YUNX TORQUILLA.

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CHARACTER GENERICUS.

Rostrum teretiusculum, acuminatum.

Nares concavæ, denudatæ.

Lingua teres, lumbriciformis, longissima, apice mucronata.

Pedes scansorii.

Lin. Syst. Nat. p. 172.

CHARACTER SPECIFICUS, &c.

YUNX ex albo, grifeo, nigro, et ferrugineo varia

JYNX s. TORQUILLA.

Bell. av. 76. a.

CUCULUS fubgrifeus maculatus, rectricibus nigris fafciis undulatis.

Lin Faun. Suec. 1. p. 78. t. 1. f. 78.

YUNX TORQUILLA.

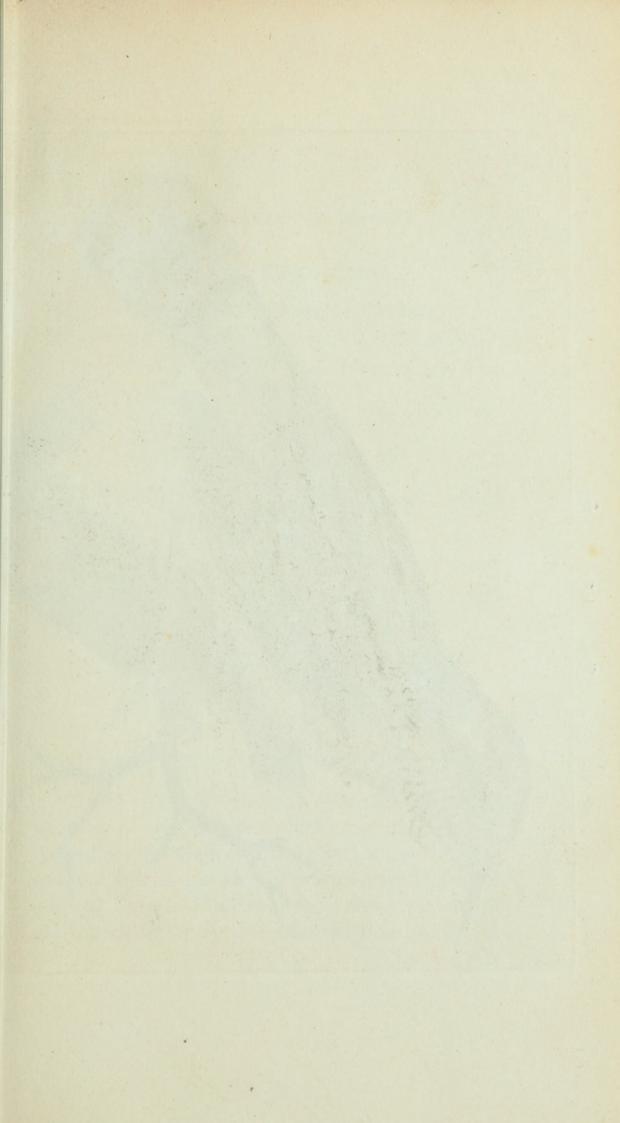
Lin. Syft. Nat. p. 172.

TORQUILLA STRIATA.

Briff. av. 4. p. 7.

Varias Europæ partes incolit Torquilla, coloribus infignis elegantissime dispositis; e quibus conjunctis

tis eximia exoritur pulchritudo, cum forfan figillatim conspectis vilescat pretium. In Angliam Aprili mense involat, cumque pullos aluerit, autumno vix finito, aliam fibi fedem quærit. Facillima auditu raro conspicitur: fallit enim oculos color cortici arboris nec longo intervallo fimillimus, aures feriente rapida et canora voce citissime iterata. Vivitur Torquilla eodem fere modo quo picis; linguaque est huic, ut et illis longissima, retractilis, quam ejaculando inter corticis rimas latitantia infecta prædatur. More quoque picorum ova deponit in arborum foraminibus, nidum pene nullum struens, sed molli ligno putrido infidens. Ovis dum incubat femina (quæ interdum quinque parit, interdum octo, alba admodum et femi-pellucida) collum corpusque, si turbetur, miro modo contorquet quasi minitans: unde nomen Torquilla. Narrat doctiffimus Derhamus in præcellenti libro Phyfico-Theologico, fe puerum ab hac ave non femel perterritum fuisse, nec e foramine, quo nidificarat ova ausum esse surripere, quasi a serpente repulsum. Latet interdum nidus in cavo altissimo; ut vix discerni posfit: quod fi quis avem tangere conetur, illico more ferpentum fibilat; quod fibilum ipfi etiam pulli fortiter emittunt. Notandum est tantam esse Torquillæ cum cuculo affinitatem, ut ab ipfo Linnæo femel in eodem genere conjuncta fit.





WRYNECK.

GENERIC CHARACTER.

Bill roundish, slightly incurvated, weak.

Tongue very long, cylindric, missile, hard-pointed.

Feet scansorial, i. e. two toes forward and two backward.

SPECIFIC CHARACTER, &c.

YUNX (WRYNECK) varied with black, white, grey, and ferruginous.

THE WRYNECK.

Will. orn. p. 138. t. 22.

LE TORCOL.

Briff. orn. 4. p. 4. pl. 1. f. 1. Buff. oif. 7. p. 84. pl. 3. Pl. enl. 698.

The Wryneck, fo remarkable for the elegant difposition of its colours, which the fingly considered are far from brilliant, yet in combination produce so beautiful an effect, is a native of several parts of Europe. In our own country it appears in the month of April, and after the breeding season

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is over, again migrates before the appearance of winter, or during the autumnal feafon. Though by no means uncommon, it is much more frequently heared than feen; its note, which confifts of a quick fuccession of several shrill tones, being one of the most predominant amongst the vernal birds; while its colour bears so near a resemblance to the bark of the trees it frequents, as to be inconspicuous except on a very near approach.

In its mode of life the Wryneck bears a very ftrong affinity to the woodpecker tribe; and like those birds, is furnished with a very long, missile tongue, which it darts into the crevices of trees, and thus catches the infects they contain. It lays its eggs in the holes of trees, in the manner of a woodpecker; making fcarce any neft, but contenting itself with the foft furface of the decayed wood. The eggs are from five to eight in number, very white, and femitransparent. When the female is engaged in incubation, she has a habit, when difturbed, of wreathing herfelf into a number of extraordinary postures in a threatening manner. It is from this circumstance that the name of Wryneck has been given to the bird. The celebrated Derham in his Phyfico-Theology observes that, when a boy, he has more than once been deterred by thefe threatening contorfions from taking the eggs of the Wryneck, "daring no more to venture his hand " into the hole than if a ferpent had lodged in it." They fometimes, however, build in a hole fo deep as to be perfectly fecure from attacks of this kind; but if an attempt is made to reach them, they hifs

in the manner of ferpents; and even the young exert this faculty in a most striking degree. I should observe that the Wryneck bears some affinity to the Cuckow, with which it was once associated in the same genus by Linnæus.



Shaw, George. 1793. "The Wryneck, Yunx torquilla [Pl. 156]." *The Naturalist's Miscellany* 5(LI), https://doi.org/10.5962/p.310735.

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