NOVELTIES IN CLERMONTIA AND CYANEA (LOBELIACEAE) HAWAIIAN PLANT STUDIES 79

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Below are described three new endemic members of the <u>Lobeliaceae</u> in the Hawaiian flora.

Clermontia tuberculata Forbes, var. <u>subtuberculata</u> var. nov.

Diagnosis Holotypi: A species differt in petiolis laminis et inflorescentiis cum tuberculis minutis et remotis.

Diagnosis of Holotype: Differs from <u>C. tuberculata</u> by having the tubercles of petioles, leaf surfaces, and inflorescence sparse and minute.

Holotypus: Hawaiian Islands, east Maui Island, Hana Forest Reserve, on ridge aboe n. rim of Kipahulu Valley, with <u>Myrsine</u>, <u>Broussaisia</u>, <u>Cyrtandra</u>, <u>Metrosideros</u>, and <u>Cheirodendron</u>, 6,000 ft alt., 29.VI. 1973, Betsy Harrison 289 (BISH).

Specimens Examined: Hawaiian Islands, east Maui Island, Hana Forest Reserve, along ridge above n. rim of Kipahulu Valley, with <u>Brousassia</u>, <u>Vaccinium</u>, and <u>Cheirodendron</u>, 5,950 ft alt., 29.VI. 1973, <u>Harrison 288</u> (BISH).

Cyanea Grimesiana Gaud., var. Obatae var. nov. Fig. 1.

Diagnosis Holotypi: A specie differt in corollis in alabastris in parte ½ infera in lineis albi-hirsutulis nuper glabratis, lobis calycis 3-8 mm longis 2-2.5 mm latis integribus acutis eis majoribus planis ligulatis illis minoribus deltoideis.

Diagnosis of Holotype: Differing from var. <u>Grimesiana</u> by having the corolla tube in bud white hirsutulous in lines on the lower half, later glabrate; and in the calyx lobes 3-8 mm long, 2-2.5 mm wide, entire, acute, the larger ones plane, ligulate, but the smaller ones deltoid.

Holotypus: Hawaiian Islands, Oahu Island, Waianae Mts., Kaluaa Gulch, 2,000 ft alt., Nov. 28, 1965 John Obata (BISH). Discussion: <u>C. Grimesiana</u> Gaud., var. <u>Grimesiana</u> also grows in the Waianae Mts., and commonly in the Koolau Range. It differs from the above variety by having the corolla tube glabrous, and the calyx lobes 15-38 mm long, 5-12 mm wide, lanceolate, with undulate margins.

This new variety is dedicated to the collector, John K. Obata (1925-), science teacher at Kawananakoa School, Honolulu.

Cyanea longissima (Rock) comb. nov.

<u>C. scabra</u> Hbd., var. <u>longissima</u> Rock, B. P. Bishop Mus., Mem. 7(2): 259, 1919; E. Wimm., Engler's Pflanzenreich IV, 276b: 66, 1956; St. John, Pacif. Trop. Bot. Gard., Mem. 1: 342, 1973.

Holotypus: Hawaiian Islands, Maui Island, Honomany ditch trail, swampy shaded woods, Mt. Haleakala, April, 1911, <u>J. F. Rock 8,790</u> (BISH).

Discussion: This plant differs from <u>C. scabra</u> in being unared throughout; petioles 3-5 cm long, decurrent margined; blades 30-50 cm long, narrowly oblanceolate; peduncle 8-15 mm long; calyx lobes 2-3 mm long, narrowly deltoid, glabrous; corolla glabrous. <u>C. scabra</u> has the stems prickly; petioles 6.2-10 cm long, marginless, with stout prickles; blades 18-34 cm long, elliptic to broadly elliptic oblanceolate; peduncle 1.5-7 cm long, hispid; calyx lobes 4-6 mm long, obovate to oblanceolate, hispid; corolla tube hispid and the lobes muricate.

<u>C. longissima</u>, of the wet, north side of Haleakala, is judged to be specifically distinct from <u>C. scabra</u>, of both east and west Maui.

<u>C. longissima</u> is known only from the abundant type collection.

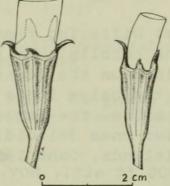


Fig. 1. <u>Cyanea Grimesiana</u> Gaud., var. <u>Obatae</u> St. John, calyx, corolla base, X 2.



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