PSITTACUS TERRESTRIS.

CHARACTER GENERICUS.

Rostrum aduncum : mandibula superiore mobili;
cera instructa.

Nares in rostri basi.

Lingua carnosæ, obtusa, integra.

Pedes scanforii.

Lin. Syst. Nat. p. 139.

CHARACTER SPECIFICUS, &c.

PSITTACUS MACROURUS VIRIDIS, nigro
flavoque maculatus, capistro rubro, cauda
flava fasciis numerosis nigris.

Ungues postici rectiusculi, elongati.

PSITTACUS TERRESTRIS.

Museum Leverianum, No. 5. t. 5.

PSITTACUS FORMOSUS.

Lath. ind. orn. p. 103.

Avem qua vix pulchriorem jactat genus psittaci-
num in tabula depinximus. Turturem æquat ipsa
D avis.

avis. Terrestris dicitur quia rarius arboribus insidet, sed more ralli super terras in locis præcipue juncosis et cariceis curfitat. Australasiam incolit hæc species.

THE GROUND PARROT.

GENERIC CHARACTER.

Bill hooked: upper mandible moveable.

Nostrils round, placed in the base of the bill.

Tongue fleshy, broad, blunt at the end.

Feet scanforial.

SPECIFIC CHARACTER, &c.

LONG-TAILED GREEN PARROT, spotted with black and yellow; the frontled red; the tail yellow with numerous black bars.

The hind claws are long and straitish.

The GROUND PARROT.

Museum Leverianum, No. 5. pl. 5.

Zool. of New Holland, p. 9. pl. 3.

The bird represented on the present plate is one of the most beautiful of its tribe: its size is equal to that of a turtle: it is called the ground parrot, from its rarely perching on trees, but being generally seen on the ground, especially in sedgey and rushy places, running along in the manner of a rail. It is a native of Australasia.

Shaw, George. 1796. "The Ground Parrot, *Psittacus terrestris* [Pl. 228]." *The Naturalist's Miscellany* 7(LXXVII), <https://doi.org/10.5962/p.310771>.

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