close to t. a. line, rather narrowly shaded with white externally. S. t. line black scalloped, inclined to be fragmentary, especially heavy at costa and just before reaching inner margin. Costa inclined to be lighter than ground colour, especially outer half, dotted with black. Orbicular large, round, bordered by a fine black line, within which is a narrow white shade, centre filled with green. Reniform large, upright, constricted, black ringed, a white ring lining the black encroaches largely on the green filling, dividing it into an upper and a lower patch. Fringes whitish, checkered with bronze between the veins. At the inner angle the check extends through the terminal space to the s. t. line, forming a conspicuous quadrangular bronze patch. Hind wings white, tinged with pale green outwardly, a few dark scales at inner angle. Fringes checkered white and pale green. Beneath pale greenish, lower portions of both wings lighter, markings of upper surface traceable. There is a rather prominent patch of dark scales on costa at inception of s. t. line, and in some specimens indications of one or two other costal patches. Types 2 pair in my collection. Huachuca Mts., Arizona.

TABLE TO SEPARATE THE GENERA AND SUBGENERA OF COCCIDÆ RELATED TO LECANIUM.*

BY T. D. A. COCKERELL AND P. J. PARROTT.

The following table of the forms related to *Lecanium* must be regarded as provisional, pending a thorough study of the different stages of the now very numerous described species. Certain species will be found not to fit into the table at all, but we defer the proposal of new generic names for them, pending further studies:

- 1. Female flat or slightly convex, legs and antennæ slender, normal... 5.

- 5. Female with marginal hairs: body soft, moderately

Female with marginal hairs; skin hard, with large tessella-

Female with marginal fan-shaped scales Paralecanium, Ckll.

^{*}A continuation of the tables in CANAD. ENTOM., Nov., 1899, p. 333. This part completes the Lecaniinæ.

6.	Skin microscopically tessellated; holarctic group Eulecanium, Ckll. Skin with polygonal areas containing pits; tropical
	group
7.	Male scale of the Lecanium type; holarctic
	group
	Male scale subcylindrical, felted, with a glassy operculum; Aus-
	tralian
8.	Adult female only moderately convex; antennæ short, tapering from a broad base; subterranean form of the
	holarctic region Lecanopsis, Targioni.
	Not so9.
9.	Adult female covered with a more or less distinct glassy test; skin
	crowded with large glands Neolecanium, Parrott, n. subg.
	(Type Lecanium imbricatum, Ckll.)
	Not so
10.	Mentum of female prolonged, forming a transversely corrugated
	sheath Myxolecanium, Beccari.
	Mouth-parts normal
II.	Larva greatly elongated, with parallel sides; adult female without
	legs or antennæ
	Larva otherwise; female very convex
12.	Adult female dark red-brown, very convex, abdominal region con-
	spicuously segmented; antennæ short and thick, 6 jointed; legs
	very short, rudimentary; Australian Alecanopsis, Ckll., n. gen.
	(Type A. filicum = Lecanopsis filicum, Mask., 1893.)
	Adult female not thus segmented; American Toumeyella, Ckll.

SOME EXPERIMENTS IN THE EXPORTATION OF BENE-FICIAL INSECTS.*

BY F. M. WEBSTER, WOOSTER, OHIO.

I do not wish by this title to imply that there is not to be another phase to this experiment, but owing to climatic differences between Ohio and South Africa, whereby our winter months are their summer months, the export side of the problem came first. Next autumn, in South Africa, but spring with us, the tide of transportation will set in in the other direction.

Mr. Chas. P. Lounsbury, Colonial Entomologist at Cape Town, South

^{*} Read before the Ohio State Academy of Science, Dec. 26, 1900.



Cockerell, Theodore D. A. and Parrott, P J. 1901. "Table to separate the genera and subgenera of Coccidae related to Lecanium." *The Canadian entomologist* 33, 57–58. https://doi.org/10.4039/Ent3357-2.

View This Item Online: https://www.biodiversitylibrary.org/item/22101

DOI: https://doi.org/10.4039/Ent3357-2

Permalink: https://www.biodiversitylibrary.org/partpdf/17679

Holding Institution

MBLWHOI Library

Sponsored by

MBLWHOI Library

Copyright & Reuse

Copyright Status: NOT_IN_COPYRIGHT

This document was created from content at the **Biodiversity Heritage Library**, the world's largest open access digital library for biodiversity literature and archives. Visit BHL at https://www.biodiversitylibrary.org.