## STUDIES IN THE EUPATORIEAE (COMPOSITAE). XXVIII.

## THE GENUS PRAXELIS

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A group of sparingly branched South American species with highly conical receptacles have often been distinguished under the names <u>Praxelis</u> or <u>Ooclinium</u>. Many of the species are notable for the long scapose heads with easily deciduous phyllaries which make the receptacles very prominent. There have been some problems, however, in defining the limits of the group.

Although often placed remote from each other as sections of the genus <u>Eupatorium</u>, <u>Praxelis</u> and <u>Chromolaena</u> (including section <u>Cylindrocephala</u>) are actually very closely related. We here define <u>Praxelis</u> as those species which have distinctly enlarged cells in the carpopodium, a very high conical receptacle, more flattened achenes, and less distinct rows of phyllaries. On this basis some of the species that have been placed in <u>Praxelis</u> prove to be Chromolaena.

In the area of greatest concentration of the genus, Brazil, there are two closely related monotypic genera. <u>Praxeliopsis</u> G.M. Barroso is distinguished by the reduced pappus setae. <u>Eupatoriopsis</u> Hieronymus has the pappus reduced to a short fringe but also has very broad flat obcordate achenes.

A few characters help to show the relationships between the genera. In most of the species there is a characteristic anther collar with a broader base and annular thickenings which run vertically in some cells. The papillosity on the inner surface of the corolla lobes continues well down the inside of the corolla tube in <u>Praxelis</u>, <u>Eupatoriopsis</u> and some species of <u>Chromolaena</u>. In most species in this group of genera the apex of the anther appendage is rather serrate, but this condition becomes extreme in the highly lobed appendages of a few species of <u>Praxelis</u>.

Praxelis Cassini, Dict. Sci. Nat. 43: 261. 1826

Haberlea Pohl ex Baker in Martius, Fl. Bras. 6(2): 341. 1876.

Ooclinium A. P. Decandolle, Prod. 5: 133. 1836.

Eupatorium Section Praxelis (Cass.) Benth.

Sparingly branched herbs or subshrubs; leaves opposite, ovate to elliptical, margin subentire to sharply serrate.

Inflorescence monocephalic to very laxly corymbose; heads 25-30 flowered; involucre of 15-25 long imbricate, unequal deciduous phyllaries in 3-4 series; receptacle highly conical, glabrous. Corolla tubular with scarcely constricted base; outer surface smooth with some projecting cells usually at tips of lobes, with a few glands, without stomates; inner surface of lobes papillose with a dense layer of long projecting cells, cells inside of corolla tube narrow with sinuous walls with upper ends projecting. Anther collar composed of numerous quadrate cells below, elongate cells above, all with prominent ornate banding on walls, bands transverse in elongate cells and oblique or vertical in many of the short cells; exothecial cells mostly about as long as wide; anther appendage large, usually toothed but sometimes highly dissected at apex; pollen spherical, tricolpate, spinose. Style without basal node; surface cells of stylar appendage long projecting. Achene flattened, 3-4 costate, bearing scattered setae on costae and surfaces; carpopodium distinct, highly asymetric, cells clear, quadrate or elongate with thin firm walls; embryo usually borne high in the achene on a distinct highly vascularized stalk, lower end of embryo projecting below insertion of stalk and partially sclerotized, basal vasculature of achene united to well above level of carpopodium; pappus of ca. 40 slender, scrabrous, presistent setae, with pointed apical cells. Chromosome number determined as X = 20 (Turner & Irwin, 1960).

Type species: <u>Praxelis</u> <u>villosa</u> Cassini = <u>P. pauciflora</u> (H.B.K.) R.M.King & H.Robinson.

Our studies indicate that the genus contains the following thirteen species.

- Praxelis asperulacea (Baker) R.M.King & H.Robinson, comb. nov. <u>Eupatorium asperulaceum</u> Baker in Mart., Fl. Bras. 6(2): 292. 1876. Brasil.
- Praxelis basifolia (Malme) R.M.King & H.Robinson, comb. nov. <u>Eupatorium</u> basifolium Malme, Arkiv. Bot. Stockh. 24A, No 8, 30. 1932. Brasil.

Praxelis capillaris Sch.-Bip., Pollichia 22-24: 254. 1866. Brasil.

- Praxelis clematidea (Griseb.) R.M.King & H. Robinson, comb. nov. <u>Eupatorium</u> clematideum Griseb. in Goett., Abh. 19: 172. 1879. Argentina, Bolivia.
- Praxelis conoclinanthia (Hieron.) R.M.King & H.Robinson, comb. nov. <u>Eupatorium conoclinanthium</u> Hieron., Engl. Bot. Jahrb. 40: 388. 1908. Bolivia.

Praxelis grandiflora (A.P.Decandolle) R.M.King & H.Robinson,

194

comb. nov. <u>Ooclinium</u> grandiflorum A.P.Decandolle, Prodr. 5: 134. 1836. Brasil.

- Praxelis insignis (Malme) R.M.King & H.Robinson, comb. nov. <u>Eupatorium insigne</u> Malme, Arkiv. Bot. Stockh. 24 (8): 28. 1932. Brasil.
- Praxelis karuaiensis (Badillo) R.M.King & H.Robinson, comb. nov. <u>Eupatorium karuaiense</u> Badillo, Bot. Soc. Venezolana Cienc. Nat. 10: 294. 1946. Venezuela.
- Praxelis kleinioides (H.B.K.) Sch.-Bip., Pollichia 22-24: 254. 1866. Eupatorium kleinioides H.B.K., Nov. Gen. et Sp. 4: 120. ed. fol. 1818. Bolivia, Brasil, Colombia, Peru, Venezuela.
- Praxelis missiona (Malme) R.M.King & H.Robinson, comb. nov. <u>Eupatorium missionum</u> Malme, Arkiv. Bot. Stockh. 24 A (6): 35. 1932. Argentina, Brasil.
- Praxelis odontodactyla (B.L.Robinson) R.M.King & H.Robinson, comb. nov. <u>Eupatorium odontodactylum B.L.Robinson</u>, Contr. Gray Herb. n.s. 75: 10. 1925. Brasil.
- Praxelis ostenii (B.L.Robinson) R.M.King & H.Robinson, comb. nov. <u>Eupatorium</u> ostenii B.L.Robinson, Ostenia 356. 1933. Paraguay.
- Praxelis pauciflora (H.B.K.) R.M.King & H.Robinson, comb. nov. <u>Eupatorium pauciflorum</u> H.B.K., Nov. Gen. et Sp. 4: 120. ed. fol. 1818. Brasil, Colombia, Peru, Venezuela.

## Literature Cited

Turner, B. L. & H. S. Irwin. 1960. Chromosome numbers in the Compositae II. Meiotic counts for fourteen species of Brazilian Compositae. Rhodora 62: 122-126.



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