DONATIONS.

From the Hon. W. H. Suttor, Minister for Mines: Maps of the Hartley Coal Fields, prepared by C. S. Wilkinson, Esq., F.G.S.

From the Melbourne University, Calendar for 1877-78.

From the Societe Entomologique de Belgique, Compte Rendu, Part 45 of Serie II.

From Captain Hutton—Geology of Otago, by Hutton and Ulrich, and the following by the Donor: - Nest and Eggs of some New Zealand Birds; Structure of Leaf of Phormium Tenax; New Zealand Flax and its manufacture; Mechanical Principles involved in the flight of the Albatross; Sailing Flight of the Albatross—Reply to J. S. Webb; Modifications of the Capsules of Mosses; Moa Remains from the Knobby Ranges; Geographical Relations of New Zealand Fauna; New Zealand Sertularians; Relation between the Pareora and Ahuriri Formations; Contributions to the Ichthyology of New Zealand; New Zealand Delphinidæ; Cause of the former great extension of the Glacier in New Zealand; New Starfishes; Birds inhabiting the Southern Ocean; Zoology; New Genus of Rallidæ; New Tertiary Shells in the Otago Museum; Geological Structure of the Thames Gold Field; New Species of New Zealand Myriopoda; Peripatus Novæ Zealandiæ; Younger Formations of New Zealand; Date of the last Great Glacier Period in New Zealand.

PAPERS READ.

Description of a species of Myiolestes, from Fiji.

By E. P. RAMSAY, F.L.S.

MYIOLESTES NIGROGULARIS. *

Adult male. Crown of the head, mantle, and chest, ashy greyish-brown; back, wings, and all the upper surface of the

^{*} Since the above has been in type I have ascertained that this *Myiolestes* has been previously described by Mr. E. L. Layard, under the name of *Lalage nigrogularis*. I am sure ornithologists will excuse me for not anticipating that Mr. Layard's "*Lalage*," of which I had not at that time seen a description, would prove to be a typical *Myiolestes*! I leave the description as it may be of use to ornithologists who may have been similarly misled; Mr. Layard's name of *nigrogularis* must, of course, stand.

body and tail, brown, of an olive brown on the outer webs of wings and tail, and slightly tinged with olive on the rump and upper tail-coverts; under surface of the wing and tail-quills brown, the shafts of the feathers white; the inner webs of the primaries and secondaries on the under side narrowly margined with pale reddish brown, lesser under wing-coverts and margins of the shoulder below black, axilliaries whitish grey; ear-coverts slightly produced silky white; lores, sides of the face and the whole of the chin and throat extending to the chest and to behind the white ear-coverts, jet black; the black over the eye extends on the sides of the neck and sometimes across the nape, quite encircling the ashy grey of the crown of the head; chest, breast, and abdomen, ashy grey; flanks and under tail-coverts washed with olive or rufous brown; the tips of all the tail feathers slightly, and the two outer more distinctly tinged with fulvous; bill bluish horn color above and below, the inner margins white to the tip.

Immature males have the throat and sides of head and the chest ashy white, a black line behind the ear-coverts in some joins a black superciliary stripe extending from the black lores; the throat is mottled white and black. It is only in the fully adult (3?) that the black extends across the nape.

Total length 8.3 in., wing 4 in., tail 3.5, tarsus 1.05, bill from forehead 1.2 in, from gape 1.3, height 0.4.

Measurements of immature species, all marked as males:-

| | Inches. | | | | | | |
|---------------|---------|-----|-----|------|--|------|--|
| Total length | | | 8.5 | 8.4 | | 8.1 | |
| Wing | | | 4 | 4 | | 4 | |
| Tail | | | 3.7 | 3.9 | | 3.6 | |
| Tarsus | | | 0.9 | 1 | | 1 | |
| Bill from for | ehead | | 1.1 | 1.15 | | 1.2 | |
| ,, ,, ga | ре | ••• | 1.2 | 1 | | 1.25 | |
| " " nos | stril | | 0.7 | 0.7 | | 0.8 | |
| " in heigh | it | | 0:4 | 0.4 | | 0.4 | |

I am by no means certain that the young of this species may not prove identical with Mr. E. L. Layard's Myiolestes maxima, but as

the only specimen obtained by Pearce was purchased from him without his knowledge while he was at Levuka, I have, consequently, no means of ascertaining whether they are distinct or not. The young of this species would answer well with Mr. Layard's description of M. maxima as far as it goes, but Mr. Layard distinctly states his specimen to be a male; now even the young males in M. nigrogularis show black on the throat, which is not mentioned in the description of M. maxima.

VITIA RUFICAPILLA, Ramsay.

In the same collection from which I obtained the above described *Myiolestes* I also found fine specimens of *Vitia ruficapilla*, which I observe has been inadvertently re-described by Dr. Finsch, under the name *Drymochæra badiceps*.

EXHIBITS.

Mr. Masters exhibited albino specimens of the Common Magpie, Gymnorhina tibicen, Tropidorhyncus buceroides, Climacteris scandens, and Grallina picata, all differing very remarkably in plumage from the typical forms.

MONDAY, APRIL 29TH, 1878.

W. J. STEPHENS Esq., M.A., President, in the Chair.

DONATIONS.

- From La Societe Entomologique de Belgique: Compte Rendu Serie II, Nos. 46 and 47; also, The Annals of the Society for 1877.
- From Baron F. Von Mueller: Vol. X. Fragmenta Phytographia Australiæ.
- From the Royal Society, Edinburgh: Proceedings 1875-76 and 1876-77.
- From La Société Hollandaise des Sciences à Haarlem: Archives Néerlandaises des Sciences Exactes et Naturelles.
- From the Auckland Institute, New Zealand: Report for 1877.



Ramsay, Edward Pearson. 1878. "Description of a species of Myiolestes, from Fiji." *Proceedings of the Linnean Society of New South Wales* 3, 12–14. https://doi.org/10.5962/bhl.part.22207.

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