

a dark terminal shade. Fringes on both wings pale. ♂ abdomen pointed at the tip, elongate with dark dorsal shade; ♀ yellow above. Thorax yellow; bread, palpal tips, sides of thorax before insertion of wings, dark as in *B. Plumbicostalis*. Legs whitish; anterior and middle pair shaded with blackish. Exp. 25 m. m. July—August. Types in Mus. Peabody Academy of Science, Salem, Mass.

Smaller than *Botys plumbicostalis*, but greatly resembling it at first sight. On a comparison the difference above detailed are quite apparent.

Besides the foregoing two species of *Botys*, I have taken the following Pyralidæ in the same locality, the two first in single specimens: *Botys laticlavia* G. R., *Botys plectilis* G. R., *Conchylodes platinalis* Lederer, *Stenophyes scinalis* Lederer, *Phakellura hyalinata* Milding, *Phakellura nitidalis* G., *Desmia maculalis* Westw., a species of *Crocidophora* allied to and perhaps the same as *C. pustuliferalis* Lederer, and *Cindaphia bicoloralis* (*Asopia bicoloralis* Guenée).

LIST OF COLEOPTERA.

TAKEN AT GRIMSBY, ONT., BY J. PETTIT.

Continued from page 151, vol. ii., CAN. ENT.

CERAMBYCIDÆ.

PARANDRA, *Latr.*

brunnea, *Fabr.*

ORTHOSOMA, *Serv.*

cylindricum, *Fabr.*

TRAGOSOMA, *Serv.*

Harrisii, *Lec.*

EBURIA, *Serv.*

quadrigeminata, *Say.*

CHION, *Newm.*

garganicum, *Fabr.*

ELAPHIDION, *Serv.*

 **atomarium*, *Drury.*

vicinum, *Hald.*

ELAPHIDION, *Serv.* (*continued*).

mucronatum, *Say.*

villosum, *Fabr.*

parallelum, *Newm.*

 **pubescens*, *Hald.*

 **unicolor*, *Hald.*

notatum, *Er.*

Criocephalus, *Muls.*

rusticus, *Linn.*

agrestis, *Kirby.*

Asemum, *Serv.*

moestum, *Hald.*

* Species marked with an asterisk have not before been included in the list of Canadian Coleoptera.

- ARHOPALUS, *Serv.*
 fulminans, *Fabr.*
- CALLIDIUM, *Fabr.*
 violaceum, *Linn.*
 lignum, *Fabr.*
 *amoenum, *Say.*
 janthinum, *Lec.*
- PHYMATODES, *Muls.*
 proteus, *Kirby.*
- TYLONOTUS, *Hald.*
 bimaculatus, *Hald.*
- PHYSOCNEMUM, *Hald.*
 brevilineum, *Say.*
- CLYTUS, *Fabr.*
 speciosus, *Say.*
 nobilis, *Harris.*
 flexuosus, *Fabr.*
 erythrocephalus, *Oliv.*
 luscus, *Fabr.*
 campestris, *Oliv.*
 hamatus, *Say.*
 *4-maculatus, *Hald.*
- CYRTOPHORUS, *Lec.*
 verrucosus, *Oliv.*
- OBRIUM, *Serv.*
 *rubrum, *Newm.*
- EUDERCES, *Lec.*
 picipes, *Fabr.*
- STENOPTERUS, *Illig.*
 sanguinicollis, *Oliv.*
- MOLORCHUS, *Fabr.*
 mellitus, *Say.*
- HELIOMANES, *Newm.*
 bimaculatus, *Say.*
- ACANTHODERES, *Serv.*
 decipiens, *Hald.*
- GRAPHISURUS, *Kirby.*
 *pusillus, *Kirby.*
 fasciatus, *Geer.*
- AEDILIS, *Serv.*
 obsoletus, *Oliv.*
- LEPTOSTYLUS, *Lec.*
 aculiferus, *Say.*
 variegatus, *Hald.*
 commixtus, *Hald.*
 macula, *Say.*
- LIOPUS, *Lec.*
 *alpha, *Say.*
 symmetricus, *Hald.*
 *signatus, *Lec.*
 *rusticus, *Lec.*
 *querci, *Fitch.*
 maculatus, *Hald.*
 aspersus, *Say.*
- ECYRUS, *Lec.*
 *dasycerus, *Say.*
- EUPOGONIUS, *Lec.*
 *vestitus, *Say.*
 subarmatus, *Lec.*
- POGONOCHERUS, *Meg.*
 mixtus, *Hald.*
 *nubilus, *Lec.*
- MONOHAMMUS, *Latr.*
 dentator, *Fabr.*
 confusor, *Kirby.*
 scutellatus, *Say.*
- GOES, *Lec.*
 tigrinus, *Oliv.*
 oculatus, *Lec.*
- TETRAOPES, *Dalm.*
 tornator, *Fabr.*
- PSENOCCERUS, *Lec.*
 pini, *Oliv.*

DORCASCHEMA, <i>Lec.</i>	ANTHOPHYLAX, <i>Lec.</i>
nigrum, <i>Say.</i>	malachiticus, <i>Hald.</i>
SAPERDA, <i>Fabr.</i>	*alternatus, <i>Lec.</i>
calcarata, <i>Say.</i>	STRANGALIA, <i>Serv.</i>
tridentata, <i>Oliv.</i>	subhamata, <i>Rand.</i>
vestita, <i>Say.</i>	bicolor, <i>Swed.</i>
CYRTINUS, <i>Lec.</i>	quagga, <i>Germ.</i>
*pygmaeus, <i>Hald.</i>	fugax, <i>Fabr.</i>
OBREA, <i>Meg.</i>	lugubris, <i>Say.</i>
amabilis, <i>Hald.</i>	lineola, <i>Say.</i>
tripunctata, <i>Fabr.</i>	*cruentata, <i>Hald.</i>
DESMOCERUS, <i>Serv.</i>	LEPTURA, <i>Linne.</i>
cyaneus, <i>Fabr.</i>	canadensis, <i>Oliv.</i>
RHAGIUM, <i>Fabr.</i>	biforis, <i>Newm.</i>
lineatum, <i>Oliv.</i>	vittata, <i>Oliv.</i>
TOXOTUS, <i>Serv.</i>	vagans, <i>Oliv.</i>
decoloratus, <i>Harr.</i>	sphaericollis, <i>Say.</i>
trivittatus, <i>Say.</i>	mutabilis, <i>Lec.</i>
*cylindricollis, <i>Say.</i>	pubera, <i>Say.</i>
*Schaumii, <i>Lec.</i>	8-notata, <i>Say.</i>
ENCYCLOPS, <i>Newm.</i>	scalaris, <i>Say.</i>
coeruleus, <i>Say.</i>	subargentata, <i>Kirby.</i>
EVODINUS, <i>Lec.</i>	*propinqua, <i>Bland.</i>
monticola, <i>Rand.</i>	proxima, <i>Say.</i>
ACMAEOPS, <i>Lec.</i>	capitata, <i>Newm.</i>
proteus, <i>Kirby.</i>	ruficollis, <i>Say.</i>

THE NUMBER OF INSECTS.—The number of described species of insects is estimated by Gerstaecker at above one hundred and sixty thousand, viz. : Coleoptera, ninety thousand ; Hymenoptera, twenty-five thousand ; Diptera, twenty-four thousand ; Lepidoptera, twenty-two to twenty-four thousand.—*Nature.*

CLASSIFICATION OF MOTHS.—The great work by the Messrs. Felder on the Lepidoptera of the Novara (an Austrian) Exploring Expedition, will be completed this year. It will contain a complete classification of the moths, and will supplement Guenee's work on them.—*American Naturalist.*



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