rosea are flowering well this year and promise to be good garden plants in sheltered situations. This hybrid was obtained by crossing *D. gracilis* and *D. purpurascens*, sometimes called *D. discolor*, var. *purpurascens*. This plant has petals which are purple on the outer surface, and is usually not hardy here. *D. rosea* and its varieties have flowers more or less tinged with purple. Those now in bloom are var. *eximia*, var. *floribunda*, and var. *campanulata*, the latter with nearly white flowers. *Deutzia myriantha* is another hybrid obtained by crossing *D. Lemoinei* and *D. purpurascens*. This has white flowers and is not yet in bloom, but two of its varieties, var. *Boule Rose* and var. *Fleur de Pommier* are now flowering and are handsome and apparently hardy plants with flowers tinged with rose.

***Deutzia scabra*.** This native of Japan and China is one of the hardiest and most generally cultivated of all the *Deutzias*. It is a tall shrub with reddish branches, very rough leaves and erect clusters of white flowers sometimes flushed with rose, which will not open for two or three weeks. This is the *Deutzia* of old gardens north and south. The variety *crenata* has brown branches and less rough leaves, and although less common in gardens appears to be equally hardy. The variety *Watereri* has flowers tinged with red on the outer surface of the petals. Variety *plena* has double flowers with petals tinged with rose color. The variety *Pride of Rochester* has large flowers tinged with rose and is one of the handsomest of this group. The var. *candidissima* (*D. Wellsii* of some gardens and the *D. alba plena* of others) has pure white double flowers.

Deutzia reflexa and ***D. globosa*** are natives of western China and did not suffer last winter. They are now covered with flower-buds, but it is too soon to speak with certainty of their value in this climate.

Deutzia longifolia is a tall shrub with erect branches, lance-shaped leaves, and clusters of large flowers. This native of western China is probably one of the handsomest of the Chinese species, but, although it is not killed here by cold, the branches are always badly injured and the flower-buds are also injured.

Deutzia grandiflora is one of the most distinct species of the genus and the first to bloom. The flowers open with the unfolding of the leaves, and are in from one- to three-flowered clusters with white petals three-quarters of an inch long. This plant, which is exceedingly rare in cultivation, is a native of northern China and can be seen with the other Chinese shrubs on Bussey Hill.

Deutzia hypoglauca is a distinct and hardy new species from northern China and is a tall shrub with erect stems and clusters of white flowers, which promises to be a good garden plant in this climate.

Deutzia Vilmorinae from central China is hardy in sheltered positions and is also a tall shrub with gracefully spreading stems, loose clusters of white flowers and lance-shaped, pointed leaves covered with stellate clusters of hairs. By crossing this species with *D. scabra* a hardy and handsome hybrid has been obtained to which the name *D. magnifica* has been given.

1917. "Deutzia reflexa and D. globosa." *Bulletin of popular information - Arnold Arboretum, Harvard University* 3(10), 38–38. <https://doi.org/10.5962/p.320706>.

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