

DESCRIPTIONS OF NEW HEMIPTERA
FROM NEW SOUTH WALES.

By Dr. G. HORVÁTH.

Mr. WALTER W. FROGGATT, Gouvernement Entomologist at Sydney, has had the kindness to send me for examination an interesting collection of Australian Heteroptera, mostly found in N. S. Wales, several of which are new to science. The present contribution contains the descriptions of this new insects, now in possession of the Hungarian National Museum.

A new species of *Plilocnemus* represented in our National Museum from N. S. Wales and in the Hamburg Museum from Queensland, is also described.

PENTATOMIDAE.

Oncocoris modestus n. sp.

Subovalis, fusco-testaceus, subacervatim nigro-punctatus et fusco-nebulosus; capite latitudine sua interoculari circiter dimidio longiore, subtus flavo-testaceo, nigro-punctato; oculis globosis fere totis ultra margines laterales capitis prominentibus; antennis capite, pronoto et scutello simul sumtis paullo longioribus, articulo primo flavo-testaceo, nigro-consperso, articulo secundo testaceo et quam articulo sequente brevior, articulis tribus apicalibus nigris, articulo tertio quam articulo primo fere duplo longiore, articulo quarto articulo secundo longitudine subæquali, apice albido, articulo quinto articulo præcedente $\frac{1}{4}$ longiore, basi albido; pronoto planiusculo, marginibus lateralibus anticis anguste reflexis, vix sinuatis, angulis lateralibus obtusis; scutello in angulis basalibus impressione nigra minutissima instructo, apice lunula angusta albida ornato; hemelytris apicem abdominis paullo superantibus, membrana infuscata, pallido-venosa; ventre serie mediana macularum nigrarum vittulaque abbreviata nigra utrinque pone impressionem strigosam lateralem notato; connexivo albido, segmentis basi et apice nigris; rostro pedibusque flavo-testaceis, femoribus basique tibiis nigris, tibiis et tarsis apice nigris. ♂. Long. $8\frac{1}{4}$ mill.

Richmond River: Wollongbar.

Differs from *O. coelebs* FABR. by the larger size and the colour of the head, antennæ, legs and abdomen.

Dictyotus rugulosus n. sp.

Flavo-testaceus, dense subtiliterque fusco-punctulatus; capite linguæformi, latitudine sua interoculari paullo brevior, lateribus rectis, parallelis; oculis fere totis ultra latera capitis prominulis; antennis basi pallidis, apice articuli tertii articulisque duobus apicalibus nigris, articulo secundo articulo sequente $\frac{1}{4}$ longior; rostro apice nigro; pronoto capite paullo longior, transversim subrugoso, marginibus lateralibus anticis levissime rotundatis; scutello latitudine sua basali parum longior, apice latiusculo, basi subtriangulariter elevato et ruguloso, utrinque pone partem hanc elevatam vitta obliqua fuscescente notato, lateribus vix sinuatis; hemelytris minus dense punctatis, fusco-testaceis, membrana fusco-hyalina, fusco-venosa, haud reticulata, apicem abdominis paullo superante; corpore subtus minus dense punctato; segmentis connexivi basi et apice, femoribus apicem versus, tibiis basi, interdum etiam apice, tarsisque nigris. ♂. ♀. Long. 6—6½ mill.

Whitton, Wagga.

At once distinguished from the other species by the tongue-shaped head, the rugulose pronotum and the triangular rugose elevation on the base of the scutellum.

Pancætius trabifer n. sp.

Pallide flavo-testaceus, supra dense distincteque fusco-punctatus; capite apice rotundato, lateribus ante sinus anteoculares parallelis; antennis sordide testaceis, articulo quarto fusco, articulo quinto flavo-albido; pronoto antice sat declivi, macula lævigata callosa destituto, disco nonnihil nigro-variegato, angulis anticis in lobulum impunctatum, oblique antrorsum vergentem productis, angulis lateralibus in processum latiusculum, depressum, latitudini capitis cum oculis æquilongum, medio supra subtusque nigro-carinatum, apice oblique truncatum extrorsum productis; scutello toto distincte et æqualiter punctato, maculis callosis vel minus dense punctatis omnino destituto; hemelytris obsolete fusco-lineolatis, membrana fusco-hyalina, fusco-venosa, paullo pone apicem abdominis extensa; corpore subtus albido-testaceo; prostethio distincte fusco-punctato, vitta utrinque laterali mesostethii, metastethii et ventris nigra; pedibus albido-testaceis, obsolete fusco-annulatis. ♂. Long. 5¼, Lat. inter. ang. lat. pronoti 5 mill.

Tweed River.

Very distinct from *P. lobulatus* STÅL by the much more produced lateral horns of the pronotum and the absence of the levigate impunctate spots to the pronotum and scutellum. The upper surface of the body is

stronger punctured; the head and scutellum are less enlarged on the tip; the antero-lateral lobules of the pronotum are somewhat narrower and longer.

COREIDAE.

Mirperus funebris n. sp.

Fusco-niger, superne obsolete ferrugineo-variegatus, dense subtiliterque punctatus, remote pilosulus; capite superne nigro- et ferrugineovittato, utrinque infra oculos vitta laterali percurrente pallida ornato, tuberculis antenniferis apice extus subrectangulis, inermibus; antennis ferrugineis, articulis tribus basalibus apice ipso nigricantibus, articulo primo apicem capitis distincte superante, articulo tertio articulo secundo distincte longiore, articulo quarto articulis duobus præcedentibus simul sumtis paullo brevior; rostro nigro; pronoto ferrugineo-variegato, angulis lateralibus rectis, haud prominulis; scutello nigro, linea mediana subtili pallida signato, apice leviter elevato et albido-callosa; hemelytris nigro-fuscis, fusco-marmoratis, limbo-costali albido, membrana hyalina, fusco-venosa; corpore subtus griseo-sericeo, vitta laterali percurrente pallida destituto, tantum obsolete ferrugineo-marmorato; pedibus griseo-pilosulis, femoribus nigro- et fusco-marmoratis, femoribus posticis rectis, modice incrassatis, subtus spinis quinque majoribus et apicem versus spinulis pluribus nigris armatis, tibiis anterioribus tarsisque flavo-testaceis, apice nigris, tibiis posticis leviter curvatis, basi apiceque nigris. ♂. Long. 10—11 mill.

Richmond: Hawk's College.

This species, found on Cow Pea, is closely allied to *M. scutellaris* DALL., but at once distinguished by the dark coloration, the absence of the yellow band on each side of the breast and abdomen beneath, the callose and somewhat erected tip of the scutellum, etc.

LYGAEIDAE.

Scopiasstes vitticeps n. sp.

Oblongus, niger, parce brevissimeque puberulus; capite cum oculis basi pronoti paullo latiore, rufo, vitta lata mediana ab apice usque ad ocellos extensa nigra ornato; oculis modice stylatis; ocellis ab oculis quam inter se longius remotis; antennis mediocribus, articulo tertio articulo secundo brevior et quam articulo quarto longior; rostro inter coxas intermedias extenso; pronoto antrorsum leviter angustato, lobo antico rufo, lobo postico sat fortiter punctato, nigro; membrana nigro-fusca; corpore subtus rufo, disco meso- et metasterni, areis evaporativis

metastethii pedibusque nigris; ventre utrinque maculis quatuor laterali-
bus rotundatis nigris nitidis notato; incisuris pectoris et ventris cum
connexivo plus minusve stramineis; articulo basali tarsorum posticorum
articulis duobus apicalibus simul sumtis æquilongo. ♀. Long. $8\frac{1}{2}$ mill.

Richmond River.

Apparently nearest allied to *S. bicolor* DIST., but differing by the
red (only black-banded) head and the different markings of the abdomen
beneath.

TINGITIDAE.

Serenthia pictipennis n. sp.

Oblongo-ovata, opaca; capite nigro, obsoletissime punctulato, di-
stincte transverso; oculis extus ultra angulos anticos pronoti paullo pro-
minulis; antennis pedibusque ferrugineis, illis crassiusculis, articulo
primo articulo secundo distincte longiore, articulo tertio articulis duobus
basalibus simul sumtis fere æquilongo, articulo quarto articulo primo
longitudine æquali et apicem versus nigricante; pronoto latitudine sua
paullo longiore, distincte punctato et carinato, transversim haud impresso,
triente apicali pone annulum collarem albidum, callosum nigro, fascia
transversa media carinaque mediana fuscis, processu postico flavo-testaceo,
marginibus lateralibus anticis subrectis; elytris convexis, apicem abdo-
minis vix superantibus, distincte punctatis, flavo-testaceis, lineis tribus
longitudinalibus nigris basi et ante apicem elytri confluentibus ornatis,
linea externa intramarginali latiuscula, linea media tota recta, linea in-
terna ab angulo basali externo usque ad angulum basalem internum
elytri ducta, dein oblique extrorsum curvata et medio ramum intramar-
ginallem usque ad apicem elytri extensam emittente, disco præterea obso-
lete fusco-consperso, commissura subrecta, apicem versus levissime val-
vante; apice tibiarum et tarsorum nigro. Long. $1\frac{1}{2}$ mill.

Glen Innes.

The first representant of the genus *Serenthia* SPIN. in Australia,
which is readily recognized by the black lines of the elytra.

Froggattia n. gen.

Corpus elongatum, glabrum. Caput breve, transversum, a latere
visum antice perpendiculare; vertice spinis duabus basalibus lateralibus
adpressis longis armato; scrobibus antennarum superne et ad latera
distincte marginatis; bucculis valde elevatis, antice contiguis, sulcum
rostralem antice oclusum formantibus, antrorsum haud prominulis,
postice paullo productis. Oculi parum prominuli, marginem anticum pro-

noti haud tangentes. Antennæ longæ, graciles, basi subcontigui; articulis duobus basalibus crassiusculis, articulo primo articulo secundo distincte longiore, articulo tertio longissimo, filiformi, articulo quarto brevi, clavato. Rostrum coxas intermedias subattingens. Pronotum tricarinatum, antice subtruncatum, vesicula apicali destitutum, postice in angulum acutum productum; marginibus lateralibus anticis carinatis, haud dilatatis, nec reflexis. Elytra angusta, abdomine multo longiora, dense et minute areolata, areolis spatii apicalis majoribus, vitreis, spatio discoidali plano, horizontali, spatio laterali biserialiter areolato, pone medium introrsum obtusangulariter dilatato ibique triserialiter areolato. Carinæ sternales minus elevatæ. Orificia metapleurarum haud distinguenda. Pedes mediocres.

This new genus, which I have much pleasure to dedicate to Mr. W. W. FROGGATT, is allied to *Monanthia* LEP. et SERV., STÅL, but differing by the structure of the head, the antennæ subcontiguous at the base and also by the lateral margins of the pronotum not dilated and reflexed, but only carinated. It has a superficial resemblance to *Leptopharsa* STÅL.

Froggattia olivina n. sp.

Fusco-testacea; capite superne inter spinas duas laterales nigro, spinis his albidis, subparallelis et antice fere usque ad scrobes albo-marginatas antennarum extensis; bucculis albidis; antennis corpore distincte brevioribus, articulo primo articulo secundo $\frac{1}{3}$ longiore, articulo tertio flavo-testaceo, articulis duobus basalibus simul sumtis plus quam triplo longiore, articulo quarto articulo præcedente $\frac{2}{3}$ brevior, nigro, basin versus pallido; pronoto latitudine sua $\frac{1}{4}$ longiore, apice capite cum oculis paullo angustiore, carinis tribus simplicibus percurrentibus albido-testaceis, fascia latiuscula subapicali transversa nigra, processu postico nigro-reticulato, areolis hujus majusculis; elytris extus versus medium leviter rotundatis et mox pone medium leviter sinuatis, apice obtusissime rotundatis, macula magna media, spatium discoidale (hujus basi et disco exceptis) occupante et extrorsum usque ad marginem lateralem extensa, nigra notatis, membrana costæ angusta, uniserialiter areolata, spatio apicali griseo, fortiter nigro-reticulato; pectore nigro vel nigricante, limbis omnibus prostethii, margine postico metastethii maculisque ad coxas pallidis; ventre fusco-ferrugineo, lateribus basin versus nigris; pedibus flavo-testaceis, femoribus posterioribus medio plus minusve infuscatibus vel nigricantibus. ♂. ♀. Long. $3\frac{1}{4}$ — $3\frac{1}{2}$, Lat. 1— $1\frac{1}{5}$ mill.

Camden Park, common upon olive trees.

HEBRIDAE.

Hebrus axillaris n. sp.

Niger, opacus, parce et brevissime griseo-puberulus; antennis, rostro pedibusque flavo-testaceis; capite antrorsum producto, vertice haud sulcato; oculis extrorsum ultra angulos anticos pronoti nonnihil prominulis; articulo primo antennarum diametro oculi æquilongo, apicem capitis parum superante; pronoto longitudine sua paullo latiore, antice obsolete trisulcato, marginibus lateralibus anticis leviter sinuatis, angulis lateralibus obtusis, sat prominentibus; scutello subtiliter carinato, apicem versus nonnihil elevato; hemelytris completis, nigris, tantum basi clavi guttula subtriangulari lactea ornatis, membrana apicem abdominis attingente, fusco-nigra, maculis duabus transversalibus mediis striolaque longitudinali antepicali obsoletis albis signata. ♀. Long. $1\frac{1}{2}$ mill.

Tweed River.

This species belongs by the structure of the antennæ to the group of *H. ruficeps* THOMS., from which it differs by the smaller size, the black head and elytra, the clavus marked on the base with a well limited small white spot and the membrane having three somewhat distinct white dots.

The genus *Hebrus* CURT. was hitherto not yet recorded from the Australian continent.

REDUVIIDAE.

Gardena australis n. sp.

Fusco-picea; parte anteoculari capitis nigra, superne utrinque vitta intraoculari albido-testacea, antrorsum usque ad basin antennarum extensa notata; rostro nigro-piceo, articulo tertio (apice excepto) pallido; antennis glabris, articulo primo abdomine paullo brevior, sordide flavo-testaceo, apice cum articulis reliquis nigricante; lobo antico pronoti lobo postico paullo plus quam dimidio longiore, lobo postico albido-testaceo, longitrorsum fusco-bivittato; hemelytris fusco-griseis, pone medium abdominis extensis, quartam partem apicalem hujus detectam relinquentibus, corio albido-testaceo, membrana nigro-venosa; pectore ventreque nigris, angulis basalibus segmentorum connexivi anguste pallidis; pedibus anticis fuscis, femoribus anticis subtus (quarta parte basali excepta) spinosis et annulo subapicali albido ornatis, tibiis anticis dimidio femorum anticorum nonnihil longioribus; pedibus posterioribus sordide flavo-testaceis, coxis, trochanteribus, annulo subapicali femorum, annulis basali et subbasali tibiæ nigris vel nigricantibus, apice femorum annuloque inter annulos duos nigros ad basin tibiæ albidis; femoribus posticis thorace et abdomine simul sumtis $\frac{1}{6}$ brevioribus. ♂. Long. $15\frac{1}{2}$ mill.

I have received one unlocalized specimen of this species, which is very closely allied to *G. brevicollis* STÅL, but differs from it by the different markings of the head, the dark colour of the rostrum, sternum and abdomen and the greater length of the elytra.

***Ptilocnemus femoralis* n. sp.**

Flavo-testaceus, pilis longissimis nigris vestitus; antennis (articulo basali et basi ima articuli secundi exceptis) nigris, pilis longissimis tenuibus sat dense obtectis, pilis articuli secundi dimidio articuli hujus æquilongis, articulo tertio articulo secundo dimidio brevior (35:70), articulo quarto breviusculo, clavato et articulo tertio dimidio brevior; hemelytris flavo-testaceis, pronoto concoloribus, venis corii tantum versus angulum apicalem nigris vel nigricantibus, membrana nigra, macula magna basali, vittula oblonga et punctis nonnullis pone medium atroholosericeis notata, apicem abdominis superante; lateribus pectoris, parte tertia apicali ventris maculisque connexivi nigris; pedibus longe pilosis, femoribus omnibus (basi et apice exceptis) et tibiis posticis (basi excepta) nigris, his fere usque ad basin densissime pilosis, tibiis anterioribus fuscescentibus. ♂. Long. $8\frac{1}{2}$ mill.

Tamworth. — I have seen this species in the Hamburg Museum also from Rockhampton, Queensland.

It differs from *P. lemur* WESTW. by the longer, thinner and denser hairs of the body, antennæ and legs, the black antennæ and anterior femora, the coriaceous portion of the elytra testaceous, concolorous with the pronotum, etc. The basal portion of the hind tibiæ, which is destitute of the brush of hairs, is not longer than the testaceous apical portion of the hind femora. The third joint of the antennæ is twice as long as the fourth, while *P. lemur* WESTW. has the third joint only $1\frac{1}{2}$ as long as the fourth.

***Ptilocnemus plumifer* n. sp.**

Flavo-testaceus, pilis setiformibus nigris vestitus; antennis (articulo basali excepto) nigris, longe pilosis, pilis articuli secundi dimidio articuli hujus brevioribus, articulo tertio articulo secundo $\frac{2}{5}$ brevior, articulo quarto elongato-fusiformi et quam articulo tertio fere dimidio brevior; hemelytris fuscis, venis corii membranaque nigris, hac apicem abdominis superante et macula basali, macula subapicali striiformi minore punctisque nonnullis atroholosericeis signata; maculis lateralibus pectoris, limbo latissimo ventris, maculis connexivi, femoribus posterioribus (apice excepto) tibiisque posticis (basi et apice exceptis) nigris; femoribus anticis, tibiis

anterioribus lineaque mediana ventris fuscescentibus. ♂. ♀. Long. 8 mill.

N. S. Wales (Mus. Hung.); Queensland: Rockhampton. (Mus. Hamburg.)

Allied to *P. lemur* WESTW., but differing by the structure of the antennæ, their third joint longer, almost twice as long as the fourth, and by the black colour of the antennæ and middle femora. The basal portion of the hind tibiæ, not occupied by the brush of hairs, is much longer than the testaceous apical portion of the hind femora, similar to *P. lemur* WESTW.

Sphedanocoris distinctus n. sp.

Ferrugineo-testaceus; capite pone oculos paullo incrassato, macula interocellari plerumque obsoleta, lineis duabus impressis antrorsum divergentibus, lateribus parteque inferiore nigris; antennis et rostro nigris, articulo primo hujus dimidio apicali, interdum etiam articulo primo illarum, pallidis; pronoto remote granulato, medio fortiter constricto, lobo antico tumido, nigro, hujus rugis saltem lateralibus mediis angulisque anticis pallidis, lobo postico minus convexo, lateribus nigro-marginatis, angulis lateralibus rotundatis; scutello nigro, apice producto pallido; hemelytris completis, apicem abdominis paullo superantibus (♂) vel haud attingentibus (♀), clavo maculaque oblonga interna corii nigris, disco corii inter venas obsoletissime nigricante, membrana fusco-nigra; pectore, maculis connexivi, segmento ultimo ventrali, segmentis genitalibus, coxis, dimidio basali annuloque subapicali femorum anteriorum, annulis tribus femorum posteriorum et tibiæ anteriorum, annulo subbasali partibusque $\frac{2}{3}$ apicalibus tibiæ posteriorum et apice tarsorum nigris. ♂. ♀. Long. ♂ 9, ♀ $9\frac{3}{4}$ mill.

Uralla, Gosford.

Var. nigrita m. — Lobo postico pronoti corioque (litura anteapicali irregulari excepta) nigris; tibiis posticis inter trientem medium et apicalem annulo pallido ornatis; lateribus ventris apicem versus nigricantibus. ♂. Long. $8\frac{1}{2}$ mill.

Queanbeyan.

Differs from the two species hitherto known of the genus *Sphedanocoris* STÅL by the smaller size and the different markings.

Nicrus depressus n. sp.

Oblongus, depressiusculus, niger, subnitidus, parce breviterque pilosus; capite pronoto distincte longiore; articulo basali antennarum et

rostro rufo-testaceis, articulo secundo hujus articulo primo duplo longiore; pronoto æquilongus ac basi lato, medio fortiter constricto, angulis anticis acutiusculis, lobo postico transversim subtiliter ruguloso, vitta intramarginali laterali pallida ornato, interdum fere toto pallescente, angulis lateralibus rotundatis, margine postico subrecto; hemelytris apicem abdominis attingentibus, fusco-nigris, basi ima coccineis vel rufis, corio nigro-venoso, margine apicali ipso flavo-testaceo, membrana nigro-fusca, nigro-venosa; dorso abdominis rubro-maculato; connexivo rubro vel rufo-testaceo, maculis basalibus segmentorum nigris; trochanteribus coccineis; tibiis tarsisque flavo-vel rufo-testaceis, illis basin versus, his apice plus minusve obscurioribus; tibiis anticis femoribus et trochanteribus anticis simul sumtis distincte brevioribus. ♂. ♀. Long. 10—11½ mill.

Tamworth, Cowra.

Distinguished from *N. eumorphus* STÅL by the rostrum having the second joint only twice as long as the first, the anterior tibiæ shorter than the femora and the very different coloration.

Coranus trabeatus n. sp.

Griseo-pilosus, supra sanguineus; capite nigro, posterius sensim angustato, linea media partis postocularis, limbo angusto orbitali, striola obliqua utrinque pone basin antennarum clypeoque basin versus flavo-testaceis; antennis obscure fuscis, articulo primo capite paullo et articulis duobus sequentibus simul sumtis distincte longiore et quam articulo quarto dimidio brevior; rostro nigro, articulis duobus basalibus longitudine subæqualibus; lobo antico pronoti nigro, sulco mediano antice, margine antico lateribusque sanguineis, lobo postico dense ruguloso-punctato, angulis lateralibus obtuse rotundatis; scutello nigro, ruga mediana eburnea, callosa, retrorsum sensim elevata instructo; hemelytris completis, apicem abdominis æquantibus, corio parce brevissimeque griseo-puberulo, clavo et membrana fusco-nigris, ænescentibus; pectore pedibusque nigris, limbo lato prostethii et acetabulorum anticorum, angulo externo postico mesostethii maculisque ad coxas posteriores sanguineis; femoribus superne maculis nonnullis obsoletis flavo-testaceis variegatis, tibiis sordide fuscis, annulis basali et subbasali flavo-albidis et inter annulos hos adhuc annulo nigro ornatis; tarsis fuscis, apice nigris; connexivo ventrique miniatis, vitta utrinque laterali hujus, segmento ventrali ultimo (lateribus exceptis) segmentisque genitalibus nigris. ♀. Long. 10 mill.

Tweed River, Tamworth.

This species has a striking resemblance to *C. lateritius* STÅL from Senegal.

MIRIDAE.

Eucerochoris tumidiceps n. sp.

Niger, nitidus, glaber; capite transverso, basi pronoti $\frac{1}{4}$ angustiore, rufo, vertice tumido-elevato et antrorsum ultra clypeum rotundato-producto; antennis corpore longioribus, glabris, articulo primo apicem versus leviter incrassato, capite et pronoto simul sumtis paullo brevioribus, intus albido-testaceo, extus nigro, articulo secundo articulo primo $\frac{5}{7}$ longiore, obscure fusco, apicem versus nigro, articulo tertio articulo præcedente $\frac{1}{4}$ brevioribus, nigro; rostro coxas anticas attingente, pallido, basi et apice nigro; pronoto latitudine sua basali $\frac{1}{5}$ brevioribus, parte ante callos sita rufa, lobo postico transversim ruguloso; scutello subæquilatero, convexo, apice rufo-testaceo; hemelytris apicem abdominis longe superantibus, corio et clavo rufescenti-testaceis, basin versus cum vena costali tota nigris, membrana alisque fusco-hyalinis, fusco-venosis; abdomine dimidio basali (maculis duabus basalibus nigris ventris exceptis) eburneo, dimidio apicali nigro, subtus eburneo-fasciato; pedibus albido-testaceis, femoribus subtus, tibiis basi tarsisque apice nigris. ♂. Long. corp. 6, cum hemelytris 9 mill.

Whitton.

Allied to *E. braconoides* WALK., but differing by the smaller size, the antennæ and legs not hirsute, the head unicolorous without a blackish dot between the eyes, the first joint of the antennæ white on the inner side, the hind lobe of the pronotum entirely black, etc.

The typical and only specimen of this species, which I have described, has the antennæ mutilated; their fourth joint is wanting.

Trilaccus n. gen.

Corpus oblongum, duriusculum, pilosum. Caput subverticale, antice visum triangulare, transversum, cum oculis apice pronoti distincte latius; vertice planiusculo, haud marginato; fronte convexa; clypeo subverticali, basi in linea ficta inter scrobes antennarum ducenda posito et a fronte sat discreto; gula brevi obliqua. Oculi angulis anticis pronoti subcontigui. Rostrum apicem versus sensim gracilescens, coxas intermedias attingens. Antennæ dimidio corporis paullo longiores, pilosæ, articulo secundo apicem versus incrassato. Pronotum trapeziforme, antrorsum parum declive, strictura apicali annuliformi sulcoque medio transversali latera haud superante et pone hunc foveolis tribus distinctis, sulco contiguis (una media transversa, duabus lateralibus oblongis) instructum, marginibus lateralibus rectis, margine postico ante scutellum recto, utrinque versus

latera levissime rotundato. Scutellum triangulare, foveola basali media instructum. Hemelytra explicata, apicem abdominis paullo superantia, ultra angulos posticos pronoti haud prominula, lateribus parallela; membrana biareolata. Areola alarum hamo destituta. Xyphus prosterni apice fovea instructus. Pedes mediocres, pilosi; tibiis haud spinulosus; tarsis posticis articulo secundo articulo tertio paullo brevior.

This new genus belonging to the division of *Cyllocoraria* is somewhat allied to *Heterocordylus* FIEB., but separable at once by the structure of the head and pronotum as well as by other characters detailed.

Trilaccus nigro-ruber n. sp.

Niger, nitidulus, pilis semierectis nigris parce vestitus; capite, pronoto, parte fere dimidia apicali corii dimidioque basali ventris cinnabarinis; capite lævigato et cum oculis basi pronoti fere dimidio angustiore, clypeo, genis, loris et bucculis nigris, vertice oculo circiter triplo latiore; articulo secundo antennarum latitudine basali pronoti paullo brevior, apicem versus fortiter clavato-incrassato, clava oblonga partes circiter $\frac{2}{3}$ articuli occupante, articulis duobus ultimis gracilibus et simul sumtis articulo secundo dimidio brevioribus; pronoto fere toto lævigato, latitudine sua basali fere dimidio brevior, basi quam apice $\frac{2}{7}$ latiore, limbo postico vittulam mediam atrorsum sæpe fere usque ad sulcum transversalem continuatam emittente nigro; scutello lævigato; hemelytris subtiliter rugoso-punctatis, membrana nigra, venis concoloribus; pedibus longe pilosis, femoribus anticis apice tibiisque anticis fere totis sordide flavo-testaceis. ♂. ♀. Long. 6—7 mill.

Richmond River: Wollongbar.

GALGULIDAE.

Mononyx annulipes n. sp.

Breviter ovalis, supra sordide griseus; capite antice quinque-tuberculato; pronoto longitudine sua duplo et dimidio latiore, abdomini æquilato, disco rugis longitudinalibus irregularibus prædito, marginibus lateralibus dilatatis parce subtiliterque nigro-granulatis, subrectis, parallelis, tantum apice subito introrsum curvatis; scutello tuberculis tribus nigro-granulatis, duobus subbasalibus majoribus, uno anteapicali minore, instructo; hemelytris apicem abdominis subattingentibus et margines laterales abdominis pone medium anguste detectos relinquentibus, margine costali sensim arcuato, haud sinuato, corio venis elevatis nigro-granulatis instructo et præsertim prope marginem costalem parce subtiliterque

nigro-granulato, membrana rudimentaria, sed distincte valvante, intus fusco-limbato; corpore subtus fusco-nigro, luteo-variegato; ventre minute granulato; tuberculo mesosterni in processum longiusculum, antrorsum curvatum producto; pedibus luteis, maculis femorum anticorum, annulis duobus femorum posteriorum et tiliarum intermediarum, tibiis posticis (basi excepta) tarsisque fusco-nigris.

♀. Segmento ultimo ventrali apice rotundato-truncato, segmenta genitalia tegente, marginibus lateralibus subrectis. Long. $7\frac{3}{4}$, Lat. $5\frac{1}{4}$ mill.

Clarence River.

By the rudimentary membrane allied to *M. femoralis* MONTD., from which it may be separated by the smaller size, the head having five tubercles in front, the mesosternal tubercle curved forwards and the dark-annulated legs.



Horváth, Géza. 1902. "Descriptions of new Hemiptera from New South Wales." *Természetrázi Füzetek kiadja a Magyar nemzeti Muzeum* 25, 601–612.

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