Vorläufige Diagnosen zwei neuer Prionus-Arten.

Von Andreas v. Semenow in St. Petersburg.

1. *Prionus (Psilopus) brevis* sp. n.

♂. Antennis brevissimis, statura valde brevi et lata ab omnibus speciebus hujus generis bene distinctus. Supra totus brunneus, pedibus palisque dilutioribus, abdomine pallide testaceo. Antennis 12-articulatis, brevissimis, dimidium corporis tantum attingentibus, longe lamellatis; scapo brevissimo, crasso, articulo ultimo simplice. Capite lato, confertim, fortiter et crebre rugoso-punctato, nonnihil asperato, vertice valde convexo pubescente, sulculo longitudinali vix ullo. Thorace haud magno, transverso, convexo, supra sat dense tenuiter punctato, paulo vage pubescente, dentibus lateralibus utrinque tribus brevibus: dente basali parum indicato, lato, anguliformi, intermedio anteriorem haud superante, omnibus latis, parum acutis. Scutello brevi, valde lato et transverso, postice late rotundato. Elytris brevibus et latis, basi pone humeros dilatatis, apicem versus sensim subangustatis, apice nonnihil abbreviatis, lateribus rectis, supra tenuiter punctato-rugosis, carinulis tribus bene indicatis. Subtus sterno valde villosa, abdomine subtiliter sat dense pubescente. Pedibus sat longis et gracilibus, tibiis omnibus fere rectis, tarsis omnibus haud dilatatis, articulo ultimo omnium lobis acute et longe spinosis.

Long. $27\frac{1}{2}$ mm, latit. (pone humer.) $13\frac{1}{2}$ mm.

Patria: Turkestan. Taschkent.

2. *Pr. (Psilopus?) turkestanicus* sp. n.

♂. Abdomine glabro, metasterno vix subtiliter pubescente ab omnibus speciebus hujus generis bene distinctus. Totus dilute flavido-testaceus, oculis tantum nigris mandibulisque apice infuscatis. Antennis 12-articulatis, brevibus, dimidium corporis parum superantibus, nonnihil compressis et parum acute serratis*),

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*) Durch die Fühlerbildung vermittelt diese Art den Uebergang zwischen *Pr. (Psilopus) hirticollis* (Motsch.), Jak. und den Arten der Gattung *Brachy-*

articulo ultimo simplici. Capite haud lato, sat oblongo, post oculos utrinque nonnihil incrassato, grosse et remote rugoso-punctato, ad latera tantum vix breviter pubescente, vertice haud convexo, sulculo longitudinali sat expresso, prothoracis apicem haud attingente, fronte apice profunde excavata et profunde transversim sulcata; oculis profunde emarginatis. Prothorace parvo, angusto et elongato, convexo, sat grosse et crebre punctato, subopaco, linea media omnino nulla, dentibus lateralibus vix indicatis brevissimis (sicut in *Pr. brevispino* Jak.). Scutello oblongo, non transverso, remote punctato. — Elytris sat elongatis, abdomine haud brevioribus, pone humeros parum dilatatis, thorace fere duplo latioribus, humeris parum prominulis, apicem versus sensim, sed parum angustatis, ante apicem nonnihil divergentibus, angulis suturalibus leviter subrotundatis, denticulo apicali determinato nullo, supra crebre punctato-rugosis, parum nitidis, carinulis tribus bene indicatis, 1a cum 2a ante apicem conjunctis. Subtus abdomine glabro, nitido, vix disperse punctulato; metasterno brevissime vix pubescente; prosterno processu intercostali convexo, sulco longitudinali omnino nullo. Pedibus gracilibus, tarsis omnibus haud dilatatis, articulo 3^o longe et acute spinoso; tibiis posterioribus vix arcuatis.

Long. 31 mm, latit. (pone humer.) 12 mm.

Patria: Turkestan. Samarkand.

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prionus Jak. Möglicherweise gehört *Pr. turkestanicus* zu der letzten Gattung; leider ist mir das ♀ der neuen Art vollständig unbekannt.

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