

Now, my dear Dr. Gray, as I have taken no copy of my last letter and notes to you, and my memory is very poor, I am at a loss to know which of Nos. 11 & 13, which I now send you again, is what you consider a new form. As for me, I have no more doubt in my mind about No. 11 being the true Baldwinia. No. 13 is what I now regard as a new form, and perhaps a new species. I have a stout specimen which is straight, but very slender, almost thread like, with short branches and long intervals of little P. Lindheimeri, which it resembles perfectly at first sight; but no longer, when you look at the sepals which in one are divaricate at top and curved, and are acute and without awn. In my two specimens of new form, one in short intervals, the other are long. The same might take place in the two species, P. setacea and P. Lindheimeri, and I am the more inclined to believe them as belonging to the same plant. The other characters of minutely pubescent and shorter awns are of no great weight. (which of $\frac{1}{2}$ or $\frac{1}{3}$ in Siphocleia americana of Schultesworst?)

Every year, my dearest, and much obliged for your condescension to listen to a poor botanist like me, with eyes unwell to see the glass.

L. Durand

Phil. 28th July 58.)

Dear Dr. Gray,

After receiving your last favor of 25th instant, I brought together all the specimens of Paronychia, &c., which were in the three herbaria I have at my disposal, and found that with your P. Sonchiflora, I had all the north am. species that have been noted + two new forms, one of which might prove a sp. species. I enumerate them as follows:

1. Paronychia

1. Dumosinoides, Thell.

2. Setaea, Thell. (barely distinguishable from the following)

3. Indistinctly diff. flgs. (in my herb. was put this, but Wright's specimen no. 26. was labeled). The most striking character in P. Indist. is the peculiar length of its internodes, more than double those of setaea; might prove, however, a diff. form only.

4. Semiflora, Nutt. (this name, as several others are so)

5. Jamesii, T. H. G. (marked P. laevicaulis, Nutt. M. of Columbia River)

Var. depressa, Thell. P. depressa, Nutt. Very diff. aspect!

6. biflorata, Nutt. 1. The Paronychia species cannot all be written up.

7. argyracoma, Nutt.

Var. leucocarpa, P. S. Green, Nutt. Arkansas, of which I send you a specimen.

8. fermarioides, Nutt. Hornaria americana, Collis

9. laevigata, Nutt.

10. biflorata, Nutt.

Var. Capillacea, Torr.

11. Baldwinii, Thell. (relabelled) by you in herb. No. 36, where it was under the name of Siphonochila uncinaria, (Witham's second) new species of Angelicae and Thermaricaceae. I mark this by Dr. Baldwin, St. Mary, and labelled by myself — by the generally decurrent flowers, having below in the calyx sinus bracketed in the form of a cat's eye. Sometimes on a whole plant, you can scarcely find a single sterile habit of Angelica and a true Paronychia. Paronychia Regalis, Thell. Handled by Nutt. 1st variety of Herbaria Americana. 2nd Paronychia fastigata. 3rd A smaller specimen, P. glomerata. The plant I sent you first as new.

12. " "

This is what I now consider as an undescribed, whether a variety of the above, or a new species. I send to you now other specimen marked No. 13. It was in collins' herb. received from Dr. Baldwin, St. Mary, and labelled by myself — Angelia florida. A small spec. of the same in herb. Ac. sc. is labelled by Nuttall P. glomerata, although different from the former No. 12. This is what I found mixed in my herb. with Angelia chia. Flowers smaller than Regalis; but same form. Chester, New Haven and New Haven.

14. Americana, T. H. G. The last Herbaria Americana of Nuttall. Puccula — by Thell. (a good name, but you should prevail, unless you call it Paronychia siphonochila, which however should be better applied to Regalis, which passes a long tubular pointed corolla.

Mr. Thaxter has spent four days with me, looking at one Gramineae which
have occupied all my time during last winter. I have had the satisfaction to
ascertain that I had made but few mistakes in my arrangements. At one
time has been well employed and he returns home with between 150 & 200 glasses
which were doubtful or unknown to him, merely Nuttall's. But poor
Nuttall, who, I am sorry to learn, is in a dying condition, was like myself
a very bad Graminologist. Great many mistakes and not rarely the same plant
under 2, 3 & sometimes 4 different names. These specimens will help, Thaxter
very much in the enumeration of the Gramineae of the far west.

Again Yours
C. S.

I have found this morning, in Jardine Read herbarium a plentiful harvest
of Fragaria Indica in flower and in fruit. I despatch my package to add presently
specimens. Mr. Read told me before his death that this plant was very common
in the vicinity of Savannakhet, that it grew there in the very thick brush
to be indigenous. But it is rather a naturalized foreigner as myself. It was
from ~~that~~ ^{as a friend} resident of Savannakhet, that I received the specimen
I sent you some twenty years ago.



Durand, Elias. 1858. "Durand, Elias M. July 28, 1858." *Elias Durand letters to Asa Gray*

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