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SWAN RIVER NURSERY

Patchogue, L. I., N. Y.

1932

CONDITIONS OF SALE

The prices in this list cancel all prices in previous lists.

FIRST—The articles herein listed will be furnished at prices designated as per following schedule:

One to five plants of one kind will be charged for at the single rate, whatever the aggregate of a list made up in numbers of less than five plants of a specific sort may be.

Five to forty plants of one kind will be furnished at the ten rate.

Forty to 250 plants of one kind will be furnished at the 100 rate when 100 rates are given, except in the case of perennials, when 25 of one kind will be given at the 100 rate.

FROM THIS SCHEDULE WE WILL NOT VARY because of the fact that it takes considerable time to assemble a list of plants that are scattered over the nursery.

SECOND—We warrant our stock to be true to variety named, and will replace any that may prove otherwise or refund the original price, but beyond that, we assume no responsibility. We guarantee our trees and plants to be in good condition when shipped, but we do not guarantee that such stock will live and grow, as it is obviously impossible to control the aftercar or the weather conditions which may surround transplanted stock.

THIRD—We make no charge for packing retail orders to be sent by freight, express or parcel post, except on large evergreens and large shade trees.

FOURTH—Our terms are cash.

MOTOR TRUCK DELIVERY—We operate motor trucks of different sizes and therefore can offer unlimited delivery service on Long Island and nearby points, making only a charge to cover the actual cost of such service; this of course depending on the size of the order and whether a special trip is required. Where possible we combine small orders and proportion the charges among the persons served; this makes the service much cheaper. Trees that are dug today are delivered tomorrow.

If desired, we will send experienced men to plant the trees and shrubs, charging for such service at actual cost.

COMPLAINTS—We will gladly rectify mistakes in filling orders, provided we are notified immediately on receipt of goods.

SHIPPING SEASON—Our Spring shipping season begins about the 25th of March, and continues until the last of May. In the Fall we begin shipping in August and continue until the ground freezes up for Winter.

Respectfully yours,

SWAN RIVER NURSERY

PATCHOGUE, L. I., N. Y.

GRACE A. AVERY,
Owner

HUMPHREY R. AVERY,
Manager

Telephone: Patchogue 1200

Practical Garden Books

Written by well-known authorities in a concise and lucid manner, handsomely printed, profusely illustrated and attractively bound in durable covers.

THE BOOK OF ANNUALS—By Alfred C. Hottes. Over 100 separate species described with full directions for the culture and uses. 182 pages, 155 illustrations. Cloth, \$1.50.

ALL ABOUT FLOWERING BULBS—By T. A. Weston. Written especially for the amateur, this book gives all the information the home gardener requires on the culture and flowering of bulbs of all seasons planted outdoors, as well as those that do well in the house. 184 pages, 8 full-page color plates. Cloth, \$2.00.

A LITTLE BOOK OF CLIMBING PLANTS—By Alfred C. Hottes. Full information on climbers, ground-covers and creepers. 250 pages, 105 illustrations. Cloth, \$1.75.

MODERN DAHLIA CULTURE—By Wm. H. Waite, the originator of "Jersey's Beauty" and other highly popular Dahlias. 132 pages with 32 illustrations (4 in color). Cloth, \$1.50.

ADVENTURES IN DISH GARDENING—By Patten Beard. Tells how to make dish gardens with the use of living material and miniature figures. Illustrated with 65 halftones with their description on the opposite page. 4 color plates. 220 pages. Imi. lea., \$2.50.

PRINCIPLES OF FLOWER ARRANGEMENT—By Prof. E. A. White. For all those who wish to display flowers to their fullest beauty in the home. 226 pages, 71 illustrations (6 in color). Imitation leather, \$3.00.

GARDEN GUIDE—Each subject written by different experts. A veritable encyclopedia with information on all phases of gardening on the medium-sized place; flowers, fruits, vegetables, trees, shrubs, lawns, paths, rock gardens, water gardens, perennials, annuals, etc. 388 pages, 275 illustrations. Cloth, \$1.50.

MILADY'S HOUSE PLANTS—By F. E. Palmer. Tells how to care for and raise all the house plants that succeed in the home. 176 pages, 96 illustrations. Cloth, \$1.25.

PRACTICAL LANDSCAPE GARDENING—By Robert A. Gridland. Tells how to beautify and landscape your own home grounds. 280 pages with 260 illustrations, plans and sketches. Cloth, \$2.50.

FOUNDATION PLANTING—By Leonard H. Johnson. A practical book for every home owner. Contains over 200 illustrations with plans and key to planting lists. Size 7½x10. 256 pages. Cloth, \$3.50.

1001 GARDEN QUESTIONS ANSWERED—By Alfred C. Hottes. Written in the popular form of questions and answers with full information on all gardening problems of the medium-sized home. 320 pages, 80 illustrations. Cloth, \$2.00.

Practical Garden Books

(Continued)

THE BOOK OF PERENNIALS—By Alfred C. Hottes. How to successfully grow and enjoy over 125 species of our most popular and durable border plants. 280 pages, 103 illustrations. Cloth, \$1.50.

ROCK GARDEN PRIMER—By Archie Thornton. Unusually complete information on the construction of rock gardens. Also gives care and culture of plants. 152 pages, 74 illustrations (4 in color). Imitation leather, \$2.00.

BOOK OF SHRUBS—By Alfred C. Hottes. A complete, non-technical description of the common species and some of the uncommon with their characteristics, uses, soil, pruning and propagation. 446 pages, 187 illustrations. Cloth, \$3.00.

WATER GARDENS AND GOLDFISH—By Sawyer and Perkins. Two closely related subjects treated under one cover. Small to medium pools. 112 pages, 59 illustrations. Cloth, \$1.50.

THE WOMAN'S FLOWER GARDEN—By Jane L. Kift. Written by a practical woman gardener especially for women. The care and treatment of plants in the home and their cultivation outdoors. 160 pages, 15 illustrations. Cloth, \$1.25.

PRACTICAL PEST CONTROL—By H. C. Tweedale. A 32 page illustrated pamphlet by an expert, experienced plantsman, telling in simple direct terms how to protect horticultural crops against injurious insects and diseases. Price 50c.

LANDSCAPING THE SMALL HOME—By Edward W. Olver. Makes its direct appeal to the small home owner. 160 pages showing complete planting plans for the average small city or suburban home, as to the outdoor living room and home gardens. Price, cloth bound, \$2.00.

FLOWERS OF THE WILD—By Frank C. Pellett. The author draws on his experience of many years, during which he hunted for hundreds of wild flowers and replanted them in his preserve. He gives full and explicit cultural directions for taking care of wild flowers in the home garden. 168 pages, 4 color plates. Price, \$2.00.

Include postage on all orders.

Write for free book catalog.

Suggestions for Planting

Preparing Holes

Dig the hole not less than 1 foot wider than the root area of the specimen it is to hold and from a foot to 2 feet in depth, according to the depth of its root system. If the soil is poor a few inches of rotted litter should be thrown into the bottom of the hole and dug in to the depth of 6 inches or more. If the soil at the bottom is hard, it should be broken up in a pulverized state to a depth of a foot or so.

Setting Tree

To prepare the tree for setting go over the root system carefully and cut all the broken or bruised portions of the roots with a clean, sharp knife or pruning shears. In setting the tree spread the roots out naturally so that they will not be twisted or crowded, then fill in gradually with fine soil, working it carefully under and about the roots, so that no holes or air spaces will be left. If it is a deciduous plant, shake the tree or shrub up and down so as to pack the soil layer by layer, carefully tramping it down until it is firmly packed about the roots. Continue this process until the hole is filled within 2 inches from the top. The remainder of the soil should be used in a way to form a small basin around the tree. This is to keep the water from running away when applied.

Mulching

In the Fall, place a mulch of dry leaves, hay or well rotted stable litter about the base of each tree. This mulch should be 6 inches deep and extend 2 to 3 feet beyond the natural spread of the roots.

Weight down with dirt, light slats or boards to prevent wind from blowing off during Winter. If well rotted straw, hay or stable litter has been used, spade in well around the base of each tree in the Spring. Any mulch that is of no value should be removed in early Spring as soon as the frost is out of the ground.

Watering

When dry weather comes on in the latter part of June, July, August and early September, it will be necessary to water newly planted evergreens, especially for the first two or three years after transplanting. A thorough watering twice a week is far more beneficial than a daily sprinkling of the topsoil.

Cultivation

Don't wait for your evergreens to begin to show signs of suffering before you start cultivation. Start keeping the soil stirred up immediately after planting. Frequent cultivation is the secret of moisture conservation. The ground must be kept loose and mellow by cultivating weekly.

Evergreens and Conifers

Evergreens are used in many ways, some of which are as follows: Specimens on a lawn, foundation plantings around houses, windbreaks, hedges and as screens for objectionable objects.

Our evergreens are thrifty, well-rooted and have been several times transplanted.

All evergreens will be balled and burlapped without charge.

We recommend planting during April, May and June, August, September and October.

	Each	Per 10
ABIES Concolor (White Fir). Tall tree. Bluish-green needles and symmetrical growth. Used for specimen or group.		
*2 to 2½ ft.	\$ 4.50	\$40.00
*2½ to 3 ft.	6.00	55.00
*3 to 4 ft.	7.50	67.50
*4 to 5 ft.	11.00	—
*5 to 6 ft.	15.00	—
*6 to 7 ft. specimens	20.00	—
*7 to 8 ft. specimens	25.00	—
*8 to 9 ft. specimens	30.00	—
*9 to 10 ft. specimens	35.00	—
*10 to 15 ft. specimens	\$50.00 to 100.00	—
*15 to 20 ft. specimens	\$75.00 to 100.00	—
*20 to 25 ft. specimens	\$150.00 to 200.00	—

A. homolepis (Nikko Fir). Has dark green leaves, silvery white on the lower surface, with purple cones.		
2 to 2½ ft.	4.00	36.00
2½ to 3 ft.	5.00	45.00
*3 to 3½ ft.	6.00	55.00

A. nordmanniana (Nordmann Fir) Tall tree, slow growing. Dark, glossy green foliage. Used for specimen.		
* 2 to 2½ ft.	3.50	—
* 2½ to 3 ft.	4.00	—
* 3 to 4 ft.	6.00	—
* 4 to 5 ft.	10.00	—
* 5 to 6 ft.	17.00	—
* 6 to 7 ft.	25.00	—
* 7 to 8 ft.	35.00	—
* 8 to 10 ft.	50.00	—

A. veitchi (Veitch Fir). Tall, symmetrical tree. Foliage dark green above, silvery beneath. Used for specimen.		
2 to 2½ ft.	3.50	32.50
2½ to 3 ft.	4.50	42.50
* 3 to 4 ft.	6.00	—
* 4 to 5 ft.	9.00	—
* 5 to 6 ft.	12.00	—
* 6 to 8 ft.	18.00	—
* 8 to 10 ft.	30.00	—
*10 to 12 ft.	40.00	—
*12 to 16 ft.	50.00	—

BUXUS (Boxwood). See Evergreen Shrubs.

CEDRUS atlantica glauca (Blue Atlas Cedar). Medium tree of open growth. Fine steel-blue needles. Used as specimen.		
*12 to 16 ft.	50.00	—

CEDRUS—Continued

		Each	Per 10
C. deodora (Deodar Cedar). Graceful pendulous branches of silver gray foliage.			
2 to 3 ft.	.....	2.75	24.75
3 to 4 ft.	.....	4.50	40.00
C. libani (Lebanon Cedar). Dark or bluish green foliage; horizontal branches forming broad head.			
2 to 3 ft.	.....	5.00	45.00
3 to 4 ft.	.....	6.00	54.00
4 to 5 ft.	.....	7.00	—
CHAMAECYPARIS lawsoniana alumni (Scarab Cypress). Pyramidal tree, silvery blue foliage, very distinct.			
18 to 24 in.	.....	2.00	17.50
2 to 2½ ft.	.....	2.50	22.50
2½ to 3 ft.	.....	3.50	31.50
3 to 3½ ft.	.....	4.75	—
C. obtusa (Hinoki Cypress). Medium size, slow-growing. Rich, dark green, fern-like foliage. Forms beautiful specimen.			
18 to 24 in.	.....	1.75	15.00
2 to 2½ ft.	.....	2.50	22.50
2½ to 3 ft.	.....	3.50	32.50
3 to 3½ ft.	.....	4.50	42.50
3½ to 4 ft.	.....	6.00	55.00
4 to 4½ ft.	.....	7.50	70.00
4½ to 5 ft.	.....	10.00	90.00
* 5 to 6 ft.	.....	15.00	—
* 6 to 7 ft.	.....	18.00	—
* 7 to 8 ft.	.....	20.00	—
* 8 to 10 ft.	.....	30.00	—
C. obtusa compacta (Football Cypress). Very slow, compact grower. Pyramidal.			
18 to 24 in.	.....	2.50	22.50
2 to 2½ ft.	.....	3.50	30.00
2½ to 3 ft.	.....	4.50	40.00
3 to 3½ ft.	.....	6.00	55.00
3½ to 4 ft.	.....	8.00	75.00
* 4 to 4½ ft.	.....	10.00	90.00
* 4½ to 5 ft.	.....	12.00	—
C. obtusa crispis (Cripps Golden Cypress). A slow growing golden leaved form. Bright yellow at all seasons.			
* 18 to 24 in.	.....	4.00	—
* 2 to 2½ ft.	.....	5.50	—
* 2½ to 3 ft.	.....	7.00	—
* 3 to 3½ ft.	.....	9.00	—
* 3½ to 4 ft.	.....	12.00	—
C. obtusa nana (Dwarf Hinoki Cypress). Compact dwarf, forming dense, irregular mass. Suitable for rock garden.			
* 10 to 12 in.	.....	4.00	37.50
* 12 to 15 in.	.....	6.00	57.50
* 15 to 18 in.	.....	7.00	67.50
* 18 to 24 in.	.....	9.00	85.00
* 24 to 30 in.	.....	15.00	—
* 30 to 36 in.	.....	20.00	—

CHAMAECYPARIS—Continued

			Each	Per 10
C. pisifera (Sawara Cypress). Quick growing, pyramidal.				
Broad, flat foliage of deep, glossy green.				
1½	to 2	ft.	1.50	13.00
2	to 2½	ft.	1.85	15.00
2½	to 3	ft.	2.75	22.50
3	to 3½	ft.	3.50	30.00
3½	to 4	ft.	4.00	36.00
4	to 5	ft.	6.00	55.00
5	to 6	ft.	9.00	85.00
*6	to 7	ft.	12.00	110.00
*14	to 16	ft.	35.00	—
C. pisifera aurea (Golden Sawara Cypress). Bright				
yellow foliage. Habit same as pisifera.				
1½	to 2	ft.	1.50	13.50
2	to 2½	ft.	2.00	18.00
2½	to 3	ft.	3.00	27.00
3	to 3½	ft.	3.50	32.00
3½	to 4	ft.	4.50	40.00
4	to 5	ft.	6.00	55.00
*5	to 6	ft.	9.00	85.00
*6	to 7	ft.	12.00	—
C. pisifera filifera (Thread Retinospora). Bright green				
foliage. Long, string-like, drooping branches.				
1½	to 2	ft.	2.25	20.00
2	to 2½	ft.	3.50	33.00
2½	to 3	ft.	4.50	42.00
3	to 3½	ft.	5.50	50.00
3½	to 4	ft.	6.50	60.00
4	to 4½	ft.	8.00	75.00
*4½	to 5	ft.	10.00	—
*5	to 6	ft.	12.00	—
*6	to 7	ft.	15.00	—
C. pisifera filifera aurea (Golden-thread Retinospora).				
Bright golden yellow foliage. Slow growing.				
1½	ft.		4.50	40.00
2	ft.		6.00	—
C. pisifera plumosa (Plume Retinospora). Forms a				
dense cone of fine texture. Useful for shearing				
into formal shapes.				
1½	to 2	ft.	1.50	12.50
2	to 2½	ft.	1.75	15.75
2½	to 3	ft.	2.50	22.75
3	to 3½	ft.	3.50	30.00
3½	to 4	ft.	4.00	35.00
4	to 5	ft.	6.00	55.00
5	to 6	ft.	9.00	85.00
6	to 8	ft.	15.00	140.00
C. pisifera plumosa aurea (Golden Plume Cypress).				
Dense mass of yellow foliage.				
18	to 24	in.	1.75	15.00
2	to 2½	ft.	2.50	22.50
2½	to 3	ft.	3.50	30.00
3	to 3½	ft.	5.00	45.00
3½	to 4	ft.	7.00	65.00
4	to 5	ft.	9.00	85.00
5	to 6	ft.	12.00	—
10	to 12	ft.	40.00	50.00
12	to 14	ft.	50.00	75.00

CHAMAECYPARIS—Continued

			Each	Per 10
C. pisifera plumosa lutescens (Sulphur Plume Dwarf Retinospora) Low, dwarf, round-topped bush. Yellow-tipped branches.				
12	to 15	in.	1.50	13.50
15	to 18	in.	2.00	17.50
1½	to 2	ft.	2.50	22.50
2	to 2½	ft.	3.50	30.00
*2½	to 3	ft.	5.00	40.00
*3	to 3½	ft.	7.50	70.00
*3½	to 4	ft.	10.00	—
*4	to 5	ft.	15.00	—
C. pisifera squarrosa sulphurea (Sulphur colored Retinospora).				
1½	to 2	ft.	2.25	—
2	to 2½	ft.	3.50	—
C. pisifera squarrosa veitchi (Moss Retinospora). Foliage blue-gray, feathery and dense.				
1½	to 2	ft.	2.00	18.00
2	to 2½	ft.	2.75	25.00
2½	to 3	ft.	4.00	—
3	to 3½	ft.	6.00	—
*3½	to 4	ft.	7.00	—
C. triomphe de Boskoop (Triomphe de Boskoop Cypress). Blue-green foliage. Slightly pendulous. Used as specimen.				
* 4½	to 5	ft.	8.00	75.00
* 5	to 5½	ft.	10.00	—
* 5½	to 6	ft.	15.00	—
* 6	to 7	ft.	18.00	—
* 7	to 8	ft.	20.00	—
* 8	to 9	ft.	25.00	—
* 9	to 10	ft.	35.00	—
*10	to 15	ft. specimen	150.00	—

CRYPTOMERIA japonica compacta (Japanese Cedar). Large tree, forming narrow, irregular column. Compact and picturesque. Rich, bronze Winter color.

* 2½	to 3	ft.	4.00	36.00
* 3	to 4	ft.	6.00	55.00
* 4	to 5	ft.	7.50	67.50
* 5	to 6	ft.	10.00	90.00
* 6	to 7	ft.	14.00	—
* 7	to 8	ft.	20.00	—

CUPRESSUS goveniana glauca (Blue Gowen Cypress). Tall tree with slender spreading branches. Grayish-green foliage. Used as specimen.

3	to 4	ft.	4.00	35.00
4	to 5	ft.	6.00	55.00
5	to 6	ft.	8.00	75.00
6	to 7	ft.	10.50	102.50
7	to 8	ft.	12.00	117.50

	Each	Per 10
JUNIPERUS chinensis (Chinese Juniper). columnar type, having gray-green foliage.		Formal
18 to 24 in.....	3.00	27.50
2 to 2½ ft.....	3.50	30.00
2½ to 3 ft.....	4.00	35.00
3 to 3½ ft.....	6.00	55.00
3½ to 4 ft.....	7.50	70.00
4 to 5 ft.....	9.00	85.00
5 to 6 ft.....	12.00	110.00
6 to 7 ft.....	15.00	—
J. chinensis alba variegata (White Leaf Chinese Juniper). Symmetrical low growing evergreen. Bluish foliage interspersed with creamy branches.		
18 to 24 in.....	2.25	20.00
2 to 2½ ft.....	3.00	25.00
2½ to 3 ft.....	4.50	40.00
3 to 3½ ft.....	5.50	47.50
3½ to 4 ft.....	6.50	—
J. chinensis pfitzeriana (Pfitzer Juniper). Broad, bushy habit, with horizontally spreading branches. Gray-green foliage. One of the best dwarf forms.		
18 to 24 in.....	2.50	22.50
2 to 2½ ft.....	3.50	30.00
2½ to 3 ft.....	5.00	45.00
3 to 3½ ft.....	7.00	63.00
3½ to 4 ft.....	9.00	80.00
4 to 5 ft.....	15.00	130.00
5 to 6 ft.....	18.00	160.00
6 to 7 ft.....	25.00	—
J. chinensis columnaris (Columnar Chinese Juniper). Very rapid growing spire-like evergreen.		
4 to 5 ft.....	8.00	75.00
5 to 6 ft.....	10.00	95.00
6 to 7 ft.....	12.50	115.00
7 to 8 ft.....	15.00	135.00
8 to 9 ft.....	20.00	—
9 to 10 ft.....	25.00	—
J. chinensis femina (Reeves Juniper). Slender spreading branches. Low growing type.		
2½ to 3 ft.....	6.50	57.50
3 to 3½ ft.....	8.50	77.50
3½ to 4 ft.....	12.00	110.00
J. chinensis fortunei . A broad irregular pyramid with attractive gray-green foliage.		
2 to 2½ ft.....	3.50	33.00
2½ to 3 ft.....	4.50	40.00
3 to 3½ ft.....	5.50	50.00
3½ to 4 ft.....	6.50	60.00
4 to 5 ft.....	8.50	77.50
5 to 6 ft.....	12.00	110.00
6 to 7 ft.....	15.00	—
J. chinensis sargentii (Sargent Juniper). A prostrate evergreen with long, creeping branches.		
12 to 15 in.....	3.00	27.00
15 to 18 in.....	4.00	36.00
18 to 24 in.....	5.00	45.00
2 to 2½ ft.....	6.00	—

JUNIPERUS—Continued

		Each	Per 10
J. communis (Common Juniper). Low, dense, fastigate form. Gray-green foliage.			
15	to 18 in.	1.50	13.50
18	to 24 in.	2.25	20.00
2	to 2½ ft.	2.75	25.00
2½	to 3 ft.	3.50	30.00
3	to 4 ft.	5.00	45.00
4	to 5 ft.	7.50	—
J. communis aurea (Douglas Golden Juniper). Low-spreading type. Bright golden foliage.			
18	to 24 in.	2.50	—
2	to 2½ ft.	3.50	—
2½	to 3 ft.	4.50	—
3	to 3½ ft.	6.00	—
J. communis depressa (Common Spreading Juniper). Spreading type with light bluish foliage.			
18	to 24 in.	2.25	—
2	to 2½ ft.	2.75	25.00
2½	to 3 ft.	3.50	33.00
3	to 3½ ft.	4.50	40.00
3½	to 4 ft.	5.50	47.50
4	to 4½ ft.	6.50	—
J. communis hibernica (Irish Juniper). A very narrow pyramid of spire-like effect.			
1½	to 2 ft.	1.50	13.50
2	to 2½ ft.	1.75	15.75
2½	to 3 ft.	2.00	18.00
3	to 4 ft.	3.00	27.50
4	to 5 ft.	4.50	40.00
5	to 6 ft.	6.00	—
J. communis oblonga . Evergreen of broad irregular growth. Grayish foliage.			
18	to 24 in.	2.75	25.00
2	to 2½ ft.	3.75	35.00
2½	to 3 ft.	4.50	40.00
3	to 3½ ft.	6.00	54.00
3½	to 4 ft.	7.50	70.00
J. communis suecica nana (Swedish Juniper). Medium size, quick growing, narrow, upright form.			
15	to 18 in.	1.80	15.00
18	to 24 in.	2.25	18.50
2	to 2½ ft.	3.00	27.00
2½	to 3 ft.	3.75	35.00
J. excelsa stricta (Spiny Greek Cedar). Compact, well-shaped pyramid. Foliage gray-green.			
15	to 18 in.	1.75	15.50
18	to 24 in.	3.00	27.00
2	to 2½ ft.	4.00	35.00
2½	to 3 ft.	5.00	—
J. japonica (Japanese Juniper). Globe trimmed. Low-growing spreading type. Dark green foliage.			
12	to 15 in.	2.00	18.00
15	to 18 in.	2.50	20.00
18	to 24 in.	3.00	25.00
2	to 2½ ft.	4.50	40.00
2½	to 3 ft.	6.00	—

JUNIPERUS—Continued

	Each	Per 10
1. <i>Chrysomelids</i>	10	100
2. <i>Curculionids</i>	10	100
3. <i>Chrysomelids</i>	10	100
4. <i>Curculionids</i>	10	100
5. <i>Chrysomelids</i>	10	100
6. <i>Curculionids</i>	10	100
7. <i>Chrysomelids</i>	10	100
8. <i>Curculionids</i>	10	100
9. <i>Chrysomelids</i>	10	100
10. <i>Curculionids</i>	10	100
11. <i>Chrysomelids</i>	10	100
12. <i>Curculionids</i>	10	100
13. <i>Chrysomelids</i>	10	100
14. <i>Curculionids</i>	10	100
15. <i>Chrysomelids</i>	10	100
16. <i>Curculionids</i>	10	100
17. <i>Chrysomelids</i>	10	100
18. <i>Curculionids</i>	10	100
19. <i>Chrysomelids</i>	10	100
20. <i>Curculionids</i>	10	100
21. <i>Chrysomelids</i>	10	100
22. <i>Curculionids</i>	10	100
23. <i>Chrysomelids</i>	10	100
24. <i>Curculionids</i>	10	100
25. <i>Chrysomelids</i>	10	100
26. <i>Curculionids</i>	10	100
27. <i>Chrysomelids</i>	10	100
28. <i>Curculionids</i>	10	100
29. <i>Chrysomelids</i>	10	100
30. <i>Curculionids</i>	10	100
31. <i>Chrysomelids</i>	10	100
32. <i>Curculionids</i>	10	100
33. <i>Chrysomelids</i>	10	100
34. <i>Curculionids</i>	10	100
35. <i>Chrysomelids</i>	10	100
36. <i>Curculionids</i>	10	100
37. <i>Chrysomelids</i>	10	100
38. <i>Curculionids</i>	10	100
39. <i>Chrysomelids</i>	10	100
40. <i>Curculionids</i>	10	100
41. <i>Chrysomelids</i>	10	100
42. <i>Curculionids</i>	10	100
43. <i>Chrysomelids</i>	10	100
44. <i>Curculionids</i>	10	100
45. <i>Chrysomelids</i>	10	100
46. <i>Curculionids</i>	10	100
47. <i>Chrysomelids</i>	10	100
48. <i>Curculionids</i>	10	100
49. <i>Chrysomelids</i>	10	100
50. <i>Curculionids</i>	10	100
51. <i>Chrysomelids</i>	10	100
52. <i>Curculionids</i>	10	100
53. <i>Chrysomelids</i>	10	100
54. <i>Curculionids</i>	10	100
55. <i>Chrysomelids</i>	10	100
56. <i>Curculionids</i>	10	100
57. <i>Chrysomelids</i>	10	100
58. <i>Curculionids</i>	10	100
59. <i>Chrysomelids</i>	10	100
60. <i>Curculionids</i>	10	100
61. <i>Chrysomelids</i>	10	100
62. <i>Curculionids</i>	10	100
63. <i>Chrysomelids</i>	10	100
64. <i>Curculionids</i>	10	100
65. <i>Chrysomelids</i>	10	100
66. <i>Curculionids</i>	10	100
67. <i>Chrysomelids</i>	10	100
68. <i>Curculionids</i>	10	100
69. <i>Chrysomelids</i>	10	100
70. <i>Curculionids</i>	10	100
71. <i>Chrysomelids</i>	10	100
72. <i>Curculionids</i>	10	100
73. <i>Chrysomelids</i>	10	100
74. <i>Curculionids</i>	10	100
75. <i>Chrysomelids</i>	10	100
76. <i>Curculionids</i>	10	100
77. <i>Chrysomelids</i>	10	100
78. <i>Curculionids</i>	10	100
79. <i>Chrysomelids</i>	10	100
80. <i>Curculionids</i>	10	100
81. <i>Chrysomelids</i>	10	100
82. <i>Curculionids</i>	10	100
83. <i>Chrysomelids</i>	10	100
84. <i>Curculionids</i>	10	100
85. <i>Chrysomelids</i>	10	100
86. <i>Curculionids</i>	10	100
87. <i>Chrysomelids</i>	10	100
88. <i>Curculionids</i>	10	100
89. <i>Chrysomelids</i>	10	100
90. <i>Curculionids</i>	10	100
91. <i>Chrysomelids</i>	10	100
92. <i>Curculionids</i>	10	100
93. <i>Chrysomelids</i>	10	100
94. <i>Curculionids</i>	10	100
95. <i>Chrysomelids</i>	10	100
96. <i>Curculionids</i>		

- J. japonica aurea** (Golden Japanese Juniper). Low, slow-growing, spreading plant. Golden-tinted foliage.

18	to 24 in.	3.00	_____
2	to 2½ ft.	4.00	_____
2½	to 3 ft.	5.00	_____

- J. sabina** (Savin Juniper). Dense, dark green foliage, irregular spreading branches.

18	to	24	in.	2.50	22.50
2	to	2½	ft.	3.50	31.50
2½	to	3	ft.	4.50	40.00
3	to	4	ft.	6.00	54.00

- J. squamata meyeri** (Meyer Juniper). Upright evergreen shrub. Very dense habit. Handsome blue foliage.

12 to 15 in.	3.00	27.00
15 to 18 in.	3.75	33.00
18 to 24 in.	5.50	49.50
2 to 2½ ft.	7.00	65.00

- J. virginiana** (Red Cedar). Tall and slender. Useful in formal plantings.

* 2 to 3 ft.	sheared specimens	2.50	22.50
* 3 to 4 ft.	" "	3.75	35.00
* 4 to 5 ft.	" "	4.50	40.00
* 5 to 6 ft.	" "	6.50	58.50
* 6 to 7 ft.	" "	8.50	77.50
* 7 to 8 ft.	" "	12.00	110.00
* 8 to 9 ft.	" "	15.00	140.00
* 9 to 10 ft.	" "	20.00	180.00
* 10 to 12 ft.	" "	30.00	_____
* 12 to 14 ft.	" "	35.00	_____
* 14 to 16 ft.	" "	40.00	_____

- J. virginiana albospicata** (Whitetip Redcedar). Tips of branches white. Medium height.

2	to	2½ ft.	_____	5.00	_____
2½	to	3 ft.	_____	6.00	_____

- J. *virginiana cannarti* (Cannart Cedar). Medium height, dense growing, columnar form tree. Deep rich green foliage.

*3 to 4 ft.	6.00	54.00
*4 to 5 ft.	7.50	67.50
*5 to 6 ft.	10.00	90.00
*6 to 7 ft.	14.00	126.00
*7 to 8 ft.	20.00	_____
*8 to 10 ft.	30.00	_____

- J. virginiana elegantissimi** (Goldtip Redcedar). Bright yellow-tipped branches. Bronze in Winter.

*3 to 4 ft.	7.00	65.00
*4 to 5 ft.	8.00	75.00
*6 to 7 ft.	16.00	_____
*7 to 8 ft.	22.00	_____
*8 to 9 ft.	28.00	_____
*9 to 10 ft.	35.00	_____

JUNIPERUS—Continued

		Each	Per 10
J. virginiana glauca (Silver Redcedar). Forms dense column. Bluish-gray foliage. Used as specimen.			
2 to 3 ft.	.....	4.00	—
3 to 4 ft.	.....	6.00	54.00
* 4 to 5 ft.	.....	7.50	67.50
* 5 to 6 ft.	.....	9.00	81.00
* 6 to 7 ft.	.....	12.00	109.00
* 7 to 8 ft.	.....	17.00	—
* 8 to 9 ft.	.....	24.00	—
* 9 to 10 ft.	.....	32.00	—
* 10 to 12 ft.	.....	40.00	—
* 12 to 14 ft.	.....	50.00	—

J. virginiana Keteleeri. Upright, columnar tree; compact and formal. Deep green foliage.			
4 to 5 ft.	.....	9.00	85.00
5 to 6 ft.	.....	12.00	110.00
6 to 7 ft.	.....	15.00	140.00
7 to 8 ft.	.....	18.00	—

PICEA canadensis (White Spruce). Large tree of symmetrical growth. Dense, silvery foliage.			
1½ to 2 ft.	.....	1.50	—
2 to 2½ ft.	.....	2.25	20.00
2½ to 3 ft.	.....	3.00	25.00
3 to 4 ft.	.....	4.00	35.00
4 to 5 ft.	.....	5.50	50.00
* 20 to 25 ft. specimens	.....	75.00 to 100.00	—

P. engelmani (Engelmann Spruce). Broad pyramidal form with soft gray-green foliage.			
2 to 2½ ft.	.....	4.50	40.00
2½ to 3 ft.	.....	5.50	—
3 to 3½ ft.	.....	6.50	—

P. excelsa (Norway Spruce). Large tree of rapid growth. Dark green foliage. Excellent windbreak.			
1½ to 2 ft.	.....	1.10	—
2 to 2½ ft.	.....	1.50	13.50
2½ to 3 ft.	.....	2.00	18.00
3 to 4 ft.	.....	3.00	27.00
4 to 5 ft.	.....	4.50	40.00
5 to 6 ft.	.....	6.00	—
* 6 to 7 ft.	.....	8.00	—
* 7 to 8 ft.	.....	10.00	—
* 8 to 10 ft.	.....	18.00	—
* 10 to 12 ft.	.....	25.00	—
* 12 to 14 ft.	.....	30.00	—
* 14 to 16 ft.	.....	35.00	—
Large specimens	.....	50.00 to 150.00	—

P. excelsa aurea (Golden Norway Spruce). Leaves a golden yellow. Likes partial shade.			
* 2 to 2½ ft.	.....	4.50	—
* 2½ to 3 ft.	.....	6.00	—
* 3 to 3½ ft.	.....	7.00	—
* 3½ to 4 ft.	.....	8.00	—
* 4 to 5 ft.	.....	10.00	—
* 5 to 6 ft.	.....	12.00	—

PICEA—Continued

		Each	Per 10
P. excelsa conica (Arrowhead Norway Spruce). A compact, symmetrical type. Very slow growing.			
*2½	to 3 ft.	8.00	—
*3	to 3½ ft.	10.00	—
*3½	to 4 ft.	12.00	—
P. excelsa maxwelli (Maxwell Spruce). Round, compact, dwarf. Very formal.			
*15	to 18 in.	15.00	—
*18	to 24 in.	20.00	—
*2½	to 3 ft.	30.00	—
*3	to 3½ ft.	35.00	—
P. excelsa pendula (Weeping Norway Spruce). An interesting and unique type, having inverted branches.			
*18	to 24 in.	3.50	—
*2	to 2½ ft.	4.50	—
*2½	to 3 ft.	5.50	—
*3	to 4 ft.	6.50	—
*4	to 5 ft.	7.50	—
P. excelsa pyramidalis (Pyramidal Norway Spruce). The very erect branches form a narrow pyramid.			
*3	to 4 ft.	8.00	—
*4	to 5 ft.	10.00	—
*5	to 6 ft.	12.00	—
P. excelsa pigmea (Pigmy Norway Spruce). Dwarf, slow growing evergreen.			
*18	to 21 in.	8.00	—
*21	to 24 in.	10.00	—
P. excelsa remonti (Remont Spruce). Dwarf form of Norway Spruce. Dense, formal growth.			
*2	to 2½ ft.	10.00	—
*2½	to 3 ft.	15.00	—
*3	to 3½ ft.	20.00	—
*3½	to 4 ft.	25.00	—
P. glauca conica (Dwarf Elberta Spruce). Very compact, slow growing type.			
*12	to 15 in.	3.50	33.00
*15	to 18 in.	4.50	40.00
*18	to 24 in.	8.00	72.00
*24	to 30 in.	12.00	—
*30	to 36 in.	15.00	—
P. omorika (Servian Spruce). Handsome tree of dense, narrow habit. Very hardy.			
*18	to 24 in.	2.50	—
*2	to 2½ ft.	3.50	32.50
*2½	to 3 ft.	4.50	—
P. orientalis (Oriental Spruce). Medium size, pyramidal tree. Dark green foliage. Slow grower.			
*5	to 6 ft.	15.00	—
*6	to 7 ft.	25.00	—
*7	to 8 ft.	35.00	—
*8	to 10 ft.	45.00	—
*10	to 12 ft.	60.00	—

PICEA—Continued

Each Per 10

P. polita (Tigertail Spruce). Light green, spiky foliage. Useful as specimen.

*3 to 4 ft.	8.00	—
*4 to 5 ft.	11.00	—
*5 to 6 ft.	15.00	—
*6 to 7 ft.	25.00	—
*7 to 8 ft.	30.00	—

P. pungens (Colorado Spruce). Symmetrical tree for specimen or windbreak. Foliage light green.

2 to 2½ ft.	3.00	27.00
2½ to 3 ft.	4.00	35.00
3 to 4 ft.	5.50	50.00
*4 to 5 ft.	8.00	75.00
*5 to 6 ft.	12.00	—
*6 to 7 ft.	15.00	—

P. pungens glauca (Colorado Blue Spruce). Symmetrical tree for specimen. Blue foliage.

12 to 15 in.	2.00	18.00
15 to 18 in.	2.50	22.50
18 to 24 in.	3.50	31.50
2 to 2½ ft.	5.00	45.00
2½ to 3 ft.	6.00	55.00
*3 to 3½ ft.	8.00	75.00
*3½ to 4 ft.	10.00	95.00
*4 to 5 ft.	12.00	—

P. pungens kosteri (Koster Blue Spruce). Silvery-blue foliage, giving distinct color tone.

*18 to 24 in.	8.00	—
* 2 to 2½ ft.	11.00	—
* 2½ to 3 ft.	14.00	—
* 3 to 3½ ft.	18.00	—
* 3½ to 4 ft.	22.00	—
* 4 to 4½ ft.	25.00	—
* 4½ to 5 ft.	30.00	—
* 5 to 6 ft.	35.00	—
* 6 to 7 ft.	37.50	—
* 7 to 8 ft.	45.00	—
* 8 to 10 ft.	\$50.00 to 100.00	—
*10 to 15 ft.	100.00 to 200.00	—
*15 to 20 ft.	200.00 to 250.00	—

P. pungens kosteri pendula (Koster Weeping Blue Spruce). Very drooping type of Koster Blue Spruce.

* 4½ to 5 ft.	36.00	—
* 5 to 6 ft.	40.00	—
* 6 to 7 ft.	45.00	—
* 7 to 8 ft.	50.00	—
* 8 to 10 ft.	60.00	—
*10 to 12 ft.	75.00	—

PINUS cembra (Swiss Stone Pine). Slow growing conical tree. Thin bluish green needles.

*18 to 24 in.	6.00	—
* 2 to 2½ ft.	8.00	—
* 2½ to 3 ft.	10.00	—
* 3 to 3½ ft.	12.00	—
* 3½ to 4 ft.	14.00	—
* 4 to 4½ ft.	16.00	—
* 4½ to 5 ft.	18.00	—
* 5 to 6 ft.	20.00	—
* 6 to 7 ft.	25.00	—
* 7 to 8 ft.	30.00	—
* 8 to 10 ft.	35.00	—

PINUS—Continued

		Each	Per 10
P. montana mughus (Mugho Pine). Slow growing, symmetrical, dwarf. Foliage dark green.			
15	to 18 in.	2.00	18.00
1½	to 2 ft.	3.00	27.00
2	to 2½ ft.	4.50	40.00
2½	to 3 ft.	5.50	49.50
3	to 3½ ft.	8.00	72.00
3½	to 4 ft.	12.00	110.00
4	to 4½ ft.	15.00	—
P. nigra (Austrian Pine). Vigorous, dense growing tree. Foliage glossy, dark green. Good for seashore planting.			
2	to 2½ ft. sheared	2.50	22.50
2½	to 3 ft. "	3.50	31.50
3	to 4 ft. "	5.00	45.00
4	to 5 ft. "	8.00	72.00
5	to 6 ft.	12.00	110.00
*6	to 7 ft.	25.00	235.00
*7	to 8 ft.	35.00	325.00
*Large specimens			\$35.00 to 50.00
P. resinosa (Red Pine). Vigorous, symmetrical tree. Long, rich green needles, reddish brown bark.			
2	to 3 ft.	3.00	27.00
3	to 4 ft.	4.50	40.00
4	to 5 ft.	7.00	63.00
*5	to 6 ft.	9.00	81.00
*6	to 7 ft.	15.00	140.00
7	to 8 ft.	25.00	—
8	to 10 ft.	35.00	—
10	to 12 ft.	40.00	—
12	to 14 ft.	50.00	—
P. Strobus (White Pine). Tall, straight tree with blue-tinted foliage. Group or screen planting.			
2½	to 3 ft. sheared	2.50	22.50
3	to 3½ ft. "	3.00	27.00
*3½	to 4 ft. "	4.00	36.00
4	to 5 ft. "	5.00	40.00
5	to 6 ft. "	7.00	63.00
*6	to 7 ft. "	9.00	81.00
*7	to 8 ft.	12.00	110.00
*8	to 10 ft.	18.00	—
10	to 12 ft.	27.00	—
12	to 14 ft.	40.00	—
P. sylvestris (Sotch Pine). Hardy, quick growing screen tree. Short blue-green twisted needles. Screen or specimen.			
*2½	to 3 ft. sheared	2.25	20.00
*3	to 4 ft. "	3.00	27.00
*4	to 5 ft. "	4.50	40.00
5	to 6 ft.	7.00	63.00
6	to 7 ft.	9.00	81.00
7	to 8 ft.	12.00	115.00
P. tanyosho (Japanese Table Pine). Low growing round, symmetrical type. Used as specimen.			
18	to 24 in.	6.50	62.50
2	to 2½ ft.	9.00	—
*Specimens			\$50.00 to 150.00

PINUS—Continued

	Each	Per 10
P. thunbergi (Japanese Black Pine). Excellent for sea-shore, sandy, or windswept situations.		
2 to 2½ ft.	2.75	24.75
2½ to 3 ft.	4.00	36.00
3 to 4 ft.	5.50	49.50
PSEUDOTSUGA douglasii (Douglas Fir). Pyramidal tree of dense, graceful habit.		
2 to 3 ft.	2.50	22.50
3 to 4 ft.	3.50	31.50
*4 to 5 ft.	6.00	54.00
*5 to 6 ft.	7.50	67.50
*6 to 8 ft.	10.00	—
*8 to 10 ft.	20.00	—
SCIADOPITYS verticillata (Umbrella-Pine). Slow-growing Japanese tree. Pyramidal with unusual dark green needles. Used as specimen.		
*15 to 18 in.	6.00	—
*1½ to 2 ft.	7.50	—
*2 to 2½ ft.	10.00	—
*2½ to 3 ft.	14.00	—
*3 to 4 ft. specimens	18.00	—
*4 to 5 ft. specimens	25.00	—
*5 to 6 ft. specimens	35.00	—
*6 to 7 ft. specimens	40.00	—
TAXUS baccata dovastonii aureovariegata (Yellow Dovaston Yew). Low-growing, spreading branches, drooping at the end. Short green needles variegated with yellow.		
*18 to 24 in.	5.00	—
*2 to 2½ ft.	7.00	67.50
*2½ to 3 ft.	9.00	85.00
*3 to 3½ ft.	12.00	—
T. baccata elegantissima (Variegated English Yew). Compact, symmetrical type. Foliage close and variegated.		
*18 to 24 in.	5.00	—
*2 to 2½ ft.	7.00	—
*2½ to 3 ft.	9.00	—
*3 to 3½ ft.	11.00	—
T. baccata hibernica (Irish Yew). Very upright dense branches. Dark glossy green foliage.		
*12 to 18 in.	6.00	57.50
*18 to 24 in.	8.00	75.00
*2 to 2½ ft.	12.00	110.00
T. baccata repandens (Spreading English Yew). Low-growing, spreading branches, drooping at the end. Very dark green needles.		
1½ to 2 ft.	4.00	36.00
2 to 2½ ft.	6.00	54.00
*2½ to 3 ft.	9.00	81.00
*3 to 3½ ft.	12.00	110.00
T. baccata washingtoni (Washington Yew). Vigorous compact type. Partly colored golden yellow.		
*12 to 18 in.	4.00	37.50
*18 to 24 in.	5.00	—
*2 to 2½ ft.	6.50	—

TAXUS—Continued

			Each	Per 10
T. canadensis (Canada Yew). Low spreading habit. Bronze in Winter. Prefers shade.				
15	to 18	in.....	3.00	27.50
1½	to 2	ft.....	4.00	37.50
2	to 2½	ft.....	5.00	47.50
2½	to 3	ft.....	7.50	67.50
3	to 3½	ft.....	10.00	97.50
3½	to 4	ft.....	12.50	100.00
4	to 4½	ft.....	15.00	—
4½	to 5	ft.....	17.50	—
5	to 6	ft.....	20.00	—
T. cuspidata (Spreading Japanese Yew). Slow-growing, bushy type. Foliage rich, dark green.				
15	to 18	in.....	2.50	22.50
18	to 24	in.....	3.50	31.50
2	to 2½	ft.....	4.50	41.50
*2½	to 3	ft.....	6.00	54.00
*3	to 3½	ft.....	7.50	70.00
*3½	to 4	ft.....	15.00	140.00
*Large specimens			\$20.00 to 40.00	—
T. cuspidata capitata (Upright Japanese Yew). Symmetrical, pyramidal growth. Foliage rich, dark green.				
1½	to 2	ft.....	4.00	36.00
2	to 2½	ft.....	5.00	45.00
2½	to 3	ft.....	6.50	58.00
*3	to 3½	ft.....	9.00	80.00
*3½	to 4	ft.....	16.00	144.00
*4	to 4½	ft.....	20.00	180.00
*4½	to 5	ft.....	23.00	207.00
*5	to 6	ft.....	27.00	—
*6	to 8	ft.....	35.00 to 50.00	—
T. cuspidata intermedia (Spreading Japanese Yew). Slow-growing and similar to cuspidata, but much more compact.				
15	to 18	in.....	3.50	30.00
18	to 24	in.....	4.00	36.00
2	to 2½	ft.....	5.00	45.00
2½	to 3	ft.....	9.00	81.00
*3	to 3½	ft.....	12.00	110.00
*3½	to 4	ft.....	18.00	170.00
*4	to 4½	ft.....	20.00	—
*4½	to 5	ft.....	25.00	—
T. cuspidata nana (Dwarf Japanese Yew). Slow growing, irregular and spreading. Very dark green, broad, thick leaves.				
15	to 18	in.....	3.75	33.50
18	to 21	in.....	4.50	40.00
21	to 24	in.....	5.50	50.00
2	to 2½	ft.....	7.50	67.00
*2½	to 3	ft.....	10.00	95.00
*3	to 3½	ft.....	15.00	—
*3½	to 4	ft.....	20.00	—

Each Per 10

THUJA occidentalis (American Arborvitae). Slender pyramid, broad at base. Foliage bronze in Winter. Good for hedge or sheared specimen.

18	to	24	in.	1.00	9.00
2	to	2½	ft.	1.50	12.00
2½	to	3	ft.	1.75	15.00
3	to	4	ft.	2.50	22.50
4	to	5	ft.	4.00	36.00
5	to	6	ft.	6.00	52.50
6	to	7	ft.	8.00	72.00
7	to	8	ft.	10.00	90.00
* 8	to	9	ft.	12.00	—
* 9	to	10	ft.	18.00	—
* 10	to	12	ft.	22.00	—
* 12	to	14	ft.	25.00	—
* 14	to	16	ft.	30.00	—

T. occidentalis caucasica (Caucasian Arborvitae).

2	to	2½	ft.	4.00	36.00
2½	to	3	ft.	5.00	—
3	to	3½	ft.	6.00	—

T. occidentalis Columbia (Columbia Arborvitae). Strong growing pyramid. Foliage tips have silvery variegation.

18	to	24	in.	2.50	—
2	to	2½	ft.	3.50	30.00
2½	to	3	ft.	4.00	36.00
3	to	3½	ft.	4.50	40.00
3½	to	4	ft.	5.50	50.00
4	to	5	ft.	7.00	63.00
5	to	6	ft.	9.00	80.00
6	to	7	ft.	11.00	100.00

T. occidentalis compacta (Parson's Dwarf Arborvitae). Formal globe-shape with bright green foliage.

12	to	15	in.	1.00	9.00
15	to	18	in.	1.25	10.00
18	to	24	in.	1.50	14.50
* 2	to	2½	ft.	2.50	—
* 2½	to	3	ft.	3.00	—
* 3	to	3½	ft.	3.50	—

T. occidentalis Elwangeriana (Tom Thumb Arborvitae). Low, broad, pyramidal type. Dense foliage, of soft, close texture.

2	to	2½	ft.	2.00	18.00
2½	to	3	ft.	2.50	22.50
3	to	3½	ft.	3.50	31.50
3½	to	4	ft.	4.50	—
4	to	4½	ft.	5.50	—

T. occidentalis globosa (Globe Arborvitae). Natural compact globe. Low growing.

12	to	15	in.	1.25	11.25
15	to	18	in.	1.50	13.50
18	to	24	in.	1.75	15.00
2	to	2½	ft.	2.50	22.50
2½	to	3	ft.	3.00	27.00
3	to	3½	ft.	4.00	—

THUJA—Continued

		Each	Per 10
T. occidentalis hoveyi (Hovey Arborvitae). Dwarf oval type with dense, rich green foliage.			
15	to 18 in.	1.25	11.25
1½	to 2 ft.	1.75	15.75
2	to 2½ ft.	2.25	20.00
2½	to 3 ft.	2.75	24.00
3	to 3½ ft.	3.50	—
3½	to 4 ft.	4.50	—
T. occidentalis lutea (George Peabody Arborvitae). Strong-growing, pyramidal type with bright yellow foliage.			
2	to 2½ ft.	1.75	16.50
2½	to 3 ft.	2.50	22.50
3	to 4 ft.	3.50	30.00
4	to 5 ft.	4.50	40.00
*5	to 6 ft.	6.50	—
*6	to 7 ft.	9.00	—
T. occidentalis pyramidalis (Pyramidal Arborvitae). Narrow, columnar type. Foliage bright green throughout Winter.			
2	to 2½ ft.	1.50	13.50
2½	to 3 ft.	2.25	20.00
3	to 4 ft.	3.25	29.25
4	to 5 ft.	5.00	45.00
5	to 6 ft.	8.00	72.00
6	to 7 ft.	10.00	90.00
7	to 8 ft.	14.00	130.00
8	to 9 ft.	18.00	—
T. occidentalis rosenthali (Rosenthal Arborvitae). Slow-growing pyramid. Good green, dense foliage.			
1½	to 2 ft.	2.00	18.00
2	to 2½ ft.	3.00	27.00
2½	to 3 ft.	4.00	36.00
3	to 3½ ft.	5.00	45.00
3½	to 4 ft.	6.00	54.00
4	to 4½ ft.	7.00	63.00
T. occidentalis spiralis (Douglas Pyramidal Arborvitae). Formal pyramidal type. Short fern-like branches deep green foliage.			
2	to 3 ft.	1.50	12.50
3	to 4 ft.	2.50	22.50
4	to 5 ft.	4.00	36.00
5	to 6 ft.	6.50	60.00
6	to 7 ft.	7.50	70.00
7	to 8 ft.	10.00	90.00
8	to 9 ft.	15.00	—
T. occidentalis vervaeneana (Vervaene Arborvitae). Broad pyramid. Foliage variegated yellow, turning to bronze in Winter.			
18	to 24 in.	2.00	18.00
2	to 2½ ft.	2.50	22.50
2½	to 3 ft.	3.00	27.00
3	to 3½ ft.	4.00	34.00
3½	to 4 ft.	5.00	45.00
4	to 5 ft.	6.00	—
5	to 6 ft.	8.00	—

THUJA—Continued

		Each	Per 10
T. occidentalis wareana (Ware Arborvitae). Light green, dense foliage. Broad, pyramidal type.			
1½ to 2	ft.	1.25	11.25
2 to 2½	ft.	1.75	15.75
2½ to 3	ft.	2.25	20.00
3 to 3½	ft.	3.00	27.00
3½ to 4	ft.	4.00	36.00
4 to 5	ft.	5.00	—
T. orientalis aurea nana (Berkman's Golden Arborvitae). Excellent for formal use and edging. Compact, rounded, dwarf type. Foliage a warm golden yellow.			
12 to 15	in.	1.85	15.00
15 to 18	in.	2.25	20.00
18 to 24	in.	3.50	31.50
T. orientalis aurea conspicua (Goldspire Arborvitae). Erect, golden yellow foliage.			
* 18 to 24	in.	2.25	20.00
* 2 to 2½	ft.	3.00	27.00
* 2½ to 3	ft.	3.75	35.00
* 3 to 3½	ft.	4.50	—
* 3½ to 4	ft.	6.00	—
* 4 to 4½	ft.	7.50	—
T. orientalis elegantissima (Yellow Column Arborvitae). Columnar type. Deep rich bronze in Winter.			
* 18 to 24	in.	3.00	27.50
* 2 to 2½	ft.	4.00	37.50
* 2½ to 3	ft.	5.00	47.50
* 3 to 3½	ft.	6.00	—
T. orientalis compacta (Siebold Arborvitae). Compact, oval type. Foliage good green.			
18 to 24	in.	1.50	13.50
2 to 2½	ft.	2.25	20.00
2½ to 3	ft.	3.00	27.00
3 to 4	ft.	4.50	—
T. orientalis pyramidalis (Oriental Pyramidal Arborvitae). Set columnar habit; foliage bright green in Summer, turning to dull bronze in Winter.			
2 to 2½	ft. Sheared specimens	1.50	13.50
2½ to 3	ft. " "	2.25	20.00
3 to 4	ft. " "	3.00	27.00
4 to 5	ft. " "	4.75	42.50
5 to 6	ft. " "	6.00	54.00
6 to 7	ft. " "	8.00	72.00
7 to 8	ft. " "	10.00	90.00
8 to 9	ft. " "	17.00	—
9 to 10	ft. " "	20.00	—
10 to 12	ft. " "	25.00	—
12 to 14	ft. " "	30.00	—
14 to 16	ft. " "	35.00	—
T. standishi (Standish Arborvitae). Vigorous, upright growth forming a pyramid. Used in group or specimen plantings.			
18 to 24	in.	3.00	27.00
2 to 2½	ft.	3.50	30.00
2½ to 3	ft.	4.00	37.50
3 to 4	ft.	5.00	45.00
4 to 5	ft.	7.50	67.50
5 to 6	ft.	10.00	90.00

Each Per 10

TSUGA canadensis (Canada Hemlock). Large growing tree of graceful habit. Spreading horizontal branches. May be used as clipped hedge.

1½	to	2	ft.	2.00	18.00
2	to	2½	ft.	2.50	22.50
2½	to	3	ft.	3.50	33.00
3	to	3½	ft.	4.50	42.50
3½	to	4	ft.	6.00	55.00
4	to	5	ft.	8.00	75.00
5	to	6	ft.	10.00	95.00
6	to	7	ft.	16.00	150.00
7	to	8	ft.	20.00	—
8	to	9	ft.	25.00	—
9	to	10	ft.	35.00	—

T. carolinianum. Evergreen of good habit and color.

18	to	24	in.	2.50	22.50
2	to	2½	ft.	3.50	31.50
2½	to	3	ft.	4.50	40.00
3	to	3½	ft.	5.00	47.50
3½	to	4	ft.	6.50	62.50
4	to	5	ft.	9.00	—

T. diversifolia (Japanese Hemlock). Graceful spreading branches; dark green, glossy foliage.

18	to	24	in.	5.00	—
2	to	2½	ft.	6.00	—
2½	to	3	ft.	7.00	—
3	to	3½	ft.	8.00	—
3½	to	4	ft.	9.00	—
4	to	5	ft.	10.00	—
5	to	6	ft.	14.00	—

Evergreen Shrubs

In Winter, when the landscape is almost shorn of its beauty, the bright, glossy foliage of evergreen shrubs make a brave display, and are on this account, doubly valuable.

A deep, cool, moist subsoil with proper drainage is the ideal soil, and a shaded position is often preferable.

Each Per 10

AZALEA amoena (Japanese Azalea). Attractive, purple-red flowers. April-May. Small, bright green leaves in Summer, turning to a rich bronze green in Winter. 2-3 ft.

10 to 12 in.....	2.00	18.00
12 to 15 in.....	2.25	20.00
15 to 18 in.....	3.00	—
18 to 21 in.....	4.50	—

A. hinodegiri (Hinodegiri Azalea). Bright, carmine-pink flowers. April-May. Leaves larger than amoena and better habit. 3 to 4 ft.

*10 to 12 in.....	2.25	—
*12 to 15 in.....	3.00	—
*15 to 18 in.....	4.00	—

BERBERIS julianae (Wintergreen Barberry). Fairly rapid growth with broad spined leaves.

15 to 18 in.....	2.00	—
18 to 24 in.....	3.00	—

B. ilicifolia (Holly Barberry). Holly-like leaves, persisting until new foliage appears; flowers yellow.

12 to 15 in.....	1.25	10.00
15 to 18 in.....	1.50	12.50
18 to 24 in.....	1.75	—

BUXUS japonica (Globe Form, Sheared).

10 to 12 in.....	2.00	—
12 to 15 in.....	3.00	—
15 to 18 in.....	5.00	—
18 to 24 in.....	7.00	—
2 to 2½ ft.....	10.00	—

B. japonica (Pyramidal Form, Sheared).

2 to 2½ ft.....	7.00	—
2½ to 3 ft.....	8.00	—
3 to 3½ ft.....	11.00	—
3½ to 4 ft.....	14.00	—

B. japonica (Tree or Standard Form, Sheared).

12 to 18 in. high, 18 in. crown.....	10.00	—
18 to 24 in. high, 18 in. crown.....	12.00	—
24 to 30 in. high, 24 in. crown.....	15.00	—

B. sempervirens (Common Box). Slow-growing, old-fashioned evergreen, very useful in formal and colonial plantings. May be sheared and trained into any form desired. 12-15 ft.

10 to 12 in. bushy.....	.90	8.00
12 to 15 in. bushy.....	1.15	10.35
15 to 18 in. bushy.....	1.50	13.50
18 to 24 in. bushy.....	2.50	22.50
24 to 30 in. bushy.....	4.50	40.50

BUXUS—Continued

	Each	Per 10
B. sempervirens rotundifolia (Round-leaf Box). A hardy, strong-growing type, having a good green, round leaf. 12-15 ft.		
18 to 24 in.....	4.75	—
2 to 2½ ft.....	6.50	—
2½ to 3 ft.....	8.00	—
B. sempervirens suffruticosa (True Dwarf Box). Excellent for hedges in informal garden, 2 to 3 ft.		
6 to 8 in.....Per 100, \$50.00	.75	6.50
8 to 10 in....." " 70.00	.85	8.00
10 to 12 in....." " 90.00	1.25	10.00
12 to 15 in.....	1.75	15.00
COTONEASTER horizontalis (Rock Cotoneaster). Low-spreading shrub. Small, shiny leaves, bright red berries. 1 to 1½ ft.		
15 to 18 in.....	1.50	13.50
18 to 24 in.....	2.00	17.50
2 to 2½ ft.....	2.50	22.50
2½ to 3 ft.....	3.00	25.00
EUONYMUS japonicus (Japanese Euonymus). Bushy, upright habit. Lustrous deep green leaves.		
15 to 18 in.....	1.50	13.50
18 to 24 in.....	2.00	17.50
E. radicans acutus (Sharpleaf Wintercreeper). Habit similar to radicans. Long, narrow leaves, purple tinted underneath.		
3 years	.75	6.00
4 years	1.50	13.50
E. radicans vegetus (Bigleaf Wintercreeper). Strong growing, shrubby vine. Handsome round green leaf. Abundant scarlet fruit.		
2 years	.75	6.00
3 years	1.00	8.00
HEDERA helix (English Ivy). Evergreen, clinging vine.		
Medium plants	.35	3.00
Strong plants	.50	4.50
Extra strong plants	.80	7.50
ILEX crenata (Japanese Holly). Rapid growing evergreen shrub. Glossy, dark green leaves. Black fruit. Grows to 6 to 8 ft.		
15 to 18 in.....	3.00	27.50
18 to 24 in.....	3.50	31.50
2 to 2½ ft.....	4.50	40.00
2½ to 3 ft.....	6.00	54.00
3 to 3½ ft.....	7.50	70.00
3½ to 4 ft.....	9.00	—
4 to 5 ft.....	14.00	—
5 to 6 ft.....	20.00	—
I. glabra (Inkberry). Dense growing shrub. Shiny, dark green leaves. Does well in shade. 5 to 6 ft.		
12 to 15 in.....	2.00	18.00
15 to 18 in.....	2.50	22.50
18 to 24 in.....	3.50	31.50
2 to 2½ ft.....	4.50	40.00
2½ to 3 ft.....	6.00	54.00
3 to 3½ ft.....	7.00	—

	Each	Per 10
KALMIA latifolia (Mountain-laurel). Dark green foliage with showy clusters of pink flowers in June. Likes shade. Grows to 5 to 7 ft.		
15 to 18 in.	2.00	17.50
1½ to 2 ft.	2.25	20.00
2 to 2½ ft.	3.00	27.00
2½ to 3 ft.	4.00	35.00
3 to 3½ ft.	5.00	45.00
3½ to 4 ft.	7.50	—
4 to 4½ ft.	9.00	—
4½ to 5 ft.	12.00	—
5 to 6 ft.	15.00	—
LEIOPHYLLUM buxifolium (Box Sandmyrtle). Densely branched, low evergreen shrub, white blossoms produced in profusion.		
12 to 18 in.	1.75	—
18 to 21 in.	2.25	—
2 to 2½ ft.	3.50	—
LEUCOTHOE catesbaei (Drooping Leucothoe). Shrub with spreading, slender branches. Lustrous green leaves. Rich Autumn color. White flowers. May-June. 3 to 4 ft.		
12 to 15 in.	2.00	18.00
15 to 18 in.	2.25	20.00
18 to 24 in.	2.75	—
2 to 2½ ft.	3.50	—
MAHONIA aquifolia (Oregon Hollygrape). Evergreen shrub having shiny green leaves which are bronze in Winter. Showy yellow flowers. May-June. Does well in half shade. 4 to 5 ft.		
15 to 18 in.	1.25	11.00
18 to 24 in.	2.00	18.00
2 to 2½ ft.	3.00	27.00
2½ to 3 ft.	3.50	31.50
3 to 3½ ft.	4.50	40.00
PACHYSANDRA terminalis (Japanese Pachysandra). Evergreen trailing vine. Dark green leaves. Small spikes of whitish flowers in May. Good ground cover in shade where grass will not grow. 6 in.		
Medium plants .....100,	\$15.00	.25 2.20
Strong plants .....100,	20.00	.30 2.75
PIERIS floribunda (Mountain Andromeda). Compact, round, dwarf shrub. Dense dark green foliage; masses of white flowers in early Spring. Best in partial shade. 4 ft.		
15 to 18 in.	3.00	—
18 to 24 in.	4.50	40.00
2 to 2½ ft.	6.00	54.00
P. japonica (Japanese Andromeda). Dense growing shrub. Foliage rich green, graceful white flower clusters. Partial shade. May. Grows to 4 to 5 ft.		
15 to 18 in.	3.00	27.00
18 to 24 in.	4.50	40.00
2 to 2½ ft.	6.00	54.00
YUCCA filamentosa (Common Yucca). Long, narrow, leaves. Many creamy flowers on tall flower spike. June. 2 to 3 ft.		
Strong plants	1.00	9.00
Extra strong plants	1.50	14.00

RHODODENDRON

Each Per 10

Rhododendron carolinianum (Carolina Rhododendron).
Compact, bushy shrub. Bright pink flowers. May-June. 4 to 6 ft.

*15	to 18	in.	.....	3.50	—
18	to 24	in.	.....	3.75	33.80
2	to 2½	ft.	.....	4.50	40.00
2½	to 3	ft.	.....	6.00	55.00

R. catawbiense (Catawba Rhododendron). Large, deep rose flowers. May-June. 6 to 9 ft.

2	to 2½	ft.	.....	4.50	42.50
2½	to 3	ft.	.....	5.00	45.00
3	to 3½	ft.	.....	6.00	54.00
3½	to 4	ft.	.....	7.00	—

R. maximum (Rosebay Rhododendron). Large, heavy leaves with abundant white to light pink blooms in June. 8 to 12 ft.

2	to 2½	ft.	.....	3.00	—
2½	to 3	ft.	.....	3.50	—
3	to 3½	ft.	.....	4.00	—
3½	to 4	ft.	.....	5.00	—
4	to 5	ft.	.....	6.00	—
5	to 6	ft.	.....	9.00	—
6	to 7	ft.	.....	12.00	—

R. maximum. Heavy specimen plants.

2	to 2½	ft.	.....	4.00	36.00
2½	to 3	ft.	.....	5.00	45.00
3	to 3½	ft.	.....	6.50	60.00
3½	to 4	ft.	.....	7.50	70.00
4	to 5	ft.	.....	9.00	85.00
5	to 6	ft.	.....	12.00	110.00

HYBRID RHODODENDRONS

Hybrid Rhododendrons. They are particularly celebrated for their very large clusters of handsome flowers and clear color. Can furnish in shades of pink, lavender, white and crimson.

1½	to 2	ft.	.....	8.50	—
2	to 2½	ft.	.....	12.00	—
2½	to 3	ft.	.....	15.00	—
3	to 3½	ft.	.....	18.00	—

Deciduous Trees

Nothing can be planted which will grow so well and with so little attention and care as trees. The initial cost is small and paid for many times over by the beauty, pleasure and satisfaction which they bring.

Our collection includes trees adapted for all locations, climates and soils.

Each Per 10

ACER dasycarpum (Silver Maple). Rapid growing, graceful, pendulous branches. Leaves silvery underneath. 60 to 80 ft.

10 to 12 ft., 2 to 2½ in.	4.50	40.00
12 to 16 ft., 2½ to 3 in.	7.00	63.00
3 to 3½ in.	9.00	81.00
3½ to 4 in.	12.00	—
4 to 4½ in.	15.00	—
4½ to 5 in.	20.00	—
5 to 5½ in.	25.00	—
5½ to 6 in.	30.00	—
6 to 8 in.	35.00	—

A. dasycarpum pyramidalis (Pyramidal Silver Maple).

A narrow type with erect branches. 60 to 80 ft.

20 to 25 ft., 3½ to 4 in.	12.00	—
4 to 4½ in.	15.00	—
4½ to 5 in.	20.00	—
5 to 5½ in.	25.00	—
5½ to 6 in.	30.00	—

A. ginnala (Amur Maple). Shrubby tree to 10 or 12 ft.

Graceful and valuable for bright autumn foliage.

4 to 5 ft.	1.50	13.50
5 to 6 ft.	2.00	17.50
6 to 8 ft.	2.50	22.50
8 to 10 ft.	3.00	—

A. negundo (Box Elder). Rapid growing tree. Medium height.

8 to 10 ft., 1½ to 2 in.	2.50	22.50
2 to 2½ in.	3.00	27.00
2½ to 3 in.	4.00	37.00
3 to 3½ in.	5.00	—

A. Pennsylvanicum (Striped Maple). Green bark striped white.

6 to 8 ft.	3.00	—
8 to 10 ft.	4.00	—
1½ to 2 in. cal.	5.00	—

A. platanoides (Norway Maple). Excellent street tree forming a round, symmetrical head. 50 to 75 ft.

12 to 14 ft., 1¼ to 1½ in.	4.00	36.00
14 to 16 ft., 1½ to 1¾ in.	5.00	45.00
1¾ to 2 in.	6.00	54.00
2 to 2¼ in.	7.00	63.00
2¼ to 2½ in.	8.00	72.00
*2½ to 3 in.	12.00	117.50
*3 to 3½ in.	15.00	147.50
*3½ to 4 in.	18.00	177.50
*4 to 4½ in.	20.00	190.00
*4½ to 5 in.	25.00	240.00
*5 to 6 in.	30.00	290.00
*6 to 7 in.	45.00	430.00
*7 to 8 in.	60.00	580.00
*8 to 10 in.	80.00	750.00

ACER—Continued

	Each	Per 10
A. <i>platanoides argentea variegata</i> (Variegated Maple). Somewhat slower growth than the type. Leaves have a silvery variegation. 40 to 60 ft.		
*6 to 8 ft.	5.00	—
*8 to 10 ft.	6.00	—
*2½ to 3 in. cal.	7.00	—
A. <i>platanoides reitenbachii</i> (Reitenbach Purple-leaved Maple). Leaves purple. Brilliant Fall coloring. 50 to 75 ft.		
*12 to 14 ft., 1¾ to 2 in.	8.00	—
*2 to 2¼ in.	9.00	—
*2¼ to 2½ in.	10.00	—
*2½ to 3 in.	12.00	—
*3 to 3½ in.	15.00	—
A. <i>platanoides schwedleri</i> (Schwedleri Purple-leaved Maple). Leaves a bronzy-purple in Spring turning to green in Midsummer. 50 to 75 ft.		
*12 to 14 ft., 1¾ to 2 in.	7.50	70.00
*2 to 2¼ in.	9.00	85.00
*2¼ to 2½ in.	10.00	95.00
*2½ to 3 in.	12.00	110.00
*3 to 3½ in.	15.00	140.00
*3½ to 4 in.	20.00	190.00
*4 to 4½ in.	25.00	—
*4½ to 5 in.	30.00	—
*5 to 6 in.	45.00	—
*6 to 7 in.	60.00	—
A. <i>platanoides spaethii</i> (Spaeth Pink-leaved Maple). Leaves slightly smaller than Norway Maple. Purple-pink. 40 to 60 ft.		
*1½ to 1¾ in.	7.00	—
*1¾ to 2 in.	8.00	—
*2 to 2½ in.	10.00	—
*2½ to 3 in.	12.00	—
*3 to 3½ in.	15.00	—
*3½ to 4 in.	20.00	—
*4 to 4½ in.	25.00	—
*4½ to 5 in.	30.00	—
A. <i>pseudoplatanus</i> (Sycamore Maple). Large, vigorous growing tree. Symmetrical rounded head. 50 to 75 ft.		
*10 to 14 ft., 1¾ to 2 in.	6.00	54.00
*2 to 2½ in.	7.50	70.00
*2½ to 3 in.	10.00	95.00
*3 to 3½ in.	12.50	—
*3½ to 4 in.	15.00	—
*4 to 4½ in.	17.50	—
*4½ to 5 in.	20.00	—
*5 to 5½ in.	25.00	—
*5½ to 6 in.	30.00	—
*6 to 7 in.	40.00	—
*7 to 8 in.	50.00	—
A. <i>rubrum</i> (Red Maple). Large tree with dense foliage. Scarlet flowers in early Spring. Brilliant Autumn coloring. Will grow in moist place. 50 to 75 ft.		
*12 to 16 ft., 2 to 2½ in.	8.00	—
*2½ to 3 in.	10.00	—
*3 to 3½ in.	12.00	—
*3½ to 4 in.	14.00	—

ACER—Continued

	Each	Per 10
A. saccharum (Sugar Maple. Good street tree. More erect growth than Norway Maple. 50 to 75 ft.		
1½ to 1¾ in.....	5.00	45.00
1¾ to 2 in.....	6.50	58.50
2 to 2½ in.....	9.00	81.00
2½ to 3 in.....	14.00	130.00
*3 to 3½ in.....	18.00	—
*3½ to 4 in.....	20.00	—
*4 to 4½ in.....	25.00	—
*4½ to 5 in.....	30.00	—
*5 to 5½ in.....	40.00	—
*5½ to 6 in.....	50.00	—
6 to 7 in.....	60.00	—
7 to 8 in.....	75.00	—

JAPANESE MAPLES

Acer japonicum aureum (Goldenmoon Maple). Very slow growing dwarf tree having a good golden foliage. 6 to 8 ft.

*2½ to 3 ft.....	20.00	—
*4 to 5 ft.....	30.00	—
*5 to 6 ft.....	40.00	—

A. palmatum dissectum (Threadleaf Maple). Dwarf tree; slow growth, forming flat round head. Foliage is very lacy and attractive. 6 to 8 ft.

*3 to 3½ ft.....	25.00	—
*3½ to 4 ft.....	30.00	—
*4 to 5 ft.....	35.00	—
*5 to 6 ft.....	50.00	—
*6 to 7 ft.....	60.00	—

A. palmatum atropurpureum (Bloodleaf Japanese Maple). Rich purple leaves all Summer. Makes splendid lawn specimen. 6 to 8 ft.

18 to 24 in.....	4.00	—
2 to 2½ ft.....	6.00	—
2½ to 3 ft.....	8.00	—
3 to 4 ft.....	12.00	115.00
4 to 5 ft.....	18.00	175.00

AESCULUS hippocastanum (Horsechestnut). Large symmetrical tree. A profusion of white flowers on long panicles in May. 50 to 75 ft.

8 to 10 ft., 1½ to 2 in.....	5.00	—
2 to 2½ in.....	7.50	—
2½ to 3 in.....	9.00	—
3 to 3½ in.....	10.50	—
3½ to 4 in.....	12.00	—
4 to 4½ in.....	13.50	—
4½ to 5 in.....	15.00	—
5 to 5½ in.....	20.00	—
5½ to 6 in.....	25.00	—
6 to 7 in.....	35.00	—

AILANTHUS glandulosa (Tree of Heaven). Very rapid growing tree. Large leaves. Thrives under adverse city conditions. 50 to 60 ft.

6 to 8 ft.....	2.50	22.50
8 to 10 ft., 1¼ to 1½ in.....	3.00	27.00
10 to 12 ft., 2 to 2½ in.....	4.00	36.00
12 to 14 ft., 2½ to 3 in.....	5.00	45.00
3 to 3½ ft.....	7.00	63.00

	Each	Per 10
ALNUS incana pendula (Weeping Alder). Graceful, drooping tree. Good green foliage. 20 ft.		
*12 to 14 ft., 2½ to 3 in.....	10.00	—
*3 to 3½ in.....	15.00	—
*3½ to 4 in.....	20.00	—
*4 to 5 in.....	25.00	—
AMYGDALUS persica (Flowering Peach). A profusion of double pink, red or white blossoms before the leaves appear. 8 to 10 ft.		
3 to 4 ft.....	1.25	—
4 to 5 ft.....	1.50	—
5 to 6 ft.....	2.50	—
6 to 7 ft.....	3.00	—
7 to 8 ft.....	3.50	—
ARALIA spinosa (Devil's-walkingstick). Stout stems covered with thorns. Large foliage gives tropical effect. Clusters of white blossoms in August, followed by dark purple berries. 18 to 20 ft.		
3 to 4 ft.....	.75	—
4 to 5 ft.....	.90	8.00
5 to 6 ft.....	1.25	10.00
6 to 8 ft.....	1.50	14.00
8 to 10 ft.....	2.00	17.50
10 to 12 ft.....	2.50	22.50
BETULA alba (European White Birch). Tall, graceful tree with thin drooping branches. Bark very white. Does well in poor soil. 30 to 50 ft.		
6 to 8 ft.....	2.50	22.50
8 to 10 ft., 1 to 1½ in.....	3.50	32.50
10 to 12 ft., 1½ to 2 in.....	4.00	37.00
2 to 2½ in.....	6.00	54.00
2½ to 3 in.....	7.50	72.50
3 to 3½ ft.....	10.00	90.00
3½ to 4 in.....	15.00	—
B. alba laciniata (Cutleaf Weeping Birch). Gracefully drooping tree. Suitable for lawn planting. 30-40 ft.		
6 to 8 ft.....	4.00	37.00
8 to 10 ft.....	5.50	52.50
10 to 12 ft.....	7.00	—
12 to 14 ft.....	10.00	—
B. lutea (Yellow Birch). Quick growing tree to 50 ft.		
8 to 10 ft.....	3.50	32.50
10 to 12 ft.....	4.50	—
B. populifolia (Gray Birch). Slender tree; grayish white bark. 30 to 40 ft.		
8 to 10 ft.....	2.75	25.00
10 to 12 ft., 1½ to 2 in.....	3.50	32.50
2 to 2½ in.....	5.00	47.50
CARPINUS betulus (European Hornbeam). Bushy, slow growing tree. Smooth, gray bark. 25 to 30 ft.		
6 to 7 ft.....	3.00	—
7 to 8 ft.....	4.00	—
8 to 10 ft.....	6.00	—
10 to 12 ft.....	8.00	—
12 to 14 ft.....	10.00	—
14 to 16 ft.....	12.00	—

	Each	Per 10
CATALPA bignonioides nana (Umbrella Catalpa). Top grafted on straight ends, 4-6 ft. high. Symmetrical, round head makes this a useful tree for formal planting. 10 to 15 ft.		
4 to 6 ft. stems, 4-yr. head, Ex. Str.	3.00	—
4 to 6 ft. stems, 5-yr. head, Ex. Str.	4.00	—
4 to 8 ft. stems (specimens)	5.00	—
C. speciosa (Western Catalpa). Tall, rapid-growing tree. Useful for seashore planting. 50-60 ft.		
10 to 12 ft., 1½ to 2 in.	1.50	—
2 to 2½ in.	2.50	22.50
2½ to 3 in.	4.00	36.00
3 to 3½ in.	5.00	45.00
3½ to 4 in.	7.50	—
4 to 5 in.	10.00	—
CERCIS canadensis (American Redbud). Small tree. Very ornamental with its profusion of rosy pink flowers in early Spring.		
5 to 6 ft.	2.00	—
6 to 8 ft.	3.00	—
CORNUS florida (White-flowering Dogwood). Small, symmetrical tree with spreading open top. Abundant white flowers in early Spring. Red berries in Fall. 20 to 25 ft.		
2 to 3 ft.	.90	8.00
3 to 4 ft.	1.50	12.50
4 to 5 ft.	2.00	17.50
5 to 6 ft.	3.00	27.50
6 to 8 ft., heavy	6.00	54.00
8 to 10 ft., heavy	12.00	115.00
10 to 12 ft., heavy	20.00	180.00
12 to 14 ft.	25.00	—
14 to 16 ft.	30.00	—
C. florida plena (Doubleflowering Dogwood). Same habit as Cornus Florida. Large double white flowers.		
4 to 5 ft.	6.00	—
C. florida rubra (Red-flowering Dogwood). Similar in type to Cornus florida. Profuse pink flowers more persistent than the white. 15 to 20 ft.		
*2 to 3 ft.	3.50	—
*3 to 4 ft.	5.00	—
*4 to 5 ft.	7.50	—
*5 to 6 ft.	10.00	—
*6 to 8 ft.	15.00	—
CRATÆGUS coccinea (Thicket Hawthorn). Small tree to 15 or 20 ft. with shiny bright green leaves. Scarlet fruit.		
6 to 8 ft.	4.50	—
8 to 10 ft.	6.00	—
C. oxycantha (English Hawthorn). Small slow-growing tree. Sweet-scented, white flowers, followed by red fruit. 12 to 15 ft.		
4 to 5 ft.	2.50	—
5 to 6 ft.	3.50	—
6 to 8 ft.	5.00	—
8 to 10 ft.	6.50	—
10 to 12 ft.	8.00	—

CRATÆGUS—Continued

	Each	Per 10
C. oxycantha alboplana (Double English Hawthorn). Clusters of double white flowers. Red fruit. 15 ft.		
5 to 6 ft.....	3.50	—
6 to 8 ft.....	5.00	—
8 to 10 ft.....	7.00	—
C. oxycantha splendens (Pauls Double Scarlet Hawthorn). Abundant showy scarlet flowers. 12 to 15 ft.		
3 to 4 ft.....	2.25	—
4 to 5 ft.....	3.00	27.50
5 to 6 ft.....	3.50	32.50
6 to 8 ft.....	6.00	—
8 to 10 ft.....	7.00	—
FAGUS americana (American Beech). Large spreading tree. Smooth gray bark is especially attractive in Winter. 80 to 90 ft.		
* 6 to 8 ft.....	10.00	—
* 8 to 10 ft.....	15.00	—
* 10 to 12 ft.....	20.00	—
* 12 to 14 ft.....	25.00	—
* 14 to 16 ft.....	35.00	—
F. sylvatica (European Beech). A tree branching very close to the ground. Retains leaves nearly all Winter. 40 to 50 ft.		
* 12 to 14 ft.....	40.00	—
* 14 to 16 ft.....	50.00	—
F. sylvatica pendula (Weeping Beech). A sturdy, picturesque tree with drooping branches hanging nearly to the ground. Lustrous green leaves in masses. 25 to 30 ft.		
* 10 to 12 ft.....	45.00	—
* 12 to 14 ft.....	60.00	—
* 14 to 16 ft.....	75.00	—
* 16 to 18 ft.....	100.00	—
F. sylvatica purpurea (Purple-leaved Beech). Low-branching, symmetrical tree. Bright, glossy, reddish-purple leaves. 40 to 50 ft.		
* 8 to 10 ft.....	40.00	—
* 10 to 12 ft.....	50.00	—
* 12 to 14 ft.....	60.00	—
* 14 to 16 ft., specimens.....	70.00	—
* 16 to 18 ft., specimens.....	80.00	—
* 18 to 20 ft., specimens.....	100.00	—
F. sylvatica rosomarginata (Rose-pink Beech). Symmetrical tree. Foliage has unusually rosy-pink variegations. 30 to 40 ft.		
* 8 to 10 ft.....	50.00	—
* 10 to 12 ft.....	60.00	—
* 12 to 14 ft.....	75.00	—
* 14 to 16 ft.....	85.00	—
FRAXINUS americana (White Ash). Rapid growing, native tree with clean, straight trunk. Good in moist soils. 70 to 80 ft.		
8 to 10 ft.....	2.00	18.00
10 to 12 ft.....	4.00	36.00
12 to 14 ft., 2½ to 3 in.....	6.00	—
3 to 3½ in.....	8.00	—
3½ to 4 in.....	10.00	—
4 to 4½ in.....	12.00	—

Each Per 10

GINKGO biloba (Maidenhair Tree). Upright tree with attractive open, irregular head. Resists insects and unfavorable city conditions. 50 to 75 ft.

* 6 to 8 ft., 1 to 1¼ in.....	3.00	27.50
* 8 to 10 ft., 1¼ to 1½ in.....	4.00	37.50
* 10 to 12 ft., 1½ to 2 in.....	6.00	57.50
2 to 2½ in.....	10.00	90.00
2½ to 3 in.....	15.00	140.00
3 to 3½ in.....	20.00	—
3½ to 4 in.....	25.00	—

GLEDITSIA triacanthos (Common Honeylocust). Tall, thorny tree. Very fragrant, white flowers. May. Thrives in gravelly soil. 60 to 70 ft.

6 to 8 ft.....	1.50	14.00
8 to 10 ft.....	2.00	17.50
10 to 12 ft.....	2.50	—
12 to 14 ft.....	3.50	—

HALESIA tetraptera (Great Silverbell). Small tree or shrub. Very attractive white flowers.

5 to 6 ft.....	1.50	—
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KOELREUTERIA paniculata (Varnish Tree). Small tree of irregular outline. Produces a mass of bright yellow flowers. June-July. 25 to 30 ft.

* 4 to 5 ft.....	1.50	—
* 5 to 6 ft.....	2.00	—
* 6 to 8 ft.....	3.00	—
* 8 to 10 ft.....	4.00	—
* 10 to 12 ft.....	5.00	—

LARIX europaea (European Larch). Rapid growing, symmetrical tree. Attractive light green foliage. 60 to 75 ft.

* 2 to 3 ft.....	1.00	—
* 3 to 4 ft.....	1.50	—
* 4 to 5 ft.....	2.25	—
* 5 to 6 ft.....	2.75	—

L. leptolepis (Japanese Larch). A very fast growing tree. Extremely attractive, light green foliage.

6 to 8 ft.....	3.50	32.50
8 to 10 ft.....	4.50	42.50

LIQUIDAMBAR styraciflua (Sweet-gum). Tall tree having corky bark and glossy, star-shaped leaves. Attractive Autumn coloring. Thrives in moist places. 50 to 60 ft.

* 7 to 8 ft.....	3.75	—
* 8 to 10 ft.....	4.50	—

LIRIODENDRON tulipifera (Tulip-tree). Straight, rapid growing tree. Tulip-like, pale yellow flowers. June-July. 70 to 80 ft.

* 6 to 8 ft.....	2.00	18.00
* 8 to 10 ft., 1 to 1½ in.....	2.50	22.50
* 1½ to 2 in.....	3.50	32.50
* 2 to 2½ in.....	6.00	—
* 2½ to 3 in.....	7.50	—
* 3 to 3½ in.....	10.00	—
* 3½ to 4 in.....	12.00	—
* 4 to 4½ in.....	16.00	—

	Each	Per 10
MAGNOLIA glauca (Sweetbay Magnolia). Attractive shrub or small tree with glossy green foliage and sweet-scented creamy white flowers.		
*3 to 4 ft.....	6.00	—
MALUS atrosanguinea (Carmine Crab). Small tree having a profusion of bright red blossoms. 12 to 15 ft.		
4 to 5 ft.....	2.00	18.00
5 to 6 ft.....	3.00	27.50
6 to 8 ft.....	4.00	37.50
M. coronarius (Wild Sweet Crab). Fragrant light pink bloom.		
3 to 4 ft.....	1.50	13.50
4 to 5 ft.....	2.00	18.00
5 to 6 ft.....	2.50	22.50
M. floribunda (Japanese Flowering Crab). Single, white flowers which are pink in bud, cover the tree. Fruit attractive in Fall. Blossoms early Spring. 12 to 15 ft.		
4 to 5 ft.....	2.50	22.50
5 to 6 ft.....	3.00	27.50
6 to 8 ft.....	4.00	37.50
M. ioensis plena (Bechtel Crab). Fragrant, double pink blossoms. Late Spring. 12 to 15 ft.		
2 to 3 ft.....	1.75	—
3 to 4 ft.....	2.00	—
4 to 5 ft.....	2.50	22.50
5 to 6 ft.....	3.50	32.50
6 to 8 ft.....	5.00	45.00
8 to 10 ft.....	7.00	—
M. neidzwetzkyana (Red Vein Crab). Attractive deep pink flowers.		
6 to 8 ft.....	3.50	—
8 to 10 ft.....	5.00	—
10 to 12 ft.....	7.00	—
M. sargentii (Sargent Crab). Pure white, very compact and dwarf. Small scarlet fruits hang on almost till Spring. Distinct.		
3 to 4 ft.....	1.50	—
4 to 5 ft.....	2.50	—
5 to 6 ft.....	3.00	—
M. scheideckeri (Scheideckeri Crab). Double deep pink flowers. Large yellow fruit. 10 to 15 ft.		
3 to 4 ft.....	1.50	—
4 to 5 ft.....	2.50	22.50
5 to 6 ft.....	3.00	27.50
6 to 8 ft.....	4.50	42.50
MORUS alba pendula (Teas Weeping Mulberry). Small weeping tree with dense growing branches drooping to the ground. 6 to 10 ft.		
4 to 6 ft. stems, 4-yr. head.....	5.00	—
4 to 6 ft. stems, 5-yr. head.....	6.00	—
6-yr. head.....	7.50	70.00
7-yr. head.....	10.00	90.00
PAULOWNIA tomentosa (Royal Paulownia). Rapidly growing tree to 30 ft. Very large leaves.		
3 to 3½ in. cal.....	12.00	—
4 to 4½ in. cal.....	15.00	—

	Each	Per 10
PLATANUS orientalis (Oriental Plane). Rapid growing tree with wide spreading, symmetrical head. Excellent tree for city planting as it withstands both insect pests and city conditions. 70 to 80 ft.		
10 to 12 ft., 1½ to 1¾ in.....	4.00	36.00
1¾ to 2 in.....	5.00	45.00
2 to 2¼ in.....	6.00	54.00
2¼ to 2½ in.....	7.00	63.00
2½ to 3 in.....	8.00	—
3 to 3½ in.....	10.00	—
POPULUS candicans (Balm-of-Gilead Poplar). Rapid growing tree; very vigorous and hardy. Large buds are fragrant in the Spring. 50 to 60 ft.		
10 to 12 ft.	2.00	18.00
12 to 14 ft.	2.50	22.50
2½ to 3 in.....	3.00	—
3 to 3½ in.....	4.00	—
3½ to 4 in.....	5.00	—
P. eugenei (Carolina Poplar). Very rapid growing tree. Thrives in poor, dry soil. 60 to 75 ft.		
6 to 8 ft.	1.25	10.00
8 to 10 ft., 1 to 1½ in.....	1.50	12.50
10 to 12 ft., 1½ to 2 in.....	1.75	15.00
2 to 2½ in.....	2.50	22.50
2½ to 3 in.....	3.00	—
3 to 3½ in.....	3.50	—
P. nigra italica (Lombardy Poplar). Tall, narrow, upright tree, branching to the ground. 60 to 75 ft.		
6 to 8 ft.....	.90	7.50
8 to 10 ft.....	1.00	9.00
10 to 12 ft.....	1.50	—
12 to 14 ft.....	2.50	—
P. simoni (Simon Poplar). Small hardy tree.		
*6 to 8 ft.....	1.25	10.00
*8 to 10 ft.....	2.00	18.00
PRUNUS armeniaca siberica pendula (Weeping Siberian Apricot). Pendulous branches bearing a profusion of attractive light pink flowers, appearing before the leaves.		
6 ft. stem, 4-yr. head.....	6.50	—
P. Beni Hagan. Large pink flowering cherry.		
4 to 5 ft.....	4.00	—
5 to 6 ft.....	5.00	—
6 to 7 ft.....	7.00	—
P. blireana. Long slender branches bearing purple tinted foliage. Semi-double flowers of apple blossom pink.		
4 to 5 ft.....	2.50	—
5 to 6 ft.....	3.50	—
P. cerasifera (Myrabalan Plum). Flowering plum. Blossoms white tinted pink.		
4 to 5 ft.....	4.00	—
P. cerasifera pissardi (Purple-leaf Plum). Small tree with dark purple leaves and small, pinkish-white flowers. 12 to 15 ft.		
4 to 5 ft.....	1.25	11.25
5 to 6 ft.....	2.00	18.00
6 to 8 ft.....	3.00	27.00
P. cistena. Pink flowers; upright growing.		
4 to 5 ft.....	2.50	—
5 to 6 ft.....	3.50	—

PRUNUS—Continued

	Each	Per 10
P. Kanzan. Pink flowering Japanese Cherry.		
4 to 5 ft.....	4.00	36.00
5 to 6 ft.....	5.00	45.00
7 to 8 ft.....	7.00	67.00
P. Kofugen. Double pink flowering Japanese Cherry.		
3 to 4 ft.....	2.00	—
4 to 5 ft.....	2.50	—
5 to 6 ft.....	3.50	—
6 to 7 ft.....	5.00	—
P. Onaden. Semi-double rose pink buds. White flowers.		
4 to 5 ft.....	3.50	—
5 to 6 ft.....	4.50	—
6 to 8 ft.....	6.00	—
P. sieboldi pendula (Weeping Japanese Cherry). Graceful, weeping tree, completely covered with pink blossoms in early Spring. 12 to 15 ft.		
*4 to 6 ft. stem, 2-yr. heads.....	2.50	—
*4 to 6 ft. stem, 3-yr. heads.....	5.00	—
*6 to 8 ft. stem, 4-yr. heads.....	7.00	—
Specimens	\$25.00 to 75.00	—
P. Veitchi, J. H. Double pink flowering Japanese Cherry.		
3 to 4 ft.....	3.00	—
4 to 5 ft.....	4.00	—
PTELIA trifoliata (Common Hoptree). Small, round-headed tree to 20 ft.		
6 to 7 ft.....	1.50	—
7 to 8 ft.....	1.75	—
8 to 10 ft.....	2.00	—
QUERCUS palustris (Pin Oak). Symmetrical, pyramidal tree with graceful, drooping branches. Foliage deeply cut. Fine lawn or street tree, 75 to 80 ft.		
*10 to 12 ft., 1½ to 2 in.....	7.50	—
*2 to 2½ in.....	9.00	—
*2½ to 3 in.....	12.00	—
*3 to 3½ in.....	15.00	—
*3½ to 4 in.....	18.00	—
*4 to 4½ in.....	22.00	—
*4½ to 5 in.....	26.00	—
ROBINIA pseudoacacia (Common Locust). Tall, rapid growing tree. Fragrant white flowers in early Summer. Thrives under city conditions. 60 to 70 ft.		
8 to 10 ft., 1½ to 2 in.....	3.75	35.00
2 to 2½ in.....	4.50	42.50
2½ to 3 in.....	5.50	52.50
3 to 3½ in.....	6.00	—
3½ to 4 in.....	7.00	—
SALIX Babylonica (Babylon Weeping Willow). Long, graceful drooping branches. Thrives in any good soil, but particularly appropriate for waterside.		
50 to 60 ft.		
*6 to 8 ft.....	2.00	—
*8 to 10 ft.....	3.00	—

SALIX—continued

Each Per 10

S. caprea (Pussy Willow). Bush which is attractive for early Spring effect. Thrives in any good soil. 15 to 20 ft.

*6 to 8 ft.	1.25	—
*8 to 10 ft.	2.00	—

S. elegantissima (Thurlo w Weeping Willow). Wide spreading tree of drooping habit. 50 to 60 ft.

* 8 to 10 ft.	3.00	—
*10 to 12 ft.	5.00	—
*12 to 14 ft.	7.00	—
*14 to 16 ft.	9.00	—

S. pentandra (Laurel Willow). Shining rich dark green leaves; valuable for seashore planting.

6 to 8 ft.	1.50	—
8 to 10 ft.	2.50	—
10 to 12 ft.	4.50	—

S. vitellina (Golden Willow). The bright golden bark is especially effective in Winter. 25 to 30 ft.

*5 to 6 ft.	1.25	11.00
*6 to 8 ft.	1.75	16.00

SORBUS aucuparia (European Mountain Ash). Medium size tree. Brilliant orange-scarlet berries. Good border or lawn tree. 25 to 30 ft.

6 to 8 ft.	1.50	12.00
8 to 10 ft., 1 to 1½ in.	2.00	18.00
10 to 12 ft., 1½ to 2 in.	2.75	25.00
12 to 14 ft., 2 to 2½ in.	3.50	33.00

S. quercifolia (Oak-leaf Mountain Ash). A hybrid form similar to type in general character, but with larger leaves resembling that of the oak.

6 to 8 ft.	2.00	—
8 to 10 ft.	2.50	—

TILIA americana (American Linden). Broad, round-topped tree. Large leaves. Suitable for street or lawn planting. 60 to 70 ft.

*1½ to 2 in.	5.00	—
*2 to 2½ in.	6.50	—
*2½ to 3 in.	10.00	—
*4½ to 5 in.	25.00	—
*5 to 5½ in.	35.00	—
*7 to 8 in.	60.00	—
*8 to 10 in.	75.00	—

T. cordata (Littleleaf European Linden). Strong-growing, symmetrical tree. Small thin leaves. Fragrant greenish blossoms. 50 to 60 ft.

*Specimen, 2½ to 3 in.	10.00	—
*Specimen, 3 to 3½ in.	15.00	—
*Specimen, 3½ to 4 in.	20.00	—
*Specimen, 4 to 4½ in.	25.00	—
*Specimen, 4½ to 5 in.	30.00	—

TILIA—Continued

			Each	Per 10
T. euchlora (Crimean Linden). Deep green, glossy leaves. Good street tree. 50 to 60 ft.				
*Specimen,	3 to 3½ in.	.....	15.00	—
*Specimen,	3½ to 4 in.	.....	18.00	—
*Specimen,	4 to 4½ in.	.....	22.50	—
*Specimen,	4½ to 5 in.	.....	27.50	—
T. heterophylla (Beetree Linden). A handsome Linden with leaves dark, shiny green above and silvery beneath. 50 to 60 ft.				
*Specimen	4½ to 5 in.	.....	30.00	—
*Specimen,	5 to 6 in.	.....	40.00	—
*Specimen,	6 to 7 in.	.....	50.00	—
T. tomentosa (Silver Linden). Broad, pyramidal tree. Leaves silvery gray underneath. 60 to 70 ft.				
*Specimen,	3 to 3½ in.	.....	15.00	—
*Specimen,	3½ to 4 in.	.....	20.00	—
	*4 to 4½ in.	.....	25.00	—
	*4½ to 5 in.	.....	30.00	—
	*5 to 5½ in.	.....	35.00	—
	*5½ to 6 in.	.....	40.00	—
T. platyphyllos (Bigleaf European Linden). Large, vigorous growing tree. Light green foliage. 60 to 70 ft.				
*12 to 14 ft.,	4 to 4½ in.	.....	20.00	—
	*5½ to 6 in.	.....	40.00	—
T. vulgaris (European Linden). Vigorous growing. Compact, symmetrical tree. Fragrant flowers in June. 60 to 70 ft.				
* 6 to 8 ft.	.....		4.50	42.50
*10 to 12 ft.,	2½ to 3 in.	.....	15.00	—
*Specimen,	3 to 3½ in.	.....	20.00	—
*Specimen,	3½ to 4 in.	.....	25.00	—
*Specimen,	4 to 4½ in.	.....	30.00	—
*Specimen,	4½ to 5 in.	.....	35.00	—
*Specimen,	5 to 5½ in.	.....	40.00	—
*Specimen,	5½ to 6 in.	.....	45.00	—
*Specimen,	6 to 7 in.	.....	55.00	—
ULMUS americana (American Elm). Tall symmetrical tree, gracefully drooping. Good street tree. 80 to 100 ft.				
* 8 to 10 ft.,	1 to 1½ in.	.....	2.75	25.00
	*1½ to 2 in.	.....	4.50	40.00
	*2 to 2½ in.	.....	6.50	60.00
	*2½ to 3 in.	.....	8.00	75.00
	*3 to 3½ in.	.....	9.50	—
	*4 to 5 in.	.....	25.00	—
U. Americana Moline (Moline Elm). New variety. Good foliage and symmetrical growth.				
8 to 10 ft.,	1¼ to 1½ in.	.....	4.00	36.00
10 to 12 ft.,	1½ to 1¾ in.	.....	5.00	48.00
12 to 14 ft.,	1¾ to 2 in.	.....	6.00	—
	2 to 2¼ in.	.....	8.00	—

ULMUS—Continued

	Each	Per 10
U. <i>Campestris</i> (English Elm). Round topped, densely branched tree.		
* 8 to 10 ft.....	6.00	—
* 10 to 12 ft.....	8.00	—
U. <i>pumila</i> (Asiatic Elm). A vigorous grower of good habit. Forms dense symmetrical head.		
1½ to 2 in.....	5.00	45.00
2 to 2½ in.....	6.00	54.00
2½ to 3 in.....	7.50	—

Deciduous Shrubs

Hardy, flowering shrubs develop more quickly than any class of trees, and are, therefore, indispensable for filling a new lawn where it is desirable to get something to make a show as quickly as possible.

It is our aim to produce everything in flowering shrubbery that is useful, hardy, and worthy of cultivation.

	Each	Per 10
ABELIA <i>grandiflora</i> (Glossy Abelia). Dwarf shrub. Glossy green foliage; abundant pink flowers which bloom continuously from July to frost. 3 to 4 ft.		
12 to 18 in.....	\$.60	\$ 5.40
18 to 24 in.....	1.25	10.00
ACANTHOPANAX <i>pentaphyllum</i> (Bush Aralia). Quick growing shrub, graceful arching branches; dark green foliage. 7 to 8 ft.		
2 to 3 ft.....	.50	3.75
3 to 4 ft.....	.60	4.50
4 to 5 ft.....	.75	6.00
Transplanted specimens.		
4 to 5 ft.....	1.80	16.00
5 to 6 ft.....	2.00	18.00
AMELANCHIER <i>canadensis</i> (Downy Shadblow). White flowers in early Spring before leaves appear. 12 to 15 ft.		
2 to 3 ft.....	.75	—
AMYGDALUS <i>communis</i> (Flowering Almond). Double-flowering blooms before leaves; red, pink and white. 8 to 10 ft.		
2 to 3 ft.....	1.00	—
3 to 4 ft.....	1.25	—
ARONIA <i>arbutifolia</i> (Red Chokeberry). Border shrub, attractive for its bright red berries. 6 to 8 ft.		
3 to 4 ft.....	1.25	—
4 to 5 ft.....	1.50	—
A. <i>melanocarpa</i> (Black Chokeberry). White flowers in May; black berries. 8 to 10 ft.		
2 to 3 ft.....	.75	6.50
3 to 4 ft.....	.90	7.00

	Each	Per 10
AZALEA gandavensis (Ghent Azalea). Orange, pink, and yellow blossoms. May-June.		
*15 to 18 in.....	2.75	25.00
A. kaempferi (Torch Azalea). Orange-red to pink flowers, in May. 4 to 5 ft.		
*18 to 24 in.....	4.00	37.50
*2 to 2½ ft.....	5.00	47.50
*2½ to 3 ft.....	6.00	—
*3 to 4 ft.....	9.00	—
A. mollis (Chinese Azalea). Large, orange and red flowers. May-June. 4 to 5 ft.		
*12 to 15 in.....	2.00	18.00
*15 to 18 in.....	3.00	27.00
*18 to 24 in.....	4.00	—
*2 to 2½ ft.....	5.50	—
A. pontica (Pontica Azalea). Flowers vary from white to red. 6 to 8 ft.		
*12 to 15 in.....	2.00	18.00
*15 to 18 in.....	3.00	27.00
*18 to 24 in.....	4.00	36.00
*2 to 2½ ft.....	5.50	50.00
*2½ to 3 ft.....	7.00	—
A. yodogawa (Yodogawa Azalea). Double rosy-lilac flowers, spotted with purple. Profuse bloomer. 3 to 4 ft.		
*18 to 24 in.....	4.00	—
*2 to 2½ ft.....	5.00	—
*2½ to 3 ft.....	7.00	—
*3 to 3½ ft.....	9.00	—

NATIVE AZALEAS

A. arborescens (Sweet Azalea). Fragrant white flowers in June. Autumn foliage, bright red. 12 to 14 ft.		
12 to 18 in.....	1.75	—
18 to 24 in.....	2.50	—
2 to 2½ ft.....	3.00	—
2½ to 3 ft.....	3.50	—
A. calendulacea (Flame Azalea). A mass of bright orange-red blossoms in June. 8 to 10 ft.		
18 to 24 in.....	3.00	—
2 to 2½ ft.....	3.50	—
2½ to 3 ft.....	4.50	—
3 to 4 ft.....	6.00	—
A. canescens (Piedmont Azalea). Fragrant, light pink flowers. June. 4 to 5 ft.		
18 to 24 in.....	2.75	25.00
2 to 2½ ft.....	3.50	—
2½ to 3 ft.....	4.50	—
A. nudiflora (Pinxterbloom). Sweet-scented, deep pink flowers. June. 6 to 8 ft.		
12 to 18 in.....	2.25	20.00
18 to 24 in.....	2.75	25.00
2 to 2½ ft.....	3.25	30.00
2½ to 3 ft.....	4.00	37.50
3 to 4 ft.....	4.50	—

AZALEA—Continued

			Each	Per 10
A. viscosa (Swamp Azalea). Fragrant white flowers in July. Likes moist situation. 4 to 5 ft.				
12	to 18	in.....	1.25	11.00
18	to 24	in.....	1.50	14.00
2	to 2½	ft.....	2.25	—
2½	to 3	ft.....	2.75	—
BERBERIS thunbergi (Japanese Barberry). Low hedge plant or for masses; scarlet berries and brilliant Autumn coloring. 4 to 5 ft.				
*12	to 15	in.....Per 100	15.00	.20 1.80
*15	to 18	in.....Per 100	16.50	.25 2.00
*18	to 24	in.....Per 100	20.00	.35 2.50
*24	to 30	in.....Per 100	—	— 4.00
B. thunbergi atropurpurea (Purpleleaf Japanese Barberry). Similar in habit to the thunbergi. Purple foliage all Summer. 4 to 5 ft.				
12	to 15	in.....	.50	—
15	to 18	in.....	.75	6.75
18	to 24	in.....	.90	8.50
2	to 2½	ft.....	1.25	—
B. thunbergi minor (Box Barberry). Compact, dwarf Japanese Barberry. Excellent for formal dwarf hedge. 2 to 3 ft.				
10	to 12	in.....Per 100	33.00	.40 3.60
12	to 15	in.....Per 100	40.00	.50 4.50
15	to 18	in.....Per 100	65.00	.75 7.00
B. vulgaris (European Barberry). Vigorous, upright shrub. Small yellow flowers in May. Dull red fruit in clusters. 7 to 8 ft.				
2	to 3	ft.....	.50	—
3	to 4	ft.....	.60	—
4	to 5	ft.....	.75	—
B. vulgaris atropurpurea (Purple Barberry). Similar in habit to <i>Vulgaris</i> . Purple foliage. 7 to 8 ft.				
2	to 3	ft.....	.50	4.50
3	to 4	ft.....	.75	6.00
4	to 5	ft.....	1.00	9.00
BUDDLEIA davidi veitchiana (Veitch Butterflybush). Gray green foliage and long spikes of deep lilac flowers. June to September. 7 to 8 ft.				
2	to 3	ft.....	.45	4.00
3	to 4	ft.....	.60	5.40
4	to 5	ft.....	.90	8.00
CALYCANTHUS floridus (Sweetshrub). Upright shrub, good foliage. Reddish-brown, sweet-scented flowers. June to September. 4 to 5 ft.				
2	to 2½	ft.....	.60	5.40
2½	to 3	ft.....	.70	6.30
3	to 4	ft.....	.80	7.20
4	to 5	ft.....	1.00	—
CHIONANTHUS virginica (White Fringetree). Large, upright shrub. Heavy, rich, green foliage. Lacy flowers. 15 to 18 ft.				
2	to 3	ft.....	1.25	—
3	to 4	ft.....	1.75	—

	Each	Per 10
CLETHRA alnifolia (Summersweet). Medium size shrub, thriving in damp, shady spots. Spikes of fragrant white flowers, July-September. 7 to 8 ft.		
18 to 24 in.....	.50	4.50
2 to 3 ft.....	.75	6.50
3 to 4 ft.....	.90	8.50
4 to 5 ft.....	1.25	—
CORNUS alba (Tartarian Dogwood). Irregular spreading shrub. Bright red bark which is very attractive in the Winter border. 8 to 10 ft.		
2 to 3 ft.....	.50	4.00
3 to 4 ft.....	.60	5.00
C. alba spaethi (Yellow-leaved Dogwood). Yellow and green foliage. 12 to 15 ft.		
2 to 3 ft.....	.65	5.00
3 to 4 ft.....	.75	6.50
4 to 5 ft.....	1.00	9.00
C. alternifolia (Pogoda dogwood). Branches in horizontal tiers. Blue-black fruit.		
2 to 3 ft.....	.75	6.00
3 to 4 ft.....	1.00	9.00
4 to 5 ft.....	1.25	10.00
C. sanguinea (Bloodtwig Dogwood). Upright, bright red branches. Blue-black berries. 12 to 15 ft.		
2 to 3 ft.....	.50	4.50
3 to 4 ft.....	.75	6.00
4 to 5 ft.....	1.00	—
CRATAEGUS , Hawthorn. (See Deciduous Trees).		
CORYLUS avellana (European Filbert). An attractive shrub which bears its nuts abundantly in Autumn.		
3 to 4 ft.....	1.25	11.00
4 to 5 ft.....	1.50	13.50
5 to 6 ft.....	2.00	—
CYDONIA japonica (Flowering Quince). Medium growing shrub, useful in masses or hedges. Masses of scarlet flowers in May. 4 to 5 ft.		
1½ to 2 ft.....	.50	4.50
2 to 3 ft.....	.75	6.75
3 to 4 ft.....	1.00	9.00
DEUTZIA gracilis (Slender Deutzia). Dwarf. Pure white flowers cover the plant. May. 3 ft.		
12 to 15 in.....	.40	3.50
15 to 18 in.....	.50	4.50
D. lemoinei (Lemoine Deutzia). Large, white flowers in June. 4 to 5 ft.		
2 to 3 ft.....	.50	4.50
3 to 4 ft.....	.75	—
D. scabra candidissima (Snowflake Deutzia). Graceful, vigorous growing shrub. Double white flowers in June. 9 to 10 ft.		
2 to 3 ft.....	.45	4.00
3 to 4 ft.....	.55	4.50
4 to 5 ft.....	.75	6.50
5 to 6 ft.....	1.25	11.00
D. scabra crenata fl. pl. (Double Pink Deutzia). Blossoms white tinted with pink. June. 6 to 8 ft.		
2 to 3 ft.....	.50	4.00
3 to 4 ft.....	.60	5.50
4 to 5 ft.....	.75	6.50
5 to 6 ft.....	1.25	11.00

DEUTZIA—Continued

	Each	Per 10
D. scabra , Pride of Rochester (Pride of Rochester). Tall, vigorous grower. White flowers tinged pink. June.		
9 to 10 ft.		
2 to 3 ft.	.50	4.00
3 to 4 ft.	.60	5.00
4 to 5 ft.	.75	6.50
ELAEAGNUS angustifolia (Russian-olive). Silvery green leaves; yellow blossoms and fruit. 18 to 20 ft.		
3 to 4 ft.	.75	—
4 to 5 ft.	1.00	—
5 to 6 ft.	1.25	—
6 to 8 ft.	1.50	—
ENKIANTHUS campanulata (Redvein Enkianthus). Charming ornamental shrub. Abundant pale orange flowers in early Spring.		
18 to 24 in.	2.00	—
2 to 2½ ft.	3.00	—
2½ to 3 ft.	4.00	—
EUONYMUS alatus (Winged Euonymus). Interesting corky bark. Attractive crimson Autumn coloring. Makes fine specimen. 9 to 10 ft.		
2 to 3 ft.	1.00	9.00
3 to 4 ft.	1.50	13.50
4 to 5 ft.	2.25	20.00
5 to 6 ft.	3.00	27.50
E. americanus (Brook Euonymus). Erect shrub. Pink and yellow fruit. 7 to 8 ft.		
2 to 3 ft.	.75	6.50
3 to 4 ft.	1.00	9.00
FORSYTHIA intermedia (Border Forsythia). Bright yellow flowers in early Spring before leaves unfold. 6 to 8 ft.		
2 to 3 ft.	.50	4.00
3 to 4 ft.	.60	5.00
4 to 5 ft.	.80	—
F. suspensa (Weeping Forsythia). Graceful, drooping branches. Attractive for planting banks or hang-over retaining wall. 4 to 5 ft.		
2 to 3 ft.	.50	4.50
3 to 4 ft.	.75	6.50
F. s. fortunei (Fortune's Forsythia). Arching branches. Bright yellow flowers early in Spring. 7 to 8 ft.		
2 to 3 ft.	.50	4.50
3 to 4 ft.	.75	—
4 to 5 ft.	.90	—
5 to 6 ft.	1.00	—
F. viridissima (Greenstem Forsythia). Strong-growing, upright habit, thick, dark green leaves; flowers later than other varieties. 7 to 8 ft.		
2 to 3 ft.	.50	4.50
3 to 4 ft.	.75	6.00
4 to 5 ft.	.90	—
HAMAMELIS virginiana (Witch-hazel). Tall shrub. Yellow flowers in November. 12 to 15 ft.		
2 to 3 ft.	.75	6.50
3 to 4 ft.	1.00	8.00
4 to 5 ft.	1.50	—
5 to 6 ft.	2.00	—

	Each	Per 10
HIBISCUS syriacus (Shrub-althea). Tall, well-known shrub, suitable for masses, hedges or formal shearing. Blooms in late Summer. 10 to 12 ft.		
H. s. amplissima. Double rosy-red.		
4 to 5 ft.	1.00	—
H. s. Boule de Feu. Double red.		
2 to 3 ft.	.50	4.50
3 to 4 ft.	.75	—
4 to 5 ft.	1.00	—
H. s. Jeanne d'Arc. Double White.		
18 to 24 in.	.40	3.60
2 to 3 ft.	.50	4.50
3 to 4 ft.	.75	7.00
4 to 5 ft.	1.00	—
H. s. Lady Stanley. White shaded red.		
2 to 3 ft.	.50	4.50
3 to 4 ft.	.75	6.75
H. s. meehani. Variegated foliage.		
2 to 3 ft.	1.00	9.00
3 to 4 ft.	1.25	11.00
4 to 5 ft.	1.50	—
5 to 6 ft.	2.00	—
H. s. paeoniaeflora. White with cherry center.		
2 to 3 ft.	.50	—
3 to 4 ft.	.75	—
4 to 5 ft.	1.00	—
H. s. rosea plena. Double red.		
3 to 4 ft.	.75	—
H. s. rubra plena. Double red.		
18 to 24 in.	.40	3.50
2 to 3 ft.	.50	4.50
3 to 4 ft.	.75	—
H. s. totus albus. Single white.		
3 to 4 ft.	.75	6.50
4 to 5 ft.	1.00	9.00
Hibiscus (Tree form Althaea). In variety. Very large crown.		
3 to 5 ft. stems	5.00	—
HYDRANGEA arborescens grandiflora (Smooth Hydrangea). Large, pure white flowers, June-July. Use in border or mass planting. 4 to 5 ft.		
2 to 3 ft.	.50	4.50
3 to 4 ft.	.60	5.40
H. opuloides otaksa (Otaksa Hydrangea). A half-hardy Hydrangea; blossoms pink to blue. 3 to 4 ft.		
18 to 24 in.	3.00	—
2 to 3 ft.	3.50	—
H. paniculata grandiflora (Peegee). Large, showy blooms in August. 8 to 9 ft.		
2 to 3 ft.	.50	4.00
3 to 4 ft.	.60	—
H. paniculata grandiflora. Tree form.		
3 to 4 ft.	1.50	14.00
4 to 5 ft.	2.00	—
	Each	Per 10

Each Per 10

ILEX serrata (Finetooth Holly). Symmetrical, slow growing shrub. Small, bright red berries cover each twig, remaining until Midwinter. 5 to 6 ft.

2 to 3 ft.	3.50	32.50
3 to 4 ft.	4.50	42.50
4 to 5 ft.	6.00	57.50

I. verticillata (Winterberry). Bright red berries persisting to Midwinter. Prefers moist soil. 6 to 8 ft.

2 to 3 ft.	.75	6.75
3 to 4 ft.	1.00	9.00
4 to 5 ft.	1.50	13.50
5 to 6 ft.	2.00	—
6 to 8 ft.	2.50	—

KOLKWITZIA amabilis (Beauty Bush). A handsome new shrub from Korea, making long sprays of graceful foliage and completely buried in delicate pink flowers.

2 to 3 ft.	2.00	18.00
3 to 4 ft.	3.00	27.00

LABURNUM vulgare (Goldenchain). A small tree. Golden yellow flowers. June. 20 to 25 ft.

2 to 3 ft.	.75	—
3 to 4 ft.	1.00	—

LESPEDEZA bicolor (Shrub Bushclover). Slender, graceful shrub. Clover-like foliage. Rose and white flowers in August. 6 to 8 ft.

4 to 5 ft.	1.00	9.00
5 to 6 ft.	1.50	12.50
6 to 8 ft.	2.50	—

LIGUSTRUM ibota (Ibota Privet). A compact shrub having good foliage. Abundant black berries in Fall. 9 to 10 ft.

2 to 3 ft.	.25	2.10
3 to 4 ft.	.40	3.60
4 to 5 ft.	.60	—

L. ibota regelianum (Regel Privet). Compact, symmetrical, drooping habit. Black berries in Fall. 5 to 6 ft.

2 to 3 ft.	.60	5.50
3 to 4 ft.	.75	7.00
4 to 5 ft.	.90	—

L. ovalifolium (California Privet). Stiff, upright shrub; universally used for hedges. 10 to 15 ft.

2½ to 3 ft. Ex. hvy. cut back plants	1.50	12.50
3 to 4 ft. " " " " "	2.00	17.50
4 to 5 ft. " " " " "	2.50	22.50
5 to 6 ft. " " " " "	3.00	27.50
6 to 8 ft. " " " " "	3.50	33.00

L. ovalifolium (Pyramidal). Sheared plants.

6 to 8 ft.	12.00	—
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L. ovalifolium (Standard Privet). Plants grown on 4 to 5 ft. stem; round heads.

4 to 5 ft.	1.50	—
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L. ovalifolium aureum (Golden Privet). Rather slow-growing type. Leaves brilliantly colored with yellow. 8 to 9 ft.

12 to 18 in.	.45	4.00
18 to 24 in.	.60	5.40
2 to 3 ft.	.90	8.00

LIGUSTRUM—Continued

Each Per 10 Per 100

L. ovalifolium nana (Lodense Privet). Dense, compact and dwarf. Excellent compact hedge for gardens. 2 to 3 ft.

12	to 18	in.	.....	.50	4.00	30.00
18	to 24	in.	.....	.60	5.00	40.00
2	to 2½	ft.	.....	.75	6.50	—

Each Per 10

18	to 24	in. specimens	.....	1.50	14.00
2	to 2½	ft. specimens	.....	2.00	18.00
2½	to 3	ft. specimens	.....	2.50	22.50

LONICERA fragrantissima (Winter Honeysuckle). Slightly drooping habit. Fragrant white flowers in May. 6 to 8 ft.

2	to 3	ft.	.....	.40	—
3	to 4	ft.	.....	.60	—
4	to 5	ft.	.....	.75	—

L. morrowi (Morrow Honeysuckle). Wide spreading branches; flowers white. May-June. Bright red berries. 7 to 8 ft.

2	to 3	ft.	.....	.40	3.60
3	to 4	ft.	.....	.60	5.40
4	to 5	ft.	.....	.75	6.75
5	to 6	ft.	.....	.90	8.00
6	to 8	ft.	.....	1.25	—

L. ruprechtiana (Manchurian Honeysuckle). Tall bush, white flowers. Orange-red fruit. 8 to 9 ft.

2	to 3	ft.	.....	.40	3.60
3	to 4	ft.	.....	.60	5.00
4	to 5	ft.	.....	.75	6.00
5	to 6	ft.	.....	.90	—

L. tatarica (Tatarian Honeysuckle). Symmetrical shrub. Abundant pink flowers and red fruit. 9 to 10 ft.

2	to 3	ft.	.....	.40	3.60
3	to 4	ft.	.....	.60	5.00
4	to 5	ft.	.....	.75	—

L. tatarica alba (White Tatarian Honeysuckle). Similar to preceding, with white flowers. 9 to 10 ft.

2	to 3	ft.	.....	.50	4.00
3	to 4	ft.	.....	.60	5.00
4	to 5	ft.	.....	.75	6.00
5	to 6	ft.	.....	1.00	—

LYCIUM barbarum (Matrimony-vine). Spreading shrub suitable for banks or retaining walls. Purple flowers in June. Red fruit. 10 to 12 ft.

3	to 4	ft.	.....	.75	—
4	to 5	ft.	.....	1.00	—

MYRICA carolinensis (Northern Bayberry). Good, rich green foliage. Gray berries in clusters along the stem. Does well in poor or sandy soils.

18	to 24	in.	.....	.75	6.50
2	to 2½	ft.	.....	.90	8.00
2½	to 3	ft.	.....	1.25	11.00

MYRICA—Continued

	Each	Per 10
<i>M. cerifera</i> (Bayberry). Useful in sandy soil. Good foliage plant.		
2 to 2½ ft.	.75	7.00
2½ to 3 ft.	1.00	9.00
3 to 4 ft.	2.00	18.00
4 to 5 ft.	3.00	—
5 to 5 ft.	4.00	—
6 to 8 ft.	5.00	—

PHILADELPHUS coronarius (Sweet Mockorange).
Erect shrub. Fragrant white flowers in June. 9 to 10 ft.

2 to 3 ft.	.40	3.60
3 to 4 ft.	.50	4.50
4 to 5 ft.	.75	6.00
5 to 6 ft.	.90	—

Transplanted specimens.

5 to 6 ft.	1.75	15.00
6 to 7 ft.	2.25	20.00

P. coronarius foliis aureis (Golden Mockorange). Dwarf type. Golden leaves. 4 to 5 ft.

12 to 18 in.	.75	6.00
18 to 24 in.	1.00	9.00

P. falconeri (Star Mockorange). Shrub with slender, arching branches. Fragrant white flowers in June. 7 to 8 ft.

2 to 3 ft.	.50	4.50
3 to 4 ft.	.60	5.00
4 to 5 ft.	.75	6.00
5 to 6 ft.	.90	—

Transplanted specimens.

5 to 6 ft.	1.75	15.00
6 to 7 ft.	2.25	20.00
7 to 8 ft.	2.75	25.00

P. gordonianus (Gordon Mockorange). Free blooming shrub; white flowers in July. 10 to 12 ft.

2 to 3 ft.	.50	4.50
3 to 4 ft.	.60	5.00
4 to 5 ft.	.75	6.00
5 to 6 ft.	.90	8.00

Transplanted specimens.

5 to 6 ft.	1.75	15.00
6 to 7 ft.	2.25	20.00
7 to 8 ft.	2.75	25.00

P. grandiflorus (Big Scentless Mockorange). Tall, very large white flowers in June. 8 to 10 ft.

2 to 3 ft.	.35	3.00
3 to 4 ft.	.50	4.00
4 to 5 ft.	.75	6.00
5 to 6 ft.	.90	7.00

Transplanted specimens.

5 to 6 ft.	1.75	15.00
6 to 7 ft.	2.25	20.00
7 to 8 ft.	2.75	—
8 to 10 ft.	3.50	—

PHILADELPHUS—Continued

	Each	Per 10
P. nepalensis (Nepal Mockorange). Erect shrub; white flowers in June. 10 to 12 ft.		
2 to 3 ft.	.50	4.00
3 to 4 ft.	.60	4.50
4 to 5 ft.	.75	6.00
5 to 6 ft.	.90	7.50

HYBRID MOCKORANGE

PHILADELPHUS Avalanche (Avalanche Mockorange).

Tall, graceful shrub. White blossoms in June. 8 to 10 ft.

2 to 3 ft.	.60	5.50
3 to 4 ft.	.90	8.00

P. lemoinei (Lemoine Mockorange). Compact plant with spreading branches. Slightly fragrant white flowers in abundance. June. 5 to 6 ft.

2 to 3 ft.	.75	6.00
3 to 4 ft.	.90	7.50

P. lemoinei erectus (Juno Mockorange). More compact than Lemoinei, but similar otherwise. June. 8 to 10 ft.

2 to 3 ft.	.75	6.00
3 to 4 ft.	.90	7.50

P. Mont Blanc (Dwarf Mockorange). Very fragrant white blossoms in profusion. June. 3 ft.

2 to 3 ft.	.60	5.00
3 to 4 ft.	.75	—

PHYSOCARPUS opulifolius (Common Ninebark). Erect, vigorous shrub. White flowers in July. 9 to 10 ft.

2 to 3 ft.	.40	3.50
3 to 4 ft.	.50	4.50
4 to 5 ft.	.60	5.00
5 to 6 ft.	.75	6.00

Transplanted specimens.

4 to 5 ft.	1.50	14.00
5 to 6 ft.	2.00	18.00
6 to 7 ft.	2.50	—

P. opulifolius aureus (Goldleaf Ninebark). White flowers; showy yellow foliage. 9 to 10 ft.

2 to 3 ft.	.40	3.50
3 to 4 ft.	.50	4.50
4 to 5 ft.	.60	5.50

PRUNUS. (Also see Trees.)**P. maritima** (Beach Plum). Small white flowers. April. Purple fruit. Good for sandy soil or seashore planting. 8 to 10 ft.

2 to 2½ ft.	.75	—
2½ to 3 ft.	.90	—

P. pissardi. (See Deciduous Trees.)**P. triloba** (Single flowering Plum). A profusion of single pink flowers in early Spring before leaves.

4 to 5 ft.	1.50	14.00
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PRUNUS—Continued

	Each	Per 10
P. triloba plena (Double-flowering Plum). A profusion of double pink flowers in early Spring before leaves.		
7 to 8 ft.		
2 to 3 ft.	1.00	9.00
3 to 4 ft.	1.25	11.00
4 to 5 ft.	1.50	14.00
5 to 6 ft.	2.00	19.00
PYRACANTHA lalandi (Laland Firethorn). Shrub with slender branches. White flowers and bright orange fruit.		
3 to 4 ft.	4.50	—
4 to 5 ft.	6.00	—
5 to 6 ft.	7.50	—
6 to 7 ft.	9.00	—
RHODOTYPOS kerrioides (Jetbead). Good border shrub. Single white flowers in June. Shining black berries all Winter. 4 to 5 ft.		
2 to 3 ft.	.50	4.50
3 to 4 ft.	.60	5.40
4 to 5 ft.	1.00	—
RHUS canadensis (Fragrant Sumac). Irregular, spreading habit. Attractive red fruit in June. Brilliant red and orange Fall foliage. 4 to 5 ft.		
3 to 4 ft.	.90	8.00
4 to 5 ft.	1.25	10.00
R. cotinus (Smoke Tree). Very fine, feathery purplish flowers. July. Brilliant Autumn coloring. 10 to 12 ft.		
18 to 24 in.	.90	—
2 to 3 ft.	1.00	—
3 to 4 ft.	1.25	—
4 to 5 ft.	1.75	—
R. glabra (Smooth Sumac). Crimson fruit in clusters. Useful in poor soils. 10 to 12 ft.		
4 to 5 ft.	.75	6.00
5 to 6 ft.	.90	8.00
6 to 8 ft.	1.25	10.00
8 to 10 ft.	1.75	15.00
ROBINIA hispida (Rose-acacia). Strong growing shrub. Rose-colored flowers in June. Develops into a mass. 5 to 6 ft.		
2 to 3 ft.	.75	6.50
3 to 4 ft.	1.00	9.00
4 to 5 ft.	1.25	—
5 to 6 ft.	1.50	—
SAMBUCUS canadensis aurea (Golden American Elder). Bright golden foliage. 10 to 12 ft.		
2 to 3 ft.	.50	4.00
3 to 4 ft.	.75	6.00
4 to 5 ft.	1.00	9.00
5 to 6 ft.	1.25	—
SPIRAEA arguta (Garland Spirea). Small, feathery light green leaves. Arching branches covered with fine white flowers in May. 5 to 6 ft.		
2 to 3 ft.	.50	—
3 to 4 ft.	.60	—

SPIRAEA—Continued

	Each	Per 10
S. bumalda , Anthony Waterer (Waterer Spirea). Deep rose pink flowers all Summer.		
1½ to 2 ft.....	.50	4.00
2 to 2½ ft.....	.60	5.00
2½ to 3 ft.....	.75	6.50
S. fortunei (Fortune Spirea). Pink-flowering, vigorous shrub. 3 ft.		
1½ to 2 ft.....	.50	—
2 to 2½ ft.....	.60	—
2½ to 3 ft.....	.75	—
S. japonica ovalifolia (White Japanese Spirea). Abundant white flowers in June-July. 3 ft.		
1½ to 2 ft.....	.50	4.00
2 to 2½ ft.....	.60	5.50
2½ to 3 ft.....	.70	—
3 to 4 ft.....	.80	—
S. nipponica rotundifolia (Big Nippon Spirea). Dark green, round leaves; white flowers in June. 8 to 9 ft.		
2 to 3 ft.....	.50	4.50
3 to 4 ft.....	.60	5.50
4 to 5 ft.....	.75	6.50
S. prunifolia plena (Double Bridal-wreath). Dark green foliage. Flowers white. May. 7 to 8 ft.		
2 to 3 ft.....	.40	—
3 to 4 ft.....	.60	5.40
4 to 5 ft.....	.75	—
S. reevesiana (Reeves Spirea). Graceful arching shrub. Pure white, double flowers. May-June. 7 to 8 ft.		
2 to 3 ft.....	.50	4.50
3 to 4 ft.....	.60	5.50
4 to 5 ft.....	.75	—
S. thunbergi (Thunberg Spirea). Small feathery, light green leaves. Arching branches clothed with pure white flowers. 4 to 5 ft.		
2 to 3 ft.....	.75	—
S. tomentosa (Hardhack). Rose-pink flowers. July-September. Good in low ground. 3 to 4 ft.		
2 to 3 ft.....	.40	3.00
3 to 4 ft.....	.50	4.00
4 to 5 ft.....	.60	5.50
S. vanhouttei (Vanhoutte Spirea). Graceful, drooping habit. Profusion of white flowers. May-June. 8 to 9 ft.		
2 to 3 ft.....	.35	3.00
3 to 4 ft.....	.50	4.50
4 to 5 ft.....	.75	6.75
5 to 6 ft.....	1.00	—
STEPHANANDRA flexuosa (Cutleaf Stephanandra). Compact, graceful, drooping branches. Excellent foliage. 5 to 6 ft.		
2 to 3 ft.....	.60	5.00
3 to 4 ft.....	.75	—

Each Per 10

STYRAX japonica (Japanese Snowbell). Symmetrical habit. White, bell-shaped flowers. July. 12 to 15 ft.

3 to 4 ft.....	.75	—
4 to 5 ft.....	.90	—
5 to 6 ft.....	1.25	11.50
6 to 7 ft.....	1.50	—

SYMPHORICARPOS racemosus (Common Snowberry). Good foliage. Abundant white berries. Good for moist half shady places. 5 to 6 ft.

2 to 3 ft.....	.50	4.00
3 to 4 ft.....	.60	5.00

S. vulgaris (Coralberry). Compact growths. Red berries persisting through the Winter. 4 to 5 ft.

2 to 3 ft.....	.40	3.60
3 to 4 ft.....	.60	5.40

SYRINGA chinensis (Chinese Lilac). A graceful shrub bearing abundant purple flowers in May. 8 to 10 ft.

2 to 3 ft.....	.90	8.00
3 to 4 ft.....	1.25	11.50
4 to 5 ft.....	1.50	14.00

S. josikaea (Hungarian Lilac). Tall open habit of growth. Deep green foliage. Purple flowers in June.

3 to 4 ft.....	1.00	9.00
4 to 5 ft.....	1.50	14.00
5 to 6 ft.....	2.00	—

S. persica (Persian Lilac). Free blooming shrub; lavender flowers. June. 9 to 10 ft.

2 to 3 ft.....	1.00	—
3 to 4 ft.....	1.50	—
4 to 5 ft.....	2.00	—

S. villosa (Late Lilac). Vigorous growth, fragrant light purple flowers. June. 7 to 8 ft.

3 to 4 ft.....	1.00	9.00
4 to 5 ft.....	1.50	14.00
5 to 6 ft.....	2.00	—

S. vulgaris (Common Lilac). The well-known, old-fashioned Lilac. May. 15 to 18 ft.

2 to 3 ft.....	.50	4.50
3 to 4 ft.....	.75	6.75
4 to 5 ft.....	1.50	14.00
5 to 6 ft.....	2.50	—
6 to 7 ft.....	3.50	—

S. vulgaris alba (Common White Lilac). White variety of preceding. May. 12 to 15 ft.

2 to 3 ft.....	.75	6.75
3 to 4 ft.....	1.25	11.50
4 to 5 ft.....	1.75	15.00
5 to 6 ft.....	2.50	22.50

HYBRID LILACS

S. alba grandiflora. Double white

2 to 3 ft.....	1.00	—
3 to 4 ft.....	1.50	—

SYRINGA—Continued

	Each	Per 10
S. Charles the Tenth. Single, reddish, purple.		
2 to 3 ft.	1.00	9.00
3 to 4 ft.	1.50	14.00
4 to 5 ft.	2.00	—
5 to 6 ft.	3.00	—
S. Claude Bernard. Semi-double, bright mauve.		
2 to 3 ft.	1.75	16.00
3 to 4 ft.	2.25	21.00
4 to 5 ft.	3.00	27.00
5 to 6 ft.	4.00	36.00
S. Emondi		
2 to 3 ft.	.80	7.50
3 to 4 ft.	1.25	11.50
4 to 5 ft.	1.75	—
S. Hugo Koster. Single lilac, reddish tinge.		
18 to 24 in.	1.00	9.00
2 to 3 ft.	1.50	14.00
S. Ludwig Spaeth. Single, dark purple.		
2 to 3 ft.	1.00	9.00
3 to 4 ft.	1.50	14.00
4 to 5 ft.	2.00	—
5 to 6 ft.	3.00	—
S. Marechal Lannei. Semi-double, bluish-violet.		
2 to 3 ft.	3.25	—
3 to 4 ft.	4.50	—
4 to 5 ft.	5.50	—
S. Marie Legraye. Single white.		
2 to 3 ft.	1.00	9.00
3 to 4 ft.	1.50	—
4 to 5 ft.	2.00	—
S. Miss Ellen Wilmot. Double snow-white.		
2 to 3 ft.	3.25	30.00
3 to 4 ft.	4.50	—
S. Mme. Lemoine. Double white.		
2 to 3 ft.	1.25	11.00
3 to 4 ft.	1.75	16.00
4 to 5 ft.	2.00	—
S. Montaigne. Double pinkish-mauve.		
3 to 4 ft.	4.50	—
4 to 5 ft.	5.50	—
5 to 6 ft.	6.50	—
S. President Fallieres. Double pale lavender.		
2 to 3 ft.	3.25	30.00
3 to 4 ft.	4.50	—
4 to 5 ft.	5.50	—
S. President Grevy. Large double blue.		
2 to 3 ft.	1.00	9.00
3 to 4 ft.	1.50	14.00
4 to 5 ft.	2.50	—
5 to 6 ft.	3.50	—
TAMARIX africana (African Tamarix). Feathery, light green foliage. Pink flowers. May. Thrives near seashore. 12 to 15 ft.		
2 to 3 ft.	.50	4.50
3 to 4 ft.	.60	5.00
4 to 5 ft.	.75	6.75
5 to 6 ft.	1.00	9.00
6 to 8 ft.	1.25	11.30

Each Per 10

VACCINUM corymbosum (Highbush Blueberry). Shrub of good habit, to 5 or 6 ft. Attractive, white, bell-shaped flowers and edible fruit.

18 to 24 in.....	1.00	9.00
2 to 3 ft.....	1.50	14.00
3 to 4 ft.....	2.00	17.50
4 to 5 ft.....	3.00	—
5 to 6 ft.....	5.00	—
6 to 8 ft., specimens.....	6.00	—

VIBURNUM carlesi (Fragrant Viburnum). Symmetrical spreading shrub; very fragrant; pinkish white flowers. May. 4 to 5 ft.

1½ to 2 ft.....	2.50	22.50
2 to 2½ ft.....	3.00	27.00
2½ to 3 ft.....	4.00	36.00
3 to 4 ft.....	6.00	—

V. dentatum (Arrowwood). Large, symmetrical shrub, white flowers. Thrives in moist ground. June.

10 to 12 ft.		
2 to 3 ft.....	.50	4.50
3 to 4 ft.....	.75	6.50
4 to 5 ft.....	1.00	9.00
5 to 6 ft.....	2.00	18.00
*7 to 9 ft., specimens.....	6.00	—

V. opulus (European Cranberrybush). Upright shrub. Scarlet fruit in Midsummer. 8 to 9 ft.

2 to 3 ft.....	.60	5.40
3 to 4 ft.....	.75	7.00
4 to 5 ft.....	1.00	—

V. opulus nanum (Dwarf Viburnum). Very compact; rarely flowers. Useful as edging shrub. 1½ to 2 ft.

*10 to 12 in.....	.60	—
*12 to 15 in.....	.80	7.00
*15 to 18 in.....	1.00	9.00
*18 to 21 in.....	1.25	11.00
*21 to 24 in.....	1.75	—

V. opulus sterilis (Common Snowball). Perfectly round heads of snow-white flowers. May or June. 9-10 ft.

2 to 3 ft.....	.60	5.40
3 to 4 ft.....	.75	6.75
4 to 5 ft.....	1.00	9.00

V. tomentosum (Doublefield Viburnum). Symmetrical shrub; good foliage; flat heads of white flowers. June. 7 to 8 ft.

2 to 3 ft.....	.75	6.50
3 to 4 ft.....	1.00	—

V. tomentosum plicatum (Japanese Snowball). Double white flowers; handsome purple Autumn foliage. June. 7 to 8 ft.

2 to 3 ft.....	.90	—
3 to 4 ft.....	1.25	—
4 to 5 ft.....	1.50	—

WEIGELA, Abel Carriere (Carriere Weigela). Rose-colored; blooms in June. 7 to 8 ft.

3 to 4 ft.....	.75	6.00
4 to 5 ft.....	1.00	9.00
5 to 6 ft.....	1.25	—

WEIGELA—Continued

	Each	Per 10
W. amabilis (Rose Weigela). Light pink, blossoms in June. 7 to 8 ft.		
2 to 3 ft.....	.50	4.50
3 to 4 ft.....	.75	6.50
4 to 5 ft.....	1.00	9.00
5 to 6 ft.....	1.25	11.50
W. candida (Snow Weigela). Large, pure white flowers. June. 7 to 8 ft.		
2 to 3 ft.....	.50	—
3 to 4 ft.....	.75	7.00
4 to 5 ft.....	1.00	9.00
5 to 6 ft.....	1.25	—
W. Eva Rathke (Red-flowering Weigela). Carmine flowers all Summer. 4 to 5 ft.		
2 to 3 ft.....	.75	6.00
3 to 4 ft.....	1.00	9.00
4 to 5 ft.....	1.25	—
W. nana variegata (Dwarf Variegated Weigela). Low, compact shrub. Leaves attractively variegated; pale, pink flowers. June. 7 to 8 ft.		
2 to 3 ft.....	.75	6.00
3 to 4 ft.....	1.00	9.00
W. rosea (Pink Weigela). Abundant pink flowers. June. 7 to 8 ft.		
2 to 3 ft.....	.50	4.50
3 to 4 ft.....	.75	6.50
4 to 5 ft.....	1.00	9.00
5 to 6 ft.....	1.25	—
ZANTHORHIZA apiifolia (Yellowroot). Ground cover suitable for sandy soil.		
12 to 15 in.....	.35	3.00
15 to 18 in.....	.40	3.50

Screen and Boundary Plants

BERBERIS thunbergi (Japanese Barberry). Low hedge plant or for masses; scarlet berries and brilliant Autumn coloring. 4 to 5 ft.		
*12 to 15 in.....	1.80	15.00
*15 to 18 in.....	2.00	16.50
*18 to 24 in.....	2.50	20.00
*24 to 30 in.....	4.00	—
LIGUSTRUM ovalifolium (California Privet). Stiff, upright shrub; universally used for hedges. 10 to 15 ft.		
1½ to 2 ft.....	1.00	6.00
2 to 3 ft.....	1.30	8.00
2 to 3 ft., extra heavy.....	1.50	9.00
3 to 4 ft.....	1.80	12.00
3 to 4 ft., extra heavy.....	2.50	18.00
ROSA rugosa (Rugosa Rose). Attractive shrub having rich green foliage. Large, single pink or white flowers. June-September. Large red fruit in Fall. Useful in shrub border or as hedge. 4 to 5 ft.		
1½ to 2 ft.....	Each .50	4.50 33.00
2 to 3 ft.....	Each .60	5.00 40.00
3 to 4 ft.....	Each .75	6.50 55.00

Roses

HYBRID PERPETUALS

Sturdy, two year, pot grown plants, \$1.00 each or \$8.50 per 10.

- *Frau Karl Druschki. Pinkish buds and magnificent snow-white blooms. Not fragrant.
- *General Jacqueminot. Scarlet crimson buds and clear red flowers. Deeply fragrant.
- *Mrs. John Laing. Large; cup-shaped blooms of clear pink. Sweetly fragrant.

HYBRID TEAS AND TEAS

Sturdy, two year, pot grown plants, \$1.00 each or \$8.50 per 10.

- *Betty Uprichard. A spectacular double-colored rose of vivid coral and silky flesh-pink.
- *Charles K. Douglas. Crimson-scarlet, long pointed buds. Slightly fragrant.
- *Duchess of Wellington. Large buds of golden-orange, opening to saffron-colored sweetly fragrant blooms.
- *Etoile De Hollande. Brilliant red flowers of magnificent size. Very fragrant.
- *General Mac Arthur. Crimson-scarlet buds and blooms. Very fragrant.
- *General-Superior Arnold Janssen. Light crimson, Fragrant, and long lasting blooms.
- *George C. Waud. A unique shade of light red, double blooms. Slightly fragrant.
- *Hadley. Rich crimson red flower. Fragrant.
- *Kaiserin Auguste Viktoria. A great favorite. Large double blooms and very fragrant.
- *Lady Alice Stanley. Large buds and blooms of coral-rose and pale pink; sweetly fragrant.
- *Lady Margaret Stewart. Golden yellow shaded and streaked with orange and red. Not very fragrant.
- *Mme. Butterfly. Light pink buds and flowers. Richly perfumed.
- *Mme. Caroline Testout. Large rounded flowers of bright satiny-rose. Fairly fragrant.
- *Mrs. Edouard Herriot. Coral red buds opening to bright rosy-scarlet.
- *Mrs. Aaron Ward. Semi-double, cup-shaped, deep yellow flowers, fragrant; blooms until frost.
- *Mrs. A. R. Barraclough. Enormous pure pink flowers, shaded with clear yellow at base of petals. Unusually fragrant.
- *Mrs. Erskine Pembroke Thom. Slender yellow buds and large bright canary yellow blooms.
- *Mrs. Wakefield Christie-Miller. Clear rose to light pink, peony-like petals and sweet perfume.
- *Ophelia. Creamy white and pale pink blooms; very fragrant.

ROSES—Continued

- ***Radiance.** Large, light silvery pink to salmon-pink flowers on long stem.
- ***Red Radiance.** Big globular flowers of deep rose red.
- ***Rev. F. Page-Roberts.** Copper red buds opening to golden yellow and red blooms.
- ***Talisman.** Brilliant red and gold buds opening to scarlet-orange and yellow blooms.
- ***Ville De Paris.** Round buds of clear yellow, opening to same untouched hue.

HYBRID RUGOSA ROSES

Study, two year, pot grown plants, \$1.00 each or \$8.50 per 10.

- ***Blanche Ddl. de Coubert.** Large, pure white blooms.
- ***Conrad F. Meyer.** Large well formed silvery pink blooms.
- ***F. J. Grootendorst.** Bright crimson flowers. Blooms from early summer to frost.
- ***Pink Grootendorst.** Clusters of small, fringed, clear shell-pink flowers. Blooms throughout season.

CLIMBING ROSES

Sturdy, two year, pot grown plants, \$1.00 each or \$8.50 per 10.

- ***Christine Wright.** Very large, semi-double flowers of a beautiful wild-rose pink.
- ***Climbing American Beauty.** Moderately fragrant rich carmine flowers.
- ***Coralie.** Bright coral buds and large orange-salmon flowers borne singly on stiff caned plants.
- ***Dorothy Perkins.** Clear cherry-pink, slightly fragrant flowers, borne in great profusion.
- ***Dr. W. Van Fleet.** Perfectly formed, long-pointed deep pink buds, opening to lighter shade of pink.
- ***Gardenia.** Lovely golden yellow buds that open to almost white when fully expanded.
- ***Jacotte.** Semi-double flowers of orange-yellow, tinted copper-red and borne in clusters.
- ***Mary Wallace.** Semi-double rose pink blooms; salmon color at base of petals.
- ***Pauls Scarlet Climber.** The brightest and purest red of all the pillar Roses. Vivid scarlet, shaded crimson semi-double flowers in clusters.
- ***Silver Moon.** Large semi-double white and creamy flowers that are borne in great profusion.
- ***Star of Persia.** Semi-double bright yellow flowers.

MISCELLANEOUS ROSES

Sturdy, two year, pot grown plants, \$1.00 each or \$8.50 per 10.

***Baby Ramblers** (Polyantha Roses). Assorted colors of white, pink and red. Ideal for bedding purposes.

***Rosa Hugonis**. Light yellow flowers, borne profusely very early in the season.

***Rosa setigera** (Prairie Rose). Deep rose fading to white, almost scentless flowers.

***Rosa Wichuraiana** (Memorial Rose). Beautiful, fragrant, pure white flowers, borne in great profusion.

Rose orders should be placed early in the season for best results.

VINES AND CLIMBERS

Each Per 10

AKEBIA quinata (Fiveleaf Akebia). Dainty vine with dark green leaf, persisting all Winter. Purple flowers in May. 15 to 20 ft.

Medium plants..... .75 6.50

Extra strong plants..... 1.00 9.00

AMPELOPSIS quinquefolia (Virginia Creeper). Foliage takes on strikingly brilliant reds in Autumn. 30 to 40 ft.

Medium plants..... .35 3.00

Strong plants..... .50 4.00

Extra strong plants..... .75 6.00

A. tricuspidata veitchi (Japanese Creeper). Self-clinging vine; brilliant Autumn foliage. Blue berries.

Strong plants..... .75 6.50

ARISTOLOCHIA sipho (Dutchmanspipe). Tall, twining vine. Large leaves; purplish flowers. June. 20 ft.

Medium plants..... 1.00 9.00

Extra strong plants..... 1.50 14.00

BIGNONIA grandiflora (Chinese Trumpet creeper). Good foliage; deep scarlet flowers. July. 20 to 25 ft.

Strong plants..... .75 6.00

Extra strong plants..... \$1.00 to 1.50 13.50

CLEMATIS henryi (Winter Clematis). Large-flowering white clematis. August. 18 to 20 ft.

Strong plants..... 1.00 —

C. jackmani (Jackman Clematis). Large-flowering purple Clematis. August. 18 to 20 ft.

Strong plants..... 1.00 9.50

C. paniculata (Sweet Autumn Clematis). Fragrant white flowers. September. 20 to 25 ft.

Strong plants..... .75 6.00

EUONYMUS. (See Evergreen Shrubs).

HEDERA. (See Evergreen Shrubs).

	Each	Per 10
LONICERA japonica halliana (Hall Japanese Honey-suckle). Quick-growing vine; fragrant white flowers. June. 15 to 20 ft.		
Strong plants.....	.50	4.50
Extra strong plants	.75	6.00
L. sempervirens (Trumpet Honeysuckle). Quick-growing vine, bright scarlet flowers. July-September. 15 to 20 ft.		
Strong plants.....	.60	5.00
Extra strong plants.....	.75	6.00
PERIPLOCA graeca (Silkvine). Dark green, glossy leaves, brownish purple flowers. July. 20 to 30 ft.		
Medium plants.....	.60	5.00
Strong plants.....	.75	6.50
WISTERIA sinensis (Chinese Wisteria). Hardy climber, clusters of large violet-blue flowers. May. 40 to 50 ft.		
Strong plants.....	.90	8.00
Extra strong plants.....	1.50	14.00
W. sinensis alba (White Chinese Wisteria). Same as preceding, except flowers which are white.		
Strong plants.....	1.00	7.50
Extra strong plants.....	1.50	12.50

PERENNIALS

It is no wonder that these grand, old-fashioned hardy garden flowers continue to increase in popularity. There is not a time during the whole flower season in which some hardy perennial is not in bloom.

Five plants of one variety given at 10 rate, and 25 plants of one variety given at 100 rate when 10 and 100 rates are mentioned. Large clumps, 35c. up.

	Per 3	10	100
ACHILLEA ptarmica . Boule de Neige (Sneezewort). White flowers. June-September. 18 in.			
	.75	2.20	15.00
AMSONIA tabernaemontana (Willow Amsonia). Panicles of small, light blue flowers. May. 2 to 3 ft.			
	.90	2.40	18.00
ASTILBE japonica (Japanese Astible). Plumes of white flowers. June-July. 2½ ft.	1.00	2.70	20.00
A. Queen Alexander . Plumes of pink flowers. July. 2 ft.	1.20	3.50	24.00
COREOPSIS grandiflora (Big Coreopsis). Yellow. June-October. 2 to 3 ft.	.75	2.20	15.00
HELIANTHUS decapetalus (Thinleaf Sunflower). Yellow. June-July. 4 ft.	.75	2.20	15.00
HIBISCUS moscheutos (Common Rose-Mallow Pink). August. 3 ft.	.90	2.40	18.00
HOSTA caerulea (BluePlaintainlily). Lavender flowers. July. 18 in.	.90	2.40	18.00
H. undulata variegata (Variegated Leaf Plaintainlily). Blue. August. 18 in.	.90	2.40	18.00

PERENNIALS—Continued

	Each	Per 10
IRIS germanica (German Iris). Mixed colors. May. 2 to 3 ft.	.75	2.40 15.00
I. kaempferi (Japanese Iris). Blue and white. June. 3 to 4 ft.	.75	2.40 15.00
I. sibirica (Siberian Iris). Blue. May. 2 to 3 ft.	.75	2.40 15.00

PAEONIA

Edulis Superba. Clear deep pink; blooms very early	2.25
Festiva Maxima. White center, crimson flecked. Blooms early	2.25
Louis Van Houtte. Bright red to crimson. Blooms late	2.70
Marie Lemoine. Large late bloom. Ivory white petals lightly edged with pink	2.70
Mme. Chaumy. Clear pink, very full and of good shape. Late	2.70
Rosea plena superba. Delicate pink and salmon flowers	3.00

PHLOX

Large clumps \$.50 each; \$4.00 per 10.

	Per 3	10	100
Beacon. Red	.90	2.40	—
Boule de Feu. Cherry-red	.90	2.40	—
Mrs. Jenkins. Pure white	.90	2.40	—
Pink Beauty. Pale pink	.75	2.20	15.00
Prof. Virchow. Bright crimson overlaid with orange scarlet ..	.90	2.40	—
Queen. Pure white	.90	2.40	—
Rijnstrom. Very large rose pink bloom	.90	2.40	—
Riverton Jewel. Pink	.90	2.40	—
R. P. Struthers. Cherry red	.90	2.40	—
RUDBECKIA laciniata (Golden-glow). Yellow. August. 4 to 5 ft.	.75	2.20	15.00

ORNAMENTAL GRASS (Eulalia).

Large clumps	1.50	4.00	30.00
Extra large clumps.....	1.00 to 1.50	each	

FRUIT DEPARTMENT

STANDARD APPLES

	Each
4 to 5 ft. high.....	\$1.00
5 to 7 ft. high.....	1.50
6 to 8 ft. high.....	2.00
7 to 9 ft. high.....	\$2.50 to 5.00

SUMMER VARIETIES

Early Harvest. Very early, pale yellow; fine flavor and productive.

Yellow Transparent. Large, pale yellow; flesh white, tender and sweet.

Red Astrachan. Earliest. A large red, striped table Apple of high quality.

AUTUMN VARIETIES

Fall Pippin. Large yellow fruit.

Gravenstein. Very large, greenish-yellow; excellent flavor.

McIntosh. Red, extremely hardy, noted for bearing regularly.

Wealthy. Light yellow, nearly covered with red; white juicy flesh.

WINTER VARIETIES

Baldwin. Large, red highly colored, crisp and juicy.

Ben Davis. Large, yellow, covered with red.

Bellflower. Very large, pale lemon yellow. Flesh tender, juicy and crisp.

Delicious. Large; brilliant dark red Apple; flesh white, tender and juicy. Surpasses all others in flavor.

Grimes Golden. Yellow. A hardy tree that bears annually.

Jonathan. Medium size; red; good quality. Heavy bearer.

King. Large, red, juicy, abundant annual bearer.

Newtown Pippin. Large, yellow with brownish-red cheek; firm, crisp and juicy.

Northern Spy. Large, striped with red, flesh white and fine-grained.

Rhode Island Greening. Large, yellow when fully ripe, tender and juicy.

Rome Beauty. Large, yellow, striped with red, flesh yellow and rather coarse grained.

Roxbury Russet. A standard Winter Apple, flesh greenish-white and crisp. Keeps late.

Spitzenburg. Large, light red, flesh yellow, crisp and richly flavored.

Stayman's Winesap. Of only fair size, but fine quality, bright red with yellow, juicy flesh.

Tolman Sweet. Pale yellow, tinged with red; medium size, rich and sweet.

Wagener. Yellow, highly colored with red; tender, juicy and bears early.

Winter Banana. Golden yellow, usually shaded crimson, flesh fine grained with a very rich flavor.

APPLES—Continued

Wolf River. Greenish-yellow, shaded crimson, juicy, slightly acid.

York Imperial. Medium, whitish, shaded with red, very good quality.

DWARF VARIETIES

	Each	Per 10
4 to 5 ft. high.....	\$1.00	—
5 to 6 ft. high.....	1.50	—
6 to 7 ft. high.....	\$2.00 to \$5.00	—

Gravenstein. Very large, greenish-yellow, crisp Apple.

McIntosh. Beautiful rich red, delicious; medium sized.

Red Astrachan. Very early, large, red striped Apple of high quality.

Yellow Transparent. Large, pale yellow, flesh white, tender and juicy.

CRAB APPLES

	Each	Per 10
4 to 5 ft. high.....	\$1.00	—
5 to 6 ft. high.....	1.25	\$11.50
6 to 8 ft. high.....	1.75	16.50
7 to 9 ft. high.....	\$2.50 to 5.00	—

Hyslop. Large size, dark crimson and very showy.

Transcendant. Red, showy and excellent.

STANDARD PEARS

	Each	Per 10
4 to 5 ft. high.....	\$1.25	—
5 to 6 ft. high.....	1.50	\$14.00
6 to 7 ft. high.....	1.75	16.50
7 to 8 ft. high.....	2.25	21.50
8 to 9 ft. high.....	\$3.00 to 5.00	—

SUMMER VARIETIES

Bartlett. Large, yellow, with red cheek; flesh rich and juicy.

Clapp (Clapp's Favorite). Large long, light yellow, with red cheek. Very juicy and rich.

AUTUMN VARIETIES

Beurre Bosc. Large and long, cinnamon-russet color; juicy and delicious.

2½ to 3 ft. 4.00 —

Duchess d'Angouleme. Very large, greenish-yellow; russet spots, juicy and fine.

Flemish Beauty. Large, pale yellow, mostly russeted. Flesh very juicy and sweet.

Kieffer. Large, yellow and red cheeked. Grain is coarse and is best for canning and preserving.

Lawrence. Medium size, fine golden yellow; sugary and aromatic.

Seckel. Medium to small; yellowish brown with red cheek; very rich and delicious.

Sheldon. Large; russet with red cheek; juicy and delicious.

DWARF PEARS

6 to 7 ft. high.....\$3.00 to \$5.00
Each

Bartlett. Large, yellow with red cheek; flesh rich and juicy.

Clapp (Clapp's Favorite). Large, yellowish-green with dark red cheek.

Seckel. Medium to small, yellowish-brown with red cheek, very rich and delicious.

CHERRIES

	Each	Per 10
5 to 7 ft. high.....	\$1.50	\$14.00
6 to 7 ft. high.....	2.00	19.00
6 to 8 ft. high.....	2.50	24.00
6 to 8 ft. high.....	\$3.00 to 5.00	—

SWEET VARIETIES

Black Tartarian. Large, bright purplish-black; flesh purplish, rich and delicious.

Governor Wood. Large, light yellow and red, juicy and sweet.

Schmidt's Bigareau. Black. Very meaty, mild and sweet.

Windsor. Fruit large, liver-colored. Flesh firm and of fine quality.

Yellow Spanish. Large, pale yellow with red cheek; flesh firm and juicy.

SOUR VARIETIES

Early Richmond. Medium size, dark red, juicy, rich acid flavor.

Montmorency. Large for a sour Cherry, dark red, popular for canning.

QUINCES

	Each	Per 10
3 to 4 ft.....	\$1.50	\$14.00
4 to 5 ft.....	1.75	16.50
5 to 6 ft.....	2.00	19.00

Champion. Ripens late and bears regularly; excellent quality.

Orange. Large and fine, always bears an abundance of fruit.

PLUMS

	Each	Per 10
5 to 6 ft. high.....	\$1.50	\$14.00
6 to 7 ft. high.....	2.00	19.00
6 to 8 ft. high.....	2.50	24.00
7 to 8 ft. high.....	\$3.00 to 5.00	—

Green Gage. Round, greenish-yellow; rich and excellent.

Lombard. Medium size, dark red with yellow, juicy flesh.

PEACHES

	Each	Per 10
3 to 5 ft.	\$0.75	\$6.00
5 to 6 ft. high.....	1.00	9.00
6 to 7 ft. high.....	1.50	14.00

SUMMER VARIETIES

Belle of Georgia. Very large, white with red cheek, flesh white, firm and of fine flavor. Freestone.

Champion. Skin creamy white with red cheek. A perfect freestone.

Crawford's Early. Very large, yellow with red cheek; rich and excellent.

J. H. Hale. Very large, deep golden yellow, overlaid with bright carmine; flesh firm and of delicious flavor. Freestone.

Mountain Rose. Large, red, flesh white, ripens early. First quality and freestone.

AUTUMN VARIETIES

Crawford's Late. Very large, yellow with dark red cheek; flesh deep yellow, red at the stone; juicy and excellent flavor.

Stump the World. Very large, creamy white with bright red cheek; flesh white, juicy and high flavored.

SMALL FRUITS

BLACKBERRIES

	Each	Per 10
Strong plants.....	\$0.15	\$1.20
Blower. Large size, jet black, excellent quality.		
Iceberg. The white Blackberry. Berries are sweet and with very few seeds.		
Rathburn. A hardy, erect growing, but rather dwarf plant. Fruit very large, juicy, sweet and high flavored.		

CURRENTS

	Each	Per 10
Strong plants.....	\$0.35	\$3.00
Extra strong plants.....	.50	4.50
Cherry. The largest of all red Currants; berries deep red, quite acid.		
Fay's Prolific. Stem long, berry large; red, good quality.		
Red Cross. Bunch and berry large, excellent quality.		
White Grape. Long, loose bunches of medium-sized white berries; excellent quality, mild and sweet.		

RASPBERRIES

	Each	Per 10
Strong plants.....	\$0.15	\$1.20
Cumberland. Large black fruit.		
Cuthbert. Fruit is large, firm of texture, and of excellent quality.		
St. Regis. Bright red berries of good size and flavor; the best of the "everbearing" Raspberries.		

GRAPES

	Each	Per 10
Medium plants.....	\$0.50	\$4.00
Strong plants.....	.75	6.00
Extra strong.....	1.00	8.00

BLACK VARIETIES

Campbell's Early. A new, very large and early Grape, black, and sweet; strong, hardy vine; clusters unusually large and compact.

Concord. The most popular black Grape; juicy, sweet, fine flavor.

Worden. Big, compact bunches of extra large, thin-skinned berries; very productive.

RED VARIETIES

Catawba. Bunches medium; berries large, somewhat pulpy, juicy, aromatic and rich.

Vergennes. New variety, berry red, sweet, juicy, delicious flavor.

WHITE VARIETIES

	Each	Per 10
Strong plants.....	\$0.75	\$6.00
Extra strong plants.....	1.00	8.00

Desmond. Sweet, juicy and delicious.

Diamond. Bunch and berry large, extra fine quality.

Green Mountain. Skin thin; pulp very tender and sweet.

STRAWBERRIES

	Per 100
Early	\$3.00
Midseason	3.00
Late	3.00
Everbearing	4.00

GOOSEBERRIES

American Varieties

	Each	Per 10
Medium plants.....	\$0.35	\$3.00
Strong plants.....	.50	4.50

Downing. Fruit greenish white, large, soft and juicy.

Houghton. Medium-sized, pale red, sweet and juicy.

NUT TREES

	Each	Per 10
CORYLUS maxima (Giant Filbert). Strong shrub growing to a height of 5 ft.; abundant fruit in October.		
3 to 4 ft.....	1.75	—
4 to 5 ft.....	2.25	—
5 to 6 ft.....	2.75	—

NUT TREES—Continued

Each Per 10

JUGLANS cinera (Butternut). The large, elongated nuts are rich, sweet and of delicate flavor; very nutritious; trees are hardy and full-bearing.

6 to 8 ft.....	2.00	—
8 to 10 ft.....	2.50	—
10 to 12 ft.....	3.50	—

J. nigra (Black Walnut). Relatively fast-growing; a fine specimen bearing especially tasty nuts.

5 to 6 ft.....	1.75	—
6 to 8 ft.....	2.00	—
8 to 10 ft.....	2.50	—
10 to 12 ft.....	3.50	—

J. sieboldiana (Japanese Walnut). Hardier than the English Walnut; nuts equally delicious. Grows quite rapidly into a broad, spreading specimen.

7 to 8 ft.....	3.00	—
8 to 10 ft.....	4.00	—
10 to 12 ft., 2 to 2½ in. cal.....	5.00	—
12 to 14 ft., 2½ to 3 in. cal.....	6.00	—

ASPARAGUS

Per 100

Strong plants.....	\$2.25
Extra strong plants.....	3.00

Conover's Colossal. Of large size, rapid growth, and excellent quality. Green.

Palmetto. A very popular variety of best quality. White.

RHUBARB

Each Per 10

Small plants.....	\$0.25	\$2.00
Medium plants.....	.35	3.00
Strong plants.....	.50	4.50

CALENDAR FOR SPRAYING FRUIT TREES

For general results, we recommend spraying fruit trees as follows:

First, spray with lime sulphur solution during the Winter.

Second, spray with Pyrox after the blossoms fall.

Third, spray with Pyrox two weeks later.

This will control the most prevalent insects and fungous diseases attacking fruit trees on Long Island.

Plant fruit trees about your home grounds—for shade or ornament and for fruits for the table.

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LANDSCAPE SERVICE

We maintain a trained landscape organization who will gladly assist you with any modest planting scheme, or assume complete responsibility for the development of a large estate into an interesting landscape picture of delightful charm.

Every home, whether of simple or elaborate architectural conception, requires a planned landscape setting to complete the picture. Yet how often do we see the beauty of a well-designed structure sadly depreciated by lack of adequate shrubbery or by a planting attempt that lacks unity and harmony with the style of architecture it is supposed to enhance.

Why not consult our expert landscape architect in the handling of your problem? Write for our landscape folder.

Begin With a Plan

Have a complete plan prepared for your entire property, even though you intend to develop only a portion of the grounds at a time. In this way you can carry out as much or as little of the planting as you wish each season, secure in the belief that it is properly done as a part of an entire scheme.

This is the only way to avoid disappointments in effects and the necessity of needless transplanting of trees and shrubs which is bound to result where no definite plan serves as a guide.

This service is rendered free of charge.