

A CHECKLIST OF THE VASCULAR PLANTS OF HUBBELL TRADING POST NATIONAL HISTORIC SITE, GANADO, ARIZONA

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ABSTRACT

Based on a survey of the vascular vegetation found in the Hubbell Trading Post, a national historic site, 130 species and varieties are listed, which may serve as a base line study. One species is a new state record for Arizona, and 19 species are new records for Apache County.

The "Hubbell Trading Post", a national historical site on the Navajo Indian Reservation (ca. 1.5 km west of Ganado, Apache County, Northeast Arizona), was founded by John Lorenzo Hubbell, a century ago. Reservation trading posts not only served for trade between the native and non-native Americans but also as a bridge between cultures until the early part of 20th century. Since the middle of 20th century, many such trading posts have been closed. Most of the surviving trading posts in order to compete with the modern conveniences of chain stores have become self-service. However, Hubbell Trading Post has changed little since its establishment, and continues to be a place for the sale of native American handicrafts, in particular colorful handwoven rugs and silver jewelry. Presently, this active trading post is administered by the National Park Service.

At the request of the Park Service, the vascular vegetation (native, introduced but naturalized, and cultivated) of this site was surveyed between June 20 and July 12, 1986. The primary purpose of this survey was to record all the woody vegetation on the site. Such a documentation might be useful in future restoration of existing woody species on this historical site. This list excludes cultivated species.

The historical site (ca. 65 ha) is part of the Defiance Plateau, with an elevation of ca. 1900 m. The extreme northern part includes Pueblo Colorado Wash and "Hubbell Hill." The soils of this site have been derived from Moenkopian sandstones and are generally low in humus content and nitrogen (Kearney and Peebles 1964). Wind erosion is insignificant compared to the rest of the Navajo Reservation. The relative humidity is low because of the low precipitation (ca. 30 cm per year). The average high temperature in July is ca. 32 C while the average low temperature in January is ca. -11 C.

The vegetation of this area is classified as "Great Basin Microphyll Desert" (Kearney and Peebles 1964). Salt tolerant shrubs such as rabbitbrush (Chrysothamnus nauseosus), snakeweed (Gutierrezia

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sarothrae), fourwing saltbush (Atriplex canescens), and shadescale (A. confertifolia) are important dominants. The ground cover mainly consists of field-bindweed (Convolvulus arvensis). Members of Asteraceae (29 species), Boraginaceae (3 species), Brassicaceae (10 species), Fabaceae (9 species), and Malvaceae (4 species) are commonly seen. Russian olive (Elaeagnus angustifolia), cottonwood (Populus fremontii), and salt cedar (Tamarix chinensis) are dominant along the Pueblo Colorado Wash. On the sand bed, prostrate pigweed (Amaranthus graecizans), sand verbena (Tripterocalyx carnea var. woottonii), spectaclepod (Dimorphocarpa wislizenii), showy primrose (Oenothera speciosa), and Nama retrorsum are frequently found. Buttercups (Ranunculus cymbalaria var. saximontanus), common plantain (Plantago major), and sedges (Scirpus americanus) are commonly associated in the marshes. On the Hubbell Hill, desert plume (Stanleya pinnata) and twinpod (Physaria chambersii) are common along the slopes, and big sagebrush (Artemisia tridentata), jointfir (Ephedra torreyana), and Menodora scabra are abundant at the hilltop. Federal regulations prohibit domestic livestock grazing on this site. Hence, on disturbed sites, alfalfa (Medicago sativa), white sweetclover (Melilotus alba), and yellow sweetclover (M. officinalis) are common. Succulents such as prickly pears (Opuntia spp.) and Spanish bayonet (Yucca angustissima) are uncommon.

The seed plants of Apache County are covered in "Seed Plants of Northern Arizona" (McDougall 1973) and "Arizona Flora" (Kearney and Peebles 1960). Several taxa have been added and nomenclatural corrections made in "A Catalogue of the Flora of Arizona" (Lehr 1978) and subsequent supplements (Lehr and Pinkava 1980, 1982).

The arrangement of groups of vascular plants are in the order of Pteridophytes, Gymnosperms, and Angiosperms (monocotyledons, and dicotyledons); the families, genera, and species in each group are arranged alphabetically. This catalogue, which may serve as a base line study lists 131 species, subspecies, and varieties belonging to 112 genera and 42 families. Nineteen species are listed as new records for Apache County (the names of taxa that were not recorded by McDougall 1973) and are preceded by a single asterisk mark (*) in the list. One species, Alyssum minus was found to be a new state record for Arizona (taxon that was not included by Lehr 1978, and Lehr and Pinkava 1980, 1982), and this name is preceded by double asterisk marks (**). Dudley (1968) reported Alyssum minus in California, Colorado, and Utah, while Martin and Hutchins (1980) do not include this species for New Mexico. The voucher specimens for this study have been deposited in the S. M. Tracy Herbarium (TAES) and at Hubbell Trading Post.

PTERIDOPHYTES

Equisetaceae

Equisetum arvense L.

Horsetail

GYMNOSPERMS

Cupressaceae

Juniperus monosperma (Engelm.) Sarg.

One seeded juniper

Ephedraceae

Ephedra torreyana S. Wats.

Joint fir

Pinaceae

Pinus edulis Engelm.

Pinyon pine

ANGIOSPERMS**Monocotyledons**

Cyperaceae

Scirpus americanus Pers.

Bulrush

Juncaceae

**Juncus xiphiooides* E. Mey.

Three-square bulrush

Liliaceae

Calochortus nuttallii Torr. & Gray

Segolily

Yucca angustissima Engelm.

Spanish bayonet

Poaceae

**Agrostis stolonifera* L.

Red three-awn

Aristida longiseta Steud.

Japanese brome

Bromus japonicus Thurb.

Downy brome

Bromus tectorum L.

Orchard grass

Dactylis glomerata L.

Slender wheatgrass

Elymus trachycaulus (Link) Shinners (*Agropyron trachycaulum* (Link) Malte).

Western wheatgrass

Elytrigia smithii (Rydb.) Nevski (*Agropyron smithii* Rydb., *Elymus smithii* (Rydb.) Gould).

Foxtail barley

Hordeum jubatum L.

Hare barley

Hordeum leporinum Link

Indian ricegrass

Oryzopsis hymenoides (Roem. & Schult.) Ricker

Mutton grass

Poa fendleriana (Steud.) Vasey

Rabbitfoot grass

Polypogon monspeliensis (L.) Desf.

Weeping alkaligrass

**Puccinella distans* (L.) Parl.

Alkali sacaton

Sporobolus airoides (Torr.) Torr.

Columbia needle grass

Stipa columbiana Macoun

Jointed goatgrass

Triticum cylindricum (Host) Ces. (*Aegilops cylindrica* Host)

Dicotyledons

Amaranthaceae

Amaranthus graecizans L. (A. blitoides S. Wats.) Prostrate pigweed
Amaranthus wrightii S. Wats.

Apiaceae

Cymopterus purpureus S. Wats.

Asclepiadaceae

Asclepias subverticillata (Gray) Vail. Whorled milkweed

Asteraceae

Achillea millefolium L. (A. lanulosa Nutt.) Yarrow
Ambrosia sp.
Artemisia tridentata Nutt. Big sagebrush
Carduus nutans L. Musk thistle
Chrysothamnus nauseosus (Pursh) Britt. var. graveolens (Nutt.) Piper
Cirsium ochrocentrum Gray Rubber rabbitbrush
*Cirsium vulgare (Savi) Tenore Yellowspine thistle
Cirsium sp. Bull thistle
Conyza canadensis (L.) Cronq. Horseweed
Erigeron divergens Torr. & Gray Spreading fleabane
Grindelia aphanactis Rydb. Gumweed
Gutierrezia sarothrae (Pursh) Britt. & Rusby Broom snakeweed
Helianthus ciliaris DC. Blueweed
Helianthus petiolaris Nutt. Prairie sunflower
Heterotheca villosa (Pursh) Shinners (Chrysopsis villosa (Pursh) Nutt.) Hairy golden aster
Hymenopappus filifolius Hook. var. lugens (Greene) Jeps.
Hymenopappus filifolius Hook. var. pauciflorus (I. Johnst.) Turner
Hymenoxys richardsonii (Hook.) Cockl. var. floribunda (Gray) Parker. Pinque
*Iva axillaris Pursh Poverty weed
*Lactuca serriola L. Prickly lettuce
Leucelene ericoides (Torr.) Greene (Aster arenosus (Heller) Blake)
Machaeranthera linearis Greene (Aster cichoriaceus (Greene) Blake)
Malacothrix fendleri Gray
Senecio douglasii DC. var. longilobus (Benth.) Benson Threadleaf
Taraxacum officinale Weber Common dandelion
Thelesperma megapotamicum (Spreng.) O. Ktze. Green thread
Tragopogon dubius Scop. Goatsbeard
Xanthium strumarium L. Cocklebur
*Xylorhiza tortifolia (Torr. & Gray) Greene (Aster abatus Blake;
(Machaeranthera tortifolia (Gray) Cronq. & Keck) Desert aster

Boraginaceae

<u>Cryptantha barbigera</u> (Gray) Greene	Bearded cryptantha
<u>Cryptantha jamesii</u> (Torr.) Payson	
<u>Lappula redowskii</u> (Hornem.) Greene var. <u>cupulata</u> (Gray) Jones	

Brassicaceae

** <u>Alyssum minus</u> (L.) Rothmal.	
* <u>Camelina microcarpa</u> Andr. ex DC.	Littlepod
<u>Capsella bursa-pastoris</u> (L.) Medic.	Shepherds purse
<u>Dimorphocarpa wislizenii</u> (Engelm.) Rollins (<u>Dithyrea wislizenii</u> Engelm.)	Spectaclepod
<u>Lepidium perfoliatum</u> L.	Shieldcress
<u>Lesquerella intermedia</u> (Wats.) Heller.	Bladderpod
* <u>Physaria chambersii</u> Rollins	Twinpod
<u>Sisymbrium altissimum</u> L.	Tumble mustard
<u>Stanleya pinnata</u> (Pursh) Britt.	Princes plume
<u>Streptanthus cordatus</u> Nutt. ex Torr. & Gray	Twist flower

Cactaceae

* <u>Opuntia violacea</u> Engelm. var. <u>macrocentra</u> (Engelm.) Benson	Black-spined pricklypear
<u>Opuntia whipplei</u> Engelm. & Bigel.	Whipple cholla

Capparidaceae

<u>Cleome serrulata</u> Pursh	Spiderflower
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Chenopodiaceae

<u>Atriplex canescens</u> (Pursh) Nutt.	Four-wing saltbush
<u>Atriplex confertifolia</u> (Torr. & Frem.) S. Wats.	Shadscale
<u>Chenopodium album</u> L.	Common lambs-quarters
* <u>Kochia scoparia</u> (L.) Schrad. var. <u>subvillosa</u> Moq.	Summer cypress
<u>Salsola iberica</u> Senn. & Pau (<u>S. kali</u> var. <u>tenuifolia</u> Tausch, <u>S. pestifer</u> A. Nels.)	Russian thistle, Tumbleweed

Convolvulaceae

<u>Convolvulus arvensis</u> L.	Field bindweed
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Elaeagnaceae

<u>Elaeagnus angustifolia</u> L.	Russian olive
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Euphorbiaceae

<u>Croton texensis</u> (Klotz.) Muell. Arg.	Doveweed
<u>Euphorbia fendleri</u> Torr. & Gray	Fendler spurge
<u>Euphorbia glyptosperma</u> Engelm.	Rib-seeded sandmat
* <u>Euphorbia maculata</u> L. (<u>E. supina</u> Raf.)	

Fabaceae

<u>*Astragalus castaneiformis</u> S. Wats.	
<u>Lupinus kingii</u> S. Wats.	Kings lupine
<u>Medicago lupulina</u> L.	Black medic
<u>Medicago sativa</u> L.	Alfalfa
<u>Melilotus alba</u> Medic.	White sweetclover
<u>Melilotus officinalis</u> (L.) Lam.	Yellow sweetclover
<u>Oxytropis lambertii</u> Pursh	Lambert locoweed
<u>Parryella filifolia</u> Torr. & Gray ex Gray	
<u>Trifolium repens</u> L.	White clover

Geraniaceae

<u>Erodium cicutarium</u> (L.) L'Her. ex Soland.	Alfileria, Filaree
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Hydrophyllaceae

<u>*Nama retrorsum</u> J.T. Howell

Lamiaceae

<u>Dracocephalum parviflorum</u> Nutt. (<u>Moldavica parviflora</u> (Nutt.) Britt.)	
	Dragon head
<u>Marrubium vulgare</u> L.	Horehound

Linaceae

<u>Linum aristatum</u> Engelm.	Flax
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Loasaceae

<u>Mentzelia pumila</u> (Nutt.) Torr. & Gray	Blazing star, Stick leaf
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Malvaceae

<u>Malva neglecta</u> Wallr.	Common mallow
<u>Sphaeralcea ambigua</u> Gray	
<u>Sphaeralcea coccinea</u> (Nutt.) Rydb.	Scarlet globe-mallow
<u>Sphaeralcea fendleri</u> Gray	Fendler mallow

Nyctaginaceae

<u>Mirabilis linearis</u> (Pursh) Heimerl. (<u>Oxybaphus linearis</u> (Pursh) Robins.)	
<u>Mirabilis multiflora</u> (Torr.) Gray	Colorado four-o'clock
<u>Tripterocalyx carnea</u> (Greene) Galloway var. <u>wootonii</u> (Standl.) Galloway (<u>T. wootonii</u> Standl.)	Sand verbena

Oleaceae

<u>Menodora scabra</u> Gray

Onagraceae

<u>Gaura parviflora</u> Dougl. ex Lehm.	Lizardtail
* <u>Oenothera caespitosa</u> Nutt. var. <u>jonesii</u> Munz.	Primrose
* <u>Oenothera speciosa</u> Nutt.	Showy primrose

Papaveraceae

<u>Argemone munita</u> Dur. & Hilg.	Prickly poppy
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Plantaginaceae

<u>Plantago major</u> L.	Common plantain
<u>Plantago patagonica</u> Jacq. var. <u>gnaphaloides</u> (Nutt.) Gray (<u>P. purshii</u> Roem. & Schult.)	

Polemoniaceae

<u>Gilia subnuda</u> Torr. ex Gray

Polygonaceae

<u>Eriogonum cernuum</u> Nutt.	Wild buckwheat, Nodding eriogonum
<u>Polygonum aviculare</u> L.	Prostrate knotweed
* <u>Polygonum Tapathifolium</u> L.	Willow smartweed
<u>Rumex mexicanus</u> Meisn.	Dockweed

Portulacaceae

<u>Portulaca oleracea</u> L.	Common parslane
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Ranunculaceae

<u>Ranunculus cymbalaria</u> Pursh ssp. <u>saximontanus</u> (Fern.) Thorne	Buttercup, Crowfoot
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Salicaceae

<u>Populus fremontii</u> S. Wats.	Fremont cottonwood
<u>Salix exigua</u> Nutt.	Coyote willow

Scrophulariaceae

<u>Castilleja linariifolia</u> Benth.	Indian paintbrush
<u>Veronica americana</u> Schwein. ex Benth.	Speedwell

Solanaceae

<u>Chamaesaracha coronopus</u> (Dunal) Gray	Small groundcherry
<u>Lycium pallidum</u> Miers	Wolfberry
* <u>Physalis virginiana</u> Mill. var. <u>sonorae</u> (Torr.) Waterfall (<u>P. lanceolata</u> Michx., <u>P. longifolia</u> Nutt.)	Longleaf groundcherry
<u>Solanum rostratum</u> Dunal	Buffalobur

Tamaricaceae

Tamarix chinensis Lour. (T. pentandra sensu K. & P.) Salt cedar

Verbenaceae

Verbena bracteata Lag. & Rodr. Prostrate vervain

Zygophyllaceae

Tribulus terrestris L. Puncture vine, Cadillo

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