Phytologia (Feb 2004) 86(1)

# THE STATUS OF CAREX TENAX CHAPMAN (CYPERACEAE) IN THE WEST GULF COASTAL PLAIN

# Michael H. MacRoberts, Suzanne Birmingham Walker, & Barbara R. MacRoberts

Bog Research, 740 Columbia, Shreveport, Louisiana 71104, U.S.A. & Herbarium, Museum of Life Sciences, Louisiana State University in Shreveport, Shreveport, Louisiana 71115, U.S.A.

14671 State Highway 87 South, Shelbyville, Texas 75973, U.S.A.

#### ABSTRACT

*Carex tenax* Chapman is uncommon over much of its range. Recent discoveries of new locations of this species in east Texas prompts this review of its status in the West Gulf Coastal Plain, where it is now known from six counties in east Texas and three parishes in adjacent Louisiana. It occurs in xeric sandylands and arenic dry uplands, and its absence in many apparently suitable sites suggests that the species is truly rare in the West Gulf Coastal Plain.

**KEY WORDS:** Carex tenax Chapman, Cyperaceae, West Gulf Coastal Plain.

*Carex tenax* is endemic to the Atlantic and Gulf Coastal plains, extending from North Carolina to east Texas (Ball 2002). It is reported as being rare in Florida, Louisiana, and North Carolina (Kartesz & Meacham 1999). In the West Gulf Coastal Plain, it is known from Texas (Correll & Johnston 1970; Turner et al. 2003) and Louisiana (Thomas & Allen 1993) but has not been found in Arkansas (Hyatt 1998) or Oklahoma (Taylor & Taylor 1989). In Louisiana, it is listed as an S2 species (Louisiana Natural Heritage Program 1999) and is reported from Natchitoches and Vernon parishes (MacRoberts &

#### 24 Phytologia (Feb 2004) 86(1)

MacRoberts 1995a; Thomas & Allen 1993). In Texas, it has been reported from Hardin County only (Correll & Johnston 1970; Matos & Rudolph 1985; Turner et al. 2003). It is not currently listed as rare in Texas (Texas Natural Heritage Program 1995; Texas Organization of Endangered Species 1993), although it once was (Matos & Rudolph 1985).

We recently located C. tenax in Shelby and San Augustine counties, Texas, and at a new location in Hardin Co., Texas. In Shelby Co., we found it at three sites within a one mile radius centering on 31° 39' 50"N and 94° 14' 40"W, which is about 9.5 miles SSW of Center. The single San Augustine Co. site is about 13 miles south of Center at 31° 35' 54" N and 94° 11' 37" W. The new Hardin Co. site is in the Turkey Creek Unit of the Big Thicket National Preserve on the Sandhill Loop of the Kirby Nature Trail. These new sites ranged in elevation from 75 to 426 feet. All are found in xeric sandylands (grossarenic dry uplands, arenic dry uplands) (MacRoberts & MacRoberts 1995a; Turner et al. 1999). Carex tenax was found almost invariably near or under an oak or pine (several areas had pine plantations) in partial shade. Our observations on the species in Louisiana and Texas are similar: the species, while inhabiting open xeric sandylands, apparently prefers to be in partial shade and is an "edge" species. Plant associates include Berlandiera pumila, Bulbostylis ciliatifolia, Carya texana, Cnidoscolus texanus, Croptilon divaricatum, Croton glandulosus, C. michauxii, Cyperus grayioides, C. retrofractus, Dalea villosa, Diodia teres, Eriogonum longifolium, E. multiflorum, Froelichia floridana, Helianthus debilis, Liatris elegans, Loeflingia squarrosa, Matelea cynanchoides, Mimosa hystricina, Mirabilis albida, Monarda punctata, Opuntia humifusa, Paspalum setaceum, Penstemon murrayanus, Paronychia drummondii, Polanisia erosa var. erosa, Quercus incana, Q. margaretta, Selaginella arenicola ssp. riddellii, Stylisma pickeringii, Tradescantia reverchonii, Yucca louisianensis (authorities can be read in Kartesz & Meacham 1999). The habitat in which C. tenax occurs --- xeric sandylands and arenic dry uplands--- is found virtually throughout the West Gulf Coastal Plains (McBryde 1933; Bridges & Orzell 1989; MacRoberts & MacRoberts 1994, 1995b, 1995b, 1996; MacRoberts et al. 2002a,



Figure 1. Distribution of Carex tenax in the West Gulf Coastal Plain.

2002b; Turner et al. 1999). Searches for *C. tenax* in northwestern Louisiana have failed to locate a population (MacRoberts & MacRoberts 1995b) as have searches for the species in Texas in the Post Oak Savanna region, e.g., xeric sites in Anderson County (MacRoberts et al. 2002a; Singhurst et al. in prep.). The absence of *C. tenax* in apparently suitable sites in east Texas and west Louisiana suggests that the species is truly rare in the West Gulf Coastal Plain.

We searched, or had curators search, ASTC, BRCH, BRIT, VDB, TAMU, SBSC, LSU, LSUS, SFRP, and TEX. We also contacted knowledgeable individuals who might have additional information. As a result we located specimens of *C. tenax* from Bienville Parish, Louisiana (Phil Hyatt, pers. comm.) and Newton and Tyler counties, Texas (Edwin Bridges and Steve Orzell, pers. comm.). These specimens also come from xeric sandyland and arenic dry upland

## 26 Phytologia (Feb 2004) 86(1)

habitat. Figure 1 shows the known county/parish locations for *C. tenax* in the West Gulf Coastal Plain.

DOCUMENTATION: LOUISIANA: Bienville Parish: (Hyatt 8368 [SFRP] 8370 [MICH]), Natchitoches Parish: (MacRoberts & MacRoberts 2282 [VDB], 2294 [NLU], 2334 [LSU], 2356 [LSUS]), Vernon Parish: (Thieret 30144 [LAF], Hyatt 8224 [MICH]). TEXAS: Hardin Co.: (Orzell & Bridges 8900 [MICH], Brown 4502 [ASTC]. Matos & Rudolph 556 [ASTC]), MacRoberts & MacRoberts 5631 [TEX], Singhurst 2494 [BAYLU]), Jasper Co.: (Singhurst & Bridges 12,419 [BAYLU]), Newton Co.: (Orzell & Bridges 6322 [to be deposited]), San Augustine Co.: (MacRoberts, MacRoberts & Walker 4907 [TEX]), Shelby Co.: (MacRoberts, MacRoberts & Walker 4695 [VDB]), Tyler Co.: (Orzell & Bridges 9105 [MICH]).

# ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Billie Turner, Larry Brown, Stanley Jones, Phil Hyatt, Steve Orzell, and Edwin Bridges aided with this study as did the curators and staff of all herbaria cited.

## LITERATURE CITED

- Ball, P.W. 2002. Carex Linnaeus sect. Hallerianae. Pp. 487-489. In: Flora of North America Editorial Committee (ed.). Flora of North America. Vol. 23. Oxford University Press, New York.
- Bridges, E.L. & S.L. Orzell 1989. Longleaf pine communities of the west gulf coastal plain. Natural Areas Journal 9:246-263.
- Correll, D.S. & M.C. Johnston. 1970. Manual of the Vascular Plants of Texas. Texas Research Foundation, Renner, Texas.
- Hyatt, P.E. 1998. Arkansas *Carex* (Cyperaceae): a briefly annotated list. Sida 18:535-554.

- Kartesz, J.T. & C.A. Meacham. 1999. Synthesis of North American Flora. Version 1.0. North Carolina Botanical Garden, Chapel Hill, North Carolina.
- Louisiana Natural Heritage Program. 1999. Rare plant species of Louisiana. Unpublished report. Louisiana Department of Wildlife and Fisheries. Baton Rouge, Louisiana.
- MacRoberts, M.H. & B.R. MacRoberts. 1994. Floristics of a xeric sandyland in western Louisiana. Phytologia 77:414-424.
- MacRoberts, M.H. & B.R. MacRoberts. 1995a. Noteworthy vascular plant collections on the Kisatchie National Forest, Louisiana. Phytologia 78:291-313.
- MacRoberts, B.R. & M.H. MacRoberts. 1995b. Floristics of xeric sandhills in northwestern Louisiana. Phytologia 79:123-131.
- MacRoberts, B.R. & M.H. MacRoberts. 1996. Floristics of xeric sandhills in east Texas. Phytologia 80:1-7.
- MacRoberts, B.R., M.H. MacRoberts, & J.C. Cathey. 2002a. Floristics of xeric sandylands in the Post Oak Savanna region of east Texas. Sida 20:373-386.
- MacRoberts, M.H., B.R. MacRoberts, B. Sorrie, & R. Evans. 2002b. Endemism in the West Gulf Coastal Plain: importance of xeric habitat. Sida 20:767-779.
- McBryde, J.B. 1933. The vegetation and habitat factors of the Carrizo Sands. Ecol. Monogr. 3:247-297.
- Matos, J.A. & D.C. Rudolph. 1985. The vegetation of the Roy E. Larsen Sandylands Sanctuary in the Big Thicket of Texas. Castanea 50:228-249.

- Singhurst, J.R., J. Cathey, D. Prochaska, H. Haucke, & W.C. Holmes. in prep. Vascular flora of Gus Engeling Wildlife Management Area, Anderson County, Texas. Unpublished Report, Texas Parks and Wildlife, Austin, Texas.
- Taylor, R.J. & C.E.S. Taylor 1989. An annotated list of the ferns, fern allies, gymnosperms and flowering plants of Oklahoma. Southeastern Oklahoma State Univ., Durant, Oklahoma.
- Texas Natural Heritage Program.1995. Special plant list. Unpublished report. Texas Parks and Wildlife Department, Austin, Texas.
- Texas Organization for Endangered Species. 1993. Endangered, threatened and watch lists of Texas plants. Publ. 9, Austin, Texas.
- Thomas, R.D. & C.M. Allen. 1993. Atlas of the vascular flora of Louisiana. Louisiana Dept. Wildlife and Fisheries, Baton Rouge, Louisiana.
- Turner, B.L., H. Nichols, G. Denny & O. Doron. 2003. Atlas of the vascular plants of Texas. Sida, Bot. Misc. 24:1-888.
- Turner, R.L., J.E. Van Kley, L.S. Smith, & R.E. Evans. 1999. Ecological classification system of the national forests and adjacent areas of the West Gulf Coastal Plain. The Nature Conservancy, Nacogdoches, Texas.



MacRoberts, Barbara R., MacRoberts, Michael H., and Walker, Suzanne Birmingham. 2004. "The status of Carex tenax Chapman (Cyperaceae) in the west gulft coastal plain." *Phytologia* 86(1), 23–28.

View This Item Online: <u>https://www.biodiversitylibrary.org/item/46859</u> Permalink: <u>https://www.biodiversitylibrary.org/partpdf/220264</u>

Holding Institution New York Botanical Garden, LuEsther T. Mertz Library

**Sponsored by** The LuEsther T Mertz Library, the New York Botanical Garden

**Copyright & Reuse** Copyright Status: In copyright. Digitized with the permission of the rights holder. Rights Holder: Phytologia License: <u>http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc-sa/3.0/</u> Rights: <u>https://biodiversitylibrary.org/permissions</u>

This document was created from content at the **Biodiversity Heritage Library**, the world's largest open access digital library for biodiversity literature and archives. Visit BHL at https://www.biodiversitylibrary.org.