best obtainable. I have supplied the largest growers in this section for years with my special strain of Prizetaker, and nowhere have I seen onions that show up any better than those grown from my seed. The seed I offer is the best American grown, which is superior to the imported seed of this variety. The Prizetaker is a light straw colored onion of globe shape. The flesh is creamy white, with a mild and agreeable flavor. The onion grows to a large size, frequently measuring 12 to 18 inches in circumference, and fine bulbs have been raised weighing $4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 pounds each. It has a small neck, ripens up hard and will keep any reasonable length of time. It does well planted in all sections and is an exceptionally fine variety. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 15c. Oz., 25c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 60c. Lb., \$2.00.

Australian Brown (No. 133) (The Long Keeper)

don't know of anything more practical than growing a supply of onions for winter use. A good many folks object to growing onions for fear they won't keep during the fall and winter months. The Australian Brown Onion has been known to keep for one solid year from the time it was pulled from the ground, and, except for a little shrinkage or loss of weight, was in perfect condition. It is a handsome onion, round in shape with a thick skin of a beautiful rich brown color. The flesh is always white, extremely solid, and mild in flavor. It is an extremely hardy variety, yielding an enormous crop in both weight and bulk, a desirable onion for the home garden as well as for the market. Packet, 5c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 10c. Oz., 20c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 65c. Lb., \$2.00.

Large Red Wethersfield (No. 134)

This variety is the most widely planted red onion in the South. It is an old and well known sort which has given complete satisfaction in the South for years. It is almost round in shape, with skin of deep red color. The flesh is white, tinged with pink, and of excellent quality. It is a sure and heavy yielder especially adapted to dry soils. It is a good keeper and when grown for market finds ready sale. The special strain of seed that I offer of this variety is the same I have sold here with such excellent results for the past twenty years. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 15c. Oz., 25c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 60c. Lb., \$2.00.

Lee's Large White Globe (No. 135)

This is one of the most beautiful onions grown. The skin is clear, waxy white; the flesh fine grained and mild flavored. These large globe shaped onions bring the highest price on the market. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 20c. Oz., 30c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 90c. Lb., \$3.00.

Lee's Large Yellow Globe (No. 136)

Large, uniform globe shaped onions of rich yellow color, slightly tinged with orange. Flesh is a creamy white, mild and of very fine quality. A good keeper. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 15c. Oz., 25c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 75c. Lb., \$2.50.

Lee's Large Red Globe (No. 137)

A handsome globe shaped onion of rich purplish crimson color. Aside from the white varieties, it brings the highest market price. It is a good keeper and of excellent quality. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 15c. Oz., 25c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 75c. Lb., \$2.50.

Lee's Silver Skin Onion (No. 142)

White Portugal. A splendid pickling onion with mild flavor and silvery white skin. It is extensively used for raising sets, as the little bulbs are very uniform. The onions usually mature about ten days earlier than White Globe and are fine for fall and early winter use. Onions are of good size, nearly round, being somewhat flattened. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 20c. Oz., 30c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 90c. Lb., \$2.75.

Lee's Large Red Wethersfield Onion

Lee's Bermuda Onion Seed

The Most Profitable Onion For The South

There is no vegetable crop more profitable than Bermuda Onions. This is a broad statement, but it has been proven many times. The only time it has failed is where the crop is grown with the same careless cultivation as is given cotton, melons or beans. Onions cannot be grown successfully and profitably in this manner. They require careful and thorough cultivation and the grower willing to give them this will reap a handsome profit from his crop. It is nothing uncommon for an acre of Bermuda Onions to clear \$100.00 net profit, and some growers clear as high as \$500.00 per acre. The strain of seed I offer is surpassed by none and has few equals. Growers using Lee's Bermuda Onion seed have secured better prices than those that did not, and therefore made larger profits. My extra selected strain of seed produce onions of superior quality, which are free from Reds, Pinks, Doubles and Splits. These important facts should not be overlooked in the purchase of seed. My seeds are grown with the utmost care in the Canary Islands, located off the coast of Africa. Due to their mild, sweet flavor, the Bermuda Onions are fast replacing other varieties in the South, and every gardener should grow them either for market or home use.

MARKET GARDENERS

Wishing to buy seed in quantity will please mail us a list of your probable wants, so that we can quote you special prices.

Lee's Bermuda Onion—The Earliest, Mildest Flavored Onion for the South

Yellow Bermuda Onion (No. 139)

This is the most widely planted of the Bermuda varieties. It is the kind used mostly in Texas, where most of the big commercial crops of Bermuda Onions are grown. It is light yellow, or straw colored, onion. The flesh is a clear, sparkling white. It is without question one of the finest varieties of onion that grows, and especially adapted to the South. It is very early and a heavy yielder. It is the mildest flavored onion in the world and probably the most attractive. Due to its extreme mildness it is the most popular onion on the market. It finds ready sale, bringing the highest market price. If you have never grown this desirable onion be sure to try some this year. You can buy no better seed than those I offer you, at any price. Packet, 10c. ½ Oz., 20c. Oz., 30c. ¼ Lb., 90c. Lb., \$2.75.

Lee's Crystal Wax Bermuda (No. 141)

That this is the most beautiful onion grown is an undisputed fact. It is clear, waxy, pure white, and most attractive. The flesh is white, fine grained, tender, exceedingly mild and sweet. In fact, it is identical with the Yellow Bermuda, except in color. This one difference, however, is a big thing in the market, as this onion, on account of its handsome appearance, sells faster and brings a better price than any other variety. The eastern markets pay 25 to 50 cents a crate more for this variety and the demand is never filled. In your local markets you will find that this onion will largely replace all others during spring and early summer. It will pay you to grow this fine onion, either for market or home use. You cannot afford to take a chance with just any seeds. Send to Lee's and know you are getting dependable seeds. Packet, 10c. ½ Oz., 25c. Oz., 40c. ¼ Lb., \$1.40. Lb., \$4.75.

Lee's Three Best Onion Collection (No. 138), 25 Cents Postpaid

So many folks want an onion collection that will give them a selection that will last them practically the whole year. Lee's Three Best Onion Collection (No. 138) fills this want. It consists of one packet each of Lee's Pritzaker, Red Watersfield and Yellow Bermuda onion seed. Isn't this a fine selection and just what you want? 25c. postpaid.

ONION SETS FOR SPRING PLANTING

Onion sets are most planted in the home garden for early onions to pull green. There is a good demand in the market for green onions and any surplus can be readily disposed of at good prices. Owing to variations, I sell onion sets by weight only, one pound usually equalling about one quart. Sets are planted three inches apart in rows twelve to fifteen inches apart.

Red Globe Sets More red sets are planted than any other variety of sets. They produce fine green onions and the matured onion keeps better than other kinds raised from sets. Lb., 20c. 8 Lbs. (Pk.), \$1.10, postpaid. Write for prices on larger quantities.

Yellow Globe Sets The standard yellow variety, globe shaped yellow onions of good quality. Plant a few Lb., 20c. 8 Lbs. (Pk.), \$1.10, postpaid. Write for prices on larger quantities.

Silver-Skin Sets The onions raised from this variety do not keep as well as the red or yellow sorts. The onions are large, silvery white and of excellent quality. They are early, and owing to their white color sell better in the market. Lb., 25c. 8 Lbs. (Pk.), \$1.25, postpaid. Write for quantity prices.

LEE'S BERMUDA ONION PLANTS

These Onions Were Grown from Sets

These Onions Were Grown from Plants

The above picture shows Onions grown from Sets and Plants. They were planted in the same bed, fertilized and cultivated alike. You can readily see the advantage of using Lee's Bermuda Onion Plants. It will pay you.

During the last two years the demand for Bermuda Onion Plants has steadily increased. While the use of Onion Plants is a new thing, there are more of them planted now than sets. By looking at the above picture you can easily see the advantage in using the plants in preference to the sets.

The popularity of Onion Plants is accounted for in several ways. One reason is that they produce so much larger Onions than the average Onion produced from sets. I have customers who tell me they get more pounds of Onions from 100 plants than from one gallon of sets. Another reason is the superior quality of the Bermuda Onion, which is considered the best flavored and sweetest Onion that grows. Another point that should not be overlooked is the keeping quality of Onions grown from these plants. They are equal in keeping quality to Onions grown from the seed, as these plants are simply seed growth transplanted. Another reason is that Onions raised from these plants mature from two to three weeks earlier than those raised from sets.

Onion Plants will stand being out of the ground from two to three weeks and still grow, but it is more desirable to set them out as soon as possible after they are received. The plants I supply have extra heavy roots and are fine plants in every way. If these plants are kept out of the ground very long these roots will all drop off, but that does not mean the plants will not still grow. The roots that are now on the plants do not take hold, no matter how soon you get them out, but new roots put out and take hold as soon as they are in the ground a few days.

PLEASE REMEMBER Plants cannot be pulled or shipped in rainy or freezing weather because when wet they heat too rapidly. We sometimes have a week or ten days of continued wet weather which prevents shipment. Your order will be accepted with the understanding that you are willing to allow for delays such as explained above, over which I have absolutely no control. Order early and state about what date you wish your plants sent. I will ship just as near the time desired as weather and other conditions will permit. Orders can be filled from December to May first.

VARIETIES

LEE'S YELLOW BERMUDA

LEE'S CRYSTAL WHITE WAX BERMUDA

Please Read Carefully So You Will Fully Understand the Following Prices

PRICES FOR LEE'S YELLOW BERMUDA ONION PLANTS—
Prices by mail, postpaid—Per 100, 30c. 500 plants for \$1.15.
1,000 plants for \$2.00. 5,000 plants or over at \$1.85 per 1,000.
Not prepaid, by express—1,000 to 4,000 plants at \$1.65 per 1,000.
1,000. 5,000 to 10,000 plants at \$1.40 per 1,000.

NOTE—No order for less than 100 plants of the same kind filled. Orders are filled by the 100, not by 250 or 350, but 200, 300, 400, 500, etc.

While I have stated this before, I want to fully impress it in your mind, that the Bermuda Onion is the best Onion that grows. They grow larger, keep longer, and are much sweeter than most other varieties. The easiest, surest and quickest way to raise them is from plants. Onions raised from plants mature from two to three weeks earlier than those raised from sets.

Lee's Bermuda Onion Plants will produce delicious young Onions for table use during the late spring and early summer. They can be set out at the same time you would plant Onion Sets or Cabbage plants, with every assurance of producing a good crop of Onions. Plant in rows about fifteen inches apart, and three to four inches in the rows.

Except for Lee's Frost Proof Cabbage Plants, there has been nothing in the plant line that equals Lee's Bermuda Onion Plants. They are ideal for both the small garden and for the larger Onion grower. I heartily recommend them to you and know that you will be pleased with the results. Once you have used them you will always use them.

SPECIAL NOTICE

Owing to the shortage of Bermuda Onion seed and its high price, some growers are using other than the genuine Bermuda Onion seed for the growing of plants. By using inferior seed they are able to sell the plants for less. Be sure you are getting the genuine plants by sending your order to Lee's.

PRICES FOR LEE'S CRYSTAL WHITE WAX ONION PLANTS—
Prices by mail, postpaid—Per 100, 35c. 500 plants for \$1.25.
1,000 plants for \$2.25. 5,000 plants or over at \$2.10 per 1,000.
Not prepaid, by express—1,000 to 4,000 plants at \$1.90 per 1,000.
1,000. 5,000 to 10,000 plants at \$1.65 per 1,000.

Orders are filled by the 100, not by 250 or 350, but 200,

LEE'S GARDEEN FOR ENGLISH PEAS

Culture The first varieties planted in the garden in spring are Lee's Extra Early and Alaska Extra Early. They are the earliest and hardiest of all peas and it takes a hard freeze to kill them. They start planting these two varieties in this section about the last of January and plant at intervals of ten days or two weeks until about April first. After this date it is advisable to sow only the taller growing varieties with wrinkled seed like the Bliss Everbearing. The wrinkled varieties will rot in cold ground without germinating and must not be planted until the ground warms up. The Extra Early varieties should be sown in drills thickly and covered about two inches. One quart of seed will plant 100 feet of row. The second early or main crop varieties should not be planted until the ground warms up, usually in the month of April in this section.

Lee's Extra Early (No. 143) An excellent variety for market gardeners and shippers. It is the earliest and most even strain of white extra early peas that grows, maturing so well together that sometimes a single picking will secure the entire crop. It grows two and one-half to three feet in height. The vines are hardy and vigorous, bearing three to seven straight pods of good size, about two and one-half inches long, each containing five to seven medium sized, smooth peas of good quality. This variety is ready for market when the prices are the highest and this makes it a desirable variety for market gardeners and shippers. **Packet, 10c. ½ Lb., 20c. Lb., 40c. 2 Lbs., 75c. Not prepaid—15 Lbs. (Pk.), \$2.50. 50 Lbs. (Bu.), \$9.00.**

Alaska Extra Early (No. 144) This is the early variety you can plant in the home garden. It is the heaviest bearer and the best quality of all the round seeded extra early sorts. It is also a valuable variety for market gardeners and canners. More Alaska peas are grown than any other one variety. It is a variety of strong, robust growth and large yields. Vines are from two to three feet high, of light green color, with pods of slightly lighter color. The pods are about two and one-half inches in length and blunt at the apex. They have four to six peas in a pod. When matured the seed is small, smooth and of bluish green color. There are a great many Alaska peas on the market which are from run-out stock or else not kept true to name. There is no better seed of this variety to be had than the special strain I offer. Take no chances. Buy Lee's and be satisfied. **Packet, 10c. ½ Lb., 20c. Lb., 40c. 2 Lbs., 75c. Not prepaid—15 Lbs. (Pk.), \$2.50. 50 Lbs. (Bu.), \$9.00.**

Alaska Extra Early

Bliss Everbearing Peas

LEE'S
TESTED
SEEDS

Nott's Excelsior (No. 145) The best extra early dwarf wrinkled pea. It combines the good qualities of the American Wonder and Little Gem Peas. The vines grow about twelve inches high, are larger and more productive than the American Wonder and earlier than the Little Gem. For the home garden where brush or sticks are not available, and for those who desire an early dwarf pea of long bearing qualities, this is probably the best sort in cultivation. It is mostly noted, however, for its delicious flavor. **Packet, 10c. ½ Lb., 25c. Lb., 45c. 2 Lbs., 80c. Not prepaid—14 Lbs. (Pk.), \$3.00. 50 Lbs. (Bu.), \$10.00.**

Thomas Laxton (No. 146) An early, wrinkled variety of great medium height, about three feet, similar to those of Gradus but darker in color, harder and more productive. The pods are large, often four inches long, with square ends similar to, but larger, longer and darker than those of Champion of England, and as uniformly well filled. The green peas are very large, of fine, deep color and unsurpassed in quality. One of the very best sorts for the market and home garden. **Packet, 10c. ½ Lb., 25c. Lb., 45c. 2 Lbs., 80c. Not prepaid—14 Lbs. (Pk.), \$2.75. 50 Lbs. (Bu.), \$10.00.**

Gradus or Prosperity (No. 147) A fine, extra early variety that is very hardy and can be planted almost as early as Alaska. It is highly prized by both home and market gardeners for its many qualities. It is a wrinkled pea, growing about forty inches high; vigorous, hardy and productive. Pods are large and well filled with peas of the finest quality. **Packet, 10c. ½ Lb., 25c. Lb., 45c. 2 Lbs., 80c. Not prepaid—14 Lbs. (Pk.), \$2.75. 50 Lbs. (Bu.), \$10.00.**

SECOND EARLY VARIETIES--MAIN CROPS

Bliss Everbearing (No. 149) The most popular second early or main crop variety for home garden or nearby markets. This excellent wrinkled variety grows about two to two and one-half feet high, maturing its pods in about sixty-five days, and is especially adapted to summer and autumn cropping. Its habit of growth is of peculiar branching character, forming as many as ten stalks to a single root. It will do well without sticks or brush and is especially noted for its continuance of bearing. Repeated pickings may be made, for the vine continues to produce a successional crop of pods through a long season. **Packet, 10c. ½ Lb., 25c. Lb., 40c. 2 Lbs., 75c. Not prepaid—14 Lbs. (Pk.), \$2.75. 50 Lbs. (Bu.), \$10.00.**

Lee's Improved Telephone Peas

LEE'S GEORGIA GROWN OKRA

Okra is strictly a Southern vegetable, growing well any place in the cotton belt. It is a most healthful vegetable and is generally found in every Southern garden. The seed I offer is grown in northern Georgia, and for earliness and quality is unsurpassed. Okra is strictly a warm weather plant and should be planted early. The young, tender pods are used mainly in soups and stews although they are excellent when served as a salad, either boiled or fried. Seed should be sown when the ground is thoroughly warm, generally in April and May, in drills three feet apart. Cover the seed with about one inch of soil and when the plants are well up thin to 12 to 18 inches apart in the rows. One ounce of seed to 50 feet of row; about eight pounds per acre.

Lee's White Velvet Okra (No. 154) An excellent variety for home use and local shipping. The pods of this variety are round and smooth. They are almost altogether free from ridges or squared edges as found in other varieties, and are not prickly to the touch. The fine strain of seed I offer of this variety produces pods of superior flavor and tenderness. This variety is very early, producing its smooth, white pods in 55 days. **Packet, 5c. Oz., 10c. ¼ Lb., 25c. Lb., 75c.**

Perkins Mammoth Long Podded Okra (No. 155)

This is the best variety for market and shipping purposes, being ready for use in 50 to 55 days. The pods are of an intensely dark green color of unusual length, frequently ten inches. It is very productive, pods starting to shoot out within three or four inches from the bottom of the stalk, and the whole plant is covered with them to the height of a man's head (five to six feet). The pods are very tender, and do not harden up as is usually the case with other long, slender sorts. **Packet, 5c. Oz., 10c. ¼ Lb., 25c. Lb., 75c.**

PARSNIP

Culture Sow the seed thickly in rows one and one-half to two feet apart, as early in the spring as the ground can be worked. Give frequent and thorough cultivation and when the plants are well up thin four to six inches in the row. Seed can be sown from February to May. One ounce of seed plants 160 feet of row; five pounds per acre.

Hollow Crown Parsnip (No. 127) This is the best and most productive variety, both for market and home use. The roots, which are white, grow long, and are smooth, tender, sweet and are of excellent flavor. The roots in good soil grow about fifteen inches long and three inches across the shoulder. They are uniform in size and shape, smooth and of handsome appearance. **Packet, 10c. Oz., 15c. ¼ Lb., 30c. Lb., \$1.00.**

SECOND EARLY OR MAIN CROP PEAS

Lee's Improved Telephone (No. 150)

One of the best tall-growing wrinkled varieties for home garden or market. It grows about four feet high, is vigorous and a great bearer, maturing in about 70 days. The pods are of large size, containing eight to ten peas each, which are a bright green color and of sugary flavor. The vines average 18 to 20 pods each and bear through a long season. **Packet, 10c. ½ Lb., 20c. Lb., 40c. 2 Lbs., 70c. Not prepaid—14 Lbs. (Pk.), \$2.75. 56 Lbs. (Bu.), \$10.00.**

Champion of England (No. 151)

A standard late variety growing four or five feet high. It is universally admitted to be one of the richest and best flavored of the late peas. The pods are large, about three inches long. I consider this variety one of the best of its kind, either for the home garden or market. **Packet, 10c. ½ Lb., 20c. Lb., 40c. 2 Lbs., 75c. Not prepaid—14 Lbs. (Pk.), \$2.00. 56 Lbs. (Bu.), \$9.50.**

Large White Marrowfat (No. 152)

A late, tall variety; vines are about five feet high and of strong growth. It is desirable for summer use and undoubtedly one of the most productive of the garden varieties. **Packet, 10c. ½ Lb., 20c. Lb., 35c. 2 Lbs., 65c. Not prepaid—15 Lbs. (Pk.), \$2.25. 60 Lbs. (Bu.), \$8.00.**

SALSIFY OR VEGETABLE OYSTER

A delicious vegetable for winter use. Should not be used before frost and it is improved by remaining in the ground during freezing weather. Sow in shallow rows 18 inches apart early in the spring and let it grow all summer. One ounce of seed to 100 feet of drill.

Mammoth Sandwich Island (No. 156)

The best white variety to grow. Large and strong growing, with long, smooth, white, tapering roots, and less liable to branch than any other kind. **Packet, 10c. Oz., 25c. ¼ Lb., 75c. Lb., \$2.50.**

Mammoth Long Podded Okra

LEE'S DEPENDABLE PEPPERS

Chinese Giant Pepper

gent flavor. It is a heavy producer and rather early, requiring about 140 days to fully mature, but like most all peppers can be used green just as soon as it becomes large enough. Packet, 5c. ½ Oz., 20c. Oz., 30c. ¼ Lb., \$1.00. Lb., \$3.50.

Lee's Royal King (No. 160) In this variety you have obtained in the way of a bell type pepper. It is a very attractive pepper, an excellent shipper, and commands the top prices in the market. I highly recommend this variety as an all-round pepper for the home garden, nearby markets or shipping. It grows to a large size, is very mild, and when ripe is of a bright scarlet color. The flesh is thick, meaty and fine flavored. Plants grow two to two and one-half feet high, vigorous and productive, bearing an enormous yield throughout the season. It is especially desirable for shipping due to its regularity in size and shape, which make it an exceptionally desirable variety for good packing and fine appearance on arrival in the markets. Packet, 10c. ½ Oz., 20c. Oz., 35c. ¼ Lb., \$1.25. Lb., \$4.00.

Ruby King (No. 161) An old, well-known standard variety of excellent quality. Fruits frequently run four and one-half inches in length, having usually three lobes. A deep rich green color when young, ripening to a bright rich crimson at maturity. The flesh is thick and of mild flavor. Packet, 10c. ½ Oz., 20c. Oz., 35c. ¼ Lb., \$1.25. Lb., \$4.00.

Lee's Golden Queen (No. 162) Similar in shape to Lee's Royal King, but of rich, creamy color. The flesh is thick and surpasses all other peppers in quality, having an exceedingly mild, sweet and delicious flavor. This variety is very popular with those who have used it, but owing to crop failure I have been unable to supply any of this seed the past few years. I can offer only a limited quantity this year. Packet, 10c. ½ Oz., 20c. Oz., 35c. ¼ Lb., \$1.25. Lb., \$4.00.

Red Chili Pepper (No. 163) A very hot, pungent, bright red pepper used for flavoring. Dwarf growing, with slender, pointed fruits about one inch long, which are about one-half inch thick at the base and taper to a sharp point. Packet, 10c. ½ Oz., 20c. Oz., 35c. ¼ Lb., \$1.25. Lb., \$4.00.

Long Red Cayenne (No. 164) A well-known hot pepper, larger than Red Chili, but just as hot and pungent. It is a medium early sort, having a slender, twisted and pointed pod about four inches long. A bright red color when ripe. Packet, 10c. ½ Oz., 20c. Oz., 35c. ¼ Lb., \$1.25. Lb., \$4.00.

Lee's Mixed Peppers (No. 165) This fine mixture gives to the home garden peppers of all sizes, both sweet and hot. It consists of some of each variety of pepper that is listed by me. Nearly every home gardener wants both sweet and hot peppers in their garden, and I have offered you this fine mixture knowing it will give you satisfaction. Packet, 10c. 3 Packets, 25c.

Culture Peppers are more tender than most vegetables. The seed does not germinate freely in a temperature of less than 65 degrees and should either be started in hot beds or boxes in the house. If sown outdoors, planting should be deferred until the ground becomes warm in the spring. When the plants are about three inches high, and all danger from frost is past, they can be set in the open ground in rows about two and one-half feet apart and two feet apart in the row. One ounce of pepper seed will usually make about 1,000 good, strong plants if properly handled. To be sure of a sufficient quantity of plants for an acre ½ pound of seed is generally sown.

Chinese Giant (No. 157) The Chinese Giant is one of the largest and finest peppers in cultivation. The plant is about two feet high, of strong, vigorous growth, stocky and erect in habit, very productive, and ripens its fruits earlier than the Ruby King. The compact plants are very prolific, setting three to four extra fruits at the base quite early in the season, which ripens while a second crop is setting on the branches. The fruits are quite square, averaging four inches in diameter, and is a bright, glossy scarlet color when ripe. The flesh is usually thick and very mild, having none of the pungency of most of the older varieties. It is a fine variety for the home garden and for the market gardener. The immense size of the fruit and its brilliant color render it very attractive and of ready sale in the market. Packet, 10c. ½ Oz., 30c. Oz., 50c. ¼ Lb., \$1.75. Lb., \$6.00.

Pimento (No. 158) The mildest flavored of all peppers, every garden where a delicious, sweet flavored pepper is wanted both for salad and for stuffing. It has attained wonderful popularity in the short time it has been known. A very productive sort, being an entirely different type than the other well-known peppers. Its thickness of flesh permits removing of skin, an essential of great value not easily accomplished with other sorts. It is very popular with canners, having qualities superior to any other pepper, and can be utilized in many more ways. Packet, 10c. ½ Oz., 20c. Oz., 35c. ¼ Lb., \$1.00. Lb., \$3.50.

Large Bell or Bull Nose (No. 159) A standard, sweet flavored, scarlet pepper. It is a fine variety for the home garden or for growing for market. The fruits are about four inches long and two and one-half inches in diameter, with thick flesh of fairly pun-

Lee's New Royal King Pepper

Lee's Southern Giant Curled Mustard

TOBACCO

A clean piece of land is best for tobacco plant beds. It is customary to burn a piece of land in the woods for same. This destroys grass, weeds and insects, and fertilizes the soil through the action of wood ashes. Sow seeds in February in highly fertile soil in $3\frac{1}{4}$ -foot rows, three feet between the plants.

Hester (No. 290) for Smoking Ripens early and is of good size, shape, texture and yellow color. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 25c. Oz., 40c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., \$1.25. Lb., \$4.00.

Sweet Oronoco (No. 291) for Chewing This variety when sun cured makes the best natural chewing leaf. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 25c. Oz., 40c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., \$1.25. Lb., \$4.00.

Rhubarb or Pie Plant

MUSTARD

Culture Sow broadcast or in drills about eighteen inches apart. Give clean culture, keeping free from grass and weeds. Ready for use as a salad in from thirty to forty days. It furnishes an abundance of leaves and can be cut all through the spring. Seeds can be sown from January to May. One ounce of seed plants 200 feet of row.

Southern Giant Curled Mustard (No. 124)

A fine, large variety that is planted extensively in the South. The leaves are large, light green with a much crimped and curled edge. The plant is upright or slightly spreading in growth. It is very hardy and grows well in any good garden soil. The strain of seed I offer of this variety is exceptionally fine. It produces extra large leaves which are slightly pungent, crisp and tender and can be eaten like lettuce or boiled for "greens." No garden is complete without a patch of mustard for early "greens." Packet, 5c. Oz., 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 25c. Lb., 75c.

Large Smooth Leaved Mustard (No. 125)

ALSO KNOWN AS CABBAGE MUSTARD. An excellent sort with large, light green, plain or comparatively smooth leaves, borne well above the ground. The plant is of very quick growth, fairly upright when young, becoming somewhat spreading at maturity. This sort is preferred by many as it is more easily prepared for the table than the rougher leaved varieties. Packet, 5c. Oz., 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 25c. Lb., 75c.

White Mustard (No. 126) The leaves of this variety are rather small and smooth. The seed is larger than that of other mustards of light yellow color and are used in pickling for family use. The seed of this variety are used in making "ground mustard." Packet, 5c. Oz., 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 25c. Lb., 75c.

PARSLEY

A beautiful plant used in flavoring soups and for garnishing. Parsley does best in rich soil. The seed is very slow to germinate and should be sown as early in the spring as the ground can be worked. Sow in rows about eighteen inches apart, covering the seed not more than one-half inch. When the plants are well up thin out to six inches apart in the row. One ounce of seed will plant 200 feet of row, or three pounds per acre.

Champion Moss Curled Parsley (No. 128)

A vigorous, compact growing variety, excellent for garnishing and flavoring. The leaves are very finely cut and so closely curled as to resemble bunches of moss. This is one of the most popular sorts for the market or home garden. Packet, 10c. Oz., 15c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 30c. Lb., \$1.00.

Plain Leaved Parsley (No. 130)

A variety having flat, very dark green leaves which are not curled. It is grown almost exclusively for seasoning. Packet, 5c. Oz., 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 25c. Lb., 75c.

Rhubarb or Pie Plant

Rhubarb is the earliest of spring vegetables and is used for pies and sauces. It is not as well known in the South as in other parts of the country, but is a most excellent vegetable and each year there is an increase in the planting of this desirable vegetable in the South. It should be planted in moist, rich soil in cold locations. The plant is a rank feeder and grower and the soil in which it is planted should be heavily fertilized with well rotted stable manure.

Victoria Rhubarb Seed (No. 131)

This is the best variety to grow. The beautiful red stalks are excellent for either market or home use. Sow in rows an inch deep and thin out the plants to six inches apart. In the fall transplant to permanent locations, setting them four to six feet apart each way. The stalks are not ready for use until the second year. Packet, 10c. Oz., 20c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 50c. Lb., \$1.50.

Rhubarb Roots The Rhubarb roots I offer are the large field grown roots or clumps and are divided. They will produce an abundance of delicious Rhubarb the first season and if planted in the right location and given proper cultivation will bear for years. By mail, postpaid, 25c. 3 for 60c. \$1.75 per Doz. Special prices for larger quantities.

Horseradish Roots

Horseradish roots should be planted in a moist, rather shady location for best results. They do well planted anywhere in the South and are delightful for seasoning. The only way to have real full strength horseradish is to grow your own. Prices—25 roots or sets, 60c. 50 roots, \$1.10. 100 roots, \$2.00, postpaid.

It is often the case that I mail Rhubarb and Horseradish roots some days from seeds. This is due to my often having to wait a reasonable time to ship in order to prevent damage in transit. When you send your seed order send in your order for roots.

LEE'S FINEST RADISH SEED

Culture Radishes do the best in rich, loose, moist soil. The quality depends almost entirely on the quickness of growth. To have a continuous supply of crisp and tender radishes, successive plants should be made every ten days or two weeks. For early use plant the round or button radishes. For later use plant the long and half-long varieties, as they go much deeper in the ground and better resist heat and drouth. The varieties known as winter radishes should be sown in August and September. Sow seed one-half inch deep in rows twelve to eighteen inches apart. One ounce of seed sows 100 feet of row; ten to twelve pounds per acre.

Early Scarlet Turnip White Tipped (No. 172) The most popular radish for forcing as well as for open ground growth. Market gardeners and shippers prefer it to all other varieties, finding it a quick selling sort at good prices, always above ordinary sorts. It is an excellent variety for the home garden. It is perfectly round or globe shaped, deep scarlet at top, blending to pure white at the bottom. The flesh is white and of splendid quality. The top growth is very small. It is extremely quick to mature, being ready for use in eighteen to twenty days from the time of sowing the seed. Remains very tender and crisp until very old. **Packet, 5c. Oz., 10c. ¼ Lb., 30c. Lb., \$1.00. 5 Lbs., \$3.50.** Not prepaid—10-Lb. lots or over, 60c Lb.

Early Scarlet Turnip White Tipped Radish

Lee's Selected Scarlet Globe (No. 173) If you wish to have the finest and first red radishes, sow Lee's Selected Scarlet Globe. It is an attractive sort, with skin of rich scarlet color, while the flesh is pure white, and always tender, mild and sweet. It has a small, short top and is well adapted to open ground sowing or to forcing under glass. In favorable weather and in good soil it will mature in 18 to 20 days from the sowing of the seed. It is crisp and brittle. Used extensively by market gardeners and shippers. **Packet, 5c. Oz., 10c. ¼ Lb., 30c. Lb., \$1.00. 5 Lbs., \$4.00.**

Crimson Giant (No. 174) An exceptionally large round radish, nearly globe shaped and of an attractive crimson color. It often grows from 1½ to 1¾ inches in diameter before becoming pithy. It is early and remains in good condition for a long time. **Packet, 5c. Oz., 10c. ¼ Lb., 30c. Lb., \$1.00.**

French Breakfast (No. 175) The most desirable of the half-long varieties. It is an early white-long radish of bright red color with white bottom, grown extensively in the South for home and market use. It is a quick grower, maturing in 18 to 20 days. It is of the finest quality, being crisp, tender and mild. **Packet, 5c. Oz., 10c. ¼ Lb., 30c. Lb., \$1.00. 5 Lbs., \$4.00.**

Long White Icicle Radish (No. 176) The earliest and finest of the long, white varieties. The Icicle is perfectly white in color; about three inches long and one-half inch in diameter, with small tops and few leaves. It quickly grows to market size, is crisp and brittle and of mild, sweet flavor. It remains tender during the entire growing period. It is ready for use in about twenty-five days; used for forcing under glass or sown in open ground. An excellent variety for both home garden or market. **Packet, 5c. Oz., 10c. ¼ Lb., 30c. Lb., \$1.00. 5 Lbs., \$4.00.**

Lee's Early Long Scarlet (No. 177) This is the best of the long, red varieties. It is an early variety, and is widely planted in the South, both for home use and market. It is of brightest scarlet color, has rather small tops, roots long and tapering to a decided point. The beautiful radishes mature in twenty-five to thirty days from the sowing of the seed and are always brittle and sweet. **Packet, 5c. Oz., 10c. ¼ Lb., 30c. Lb., \$1.00. 5 Lbs., \$4.00.**

Chartier (No. 178) A good variety for planting outdoors for early summer use in the home garden and for market. The roots are rather long, averaging seven to eight inches when matured; bright scarlet rose in color, shading into white at the tip. **Packet, 5c. Oz., 10c. ¼ Lb., 30c. Lb., \$1.00. 5 Lbs., \$4.00.**

Cincinnati Market (No. 179) This variety is sometimes called Glass or Red Icicle. It is widely known in the South, and is certainly of high quality, very early, maturing in about twenty-eight days. A splendid sort for forcing or open ground, growing about six inches long. It grows straight and smooth and of handsome bright red color. **Packet, 5c. Oz., 10c. ¼ Lb., 30c. Lb., \$1.00. 5 Lbs., \$4.00.**

White Strasburg (No. 180) An excellent all-around variety and especially desirable for summer use. It is an oblong, tapering shape with skin and flesh of pure white. It is brittle and tender, retaining its crispness even when the roots are old and large. **Packet, 5c. Oz., 10c. ¼ Lb., 30c. Lb., \$1.00. 5 Lbs., \$4.00.**

Lee's Long White Icicle Radish

RADISH---Winter Varieties

California Mammoth White (No. 182) This is the largest of all the winter radishes. They grow ten to twelve inches long and from two to three inches in diameter. The skin and flesh are pure white, crisp and solid, decidedly pungent but well flavored, keeping well through the winter. For table use they are pulled before fully grown. **Packet, 5c. Oz., 10c. ¼ Lb., 30c. Lb., \$1.00.**

China Rose Winter (No. 183) An excellent winter radish of deep scarlet color. The flesh is white, firm, crisp and pungent. Stems rooted, four or five inches long and two inches thick. This is a desirable late maturing garden sort. **Packet, 5c. Oz., 10c. ¼ Lb., 30c. Lb., \$1.00.**

Black Spanish Winter (No. 184) Best variety of black skinned winter radish. Roots when matured are seven to nine inches by two to three inches. The flesh is white, of firm texture, decidedly pungent but well flavored. **Packet, 5c. Oz., 10c. ¼ Lb., 30c. Lb., \$1.00.**

Lee's Mixed Radish (No. 181) This mixture is for a small garden, where space is limited and one sowing does under the whole season. Lee's mixed radishes contain some of each variety catalogued by me, except the winter varieties. All kinds, colors and type. A fine, well balanced mixture, furnishing for the table early, medium and late radishes. **Packet, 5c. Oz., 10c. ¼ Lb., 25c. Lb., 75c.**

SWEET AND MEDICINAL HERB SEED

ANISE (No. 185). Aromatic seeds used as a condiment. Leaves finely fringed and are used in garnishing. **Packet, 10c.**

BORAGE (No. 186). Excellent bee food and honey plant. Leaves used for flavoring cordials. **Packet, 10c.**

CARAWAY (No. 187). Produces aromatic seeds used for flavoring bread, cakes, etc. **Packet, 10c. Oz., 20c.**

DILL (No. 188). Seed strongly aromatic, and have a pungent flavor. **Packet, 10c. Oz., 25c.**

HOREHOUND (No. 189). Leaves are used for seasoning, also in making candy and cough medicine. **Packet, 10c.**

LAVERDER (No. 190). The common lavender; leaves used for seasoning. **Packet, 10c.**

MARJORAM, SWEET (No. 191). Tender shoots and leaves used for seasoning. **Packet, 10c.**

SAGE (No. 192). The tender leaves and tops are used in sausage, dressings and sauces. **Packet, 10c.**

SUMMER SAVORY (No. 193). Leaves and tender flower stalks used for flavoring. **Packet, 10c.**

THYME (No. 194). Leaves and tender shoots used for seasoning during summer and dried for winter. Delicious flavoring for sausage and meats. **Packet, 10c. Oz., 50c.**

Radish
California Mammoth
White

LEE'S DEPENDABLE SPINACH SEED

For years I have supplied the largest growers and shippers in the Southwest with spinach seed. My specially grown spinach seed is far superior to that obtained from a great many sources, and it gives satisfaction. It has a stronger and better germination, the growth is larger, more vigorous and hardier. It is easily grown, requires little cultivation and any quantity not used at home finds ready sale on the

market. Under favorable conditions the leaves may be large enough for eating in eight weeks. It should be planted in rich soil, the richer the better. Spinach can be sown in drills eighteen inches apart, or it can be sown broadcast. Can be sown in the open ground in October or November. Sowing one ounce of seed will plant 100 feet of row; ten pounds broadcast will plant an acre.

Lee's Bloomsdale Spinach (No. 195)

This is the best known and most widely used variety by market gardeners and in the home garden. The plant is of upright growth, with thick, glossy, dark green leaves of medium size, which are more or less crumpled or blistered. It grows quickly to a suitable size for use and is slow to seed. It is the earliest, hardiest and most productive variety I know of. Excellent for either spring or fall planting. **Packet, 5c. Oz., 10c. ¼ Lb., 20c. Lb., 60c. 5 Lbs., \$2.75. Not prepaid—10 Lbs. or over, 45c per Lb.**

King of Denmark (No. 196)

The plants of this variety are of rapid growth. Resembles the Long Standing in type, but leaves are more crumpled or blistered and are of darker green color. Although the plants are ready for use almost as soon as the medium early sorts they remain in good condition from a week to two weeks after all other varieties have gone to seed. The leaves are thick, stand well after cutting and are of good quality. One of the leading varieties for both the home and market gardener. **Packet, 5c. Oz., 10c. ¼ Lb., 25c. Lb., 70c. 5 Lbs., \$3.25. Not prepaid—10 Lbs. or over, 55c per Lb.**

Long Standing (No. 198)

This sort matures comparatively late in season, but after reaching maturity it remains in condition for use much longer than most sorts. The plants are very large and of excellent quality. The leaves are usually very broad, arrow shaped or rounded, comparatively smooth and dark, rich green. **Packet, 5c. Oz., 10c. ¼ Lb., 20c. Lb., 60c. 5 Lbs., \$2.75. Not prepaid—10 Lbs. or over, 45c per Lb.**

New Zealand Spinach (No. 197)

A variety of spinach which grows luxuriantly all summer, even in the hottest weather. It produces an abundance of the finest flavored "greens" all summer. A few plants furnish enough for an average family. **Packet, 10c. Oz., 15c. ¼ Lb., 40c. Lb., \$1.25. 5 Lbs., \$5.50.**

Lee's Bloomsdale Spinach

Lee's Mammoth White Bush Squash

PUMPKINS

Culture Usually grown in cornfields, dropping three or four seed in every fourth hill. If they are grown as a separate crop, plant the seed in hills eight to ten feet apart each way, dropping about a dozen seeds in a hill. When danger from bugs is past, thin to three plants to a hill. After the leaves die, cut pumpkins from the vine, leaving about four inches of stem attached, and store in a dry place. One ounce of seed to 20 hills; three or four pounds per acre.

Mammoth King (No. 166) A medium size of mammoth size, large yields, and fine table quality. A popular type with the home grower and considered the best for exhibition purposes. The fruits are usually large, nearly round and slightly flattened at top and bottom. It is a deep creamy red color with flesh of deep orange red, fine grained and of good flavor. Packet, 10c. Oz., 25c. ¼ Lb., 50c. ½ Lb., \$1.50.

Large Cheese (No. 167) A fine sort for stock feeding. Large, round, flattened, hardy and productive. It is a creamy buff color with thick orange colored flesh which is fine grained and of excellent flavor. Packet, 5c. Oz., 10c. ¼ Lb., 25c. ½ Lb., 50c. 1 Lb., \$1.50.

Japanese Pie Pumpkin (No. 168) In general appearance this variety resembles the cushaw, but is earlier and usually larger. Skin is a dark green color with dark stripes; the flesh is a deep yellow and of fine quality. Packet, 10c. Oz., 15c. ¼ Lb., 40c. ½ Lb., \$1.25.

Sweet or Sugar (No. 170) Not a large pumpkin, averaging ten inches in diameter, but one of the sweetest and best for pies. It is fine grained, deliciously sweet and a good keeper; flesh rich, deep orange yellow in color. Packet, 5c. Oz., 10c. ¼ Lb., 20c. ½ Lb., \$1.00.

Improved Green Striped Cushaw (No. 171) The best Cushaw type in quantity lots make out a list of what you will want on the pink Quotation Sheet in the back of this Catalog and mail it in. I will make you prices that will save you money.

WRITE FOR SPECIAL PRICES ON SEEDS IN QUANTITY LOTS

If you are in the market for garden or field seeds in quantity lots make out a list of what you will want on the pink Quotation Sheet in the back of this Catalog and mail it in. I will make you prices that will save you money.

LEE'S EARLY SQUASH

Culture Squash is one of the most nutritious and valuable of garden vegetables. The summer varieties come to the table early in the season, while the fall and winter sorts can be had from August until the following spring. Squash will not stand frost or cold nights, and planting should be delayed until danger from these are over. They should be planted four to five feet apart each way in hills, putting six to ten seed in a hill. When well up thin to three plants in a hill. The running squash should be planted in June or July in hills eight to ten feet apart. One ounce of seed plants twenty-five hills, two to three pounds per acre.

Lee's Mammoth White Bush (No. 217) An improved variety of the well-known White Bush Scalloped, being more regular in shape and about twice the size. It grows from ten to twelve inches in diameter, nicely flattened and scalloped, and of a beautiful clear, white color. It is early, being ready for use in fifty days, and is very prolific. Packet, 10c. Oz., 15c. ¼ Lb., 40c. ½ Lb., \$1.25.

Early White Bush (No. 218) This is the earliest of all squashes. It is also known as White Scalloped or Fatty Pan squash. It is similar to the Mammoth White Bush except finer grained and not so large. The vines are vigorous and productive. An excellent variety for the home garden and nearby markets. Packet, 10c. Oz., 15c. ¼ Lb., 40c. ½ Lb., \$1.25.

Yellow Summer Crookneck (No. 220) Largest and earliest of the crookneck squash. It is of dwarf, bushy habit and very productive. The fruits when fully grown are about one foot long, with uniformly crooked neck and surface densely warted. Flesh is a deep golden yellow, dry and of excellent flavor. Packet, 10c. Oz., 15c. ¼ Lb., 40c. ½ Lb., \$1.25.

Boston Marrow (No. 221) The best running squash for the South. It is a very productive fall and winter variety, used extensively for canning and pies. The fruits are of medium to large size, oval shape and thin skin, which when ripe is bright orange with a shading of light cream color. The flesh is of rich salmon-yellow color, fine grained and of excellent flavor, but not as dry as the Improved Hubbard. A good keeper and shipper. Packet, 10c. Oz., 15c. ¼ Lb., 40c. ½ Lb., \$1.25.

Improved Hubbard (No. 222) This variety is not so extensively planted in the South as the Boston Marrow; however, it is one of the best of the winter squashes. The fruits are large, heavy and warted; they have very hard shells. The skin is dark bronze-green; the flesh is bright orange-yellow, fine grained, very dry, sweet and richly flavored. An excellent keeper. Packet, 10c. Oz., 15c. ¼ Lb., 40c. ½ Lb., \$1.25.

Large Cheese—The Best Southern Pumpkin

LEE'S SUPERIOR TOMATO SEED

Gulf State Market—The New Tomato

Gulf State Market (No. 202) This fine new variety is very desirable for planting in the South. It is earlier than any other good purple Tomato. The fruits are almost true globe shaped and are entirely free from cracks or blemishes about the blossom end. From the fact that the fruits of the same cluster ripen uniformly, it is an economical variety to pick. The fruits have a rich purplish pink color clear to the stem after picking. On account of the exceptionally hardy vines this tomato is less susceptible to blight than other varieties, therefore produces a heavier crop than other varieties in years that the weather is unfavorable. While this tomato is a wonderful shipping variety, it is an excellent sort for the home gardener or the grower for local markets. All reports would indicate that it is the best shipping tomato that has ever been offered. **Packet, 10c.** ½ Oz., 30c. Oz., 50c. ¼ Lb., \$1.75. Lb., \$6.00.

Dwarf Champion Tomato

(No. 203) The only first class tomato of sufficient stiff growth to stand up clear without staking, thus keeping the fruit off the ground. The plant is of strong, erect, bushy growth and is often sold as a tree tomato. The fruits are purplish pink in color, smooth, medium sized, solid and of good flavor. **Packet, 10c.** ½ Oz., 25c. Oz., 40c. ¼ Lb., \$1.25. Lb., \$4.50.

Lee's Beefsteak Tomato

(No. 204) Tomato is the best, great big, main crop tomato for the home garden that grows. It is nearly as large as the Ponderosa, but is more round in shape and of bright scarlet color. It is an exceptionally smooth tomato to be of such large size, and does not crack and have the hard cores that are so frequently found in tomatoes of this size. Its fine meaty flesh and delicious flavor, with its extra large size, make it a wonderful variety for home use. **Packet, 10c.** ½ Oz., 30c. Oz., 50c. ¼ Lb., \$1.75. Lb., \$6.00.

The Stone (No. 205) An extra large, smooth, bright red tomato used extensively for canning and slicing. It is a first-class main crop sort and a splendid variety to furnish late tomatoes. The vines are large and vigorous, producing an abundance of fruit which is exceptionally smooth and uniform in size. My stock of this variety is distinctly superior to most stocks offered under the name. **Packet, 10c.** ½ Oz., 15c. Oz., 25c. ¼ Lb., 30c. Lb., \$3.00.

Culture The most satisfactory arrangement in every garden is to have an early as well as a main or general crop of tomatoes. Tomatoes should not be planted in over-rich soil, as it will cause an over-growth of foliage and few fruits. Sow the seed in February or March in hotbeds or boxes in the house in rows four to six inches apart, covering the seed with one-half inch of soil. Transplant to open ground when all danger from frost is past. Set the plants three feet apart each way and cultivate frequently. To obtain the best results the plants should be tied up to stakes and leaves thinned out as the plants grow, so the sun can penetrate and ripen the fruit quicker. One ounce of seed makes about 1,500 good plants. Plant about four ounces of seed per acre.

Earliana (No. 216) This is an excellent, large fruited tomato and especially valuable because of its extreme earliness. It is a most desirable variety for the market gardener or for the home garden. The vines are small and vigorous and productive, being compact in growth, with short, close jointed branches, setting fruits very freely in the center. The fruits are bright deep scarlet, medium to large, nearly round, and exceptionally smooth for a variety that is so early. This variety remains in bearing about four weeks. The seed 1 offer of this variety is unsurpassed. **Packet, 5c.** ½ Oz., 15c. Oz., 25c. ¼ Lb., 30c. Lb., \$3.00.

Chalk's Early Jewel (No. 199) A fine second early ten days later than the Earliana. It is a large, smooth, fine flavored tomato, bearing throughout the season. The fruits are bright deep scarlet-red, nearly round or apple shaped. They are solid and meaty, with only a few small seed cells and of remarkably fine, sweet flavor. **Packet, 5c.** ½ Oz., 15c. Oz., 25c. ¼ Lb., 30c. Lb., \$3.00.

June Pink (No. 200) A Pink Earliana. This variety ripens two weeks earlier than Chalk's Early Jewel. It is an enormous bearer, clusters of six to ten fruits being borne at the crown and at the forks of the branches. The fruit is of medium size, uniform, smooth and attractively shaped. It will average two and one-fourth to three inches in diameter and two to two and one-half inches in depth. In color it is a bright, pleasing pink, and in markets where a pink tomato is desired will bring more in price than any red variety. **Packet, 10c.** ½ Oz., 25c. Oz., 50c. ¼ Lb., \$1.75. Lb., \$6.00.

John Baer (No. 201) Early, good sized tomato, which is very popular with market gardeners and in the home garden. The color is a deep, glossy red and in shape similar to the Earliana. The fruit ripens evenly right up to the stem, is solid with few seeds, and will not burst when dead ripe. The vines are strong and vigorous, with just enough foliage to handle the immense load of fruit which is furnished for a longer period than any other early sort. It is a very profitable variety to grow, as it has the three desirable qualities of being early, of good size and color, and a very heavy yielder. **Packet, 10c.** ½ Oz., 20c. Oz., 35c. ¼ Lb., \$1.00. Lb., \$3.50.

The Stone—The Best Canning Tomato

Ponderosa, the Largest of all Tomatoes

Ponderosa (No. 210) The Ponderosa is, without a doubt, the largest fruited, meatiest and heaviest tomato in cultivation. The vines are of strong, rather open growth and for this reason they have the power to resist hot, dry weather to a remarkable degree. The fruit is largely oblong in form, deep through, generally ridged or ribbed, and of attractive deep purple color. The flesh is very solid or meaty, the tomato having very small seed cells and very few seeds. The flavor is delicious and by many this is considered the best variety for the table. Packet, 10c. ½ Oz., 30c. Oz., 50c. ¼ Lb., \$1.75. Lb., \$6.00.

Red Pear Shaped (No. 214) A small fruited tomato used for preserves. Fruit bright red, pear shaped and of excellent flavor. Packet, 10c. ½ Oz., 30c. Oz., 50c. ¼ Lb., \$1.25. Lb., \$4.50.

Yellow Pear Shaped (No. 215) Fruit similar to red pear, but of rich, clear yellow color. Packet, 10c. ½ Oz., 30c. Oz., 50c. ¼ Lb., \$1.25. Lb., \$4.50.

Yellow Ponderosa (No. 213) This variety is very popular with those who desire a yellow tomato. Its characteristics are identical to that of the Red Ponderosa, except that color is a rich golden yellow; very fine flavor and very much in demand. Packet, 10c. ½ Oz., 30c. Oz., 50c. ¼ Lb., \$1.75. Lb., \$6.00.

Marglobe (Wilt-Resistant) (No. 211) A cross between Livingston Globe and a French variety by the name of Marvel. Bred to produce a wilt resistant, globe shaped red tomato. It is a mid-season variety, ripening its fruit in from ninety to ninety-five days. The plant is vigorous, with abundant foliage, slightly crimped or savoyed. Produces fruit abundantly, the heaviest setting being in the center of the plant. The fruits are quite large, averaging about seven and one-half ounces in weight, and are nearly perfect globe shaped with but little depression at the stem end. They show very little tendency to crack, but ripen up perfectly. They are a deep scarlet in color and present a very attractive appearance. The flesh is firm, thick, of first quality, and is only mildly acid. This is a superior sort for table use and a very desirable canning and commercial variety. Very popular where known. Packet, 10c. ½ Oz., 30c. Oz., 50c. ¼ Lb., \$1.75. Lb., \$6.00.

Norton (Wilt-Resistant) (No. 212) This is a fine new variety that has been developed by the Department of Agriculture to resist the Tomato Wilt which has been causing great damage in the South. Spraying does not seem to control this wilt, therefore the necessity of a wilt-resistant tomato plant. The Norton is very similar to the Stone, being somewhat larger. It produces a heavy yield of large, smooth, solid red fruit, which ripens medium early. You will be pleased with this new variety. Packet, 10c. ½ Oz., 30c. Oz., 50c. ¼ Lb., \$1.50. Lb., \$5.50.

Acme No. 206) The Acme is one of the best early tomatoes that I list. The vines are large, hardy and productive, ripening its first fruit very early and continuing to bear abundantly until cut off by the frost. Fruit is purplish pink in color and is borne in clusters of four or five. It is round, smooth and of good size, free from cracks and stands shipping well. Flesh is solid and of excellent flavor. Packet, 5c. ½ Oz., 15c. Oz., 25c. ¼ Lb., 90c. Lb., \$3.00.

Livingston Beauty (No. 207) This is one of the best purplish pink main crop sorts for home use. The vines are large, vigorous and very productive. The fruits are large, very solid, exceptionally smooth and uniform in size and of excellent quality. Where a main crop purplish pink tomato is desired for home use, this is the variety to plant. Packet, 5c. ½ Oz., 15c. Oz., 25c. ¼ Lb., 90c. Lb., \$3.00.

Early Detroit (No. 208) The vines of this variety are better yielders and more vigorous than those of the Acme. Not only are more fruits produced, but they are more nearly globe shaped, are heavier and equally as firm, smooth and suitable for shipping. The fruits are of good size throughout the season, which is unusual for so early a variety. Packet, 5c. ½ Oz., 15c. Oz., 25c. ¼ Lb., 90c. Lb., \$3.00.

Livingston Globe (No. 209) A fine sort, producing an abundance of globe shaped, purplish pink tomatoes. It is of large size, smooth, firm, and has very few seeds. The fruit is usually borne in clusters of from three to seven and is ready to pick in three months. The blight-proof and long-distance shipping qualities of this variety make it a very profitable and desirable sort. Packet, 10c. ½ Oz., 30c. Oz., 40c. ¼ Lb., \$1.25. Lb., \$4.00.

Marglobe (Wilt-Resistant) Tomato

PLANT TURNIPS THIS SPRING

Lee's Purple Top Globe Turnip

Lee's Early Market (No. 224) This is a new variety introduced by me last year and it has proven to be a Turnip of exceptional merits. It is flat in shape and matures quickly. It is pure white; the flesh is fine grained, sweet and of excellent quality. A fine variety for the home garden and especially recommended for the market. Packet, 5c. Oz., 15c. ¼ Lb., 35c. Lb., \$1.25.

Extra Early Milan (No. 225) Earliest of all turnips. A variety similar to the purple top strap leaved, but ten days to two weeks earlier. The flesh is sweet and fine grained. Packet, 5c. Oz., 15c. ¼ Lb., 30c. Lb., \$1.00.

Lee's Improved American Rutabaga (No. 236) This is the best rutabaga for the South. It is the finest and most profitable of all yellow, purple top rutabagas, being the heaviest, hardest, best shaped and most productive. The roots are better keepers than most sorts. The flesh is of a beautiful yellow color, of the choicest quality and full of nourishment. Rutabagas differ from turnips only in that they have a firmer flesh, which makes them better keepers. They take longer to mature, and are more for stock feeding. Packet, 5c. Oz., 10c. ¼ Lb., 20c. Lb., 60c.

Culture A good planting of turnips should be made in the spring as well as in the fall. Sow as early in the spring as the ground can be worked, in rows one and one-half to two feet apart or sow broadcast. Turnips do best on new ground. One ounce of seed sows 200 feet of row; two to three pounds per acre.

Purple Top Globe (No. 227)

This is also known as Red Top Globe. It is the most popular variety grown. The roots are large, medium early and globe shaped; purple or dark red color above the ground and white below. The flesh is white, fine grained and of excellent quality. Packet, 5c. Oz., 10c. ¼ Lb., 20c. Lb., 65c.

White Globe (No. 228)

A very heavy yielding. The roots are large, frequently growing to twelve pounds in weight. They are globe shaped, with a very white and smooth skin. A very good variety. Packet, 5c. Oz., 10c. ¼ Lb., 20c. Lb., 65c.

Early White Flat

An early, flat turnip of medium size.

Dutch (No. 229)

Flesh and skin pure white, fine grained, sweet, and excellent for table use. Packet, 5c.

Extra Early White Egg (No. 230)

An excellent quick growing variety, with skin and flesh of pure white; solid, fine grained and sweet. Packet, 5c. Oz., 10c. ¼ Lb., 25c. Lb., 75c.

Yellow Globe (No. 231)

The best of the yellow varieties. The roots are smooth, medium sized and of a light yellow color. The flesh is fine grained, sweet and of excellent quality. A good keeping sort. Packet, 5c. Oz., 10c. ¼ Lb., 20c. Lb., 65c.

Southern Prize (No. 232)

A fine variety planted extensively in the South for the tops, which furnish an abundance of greens, and for the turnips, which are excellent for feeding stock. Packet, 5c. Oz., 10c. ¼ Lb., 20c. Lb., 60c.

Seven Top (No. 233)

Does not produce a good root, but is extensively grown in the South for the tops, which are used as greens. Very hardy and will grow all winter. Packet, 5c. Oz., 10c. ¼ Lb., 20c. Lb., 60c.

Purple Top Strap Leaved (No. 234)

An excellent variety having flat, medium sized roots, which are a purple or dark red color above ground and white below. The flesh is white, fine grained, sweet and of excellent flavor. Packet, 5c. Oz., 10c. ¼ Lb., 20c. Lb., 60c.

Long White or Cowhorn (No. 226)

This variety is a clear shade of green at the top of the root. The flesh is fine grained, sweet and well flavored. The roots are long and carrot shaped. Packet, 5c. Oz., 10c. ¼ Lb., 20c. Lb., 60c.

Lee's Mixed Turnips (No. 235)

A fine mixture of all varieties of turnips and rutabagas listed by me. This mixture will give you a variety of turnips and "turnip greens" from one sowing. Packet, 5c. Oz., 10c. ¼ Lb., 20c. Lb., 60c.

Lee's 5 Ounce Turnip Collection (No. 223) 25 CENTS, POSTPAID

The most popular turnip collection in the South. It is just the right amount of seeds and just the right varieties to give each family a full supply of early, medium and late turnips. For 25 cents I send you, postpaid, one full ounce each of Extra Early White Egg, Purple Top Globe, Yellow Globe, Purple Top Strap Leaf and Seven Top Turnips. No other varieties will be sold at this price and no changes will be allowed in this collection. Five full ounces of Lee's Turnip seed delivered at your postoffice for 25 cents.

5 OUNCES, 5 VARIETIES, 25 CENTS POSTPAID

LEE'S SUPERIOR FLOWER SEEDS

That Lee's Flower Seeds are superior is shown from the fact that each year there is an enormous increase in my flower seed sales. This increase proves that my seeds have satisfied thousands of new customers.

Lee's Flower Seeds give satisfaction because every lot has been thoroughly tested. I use just as much care in the selection of the finest strains of flower seed as I do in vegetable seeds.

Flowers are easily grown. The soil must be carefully prepared and have proper drainage. Follow the easily remembered rule for planting, which is to cover with soil to four times the depth of the seed and press down lightly. Each package of Lee's Flower Seeds contains culture directions.

The different varieties of flower seeds listed are designated either as annuals, biennials or perennials. Annuals are those flowers that attain their full growth, bloom and die the first year. Biennials generally flower the second year and then die, the life of the plant being two seasons. Perennials as a rule flower the second year and continue to bloom each succeeding year. Seed of some perennials, if sown deeply, will produce plants that will bloom the same season.

All flower seeds are delivered by parcel post to your door or postoffice, postage prepaid, at prices given.

ASTERS

The Aster is one of the most beautiful and satisfactory flowers I list, commencing to bloom in July and continuing until after frost. Seed may be sown outdoors as early in the spring as the ground is warm and dry, or for earlier blooming may be started indoors or in a cold-frame and transplanted in the open ground after danger of killing frost is over. No garden, large or small, should be without Asters. Annual.

Lee's Finest Mixed Asters (No. 450) This excellent mixture is made up of over twenty of the finest asters that grow. Every popular variety is included, which make a beautiful display of colors and sizes. Packet, 10c. 3 Packets, 25c. ¼ Oz., 35c. Oz., \$1.25.

QUEEN OF THE MARKET ASTERS A very desirable kind on account of extreme earliness, as well as profuse blooming and wide range of colors. The finely formed double flowers of medium size are produced on long stems and average from ten to fifteen blooms to the plant. This variety is also known as Queen of the Earlies.

QUEEN OF MARKET, MIXED (No. 452). Packet, 10c. ¼ Oz., 40c. Oz., \$1.50.

QUEEN OF MARKET, WHITE (No. 450). Packet, 10c. ¼ Oz., 40c. Oz., \$1.50.

QUEEN OF MARKET, PINK (No. 621). Packet, 10c. ¼ Oz., 40c. Oz., \$1.50.

QUEEN OF MARKET, LAVENDER (No. 622). Packet, 10c. ¼ Oz., 40c. Oz., \$1.50.

QUEEN OF MARKET, CRIMSON (No. 623). Packet, 10c. ¼ Oz., 40c. Oz., \$1.50.

GIANT COMET OR CREGO ASTERS As a mid-season or late season variety this is considered one of the best. The flowers are of the largest size, having very long petals which are decidedly curled and twisted. The plants are of branching habit and very vigorous in growth. Because of the very attractive, light, feathery appearance this variety is also known as *Ostrich Feather*.

GIANT COMET ASTERS, MIXED (No. 455). Packet, 10c. ¼ Oz., 40c. Oz., \$1.50.

GIANT COMET, WHITE (No. 624). Packet, 10c. ¼ Oz., 40c. Oz., \$1.50.

GIANT COMET, PINK (No. 625). Packet, 10c. ¼ Oz., 40c. Oz., \$1.50.

GIANT COMET, LAVENDER (No. 626). Packet, 10c. ¼ Oz., 40c. Oz., \$1.50.

GIANT COMET, CRIMSON (No. 627). Packet, 10c. ¼ Oz., 40c. Oz., \$1.50.

Sweet Alyssum (No. 461) A very hardy sort for borders, edging, or massing in small beds. Blooms early in the spring, covering itself with clusters of small, pure white flowers. Annual. Packet, 5c. ½ Oz., 30c. Oz., 50c.

Alyssum--Little Gem (No. 462) Also called Snow. Plant very dwarf, covered with fragrant white flowers. Annual. Packet, 10c. ½ Oz., 35c. Oz., 60c.

Lee's Finest Mixed Asters

AGERATUM One of the best bedding plants, being covered with blooms from early summer till frost. The colors do not fade, and the flowers are not spoiled by rain, as is the case with many bedding plants. It is easily raised from the seed, which can be started early in the boxes or sown in the open ground in April. Annual.

AGERATUM, BLUE (No. 458). Pkt., 5c. ¼ Oz., 30c. Oz., \$1.00.

AGERATUM, WHITE (No. 459). Pkt., 5c. ¼ Oz., 30c. Oz., \$1.00.

AGERATUM, BLUE AND WHITE MIXED (No. 460). Pkt., 5c. ¼ Oz., 30c. Oz., \$1.00.

AMARANTHUS Plants of brilliant colored leaves and showy flower clusters. There are two types of this flower; one is grown for its highly colored foliage and the other for its flowers. Annual.

Amaranthus Caudatus (No. 465)—(Love Lies Bleeding). Grows about three feet high, producing numerous sprays of rich crimson flowers. Packet, 10c. ½ Oz., 30c. Oz., 50c.

Amaranthus Tricolor (No. 466)—(Joseph's Coat). Leaves are brilliantly marked with red, yellow and green. Does best on poor soil. Packet, 10c. ½ Oz., 30c. Oz., 50c.

ANTIRRHINUM--Snap Dragon A variety that has become very popular in the past few years. It is one of the most valuable flowers grown from seed, whether used for cut flowers or for show in the garden. The long showy spikes are finely marked with brilliant colors and are very fragrant. Although a perennial, it will bloom the first year, if sown early in the spring.

SNAP DRAGON, FINEST MIXED COLORS (No. 468). Packet, 10c. ¼ Oz., 30c. Oz., 90c.

SNAP DRAGON, TALL WHITE (No. 628). Packet, 10c. ¼ Oz., 30c. Oz., 90c.

SNAP DRAGON, TALL PINK (No. 629). Packet, 10c. ¼ Oz., 30c. Oz., 90c.

SNAP DRAGON, TALL YELLOW (No. 630). Packet, 10c. ¼ Oz., 30c. Oz., 90c.

SNAP DRAGON, TALL SCARLET (No. 631). Packet, 10c. ¼ Oz., 30c. Oz., 90c.

Balloon Vine (No. 470) A rapid growing climber. The flowers, which are white, later form seed vessels which look like miniature balloons and are of great delight to children. Packet, 10c. ½ Oz., 30c. Oz., 50c.

Antirrhinum—Snap Dragon

BALSAM Touch-Me-Not, or Lady Slipper. An old and favorite garden flower. It produces beautiful brilliant colored double flowers in large masses. Plants should be eighteen inches apart. A wonderful mixture of the best double flowered Balsams that grow. Annual. **Lee's Finest Double Flowered Mixed (No. 474).** Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 40c.

Balsam Apple (No. 469) Its fruit is used for medicinal purposes. Annual. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 35c.

Canterbury Bells (No. 475) Handsome, easily grown plants of branching habit, which are covered with beautiful bell-shaped flowers. If sown early will bloom the first year, although classed as a biennial. Finest double and single mixed. Many different colors. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 35c.

Calliopsis or Coreopsis (No. 476) Showy, beautiful, free blooming plants, producing large, bright flowers of rich colors. Easily grown from seed. Annual. Mixed varieties. Packet, 5c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 30c. Oz., 50c.

Cannas (No. 477) These very attractive summer bedding plants can be grown readily from seed. The seed have a hard outer covering and this must either be cut or filed through, otherwise they will not come up readily. Plants have large, broad leaves, producing a cluster of large flowers of brilliant colors which bloom until frost. Packet, 10c. Oz., 50c.

Candytuft or Iberis Widely known and cultivated. A valuable sort for cutting, bedding borders. Annual.

CANDYTUFT, PURE WHITE (No. 478). Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 30c. Oz., 50c.

CANDYTUFT, DARK CRIMSON (No. 479). Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 30c. Oz., 50c.

CANDYTUFT, MIXED (No. 480). Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 30c. Oz., 50c.

CALENDULA--Pot Marigold An easily grown, well known, old fashioned blooms from early summer until frost. Plants are one and one-half to two feet high. Annual.

CALENDULA, FINEST DOUBLE MIXED (No. 617). Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 30c. Oz., 50c.

CALENDULA, DOUBLE ORANGE KING (No. 618). Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 30c. Oz., 50c.

Coleus (No. 498) A favorite ornamental foliage plant for house or garden culture. The leaves are attractive, being many different shapes and colors. Is easily grown from seed. Plants about one and one-half feet high. Perennial. Packet, 25c. 3 Packets, 60c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., \$1.00.

Cobaea Scandens (No. 484) A climber of rapid growth with handsome dark green foliage, bearing an abundance of bell shaped flowers of a beautiful deep violet blue. Valuable for covering trellises, arbors and fences, attaining a height of thirty to fifty feet during a season. In seed the seed plant them edge-wise and merely cover with light soil, otherwise the seed will often fail to come up. Annual. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 30c. Oz., \$1.00.

COLUMBINE (No. 633) **AQUILEGIA.** An easily grown, very desirable, old fashioned flower for borders, forming large permanent clumps. Blooms profusely early in the season and remains in bloom for a long time. In beds, plants should be a foot each way. Perennial. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 30c.

Lee's Finest Double Balsams

CARDINAL CLIMBER (No. 634)

A popular rapid growing climber which often attains a height of twenty feet in a season. The flowers resemble those of Cypress Vine, but are larger. The foliage is quite dense and the leaves lacinated. Annual. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 25c.

Celosia or Cockscomb A plant which produces a brilliant flower which in their graceful arrangement resembles a cock's comb. Sow seed in drills and when three inches high transplant twelve inches apart. Annual.

CELOSLIA CRISTATA (No. 499). The most generally known variety, having compact heads of fiery red. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 25c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 40c.

CELOSLIA PLUMOSA (No. 500). The heads of this variety are quite different, being loose and feathery and on longer stems. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 25c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 40c.

CHINESE WOOLFLOWER--Celosia Childsii (No. 632). Plants two and one-half feet high, branch freely and produce large, globular, purplish crimson flowers which resemble a ball of brilliantly colored wool. Packet, 15c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 40c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 75c.

Cypress Vine A most desirable rapid growing vine of delicate dark green feathery foliage, having many beautiful star shaped scarlet and white blossoms. It is a tender annual, growing about fifteen feet high.

CYPRESS VINE, WHITE (No. 501). Pkt., 5c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 30c. Oz., 50c.

CYPRESS VINE, SCARLET (No. 502). Pkt., 5c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 30c. Oz., 50c.

CYPRESS VINE, MIXED (No. 503). Pkt., 5c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 30c. Oz., 50c.

Cyclamen (No. 497) Well known tuberous rooted pot plant for indoors winter and spring blooming. Produces handsome red and white flowers which are very fragrant. Not for outdoor planting. Perennial. Mixed colors. Packet, 25c.

CALIFORNIA POPPY--Eschscholtzia (No. 523)

Most attractive annual of the easiest culture. They are splendid for bedding, massing or ribbon work. Plants grow bushy and about one foot high. They are one of the most popular flowers grown in the South. The mixture I offer is one of the finest to be had. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 30c. Oz., 50c.

Carnations The Carnation has developed into a flower of rare beauty and fragrance. They are a great favorite, both for growing in the garden and in pots in the house. Marguerites come to full bloom the first year, while the double variety blooms the second year.

CARNATIONS--Selected Double Mixed (No. 481). Seed from the very finest of the double flowers. A fine assortment of shades and colors. Packet, 15c. 2 Pkts., 25c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 60c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., \$1.00.

CARNATION--Marguerite (No. 483). Large flowers of spicy fragrance. Easily grown and makes the best bedding plants. If taken up in September and potted will bloom in the house throughout the winter. Mixed. Packet, 10c. 3 Pkts., 25c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 50c.

Lee's Marguerite Carnations

Flowering Bulbs Listed on Pages 45-48

CHRYSAETHUM The single and double Chrysanthemums listed below are annuals and grow easily from seed planted in the spring. They are not the hardy perennial Chrysanthemums of the Chinese and Japanese types of large blooms on long stems. If you want this kind they are listed on the plant pages. These annual sorts make a showy and effective bed, bearing a profusion of daisy-like flowers about three inches across. They grow about two feet high and are borne on good stems.

FINEST DOUBLE MIXED (No. 492). Pkt., 10c. Oz., 50c.
DOUBLE WHITE (No. 432). Pkt., 10c. ½ Oz., 30c. Oz., 50c.
DOUBLE YELLOW (No. 636). Pkt., 10c. ½ Oz., 30c. Oz., 50c.

CENTAUREA -- Dusty Miller (No. 493)
 Fine plant for borders and edges. Valuable because of its finely cut silvery gray foliage. Grows about two feet high. Annual. Packet, 10c. ½ Oz., 35c. ¼ Oz., 60c.

CENTAUREA -- Bachelor's Button (No. 494) Also called CORNFLOWER, BLUE BOTTLE and RAGGED ROBIN. Well known to every flower lover and one of the most popular of the old-fashioned flowers. Blooms from early spring until frost. Annual. Finest mixed Packet, 5c. ½ Oz., 30c. Oz., 50c.

CENTAUREA -- Sweet Sultan (No. 495)
 This is an excellent sweet scented variety, producing flowers about the size of a carnation. They have a wide range of colors and long stems. Annual. Packet, 10c. ½ Oz., 35c. ¼ Oz., 60c.

DAHLIAS Each year the Dahlia has increased in popularity until now it is grown extensively in the South. Dahlia plants from seed sown early in the spring will bloom abundantly the first summer. The flowers are beautiful in their wide range of color and perfect shape, blooming until late in

Lee's Finest Double Mixed Chrysanthemums

the fall. Sow seed in shallow boxes in February. When plants are three or four inches high, and danger of frost is over, transplant to open ground. Perennial.

DAHLIA, DOUBLE MIXED (No. 504). Seed saved from the choicest double flowers, including all shades and colors. Packet, 10c. ¼ Oz., 75c. Oz., \$2.50.

DAHLIA, SINGLE MIXED (No. 505). Earlier and heavier bloomer than the double, but smaller flowers. All colors. Packet, 10c. ¼ Oz., 25c. Oz., 75c.

CACTUS DAHLIAS (No. 506). A very popular Dahlia, having large sized flowers of distinctly pointed petals. Packet, 15c. ¼ Oz., \$1.00. Oz., \$3.50.

DAISY, DOUBLE ENGLISH -- Bellis Perennis (No. 471) Bloom early in the spring and until late in the summer. Easily raised from seed and can be sown as late as August. Perennial. Finest Mixed. Packet, 10c. ¼ Oz., 50c. ¼ Oz., 90c.

DAISY -- Shasta (No. 638) This Alaska variety is a decided improvement over the old Shasta Daisy. The flowers are of purest white with broad overlapping petals. The bloom is large, and after getting a start they last for years. Packet, 10c. ¼ Oz., 45c.

DIGITALIS -- Fox Glove (No. 517) A showy border plant, producing many flowers of different colors. Perennial. Mixed colors. Packet, 10c. ¼ Oz., 25c. ½ Oz., 40c.

FORGET - ME - NOT - - Myosotis

A dainty and delicate flower for beds and borders. Plant as soon as the ground can be worked. Perennial.

FORGET-ME-NOT, Blue (No. 519). Packet, 5c. ¼ Oz., 30c.

FORGET-ME-NOT, White (No. 520). Packet, 5c. ¼ Oz., 30c.

FORGET-ME-NOT, Blue and White (No. 521). Packet, 5c. ¼ Oz., 30c. ½ Oz., 50c.

Four O'Clocks (No. 548) A showy plant, bearing a profusion of tub shaped flowers of brilliant colors that open about 4 o'clock in the afternoon, remain open all night, and usually close before noon the next day. The flowers are red, white, yellow, or striped and blotched in shades of these colors. A fine plant for borders or for planting along a wire fence, blooming during the late summer and autumn. Annual. Packet, 5c. Oz., 25c.

FLAX -- Scarlet Flowering (No. 616)

An attractive bedding plant, blooming freely the entire summer. The flowers are borne in clusters, being bright red with black centers. Grows about 10 inches high. Annual. Packet, 5c. Oz., 50c.

Cosmos A beautiful autumn blooming plant, furnishing plenty of cut blooms when other flowers are scarce. The flowers are of white, pink and crimson shades and resemble somewhat the single Dahlia. Sow outdoors early in the spring in rather light soil not too rich. Plants grow four to six feet tall. Annual.

COSMOS, LEE'S MAMMOTH MIXED (No. 491). A selected strain, producing flowers about twice the size of the ordinary Cosmos. Packet, 10c. ½ Oz., 40c. Oz., 75c.

COSMOS, MAMMOTH PINK (No. 488). Packet, 10c. ½ Oz., 40c.

COSMOS, MAMMOTH CRIMSON (No. 489). Pkt., 10c. ½ Oz., 40c.

COSMOS, MAMMOTH WHITE (No. 490). Pkt., 10c. ½ Oz., 40c.

COSMOS, MAMMOTH DOUBLE CRESTED (No. 637). This fine new variety is different from the original Cosmos in the formation of the center of the flower, which develops a crown or crest. They will not all develop double, but will run about 75 per cent. Packet, 10c. ½ Oz., 30c. ¼ Oz., 50c.

Lee's Mammoth Mixed Cosmos

Lee's Choice Mixed Dianthus

Helichrysum (No. 525) Everlasting or Straw Flower. Large, full, double daisy-like flower heads which last for months after being cut. Easily grown. Annual. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 25c. 1 Oz., 50c.

Heliotrope (No. 527) Highly valued for its fragrant flowers, borne in graceful clusters. A splendid bedding or house plant which grows quickly and easily from seed. Perennial. All shades mixed. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz., 30c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 50c.

Hibiscus (No. 528) A hardy, branching plant with handsome foliage and large, single flowers. Annual. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz., 50c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 85c.

Double Hollyhocks Of all the flowers used for a background in the flower garden, none can equal the double hollyhock flower is unsurpassed. Sow the seed early in the spring in a box and transplant to open ground when it is warm. They grow and bloom freely for years after once started. Perennial.

DBL. HOLLYHOCKS, Mixed (No. 534). Pkt., 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz., 30c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 50c.
DBL. HOLLYHOCKS, White (No. 529). Pkt., 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz., 30c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 50c.
DBL. HOLLYHOCKS, Yellow (No. 530). Pkt., 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz., 30c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 50c.
DBL. HOLLYHOCKS, Crimson (No. 531). Pkt., 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz., 30c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 50c.
DBL. HOLLYHOCKS, Maroon (No. 532). Pkt., 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz., 30c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 50c.
DBL. HOLLYHOCKS, Pink (No. 533). Pkt., 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz., 25c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 40c.

LARKSPUR

Geranium (No. 539) Everybody knows this valuable flower, but few realize how easily it can be grown from seed. I have had many letters telling of the success my customers have in growing Geraniums from seed. The seed is slow to germinate and should be planted in a box of rather light soil. When the third leaf appears, pot singly in 2-inch pots, transferring to larger ones as the plant requires. Most generally bloom the second year, although if planted very early will sometimes bloom the first year.

LEE'S ZONALE MIXED. A superior strain of the largest and finest varieties. The colors include shades of crimson and scarlet, pink, rose, salmon, and white. Packet, 15c. 2 for 25c.

Larkspur (ANNUAL DELPHINIUM). A well known and favorite flowering, producing long clustered spikes of beautiful, irregular flowers. They are borne in great profusion borne well when cut. Sow early in the spring and when well up thin to one and one-half feet apart. Annual.

LARKSPUR, Dwarf Double Mixed (No. 537). Beautiful spikes of double flowers about one foot high. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 30c. 1 Oz., 50c.

LARKSPUR, Tall Double Mixed (No. 538). Double flowers of many charming colors on spikes about two feet high. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz., 30c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 50c.

Japanese Kudzu Vine (No. 639) JACK AND THE BEAN STALK. This hardy vine is extremely rapid and dense in growth, which makes it of great value where a quickly produced shade is wanted. It has a heavy foliage with a leaf something like a bean. The blossoms are a pleasing shade of purple, like Wisteria, except larger and better clusters. It is a perennial and increases in size each year. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz., 40c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 65c.

DIANTHUS--Garden Pinks

Garden Pinks are a general favorite with all in a few weeks time after sowing they are a mass of blooms, continuing so until after hard frost. Both the single and double pinks are well adapted for bedding and borders, and are suitable also for cutting, as the stems are of good length. The flowers are often one and one-half to two inches across. Annual.

LEE'S CHOICE MIXED DIANTHUS (No. 507). In this mixture you get all of the finest varieties of Japanese and Chinese Pinks with their many beautiful shapes, colors and markings. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 35c. 1 Oz., 60c.

DIANTHUS-CHINESE (No. 512). Double Chinese Pinks in all shades and colors. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 40c. 1 Oz., 75c.

DIANTHUS-Hedderwigii's Single (No. 511). Single Japanese Pinks. A good mixture of single flowers. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 40c. 1 Oz., 75c.

DIANTHUS-Snowball (No. 508). Large double white, splendid for cutting or as a border. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz., 40c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 75c.

DIANTHUS-Fireball (No. 509). Large, double, rich blood red pinks. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz., 40c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 75c.

DIANTHUS-Mourning Cloak (No. 514). A dark maroon colored double Dianthus with petal faintly bordered with white. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz., 40c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 75c.

GAILLARDIA (No. 526) Exceedingly beautiful, showy flowers, growing about one foot high. Fine for beds or for cutting. Annual.

GAILLARDIA PICTA. Single flowers of the finest shade and colors. Packet 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 30c. 1 Oz., 50c.

Godetia (No. 518) An attractive bedding plant, bearing large numbers of showy flowers of rich and varied colors. Annual. Mixed colors. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz., 25c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 40c.

GYPHOPHILA (No. 619) -- Baby's Breath

A delicate, free flowering plant covered with star-shaped flowers. Used a great deal for hanging baskets and edgings and is fine for mixing in bouquets. Makes a good dried flower. Annual. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz., 30c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 50c.

Ice Plant (No. 535) Pretty trailing plant, for baskets or boxes, growing six inches, or less, high. Leaves are covered with crystals like drops which glisten like ice. Annual. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 50c.

Jack Bean (No. 536) Dolichos or Hymenocly Bean, to fifteen feet high, bearing clusters of purple or white flowers. Annual. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz., 30c. 1 Oz., 50c.

Japanese Hop (No. 662) HUMULUS JAPON-ICUS. A strong, hardy climber, growing fifteen to twenty feet high. It has a small flower, rough leaf stems and rough lobed leaves of variegated colors. It withstands heat and drouth. Fine for shading verandas. Packet, 5c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 30c. 1 Oz., 50c.

Lee's Zonale Mixed Geranium

Lee's Double Marigolds

Mourning Bride (No. 640)

SCABIOSA OR SWEET SCABIOUS. A favorite old-fashioned attractive flower that is especially desirable for cut flowers. It is a continual bloomer, producing large, richly colored, fragrant blossoms on long stems. The flowers are thimble shape, about two inches across, and resemble a pin cushion. It is a hardy annual, about two feet high, and can be planted as soon in the spring as the ground warms up. This fine mixture includes all of the desirable shades. Packet, 10c. ¼ Oz., 25c. Oz., 60c.

Morning Glory

CONVOLVULUS MAJOR. One of the most popular hardy annual climbers that I list. Easily grown. They can be sown in the open ground in a sunny place when the weather becomes warm and settled. The flowers are large, handsome and very showy, of many different colorings. Beautiful, quick climbers for arbors, windows and trellises.

JAPANESE MORNING GLORY (No. 551). These are without a doubt the handsomest of all Morning Glories. Packet, 10c. ¼ Oz., 30c. Oz., 50c.

TALL MIXED MORNING GLORY (No. 552). An old favorite variety of many mixed colors. Packet, 5c. ½ Oz., 15c. Oz., 25c.

Moonflowers

The Ipomoea (Moonflower) is one of the most vigorous summer climbers, growing under favorable conditions, thirty to forty feet high. The large trumpet shaped flowers often measure four inches across when widely extended. The seed have very hard outer shell, which should be cut or filed through to insure germination. Annual.

WHITE MOONFLOWER (No. 553). The giant flowering White Moonflower. Packet, 10c. ¼ Oz., 30c. Oz., 50c.

HEAVENLY BLUE MOONFLOWER (No. 554). A variety growing about fifteen feet high. Flowers of deep azure blue, shading to white at the center. Packet, 10c. ½ Oz., 40c. Oz., 75c.

Nigella (No. 556)

(Love in Mist, Devil in Bush). A compact, free flowering bedding plant, with finely cut feathery foliage and curious seed pods. Annual. Blue and white mixed. Packet, 5c. ½ Oz., 30c. Oz., 50c.

Lee's Finest Mixed Nasturtiums

Kochia or Burning Bush (No. 544) Also called summer cypress. A close and compact, globe shaped bush growing 2 to 2½ feet high. During the summer it is a pleasing light green color and in early autumn the whole bush becomes a deep red. It makes a handsome hedge for any purpose, is easily grown from seed and does exceptionally well in the South. Annual. Packet, 10c. 3 Pkts., 25c. Oz., 50c.

Marigolds

This favorite old-fashioned flower is found in all flower gardens. It is well adapted for large beds or mixed borders, bearing beautiful yellow and orange flowers of different shades. Annual.

MARIGOLDS--Tall Double African Mixed (No. 542). A fine variety, growing about two feet high and producing extra large flowers. Packet, 10c. ¼ Oz., 25c. Oz., 75c.

MARIGOLDS--Dwarf Double French Mixed (No. 543). Grows about one foot high. Flowers are rather small and of distinct color. Packet, 5c. ¼ Oz., 25c. Oz., 75c.

Lantana (No. 545)

A most desirable bedding plant which stays constantly in bloom. Flowers are shaped like Verbenas and are many pretty colors. Sown in boxes and transplanted to open ground. Annual. Packet, 10c. ¼ Oz., 25c. Oz., 75c.

Lobelia (No. 546)

A charming bedding plant, producing a mass of white and blue flowers in ¼ Oz., 60c.

Matricaria--Feverfew (No. 547)

A fine bedding or pot plant, having fine white double flowers. Perennial. Packet, 10c. ¼ Oz., 25c. Oz., 75c.

Mignonette (No. 549)

A popular sweet scented flower grown in every garden. Annual. Packet, 5c. ¼ Oz., 20c. Oz., 60c.

Japanese Morning Glories

LEE'S MIXED NASTURTIUMS

One of the most popular and widely planted flowers in the South. For ease of culture, duration of bloom and general excellence, nothing excels Nasturtiums. All they need is a moderately good soil in a well-drained sunny position, and within a few weeks from the time they are sown until hard frost comes, there is an endless profusion of blossoms. The seed I offer is an extra selected strain from the best grower in California. Sow in any good garden soil, when the weather becomes warm and settled. When well up thin out the tall variety six inches apart and ten inches for the dwarf variety. Annual.

LEE'S TALL MIXED NASTURTIUMS (No. 557). Only the best large flowering tall kinds of many different colors. Packet, 5c. Oz., 15c. ¼ Lb., 40c. Lb., \$1.25.

LEE'S BUSH OR DWARF MIXED NASTURTIUMS (No. 558). A fine mixture of all dwarf sorts having a wide range of colors. Packet, 5c. ¼ Lb., 40c. Lb., \$1.25.

Lee's Mixed Flower Garden (No. 615) I have made a mixture of many annual flowers. From a bed planted of this mixture you get a variety of flowers that bloom from early summer until frost. They produce a range of colors and shapes which are dazzling in their beauty. Plant a mixed flower garden this year. Packet, 10c. ½ Oz., 30c. Oz., 50c.

Lee's Fine Mixed Petunias

PETUNIAS

Petunias are rich in color, a long time in bloom and easy to grow. These desirable qualities, together with the fact that heat, rain or drought do not affect them, make them a great favorite with all. Commence flowering early and continue a sheet of blooms throughout the entire season until killed by frost. Seed should be sown in open ground any time after danger from frost is past. If desired, seed can be sown early in boxes and transplanted. Annual.

PETUNIA, FINEST MIXED (No. 580). An excellent mixture of all colors. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz., 40c. Oz., \$1.25.

PETUNIA, STRIPED AND BLOTTED (No. 581). A splendid mixture of striped and blotched flowers in a wide range of brilliant colors. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz., 30c. Oz., \$1.75.

PETUNIA, COUNTS OF ELLESMERE (No. 641). A fine, deep rose Petunia with a white throat. A good bloomer and a very desirable variety. Packet, 15c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz., 50c. Oz., 90c.

PETUNIA, REINESINA (No. 642). A deep crimson, free flowering Petunia, producing flowers about three inches across. Packet, 15c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz., 50c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz., 90c.

PETUNIA, WHITE (No. 643). A fine, compact sort, with pure satiny white flowers. Packet, 15c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz., 50c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz., 90c.

PETUNIA, GENERAL DODDS (No. 644). A beautiful, free flowering Petunia, producing flowers of rich, dark purple color. Packet, 15c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz., 50c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz., 90c.

PETUNIA, GIANT SINGLE FRINGED MIXED (No. 582). The flowers have ruffled or fringed edges, are of immense size and many colors. Seed of this variety is very high, packets are small, and is not satisfactory for ordinary planting. Packet, 20c.

PETUNIA, DOUBLE MIXED (No. 583). Seed saved from the finest large flowered varieties. They will produce a high percentage of double flowers, the remainder being choice, large single flowers of extra fine quality. Seed of this variety is very high, packets are small, and is not satisfactory for ordinary planting. Would recommend planting indoors in box and transplanting later to open ground. Packet, 25c.

Phlox Drummondii One of the most brilliant and easily grown of all annuals. It is especially adapted to the South, being a native of Texas. It grows and thrives in any kind of soil if given a sunny location, producing many broad, flat topped clusters of nearly round and star shaped flowers. Seed can be sown in open ground

any time after danger from frost is past. In a few weeks after planting it is a mass of blooms, remaining until frost.

PHLOX, Large Flowering, Finest Mixed (No. 593). All shades and colors. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz., 25c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz., 40c.

PHLOX, Grandiflora Mixed (No. 594). Flowers about twice the size of the common variety, borne in clusters. Of strong, sturdy growth, attaining a height of about fifteen inches. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz., 30c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz., 50c.

PHLOX, Cuspidata-Star Phlox (No. 596). A dwarf growing variety with pretty star shaped flowers. All different shades and colors. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz., 35c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz., 60c.

PORTULACA--Sun Plant A fine plant for beds, borders or edging, producing a brilliant display of many colored flowers. Easily grown and blooms until late in the fall. Annual.

PORTULACA, Single Mixed (No. 573). All colors. Packet, 5c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz., 40c. Oz., 75c.

PORTULACA, Double Mixed (No. 574). All colors. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz., 90c. Oz., \$3.00.

RICINUS--Castor Bean (No. 575)

A rapid growing tropical plant of highly ornamental foliage. Very desirable for centers of beds or for backgrounds. Good for keeping moles away, as they will not work in the ground where Ricinus are planted. Annual. Packet, 10c. Oz., 25c.

Stocks (No. 576) LARGE FLOWERING TEN WEEKS. A favorite annual which blooms from June until frost. Very few flowers equal Stocks in its profusion of blooms, beauty and fragrance. They throw out numerous side branches bearing fragrant flowers of many colors. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz., 50c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz., 90c.

SUNFLOWER - - Japanese (No. 577)

A beautiful double flowered sunflower. The plant grows about seven feet tall and blooms profusely all summer. The flowers are very large, often eight to ten inches across, very double, with long fringed petals resembling the Japanese Chrysanthemum. The color is a rich golden yellow, free from any black center. Annual. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz., 30c. Oz., 40c.

Sweet William A well known, attractive, sweet scented flower, easily grown. The flowers are densely formed, round topped heads or clusters, often three to four inches across. The colors are exceedingly varied, ranging from white through many shades of rose, lilac, red, crimson and maroon, there being usually two shades to each plant. Perennial.

Double Mixed (No. 599). Double flowers in a great variety of colors and shades. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz., 25c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz., 40c.

Single Mixed (No. 600). Large, handsome flowers, all colors mixed. Packet, 5c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz., 25c. Oz., 75c.

LEE'S CHOICE POPPIES Beautiful, showy flowers, remarkable for their large size, delicacy of tissue and wide range of brilliant colors. Both single and double poppies are fine for beds or borders. They are well adapted to all soils and are grown in every section of the South. Sow as early in the spring as the ground can be worked. They should be planted where they are to remain, as they do not stand transplanting. Sow thinly and barely cover the small, fine seed. If they come up too thickly, thin out to stand three or four inches or more apart if you wish best results. Annual.

POPPY, Lee's Choicest Mixed (No. 584). A wonderful mixture of all varieties, producing a brilliant range of colors and shapes. Plant a bed this spring—you will be fully repaid for your trouble. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz., 20c. Oz., 35c.

POPPY, Double Caranation Flowered Mixed (No. 585). Splendid double-fringed flowers; mixed colors. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz., 30c. Oz., 50c.

POPPY, Cardinal (No. 586). Flowers large and double and of brilliant cardinal red. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz., 30c. Oz., 50c.

POPPY, Tulip (No. 589). Tulip shaped flowers of bright scarlet, with black spot at base of petal. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz., 30c. Oz., \$1.00.

POPPY, Shirley (No. 592). A wonderful variety, producing single flowers in a wide range of colors. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz., 30c. Oz., 50c.

Lee's Choicest Mixed Poppies

LEE'S SUPERIOR SWEET PEA SEED

Sweet Peas can be sown from December to April in rows where they can be run on wire netting, strings or bushes. The seed should be planted in a furrow six to eight inches deep and covered about two inches. When the plants are two or three inches high, thin out to three or four inches apart. Keep drawing in earth until the trench is filled level with the ground, always leaving the top of the plant above the soil.

EARLY FLOWERING SWEET PEAS

A desirable new class of Sweet Peas that is rapidly becoming popular for winter flowering indoors. The flowers are large, of the same form as the Spencers and are beautifully waved or frilled. When planted out of doors they will commence blooming about a month earlier than the later flowering varieties planted at the same time.

EARLY SNOWSTORM, WHITE (No. 645). Enormous flowers of fine form. The finest of all early flowering white Spencers. Packet, 10c. Oz., 50c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., \$1.50.

EARLY ENCHANTRESS (No. 646). A bright rose pink, becoming deeper at the edges. Large flowers on long stems. Packet, 10c. Oz., 50c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., \$1.50.

EARLY LAVENDER KING (No. 648). A fine free flowering, rich true deep lavender. Large flowers, well waved on long stems. Packet, 10c. Oz., 50c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., \$1.50.

EARLY ILLUMINATION (No. 647). A fine salmon-cerise, with slight orange shading. Usually four large size blooms on a stem. Packet, 10c. Oz., 50c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., \$1.50.

LEE'S EARLY FLOWERS MIXED (No. 649). All colors. A fine mixture of selected early flowering varieties giving a large range of colors. Packet, 10c. Oz., 40c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., \$1.25. $\frac{1}{2}$ Lb., \$4.00.

SPENCER SWEET PEAS

A new type of Sweet Peas which have become very popular. The flowers are of extraordinary size, usually measuring two inches across, with wavy or frilled-edge petals, which with their rich coloring has gained for them the name of Orchid-flowered Sweet Peas. The stems are long and strong and usually have four of these immense blossoms. It is true that they require more careful cultivation than the other type, but you will be more than repaid by having Sweet Peas of exceptional beauty, and a superior variety for cutting because of the longer and stronger stems.

ASTA OHN (No. 650). A beautiful lavender or tinted mauve. An early sort. Packet, 10c. Oz., 35c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., \$1.00. $\frac{1}{2}$ Lb., \$3.50.

FIERY CROSS (No. 652). One of the latest and best fiery scarlet varieties. Packet, 10c. Oz., 35c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., \$1.00. $\frac{1}{2}$ Lb., \$3.50.

COUNTLESS OF SPENCER (No. 571). A lovely clear pink, shaded to the edges. A wonderful variety. Packet, 10c. Oz., 35c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., \$1.00. $\frac{1}{2}$ Lb., \$3.50.

DOBBIES CREAM (No. 651). The finest and largest primrose-yellow of the Spencer varieties. Packet, 10c. Oz., 35c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., \$1.00. $\frac{1}{2}$ Lb., \$3.50.

KING EDWARD SPENCER (No. 568). A fine variety of bright crimson scarlet of largest size. Packet, 10c. Oz., 35c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., \$1.00. $\frac{1}{2}$ Lb., \$3.50.

ROSABELLE (No. 569). An extra fine, large, finely waved bright rose. Packet, 10c. Oz., 35c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., \$1.00. $\frac{1}{2}$ Lb., \$3.50.

WEDGEWOOD (No. 567). A popular color, being a bright

Lee's Superior Sweet Peas

scarlet or wedgewood blue. Packet, 10c. Oz., 35c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., \$1.00. $\frac{1}{2}$ Lb., \$3.50.

WHITE SPENCER (No. 570). A pure waxy white of enormous size, on long strong stems. Packet, 10c. Oz., 35c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., \$1.00. $\frac{1}{2}$ Lb., \$3.50.

ROYAL PURPLE (No. 653). A distinct variety of rich royal purple. Pkt., 10c. Oz., 35c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., \$1.00. $\frac{1}{2}$ Lb., \$3.50.

STERLING STENT (No. 654). A beautiful Spencer of deep metallic salmon suffused with orange. Packet, 10c. Oz., 35c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., \$1.00. $\frac{1}{2}$ Lb., \$3.50.

LEE'S MIXED SPENCERS (No. 566). All colors. The finest mixture of Spencer Sweet Peas ever offered. Packet, 10c. Oz., 20c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 60c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Lb., \$1.75.

GRANDIFLORA SWEET PEAS

The Sweet Peas that we have known for years as the Grandiflora type, or common Sweet Peas. While this type does not produce as large a bloom, or as long a stem, it is not so hard to raise and will grow well without careful treatment.

AMERICA (No. 665). Carmine striped and splashed on white ground. Packet, 5c. Oz., 15c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 50c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Lb., \$1.50.

DIAMOND ECKFORD (No. 569). The best grandiflora. Pure white. Packet, 5c. Oz., 15c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 50c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Lb., \$1.50.

KING EDWARD VII (No. 564). A bright crimson-scarlet, or pure red. Packet, 5c. Oz., 15c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 50c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Lb., \$1.50.

LADY CRISP HANINGTON (No. 562). One of the best. Large, soft, lavender-tinted mauve. Packet, 5c. Oz., 15c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 50c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Lb., \$1.50.

FLORA NORTON (No. 563). Flowers light clear blue, of medium size. Packet, 5c. Oz., 15c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 50c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Lb., \$1.50.

PRIMA DONNA (No. 561). Clear soft pink flowers of good size. Packet, 5c. Oz., 15c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 50c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Lb., \$1.50.

LEE'S ROYAL GRANDIFLORA MIXED (No. 559). All colors. Composed of over 25 varieties of the finest named sorts grown. This mixture gives an assortment of shades and colors that is unsurpassed. Packet, 5c. Oz., 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb., 35c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Lb., \$1.00.

PANSIES

To obtain the best results with Pansies, plant in cool, moist, rather rich soil. If the seed are sown early they will produce flowering plants by fall. If given slight protection they will usually stand the winter perfectly, blooming early the following spring. Pansies are now produced in an almost indefinite variety of colors and markings. Their long season of blooming and long keeping qualities make them general favorites.

FINE MIXED PANSIES (No. 579). A mixture of the more common varieties. Flowers are of wide range of colors and markings. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz., 50c. Oz., \$1.75.

LEE'S GIANT MIXED PANSIES (No. 578). In Lee's Giant Mixed Pansies you receive the finest assortment of sizes and colors that are produced. I have spared neither pains nor expense to perfect a mixture that would measure up to the highest standard and contain an almost indefinite variety of colors and markings. The seed in this mixture are from the greatest pansy specialist in Europe and are only the finest of the large size. Packet, 15c. Two for 25c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz., 75c. Oz., \$2.50.

Lee's Giant Pansies

Lee's Mammoth Verbena

Tassel Flower (No. 601) *Calceola* or *Flora's Paint Brush*. An easily grown annual, with tassel shaped flowers, growing about 18 inches high. Flowers yellow and scarlet. Fine for borders. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz., 30c. Oz., \$1.00.

Wallflower (No. 608) Well known fragrant perennial, with spikes of beautiful flowers blooming early in the spring. They will last for years if rightfully cared for. Best double and single mixed. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 60c. Oz., \$1.00.

LEE'S FINE ZINNIAS

One of the most popular and satisfactory flowers that grows. They require no attention, succeeding almost anywhere, and when nearly every other flower has been killed by frost they are still in bloom. The Zinnia is a most brilliant and showy flower, having a wide range of color which is remarkable for its depth and richness. The flowers have twisted and recurved petals, long stiff stems and are borne in great profusion. I offer a fine improved strain of these old-fashioned flowers. Seed should be planted in good soil as soon as the ground warms up early in the spring. Annual.

TALL DOUBLE MIXED ZINNIAS (No. 610). A very fine mixture including all colors. Packet, 15c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 40c. Oz., 75c.

LEE'S GIANT ZINNIAS

A wonderful new kind of Zinnia, producing a flower of perfect form, round, full, double and of immense size. The flowers are thickly set with velvety petals of wonderful coloring, often measuring five to six inches across. They are twice the size of the ordinary Zinnia, and more wonderful in color. The plants form large bushes and bear above the foliage numerous flowers on long, stiff stems, which make them valuable for cut-flowers. Plants are of extremely robust habit, attaining a height of three feet, making them of great value in large beds and borders. Grown under favorable conditions they remain in bloom from early summer to late autumn. You will be surprised and pleased with this wonderful new Zinnia.

LEE'S GIANT MIXED ZINNIA (No. 635). Giant Zinnias in all colors. A fine mixture of these new Giant Zinnias in all colors, including those listed below. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz., 20c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 30c. Oz., \$1.00.

GIANT WHITE ZINNIA (No. 612). Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz., 25c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 40c.

GIANT GOLDEN YELLOW ZINNIA (No. 613). Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz., 25c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 40c.

GIANT SCARLET ZINNIA (No. 614). Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz., 25c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 40c.

GIANT ROSE ZINNIA (No. 660). Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz., 25c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 40c.

GIANT PURPLE ZINNIA (No. 661). Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz., 25c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 40c.

Verbena A popular annual of low, spreading growth. It produces large clusters of showy flowers about two or three inches across, which are of wide range of colors, shades and stripes usually running from pure white to deep purple. Sow seeds in early spring in boxes, or in open ground after danger from frost is past. Verbenas grown from seed are more vigorous and healthy than when grown from cuttings. They are unsurpassed for beds and borders.

VERBENA—Hybride, Best Mixed (No. 603). A splendid mixture of distinctive strain. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz., 25c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 40c. Oz., \$1.50.

VERBENA—Lee's Mammoth Mixed (No. 604). Plants and flowers are exceedingly large. In this mixture you get absolutely the largest sized and finest colored Verbenas that grow. Packet, 15c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz., 50c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 85c. Oz., \$3.00.

VERBENA—Candidissima (No. 605). Large flowering, white variety. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz., 30c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 50c.

VERBENA—Scarlet Defiance (No. 606). True, deep scarlet color. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz., 30c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 50c.

VERBENA—Italian Striped (No. 607). Large, brilliant, striped blossoms. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz., 30c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 50c.

Vinca PERIWINKLE. A very attractive, bushy ornamental bedding plant, producing an abundance of handsome round single flowers. In a sunny situation it will bloom all summer, and in the fall, if taken up and potted, it will bloom through the winter. The plant grows about 15 inches high, requires no trimming, is free from attacks of insects, and blooms freely until frost. Blooms the first year. Perennial.

VINCA—Pure White (No. 655). Beautiful pure white. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz., 30c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 50c.

VINCA—ROSEA ALBA (No. 656). White with crimson eye. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz., 30c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 50c.

VINCA—ROSEA (No. 657). Rose with crimson eye. Very desirable variety. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz., 30c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 50c.

VINCA—FINEST MIXED (No. 609). The above named varieties Mixed. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz., 30c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 50c.

Salvia or Scarlet Sage The Scarlet Sage has long been a favorite bedding plant here in the South. The long spikes of scarlet blooms are held well above the foliage, blooming in great profusion until frost. The densely covered flower spikes are often eight to ten inches long, filled with thirty or more blooms which are one to two inches in length. Sow in the open ground after danger from frost is past. If desired, it may be sown early in boxes and transplanted. Annual.

SALVIA—Splendens (No. 597). This is the variety most generally planted. Packet, 10c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz., 45c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., 75c.

SALVIA—Bonfire (No. 598). A dwarf growing variety which blooms earlier than the Splendens. Grows about two feet high. Packet, 15c. $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz., 60c. $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz., \$1.00.

Lee's Giant Flowering Zinnias

LEE'S SUMMER FLOWERING BULBS AND ROOTS

Some of our most attractive and widely grown flowers come from what are known as summer flowering bulbs or roots. I have made the prices in reach of all with the view of assisting in making the home beautiful and attractive. Take advantage of these very low prices and beautify the home this year.

LEE'S FINE LARGE FLOWERING CANNAS

Yellow King Humbert Canna

METEOR (No. 857). Five feet. A fine deep red variety, producing almost a solid mass of blooms. 1 Root, 15c. 2 for 30c. 6 for 80c. 12 for \$1.40. 100 for \$8.50.

CHEERFULNESS (No. 858). Three and one-half feet. Bright, fiery, deep orange florets which are broadly bordered golden yellow. 1 Root, 15c. 2 for 30c. 6 for 80c. 12 for \$1.40. 100 for \$8.50.

THE GEM (No. 859). Four and one-half feet. A very attractive and unusually refined Canna of deep cream or straw yellow color, border of creamy yellow. 1 Root, 15c. 2 for 30c. 6 for 80c. 12 for \$1.40. 100 for \$8.50.

VENUS (No. 860). Four feet. A rich pink with a well defined center, bordered with creamy yellow. 1 Root, 15c. 2 for 30c. 6 for 80c. 12 for \$1.40. 100 for \$8.50.

Madeira Vine (No. 865) Sometimes called Mignonette Vine. This tuberous rooted climber of dense, branching growth has thick, heart shaped, glossy green leaves and delightfully fragrant, small, feathery, white blossoms produced on long hanging racemes. It is of rapid growth, and is fine for porches and covering arbors in a single season. Perennial, but take up roots in fall, as the plant will not endure frost. 10c each. 10 for 80c.

TUBEROSE -- Mexican Everblooming (No. 866)

A fine new Tuberoose that has become very popular in the South. Large, white, single flowers, thickly set on a stalk growing from two to three feet high. The flowers are very fragrant and are excellent for cut-flowers. 6 for 30c. 12 for 50c. 100 for \$3.50.

CALADIUMS OR ELEPHANT EARS

(No. 867) A vigorous growing plant which has immense, large, green leaves borne on long, stiff stems. The plant has been named Elephant Ear because the leaves resemble slightly in shape the ears of elephants. In rich soil with an abundance of moisture, they assume very large growth, and are most effective singly on lawns or planted in centers of beds. They are fine for planting in front of porches. The larger the bulb planted, the larger the leaf grown. Small size bulbs, 15c each. 3 for 40c. 12 for \$1.50. Medium size bulbs, 25c each. 3 for 60c. 12 for \$2.25. Extra large bulbs, 40c and 50c each.

The Canna is one of the South's most desirable flowers. In revising our selection of Cannas we have eliminated many of the older varieties and added the best of the new and better sorts. So beautiful and grand are these new Cannas they almost rival the costly Orchids in delicacy, size and shape. One must grow them to fully appreciate the vast improvement in Cannas in recent years. Cannas should be planted in good, rich garden soil, mixed about half with well rotted manure. The bulbs or roots should be set about eighteen inches apart each way, being set just deep enough so that the eye shows through the opening. They should not be watered much until they start growing well, then give them plenty of water.

FOUR MOST POPULAR CANNAS

THE PRESIDENT (No. 851). Four-foot. The President is a rich, glowing crimson color superior to any other red variety in quantity and also quality of bloom. The immense flowers are seven inches across when open, produced on strong, erect stalks, well above the large, rich green foliage. It resists heat and drouth to a remarkable degree. 1 Root, 20c. 2 Roots, 35c. 6 for 90c. 12 for \$1.50. 100 for \$10.00.

MRS. ALFRED CONRAD (No. 852). Four-feet. A beautiful pink Canna which is considered by many the most beautiful and attractive of all Cannas. The exquisite salmon pink flowers are of the largest size. The shade of pink in this Canna is most attractive and is only found in this Canna. 1 Root, 20c. 2 Roots, 35c. 6 for \$1.00. 12 for \$1.75. 100 for \$12.50.

KING HUMBERT (No. 853). Four feet. The best bronze leaved Canna, producing immense masses of crimson blooms. A very popular and satisfactory variety. 1 Root, 15c. 2 for 30c. 6 for 80c. 12 for \$1.40. 100 for \$8.50.

EUREKA (No. 854). Four and one-half feet. The best white flowering Canna. It produces immense clusters of flowers borne well above its green foliage. 1 Root, 20c. 2 Roots, 35c. 6 for \$1.00. 12 for \$1.75. 100 for \$12.50.

SPECIAL OFFER One root each of the above four most popular Cannas for 60c.

LEE'S "BIG TEN" CANNAS

CITY OF PORTLAND (No. 855). Three and one-half feet. A beautiful, glowing, pink Canna producing flowers in great profusion. 1 Root, 20c. 2 Roots, 35c. 6 for \$1.00. 12 for \$1.75. 100 for \$12.50.

AUSTRIA (No. 856). Four and one-half feet. Pure yellow with faint scarlet dots on the inner petals. 1 Root, 15c. 2 for 30c. 6 for 80c. 12 for \$1.40. 100 for \$8.50.

YELLOW KING HUMBERT (No. 861). Four and one-half feet. Flowers are yellow dotted orange-scarlet, sometimes producing flowers of scarlet or scarlet striped. 1 Root, 20c. 2 Roots, 35c. 6 for 90c. 12 for \$1.50. 100 for \$10.00.

APRICOT (No. 862). Four-feet. A beautiful Canna of rich apricot color. 1 Root, 25c. 6 for \$1.25. 12 for \$2.25. 100, \$15.00.

GLADIATOR (No. 863). Four and one-half feet. Deep yellow, long, freely dotted with red. 1 Root, 15c. 2 for 25c. 6 for 80c. 12 for \$1.40. 100 for \$8.50.

WYOMING (No. 864). Six feet. A bronze leaved variety of beautiful shade of orange. 1 Root, 15c. 2 for 25c. 6 for 80c. 12 for \$1.40. 100 for \$8.50.

SPECIAL OFFER One Root each of Lee's "Big Ten" Cannas for \$1.60.

Caladiums or Elephant Ears

Lilium Auratum

SPECIAL OFFER One each of the above lilies for \$2.00, postpaid.

LEE'S FINE FRAGRANT PEONIES

Of all the hardy outdoor plants, the Peony perhaps is the oldest and best known inhabitant of the flower garden. In the improved double forms offered by me the gorgeous display of blooms for the months of May and June is unequalled, being a mass of perfect double, fragrant flowers of immense size. They are very hardy, requiring no protection whatever, even in the most severe climate, and once planted increase in beauty each year. An important thing to remember in the planting of Peonies is not to plant too deep. The roots should be placed so that the crowns are covered with two inches of soil. Too deep planting and poor soil is a frequent cause of shy flowers.

Crown of Gold (No. 967) Famous for its beauty, being a snowy white, reflecting the golden stamens and lighting up the flower, center petals beautifully flecked and bordered carmine. It is an immense, semi-rose type flower of vigorous growth, with long stems. A fragrant, late, free bloomer. 75c each, 3 for \$2.00.

Festiva Maxima (No. 968) For enormous size combined with wondrous beauty in this variety has stood unsurpassed for 73 years. Pure paper white, some central petals flecked carmine. A very large rose type, fragrant peony with long, heavy stems. An early, vigorous growing sort. 75c each, 3 for \$2.00.

Duchess d'Orleans (No. 969) Large carmine pink guards, center soft pink, interspersed with salmon becoming amber yellow. A medium to large, fragrant mid-season sort. It is an extra strong, vigorous grower, very tall, a free bloomer and can be depended on for an abundance of blooms year after year. 50c each, 3 for \$1.25.

Madame de Verneville (No. 970) An enormous producer of extra fine flowers; large, compact, and literally packed with petals. It has broad, white guards with center slightly bluish, becoming pure white flecked carmine. A very early variety of medium height. 75c each, 3 for \$2.00.

Felix Crousse (No. 971) Very brilliant, rich, even dazzling ruby red. A fine, large, globular, mid-season sort. A free bloomer and very fragrant. \$1.00 each, 3 for \$2.75.

Zoe Calot (No. 972) A fine, large, very full, soft pink tinted lilac, and globular shaped bloom produced on long, stiff stems. A free bloomer. 75c each, 3 for \$2.00.

Baroness Schroeder (No. 973) Large, beautiful blooms of a delicate flesh, becoming white when in full bloom. Of globular rose type, strong grower and mid-season variety. One of the finest peonies grown. \$1.50 each, 3 for \$4.00.

SPECIAL OFFER ONE EACH OF THE ABOVE PEONIES FOR \$6.25, POSTPAID.

HARDY LILIES

Lilies are becoming very popular in the South. No flower surpasses the stately lily for queenly beauty and attractiveness. Nearly every variety offered will, with a little care, endure our severest winters. Plant the bulbs as soon as possible in the spring, setting about three to five inches deep, according to size. Lilies require rich, well drained soil, slightly mixed with sand. When they once become firmly established they should not be disturbed oftener than once in five years.

Auratum (No. 951) (GOLD BANDED LILY OF JAPAN) This lily is one of the finest plants in cultivation. It produces immense ivory-white flowers that are thickly studded with yellow and crimson spots, while in the center of each petal is a golden band, fading at its edges into the white. This variety usually grows from three to five feet, producing from five to ten flowers the first year if well cared for. 45c each, 3 for \$1.25.

Longiflorum (No. 952) (GIGANTEUM) This lily is similar to the well known Bermuda Easter Lily. It does not come into bloom as early, but the flowers are of better substance. The flowers are a beautiful pure white and trumpet-shaped, and it blooms in June or July. Height two to three feet. 45c each, 3 for \$1.25.

Speciosum Rubrum (No. 953) (ROSEUM) Among the most charming and brilliantly beautiful of the Japanese Lilies is the Speciosum or Lancifolium. The six broad, white or pink petals are thickly dotted with rose or crimson spots. One of the best for garden culture, being especially thrifty and hardy. 45c each, 3 for \$1.25.

Speciosum Album (No. 954) Pure white flowers through the center of each petal. One of the best for general culture, being of great substance and very fragrant. Usually grows from two to four feet when planted in the open. 45c each, 3 for \$1.25.

Tigrinum Flore Pleno (No. 955) (DOUBLE TIGER LILY) This magnificent lily is of stately habit, bearing immense clusters of very large, double flowers on tall, strong stems. The color is a bright orange-red, spotted with black. Height, outdoors in the open, usually three to five feet. 40c each, 3 for \$1.10.

Duchesse de Nemours (No. 966)

One of the best, regardless of price. Superb ivory white with greenish marking towards the center, becoming pure white without a trace of crimson. It is medium to large, of crown shape, and one of the most beautiful both in the half open bud and full bloom. A strong, vigorous grower producing flowers of good stems. An early to mid-season variety and a free bloomer. 75c each, 3 for \$2.00.

Duchesse de Nemours Peony

LEE'S SELECT GLADIOLUS

THE GLADIOLUS (Sword Lily) is now conceded to be the most useful and popular of the summer flowering bulbs. They can be planted almost anywhere, and I have never heard of anyone failing to grow them. They produce tall spikes of flowers, being two feet or more in height, which are of almost every desirable color, blotched and spotted in the most curious manner. As a cut-flower through the summer and autumn they have no equal. The bulbs are planted in rows about six inches apart and four inches deep, from March until June. In order to have a succession of blooms, would suggest planting at a week or two. The bulbs I offer are all first size, being one and one-half inches or over in diameter, and, regardless of the many fancy prices asked, you can buy no better bulbs. The varieties listed on this page are some of the finest named varieties that grow.

HALLEY (No. 868). Delicate salmon pink predominates with a slight rosy tint, the lower petals bear a creamy blotch with a stripe of red through the center. 7c each. 6 for 40c. 12 for 70c. 100 for \$4.50.

CHICAGO WHITE (No. 869). Snow white, with a stripe of carmine on lower petals. An early bloomer; fine for cutting. 7c each. 6 for 40c. 12 for 70c. 100 for \$4.50.

SCHWABEN (No. 870). One of the newer of the yellow varieties, a magnificent cut-flower because the flowers all open about the same time. 8c each. 6 for 45c. 12 for 85c. 100 for \$5.50.

BARON J. HULOT (No. 871). A really fine blue Gladiolus. In color a rich royal violet blue. 15c each. 6 for 65c. 12 for \$1.25. 100 for \$8.50.

MRS. WATT (No. 872). A beautiful rich, deep cherry-red. A fine and distinct variety. 10c each. 6 for 50c. 12 for 90c. 100 for \$6.00.

50c Gladiolus Collection Two bulbs each of the above five varieties. A fine assortment of popular varieties. Ten bulbs in all. 50c, postpaid.

SPECIAL OFFER For \$1.35 I will send you both my 50c and \$1.00 Gladiolus Collections. This will give you thirty bulbs of the most popular named Gladiolus. A wonderful selection of the most delicate and brilliant colors—\$1.35, postpaid.

EMPERESS OF INDIA (No. 878). A distinctive variety of rich maroon, flaked deeper at the tips. Considered the darkest of all Gladiolus. 12c each. 6 for 65c. 12 for \$1.25. 100 for \$7.50.

Halley, a Very Popular Gladiolus

AMERICA (No. 873). A most charming soft, delicate pink, orchid-like in its coloring and texture. Conceded to be one of the finest varieties for bedding or cutting. 7c each. 6 for 35c. 12 for 60c. 100 for \$3.75.

WAILE (No. 874). A rich blood-red shaded with crimson-black. A magnificent dark variety with large flowers. 12c each. 6 for 65c. 12 for \$1.25. 100 for \$7.50.

NIAGARA (No. 875). A fine, delicate cream-yellow lightly marked and splashed with rosy-carmine in the throat. 10c each. 6 for 50c. 12 for 90c. 100 for \$6.50.

MRS. FRANCIS KING (No. 876). A most beautiful shade of light scarlet or flame color, having immense flowers. One of the finest varieties in cultivation. 7c each. 6 for 40c. 12 for 70c. 100 for \$4.50.

MRS. FRANK BENDLETON (No. 877). A lovely salmon-pink with brilliant deep red blotches in the throat. A large flowering sort of exceptional merit. 8c each. 6 for 45c. 12 for 85c. 100 for \$6.00.

My \$1.00 Gladiolus Collection

Four bulbs each of the above five varieties. A fine assortment of beautiful Gladiolus. Twenty bulbs in all. \$1.00, postpaid.

YELLOW HAMMER (No. 879). A pure light yellow with red mid-rib stripe on lower petals. A good mid-season variety. 10c each. 6 for 50c. 12 for 90c. 100 for \$6.50.

GRETCHEN ZANG (No. 880). A lovely tone of soft pink with scarlet markings on the lower petals. 10c each. 6 for 50c. 12 for 90c. 100 for \$6.50.

PANAMA (No. 881). A rich rose-pink. A very distinct and highly prized variety. 8c each. 6 for 45c. 12 for 85c. 100 for \$5.50.

WILBRINK (No. 882). A favorite variety for cutting. A very early flowering Gladiolus, producing large spikes of delicate pink color. 8c each. 6 for 45c. 12 for 85c. 100 for \$6.00.

PRINCE OF WALES (No. 883). A delicate apricot-pink suffused with salmon. Truly an exceptional variety. 10c each. 6 for 50c. 12 for 90c. 100 for \$6.50.

LE MARCHAL POCH (No. 884). A soft flesh-pink color, very much like the America, but flowers about two weeks earlier and has much larger blooms. 8c each. 6 for 45c. 12 for 85c. 100 for \$5.50.

HERADA (No. 885). A pure mauve with deeper markings at the throat. An unusually striking and attractive sort. 10c each. 6 for 50c. 12 for 90c. 100 for \$6.50.

EVELYN KIRTLAND (No. 886). Rosy-pink at the edges, passing to shell-pink in the throat, with fiery scarlet blotches on lower petals. 10c each. 6 for 55c. 12 for \$1.00. 100 for \$7.00.

LILLY WHITE (No. 887). A fine white variety that will bloom fully a week ahead of any other white sort, and requires little care. 12c each. 6 for 65c. 12 for \$1.25. 100 for \$7.50.

\$2.50 Gladiolus Collection Two bulbs each of all the named varieties listed on this page. Absolutely the finest assortment of Gladiolus offered by anyone. This collection gives you a magnificent display of Gladiolus of every conceivable color, shading and marking. Forty bulbs in all, \$2.50, postpaid.

Lee's Choicest Mixed Gladiolus (No. 888)

A wonderful collection, including many of the named varieties. Lee's Choicest Mixed Gladiolus will give you a wide range of color of wide open flowers, beautifully marked. This mixture is fine for cut-flowers as well as bedding, having been especially selected as to combination and blending of colors. 6 for 30c. 12 for 50c. 50 for \$2.00. 100 for \$3.50.

LEE'S SELECTED BULBS

Lee's Selected Bulbs are only bulbs of the finest kind. They are first size, which insures you the largest of bulbs grown. They are not the cheap, under-sized bulbs that produce weak and faded blooms. The bulbs I offer are the kind that gives satisfaction. I have priced them very reasonably so as to be in reach of all.

Mrs. W. E. Estes—Finest White Dahlia

LEE'S DAHLIAS

The Dahlia is now one of the most popular of all flowers. They are so beautiful in their wide range of color and so easily grown that they will always be in great demand. With a little protection they stand our winters perfectly. You would have to grow them to appreciate their perfect shape and wonderful colorings. These are strong, dormant, field-grown roots and you can depend on them being hardy. After danger of frost is over plant three feet apart, pinching out the tip when three sets of leaves appear, to make them more bushy and so as to avoid staking.

FOUR NEW AND RARE DAHLIAS

INSULINDA (No. 889)—Decorative. An exceptional large, orange buff, overlaid with a golden sheen, shading to orange deep in center, with old rose on reverse of petals, which are broad and curly. Stems are long, straight and wiry and the blooms face up like a chrysanthemum. \$1.50 each. 3 for \$4.00.

PAUL MICHAEL (No. 890)—Decorative. A pure gold or deep orange buff. A very large, free flowering Dahlia which has twice been awarded the prize as the largest flower in California shows. \$1.50 each. 3 for \$4.00.

MRS. CARL SALBRACH (No. 891)—Decorative. A wonderful Dahlia of mauve pink, with occasional blending of white, the general impression being pink. The flowers are of splendid decorative form, measuring fully nine inches across, borne on unusually long, stiff stems. \$1.50 each. 3 for \$4.00.

MRS. W. E. ESTES (No. 892)—Decorative. A very fine new snow white Dahlia of much merit. Broad and long, pointed petals, forming a flower of great size. This is easily our best white Dahlia to date. \$1.50 each. 3 for \$4.00.

SPECIAL OFFER

One bulb each of the four New and Rare Dahlias for \$2.50, postpaid.
PATRICK O'MARA (No. 893)—Decorative. An unusual soft and pleasing shade of orange-buff, slightly tinged with neyron rose. \$1.00 each. 3 for \$2.50.
MILTON ALB (No. 894)—Decorative. A delicate lavender with a faint pink cast overshading it. \$1.00 each. 3 for \$2.50.

GRAND DUKE ALEXIS (No. 925)—Decorative. Color white, slightly edged lavender pink. One of the best. 50c each. 3 for \$1.25.

DREER'S WHITE (No. 926)—Decorative. A pure, glistening white, unsurpassed by any other variety in freedom of flowering. 50c each. 3 for \$1.25.

MAUDE ADAMS (No. 908)—Decorative. A pure showy white, very effectively overlaid clear delicate pink. 40c each. 3 for \$1.00.

QUEEN MARY (No. 909)—Decorative. A grand deep pink that is considered the best in its class. 40c each. 3 for \$1.00.

MINA BURGEE (No. 910)—Decorative. A fine scarlet Dahlia for cut-flower. A glowing, most brilliant scarlet. 40c each. 3 for \$1.00.

IRREGATED BENTZ (No. 911)—Decorative. A dark oriental red, with yellow tips and markings. 40c each. 3 for \$1.00.

JEANNE CHARMET (No. 912)—Decorative. An exquisite shade of lilac pink, daintily shading to pure white towards the center with a tinge of light yellow at the margins. 40c each. 3 for \$1.00.

LYNDHURST (No. 913)—Decorative. A very dark red, self colored. Large flowers and a rank grower. 25c each. 3 for 60c.

MRS. HARTONG (No. 914)—Decorative. A light fawn, suffused with pink. 25c each. 3 for 60c.

SYLVIA (No. 915)—Decorative. A soft pale rose purple, shading to a pure white center. 25c each. 3 for 60c.

JANET (No. 916)—Decorative. A bright red with an attractive golden yellow center. 25c each. 3 for 60c.

YELLOW DUKE (No. 917)—Decorative. An attractive bright yellow, self colored. 25c each. 3 for 60c.

MINNIE McCULLOUGH (No. 918)—Decorative. A combination of red and white. A Dahlia entirely in a class by itself. 25c each. 3 for 60c.

BARON SHROEDER (No. 919)—Decorative. A light purple color produced on long, stiff stems. 25c each. 3 for 60c.

CALEB POWERS (No. 920)—Decorative. A beautiful white, tinted a delicate shade of pink. 25c each. 3 for 60c.

JACK ROSE (No. 921)—Decorative. A brilliant red, shading to a rosy color at tips of outer petals. 25c each. 3 for 60c.

COUNTRESS OF LONSDALE (No. 922)—Cactus. An exquisite shade of rich salmon, with just a suspicion of apricot at the base of the petals. 25c each. 3 for 60c.

SPECIAL OFFER The 5 Dahlias, priced at \$1.00 each, for \$2.00. Any 5 Dahlias priced at 50c each, for \$2.00. The 5 Dahlias priced at 40c each, for \$1.50. The 10 Dahlias priced at 25c each, for \$2.00.

DR. TEVIS (No. 895)—Decorative. A combination of salmon, rose and bronze. Immense flowers, seven to nine inches or over. \$1.00 each. 3 for \$2.50.

PRINCESS PAT (No. 896)—Decorative. Immense flowers of pleasing shade of old rose. A very satisfactory variety. \$1.00 each. 3 for \$2.50.

MADONNA (No. 897)—Decorative. A beautiful white, slightly tinted a most delicate shade of lavender-pink. \$1.00 each. 3 for \$2.50.

KALIF (No. 898)—Cactus. A pure scarlet Dahlia produced on long, stiff stems. 75c each. 3 for \$2.00.

WODAN (No. 899)—Decorative. A pleasing, delicate salmon rose color, shading to old gold in the center. 75c each. 3 for \$2.00.

TOM LUNDY (No. 900)—Decorative. A large, velvety red flower, with good form and stem. 75c each. 3 for \$2.00.

ATTRACTION (No. 901)—Decorative. Large, elegant flowers of a clear, lilac rose on long, strong stems. 75c each. 3 for \$2.00.

DELICE (No. 902)—Decorative. A charming bright rose-pink. The brightest pink Dahlia in existence. 75c each. 3 for \$2.00.

GOLDEN WEST (No. 927)—Cactus. A deep rich yellow overlaid with orange. The stems are fine and the blooms last well when cut. 75c each. 3 for \$2.00.

DARLENE (No. 928)—Decorative. An exquisite shade of live shell-pink with a dainty blending of white at center. A fine pink and white Dahlia. 75c each. 3 for \$2.00.

HOCUSAL (No. 929)—Decorative. A combination of yellow and scarlet, producing a beautiful shade of golden orange—enormous flowers. 75c each. 3 for \$2.00.

FRANK A. WALKER (No. 903)—Decorative. A beautiful shade of lavender-pink. One of the earliest to bloom. 50c each. 3 for \$1.25.

SOUVENIR DE GUSTAVE DOAZON (No. 904)—Decorative. A pleasing shade of orange-red. Very large sort. 50c each. 3 for \$1.25.

PRINCESS JULIANA (No. 905)—Decorative. A fine, pure white variety, unsurpassed for cutting. 50c each. 3 for \$1.25.
JOHN WAXMAKER (No. 906)—Decorative. An extremely early flowering, soft orchid pink sort. 50c each. 3 for \$1.25.

AUGUS MEGAR (No. 907)—Decorative. One of the largest and finest lavender-purple Dahlias. 50c each. 3 for \$1.25.

B. M. MOORE (No. 923)—Decorative. The best "nearly black" Dahlia. It is a rich, velvety, deep maroon color. 50c each. 3 for \$1.25.

THOMAS CHALLIS (No. 924)—Decorative. A very rich tone of salmon-red or rosy-salmon. 50c each. 3 for \$1.25.

I PAY THE
POSTAGE ON
PLANTS

PLANT DEPARTMENT

SEND YOUR
ORDER IN
EARLY

Plant orders are always filled separate from seed order. I always send the seed first and, when the weather permits digging and shipping, I send the plants. I do not ship in unfavorable or bad weather.

LEE'S DIXIE ROSE COLLECTION for 1928

12 OF THE FINEST EVER
BLOOMING ROSES THAT
GROW

3 White, 3 Red, 3 Yellow, 3 Pink,
Postpaid Anywhere, \$2.00

Lee's Dixie Rose Collection includes the finest and best varieties. All of the varieties in this collection will do well wherever planted, and the two varieties are alike. Lee's Dixie Rose Collection is changed every year so you can buy it each year and always get altogether different varieties. This collection is truly a bargain. Be sure and order it every year.

American Legion, a New Rose of Bright Velvety Crimson. Large, Full Flowers, and a Fine Bush Rose

Alexander Hill Gray A large, pure yellow rose. The respect of all rose lovers warrants the issuing of a champion rose and a tea at that, to pay homage to one of the world's greatest tea rose growers. It is wonderfully floriferous, every shoot being crowned with a flower bud which develops into a bloom of very large size, great substance and perfect formation, with high pointed center from which the petals gracefully reflex. The best and largest pure yellow Tea Rose yet introduced. Its color is a solid, deep throughout, Marechal Niel-like yellow-yellow, strongly scented.

White Maman Cochet This variety belongs to a family of roses that supersedes all others because of superior constitution and marvelous fully blooming qualities. Snow white in color, sometimes faintly tinged pale blush. The best white rose for open ground culture. Has the vigor of an oak, being hardy everywhere.

American Legion A wonderful rose of gigantic size and of surpassing fragrance. Its intense, lasting, dark red flowers are carried on rigid flower stocks of erect growth. Buds are large, heavily petaled, opening full and into beautiful form. A splendid cut-flower rose.

Radiance Lovely rose pink flowers, somewhat of the June rose type. Valuable as a summer cut-flower variety.

SPECIAL OFFER Any six of your selections, 1-year plants, \$1.60. Any six in 2-year plants, \$4.30. The complete 1928 Dixie Rose Collection of 12 varieties, 1-year size, \$2.50. 2-year size, \$8.25. If you prefer to order them separate from the Collection, they are 30c each, \$3.00 per dozen, postpaid. 2-year size, 80c each, \$7.50 per dozen.

Betty This is a charming rose of golden coppery-rose, suffused with a golden sheen. On account of its coloring a bed of this variety would make a most attractive sight. Extremely free-flowering and has a very nice habit of growth. It is considered a most unusual rose and one of unusual value among those recently raised. Its coloring will appeal to all, while its shape, form and freedom of bloom will place it in the front rank.

White Ophelia Large, snowy white flowers of a daybreak pink in the center on opening. Rich green foliage. Strikingly beautiful. A most charming variety, vigorous in growth, blooms freely and is delightfully fragrant. The petals are large and beautifully formed. This is of fine branching habit, a beautiful and most bushy rose. It ranks as one of the best of the garden roses.

General McArthur As fragrant as a rose can be. The bud when first opening is the brightest crimson-scarlet and the flower retains this perfect coloring until it drops its petals. Has good sized flowers and blooms continuously the whole season through.

Melody Color, a clear sulphur yellow with paler shades towards edge of the petals. The blooms are most attractive, being well shaped and lasting. In form and fragrance of flower it is simply superb. A satisfactory addition to any garden in the way of a good yellow bush rose.

Madison Beautiful, clear white or tinted lemon. The buds are extra large and with high pointed centers. The flowers are of exquisite form and delightful fragrance. A model exhibition flower and a stout, healthy grower. In this splendid variety we have the masterpiece of perfection in a rose.

Francis Scott Key A rose for every American in every garden. Intensely home and should be planted in every garden. Intensely large grained scarlet-crimson blooms on strong shoots of sturdy, erect growth, embellished with foliage of the deepest green. Exquisitely fragrant, and of strong, vigorous growth.

My Maryland Its brilliant live shade of pink and superior and all summer through large, perfectly double, magnificent flowers, rich in fragrance, are borne on long, stiff stems.

Eldorado A free flowering variety, producing long orange-yellow buds of perfect form, more or less streaked with crimson; as they develop they open to a full globular flower of golden yellow. A perfect exhibition and cut-flower rose. On account of its strong habit of growth and freedom of blooming it is placed among the best of bedding roses. Distinctive and sweetly scented. Handsome foliage. A variety that will most assuredly be received with favor the country over.

LEE'S FINE HARDY ROSES

FRANCIS SCOTT KEY. The new American Rose, with crimson-scarlet blooms deliciously perfumed. 24c each. 3 for 68c. Two-year plants, 65c each. 3 for \$1.85.

AMERICAN BEAUTY. In color deep brilliant red, shading to a rich carmine crimson. 35c each. 3 for \$1.00. Two-year plants, 85c each. 3 for \$2.42.

PINK AMERICAN BEAUTY. The flowers are large and double, and have a fragrance that is unexcelled. 30c each. 3 for 85c. Two-year plants, 75c each. 3 for \$2.14.

WHITE AMERICAN BEAUTY. Snow-white flowers, 4 to 5 inches across, deliciously fragrant. A prize winner. 55c each. 3 for \$1.60. Two-year plants, 85c. 3 for \$2.42.

KILLARNEY. Buds are large, long and pointed. Color is exquisite, a brilliant imperial pink. 30c each. 3 for 85c. Two-year plants, 75c each. 3 for \$2.00.

BRIDESMAID. Fine, large, delightfully tea scented, rose-pink with crimson shading. 22c each. 3 for 60c. Two-year plants, 60c each. 3 for \$1.70.

RICHMOND. Pure red scarlet. Flowers are large and perfectly formed. 26c each. 3 for 74c. Two-year plants, 65c each. 3 for \$1.85.

MAMAN COCHET. Light pink, shaded with salmon yellow. 24c each. 3 for 68c. Two-year plants, 65c each. 3 for \$1.85.

LADY LYDMOUTH. Delicate nearly; deep ivory cream petals are very faintly flushed pink. 32c each. 3 for 90c. Two-year plants, 70c each. 3 for \$2.00.

J. L. MOCK. Deep imperial pink, outside of petals rose-white. 25c each. 3 for 72c. Two-year plants, 65c each. 3 for \$1.85.

MARIE ANTOINETTE. Deep orange, passing to old gold. 35c each. 3 for \$1.00. Two-year plants, 75c each. 3 for \$2.14.

MADAME BUTTERFLY. Color bright pink, apricot and gold. 30c each. 3 for 85c. Two-year plants, 70c each. 3 for \$2.00.

MADAM CHAS. WOOD. Large, fragrant, dazzling scarlet-crimson. 30c each. 3 for 85c. Two-year plants, 70c. 3 for \$2.00.

PAUL NEYRON. A beautiful deep rose-pink color. 30c each. 3 for 85c. Two-year plants, 70c each. 3 for \$2.00.

GLOIRE BRUSSELS. Deep blackish-crimson. 30c each. 3 for 85c. Two-year plants, 70c. 3 for \$2.00.

J. B. CLARK. Intense scarlet, shaded crimson maroon. 30c each. 3 for 85c. Two-year plants, 70c each. 3 for \$2.00.

HOOSIER BEAUTY. Glowing crimson-scarlet. 30c each. 3 for 85c. Two-year plants, 70c each. 3 for \$2.00.

CRUSADER. Rich, velvety maroon. 30c each. 3 for 85c. Two-year plants, 70c each. 3 for \$2.00.

LADY HILLINGTON. Deep shade of yellow. 30c each. 3 for 85c. Two-year plants, 70c each. 3 for \$2.00.

COLUMBIA. A perfect peach blow pink. 30c each. 3 for 85c. Two-year plants, 70c each. 3 for \$2.00.

PREMIER. A glorious rose-pink. 30c each. 3 for 85c. Two-year plants, 70c each. 3 for \$2.00.

SUNBURST. A beautiful golden-yellow. 30c each. 3 for 85c. Two-year plants, 70c each. 3 for \$2.00.

RHEA REID. This is the dark red you see in most cut-flower stores. 30c each. 3 for 85c. Two-year plants, 70c each. 3 for \$2.00.

IVORY-WHITE. 30c each. 3 for 80c. Two-year plants, 70c each. 3 for \$2.00.

CLIMBING BRIDESMAID. The flowers are simply beautiful, clear pink. 32c each. 3 for 85c. Two-year plants, 75c each. 3 for \$2.14.

CLIMBING KAISERIN. Deep and double flowers of pure

ivory-white. 30c each. 3 for 80c. Two-year plants, 70c each. 3 for \$2.00.

CLIMBING AMERICAN BEAUTY. Brilliant red. 30c each. 3 for 85c. Two-year plants, 70c each. 3 for \$2.00.

CRIMSON RAIBLER. Flowers crimson, produced in clusters from 20 to 40 roses. 25c each. 3 for 80c. Two-year plants, 75c each.

DOROTHY PERKINS. Beautiful shell pink. 30c each. 3 for 85c. Two-year plants, 75c each. 3 for \$2.14.

CLIMBING HOOSIER BEAUTY. Rich, dazzling crimson-scarlet. 30c each. 3 for 85c. Two-year plants, 75c each. 3 for \$2.14.

CLIMBING HOOSIER BEAUTY. Rich, dazzling crimson-scarlet. 30c each. 3 for 85c. Two-year plants, 75c each. 3 for \$2.14.

The Best Hardy Climbing Roses

MARECHAL NEIL. Color deep golden yellow. 30c each. 3 for 80c. Two-year plants, 70c each. 3 for \$2.00.

CLIMBING METEOR. Rich velvety red buds and flowers. 25c each. 3 for 80c. Two-year plants, 70c each. 3 for \$2.00.

CLIMBING KAISERIN. Deep and double flowers of pure

ivory-white. 30c each. 3 for 80c. Two-year plants, 70c each. 3 for \$2.00.

CLIMBING AMERICAN BEAUTY. Brilliant red. 30c each. 3 for 85c. Two-year plants, 70c each. 3 for \$2.00.

CRIMSON RAIBLER. Flowers crimson, produced in clusters from 20 to 40 roses. 25c each. 3 for 80c. Two-year plants, 75c each.

DOROTHY PERKINS. Beautiful shell pink. 30c each. 3 for 85c. Two-year plants, 75c each. 3 for \$2.14.

CLIMBING HOOSIER BEAUTY. Rich, dazzling crimson-scarlet. 30c each. 3 for 85c. Two-year plants, 75c each. 3 for \$2.14.

Big Bargains in Plants

F-1 6 Charming Everblooming Roses, all choice kinds and free blooms; all different, 98c.

F-2 2 Tea Roses, 2 Hardy Roses, 2 Climbing Roses, 98c.

F-4 2 Everblooming Roses, 2 Polyantha or Fairy Roses and 2 Climbing Roses, 98c.

F-5 6 Prize-Winning Chrysanthemums—all different, 98c.

F-6 5 Beautiful Double Geraniums, choice colors, 98c.

F-9 1 Double Geranium, 1 Single Geranium, 1 Fragrant Geranium, 1 Ivy Geranium, and 1 Silver-Leaved Geranium, 98c.

F-11 5 Splendid Carnations; beautiful colors and all fragrant, 98c.

F-35 20 Tea and Everblooming Roses, all different, \$3.24.

F-36 20 Geraniums, double and single, all kinds, \$3.24.

F-41 20 Lantanas, in good variety, \$3.24.

F-43 20 Carnations, splendid kinds, \$3.24.

Dorothy Perkins, a Wonderful Porch Rose

Best Giant Double Flowered Geraniums

Bertha de Pressily Beautiful silver rose of exquisite brightness. 24c each.

Marquis de Montmort Color brilliant purple, nearest we have to blue. 24c each.

Leopold Bouville Bright soft-rino red, richly shaded bright carmine. 24c each.

Mme. Jaulin Color peach-pink; border of white; unparalleled for beauty. 24c each.

Buchner A fine bedding Geranium. Flowers purest white in color. 25c each.

LaCondole A deep soft rose. The favorite pink Geranium for bedding and pot culture. 24c each.

Alphonse Ricard Flowers enormous size; brilliant shade of orange red. 24c.

Jean Viaud Bright rosy pink; distinct white blotch in center. 24c each.

Arosa Soft salmon-rose, with flowers of immense size. Plants very bushy. 25c each.

S. A. Nutt Darkest and richest Geranium grown. It is a very bright, deep, rich velvety-maroon; best of all, regardless of price. 24c each.

Beaute Poitevine Beautiful rosy salmon; shaded deep orange. 24c each.

Special Offer The full collection of 11 European and American novelties in Geraniums as described above for \$2.32. Any 6 for \$1.20.

Giant Double Geranium, LaCondole, an unusually large Geranium

FRAGRANT GERANIUMS

Extensively grown for their fragrant foliage. Price 25c each; the three for 62c.

LEMON-SCENTED—The foliage has a pronounced lemon scent.

NUTMEG-SCENTED—Pleasing nutmeg fragrance; lilac flowers.

ROSE-SCENTED—The most fragrant of all. Beautiful flowers.

FANCY LEAVED GERANIUMS

Wm. Langguth Silver leaved foliage, double crimson flowers, 30c; 3 for \$5c.

Happy Thought Dark green foliage with creamy white center bordered bronze. Single scarlet, 26c each; 3 for 74c.

Golden Tricolor Leaves have bronze zone belted with crimson and edged with golden yellow. Orange-red flowers. 39c each; 3 for \$5c.

PANSY FLOWERED GERANIUM

Easter Greeting Its blooming season extends from late winter to early fall, and through the summer the plants are gorgeous. The color is hard to describe—fiery amaranth-red. Some describe it as a brilliant rose, each of the five petals being marked with a large dark brown or black spot in the center, the spot being bordered with scarlet daintily penciled with crimson. Price 40c each; 3 for \$1.14.

GORGEOUS EXHIBITION CHRYSANTHEMUMS

CUTFLOWER CHRYSANTHEMUM

Col. d'Appleton An evenly colored, globular variety. When well cultivated and cared for, the blooms are from six to eight inches in diameter. Price, 24c each; 3 for 68c.

Ragged Robin An immense, sparkling-pink variety. Price, 24c each. 3 for 68c.

Man o' War (Latest Introduction) Color deep blood red. Height 4 feet. Price 24c each. 3 for 68c.

Crimson Tangle (Red Ostrich Plume) A very striking crimson-red plumed variety. Price 24c each. 3 for 68c.

White Ostrich Plume Pure white flowers, heavily plumed. Price 24c each. 3 for 68c.

Richmond Perfect fullness; silk-like finish; bright golden-yellow. A prize winner at the shows. Price 24c each. 3 for 68c.

Major Bonaffon Soft, clear yellow, full to center; often 8 inches in diameter. Price 24c each. 3 for 68c.

Chieftain Rose-pink, globular, incurved—everyone likes it. Price 24c each. 3 for 68c.

White Bonaffon Finest of early whites, large and full. Sometimes tinted pearl. Price 24c each. 3 for 68c.

Dolly Dimple Glowing yellow. Considered by many the Queen of all Chrysanthemums. Fine for pot culture. Price 24c each. 3 for 68c.

Special Offer One each of above 10 Exhibition Chrysanthemums, postpaid, \$2.14.

Mammoth Exhibition Cutflower Chrysanthemum, Chieftain

FERNS---BEST YEAR-AROUND HOUSE PLANT

- Boston Fern** Drooping fronds, often six feet in length. A fern that looks well anywhere. Each, 25c. Stronger plants, 50c.
- Ostrich Plume Fern** *Nephrolepis Whitmanii*. The waxy, plume like fronds are often eight inches wide. Upright and stocky growth. Each, 35c. Stronger plants, 60c.
- Fluffy Ruffles Fern** *Nephrolepis Supermissina*. This new fern is quite different from all other ferns, being much more compact, with very dark green foliage. Price, 60c each.
- Hardy Fern** For shady places. Can be left outside during the winter, and in the spring it starts a new growth like Peony and Phlox. A graceful plant, with fronds equal to those of any of the tender varieties. Requires rich soil, shady, moist position. Each, 45c.
- Lace Fern** *Asparagus Plumosus*. Leaves are bright green, gracefully arched, and as finely woven as the finest silken mesh. A very fast grower. Nice plants, 25c. Large plants, 60c.
- Feather Fern** *Asparagus Sprengerii*. Gracefully drooping sprays, three to four feet long. When grown in suspended pots it is one of the prettiest plants for the porch. Each, 20c. Large plants, 50c.
- Snake Plant** An elegant variegated plant especially adapted for house decoration, its thick, leathery leaves standing the gas, heat and dust with the utmost impunity. In all a beautiful decorative plant requiring scarcely any water and no care to speak of. Strong plants, 30c each, three for 50c. Large plants, 50c each and 75c each.

CONSTANT BLOOMING FUCHSIAS

Easily grown, sure to bloom. Price, 25c each, three for 75c. All five below for \$1.10.

PHENOMENAL FUCHSIA. The grandest of them all. Phenomenal is the largest-flowered Fuchsia in cultivation. The plant is a tall grower, branching like a tree. The flowers are of enormous size, petals bright scarlet with rich violet-purple corollas.

FUCHSIA, AURORA BOREALIS. Creates a sensation wherever shown. The flowers are four inches in length; sepals bright rose; corolla bright carmine.

FUCHSIA, BLACK PRINCE. Easiest of all to grow. Sepals, deep waxy carmine flowers.

THE WHITE FUCHSIA, EDMOND ABOUT. The white corolla shows up very beautiful against the pink petals and tube.

FUCHSIA, PURPLE PRINCE. Sepals scarlet, corolla beautiful royal purple.

Hardy Phlox Flower heads often measure from seven to nine inches across, borne from early summer until frost. They grow vigorously, increasing in size from year to year, and make very attractive plantings along walks or in clusters.

BRIDESMAID. Massive white heads, with center of crimson.

COQUELICOT. Bright scarlet.

VON LASSBURG. Immense, pure white heads.

PANTREON. Salmon-pink, with crimson eye.

LE MAHDI. Deep purple.

Price of above Phlox, 35c

Three for \$1.00

Shasta Daisy

Hardy, pure white, with golden center. 25c each.

Fuchsia, Phenomenal

Porch Hydrangea
Bouquet Rose

Delphinium Gold Medal Hybrids. Hardy. The most attractive, bold and meritorious flower we have. The immense spikes of brilliant shades of blue produce the most striking effects in the flower garden. Blooms from June until September. 35c each. \$3.00 per dozen.

New Coleus Christmas Gem

Leaves bright carmine, shading off to deep maroon, the margin being yellow and green, the whole leaf having a rich velvety lustre. 30c each. Three for 60c.

Wandering Jew Fast growing trailing plant for house culture or for growing in hanging baskets, suspended pots, etc. Foliage beautifully variegated purple, scarlet and white. 25c each. Three for 60c.

PORCH OR TUB HYDRANGEAS

BOUQUET ROSE. The most popular of all Hydrangeas. Deep rosy-amber, turning to a bright red. Each, 25c.

MME. MOUILLERE. Very large flowers, frequently over eight inches in diameter of palest white, with rosy-carmine eye. Very fine. Each, 30c.

Hardy Carnation **CRIMSON KING.** Absolutely hardy, standing the Canadian winters in the yard. Blooms all summer long. The color is a rich crimson. Price, 35c. 3 for \$1.05. Dozen, \$5.65.

Hibiscus Peachblow A beautiful tropical plant with glossy foliage and gorgeously colored flowers of a rich peach-pink shade, often five to six inches across. Price, 25c each. Three for 70c.

Mammoth Leaved Rex Begonia

Mammoth Leaved Rex Begonia

In no other class of plants do we find the rich metallic foliage, and colors blended from bright green, silver, reddish bronze to bright rosy plum, as are found here. Leaves sometimes as large as the Elephant Ear. 45c each.

Hardy Begonia Produces clusters of pleasing pink flowers. Roots remain in the soil and start new growth in the spring. 45c each.

Beefsteak Begonia The finest we have for house culture. 40c each.

Luminosa Begonia A mass of bright red flowers summer and winter. 30c each.

CARNATIONS

Matchless Won two gold medals as a matchless white. 25c each.

Beacon The "Lighthouse Carnation." A rich crimson; blooms average three and one-half inches. 25c each.

Enchantress A striking sal-
Supreme mon-pink va-
riety which has proven very profitable to the grower. 25c.

Hibiscus Peachblow

Hydrangea paniculata grandiflora

VINES

Sweet Honeysuckle

A showy vine with purplish evergreen foliage. Flowers white, changing to yellow. 25c each. Larger plants, 50c.

Hardy Purple Wistaria

For covering porches, verandas, etc. Gracefully drooping clusters of rich violet blue flowers. Price, 50c each.

Clematis paniculata

A quick growing green foliaged climber, bearing fragrant white flowers from August until through the fall. Will make a porch or veranda a bower of beauty. Nice plants, 30c each. 3 for 72c. Larger plants, 75c and \$1.00 each.

Purplish Red Clematis

Large, sweet-scented, purplish-red flowers, borne the summer through. Fast grower. Strong plants, 75c each. 3 for \$2.00. Larger plants, \$1.25 each.

Boston Ivy

AMPLEOPSIS VITICOLA. This climbing vine will cling firmly to the smoothest surface of rock or wood. The handsomest vine possible for growth on houses. The glossy leaves assume the most beautiful tints and colorings in the autumn. 40c each. 3 for \$1.10.

Hardy Climbing Sweet Pea

A free flowering, fast growing, extremely attractive Sweet Pea that will flower year after year, withstanding our coldest winters. We offer two varieties—PINK BEAUTY, clear pink; WHITE PEARL, blooms entire season. 50c each. 3 for \$1.25.

Virginia Creeper

WOODRINE. A well known, hardy, rapid, high climbing vine, clinging to walls, trellises and trunks of trees. The foliage fades in the autumn and assumes brilliant and gorgeous shades of yellow, crimson and scarlet. Price, 50c. 3 for \$1.25. Large plants, 85c.

Bridal Wreath

SPIREA VAN HOUTTEI. Beautiful foliage, snowy-white bloom. Strong plants, 40c each. Extra strong plants, 60c and \$1.00 each.

Spirea Billardria

Grows three to five feet, flowers in summer. Tall growing, with plume-like spikes of deep rose-colored flowers. Strong plants, 50c. Extra strong plants, 75c.

Japan Barberry

Valuable for hedges or as specimen plants. Drooping yellow flowers, followed by bright red berries. Foliage changes to fiery crimson in autumn. This variety, unlike the common Barberry, does not harbor wheat rust, and may be planted anywhere. 1-yr. plants, \$2.00 per Doz.; \$15.00 per 100. 2-yr. medium, \$2.50 Doz.; \$17.50 per 100. 2-yr. strong, \$3.00 per Doz.; \$20.00 per 100.

California Privet

Cheaper than fences, far more beautiful. The most popular ornamental hedge plant. Strong plants, \$1.75 per Doz.; \$12.50 per 100.

ing branches, attaining a height of six to eight feet, with two to four inches long. Flowers creamy-white and deliciously fragrant. 50c each. Three for \$1.25.

Hardy Hibiscus

hedge, producing from June until fall a show of beautiful flowers six inches and over across. Withstands the coldest winters. We offer three shades: WHITE, PINK, and CRIMSON. Each 40c. Three for \$1.00.

Fragrant Clematis paniculata

Althea

Althea

Althea

Althea

Althea

Althea

Althea

Althea

Althea

Althea

Althea

Althea

Althea

Althea

Althea

Althea

Althea

Althea

Althea

Althea

SHRUBS FOR PERMANENT PLANTINGS

Hydrangea paniculata

Creamy-white flowers, changing to pink, and borne freely in immense panicles. Flowers from June to November. Strong plants, 40c. Extra strong plants, 60c and \$1.00.

Hydrangea arborescens

Bill of snow. The foliage is almost entirely hidden by beautiful sprays of immense snowy-white blooms from early June through August. Unexcelled for shady places, but does equally well in open. Strong plants, 40c. Extra strong plants, 60c and \$1.00.

Summer Blooming Lilac

Butterfly bush. The fragrant, lilac colored spikes have a remarkable attraction for butterflies. Strong plants, 25c. Extra strong plants, 40c.

Deutzia

Pride of Rochester. Large, white flowers. Splendid for planting near the house. Strong plants, 50c. Extra strong plants, 70c.

Sweet-scented Shrub

The flowers when fully open are about the size of a silver dollar, of a mahogany brown color. Strawberry scented. Hardy. Strong plants, 50c. Extra strong plants, 60c.

Snowball

Pure white flowers in dense clusters looking like balls of snow. Very attractive. Strong plants, 50c. Extra strong plants, 75c.

Single Mock Orange

White syringa. A hardy shrub with upright, often arching branches, attaining a height of six to eight feet, with two to four inches long. Flowers creamy-white and deliciously fragrant. 50c each. Three for \$1.25.

Malloes

Quite attractive as a single plant on the lawn, planted along the walk, or as a bushy shrub with upright, often arching branches, attaining a height of six to eight feet, with two to four inches long. Flowers creamy-white and deliciously fragrant. 50c each. Three for \$1.25.

Hardy Hibiscus

hedge, producing from June until fall a show of beautiful flowers six inches and over across. Withstands the coldest winters. We offer three shades: WHITE, PINK, and CRIMSON. Each 40c. Three for \$1.00.

Popular Weigelas

Weigela, rosea. One of the most conspicuous shrubs that we cultivate; flowers pink, dwarf, admirably adapted to small lawns. 50c each. Three for \$1.25.

Weigela, Eva Rathke

The most distinct and one of the most attractive varieties. Flowers are deep carmine-red. Strong plants, 60c each. Four for \$2.00.

Purple Lilac

An old time favorite that will always remain popular. 60c each. Three for \$1.50. Larger plants, \$1.00 each.

White Lilac

Identical with the purple variety excepting that the flowers are white. 60c each. Large plants, \$1.50 each.

Boule de Feu

The prettiest double red, Commendable. 50c each. Three for \$1.25.

Jean de Arc

Pure white Althea. Double; for cemetery. 50c each. Three for \$1.25.

Bridal Wreath (Spirea Van Houttei)

Alfalfa Clover

Japan Clover or Lespedeza (No. 249)

One of the most valuable Southern clovers, growing well on either rich or poor soil. On poor land it has a creeping habit; on better quality of land is bush form, making a vigorous plant, growing 12 to 18 inches high. Sow, in either spring or fall, about 25 pounds per acre. Harrow in to the depth of 1½ to 2 inches, according to character of soil, then roll or firm the soil in the most convenient way. Makes good grazing. Well adapted for use as green manure by turning it under; it enriches the soil and prevents "washing" of hill lands. Its abundant taproots and laterals decaying makes the soil porous and leave in it much valuable nitrogen matter to be used by the following crops. Root penetrates deeply, enabling the plant to bear severe dry spells, also bring up valuable plant food from the subsoil. The demand for this valuable clover is increasing. There is probably at present more of this variety of clover produced in Louisiana than any other state. It does well in this section. The seed 1 offer you is the highest grade. Plant in March or April. **Pound, 45c. Quantity lots, not prepaid, about 25c per Lb. Write for prices when ready to buy.**

Sweet Clover or Melilotus (No. 250)

Also known as Bokhara Clover. As a land-builder it has few equals. It resembles Alfalfa both as to appearance and habit of growth when young; however, it grows much larger than Alfalfa, often 4 to 6 feet high. It is very hardy, making a living up of old, waste and worn out soils, and thrives well even on extremely poor soil. If plowed under it adds humus and nitrogen to the soil, or if simply left to grow up and drop back for a few years the decaying stalks and roots will do wonders for the land.

The deep roots break up, aerate and drain stiff subsoils and add humus. Its feeding value is high, about equal to Alfalfa. Valuable as a pasture and, in spite of its bitter taste, stock soon learn to like it. Sow early in the spring or fall at the rate of 15 to 25 pounds per acre. **Pound, hulled or cleaned seed, 35c. Quantity lots, not prepaid, about 20c per Lb. Write for prices when ready to buy.**

Red Clover (No. 248) A perennial clover lasting for several years. Would not advise sowing this variety on low Southern land; however, it seems admirably adapted to hill land. Makes two or more cuttings of hay each season and is fine for pasture and planting in orchards. Sow seeds either in fall or spring, using 12 to 15 pounds per acre. **Lb., 50c. Quantity lots, not prepaid, about 40c per Lb. Write for prices when ready to buy.**

Cyclone Seed Sower A seed sower every farmer can afford. It has proven thousands of times that it is the most accurate, most convenient to operate and economical machine for sowing clover and all other farm seeds that can be sown broadcast. It runs easily and will distribute any desired quantity of seed per acre. The slope feed board, an important feature found only in the Cyclone Seeder, gives the seed a gravity flow and always keeps the hopper outlet properly filled without tilting the machine. **Price, each, \$2.25, postpaid.**

ALFALFA CLOVER

Alfalfa will grow and flourish in every State in the Union, producing from two to four cuttings per acre. This I consider the most valuable clover. It is especially productive in the South, and if you have failed in Alfalfa in the past it is either from the fact that you have planted poor seed or at the wrong time. However, Alfalfa Clover does not do well on all varieties of land.

The plant has a deep root and does especially well on bottom land, but will not thrive on hillside land where the land is thin and the roots are unable to penetrate sufficient moisture to produce a good crop. The fact that Alfalfa is a deep rooted clover puts it in position to withstand excessive heat; that is the reason the crops in the South are so successful and sure. Once established, it lasts for years. Requires but little attention and is one of the farmer's most profitable crops. It thrives well where the soil is deep enough for the feeding roots to penetrate. Can be sown in the fall or spring. Should be sown on land that has already been inoculated for Alfalfa, or the seed should be inoculated before sown. Alfalfa is just about as nutritious hay as you can grow, and once well established and cared for it's there to stay; that is, on land where water is not too near the surface.

We have known in this section where Alfalfa Clover has furnished four cuttings a year, and sometimes five, producing five tons per acre. The hay usually brings more on the market than any other variety. Do you know any better paying farming than this?

Alfalfa roots penetrate the ground to 10, 12, even 30 feet. They bring up plant food that no other crop can ever reach. These are the reasons why Alfalfa is permanent.

Sow broadcast in February or September at the rate of 20 to 25 pounds per acre.

ALFALFA, LEE'S EXTRA FANCY (No. 245). This is the very best grade of American grown Alfalfa seed that I can buy. It generally makes a better paying crop than any other percent germination. You can not buy any better seed at any price. **Lb., 40c. 10 to 25 Lbs., not prepaid, about 30c per Lb. 100-Lb. lots or over, not prepaid, about 22c per Lb. Write for my best prices when ready to buy.**

ALFALFA, FANCY (No. 301). A good average grade of American-grown seed. Not as high in purity and germination as by Extra Fancy, but a satisfactory grade. **Lb., 35c. 10 to 25 Lbs., not prepaid, about 28c per Lb. 100 Lbs. or over, not prepaid, about 21c per Lb. Write for my best prices when ready to buy.**

Alsike Clover (No. 246) Alsike is exceptionally hardy, frequently producing as much hay as Mammoth Clover. It is admirably suited to the cold as well as the hot climate. On many soils it produces good crops, on which Red Clover will not grow. Alsike is the most valuable clover for the South. It withstands the severest cold and does not readily winter-kill or leave out of the ground with frost, and readily re-seeds itself. It is apparently the only Clover that will thrive on moist soil. It grows about two or three feet high. The stems are thinner than those of Red Clover, the leaves are numerous, making hay of a finer texture. The blossoms are purplish pink. The feeding value of the hay fairly equals that of Alfalfa.

This Clover produces damp, moist, luscious hay, grows fairly well on stiff clays. It is often mixed with Red Top as a permanent pasture for damp soils. We have sold Alsike Clover seed in this section for ten years without a single complaint. If sown alone use 10 pounds more per acre. **Quantity lots, not prepaid, about 40c per Lb. Write for prices when ready to buy.**

White Clover (No. 247) Most all permanent lawns and pasture mixtures contain some White Clover and make good grazing for cattle and sheep. It is a creeping clover, blooms early in the spring; very suitable for lawns. It succeeds best on moist ground. If sown alone use 10 pounds more per acre, or one-half that amount with other grasses or clovers. **Packet, 15c. ¼ Lb., 40c. Lb., 75c. 2 Lbs., \$1.25. 5 Lbs., \$3.00.**

GARDEN TOOLS

I have a complete stock of the celebrated Planet Jr. garden tools, all of which are recognized standard all over the world and guaranteed to do perfectly the work for which they are intended. The Planet Jr. garden tools will insure results and lighten your labor. Take no risks, but buy the best. If you are interested, please write to mail you a complete Planet Jr. catalog on request.

LEE'S RELIABLE GRASS SEEDS

RED TOP, OR HERD'S GRASS

Red Top is sometimes known as Herd's Grass. It makes excellent pasturage and good crops of fine quality hay, is especially valuable as a mixture with Clover, Timothy or Blue Grass. It flourishes everywhere. A very hardy maturing grass, probably the most permanent grass we have. I regard Red Top as the best of all tame grasses for the South. There are few farms but what have some land adapted to this grass, and you will find it a big investment to have a few acres on your farm. It thrives best on moist land, attaining a height of from 2 to 2½ feet. It is of slender growth, rather fine foliage and throws out slender, spreading heads. Sow ten pounds per acre.

RED TOP, LEE'S EXTRA FANCY (No. 258). The best grade of re-cleaned solid seed Red Top that you can buy. All the dirt and chaff have been removed. This grade is of the highest purity and germination. **Lb. 35c.** 10 to 25 Lbs., not prepaid, about 30c per Lb. **100-Lb. lots or over, not prepaid, about 25c per Lb.** Write for quantity prices when ready to buy.

RED TOP, FANCY (No. 302). A good grade of re-cleaned solid seed Red Top that is not as high in purity and germination as the Extra Fancy, but worth the money. **Lb. 30c.** 10 to 25 Lbs., not prepaid, about 28c per Lb. **100-Lb. lots or over, not prepaid, about 18c per Lb.** Write for quantity prices when ready to buy.

Lee's Bermuda Grass (No. 257) Its great drought-resisting ability to withstand our extreme summer heat makes this the most desirable grass for lawns in the South. It is also very valuable for pasture, succeeds well on dry arid lands where other grasses fail. It is the most valuable pasture grass, in my opinion, that I sell. There is probably more land seeded to Bermuda in the Southern states than any other grass. It is very fattening and liked by stock. Will not thrive in the shade, and is not usually found growing in places where cotton cannot be grown successfully. In other words, it will not thrive north of the cotton belt. The seed is somewhat slow to germinate, takes about three weeks to come up after planted, but once up grows very rapidly, and perfectly satisfactory lawns can be obtained by mid-summer if the seed is sown in the early spring. Bermuda is not an experiment to try. One pound will sow a 50 by 50 ft. square. I will seed an acre. **Packet, 10c.** **Lb. 50c.** 2 Lbs., 90c. 5 Lbs., \$2.00. Quantity lots, not prepaid, about 35c per Lb. Write for quantity prices.

Johnson Grass (No. 261) While considered a weed, in many parts of the South, it is coming to be recognized as one of the most valuable hay and forage plants. In places where its growth can be controlled and kept from spreading into cultivated fields, here it makes the best hay. It makes such an enormous yield of hay. It should be cut just when seed heads begin to form, and furnishes about three cuttings per season. There is a great demand for the hay, as it is eagerly relished by all kinds of stock, especially horses. Frost kills it in the North during winter. The feeding value of the hay is claimed to be better than Timothy. The seed may be planted in early spring or in early fall at the rate of 15 pounds per acre, give you permanent summer pasturage and hay crop forever. It is very hardy and no matter how close it is grazed it will give you an excellent quality of hay on most any kind of soil. **Lb. 35c.** Quantity lots, not prepaid, about 15c per Lb. Write for quantity prices.

Timothy (No. 260) Thrives in almost any soil. It should be cut just when the blossom falls. It does not make such good pastures, but the hay crop is great where it is well adapted. Red Top or Herd's Grass and Meadow Fescue matures the same time as Timothy and do well for mixing. Sow early, in the spring or fall, 15 pounds per acre if alone, but less if mixed with other grasses. I do not recommend this grass as a success in the Southern States. **Lb. postpaid, 25c.** In quantity, not prepaid, about 10c per Lb. Write for prices.

English or Perennial Rye Grass (No. 263) This variety of grass flourishes on all kinds of soil and produces heavy crops on rich, moist land, for which it is best suited. It grows rapidly, producing heavy crops the first year. It is exceptionally valuable for permanent pastures, stands close cropping and shoots up quickly. Cut for hay when in bloom. A field of English Rye will last for years. Sow 40 pounds per acre. **Lb., 25c.** **100-Lb. lots, not prepaid, about 20c per Lb.** Write for quantity prices.

Lee's Permanent Pasture Mixture (No. 268) Only by testing for several years have I been able to determine the variety of the best permanent pasture grasses for this section. With this in mind, I have composed a mixture of Blue Grass, Orchard Grass, Meadow Fescue, Red Top, Ray Meadow, Italian Rye, Red Crested Dog's Tail and English or Perennial Rye Grasses, carefully proportioned to give the best results. No Bermuda or Johnson Grass in this mixture. Sow 35 pounds to the acre. One pound of Red Clover and one pound of Alsike Clover every ten pounds of this mixture is sometimes beneficial. Clover seed cannot well be mixed in the grass seed evenly, so buy it separately. **Lb., 40c.** 5 Lbs., \$1.75. Not prepaid—10 Lbs., 30c per Lb. 100 Lbs., about 30c per Lb. Write for prices when ready to buy.

Red Top or Herd's Grass

Orchard Grass (No. 259) An exceptionally valuable grass for pastures or hay lands and, on account of its earliness, very valuable for permanent pastures. It furnishes green grass very early in the spring until late in the fall. When closely cropped it grows up quickly and is ready for grazing in a short time. When grown for hay, more than one crop can be obtained in one season, and when only one crop is cut the hay is very heavy and gives splendid and rich pasture until late in the fall. It is very hardy and will withstand drought better than most varieties. It succeeds well in shady places, such as orchards and groves. Height three feet. Blooms three weeks earlier than Timothy. Sow 28 pounds per acre. **Lb. 35c.** 10 to 25-Lb. lots, not prepaid, about 25c per Lb. Write for prices when ready to buy.

Kentucky Blue Grass (No. 264) Kentucky Blue Grass known the world over for its rich verdure, which is the basis of all good lawn grasses. Where Blue Grass can be sown successfully, the hay crop is of such excellent quality that all cattle relish it and fatten. It carries its verdure into winter longer than most grasses and is out very early in the spring. It grows best on good, rich, light and dry land and is especially valuable as a pasture grass. It remains the first year, but becomes fully established the second year. It is a hardy perennial, improving every year. If sown by itself for a meadow or pasture use 28 pounds per acre. **Lb., 50c.** Quantity lots, not prepaid, about 25c per Lb. Write for prices when ready to buy.

Meadow Fescue (No. 266) A valuable grass for planting in the Southern, Central and Western states. Well adapted for permanent pastures and meadows. Sow 20 to 30 pounds per acre. **Lb., 40c.** Write for prices when ready to buy.

Lee's Evergreen Lawn Grass (No. 267) The essentials for a fine lawn: First, a well drained soil; second, careful preparation of the ground, making it as fine and smooth as possible; third, good seed; fourth, sow at such a time as to give the young plants the chance to become well started before dry weather. In Lee's Evergreen Lawn Grass you have the finest mixture ever offered for the South. It is the results of years of experimenting and study. It produces a very velvet lawn and stands the drought and heat without serious injury. It will stay green all summer if watered several times a week. If your soil is of a damp nature put 50 pounds of Hydrated Air Slacked Lime to each 1,000 square foot. Also give the young plants the lime put 100 pounds of Pulverized Sheep Manure to same space. Plant this mixture and have a beautiful all-year-round lawn. Five pounds of seed will plant 1,000 square feet (20x50). **Lb., 50c.** 3 Lbs., \$2.25. Not prepaid—10 Lbs., 40c per Lb. 100 Lbs., 35c per Lb.

Sudan Grass

Lee's Sudan Grass

(No. 272) Sudan has perhaps more sterling merit than any annual grass known. The foliage and hay are greatly relished by stock and it has an exceptional high feeding value. It withstands and flourishes in extreme drouth and adapts itself to most all soils. It is a great stoolet, upwards of one hundred stems frequently shoot up from one seed. Sudan sometimes grows as high as nine feet when planted in rows and cultivated, and four to five feet when sown broadcast, exceeding all other grass in yield, often five to seven tons are cut per acre, seldom running less than four tons. Sudan is a native of the Sudan, Central Africa. The hay grows strictly erect, the quality is exceptionally high, chemical analysis showing it to be of the same feeding value as timothy, Johnson Grass and millet. It is nutritious, palatable and highly relished by stock. It is easily cut with a mower and cures readily. It should be cut after full bloom. After cutting it resumes growing promptly and in about 40 to 45 days another cutting is ready. It has everything in the way of a forage crop have ever seen in this section backed clear off the boards. Sudan should not be planted until the soil becomes warm in spring. It can be sown any time in summer 70 to 75 days ahead of frost. If sown in rows it should be planted 18 inches apart and this way it requires three to five pounds to plant an acre. On good soil where there is plenty of moisture it can be sown broadcast at from 15 to 25 pounds of seed per acre. If sown in drills it can be cultivated, and should be if the crop is wanted for seed. I can best describe it by saying that it has all the good qualities of Johnson Grass with more of its own added, and while it looks like a tall growing strain of Johnson Grass it does not have the bad quality as it is an annual the same as any of the tame grasses and must be planted every year. My trade on this seed has doubled for the past three years, and on account of the ease with which a crop can be produced and the ease with which this enormous amount of feed can be raised I look for a very heavy demand this season. Try at least a few acres this year; you will plant more next. Lb., 25c. 2 Lbs., 45c. 5 Lbs., \$1.00. Not prepaid—10-Lb. lots or over, at 9c per Lb. 25-Lb. lots or over, at 10c per Lb. 100-Lb. lots or over, at 7c per Lb. Write for quantity prices.

FETERITA---The Drought Resister

(No. 273) Feterita has proven the best foliage crop for dry lands known today. It produces a stalk of medium height and size, bearing ten to twelve leaves of medium size and a large head well filled with pure white or bluish-white seeds. The grain is larger than milo and as soft and much whiter than kafir. Its feeding value is equal either milo or kafir and does not contain the dust that accompanies the other two. It has been known to produce excellent crops without receiving any rain from the day it was planted until harvested. It stands erect, matures about twenty-five days earlier than kafir and yields from 40 to 60 bushels per acre. Two crops per year can be produced from this section. Feterita is used extensively for poultry feed and is considered the best of its class. Lb., 25c. 5 Lbs., \$1.00. Not prepaid—10 Lbs. or over at 9c per Lb. 25-Lb. lots or over at 7c per Lb. 100-Lb. lots or over at 5c per Lb. Write for quantity prices.

Yellow Milo Maize (No. 274) Yellow Milo Maize produces large quantities of good green fodder, stools from the ground, sending out shoots from the joints. The stalks grow from nine to twelve feet tall, the seed is an excellent fattener and relished by cattle, hogs and poultry. It is a species of kafir corn and is planted, cultivated and harvested in the same manner. Lb., 25c. 5 Lbs., \$1.00. Not prepaid—10-Lb. lots or over, at 9c per Lb. 25-Lb. lots or over, at 7c per Lb. 100-Lb. lots or over at 5c per Lb. Write for quantity prices.

Lee's Early White Seeded Kafir Corn (No. 275) This grain about 130 days, grows five to seven feet high, making a straight upward growth. It has a strong stem with wide leaves, remaining green until the heads are full matured. The stalk contains considerable sweet sap. It does well everywhere and is enormously productive. It is especially liked by horses, cattle and poultry and produces seed in great abundance, which is rich, nutritious and fattening as corn. Kafir Corn is especially valuable for dry land farming. For grain sow in rows three and one-half feet apart, using six to eight pounds per acre. For hay or pasture sow 25 to 50 pounds to the acre in drills or 75 pounds broadcast. Lb., 25c. 5 Lbs., \$1.00. Not prepaid—10 Lbs. or over, at 9c per Lb. 25-Lb. lots or over at 7c per Lb. 100-Lb. lots or over at 5c per Lb. Write for quantity prices.

Mammoth Russian Sunflower (No. 277) Sunflower is peculiarly suited to dry season, producing immense tonnage under favorable conditions. Especially valuable for poultry and parrot feed. Plant at corn planting time with ordinary grain drills in 36-inch rows four to five inches apart, five pounds of seed to the acre. Lb., 30c. Not prepaid—10-Lb. lots or over, about 12c per Lb. Write for prices in quantity.

Feterita, the Drouth Resister

Write for Quantity Prices On Field Seeds

I sell these seeds according to market prices the day you buy. As soon as you are ready to buy, write me what you want and I will quote lowest prices and give freight or express rates to your station. Use special Quotation Sheet in back of catalog.

Early Yellow Orange Cane

Lee's Recleaned Sorghum Or Cane Seed for Forage

Plant when the ground becomes thoroughly warm, say two weeks from corn planting, on a rich, well drained clay loam, in rows three and one-half to four feet apart, cultivating as you would corn. After the flowering stage is past, but not too early, it may be pastured or cut for fodder. Sorghum may be grown with Cow Peas and Soy Beans either in rows or broadcast.

The large bulk of cane seed planted in the South, however, is sown broadcast at the rate of one bushel to the acre. The planting of cane seed throughout the South is greatly on the increase. While it does best on rich soil, it will produce good crops on nearly any kind of soil and under adverse conditions. While I do not advise as late sowing as this, I have seen it sown in this locality as late as July 23d and mature a heavy crop. The seed I offer is thoroughly recleaned and of high purity and germination. The varieties listed are for fodder or forage purposes only. I do not sell cane seed for syrup purposes.

Early Yellow Orange Cane (No. 254) This is a splendid large growing variety that produces a larger stalk than any of the other varieties and is about ten days later in maturing. It does not make as fine a hay as the Amber, but it is claimed that on account of the larger stalk it carries more sweetness when dried. Seed yellowish brown color and usually hulled. **Lb., 25c. 5 Lbs., 90c. Not prepaid—10-Lb. lots or over, at 7c. 25-Lb. lots or over, at 6c per Lb. Write for quantity prices when ready to buy.**

Early Red Orange Cane (No. 304) This variety has become very popular in the last few years. It is particularly valuable for planting in flat, level country because it puts on more foliage and the foliage grows closer to the ground, thereby protecting the roots from the sun and hot winds. It is similar in growth to the Yellow Orange, but is earlier. I have seen this variety planted in this section on the 22nd of July and mature a heavy crop. Seed usually unhulled and a bright red color. **Lb., 25c. 5 Lbs., 90c. Not prepaid—10-Lb. lots or over, at 7c. 25-Lb. lots or over, at 6c per Lb. Write for quantity prices when ready to buy.**

Early Amber Cane (No. 255) There is more Early Amber Cane sold than any other kind. It has been a general favorite for many years. It does not produce as large a stalk as the other varieties, and grows more rank, this making a finer, better hay. It is the earliest variety of cane grown and produces a heavy yield. Because of its fine stalk it makes a better crop on poor land than other kinds. Seed usually unhulled and black. **Lb., 25c. 5 Lbs., 90c. Not prepaid—10-Lb. lots or over, at 7c. 25-Lb. lots or over, at 6c per Lb. Write for quantity prices when ready to buy.**

Sumac or Red Top Cane (No. 256) Sumac cane is a later variety than either the Orange or Amber. It produces a larger growth and stands drouth better than either Orange or Amber. From the fact that Sumac is a late variety it should not be planted as late as the other varieties. Seed of reddish color, and hulled. **Lb., 25c. 5 Lbs., 90c. Not prepaid—10-Lb. lots or over, at 7c per Lb. 25-Lb. lots or over, at 6c per Lb. Write for quantity price when ready to buy.**

PLANT PLENTY OF PEANUTS

Plant from one to two bushels per acre. The Spanish or bush sorts should be planted thicker or closer than the running varieties.

We are located in one of the most favorable sections for the production of peanuts. They are one of our most profitable, and yet most neglected, crops. As a food value they are equal to any crop that can be produced. A sure cropper and much relished by stock. Commercially the nuts are in great demand and extensively used in the manufacture of candy, peanut butter, etc., while the hay is equal in food value to alfalfa. They should be grown extensively.

Lee's Improved Spanish (No. 292) A comparatively new variety which has been bred for the purpose of increasing the size of the nut, yet keeping the fine quality and productiveness of the standard peanut. To those desiring a nut larger than the standard sort this variety is recommended. **Lb., 30c. 3 Lbs., 75c. Quantity lots, not prepaid, about 10c per Lb. Write for quantity prices when ready to buy.**

Tennessee Red (No. 293) This variety is grown most successfully in Tennessee and Virginia, where the soil is sandy and the climate is such that they should be grown on sandy soil. It is probably the richest and best flavored peanut that grows and are especially valuable for eating either raw or parched. The color of the nut is red, slightly blunt at the end, growing three to four in a pod. **Lb., 30c. 3 Lbs., 75c. Quantity lots, not prepaid, about 12c per Lb. Write for quantity prices when ready to buy.**

Virginia Jumbo (No. 294) This variety is grown in a limited way in this section and is used mostly for parching. This section seems to be quite well adapted for producing this variety. I would advise your planting a small acreage for home. **Lb., 30c. 4 Lbs., \$1.00. Quantity lots, not prepaid, about 17c per Lb. Write for prices when ready to buy.**

Spanish Peanuts (No. 300) While not as large as other kinds, there is no peanut grown that so completely fills the pod or can compare with it in sweetness and flavor. They can be grown closer than most varieties and are more easily cultivated and gathered, as the nuts, which are clustered around the base of the plant, cling firmly to the roots. **Lb., 25c. 3 Lbs., 60c. Quantity lots, not prepaid, about 10c per Lb. Write for prices when ready to buy.**

Lee's Improved Spanish Peanuts

LEE'S 70 DAY EARLY FIELD CORN (No. 241)

The most valuable extra early corn ever offered to the corn growers of the South. A distinct variety of corn introduced by us some years ago. For a number of years we have been unable to obtain any stock of this seed, but the demand for it has been continuous since our first introduction.

We are, however, fortunate again this year in obtaining a limited quantity grown from the original stock, by the grower who originated this remarkable variety.

There are many reasons why this corn should be planted by every farmer in the South who raises corn and depends on early feed. The first and most important reason lies in the fact that it will mature a crop, almost without any exception, before the drouth or hot winds appear. This is not only furnishing a supply of corn, but coming at a time when feed is most needed and usually very scarce and high.

It has remarkable producing qualities, which will compare very favorably with some of the larger and later kinds.

The following extract is taken from a letter received from our grower: "In regard to the yield of this variety, it averages our growers from 55 to 60 bushels of shelled seed corn per acre and, on ear, corn will yield on an average of 125 bushels per acre. Very strong grower in every respect. This season we have fields that will produce up to 165 bushels per acre, of ear corn."

Description—In size of stalk and ear it resembles in many respects the White Pearl Corn. Produces a good stalk, ears measuring from seven to nine inches, and usually sixteen rows of white corn. The kernels resemble a corn, almost without any flinty. Where early feed is striven for, and its sureness to mature a crop, every grower of corn should have at least a small acreage as a protection against the drouth and hot wind which so frequently affect the later varieties.

We not only expect the demand to be very heavy, but believe that Lee's 70-Day Corn will soon become the standard of early corn of the South. **Packet, 10c. 1 lb., 20c. 2 lbs., 35c. Not prepaid—14 lbs. (Pk.), \$1.25. 56 lbs. (Bu.), \$4.00.**

Iowa Silver Mine (No. 237)

There is no variety of corn that will grow so well and so generally make a good crop under favorable conditions as the Silver Mine. The change of location seems in no way to diminish the yield or impair the quality of this variety when grown from good seed. For twenty years I have sold this variety through the different Southern States without a single complaint. Every section has produced good crops and proven its value.

So general is the distribution of this variety and so universal the success of planters that, without hesitancy, I recommend the Iowa Silver Mine variety for all corn planters, except possibly the extreme north of the cotton belt. My stock is procured from a grower from whom I have purchased this variety for the past twenty years. It is tested for germination and in first class condition for seed before being shipped. That is the reason I have made such a wonderful success in this variety. There is a prejudice in the minds of some farmers against white corn. In the markets, however, usually white corn sells at a premium. The stalk grows to a height of about seven to eight feet and sets the ears about two and a half to four feet from the ground, just the right height for easy pulling. Every one has an ear, many stalks having two or three ears. Ears measuring from ten to twelve inches in length and weighing one and one-half pounds are often found. The ears are uniform in size and shape with usually eighteen rows of deep, pure white kernels set on a small, white cob, well filled out over the tips. It is early, maturing in 95 days. The cob dries so rapidly that it is ready for market earlier than any other large white field corn. **Packet, 10c. 1 lb., 20c. 2 lbs., 35c. Not prepaid—14 lbs. (Pk.), 80c. 56 lbs. (Bu.) \$2.50.**

Champion White Pearl (No. 238)

An early, pure white variety, earlier than the Iowa Silver Mine. It is the most productive of any of the early varieties of corn. The cob is white, medium size, heavy and long, with rows set close together. Under unfavorable conditions, however, it will not produce as heavily as the Iowa Silver Mine, but its earliness makes it a very desirable corn. It is also used extensively for roasting ears. I have sold this variety for the past fifteen years with excellent success. The kernels are somewhat rounded at the top than those of the Silver Mine, also the corn is more of a flinty nature; however, as above stated, it is an excellent variety to plant for an early crop, as it is almost sure to mature before a drouth in the arid sections. **Packet, 10c. 1 lb., 20c. 2 lbs., 35c. Not prepaid—14 lbs. (Pk.), 80c. 56 lbs. (Bu.), \$2.50.**

Iowa Gold Mine (No. 239)

The purest yellow extra early corn in existence, maturing in about 95 days. If you want a good top market price for corn, just shell a load of Iowa Gold Mine with a machine that will clean out the trash and cobs and you will have number one yellow corn. It has color and soundness necessary to pass the closest inspection. Seventy pounds of ear corn of this variety usually makes 62 to 63 pounds of shelled corn. The appearance being so attractive, the color so beautiful, and so good in quality of grain, it is a favorite with all farmers who desire an early yellow corn. In the past twenty years that I have been selling corn in this section I have probably sold more of this variety than any other, with the possible exception of the Iowa Silver Mine. I have no hesitancy in recommending this variety to the most critical planters in any of the Southern States. **Packet, 10c. 1 lb., 20c. 2 lbs., 35c. Not prepaid—14 lbs. (Pk.), 80c. 56 lbs. (Bu.), \$2.50.**

Reid's Early Yellow Dent (No. 303)

A fine, early 90-day yellow corn that is very popular in the South. The color is deep yellow, with lighter cap. The grains are round, closely packed, and almost entirely cover the butts and tips. The leaves and stalks of Reid's Yellow Dent make fine ensilage and fodder. Most desirable for feeding on corn. Splendid yielding, early maturing, and altogether the best for general cultivation. **Packet, 10c. 1 lb., 20c. 2 lbs., 35c. Not prepaid—14 lbs. (Pk.), 80c. 56 lbs. (Bu.), \$2.50.**

Iowa Silver Mine Corn

LEE'S ST. CHARLES WHITE CORN

(No. 243) Lee's Improved St. Charles White Corn is known throughout the South as a standard large red cob corn. It is a good yielder and especially adapted to bottom land. The stalks are large and tall growing, bearing from one to two large ears. This corn was introduced by us in 1912. It gained popularity from the first and is now considered to be the best heavy land white corn.

It has made yields not exceeded by any other variety, from many sections customers reporting as high as 80 to 85 bushels to the acre. While not recommended for thin land, I believe it to be the best corn for a general crop on bottom or heavy upland. This variety of corn has succeeded admirably in Northern Arkansas, where our seed stocks are produced. This variety seems to succeed especially well in this section. It is also grown in large quantities in the Mississippi Valley bottom and the section extending from Cairo, Illinois, to New Orleans, Louisiana. The grains are long and white and set on a long, red cob. Ears are remarkably large. I recommend this variety as being superior to any other variety of white corn for heavy bottom land. It withstands drought remarkably well. **Packet, 10c. Lb., 20c. 2 Lbs., 35c. Not prepaid—14 Lbs. (Pk.), \$1.00. 56 Lbs. (Bu.), 3.50.**

LEE' BIG YELLOW DENT (No. 242)

This variety was introduced by me some twelve years ago from Missouri. It has given better satisfaction as a main crop corn than any I have sold: It matures in about 110 days; cob is long, red and rather small, the kernel being long, narrow, deep yellow, rather soft, and much liked by stock. This variety is the heaviest yielder of any corn that I have ever sold. I have endeavored to keep it pure and in so doing have created a demand among corn planters in this section. It is a perfectly safe corn to plant and may be grown anywhere that Iowa Silver Mine will produce. It will produce good crops in unfavorable seasons when other corn will fail. Don't let your prejudice prevent you from planting some of this seed on account of late maturity; however, I do not recommend that this corn be planted on thin upland, where the early varieties might mature more quickly, thereby escaping a possible drought. To produce a good crop of matured corn it usually requires heavy bottom land sufficient to carry moisture enough to mature the corn through a dry season. **Packet, 10c. Lb., 20c. 2 Lbs., 35c. Not prepaid—14 Lbs. (Pk.), \$1.00. 56 Lbs. (Bu.), \$3.50.**

Hickory King (No. 240) If you have thin upland, there is no corn King. Agricultural Experiment Stations highly recommend Hickory King for thin upland. No other corn will produce anything like the number of bushels to the acre on this kind of land as the true stock Hickory King. I carefully select this corn for seed purposes and it is one of the best varieties of corn grown in this section. The ears are small, having eight rows firmly set upon a very small cob. In true stock the grain will about cover the cob in its largest place. Owing to the small cob, the yield per acre exceeds what one would expect. The stalk grows rather small and thus permits a thick stand. For early purposes this corn has no equal. **Packet, 10c. Lb., 20c. 2 Lbs., 40c. Not prepaid—14 Lbs. (Pk.), \$1.00. 56 Lbs. (Bu.), \$3.50.**

Lee's Mexican June Corn (No. 244)

I can recall when the planting of June Corn was somewhat of an experiment and was planted only in a limited way, but of late years I have had a very large sale of this variety of corn.

Very seldom it misses making a crop, which in itself is valuable, but large returns are frequently received when sold for roasting ears, being especially adapted for this purpose. I feel very much encouraged to know that I was one of the first to introduce the original stock from Mexico. You can depend on my stock being of the very best type of this corn. I do not advise planting before June first, it is filling a distinct place in the cotton states as a general corn crop, and one to fill in on late planting.

I have an extensive demand for this corn, which has given entire satisfaction. Acclimated and grown in this section, it will make a crop without rain, provided it is not so dry that the seed will not come up. In other words, I usually advise my customers that if they can get a stand of Lee's Mexican June Seed Corn they are almost sure to produce a good crop without any additional rain, irrespective of how hot and dry the season may be. I recommend Lee's Mexican June Seed Corn to my trade generally, though the Southern States for late planting in June or July for a corn crop, or earlier if ensilage is wanted. **Packet, 10c. Lb., 20c. 2 Lbs., 40c. Not prepaid—14 Lbs. (Pk.), 90c. 56 Lbs. (Bu.), \$3.00.**

What My Customers Say About My Mexican June Corn

"I am well pleased with the Mexican June Seed Corn I ordered from you. We planted it the 19th and 20th of June on bottom land; it is now in silk and tassel. We got a perfect stand and it is the finest late corn I ever saw grow. Everybody says so. It has from one to five ears on every stalk, most always two and more. I would like to furnish you in Mexican June Seed Corn, for I think it is so fine people ought to use it."

(Signed) "MRS. YOUNG GRAY", Oklahoma.

Write for Quantity Prices on Field Seeds

I sell these seeds according to market prices the day you buy. As soon as you are ready to buy, write me what you want and I will quote you lowest prices and give you freight or express rates to your station. Use Special Quotation Sheet in back of catalogue.

Lee's Mexican June Corn

EARLY VELVET BEANS

In the South, Velvet Beans are used very largely for winter grazing, and for this purpose is one of the best crops for the light soils. They should be allowed to grow until December or until killed by frost, after which they can be grazed through the winter, as the vines, leaves and pods decay very slowly and remain palatable a long time. Early in the spring the crop remaining is plowed under as a soil improver and this adds very materially to the productivity of the soil.

Velvet Beans are usually grown with corn. The corn is planted in 5-foot rows, three feet apart in the row, and the beans planted in the corn. At the last working, beans are planted again in the middles between the corn. When the corn is dry it is pulled from the stock, and cattle turned in to graze. It furnishes most nutritious and fattening food, and is considered the cheapest means of fattening cattle; at the same time the roots and what is left of the vines make a good soil-improver. Velvet Beans are usually planted in rows four to five feet apart at the rate of one-half bushel per acre.

Extra Early Velvet Beans (No. 286) Extra Early Velvet Beans, or 100-Day Speckled Velvet Bean. Although they will not mature the pods in 100 days, this is one of the earliest varieties and can be grown farther north than the common Velvet Beans. In more northerly sections, where the seeds will not mature, it will make a wonderful growth of vine for pasturing and finishing cattle, and a fine soil improver. **Packet, 10c. Lb., 25c. 2 Lbs., 45c. Write for quantity prices when ready to buy. I expect to have a full supply of these Velvet Beans, but am unable to make quantity prices at this time.**

Write for Quantity Prices on Field Seeds

I sell these seeds according to market prices the day you buy. As soon as you are ready to buy, write me what you want and I will quote you lowest prices and give you freight or express rates to your station. Use Special Quotation Sheet in back of catalog.

"Please send me your seed catalog by return mail, as I want to order my garden seed from you. We have ordered from several different firms, but will say we like yours best. So will close, wishing you many years of success."
(Signed) "MRS. LILLIAN CROWDER," Arkansas.

Extra Early Velvet Beans

Plant Plenty of Cow Peas Every Year

Cow Peas make one of the largest yielding and most nutritious crops known. They are also the surest or cheaper means of improving and increasing the productivity of our soils than by sowing the Cow Peas. It is not necessary to turn under the crop of vines to improve the soil; it is considered more economical to cut the vines and cure them as a forage or hay crop, and then turn under the stubble and roots. They are most valuable, as they yield an immense quantity of feed of the best quality, and produce the crop in so short a time. Like all other leguminous crops, they have the power of extracting nitrogen and ammonia from the atmosphere and storing it in the roots, so that after the crop is cut the land is enriched and its condition improved.

Whippoorwill (No. 287) more largely grown than any other Cow Pea, probably because of its long vines, usually about six feet, and because of its large yield. **Packet, 10c. Lb., 25c. 2 Lbs., 45c. Write for quantity prices when ready to buy. I expect to have a full supply of Whippoorwill Peas, but am unable to make quantity prices at the time this catalog is written.**

Mixed Peas (No. 288) A great many Southern farmers prefer to sow Cow Peas in mixtures, as they grow thicker and produce a better crop of vines and forage. **Packet, 10c. Lb., 25c. 2 Lbs., 40c. Write for quantity prices.**

Large Black-Eye (No. 289) The Black-Eye pea is largely grown in this vicinity are used mostly for cooking and table use. They have an excellent flavor and command ready sale in all stores. **Packet, 10c. Lb., 30c. 2 Lbs., 50c. Not prepaid—10 Lbs. or over, about 20c per Lb. Write for quantity prices.**

Lady Peas (No. 315) A fine small white table pea of excellent flavor. A strong growing, prolific pea that is much in demand for table use. **Packet, 10c. Lb., 45c. 2 Lbs., 75c. Not prepaid—10 Lbs. or over, 25c per Lb.**

White Sugar Crowder (No. 316) An early maturing table pea of excellent flavor. Medium size white peas with pronounced flattened ends. Their rich, sugar flavor makes them a great favorite. **Packet, 10c. Lb., 40c. 2 Lbs., 70c.**

Brown Sugar Crowder (No. 317) Considered by many to be the best eating table pea and always in demand. I have never seen the year that I have been able to supply the demand for this excellent sort. As the name would indicate, it is of brown color, produces many pods crowded full of peas. **Packet, 10c. Lb., 40c. 2 Lbs., 70c. Not prepaid—10 Lbs. or over, 25c per Lb.**

DWARF ESSEX RAPE--THE QUICK-GRAZING PLANT

(No. 270) The economical pasture crop, fattens sheep without grain. A thick and cheaply grown pasture for sheep, hogs, cattle and poultry. Ready in six to eight weeks from sowing. Formerly rape was grown especially for sheep and lambs, but in recent years it has been found equally good for providing pasture for all kinds of stock. It has been estimated to yield more than ten tons of green forage per acre that, for fattening, is claimed to be worth, pound for pound, double the value of clover. It is often recommended sown in corn at the rate of three to four pounds of seed per acre at the last working. In a acre of rape will easily pasture twenty hogs for two months. Do not turn stock into rape pasture when they are hungry, nor when the rape is wet, as it may induce bloating; allow them to remain a short while the first day, and increase the time each suc-

ceeding day. Give stock access to salt while feeding on rape; they should also have hay or straw convenient in case of bloat.

Sow as early as the land can be made ready, the earlier the better, but sowings as late as April have been very successful. Sow either broadcast or in drills eighteen inches to two feet apart; when grown in drills and cultivated occasionally, the leaves will cover the intervening space; this method is a fine weed killer. Allow eight to ten weeks for it to attain its maximum growth. I consider rape one of the most inexpensive and most profitable crops that can be raised. The seed I offer is the Dwarf Essex, which I import direct from England, where rape seed of this variety is best produced. **Packet, 10c. Lb., 30c. Not prepaid—10-Lb. lots, 14c per Lb. 100 Lbs., about 10c per Lb. Write for quantity prices when ready to buy.**

Write for Special Quotations When Ready to Buy

Mid-West Soy Beans

Soy Beans---A Profitable Crop

Soy bean hay contains a high per cent of protein, is superior to cow peas in feeding value and as a milk and butter producer is equal to alfalfa and superior to cotton seed meal. The beans and the bean meal contain about 35 per cent of digestible protein, and stock eat them with relish and thrive on them. Hogs fed on soy beans in combination with corn fatten much more economically than on corn alone—a bushel of soy beans is worth at least double as much for feed as a bushel of corn. Experiments have proven that soy beans for fattening cattle to be about 50 per cent greater in value than cow peas. They make an excellent winter feed for young cattle, sheep and horses when fed with roughage.

Soy beans may be planted with other crops, yielding a larger crop of forage. Planted with cow peas makes a good combination, the beans supporting the pea vines. Plant half bushel soy beans to one bushel cow peas to the acre. Soy beans and corn is another well recommended combination, the beans being planted in the hill with the corn, or in every other hill or every other row, depending on the proportion wanted in the feed.

Soy beans will grow on all kinds of soil. As a milk and butter producer they are equal to alfalfa and superior to cotton seed meal. Drouth and excessive rainfall affect them less than cow peas. It is one of the easiest crops to grow and harvest. They make a rich and nutritious hay and one of the cheapest. They require no fertilizers except acid phosphates. On heavy soil they should not be planted more than one and one-half inches deep, except dry seasons. On light, sandy soils plant deeper, but not more than three inches. When sown broadcast, sow one to one and one-half bushels to the acre; in drills, about a peck to the acre. Soy beans are fast taking the place of cow peas in the South. They produce more hay and seed to the acre and are cheaper to handle on account of their upright growth. Are not bothered by weevils like cow peas and the beans. Aside from having more feed value than cow peas are used in a commercial way for making oil.

Mammoth Yellow Soy Bean (No. 269) This variety is considered the strongest grower and heaviest seed yielder of the Japanese varieties of soy beans. While it is a late sort it will fully mature in this section. **Packet, 10c, 2 Lbs., 50c. 2 Lbs., 45c.** Write for quantity prices when ready to buy. I expect to have a full supply of these Soy Beans, but am unable to make quantity prices at the time this catalog is written.

O-Too-Tan Soy Bean (No. 311)

A small, shiny, jet black Soy Bean, producing a fast growing plant four to five feet high, with fine stem and heavy foliage. For a combined hay and grain producer it leads all Soy Beans. The hay cures quickly and is of fine texture. In harvesting, this variety does not shatter either its leaves or grain. This variety can be planted in this section any time from May first until the end of July. It can be cut when just beginning to turn if wanted for hay, or left until the pods are almost ripe if wanted for grain. **Packet, 15c. 1 Lb., 50c. 2 Lbs., 90c.** I am unable to make quantity prices at the time this catalog is written. Write for prices.

Laredo Soy Bean (No. 312)

This fine new variety of Soy Bean is a valuable addition to the South's forage crops. It is a medium early sort, producing a fine stem and a heavy yield of both hay and seed. It is the heaviest hay yielder of all Soy Beans and in seed will produce three times as much as Cow Peas to the acre and requires only about one-sixth as much seed an acre. The Laredo Soy Bean is similar in growth to the O-Too-Tan except that its stems put out at the ground and are heavily fruited from the base to the tips of the branches. It withstands wilt and is suited to a wide range of soils. This variety can be planted from the earliest cotton planting date to the first of July with reasonable certainty of a good crop. The earlier plantings produce the largest yields. The seed of the Laredo are very small and one bushel will plant from eight to ten acres in 2½-foot rows. In sowing for seed the planting should be three to six inches apart in the drill, and in sowing for hay they should be somewhat closer. It is best to plant following a season, the seed being covered very lightly, usually about one inch. **Packet, 15c. 1 Lb., 50c. 2 Lbs., 90c.** I am unable to make quantity prices when ready to buy. I expect to have a full supply of these Soy Beans, but am unable to make quantity prices at the time this catalog is written.

Mung Beans---A Wonderful Crop A New Bean of Great Value

(No. 313) A comparative new bean that has thoroughly demonstrated its value to the South. Mung Beans are great soil builders, they produce a large quantity of hay per acre, the beans are good to eat, and make an excellent chicken feed. The plants grow from three to five feet high in a straight, upright, bushy form, are easy to cut and cure out and the hay is relished by any kind of stock. The yield of seed will run from 50 to 1,000 pounds per acre. Mung Beans are very hardy and will come to a stand under the most adverse conditions. They withstand wilt and insects of all kinds and do not weevil-eat like Cow Peas.

Mung Beans should be planted in May for hay or turning under. They produce a smaller plant and make more seed if planted in June or early July. The seed are small and it takes from three to five pounds to drill an acre in 2½-foot rows. Broadcast, it takes from ten to fifteen pounds of seed an acre. Beans mature in 90 to 120 days, depending on the season. **Packet, 15c. 1 Lb., 50c. 2 Lbs., 90c. 4 Lbs., \$1.75.** Write for quantity prices when ready to buy. I am unable to make quantity prices at the time this catalog is written.

The Wonderful Mung Bean

DON'T FORGET TO ASK FOR OUR SPECIAL PRICES ON SEEDS IN QUANTITY LOTS. MAKE OUT A LIST OF WHAT YOU WILL WANT, ON THE PINK QUOTATION SHEET IN THE BACK OF THIS CATALOG, AND MAIL IT IN. AT THE TIME THIS CATALOG IS PRINTED THE PRICES ON FIELD SEEDS ARE NOT FULLY ESTABLISHED, SO BE SURE AND WRITE FOR MY BEST PRICES WHEN YOU ARE READY TO BUY.

LEE'S CHOICE SEED OATS

Texas Red Rust Proof Oats (No. 279) The standard oat for the South for spring planting. This variety seems especially adapted to our climate and not inclined to rust as other varieties. It is an oat for spring planting, although it is often sown in parts of Louisiana and Texas in the fall, and seems in some localities to withstand the winter. This variety is being rapidly replaced in this section by the Fulghum Oat. It can be planted either in the fall or spring. I offer you a very careful selection of Texas Red Rust Proof Oats, free from Johnson Grass, which are thoroughly tested in our laboratory for germination. This variety is especially adapted to the South on account of its rust-resisting qualities. Sow 1½ to 2 bushels per acre. Lb., 15c. Write for quantity prices when ready to buy. I am unable to make quantity prices at the time this catalog is written.

Early Burt or May Oats (No. 280) Very early maturing, being ready to cut in about 30 days. Grows well on thin or rich land, making a good, smooth straw. Is an abundant yielder of bright, clean, heavy grain and is free from rust. Planters who are desirous of making a good crop of oats on thin land can do no better than plant a few acres of these oats each season. The seed is free from Johnson Grass, being thoroughly acclimated, re-cleaned and tested as to germination and purity. I am sure that you can secure no better oats for the money than I am offering you. Lb., 15c. Write for quantity prices when ready to buy. I am unable to make quantity prices at the time this catalog is written.

Spring Barley (No. 281) This is a bearded variety for spring planting, producing a large quantity of sweet feed very much relished by stock. This variety must not be confused with the winter variety, which is much harder, being sown in the fall for winter and early spring pasture. If you are a stock raiser or operate a dairy and wish to produce a feed, you will find that there is scarcely anything that you can plant that will be as well relished by your stock as barley. Lb., 15c. Write for quantity prices when ready to buy. I am unable to make quantity prices at the time this catalog is written.

Japanese Buckwheat (No. 282) The fertility of the soil can be retained by sowing Japanese Buckwheat, which is equally valuable as a cover crop. It is liked as a food for cattle, hogs and poultry as a part ration. Stock relish, thrive and grow on it. It is a long bloom. The kernel almost loses the taste of buckwheat. The bloom produces an excellent honey. It requires 15 to 20 pounds to seed an acre. Lb., postpaid, 20c. Not prepaid—10-Lb. lots, 10c per Lb. Write for quantity prices.

Texas Red Rust Proof Oats

Millets---For Quick Crops

Millet is an important crop in the South. It produces a large yield of nutritious hay per acre, grows quickly and is easily cured. It can be sown any time from the middle of April until the middle of August. It generally matures in from six to eight weeks and it is best not to sow too early.

The best quality hay is secured when Millet is cut while in bloom, before the seed hardens in the head. To allow the seed to form will produce a hard stalk which will not make nearly as good hay, besides it is hard on the land. Millet should be planted thickly, generally one bushel to the acre.

Lee's Tennessee Golden Millet (No. 285)

This is the best grade of Millet that you can buy. It has been grown in Tennessee and is the highest grade and type of Millet that grows. It produces large, well-filled heads and is known by some people as "Big Head German Millet." Before the war, this was called German Millet. Lee's Tennessee Golden Millet stands alone in its class as a Millet in this section, where we have thousands of satisfied customers who have been procuring this seed from us for years. Lb., 25c. Write for quantity prices when ready to buy. I am unable to make quantity prices at the time this catalog is written.

Kansas Fancy Millet (No. 318)

This is good grade of Millet that is grown in Kansas. It is one or two years from Tennessee and while it is not as tall growing, and does not produce as large a head as the Tennessee Golden, it produces a good yield of hay. Lb., 20c. Write for quantity prices when ready to buy. I am unable to make quantity prices at the time this catalog is written.

Lee's Tennessee Golden Millet

**Increases Your Yield
and
Enriches Your Soil**

Inoculated legumes develop larger root systems than when not inoculated and therefore reach the immense stores of potash and phosphorus in the sub soil, bringing them up to supply the plant. When the roots and stubble decay, these elements are also returned to the soil in a form available for future crops.

Inoculation hastens maturity, increases the crop, improves its quality enriches the soil and saves fertilizer bills.

NITRAGIN is one of the highly endorsed products on the world's markets. Farmers, Agricultural Colleges, Agricultural Journals, Soil Experts, everywhere, testify to its merits. DIRECTIONS are plain, written on every NITRAGIN label. You mix NITRAGIN with the seed and plant in the usual way.

NITRAGIN PRICES

¼ bu. size for 15 lbs. seed.....	Postpaid \$0.45
½ bu. size for 30 lbs. seed.....	Postpaid .63
¾ bu. size for 45 lbs. seed.....	Postpaid .81
1 bu. size for 60 lbs. seed.....	Postpaid 1.10
1 bu. size for 60 lbs. and Cow Peas.....	Postpaid .80
5 bu. size for 300 lbs. seed.....	Postpaid 4.85
5 bu. size for Soys and Cow Peas.....	Postpaid 2.60
40 lb. size for Soys, Sweet Peas, Beans, Lima Beans.....	Postpaid .25

WHEN ORDERING ALWAYS NAME THE CROP YOU WANT IT FOR

Dickey Duster A splendid little duster for applying Bug Death and other insecticides in powder form. Just the thing for small gardens. **Price, 50c. postpaid.**

NUMBER OF PLANTS TO ACRE AT GIVEN DISTANCES

Distance Apart	No. Plants	Distance Apart	No. Plants	Distance Apart	No. Plants	Distance Apart	No. Plants
12 x 1 in.	522,720	24 x 24 in.	10,890	36 x 36 in.	4,840	60 x 60 in.	1,743
12 x 3 in.	174,240	30 x 1 in.	209,088	42 x 12 in.	12,446	8 x 1 ft.	5,445
12 x 12 in.	43,560	30 x 6 in.	34,848	42 x 24 in.	6,223	8 x 3 ft.	1,815
16 x 1 in.	392,040	30 x 12 in.	17,424	42 x 36 in.	4,148	8 x 8 ft.	680
18 x 1 in.	348,480	30 x 16 in.	13,068	48 x 12 in.	10,890	10 x 1 ft.	4,356
18 x 3 in.	116,160	30 x 20 in.	10,454	48 x 18 in.	7,790	10 x 6 ft.	726
18 x 12 in.	29,040	30 x 24 in.	8,712	48 x 24 in.	5,445	10 x 10 ft.	435
18 x 18 in.	12,360	30 x 30 in.	6,970	48 x 30 in.	4,356	12 x 12 ft.	3,670
20 x 1 in.	313,635	36 x 3 in.	58,080	48 x 36 in.	3,630	12 x 5 ft.	736
20 x 20 in.	15,681	36 x 12 in.	14,520	48 x 48 in.	2,723	12 x 12 ft.	3,02
24 x 1 in.	261,360	36 x 18 in.	9,680	60 x 36 in.	2,901	16 x 1 ft.	2,722
24 x 18 in.	15,520	36 x 24 in.	7,260	60 x 48 in.	2,178	16 x 16 ft.	170

WEIGHT OF SEED AND QUANTITY USUALLY SOWN PER ACRE

Lbs. Per Bu.	Sow Per A.	Lbs. Per Bu.	Sow Per A.	Lbs. Per Bu.	Sow Per A.
Alfalfa Seed.....	40	15-25 lbs.	Coru; in hills.....	56	8-10 lbs.
Barley Seed, Broadcast.....	48	1½-2 bu.	Clover, Alfalfa.....	60	15-25 lbs.
Bean Seed, Dwarf; in.....	60	40-60 lbs.	Clover, Bur; hulled seed in	60	15-20 lbs.
Beans, Pole; in drills.....	60	30 lbs.	Clover, Bur; seed in the	60	50-80 lbs.
Beans, Soja, Field; in	60	25 lbs.	Clover, Sweet.....	60	15 lbs.
drills.....	60	75-90 lbs.	Clover, Japan.....	25	2 lbs.
Beans, Soja, Field, broadcast.....	60	20-25 lbs.	Cucumbers; in hills.....	50	8-10 lbs.
Beans, Velvet, Field; in	60	7 lbs.	Grass, Sudan; in drills.....	50	5-10 lbs.
drills, 3 to 5 ft. rows.....	60	5 lbs.	Grass, Sudan; broadcast.....	50	20-25 lbs.
Beet, Table; in drills.....	60	10-20 lbs.	Grass, Ryegrass broadcast.....	50	30-50 lbs.
Beet, Mangel-Wurzel.....	60	5 lbs.	Grass, Bermuda.....	50	4-6 lbs.
Broom Corn Seed; in	60	10-20 lbs.	Grass, Johnson.....	25	25-35 lbs.
drills.....	46	8-10 lbs.	Grass, Lawn.....	60	70-70 lbs.
Carrot; in drills.....	60	3-4 lbs.	Kafr Corn; in hills.....	50	10 lbs.
Cane or Sorghum; broadcast.....	50	50-150 lbs.	Kafr Corn; broadcast.....	50	2-3 lbs.
Cane or Sorghum; in	50	8-10 lbs.	Melon, Musk; in hills.....	50	1-3 lbs.
drills.....	32	½-1 bu.	Melon, Water; in hills.....	50	35-50 lbs.
Cotton.....	32	½-1 bu.	Millet, German; broadcast.....	50	8-10 lbs.
			Milo Maize; in drills.....	50	

LEE'S LAWN GRASS SEED

Prices on Grass Seeds subject to change. Write for prices on quantity lots

The First Requirement in Beautifying a Home is a Beautiful Velvety Green Lawn

We offer on this page varieties of seed adapted to different conditions and situations. Our prices are based on supplying the very highest grade of seed in all lawn grass mixtures. Never buy low grade quality of seed for use in lawns.

New Lawns In making a new lawn the ground should be well prepared and in a fine state of cultivation. Then give it a top dressing of Pulverized Sheep Manure, which is free from weed seed, at the rate of 200 pounds to 2,500 square feet. This should be followed by a top dressing in the fall at least every two years. Inasmuch as a lawn properly made will last for years an added expense at this time will bring you big returns later in the way of satisfaction and upkeep.

Bermuda Grass Its great drought-resisting properties and ability to withstand our extreme summer heat makes this the most desirable of all grasses for use in lawns in the South. With proper care it will remain velvety green during the hottest weather. The seed is somewhat slow to germinate, but, once up, grows very rapidly, and perfectly satisfactory lawns can be obtained by mid-summer by sowing the seed in early spring. One pound will sow a plot 50x50 feet. Per Lb., 50c. 2 Lbs., 90c. 5 Lbs., \$2.00, postpaid.

Lee's Evergreen Lawn Grass This is a mixture of tame grasses for use where Bermuda Grass is not desired, and in shady situations where Bermuda Grass will not grow. Produces a permanent, thick, velvety green lawn the year around when the season is not too hot. One pound will sow a plot 20x20 feet. Lb., 50c. 5 Lbs., \$2.25. Not prepaid—10 Lbs., 40c per Lb. 100 Lbs., \$35.00.

Lee's Winter Lawn Grass This is a mixture of grasses to sow on your Bermuda Lawn in the fall, which grows rapidly and produces a beautiful green lawn during the winter months.

dying down during the summer and reappearing again as soon as the fall rains set in. One pound will sow a plot 15x15 feet. Lb., 50c. 5 Lbs., \$2.25. Not prepaid—10 Lbs., 40c per Lb. 100 Lbs., \$35.00.

English, or Perennial Rye Grass

Is largely sown for winter lawns on Bermuda sod. The Bermuda blades, being easily affected by frost, become red and rusty looking, while English Rye during winter presents a most beautiful appearance, being a vivid green, and as the Bermuda during April and May makes its appearance it overgrows the English Rye, causing the latter to decay and act as a fertilizer to the existing grass. It should be sown in September and October. One pound will sow a plot 15x15 feet. Per Lb., 25c. 10 Lbs., \$2.00, postpaid.

Kentucky Blue Grass This is the basis of all lawns where tame grasses are preferred, and in combination with White Clover forms the finest and smoothest lawns. In the South it does the best during fall, winter and spring, retaining green all winter. Especially adapted to shady situations. One pound will sow a plot 20x20 feet. Per Lb., 50c. 10 Lbs., \$4.50.

White Dutch Clover It is very hardy and its dwarf growth makes it desirable for lawns. ½ Lb., 40c. 1 Lb., 75c. 2 Lbs., \$1.25. 5 Lbs., \$3.00; postpaid.

Sheep Fertilizer One of the best fertilizers for use on lawns, as it contains no weed seed. Supplies the humus, bacterial action and plant food that makes everything grow. 25 Lbs., 90c. 50 Lbs., \$1.50. 100 Lbs., \$2.50; not prepaid.

Order Sheet for Lee's Seeds

ARTHUR G. LEE, Fort Smith, Ark. Date _____, 192.

Before Ordering Please Read Directions for Ordering in this Catalog on Page 2

[illegible]

Please Use Catalog Number and Name of Seeds, Etc., Wanted When Making Out Your Order

GET MY PRICES BEFORE YOU BUY

Make a list of your wants on this sheet and send it to me. If you are going to need field or garden seeds in quantity lots, as much as 10 pounds or over, let me quote you special prices. I will make you my very best prices, and tell you what the seed will cost you delivered to your station. I cannot make definite quantity prices in my catalog because the market changes so much. When you are ready to buy send me a list and you will be sure to get the very latest prices.

ARTHUR G. LEE,
Fort Smith, Ark.

Dear Sir: Please name me your lowest prices on the list of seed given below, at the same time advising me about what the Postage, Express or Freight charges would be, delivered to my address. It is distinctly understood that in asking for this special quotation I am under no obligation to purchase same, and that this is entirely for my own information as to prices and Postage, Express or Freight rates.

Name _____

P. O. _____

R. F. D. _____ Box No. _____ State _____

Express or Freight Office.....

(If Different From Your Post Office)

State how you would want the goods shipped by putting an X in proper space below

S-28 ☐ Express

☐ Freight

☐ Parcel Post

[illegible]

THIS SHEET IS NOT FOR FAMILY GARDEN LISTS

TEAR OFF ALONG THIS LINE

LEE'S Dollar Collection

\$1.00 Postpaid

1 Pkt. Beans, Burpee's Stringless.....	\$0.10	1 Pkt. Lettuce, Hanson (Head).....	.10
1 Pkt. Beans, Kentucky Wonder.....	.10	1 Pkt. Okra, Long Green Pod.....	.05
1 Pkt. Sweet Corn, Golden Bantam.....	.10	1 Oz. Radish, Scar. Tur. White Tip.....	.10
1 Pkt. Peas, Lee's Extra Early.....	.10	1 Oz. Radish, Long White Icicle.....	.10
1 Pkt. Beet, Early Blood Turnip.....	.10	1 Pkt. Tomato, Ponderosa.....	.10
1 Pkt. Onion, Red Wethersfield.....	.10	1 Pkt. Pepper, Royal King.....	.10
1 Pkt. Cabbage, E. Jer. Wakefield.....	.10	1 Pkt. Squash, White Bush Scallop.....	.05
1 Pkt. Collard, True Georgia.....	.05	1 Pkt. Carrots, Danvers Half-Long.....	.05
1 Pkt. Mustard, Giant Curled.....	.05	1 Pkt. Water Melon, Tom Watson.....	.10
1 Pkt. Cucumber, Long Green.....	.10	1 Pkt. Turnip, White Flat Dutch.....	.05
			\$1.70

This dollar collection, I think, is the ideal assortment for a first class home garden. It contains a complete assortment of vegetable seeds of the best varieties and has just the right amount of seed of each kind. If you want a good home garden that will produce a variety of vegetables throughout the season, I recommend this collection. For \$1.00 I will send you postpaid this collection which contains 20 varieties of seeds. No change will be allowed in this collection. No others will be sold at this reduced price.

TWENTY STANDARD VARIETIES

© ARTHUR G. LEE, *Seedsman* FORT SMITH, ARKANSAS ~ ©

LEE'S GIANT ZINNIAS

PACKET 10¢

ARTHUR G. LEE

FORT SMITH Seedsman and Florist

ARKANSAS