quantity of the seeds to the Arboretum. These were distributed among the best gardeners in the United States and in Europe, and as several thousand seedlings have been raised in the Arboretum nurseries, there seems now to be no reason why this beautiful plant should not become one of the chief beauties of spring gardens in regions too cold for the successful cultivation of any other Azalea with such large and beautiful flowers. The other Korean Azalea now in flower, *R. poukhanense*, is a smaller plant, rarely growing more than three feet high on the Pine-covered mountain slopes of the central part of the peninsula. It was first raised at the Arboretum from seeds also brought home by Mr. Jack, and its beautiful rose-lilac, fragrant flowers have been freely produced here now every spring for several years. As it grows in the Arboretum this Azalea is a low, broad, round-topped shrub with its lower branches close to the ground. Roots are produced by such branches and would, if cut off and planted, probably soon produce flowering plants. *Rhododendron poukhanense*, although practically unknown as a garden plant beyond the limits of the Arboretum, deserves a place in all New England collections. These two Azaleas are now in bloom on Azalea Path where *R. (Azalea) Kaempferi* will soon be covered with its red or salmon-colored flowers, and *R. (Azalea) rhombicum* has been in bloom during the past week. This is a hardy Japanese species with rose-purple flowers which are beautiful on plants so placed that the color of the flowers does not conflict with that of other Azaleas.

Early flowering Viburnums. Two Viburnums have been flowering for several days, one from northeastern North America and the other from the sea cliffs of southern Korea. The American species, *Viburnum alnifolium*, the Hobble Bush or Moosewood of cold wet northern woods, is one of the species with wide flat clusters of small flowers surrounded by a ring of showy white sterile flowers; the fruit is red when fully grown but finally becomes black, and the large leaves turn deep wine color in the autumn. The Korean species, *Viburnum Carlesii*, is fast becoming a popular plant in American gardens. The chief value of this shrub is in the white extremely fragrant flowers which are produced in compact clusters and open from rose-pink buds. The buds do not all open at the same time and the mixture of pink buds with open flowers adds greatly to the interest and beauty of this shrub.

The Asiatic Crabapples are beginning to bloom and *Malus baccata* var. *mandshurica*, *M. micromalus* and *M. Halliana* have been in flower for several days. The large white flowers of the first of these trees are more fragrant than those of any other Asiatic Crabapple in the collection which now contains all the species and many varieties and hybrids.

1919. "The Asiatic Crabapples." *Bulletin of popular information - Arnold Arboretum, Harvard University* 5(3), 12–12. <https://doi.org/10.5962/p.320910>.

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