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Wm.R. Prince & Co.

Prince's catalogue of foreign and native grape vines.

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[No. 14.]

AUTUMN 1860 AND SPRING 1861.

PRINCE'S CATALOGUE

OF

FOREIGN AND NATIVE

GRAPE VINES,

FOR

GARDENS, GRAPERIES AND VINEYARDS.

WM. R. PRINCE & CO.,
LINNÆAN BOTANIC GARDENS AND NURSERIES,
FLUSHING, near NEW YORK.

"The vine, too, here her curling tendrils shoots,
Hangs out her clusters glowing to the South,
And scarcely wishes for a warmer sky."

FORTY-FIFTH EDITION.

N. B.—The recipients of this Catalogue are presumed to already possess our *Descriptive Catalogue*, 44th Edition, published last year, and, if not so, they can have it on application, as the new *Descriptive Catalogue* will not be issued until January next.

TRANSPLANTING AND FORWARDING GRAPE VINES.

Grape Vines can be safely transplanted from the first of October to May ; and no class of plants is more retentive of vitality, or more sure to succeed. During Winter we keep a stock planted in cellars, ready for immediate transplanting, and during the Summer we keep a large assortment in pots, and these can be turned out with balls of earth, which can be packed in moss, and then in boxes, so as to be transported with perfect safety. Every variety is accurately labeled, and carefully packed, and the packages forwarded by Express, or otherwise, as requested, and a receipt taken from the Transportation Co. and forwarded to the purchaser with the invoice. Remittances can be made by check through the mail, but Bank Notes should be sent by Express.

Wynkoop, Hallenbeck & Thomas, Printers, 113 Fulton St., N. Y.

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WM. R. PRINCE & CO.,
 Linnean Gardens and Nurseries,
 FLUSHING, NEAR NEW YORK.

Prince's Catalogue of Grapes.

CLASS 1.—FOREIGN GRAPES—VITIS VINIFERA.

THESE are, in this latitude, suitable only for culture in Graperies, with the exception of a few varieties which are sufficiently hardy for training on walls having a southern exposure, such as the Chasselas of several varieties, Delaware, White Tokay, and the early Burgundy or Morillon Varieties. At the South they succeed in open culture.

This collection is remarkably select, and comprises only the most highly-approved varieties, and the synonymy has been carefully revised.

Prices.—These will, in all cases, be as low, or lower, than any other nursery for vines of similar sizes. Scions of many of the more plentiful varieties can be supplied in January.

Vines of one year, grown in pots, 38 to 50 cents; two years, 75 cents; \$4 to \$6 per dozen. Extra large vines selected, \$1 each. When a large number is wanted, a liberal deduction on the prices will be made.

CHASSELAS VARIETIES.

1. Beach, <i>best early black</i> . SEE CLASS III.	9. Gros Coulard.
2. Blussard blanc, 75c.	<i>Froc Laboulaie.</i>
Canadian Chief. SEE CLASS III.	<i>Prolific Sweetwater.</i>
3. Chasselas de Fontainbleau.	<i>Child's Superb?</i>
<i>Bar-sur Aube.</i>	10. Macready's Early White.
<i>Chasselas doré (of Paris).</i>	10½. Napoleon, \$1.
4. Chasselas de Florence.	11. Pittmaston White Cluster.
4½. Chasselas Vibert.	<i>Scotch White Cluster.</i>
5. Chasselas Musqué. <i>Joslyn's St. Albans.</i>	12. Tokai des Jardins.
5½. Chasselas Vandois, <i>excellent</i> , \$1.	13. Rose, or Red Chasselas.
6. Ciotat— <i>Parsley-leaved</i> .	14. Royal Red Chasselas.
6½. Deccan's Superb.	15. Royal Muscadine— <i>White Nice or Xeres.</i>
7. Early White Malvasia.	16. White Chasselas.
<i>Early White Muscadine.</i>	<i>Chasselas blanc.</i>
<i>Early White Sweetwater.</i>	<i>White Sweetwater.</i>
8. Golden Chasselas (<i>J. F. Allen</i>).	

FRONTIGNAN AND OTHER MUSCAT VARIETIES.

17. August Muscat, <i>black, very early</i> .	26. Muscat, Portuguese, <i>variety of No. 24.</i>
18. Black Frontignan.	27. Muscat, Austrian.
19. Canon Hall Muscat.	28. Muscat Violet <i>hatif</i> .
23. Grizzly or Red Frontignan.	<i>Frontignan noir hatif.</i>
23½. Muscat de Fontainbleau.	<i>Blue Frontignan.</i>
24. Muscat of Alexandria, White.	28½. Muscat Romain.
<i>Charlesworth Tokay.</i>	Musqué Verdel. See 338.
25. Muscat of Alexandria, Black.	29. White Frontignan.
25½. Muscat de Launier.	

OTHER FOREIGN GRAPES.

<p>29½. Alicante, \$1 50.
 30. Aleppo, Striped, 75c.
 31. Aspirant blanc, <i>seedless</i>, \$1.
 32. Black Cluster—<i>Black Burgundy</i>.
 33. Black Corinth—<i>Zante Currant</i>, \$1.
 34. Black July.
 35. Black Damascus.
 36. Black Hamburg.
 37. Black Muscadine.
 38. Black Lombardy—<i>West's St. Peter</i>.
 39. Black Morocco—<i>Purple Damask</i>.
 40. Black Prince.
 41. Black St. Peter, <i>late</i>.
 43. Bishop (much resembles 57).
 Bowker. <i>See Class III</i>.
 45. Chaptal.
 45½. Constantia of Zante.
 46. De Candolle—<i>Gros Gromier du Cantal</i>.
 47. Delaware (a Swiss variety), <i>has been sold as a native</i>.
 — <i>Vines of different ages and sizes</i>, 50 cts. to \$1, and larger \$1 50.
 Ditto, per dozen, \$5 to 10.
 Ditto, per 100, \$40 to 75.
 Ditto, Strong layers, each \$2 to 3, for prompt bearing.
 48. Esperione.
 Feast's New White. <i>See Class III</i>.
 49. Frankenthal—<i>Frankendale</i> (distinct from No. 36).
 49½. Frogmore.</p> | <p>50. Gros bleu.
 51. Gros Guillaume.—<i>Black Barbarossa</i>.
 52. Kishmish, or Sultana, \$1.
 53. Lombardy—<i>Flamed Tokay</i>.
 54. Malaga Red—<i>Red Lisbon</i>, <i>Red Muscadel</i>, 75 cts.
 55. Malaga, White—<i>White Muscadel</i>, 75 cts.
 56. Moranet.
 57. Portien noir.
 58. Prince Albert.
 59. Raisin de Calabre—<i>Calabrian Raisin</i>.
 61. Rauschling le Grand.
 62. Regnier de Nice—<i>Queen of Nice</i>.
 63. Santa Cruz.
 64. Syrian White.
 65. Trebiana.
 66. Traminer, red, 75 cts. to \$1.
 67. Verdelho.
 67½. White Bual.
 68. White Burgundy.
 69. White Corinth, <i>seedless</i>.
 70. White Gascoigne.
 71. White Morocco.
 72. White Hamburg—<i>White Raisin</i>.
 White Nice or Xeres. <i>See No. 15</i>.
 74. White Riessling.
 75. White Tokay.
 76. Wilmot's Black Hamburg, <i>late</i>.
 77. Wilmot's Black Hamburg, No. 16.
 78. Wortley Hall Seedling, <i>late</i>.
 79. Zinfandel, or Zinfidal.</p> |
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NEW FOREIGN GRAPES.

<p>80. Barba Rosa, <i>large oval white</i>.
 Bidwell's Seeding. <i>See Class III</i>.
 81. Black Sonora.
 82. Bowood Muscat.
 82½. Buckland Sweetwater, \$2.
 83. Cochin China, \$1 50.
 83½. Champion Hamburg.
 84. Early Black Hamburg, <i>large oval</i>.
 84½. Frankenthal précoce.
 84½. Early Malingre.
 85. Golden Hamburg.
 86. Green Madeira—Vert de Madère, <i>early large, white, oval, honied sweet, first quality</i>.
 86½. Ingram's Hardy Prolific, \$3.
 87. Lady Downe's (may prove 78), <i>large, black oval, sweet, very late</i>.
 Trentham Black.</p> | <p>88. Madeira Muscat.
 89. Marchioness of Hastings.
 89½. Mission, of Los Angeles.
 90. Morillon de Blerzy, <i>medium, black, first quality</i>.
 91. Muscat de Sarbelle, \$1 50.
 92. Muscat Fleur d'Oranger, <i>large, round, yellowish, musky, delicious</i>.
 92½. Muscat Ottonell.
 93. Muscat St. Laurent.
 93½. Muscat Hamburg.
 95. Sultanine, from Smyrna, <i>medium, round, black, first quality</i>.
 96. Schiraz, <i>large, black, early</i>.
 98. White Morocco, <i>large, white, oval, delicious</i>.</p> |
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These are synonyms of the preceding varieties :

Black Constantia.	Mill Hill Hamburg.	Purple Damascus.
Black Muscadine.	Muscat blanc hatif.	Purple Hamburg.
Black Tripoli.	Muscat de Lunel.	Richmond Villa Hamburg.
Chasselas of Paris.	Noir hatif.	Tottenham Park Muscat.
Chasselas Violet.	Pope Hamburg.	Victoria Hamburg.
Lachmere's Seedling.		

The following are Rejected Foreign Varieties :

Black Portugal.	Chasselas Violet.	Palestine.
Black or Purple Chasselas.	Large Black Ferrar.	St. Peter's of Allier.
Black Prolific.	Miller's Burgundy.	White St. Peter.
Chasselas Noir.		

CLASS II.—AMERICAN INDIGENOUS GRAPES.

Our Grape Vines are nearly all grown in the open air, and not forced in Hothouses, and they are, consequently, much more hardened to the severities of our climate. They are mostly one year old, except where otherwise noted, but the Native Varieties are, for the most part, vigorous layers, which are equal to two years' Vines grown from cuttings.

As the prices of many varieties of Native Grapes will be fluctuating according to the extent of the demands and the relative supply or scarcity, we shall issue Priced Catalogues twice in each year; and we also make this proposal as the basis of our transactions: any List of Grapes extracted from a priced Catalogue of any reliable Nursery, will be supplied by us at the same or at lower rates.

Extra large Vines, for immediate bearing, will be charged in proportion to their value.

Grapes for Vineyards.—Isabella, Catawba, Clinton, Concord, Diana, Early Isabella, True Hyde's Eliza, Franklin, Carter's Favorite, Hartford Prolific, Herbeumont, Louisa, Lenoir, Norton's Virginia, Scuppernong, York Madeira, and several other varieties, can be supplied by thousands, and a Wholesale Catalogue will be sent to applicants.

	Each.	Dozen.		EACH.	DOZEN.
101. Albino or Albiness. 50 to 75c.	\$6 00		127. Camak.....	\$1 00	\$9 00
102. Alvey or Hagar. 50c.—\$1	\$6—9 00		Canadian Chief. See		
103. Alexander or Schuyl-kill.....	38c.	3 00	Class III.		
104. Alleghany Island (distinct from Franklin)	50	4 50	129. Canada Wine.....	1 00	9 00
Allen's Hybrids. See Class III.			Canby's August. See		
106. Amber Catawba, early, sweet, vinous, excellent.	1 00	10 00	York Madeira.		
107. American Hamburg	25c.—38c.	\$2—\$3	131. Carolina Black Cluster	1 00	9 00
108. Anna.....	75c.—\$1	6—10	131½. Carolina Blue Cluster	75	7 50
109. Amanda.....	1 00		132. Carolina Blue Muscadine (distinct).....	\$1 00	\$9 00
110. Ariadne (Seedling of Alexander).....	1 00	9 00	133. Carolina Globose (distinct).....	75	7 50
111. Arkansas, 6 varieties of different colors.....	1 00	9 00	134. Carter's Favorite, superior for wine, distinct from Carter or To Kalon (none singly.).....		10 00
Arkansas, a spurious variety has proved Isabella.			135. Carter's Virginian....	1 00	10 00
112. August Coral (true)...	1 00	10 00	136. Cassady, white.....	40	4 00
112½. Baldwin (distinct). 25c.—38c.	\$2—\$3		137. Catawba, 2 to 3 years. 25c to 38c.....		2½—4
113. Belle Isle, fruit, and leaves striped.....			Catawba, 3 to 4 years. Extra large, bearing vines.....	75—1 00	
114. Bailie (Western Virginia).....	1 00	9 00	138. Catawissa or Crevcling	40	4 00
115. Bartram (Ohio).....	1 50		139. Catharine (Conn.), new, originated by N. G. Waterman...		
116. Baxter.....	40 to 75		141. Cheshire (Conn).....	75	6 00
117. Big Ozark (Missouri)...	75	6 00	142. Child's Superb. See Class I, No. 9.....	75	7 00
Black Bullace. See Black Scuppernong.			143. Chilicothe.....	1 00	
118. Black Guignard (none singly).....		12 00	144. Chocolate.....	75	
119. Black King.....	75	7 50	Clara. See Class III..		
120. Black Muscadine (Carolina).....	75	6 00	146. Claret (Ohio).....	1 00	
121. Blackstone.....	25c.—38c.	2—3 00	147. Clarke (N. Carolina)..	1 00	
122. Bland (true).....	50	4 00	148. Clinton, 2 and 3 years, Do. 3 to 4 years, Do. Extra large, bearing vines,	25—38c. 50c. 75c. to	
Bloom, see Catawissa.			150. Cloantha.....	50	5 00
123. Braddock, early, rather large, estimable.....	1 00	9 00	151. Cobswine.....	1 00	
124. Brown Guignard (distinct from No. 118).	1 00	9 00	Coleman's White. See Class III.....		
125. Bowman.....	1 00	9 00	152. Columbia.....	75	
Brinckle. See Class III.			153. Columbian Muscat....	3 00	
California Grapes. See Class III.			154. Concord (Extra large). 38—50c.	4—6	

	EACH.	DOZEN.		EACH.	DOZEN
Concord, Large, Bearing Vines....	\$1 00		198. Hudson, or Early Hudson (<i>black</i>).....	50 to 75c.	\$6 00
155. Corbin (Conn).....	1 00		199. Hudson's Seedling. <i>See</i>		
156. Coriell, not for sale until Oct., 1862; then \$5 per pair.			<i>White Isabella</i>		
Crevcling. <i>See</i> Catawissa.			200. Hunterville	75	
158. Crystal (Missouri)....	2 00		201. Husmann's Prolific...	50	
159. Cunningham.....	75	7 50	202. Hydes' Eliza (<i>true</i>), large as Isabella, earlier.....	75	6 00
160. Cynthia (Red River).	1 00		N. B.—We have the original vine. The deceptive vines usually sold are York Madeira.		
161. Davenport.....	75		203. Illinois Prolific, or Waterloo.....	50	5 00
DELAWARE. <i>See</i> No. 47			204. Iona, <i>red, round</i> . Seedling of Catawba....		
162. Diana.....	50	4 50	205. Isabella, 1 to 3 years.	25 to 38	2½ to 4
ditto, Extra large.	75—1 00		do. 3 to 4 years..	50	
163. Dorr's Seedling.....	75		do. Extra large bearing vines	75 to \$1	
164. Early Amber (Shakers')	38	4 00	do. 1 to 2 years, for vineyards, by 1,000 at low rates....		
165. Early Black Fox.....	38	3 00	207. Isabella, Christea's (Canada).....	40	4 00
166. Early Red Fox.....	38	4 00	208. Isabel, Wright's.....	40 to 75	4 to 6
167. Early White Fox.....	50	4 50	210. Jack, or Jacques, (Longworth's Ohio)	38 to 50	3 to 4½
Early Hudson. <i>See</i> Hudson..			211. Kauffman, size of Clinton.....	1 00	
168. Early Isabella (10 days before Isabella)....	1 00	9 00	212. Kendall, size of Isabella, ten days earlier.....	\$1	
169. Eaton's Catawba....	1 00		King. <i>See</i> Black King.		
170. Elizabeth, black (Seedling of Isabella)....	75	6 00	212½. Kingsessing	40	3 50
Elizabeth, white. <i>See</i> Hart's white.			213. Kensington, (? distinct)	75	6 00
171. Ella (Ohio).....	1 00		214. Kitchen.....	\$1	
172. El Paso. <i>See</i> Class III.			215. Kilvington	40	4 00
173. Elsinburg.....	30—33c.	\$3—4	216. Lake's Seedling (Mass.)	75	
Emily. <i>See</i> Class III.			217. Large White Transparent (N. Hamp.)....	\$1	
174. Empire.....	1 00	8 00	218. Lenoir, Lincoln, or Black July.....	50	4 50
175. Estelle.....	1 00		219. Little Ozark (Missouri)	50	4 50
176. Eugenia—Seedling of Catawba.....	1 00		220. Logan, Urbana, or David Hall Grape....	60 to \$1	6 to 9
177. Eureka (Prince's), not yet for sale.....			221. Long (Georgia).....	40	4 00
178. Felicia—Seedling of Isabella, <i>estimable</i>	1 00		222. Longworth's Catawba.	75 to \$1	
179. Foot's Connecticut....	50		Los Angeles Grapes. <i>See</i> class III.....		
181. Franklin.....	40	4 50	224. Louisa	40	3 00
183. Gigans (Southern), <i>immense growth</i>	1 00		225. Louisiana. Mountain, or Pine Hill	\$3	
184. Godman (not Goodman).....	1 50		226. Lydia (Ohio).....	\$1	
Golden Clinton. <i>See</i> White King.....	1 00	10 00	227. Maddox.....	75	6 00
186. Graham.....	50—1 00		228. Mammoth or Monstrous Catawba....	50	5 00
187. Gridley.....	75		229. Manockanock (Pennsylvania).....	50	5 00
Hagar. <i>See</i> Alvey.			Manhattan. <i>See</i> class III.....		
188. Halifax Seedling (N. C.).....	75		229½. Marion (old variety), inferior.....	38	4 00
189. Halifax (N. C.).....	50		230. Marion, Large Black..	50	
190. Hannah (Ohio).....	1 50				
191. Harris (Southern) (? distinct).....	1 00				
192. Hartford Prolific....	38 to 50	\$3 to 5			
193. do. Extra large bearing vines....	75 to \$1				
194. Hart's White or Elizabeth	50	4 50			
196. Herbeumont.....	40 to 50	4 00			
197. Holmes—Early Purple or Old Colony Grape	1 00	10 00			

		EACH.	DOZEN.			EACH.	DOZEN
231.	Marion Port.....	75c.	\$6 00	276.	Scuppernong White..	50c.	\$5 00
232.	Martha, Thayer's.....			277.	“ Black or		
233.	Maryann.....	50	4 00		Purple.....	75	6 00
	Massachusetts White.			279.	Scuppernong, Bula....	1 00	9 00
	See Class V.....			280.	Seabrook (Southern).. Secord's White. See Venango.....	50	
235.	Missouri.....	50	4 50	282.	Sept'ber Black, <i>South-</i> <i>ern</i> (? distinct).....	1 00	
236.	Missouri Bird's Eye...	50		283.	Shepherd (<i>Ohio</i>).....	1 50	
237.	Missouri Black.....	75		284.	Shonga (Gilbert's)....	1 00	
238.	Monteith.....	75	6 00	285.	Shurtleff, <i>new estimable</i> <i>seedling</i>	1 00	
239.	Montgomery (Penn- sylvania).....	75		287.	Somerville (Southern), <i>small, exceedingly pro-</i> <i>ductive</i>	75	
289½.	Morton (Virginia)....	\$1		288.	Summer Black.....	50	4 50
240.	Mottier's White Ca- tawba.....	\$1		289.	Swatara (? distinct)...	50	
240½.	Mottled (Ohio), valu- able.....	\$1		290.	Taylor's Bullitt, <i>white</i> , 50c.—\$1	\$6—9 00	
243.	Mustang or Sandhill (Texas).....	75		291.	Taylor's Early (a Shaker variety)....	50	
244.	Napoleon, <i>large, black</i> , <i>oval, good</i>	75		292.	Texas Black Cluster (2 sexes).....	1 00	
245.	Narcissa (Ohio).....	1 50		293.	Texas Blue Muscadine (2 sexes).....	1 00	
246.	Naumkeg.....	60	4 00	296.	Theresa—Seedling of Catawba.....	1 00	
247.	North America...1 00—2 00			298.	To Kalon.....50c.—75c.	\$4½—6 00	
248.	North Carolina.....	75			Traminer (foreign), See No. 66.		
249.	Northern Muscadine...38c.—50c.	4 50		299.	Transparent (N. C.)... 1 00	9 00	
250.	Norton's Virginia....	50	4 50	300.	TroyHamburg...50c.—75c.	6 00	
252.	Offer (Ohio).....	1 00		301.	Union Village...75c.—\$1	\$6—9 00	
253.	Ohio Globose..... 1 00			302.	Venango or Minor, <i>good for wine</i> ...25c.—50c.	\$3—4 00	
	Ohio, Longworth's. See Jack Grape.			303.	Vine Arbor.....50c.—75c.		
254.	Ohio Prolific, <i>for wine</i> , <i>very hardy</i>	1 00	6 00	306.	Warren (Georgia), <i>dis-</i> <i>tinct</i>	75c.—1 00	
255.	Ontario.....\$1—1 50	\$10—15		307.	Warren's Catawba (Mass.) <i>early</i>	1 00	
256.	Oronoke (Virginia)...	1 00		308.	Warren's Seedling (Mass.).....	1 00	
257.	Ozark Seedling (Mis- souri), makes excel- lent wine.....	50	4 50	309.	West, <i>small, black, juicy</i> , <i>no pulp, productive</i> ...	50	
258.	Pauline.....50—1 00	8 00		310.	WhiteCatawba, of Mis- souri, habit of Pa- rent, <i>said to be sweet</i> <i>and luscious</i>	2 00	
259.	Perfumed, or Mignon- ette, <i>exquisitely fra-</i> <i>grant flowers, no fruit</i> .	50		311.	White Isabella..... 1 00		
260.	Perkins (<i>true</i>).....40—75	6 00			White King. See Gol- den Clinton.		
262.	Paschel's Mammoth (Catawba).....	1 00		312.	Wilcox, <i>white</i> 1 00	6 00	
263.	Pond's Seedling, <i>pur-</i> <i>ple, very hardy</i>	75		313.	Wilmington, <i>white</i>	2 00	
265.	Potter—Potter's Ca- tawba.....	75	8 00	314.	Wine Home.....	75	
266.	Post-oak (Texas), 2 <i>sexes</i>	50	5 50	315.	Winslow.....	50	4 50
268.	Purple Catawba..... 1 50			316.	Winton.....	75	
269.	Raabe.....50—75c.	\$6—7 50		317.	Wintermoot (Penn.)..	75	
270.	Ramsdell, <i>very early</i> .. Rebecca. See Class III. Rogers' Hybrids. See Class III.	75	6 00	318.	Woodson (Va.).....	75	6 00
272.	Saluda, <i>Southern</i> (dis- tinct).....	1 00		319.	Wyoming (Penn.)....	1 00	
273.	St. Catharine.....75—1 00	7 50		320.	York Madeira, or Can- by's August.....25c.—35	2 50	
275.	Schuyler, <i>rather late</i> , <i>round, juicy, over me-</i> <i>dium, not sweet</i>	50		321.	Young's Seedling....	1 00	

N. B.—Many varieties enumerated in various Catalogues as distinct are merely syn-
onyms.—See Class IV. explanatory.

THE FOLLOWING AMERICAN INDIGENOUS GRAPES are mostly New Varieties, being either Seedlings found in a state of nature, or obtained by special cultivation :

	Each. \$ cts.	Dozen. \$ cts.		Each. \$ cts.	Dozen. \$ cts.
349. Amber Medina, of the Texan Sierra.....	5 00		369. Isabella, Valentine's, <i>much earlier than Isabella, ripens well further north</i>	75	7 50
350. Amicaloba (Georgia)..	1 00		Ditto, per 100, \$35 00		
351. Andover, Holt's (Mass.), <i>large, round, rich, early</i>	1 00		370. Judge (Ohio).....	75	
352. Babby (Reeves) Kentucky.....	2 00		371. Kentucky Summer... ..	75	6 00
353. Barbara (Reeves) Kentucky,.....	1 00		372. Kentucky Winter, <i>sweet</i>	75	6 00
354. Belton (? synonym)... ..	1 00		373. Kentucky Wine.....	50	5 00
354½. Black Filbert.....	75	7 00	374. Kilbourn.....	50	5 00
355½. Blue Belle (Ohio).....	1 00		375. Labe (Pennsylvania), <i>estimable</i>	50	5 00
356. Blue Favorite (Southern), <i>estimable</i>	50	5 00	376. Lakey (N. Ca.).....	1 00	
357. Cedar Rock, <i>enormous clusters</i>	5 00		377. Large Medina, <i>from the Texan Sierra</i>	5 00	
358. Chickasaw (Illinois), <i>much sweeter than Isabella</i>	1 00		378. Lausch, or Sarah (Ohio)	1 00	
359. Cuyahoga (Ohio), <i>white, estimable</i>	2 00		379. Maryland Isabella, <i>earlier than Isabella, same qualities</i>	50	5 00
360. Draeut Amber (Mass), <i>large</i>	1 00		380. McClane (Southern)..	1 00	
361. Fetter's Early Black, (Penn.), <i>large, very early</i>	50		381. Maxatawney, <i>white, highly estimable</i> . \$1 to 2 00	\$12 to 15	
362. Findley (Ohio).....	1 00		382. Miles, <i>early, estimable</i> ..	1 00	9 00
363. Flora (Philadelphia)..			383. Nacoochee (Georgian)..	1 00	
364. Gertrude (Ohio).....	1 00		384. Ohio Claret.....	1 00	
365. Gregory, <i>good for wine</i> ..	1 00	9 00	385. Osmond (Hobbs).....	1 00	
366. Hiwassee (Georgia), <i>round, black, good, ripe here September 10</i>	1 00		386. Petite (Southern).....	1 00	
367. Hull, or Oporto, <i>excellent for wine; vine vigorous, very hardy</i> ...	75	7 50	387. Plott (Southern).....	1 00	
368. Hyatt's Catawba (Virginia), <i>very estimable</i>	1 00		388. Poffinbarger (Ohio), <i>allied to Isabella, larger and later</i>	75	
			389. Prevost's Black, <i>color and form of Isabella</i> ..	75	
			390. Prevost's White, <i>bronzed, a wildling</i>	75	
			391. Proserpine, <i>very early, black, large, an improved Seedling Fox</i> ..	1 00	
			392. Souque (Georgia)....	1 00	
			393. Southern Isabella (? distinct).....	50	4 50

CLASS III.—AMERICAN HYBRIDS AND SEEDLINGS OF FOREIGN VARIETIES.

	Each. \$ cts.	Dozen. \$ cts.		Each. \$ cts.	Dozen. \$ cts.
322. Allen's Hybrid White, No. 9, <i>estimable</i>	2 to 3	00	326½. Beach, <i>Seedling of Chasclas, early, black, medium, excellent</i> ...	1 00	
323. Allen's Hybrid Black, No. 13, <i>estimable</i> ...			327. Bidwell's Seedling....	1 50	
324. Allen's Hybrid Purple, No. 5, <i>estimable</i> . \$2 50 to 3 00			327½. Bowker, <i>resembles No. 72</i>	50c.	to 75
325. Allen's Black Ham-burgh.....	75		328. Brinckle, <i>very sweet, long cluster</i>	40	4 50
326. Baltimore, <i>cluster and fruit like Black Burgundy, extra for wine, very vigorous, suitable to the South</i>	1 00		328½. Brandywine, <i>oval, rather large, greenish white, not very sweet</i>	1 00	
			329. Cabot, <i>Seedling of No. 23, vine tender</i>	1 00	

	Each. \$ cts.	Dozen. \$ cts.		Each. \$ cts.	Dozen. \$ cts.
330. Canadian Chief, <i>white, rather large, cluster large</i>	50c.	to 75	6 00	338. Musqué Verdel, <i>hybrid of 23 and 65, medium, purple, musky, rich flavor</i>	50 to 75c. 6 00
331. Clara, <i>Seedling of Chasselas, medium, white, round, delicious</i>	50c.	to 75	7 50	338½. Pittsburg Seedling, <i>variety of Rose Chasselas</i>	
332. Cleome (Dr. Gaskill), <i>probably foreign</i>	75			339. Raisin, <i>seedling of Muscatel Raisin</i>	50
333. Coleman's White, <i>Seedling of Golden Chasselas, resembles parent</i>	1 00	7 50		340. Rebecca, <i>seedling of Golden Chasselas, early, medium, round, amber, excellent</i>	
333½. Dorinda, <i>Seedling of Rebecca</i>				Vines of 1 year (\$33 per 100).....	50 4 50
334. El Paso, White (<i>? foreign</i>).....	1 00			Vines of 2 years (\$60 per 100).....	1 00 8 00
334½. El Paso, Blue (<i>? foreign</i>).....	1 00			340½. Rogers' Hybrids, No. 1, 4, 9, 19, 42.....	1 50 12 00
335. Emily, <i>pale red, good, hardy</i>	50	5 00		341. Rogers' Hybrids, No. 2, 3, 5, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 30, 33, 34.....	1 75 14 00
335½. Feast's New White...	1 00	9 00		342. Secord's White, <i>seedling of Chasselas, round, white, excellent</i>	75 6 00
336. Los Angeles, California, 6 fine varieties (<i>? foreign</i>).....	1 00	8 00		342½. Stetson, <i>several Hybrid varieties not yet offered</i>	
336½. Manhattan, <i>seedling of Golden Chasselas, amber, round, excellent; cluster loose</i>	75	6 00		343. Sweetwater Seedling...	1 00
337. Merritt's Seedling, <i>from Golden Chasselas, resembles parent</i> ...	1 00			344. White Prolific, <i>seedling of Chasselas</i>	1 00
337½. Montgomery, (Merritt's), <i>seedling of Chasselas, white, resembles parent</i>	1 00				

CLASS IV.—AMERICAN VARIETIES,

WHOSE CHARACTER IS NOT FULLY KNOWN, MOST OF WHICH ARE UNDER PROBATION.

Ada.	Early York.	New Hope.
Amelia.	Edwards (Pennsylvania).	Niagara.
Antoinette.	Eschol, or Elkton (<i>? Catawba</i>).	Oldhouse.
Beansville.	Genesee.	Olmsted.
Black Claret.	Gosenhippen, white.	Pennell.
Black Tennessee.	Green Catawba.	Pike Island (Conn.)
Black Tuolumne (California).	Hamsterdam, black.	Pioneer (Illinois).
Butler (Connecticut).	Helen.	Porter.
Cambria.	Hensell's Early, or Hensell's White.	Pride of Lincoln (Read).
Canaan.	Hess.	Raccoon, black.
Case.	Howard, black.	Red Rhode Island.
Catawba of Tennessee.	Irwin.	Richmond Seedling (Indiana).
Catawba Seedling.	James' Urbana Seedling.	Royalton.
Champion of Dalhousie (Read).	Jennings (Mass.)	St. Genevieve.
Charleston.	Keller, or Dr. Keller.	Small Rhode Island.
Clappin.	Ludlow.	Smith's Seedling (Philada.)
Comstock's Early.	McLean (Kentucky).	Stanhope.
Cynthia.	McNeill.	Sylvester.
Dagge's Seedling, large, purple.	Malaga Seedling.	Tryon, black.
Diana Seedling.	Martinsburg.	Vermont, black.
Diller, black.	Muscadine (Wisconsin).	Waynesborough.
Early Harvest.	Nebraska.	Wentz Seedling.
		Willington.

CLASS V.—REJECTED VARIETIES, BEING WORTHLESS.

Abby Cling-stem (Con't), is a <i>Fox</i> .	Erickson, a <i>Fox</i> .	Massachusetts White, denounced.
Blood's Black, } Blood's Red, } are <i>Fox</i> .	Eudora—Perkins of some, a <i>Fox</i> .	Massequoit, a purple <i>Fox</i> .
Blood's White, }	Fitchburg, a <i>Fox</i> .	McGowan, or McCowen, or Cowan.
Brown Sugar.	Fragrant Harrison, a <i>Fox</i> .	Morin.
Burlington.	Free Black.	Morse.
Burton's Early.	Gross, foreign, mildews.	Mountain (Pensyl) valueless.
Chapin, foreign, mildews.	German Muscat, } foreign, German Wine, } mildew.	Muscat Catawba, denounced.
Charter Oak, a <i>Fox</i> .	Gutadel, white, }	Neponset.
Chippewa, barren.	Goodman, a <i>Fox</i> .	Niessler's Oconee, a <i>Fox</i> .
Chambersburg White.	Hensell's Seedling, foreign seed, mildews.	Purple Cluster, foreign, mildews.
Chapier's White, foreign, mildews.	Hungarian Vines, lately im- ported, all mildew.	Ranney Fox.
Connecticut.	Iden, or Lake, denounced.	Rathrock.
Coon, a <i>Fox</i> .	Indian Field, barren.	Sage, miserable <i>Fox</i> .
Crystal (Con't), a <i>Fox</i> .	Joen.	Sharpe or Lyon.
Dartmouth.	Lowell Globe.	Shurtleff, old variety, valueless
Delaware Burgundy, mildews.	Lyman.	Strawberry, miserable <i>Fox</i> .
		White Sugar.

CLASS VI.—SYNONYMS OF THE PRECEDING VARIETIES.

Amalie, is <i>Emily</i> .	Hyde's Eliza, of most collections, is <i>York</i> <i>Madeira</i> .
American Chasselas, is <i>Rebecca</i> .	Isabella Seedling (of Mottier), is <i>Large Black</i> <i>Marion</i> .
Anonymous of Longworth, is <i>Ohio Globose</i> .	Italian Wine, is <i>Delaware</i> .
Archer, supposed to be <i>Jack</i> or <i>Ohio</i> .	Jones' Perfumed, is <i>Carolina Blue Muscadine</i> .
Arnott's White, supposed <i>Cassady</i> .	Lucy Winton, is <i>Winton</i> .
Arnott's Seedling, is <i>Cassady</i> .	Mary, } are <i>Maryland Isabella</i> .
August Isabella, is <i>Valentine's Isabella</i> .	Mary Isabel, }
Baldwin's Early, is <i>Baldwin</i> .	Matlock, is <i>Miles</i> .
Black Bullace, } of the South, are same	Montgomery (of Alabama).
Black Muscadine, } family as <i>Black Scup-</i> <i>pernong</i> .	Muscadine (Southern), same family as <i>Black</i> <i>Scuppernong</i> .
Black Hamburg, of Frogmore, is <i>Frogmore</i> .	Norton's Early, } are <i>Norton's Virginia</i> .
Black July (Southern), is <i>Lenoir</i> .	Norton's Seedling, }
Black Spanish (Alabama), supposed <i>Lenoir</i> .	Oporto, is <i>Hull</i> .
Bland's Madeira, } are <i>Bland</i> .	Ozark Muscat, is <i>Little Ozark</i> .
Bland's Pale Red, }	Pitt's Favorite (Southern), is <i>Bland</i> .
Bland's Virginia, }	Pungo (of N. C.), supposed to be <i>Lenoir</i> .
Blue Grape (of South), is <i>Lenoir</i> .	Raabe's Clara, is <i>Clara</i> .
Burgundy (Southern), is <i>Pauline</i> .	Raabe's Emily, is <i>Emily</i> .
Bush Grape (of Texas), is <i>Mustang</i> .	Raabe's Honey, is <i>Raabe</i> .
Cape Wine, is <i>Alexander</i> .	Rose of Tennessee, is <i>Bland</i> .
Chasselas blanc, foreign, see No. 16.	Ruff, or Ruffe, is <i>Delaware</i> .
Cherokee, supposed to be <i>Isabella</i> .	Sand Hill of Texas, is <i>Mustang</i> .
Cincinnati Madeira (synonym?)	Schuylkill Madeira, is <i>Alexander</i> .
Clifton Constantia, is <i>Alexander</i> .	Seabrook, supposed <i>Synonym</i> .
Columbia } (of Pennsylvania), are	September Black, is <i>Black September</i> .
Columbia Bloom, } <i>Catawissa</i> .	Sherry (of the South), is <i>Lenoir</i> .
Constantia, is <i>Alexander</i> .	Smart's Elsinburg, is <i>Elsinburg</i> .
David Hall Grape, is <i>Logan</i> .	Spring Mill Constantia, is <i>Alexander</i> .
Dr. Keller, is <i>Keller</i> .	Springstein, is <i>Lenoir</i> .
Dutch Black Hamburg, is <i>Wilmot's Black</i> <i>Hamburg</i> .	Tasker's, is <i>Alexander</i> .
Elsingborough, is <i>Elsinburg</i> .	Urbana, and Purple Urbana, are <i>Logan</i> .
Fenner's Early, is either <i>York Madeira</i> , or <i>Alexander</i> .	Virginian Amber, proved <i>Catawba</i> .
Frogmore St. Peter's, is <i>Frogmore</i> .	Virginia Seedling, is <i>Hyatt's Catawba</i> .
Garber's Albiness, is <i>Albino</i> .	Wemple's Seedling, is <i>Cuyahoga</i> .
Garber's Seedling, is <i>Franklin</i> .	West St. Peter, is <i>Black Lombardy</i> .
Genlin, is <i>Catawissa</i> .	White Chasselas (foreign, see No. 16).
Hanover (Southern) <i>Isabella</i> ?	Wine of Kentucky, is <i>Kentucky Wine</i> .
Hensell's Long Island, is <i>Isabella</i> ?	Wichita, is <i>Louisiana</i> .
Hill Grape of Ohio, is <i>Collina</i> .	Wyman, is <i>To Kalon</i> .

REMARKS.

The prominent object to which public attention is now called is *Vineyard Culture*, for which purpose none but the Indigenous species and varieties, of a perfectly rustic character, are appropriate—they alone possessing the hardihood and the freedom from mildew and from other objections which apply invariably to every Foreign variety, and, so far as yet proven, to every American variety grown from the seed of the tender and feeble *Vitis vinifera*.

No greater blight could be inflicted on our prospective Vineyard Culture, than the recommendation for *that object* of such feeble growing Vines, subject to mildew in open culture, as the Delaware, Rebecca, Clara, Emily, Brinckle, &c. The failures which would inevitably result from such injudicious selections would occasion such discouragement to Cultivators, that American Wine Culture would be thrown back ten years at least. These varieties, though possessed of nearly all the desirable qualities that have been ascribed to them, are only adapted to special Garden culture, where they can be trained on walls or protected trellises, but they will never succeed in open unprotected field culture.

In the Selections to be made of Varieties for the Table and for the Vineyard, it would be unreasonable to expect that the qualities most desirable for each of these purposes could be found combined in the same fruit, when the requisites are so very dissimilar. The largest, most tender, sweet, and melting varieties are desired for the dessert, whereas it is those least sweet, but most brisk, sprightly and aromatic, and often those quite austere and astringent, that yield the choicest wines. Furthermore, *there is no celebrated Wine grape of large size*, they all being quite small or medium, a fact that can be rationally explained.

Acclimation.—In this regard there exist very erroneous views. No Plant or Animal has ever been acclimated in the *existing race* by any change of location; as such amelioration attaches only to their progeny. Seminal reproduction can alone effect any such change, and then only gradually through succeeding generations. This results from a great natural Law, by which every Animal, Tree, or Plant, partakes in a degree of the character of the climate and soil where it is generated.

The acclimation and improvement of the Persian Grape (*VITIS VINIFERA*) to its present condition in France, has been a labor of 2000 years, and to render it hardy and vigorous enough to sustain our climate (if such a result were possible) would require at least another 1600 years. What folly, then, would it be for us to look to the feeble productions of uncongenial climes, as the hopeful parents of a hardy and vigorous progeny suitable to withstand the rigors of an American winter, and the peculiarities of our summer climate.

Should we not rather look to the robust and vigorous species of the Vine which God himself has planted everywhere in the American forest, and which spring up wildly throughout every region of our country, mounting the loftiest trees, and spreading their tendrils far and wide? When the Deity in his wisdom placed only one species of the Vine in the Eastern Hemisphere, and planted eight species in North America, shall we question His intelligence, as thus manifested, by a disregard to the rich treasure he has thus imparted to us? Or, shall we not rather seek, by the seminal productions which must result from our superior advantages, to obtain new and exquisite varieties of the grape, which shall surpass in size, beauty, and flavor, and especially in hardihood and robust character, all which Europe has yet been able to present either in the shape of fruit for the dessert, or in that of the most delicious and exhilarating Wines?

It is now about forty years since William Prince named and introduced the Isabella Grape to public notice. That Vine was then supposed to be of Southern origin, but our investigations have since satisfied us that it is a Northern Vine and a native of this State. In the year 1830, William R. Prince, aided by William Prince, published "A Treatise on the Vine," a volume of 355 pages octavo, in which he demonstrated the fact, that "God has preeminently stamped our country as the land of the Vine." He urged most ardently upon his countrymen the immediate formation of extensive Vineyards, for the attainment of three objects: *First*—To increase the national wealth by superseding the vast importation of adulterated wines and alcoholic mixtures. *Secondly*—To furnish a cheap and innocent domestic beverage with the gently exhilarating qualities given to the juice of the grape by the Creator. *Thirdly*—That the universal adoption of a pure beverage, restorative of physical and mental exhaustion, might have the same opportunity here of producing the result universal in the wine-producing countries of Europe, viz., the extinction of intemperance as a national characteristic.

But our country was not then prepared to appreciate and adopt this important branch of Agricultural Industry. We were an entire age too soon in then urging its adoption.

DESCRIPTIVE CATALOGUE OF GRAPES,

A new edition, far surpassing the 44th edition of 1859–60, will be published in February, 1861, and will be sent to applicants who enclose 25 cents.

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